# Union Calendar No. 186

103D CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 1025

[Report No. 103-344]

## A BILL

To provide for a waiting period before the purchase of a handgun, and for the establishment of a national instant criminal background check system to be contacted by firearms dealers before the transfer of any firearm.

# November 10, 1993

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

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#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 22, 1993

Mr. Schumer (for himself, Mr. Sensenbrenner, Mr. Synar, Mr. Mazzoli, Mr. Gibbons, Mr. Glickman, Mr. Bryant, Mr. Sawyer, Mr. Stark, Mr. Fazio, Mr. Studds, Mr. Reynolds, Mr. McDermott, Mr. Ja-COBS, Mr. MANTON, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. PORTER, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. BER-MAN, Mr. BORSKI, Mr. BACCHUS of Florida, Mrs. Schroeder, Mr. MORAN, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Mr. FILNER, Mr. BOEHLERT, Mr. HALL of Ohio, Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin, Mr. SHAYS, Mr. SKAGGS, Mrs. ROU-KEMA, Mr. KLEIN, Mr. EVANS, Mr. MINETA, Mr. DERRICK, Mr. LIPIN-SKI, Mr. KLUG, Mr. ANDREWS of Maine, Mr. DEUTSCH, Mr. EDWARDS of California, Mr. Yates, Mr. Torricelli, Mr. Wheat, Mr. Tucker, Mr. Roemer, Ms. Furse, Ms. Molinari, Mrs. Byrne, Mrs. Bentley, Mrs. Maloney, Mr. Cardin, Mr. Gejdenson, Mr. Meehan, Mr. FINGERHUT, Mr. SANGMEISTER, Mr. NADLER, Mr. MARKEY, Mr. Hughes, Mr. Dellums, Mr. Owens, Ms. Waters, Mr. de Lugo, Mr. HYDE, Mr. STOKES, Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. ACKERMAN, Mr. BONIOR, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. COYNE, Mr. LANTOS, Mr. MFUME, Mrs. MORELLA, Ms. DELAURO, Mr. ANDREWS of New Jersey, Ms. NORTON, Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA, Mr. HOAGLAND, Mr. MILLER of California, Mr. REED, Mr. HOYER, Mr. HOCHBRUECKNER, Mr. JOHNSTON of Florida, Mr. Sabo, Mr. Brown of California, Mr. Lewis of Georgia, Mr. Fogli-ETTA, Mr. Frank of Massachusetts, Mr. Gutierrez, Mr. Goss, Mrs. KENNELLY, Mr. BEILENSON, Ms. KAPTUR, Mrs. MINK, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. FLAKE, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mrs. LOWEY, and Mr. WYNN) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

#### April 20, 1993

Additional sponsors: Mr. Leach, Mr. Engel, Mr. Gonzalez, Ms. Margolies-Mezvinsky, Mr. LaFalce, Ms. Brown of Florida, Mr. Moakley, Mr. Watt, Mr. Mann, Ms. Roybal-Allard, Mr. Wyden, Mr. Rush, Ms. Schenk, Ms. Woolsey, Mr. Levin, Mr. Kleczka, Ms. Harman, Mr. Menendez, Mr. Rangel, Ms. Eddie Bernice Johnson of Texas, Mr. Castle, Mr. Clay, Mr. McHale, Mr. Torres, Mr. Abercrombie, Mr. Ford of Michigan, Mr. Scott, Mr. Vento, Mr. Becerra, Mr. Dicks, Mr. Hamburg, Mrs. Meek, Ms. Eshoo, Ms. Shepherd, Mr. Lazio, Mr. Traficant, Mr. Diaz-Balart, Mr. Blackwell, Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Romero-Barceló, Mr. Ford of Tennessee, Ms. McKinney, Mr. Hastings, Mr. Washington, Mrs. Clayton, Mr. Payne of New Jersey, and Mr. Bateman

#### **SEPTEMBER 9, 1993**

Additional sponsors: Mr. Henry, Mr. Dixon, Mr. Pallone, Mr. Thompson, Mr. Visclosky, and Mr. Underwood

#### NOVEMBER 10, 1993

Additional sponsors: Mr. PASTOR, Mr. FARR of California, and Mr. DOOLEY

#### NOVEMBER 10, 1993

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic] [For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on February 22, 1993]

### A BILL

To provide for a waiting period before the purchase of a handgun, and for the establishment of a national instant criminal background check system to be contacted by firearms dealers before the transfer of any firearm.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Brady Handgun Vio-
- 5 lence Prevention Act".

1	SEC. 2. FEDERAL FIREARMS LICENSEE REQUIRED TO CON-
2	DUCT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK BE-
3	FORE TRANSFER OF FIREARM TO
4	NONLICENSEE.
5	(a) Interim Provision.—
6	(1) In general.—Section 922 of title 18,
7	United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
8	the following:
9	"(s)(1) Beginning on the date that is 90 days after
10	the date of enactment of this subsection and ending on the
11	day before the date that the Attorney General certifies under
12	section 3(d)(1) of the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention
13	Act that the national instant criminal background check
14	system is established (except as provided in paragraphs (2)
15	and (3) of such section), it shall be unlawful for any li-
16	censed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer
17	to sell, deliver, or transfer a handgun to an individual who
18	is not licensed under section 923, unless—
19	"(A) after the most recent proposal of such trans-
20	fer by the transferee—
21	"(i) the transferor has—
22	"(I) received from the transferee a
23	statement of the transferee containing the
24	information described in paragraph (3):

1	"(II) verified the identity of the trans-
2	feree by examining the identification docu-
3	ment presented;
4	"(III) within 1 day after the transferee
5	furnishes the statement, provided notice of
6	the contents of the statement to the chief law
7	enforcement officer of the place of residence
8	of the transferee; and
9	"(IV) within 1 day after the transferee
10	furnishes the statement, transmitted a copy
11	of the statement to the chief law enforcement
12	officer of the place of residence of the trans-
13	feree; and
14	"(ii)(I) 5 business days (as defined by days
15	in which State offices are open) have elapsed
16	from the date the transferor furnished notice of
17	the contents of the statement to the chief law en-
18	forcement officer, during which period the trans-
19	feror has not received information from the chief
20	law enforcement officer that receipt or possession
21	of the handgun by the transferee would be in vio-
22	lation of Federal, State, or local law; or
23	"(II) the transferor has received notice from
24	the chief law enforcement officer that the officer
25	has no information indicating that receipt or

1	possession of the handgun by the transferee
2	would violate Federal, State, or local law;
3	"(B) the transferee has presented to the trans-
4	feror a written statement, issued by the chief law en-
5	forcement officer of the place of residence of the trans-
6	feree during the 10-day period ending on the date of
7	the most recent proposal of such transfer by the trans-
8	feree, stating that the transferee requires access to a
9	handgun because of a threat to the life of the trans-
10	feree or of any member of the household of the trans-
11	feree;
12	"(C)(i) the transferee has presented to the trans-
13	feror a permit that—
14	"(I) allows the transferee to possess a hand-
15	gun; and
16	"(II) was issued not more than 5 years ear-
17	lier by the State in which the transfer is to take
18	place; and
19	"(ii) the law of the State provides that such a
20	permit is to be issued only after an authorized gov-
21	ernment official has verified that the information
22	available to such official does not indicate that posses-
23	sion of a handgun by the transferee would be in viola-
24	tion of the law;

1	"(D) the law of the State requires that, before
2	any licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or li-
3	censed dealer completes the transfer of a handgun to
4	an individual who is not licensed under section 923,
5	an authorized government official verify that the in-
6	formation available to such official does not indicate
7	that possession of a handgun by the transferee would
8	be in violation of law, except that this subparagraph
9	shall not apply to a State that, on the date of certifi-
10	cation pursuant to section 3(d) of the Brady Hand-
11	gun Violence Prevention Act, is not in compliance
12	with the timetable established pursuant to section 3(c)
13	of such Act;
14	"(E) the Secretary has approved the transfer
15	under section 5812 of the Internal Revenue Code of
16	1986; or
17	"(F) on application of the transferor, the Sec-
18	retary has certified that compliance with subpara-
19	graph (A)(i)(III) is impracticable because—
20	"(i) the ratio of the number of law enforce-
21	ment officers of the State in which the transfer
22	is to occur to the number of square miles of land
23	area of the State does not exceed 0.0025;
24	"(ii) the business premises of the transferor
25	at which the transfer is to occur are extremely

1	remote in relation to the chief law enforcement
2	officer; and
3	"(iii) there is an absence of telecommuni-
4	cations facilities in the geographical area in
5	which the business premises are located.
6	"(2) A chief law enforcement officer to whom a trans-
7	feror has provided notice pursuant to paragraph
8	(1)(A)(i)(III) shall make a reasonable effort to ascertain
9	within 5 business days whether the transferee has a crimi-
10	nal record or whether there is any other legal impediment
11	to the transferee's receiving a handgun, including research
12	in whatever State and local recordkeeping systems are
13	available and in a national system designated by the Attor-
14	ney General.
15	"(3) The statement referred to in paragraph
16	(1)(A)(i)(I) shall contain only—
17	"(A) the name, address, and date of birth ap-
18	pearing on a valid identification document (as de-
19	fined in section 1028(d)(1)) of the transferee contain-
20	ing a photograph of the transferee and a description
21	of the identification used;
22	"(B) a statement that transferee—
23	"(i) is not under indictment for, and has
24	not been convicted in any court of, a crime pun-

1	ishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding 1
2	year;
3	"(ii) is not a fugitive from justice;
4	"(iii) is not an unlawful user of or addicted
5	to any controlled substance (as defined in section
6	102 of the Controlled Substances Act);
7	"(iv) has not been adjudicated as a mental
8	defective or been committed to a mental institu-
9	tion;
10	"(v) is not an alien who is illegally or un-
11	lawfully in the United States;
12	"(vi) has not been discharged from the
13	Armed Forces under dishonorable conditions;
14	and
15	"(vii) is not a person who, having been a
16	citizen of the United States, has renounced such
17	citizenship;
18	"(C) the date the statement is made; and
19	"(D) notice that the transferee intends to obtain
20	a handgun from the transferor.
21	"(4) Any transferor of a handgun who, after such
22	transfer, receives a report from a chief law enforcement offi-
23	cer containing information that receipt or possession of the
24	handgun by the transferee violates Federal, State, or local

- law shall immediately communicate all information the transferor has about the transfer and the transferee to-3 "(A) the chief law enforcement officer of the place of business of the transferor: and 4 "(B) the chief law enforcement officer of the 5 place of residence of the transferee. 6 "(5) Any transferor who receives information, not oth-7 erwise available to the public, in a report under this sub-8 section shall not disclose such information except to the transferee, to law enforcement authorities, or pursuant to the direction of a court of law. "(6)(A) Any transferor who sells, delivers, or otherwise 12 transfers a handgun to a transferee shall retain the copy of the statement of the transferee with respect to the handgun transaction, and shall retain evidence that the transferor has complied with subclauses (III) and (IV) of paragraph (1)(A)(i) with respect to the statement.
- 18 "(B)(i) Unless the chief law enforcement officer to
- 19 whom a statement is transmitted under paragraph
- 20 (1)(A)(i)(IV) determines that a transaction would violate
- 21 Federal, State, or local law—
- 22 "(I) the officer shall, within 20 business days
- 23 after the date the transferee made the statement on the
- 24 basis of which the notice was provided, destroy the

1	statement and any record containing information de-
2	rived from the statement;
3	"(II) the information contained in the statement
4	shall not be conveyed to any person except a person
5	who has a need to know in order to carry out this
6	subsection; and
7	"(III) the information contained in the state-
8	ment shall not be used for any purpose other than to
9	carry out this subsection.
10	"(ii) Subparagraph (A) shall not be construed to im-
11	pose a requirement contrary to State or local law or regula-
12	tion.
13	"(7) A chief law enforcement officer or other person
14	responsible for providing criminal history background in-
15	formation pursuant to this subsection shall not be liable in
16	an action at law for damages—
17	"(A) for failure to prevent the sale or transfer of
18	a handgun to a person whose receipt or possession of
19	the handgun is unlawful under this section; or
20	"(B) for preventing such a sale or transfer to a
21	person who may lawfully receive or possess a hand-
22	gun.
23	"(8) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'chief
24	law enforcement officer' means the chief of police, the sheriff,

- 1 or an equivalent officer or the designee of any such individ-
- 2 ual.
- 3 "(9) The Secretary shall take necessary actions to en-
- 4 sure that the provisions of this subsection are published and
- 5 disseminated to licensed dealers, law enforcement officials,
- 6 and the public.".
- 7 (2) Handgun defined.—Section 921(a) of such
- 8 title is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 9 "(29) The term 'handgun' means—
- 10 "(A) a firearm which has a short stock and is
- designed to be held and fired by the use of a single
- 12 hand; and
- 13 "(B) any combination of parts from which a
- 14 firearm described in subparagraph (A) can be assem-
- 15 *bled.* ".
- 16 (b) PERMANENT PROVISION.—Section 922 of title 18,
- 17 United States Code, as amended by subsection (a)(1) of this
- 18 section, is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 19 "(t)(1) Beginning on the date that the Attorney Gen-
- 20 eral certifies under section 3(d)(1) of the Brady Handgun
- 21 Violence Prevention Act that the national instant criminal
- 22 background check system is established (except as provided
- 23 in paragraphs (2) and (3) of such section), a licensed im-
- 24 porter, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer shall not

1	transfer a firearm to any other person who is not such a
2	licensee, unless—
3	"(A) before the completion of the transfer, the li-
4	censee contacts the national instant criminal back-
5	ground check system established under section 3 of
6	such Act;
7	"(B) the system notifies the licensee that the sys-
8	tem has not located any record that demonstrates that
9	the receipt of a firearm by such other person would
10	violate subsection (g) or (n) of this section or any
11	State or local law; and
12	"(C) the transferor has verified the identity of
13	the transferee by examining a valid identification
14	document (as defined in section 1028(d)(1) of this
15	title) of the transferee containing a photograph of the
16	transferee.
17	"(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to a firearm trans-
18	fer between a licensee and another person if—
19	"(A)(i) such other person has presented to the li-
20	censee a permit that—
21	"(I) allows such other person to possess a
22	firearm; and
23	"(II) was issued not more than 5 years ear-
24	lier by the State in which the transfer is to take
25	place: and

1	"(ii) the law of the State provides that such a
2	permit is to be issued only after an authorized gov-
3	ernment official has verified that the information
4	available to such official does not indicate that posses-
5	sion of a firearm by such other person would be in
6	violation of law;
7	"(B) the Secretary has approved the transfer
8	under section 5812 of the Internal Revenue Code of
9	1986; or
10	"(C) on application of the transferor, the Sec-
11	retary has certified that compliance with paragraph
12	(1)(A) is impracticable because—
13	"(i) the ratio of the number of law enforce-
14	ment officers of the State in which the transfer
15	is to occur to the number of square miles of land
16	area of the State does not exceed 0.0025;
17	"(ii) the business premises of the licensee at
18	which the transfer is to occur are extremely re-
19	mote in relation to the chief law enforcement of-
20	ficer (as defined in subsection (s)(8)); and
21	"(iii) there is an absence of telecommuni-
22	cations facilities in the geographical area in
23	which the business premises are located.
24	"(3) If the national instant criminal background check
25	system notifies the licensee that the information available

- 1 to the system does not demonstrate that the receipt of a fire-
- 2 arm by such other person would violate subsection (g) or
- 3 (n), and the licensee transfers a firearm to such other per-
- 4 son, the licensee shall include in the record of the transfer
- 5 the unique identification number provided by the system
- 6 with respect to the transfer.
- 7 "(4) In addition to the authority provided under sec-
- 8 tion 923(e), if the licensee knowingly transfers a firearm
- 9 to such other person and knowingly fails to comply with
- 10 paragraph (1) of this subsection with respect to the transfer
- 11 and, at the time such other person most recently proposed
- 12 the transfer, the national instant criminal background
- 13 check system was operating and information was available
- 14 to the system demonstrating that receipt of a firearm by
- 15 such other person would violate subsection (g) or (n) of this
- 16 section, the Secretary may, after notice and opportunity for
- 17 a hearing, suspend for not more than 6 months or revoke
- 18 any license issued to the licensee under section 923, and
- 19 may impose on the licensee a civil fine of not more than
- 20 \$5,000.
- 21 "(5) Neither a local government nor an employee of
- 22 the Federal Government or of any State or local govern-
- 23 ment, responsible for providing information to the national
- 24 instant criminal background check system shall be liable in
- 25 an action at law for damages—

1	"(A) for failure to prevent the sale or transfer of
2	a handgun to a person whose receipt or possession of
3	the handgun is unlawful under this section; or
4	"(B) for preventing such a sale or transfer to a
5	person who may lawfully receive or possess a hand-
6	gun.''.
7	(c) PENALTY.—Section 924(a) of title 18, United
8	States Code, is amended—
9	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking ''paragraph (2)
10	or (3) of"; and
11	(2) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(5) Whoever knowingly violates subsection (s) or (t)
13	of section 922 shall be fined not more than \$1,000, impris-
14	oned for not more than 1 year, or both.".
15	SEC. 3. NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND
16	CHECK SYSTEM.
17	(a) Establishment of System.—The Attorney Gen-
18	eral of the United States shall establish a national instant
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	criminal background check system that any licensee may
	criminal background check system that any licensee may contact for information on whether receipt of a firearm by
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20 21	contact for information on whether receipt of a firearm by
20 21 22	contact for information on whether receipt of a firearm by a prospective transferee thereof would violate subsection (g)
20 21 22	contact for information on whether receipt of a firearm by a prospective transferee thereof would violate subsection (g) or (n) of section 922 of title 18, United States Code, or any

- 1 (1) the upgrading and indexing of State crimi-2 nal history records in the Federal criminal records 3 system maintained by the Federal Bureau of Inves-4 tigation;
  - (2) the development of hardware and software systems to link State criminal history check systems into the national instant criminal background check system established by the Attorney General pursuant to this section; and
- 10 (3) the current revitalization initiatives by the 11 Federal Bureau of Investigation for technologically 12 advanced fingerprint and criminal records identifica-13 tion.
- 14 (c) Provision of State Criminal Records to the
  15 National Instant Criminal Background Check Sys16 Tem.—(1) Not later than 6 months after the date of enact17 ment of this Act, the Attorney General shall—
- (A) determine the type of computer hardware and software that will be used to operate the national instant criminal background check system and the means by which State criminal records systems will communicate with the national system, which shall be based upon the Interstate Identification Index ("III") unless the Attorney General finds that the III will not

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- provide a satisfactory basis for the national instant 1 2 criminal background check system;
- (B) investigate the criminal records system of 3 each State and determine for each State a timetable by which the State should be able to provide criminal 5 records on an on line capacity basis to the national 6 7 system; and
- 8 (C) notify each State of the determinations made pursuant to subparagraphs (A) and (B). 9
- (2) The Attorney General shall require as a part of 10 the State timetable that the State achieve, by the end of 5 years after the date of enactment of this Act, at least 80 percent currency of case dispositions in computerized criminal history files for all cases in which there has been an event of activity within the last 5 years and continue to maintain such a system.
- 17 (d) National System Certification.—(1) On the date that is 30 months after the date of enactment of this Act, and at any time thereafter, the Attorney General shall 20 determine whether—
- 21 (A) the national system has achieved at least 80 22 percent currency of case dispositions in computerized 23 criminal history files for all cases in which there has been an event of activity within the last 5 years on 24 a national average basis; and 25

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- 1 (B) the States are in compliance with the time-
- 2 table established pursuant to subsection (c),
- 3 and, if so, shall certify that the national system is estab-
- 4 lished.
- 5 (2) If, on the date of certification in paragraph (1)
- 6 of this subsection, a State is not in compliance with the
- 7 timetable established pursuant to subsection (c) of this sec-
- 8 tion, section 922(s) of title 18, United States Code, shall
- 9 remain in effect in such State and section 922(t) of such
- 10 title shall not apply to the State. The Attorney General shall
- 11 certify if a State subject to the provisions of section 922(s)
- 12 under the preceding sentence achieves compliance with its
- 13 timetable after the date of certification in paragraph (1)
- 14 of this subsection, and section 922(s) of title 18, United
- 15 States Code, shall not apply to such State and section
- 16 922(t) of such title shall apply to the State.
- 17 (3) Six years after the date of enactment of this Act,
- 18 the Attorney General shall certify whether or not a State
- 19 is in compliance with subsection (c)(2) of this section and
- 20 if the State is not in compliance, section 922(s) of title 18,
- 21 United States Code, shall apply to the State and section
- 22 922(t) of such title shall not apply to the State. The Attor-
- 23 ney General shall certify if a State subject to the provisions
- 24 of section 922(s) under the preceding sentence achieves com-
- 25 pliance with the standards in subsection (c)(2) of this sec-

- 1 tion, and section 922(s) of title 18, United States Code,
- 2 shall not apply to the State and section 922(t) of such title
- 3 shall apply to the State.
- 4 (e) Notification of Licensees.—On establishment
- 5 of the system under this section, the Attorney General shall
- 6 notify each licensee and the chief law enforcement officer
- 7 of each State of the existence and purpose of the system and
- 8 the means to be used to contact the system.
- 9 (f) Administrative Provisions.—
- 10 (1) AUTHORITY TO OBTAIN OFFICIAL INFORMA-TION.—Notwithstanding any other law, the Attorney 11 General may secure directly from any department or 12 agency of the United States such information on per-13 14 sons for whom receipt of a firearm would violate subsection (g) or (n) of section 922 of title 18, United 15 States Code, or any State or local law, as is necessary 16 17 to enable the system to operate in accordance with 18 this section. On request of the Attorney General, the 19 head of such department or agency shall furnish such 20 information to the system.
  - (2) Other authority.—The Attorney General shall develop such computer software, design and obtain such telecommunications and computer hardware, and employ such personnel, as are necessary to

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- 1 establish and operate the system in accordance with
- 2 this section.
- 3 (g) Correction of Erroneous System Informa-
- 4 TION.—If the system established under this section informs
- 5 an individual contacting the system that receipt of a fire-
- 6 arm by a prospective transferee would violate subsection (g)
- 7 or (n) of section 922 of title 18, United States Code, or any
- 8 State or local law, the prospective transferee may request
- 9 the Attorney General to provide the prospective transferee
- 10 with the reasons therefor. Upon receipt of such a request,
- 11 the Attorney General shall immediately comply with the re-
- 12 quest. The prospective transferee may submit to the Attor-
- 13 ney General information to correct, clarify, or supplement
- 14 records of the system with respect to the prospective trans-
- 15 feree. After receipt of such information, the Attorney Gen-
- 16 eral shall immediately consider the information, investigate
- 17 the matter further, and correct all erroneous Federal records
- 18 relating to the prospective transferee and give notice of the
- 19 error to any Federal department or agency or any State
- 20 that was the source of such erroneous records.
- 21 (h) REGULATIONS.—After 90 days notice to the public
- 22 and an opportunity for hearing by interested parties, the
- 23 Attorney General shall prescribe regulations to ensure the
- 24 privacy and security of the information of the system estab-
- 25 lished under this section.

(i) Prohibitions Relating to Establishment of 1 REGISTRATION SYSTEMS WITH RESPECT TO FIREARMS.— No department, agency, officer, or employee of the United 3 States may— 4 5 (1) require that any record or portion thereof maintained by the system established under this sec-6 tion be recorded at or transferred to a facility owned, 7 managed, or controlled by the United States or any 8 State or political subdivision thereof; or 9 10 (2) use the system established under this section to establish any system for the registration of fire-11 12 arms, firearm owners, or firearm transactions or dispositions, except with respect to persons prohibited by 13 14 section 922 (g) or (n) of title 18, United States Code, 15 from receiving a firearm. (j) Definitions.—As used in this section: 16 17 (1) Licensee. —The term "licensee" means a li-18 censed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed 19 dealer under section 923 of title 18. United States 20 Code. (2) Other terms.—The terms "firearm". "li-21 22 censed importer", "licensed manufacturer", and "licensed dealer" have the meanings stated in section 23 921(a) (3), (9), (10), and (11), respectively, of title 24 18. United States Code. 25

#### 1 SEC. 4. REMEDY FOR ERRONEOUS DENIAL OF HANDGUN.

- 2 (a) In General.—Chapter 44 of title 18, United
- 3 States Code, is amended by inserting after section 925 the
- 4 following:

#### 5 "§ 925A. Remedy for erroneous denial of handgun

- 6 "Any person who is denied a handgun pursuant to sec-
- 7 tion 922(s) of this title due to the provision of erroneous
- 8 information relating to the person by any State or political
- 9 subdivision thereof, or by the national instant criminal
- 10 background check system established under section 3(a) of
- 11 the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act, and who has
- 12 exhausted the administrative remedies available for the cor-
- 13 rection of such erroneous information, may bring an action
- 14 against any official of the State or political subdivision re-
- 15 sponsible for providing the erroneous information, or
- 16 against the United States, as the case may be, for an order
- 17 directing that the erroneous information be corrected. In
- 18 any action under this section, the court, in its discretion,
- 19 may allow the prevailing party a reasonable attorney's fee
- 20 as part of the costs.".
- 21 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for
- 22 such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating
- 23 to section 925 the following:

"925A. Remedy for erroneous denial of handgun.".

1	SEC. 5. FUNDING FOR IMPROVEMENT OF CRIMINAL
2	RECORDS.
3	(a) Improvements in State Records.—
4	(1) Use of formula grants.—Section 509(b)
5	of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
6	Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3759(b)) is amended—
7	(A) in paragraph (2) by striking "and"
8	after the semicolon;
9	(B) in paragraph (3) by striking the period
10	and inserting "; and"; and
11	(C) by adding at the end the following new
12	paragraph:
13	"(4) the improvement of State record systems
14	and the sharing with the Attorney General of all of
15	the records described in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3)
16	of this subsection and the records required by the At-
17	torney General under section 3 of the Brady Hand-
18	gun Violence Prevention Act, for the purpose of imple-
19	menting such Act.''.
20	(2) Additional funding.—
21	(A) Grants for the improvement of
22	CRIMINAL RECORDS.—The Attorney General,
23	through the Bureau of Justice Statistics, shall,
24	subject to appropriations and with preference to
25	States that as of the date of enactment of this
26	Act have the lowest percent currency of case dis-

1	positions in computerized criminal history files,
2	make a grant to each State to be used—
3	(i) for the creation of a computerized
4	criminal history record system or improve-
5	ment of an existing system;
6	(ii) to improve accessibility to the na-
7	tional instant criminal background system;
8	and
9	(iii) upon establishment of the national
10	system, to assist the State in the transmit-
11	tal of criminal records to the national sys-
12	tem.
13	(B) Authorization of appropria-
14	TIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated
15	for grants under subparagraph (A) a total of
16	\$100,000,000 for fiscal year 1992 and all fiscal
17	years thereafter.
18	(b) Withholding State Funds.—Effective on the
19	date of enactment of this Act the Attorney General may re-
20	duce by up to 50 percent the allocation to a State for a
21	fiscal year under title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and
22	Safe Streets Act of 1968 of a State that is not in compliance
23	with the timetable established for such State under section
24	<i>3(c) of this Act.</i>

1	(c) Withholding of Department of Justice
2	Funds.—If the Attorney General does not certify the na-
3	tional instant criminal background check system pursuant
4	to section 3(d)(1) by—
5	(1) 30 months after the date of enactment of this
6	Act the general administrative funds appropriated to
7	the Department of Justice for the fiscal year begin-
8	ning in the calendar year in which the date that is
9	30 months after the date of enactment of this Act falls
10	shall be reduced by 5 percent on a monthly basis; and
11	(2) 42 months after the date of enactment of this
12	Act the general administrative funds appropriated to
13	the Department of Justice for the fiscal year begin-
14	ning in the calendar year in which the date that is
15	42 months after the date of enactment of this Act falls
16	shall be reduced by 10 percent on a monthly basis.