103D CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H. R. 1229

To provide for the establishment of a joint aviation research and development program between the Federal Aviation Administration and the Department of Defense, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 4, 1993

Mr. LEWIS of Florida (for himself, Mr. MCCURDY, Mr. ROHRABACHER, Mr. ROYCE, Mr. BLUTE, Mr. CALVERT, and Mr. GRAMS) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology and Armed Services

A BILL

- To provide for the establishment of a joint aviation research and development program between the Federal Aviation Administration and the Department of Defense, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "National Aviation

5 Research and Competitiveness Act of 1993".

- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 The Congress finds that—

(1) for every dollar increase in shipments of
 United States aircraft internationally, the United
 States economy output increases by an estimated
 \$2.30;
 (2) for every \$1,000,000,000 of aircraft ship-

6 ments internationally, nearly 35,000 jobs are cre-7 ated;

8 (3) many of the advanced aviation technologies 9 developed by the Federal Aviation Administration 10 and the Department of Defense have application in 11 security, safety, capacity, communications, and air 12 traffic control;

13 (4) a decrease in military aviation programs will14 have a negative impact on civil aviation programs;

(5) research programs at the Federal Aviation
Administration have potential applications in both
civil and military aviation;

(6) joint technology development programs
among the Department of Defense, the Federal
Aviation Administration, and industry would allow
for transferring skills and technologies from the defense to the civilian aviation sector and would allow
for the transfer back to defense, when necessary;
and

1 (7) such joint programs could allow for the De-2 partment of Defense contribution to the programs to 3 be phased out over 5 years, which would allow the 4 defense industry to make the transfer to the civilian 5 aviation sector and produce needed aviation tech-6 nology.

7 SEC. 3. JOINT AVIATION RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT 8 PROGRAM.

9 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Administrator and the 10 Secretary shall jointly establish a program for the purpose 11 of conducting research on aviation technologies that have 12 application to both military and civil aviation vehicles and 13 airports and that enhance United States competitiveness. 14 Such program shall include research on—

15 (1) next-generation satellite communications,16 including global positioning satellites;

17 (2) advanced airport and airplane security;

(3) environmentally compatible technologies, including technologies that limit or reduce noise and
air pollution; and

21 (4) advanced aviation safety programs.

(b) CONTRACTS AND GRANTS.—Contracts and grants
entered into under the program established under subsection (a) shall be administered using procedures developed jointly by the Secretary and the Administrator.

These procedures should include an integrated acquisition
 policy for contract and grant requirements and for tech nical data rights that are not an impediment to joint pro grams among the Department of Defense, the Federal
 Aviation Administration, and industry.

6 SEC. 4. JOINT AVIATION RESEARCH PLAN.

(a) REQUIREMENT.—Within 180 days after the date 7 8 of enactment of this Act, the Administrator and the Sec-9 retary, in consultation with the advisory committee, shall 10 prepare and transmit to Congress a national aviation research plan setting forth the research and development 11 that the Administrator and the Secretary consider nec-12 essary to advance aviation technologies over the 5-year pe-13 riod beginning in fiscal year 1993. 14

(b) OBJECTIVES OF PLAN.—The objectives of theplan prepared under subsection (a) shall include—

17 (1) selected programs that jointly enhance pub-18 lic and private aviation technology development;

(2) an opportunity for private defense contractors to be involved in transition activities to the civilian sector; and

(3) the transfer of Federal Government-developed technologies to the private sector to promote
economic strength and competitiveness.

(c) CONTENTS OF PLAN.—The plan prepared under
 subsection (a) shall include—

3 (1) for the first year, detailed objectives and es-4 timates of the schedule, cost, and manpower levels for each research project, and a description of the 5 scope and content of each major contract or grant; 6 7 (2) for the second through fifth years, estimates of the total cost of each major project for such year 8 9 and a list of all major research projects which may be required to meet the objectives; 10 11 (3) a 5-year schedule for the decrease of Fed-12 eral contribution and corresponding increase in pri-13 vate sector contributions for the research and development program; and 14 15 (4) the portion of the Federal contribution that 16 each Federal agency will contribute. 17 (d) ANNUAL UPDATE.—The plan prepared under subsection (a) shall be updated annually, to reflect 18

20 competitiveness.

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21 SEC. 5. JOINT ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Within 90 days after the date
of enactment of this Act, the Administrator and the Secretary shall establish an Joint Aviation Research Advisory
Committee.

changes in global aviation technologies and United States

(b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the advisory com mittee shall be—

3 (1) to provide advice and recommendations to
4 the Administrator and the Secretary regarding
5 needs, objectives, approaches, content, and accom6 plishments with respect to the aviation research pro7 gram established under section 3; and

8 (2) to advise the Administrator and the Sec-9 retary on the preparation of the aviation research 10 plan under section 4, including annual updates 11 thereto.

12 (c) MEMBERSHIP.—The advisory committee shall be composed of not more than 20 members, to be appointed 13 jointly by the Administrator and the Secretary, from 14 among persons who are not employees of the Federal Avia-15 tion Administration or the Department of Defense and 16 who are especially qualified to serve on the advisory com-17 mittee by virtue of their education, training, or experience. 18 In appointing members of the advisory committee, the Ad-19 ministrator and the Secretary shall ensure that univer-20 sities, corporations, associations, industry, and other gov-21 22 ernment agencies are represented. The majority of the members of the advisory committee shall be representa-23 24 tives of industry.

1 (d) CHAIRPERSON.—The Administrator and the Sec-2 retary shall designate one member of the advisory commit-3 tee as the chairperson, who shall be qualified in both mili-4 tary and civil aviation research, and in the applications 5 of such research.

6 (e) SUBORDINATE COMMITTEES.—The Adminis-7 trator and the Secretary, or the advisory committee, may 8 establish subordinate committees to the advisory commit-9 tee to provide advice and recommendations on specific 10 areas of research conducted under this Act.

11 (f) ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES.—The 12 Administrator shall provide support staff and, on the re-13 quest of the advisory committee, such information, admin-14 istrative services, and supplies as the Administrator deter-15 mines are necessary for the advisory committee to carry 16 out its purposes.

(g) TERMINATION.—Section 14(a)(2)(B) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.; relating to
the termination of advisory committees) shall not apply
to the advisory committee.

21 SEC. 6. DEFINITIONS.

22 For purposes of this Act—

(1) the term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration;

(2) the term "advisory committee" means the
 Joint Aviation Research Advisory Committee estab lished under section 5; and

4 (3) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary5 of Defense.

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