

Public Law 101-3  
101st Congress

Joint Resolution

To designate March 25, 1989, as "Greek Independence Day: A National Day of Celebration of Greek and American Democracy".

Mar. 21, 1989

[S.J. Res. 64]

Whereas the ancient Greeks developed the concept of democracy, in which the supreme power to govern was vested in the people; Whereas the Founding Fathers of the United States of America drew heavily upon the political and philosophical experience of ancient Greece in forming our representative democracy; Whereas March 25, 1989, marks the one hundred and sixty-eighth anniversary of the beginning of the revolution which freed the Greek people from the Ottoman Empire; Whereas these and other ideals have forged a close bond between our two nations and their peoples; and Whereas it is proper and desirable to celebrate with the Greek people, and to reaffirm the democratic principles from which our two great nations sprang: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That March 25, 1989, is designated as "Greek Independence Day: A National Day of Celebration of Greek and American Democracy", and that the President of the United States is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe the designated day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Approved March 21, 1989.

**LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 64:**

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 135 (1989):

Mar. 2, considered and passed Senate.

Mar. 14, considered and passed House.