

AMENDMENT

In the Senate of the United States,

February 8 (legislative day, January 25), 1994.

Resolved, That the bill from the House of Representatives (H.R. 2884) entitled "An Act to establish a national framework for the development of School-to-Work Opportunities systems in all States, and for other purposes", do pass with the following

AMENDMENT:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the

3 "School-to-Work Opportunities Act of 1994".

1 *(b)* TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents is as

- *2 follows:*
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Findings.
 - Sec. 3. Purposes and congressional intent.
 - Sec. 4. Definitions.
 - Sec. 5. Federal administration.

TITLE I—SCHOOL-TO-WORK OPPORTUNITIES BASIC PROGRAM COMPONENTS

- Sec. 101. General program requirements.
- Sec. 102. Work-based learning component.
- Sec. 103. School-based learning component.
- Sec. 104. Connecting activities component.

TITLE II—SCHOOL-TO-WORK OPPORTUNITIES SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS TO STATES

Subtitle A—State Development Grants

- Sec. 201. Purpose.
- Sec. 202. State development grants.

Subtitle B—State Implementation Grants

- Sec. 211. Purpose.
- Sec. 212. State implementation grants.
- Sec. 213. Limitation on administrative costs.

TITLE III—FEDERAL IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS TO PARTNERSHIPS

- Sec. 301. Purposes.
- Sec. 302. Federal implementation grants to partnerships.
- Sec. 303. School-to-work opportunities program grants in high poverty areas and in congressional districts with low population densities.

TITLE IV—NATIONAL PROGRAMS

- Sec. 401. Research, demonstration, and other projects.
- Sec. 402. Performance outcomes and evaluation.
- Sec. 403. Training and technical assistance.

TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

- Sec. 501. State request and responsibilities for a waiver of statutory and regulatory requirements.
- Sec. 502. Waivers of statutory and regulatory requirements by the Secretary of Education.
- Sec. 503. Waivers of statutory and regulatory requirements by the Secretary of Labor.
- Sec. 504. Combination of Federal funds for high poverty schools.
- Sec. 505. Combination of Federal funds by States.
- Sec. 506. Requirements.
- Sec. 507. Sanctions.
- Sec. 508. Authorization of appropriations.

- 3
- Sec. 509. Acceptance of gifts, and other matters.
- Sec. 510. State authority.
- Sec. 511. Construction.
- Sec. 512. Additional Federal requirements.
- Sec. 513. Sense of the Senate.

TITLE VI-OTHER PROGRAMS

Sec. 601. Tech-prep education.

TITLE VII—TECHNICAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 701. Effective date. Sec. 702. Sunset.

TITLE VIII—ALASKA NATIVE ART AND CULTURE

Sec. 801. Short title. Sec. 802. Alaska Native art and culture.

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2	Congress finds that—
3	(1) three-fourths of America's high school stu-
4	dents enter the work force without baccalaureate de-
5	grees, and many do not possess the academic and
6	entry-level occupational skills necessary to succeed in
7	the changing American workplace;
8	(2) a substantial number of American youth, es-
9	pecially disadvantaged students, students of diverse
10	racial, ethnic, and cultural backgrounds, and students
11	with disabilities, do not complete school;
12	(3) unemployment among American youth is in-
13	tolerably high, and earnings of high school graduates
14	have been falling relative to earnings of persons with
15	more education;
16	(4) the American workplace is changing in re-
17	sponse to heightened international competition and

1	new technologies, and such forces, which are ulti-
2	mately beneficial to the Nation, are shrinking the de-
3	mand for and undermining the earning power of un-
4	skilled labor;
5	(5) the United States lacks a comprehensive and
6	coherent system to help its youth acquire the knowl-
7	edge, skills, abilities, and information about and ac-
8	cess to the labor market necessary to make an effective
9	transition from school to career-oriented work or to
10	further education and training;
11	(6) American students can achieve to high stand-
12	ards, and many learn better and retain more when
13	the students learn in context, rather than in the ab-
14	stract;
15	(7) while many American students have part-
16	time jobs, there is infrequent linkage between—
17	(A) such jobs; and
18	(B) the career planning or exploration, or
19	the school-based learning, of such students;
20	(8) the work-based learning approach, which is
21	modeled after the time-honored apprenticeship con-
22	cept, integrates theoretical instruction with structured
23	on-the-job training, and this approach, combined with
24	school-based learning, can be very effective in engag-
25	ing student interest, enhancing skill acquisition, de-

1	veloping positive work attitudes, and preparing youth
2	for high-skill, high-wage careers; and
3	(9) Federal resources currently fund a series of
4	categorical, work-related education and training pro-
5	grams, many of which serve disadvantaged youth,
6	that are not administered as a coherent whole.
7	SEC. 3. PURPOSES AND CONGRESSIONAL INTENT.
8	(a) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this Act are to—
9	(1) establish a national framework within which
10	all States can create statewide School-to-Work Oppor-
11	tunities systems that—
12	(A) are a part of comprehensive education
13	reform;
14	(B) are integrated with the State education
15	systems reformed under the Goals 2000: Educate
16	America Act; and
17	(C) offer opportunities for all students to
18	participate in a performance-based education
19	and training program that will—
20	(i) enable the students to earn portable
21	credentials;
22	(ii) prepare the students for first jobs
23	in high-skill, high-wage careers; and

1	(iii) increase their opportunities for
2	further education, including education in a
3	4-year college or university;

4 (2) create a universal, high-quality school-to5 work transition system that enables all young Ameri6 cans to identify and navigate paths to productive and
7 progressively more rewarding roles in the workplace;
8 (3) utilize workplaces as active learning environ9 ments in the educational process by making employ10 ers joint partners with educators in providing oppor-

11 tunities for all students to participate in high-qual12 ity, work-based learning experiences;

(4) use Federal funds under this Act as venture
capital, to underwrite the initial costs of planning
and establishing statewide School-to-Work Opportunities systems that will be maintained with other Federal, State, and local resources;

18 (5) promote the formation of partnerships that 19 are dedicated to linking the worlds of school and 20 work, among secondary schools and postsecondary education institutions, private and public employers, 21 22 labor organizations, government, community-based organizations, parents, students, State educational 23 24 agencies, local educational agencies, and training and 25 human service agencies;

(6) help all students attain high academic and
 occupational standards;

3 (7) build on and advance a range of promising 4 school-to-work transition programs, such as tech-prep 5 education programs, career academies, school-to-apprenticeship programs, cooperative education pro-6 7 grams, youth apprenticeship programs, school-spon-8 sored enterprises, and business-education compacts, that can be developed into programs funded under 9 10 this Act:

(8) improve the knowledge and skills of youth by
integrating academic and occupational learning, integrating school-based and work-based learning, and
building effective linkages between secondary and
postsecondary education;

(9) encourage the development and implementation of programs that will provide paid high-quality,
work-based learning experiences;

(10) motivate all youth, including low-achieving
youth, youth who have dropped out of school, and
youth with disabilities, to stay in or return to school
or a classroom setting and strive to succeed, by providing enriched learning experiences and assistance
in obtaining good jobs and continuing their education
in postsecondary education institutions;

1	(11) expose students to a vast array of career op-
2	portunities, and facilitate the selection of career ma-
3	jors, based on individual interests, goals, strengths,
4	and abilities; and
5	(12) further the National Education Goals set
6	forth in title I of the Goals 2000: Educate America
7	Act.
8	(b) Congressional Intent.—It is the intent of Con-
9	gress that the Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of Edu-
10	cation jointly administer this Act, in consultation with the
11	Secretary of Commerce, in a flexible manner that—
12	(1) promotes State and local discretion in estab-
13	lishing and implementing School-to-Work Opportuni-
14	ties systems and programs; and
15	(2) contributes to reinventing government by—
16	(A) building on State and local capacity;
17	(B) eliminating duplication in education
18	and training programs for youth by integrating
19	such programs into one comprehensive system;
20	(C) maximizing the effective use of re-
21	sources;
22	(D) supporting locally established initia-
23	tives;
24	(E) requiring measurable goals for perform-
25	ance; and

1(F) offering flexibility in meeting such2goals.

3 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.

4 As used in this Act—

5 (1) the term "all aspects of the industry" means all aspects of the industry or industry sector a stu-6 7 dent is preparing to enter, including planning, management, finances, technical and production skills, 8 underlying principles of technology, labor and com-9 10 munity issues, health and safety issues, and environmental issues, related to such industry or industry 11 12 sector:

(2) the term "all students" means students from
a broad range of backgrounds and circumstances, including disadvantaged students, students with diverse
racial, ethnic, or cultural backgrounds, students with
disabilities, students with limited-English proficiency,
students who have dropped out of school, and academically talented students;

(3) the term "approved plan" means a Schoolto-Work Opportunities system plan that is submitted
by a State under section 212(a), is determined by the
Secretaries to include the program components described in sections 102 through 104 and otherwise
meet the requirements of this Act, and is consistent

1	with the improvement plan of the State, if any, under
2	the Goals 2000: Educate America Act;
3	(4) the term "career major" means a coherent se-
4	quence of courses or field of study that prepares a stu-
5	dent for a first job and that—
6	(A) integrates academic and occupational
7	learning, integrates school-based and work-based
8	learning, establishes linkages between secondary
9	and postsecondary education, and prepares stu-
10	dents for admission to 2-year or 4-year post-
11	secondary education institutions;
12	(B) prepares the student for employment in
13	broad occupational clusters or industry sectors;
14	(C) typically includes at least 2 years of
15	secondary education and at least 1 or 2 years of
16	postsecondary education;
17	(D) provides the students, to the extent
18	practicable, with strong experience in and under-
19	standing of all aspects of the industry the stu-
20	dents are planning to enter;
21	(E) results in the award of—
22	(i) a high school diploma or its equiva-
23	lent, such as—
24	(I) a general equivalency diploma;
25	OF

1	(II) an alternative diploma or
2	certificate for students with disabilities
3	for whom such alternative diploma or
4	certificate is appropriate;
5	(ii) a certificate or diploma recogniz-
6	ing successful completion of 1 or 2 years of
7	postsecondary education (if appropriate);
8	and
9	(iii) a skill certificate; and
10	(F) may lead to further education and
11	training, such as entry into a registered appren-
12	ticeship program, or may lead to admission to a
13	4-year college or university;
14	(5) the term ''employer'' includes both public and
15	private employers;
16	(6) the term "Governor" means the chief execu-
17	tive of a State;
18	(7) the term ''local educational agency'' has the
19	meaning given the term in section 1471(12) of the El-
20	ementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20
21	U.S.C. 2891(12));
22	(8) the term ''partnership'' means a local entity
23	that—
24	(A) is responsible for carrying out local
25	School-to-Work Opportunities programs;

	1 L
1	(B) consists of employers or employer orga-
2	nizations, public secondary schools and post-
3	secondary educational institutions (or represent-
4	atives, such as teachers, counselors, and adminis-
5	trators), and labor organizations or
6	nonmanagerial employee representatives; and
7	(C) may include other entities, such as com-
8	munity-based organizations, national trade asso-
9	ciations working at local levels, rehabilitation
10	agencies and organizations, registered appren-
11	ticeship agencies, local vocational education enti-
12	ties, proprietary institutions of higher education
13	as defined in section 481(b) of the Higher Edu-
14	cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1088(b)) (so long
15	as such institutions meet the requirements speci-
16	fied in section 498 of such Act), local government
17	agencies, parent organizations and teacher orga-
18	nizations, vocational student organizations, pri-
19	vate industry councils established under section
20	102 of the Job Training Partnership Act (29
21	U.S.C. 1512), and Indian tribes, as defined in
22	section 1 of the Tribally Controlled Community
23	College Assistance Act of 1978 (25 U.S.C. 1801);
24	(9) the term ''postsecondary education institu-
25	tion" means a public or private institution that is

1	authorized within a State to provide a program of
2	education beyond secondary education, and includes a
3	community college, a technical college, a postsecond-
4	ary vocational institution, a tribally controlled com-
5	munity college, as defined in section 1 of the Tribally
6	Controlled Community College Assistance Act of 1978,
7	and a 4-year college or university;
8	(10) the term ''registered apprenticeship agency''
9	means the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training in
10	the Department of Labor or a State apprenticeship
11	agency recognized and approved by the Bureau of Ap-
12	prenticeship and Training as the appropriate body
13	for State registration or approval of local apprentice-
14	ship programs and agreements for Federal purposes;
15	(11) the term ''registered apprenticeship pro-
16	gram" means a program registered by a registered
17	apprenticeship agency;
18	(12) the term ''related services'' includes the
19	types of services described in section 602(17) of the
20	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20
21	U.S.C. 1401(17));
22	(13) the term "school site mentor" means a pro-
23	fessional employed at a school who is designated as
24	the advocate for a particular student, and who works
25	in consultation with classroom teachers, counselors,

1	related services personnel, and the employer of the
2	student to design and monitor the progress of the
3	School-to-Work Opportunities program of the student;
4	(14) the term ''School-to-Work Opportunities
5	program" means a program that meets the require-
6	ments of this Act, other than a program described in
7	section 401(a);
8	(15) the term "secondary school" has the mean-
9	ing given the term in section 1201(d) of the Higher
10	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1141(d));
11	(16) the term "Secretaries" means the Secretary
12	of Education and the Secretary of Labor;
13	(17) the term ''skill certificate'' means a port-
14	able, industry-recognized credential issued by a
15	School-to-Work Opportunities program under an ap-
16	proved plan, that certifies that a student has mastered
17	skills at levels that are at least as challenging as skill
18	standards endorsed by the National Skill Standards
19	Board established under the National Skill Standards
20	Act of 1993, except that until such skill standards are
21	developed, the term ''skill certificate'' means a creden-
22	tial issued under a process described in the approved
23	plan of a State;

1	(18) the term "State" means each of the several
2	States, the District of Columbia, and the Common-
3	wealth of Puerto Rico;
4	(19) the term "State educational agency" has the
5	meaning given the term in section 1471(23) of the El-
6	ementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20
7	U.S.C. 2891(23)); and
8	(20) the term ''workplace mentor'' means an em-
9	ployee or other individual, approved by the employer
10	at a workplace, who possesses the skills and knowledge
11	to be mastered by a student, and who instructs the
12	student, critiques the performance of the student, chal-
13	lenges the student to perform well, and works in con-
14	sultation with classroom teachers and the employer of
15	the student.
16	SEC. 5. FEDERAL ADMINISTRATION.
17	(a) IOINT ADMINISTRATION —Notwithstanding the

(a) JOINT ADMINISTRATION.—Notwithstanding the
Department of Education Organization Act (20 U.S.C.
3401 et seq.), the General Education Provisions Act (20
U.S.C. 1221 et seq.), the Act entitled "An Act To Create
a Department of Labor", approved March 4, 1913 (29
U.S.C. 551 et seq.), and section 166 of the Job Training
Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1576), the Secretaries shall
jointly provide for the administration of the programs established by this Act. The Secretaries shall jointly issue such

uniform procedures, guidelines, and regulations, in accord ance with section 553 of title 5, United States Code, as the
 Secretaries determine to be necessary and appropriate to
 administer and enforce the provisions of this Act.

5 (b) REGULATIONS.—Section 431 of the General Edu6 cation Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1232) shall not apply to
7 regulations issued with respect to any programs under this
8 Act.

9 (c) PLAN.—Within 120 days after the date of enact-10 ment of this Act, the Secretaries shall prepare a plan for 11 the joint administration of this Act and submit such plan 12 to the appropriate Committees of Congress for review and 13 comment.

14 TITLE I—SCHOOL-TO-WORK OP15 PORTUNITIES BASIC PRO16 GRAM COMPONENTS

17 SEC. 101. GENERAL PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.

18 A School-to-Work Opportunities program under this19 Act shall—

20 (1) integrate school-based learning and work21 based learning, as provided for in sections 102 and
22 103, integrate academic and occupational learning,
23 and establish effective linkages between secondary and
24 postsecondary education;

1	(2) provide participating students with the op-
2	portunity to complete career majors;
3	(3) incorporate the program components pro-
4	vided in sections 102 through 104;
5	(4) provide participating students, to the extent
6	practicable, with strong experience in and under-
7	standing of all aspects of the industry the students are
8	preparing to enter; and
9	(5) provide all students with equal access to the
10	full range of such program components (including
11	both school- and work-based learning components)
12	and related activities and to recruitment, enrollment,
13	and placement activities.
13 14	and placement activities. SEC. 102. WORK-BASED LEARNING COMPONENT.
14	SEC. 102. WORK-BASED LEARNING COMPONENT.
14 15	<i>SEC. 102. WORK-BASED LEARNING COMPONENT.</i> (a) MANDATORY ACTIVITIES.—The work-based learn-
14 15 16	SEC. 102. WORK-BASED LEARNING COMPONENT. (a) MANDATORY ACTIVITIES.—The work-based learn- ing component of a School-to-Work Opportunities program
14 15 16 17	SEC. 102. WORK-BASED LEARNING COMPONENT. (a) MANDATORY ACTIVITIES.—The work-based learn- ing component of a School-to-Work Opportunities program shall include—
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 102. WORK-BASED LEARNING COMPONENT. (a) MANDATORY ACTIVITIES.—The work-based learn- ing component of a School-to-Work Opportunities program shall include— (1) work experience;
14 15 16 17 18 19	SEC. 102. WORK-BASED LEARNING COMPONENT. (a) MANDATORY ACTIVITIES.—The work-based learn- ing component of a School-to-Work Opportunities program shall include— (1) work experience; (2) a planned program of job training and work
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 102. WORK-BASED LEARNING COMPONENT. (a) MANDATORY ACTIVITIES.—The work-based learn- ing component of a School-to-Work Opportunities program shall include— (1) work experience; (2) a planned program of job training and work experiences (including training related to
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 102. WORK-BASED LEARNING COMPONENT. (a) MANDATORY ACTIVITIES.—The work-based learn- ing component of a School-to-Work Opportunities program shall include— (1) work experience; (2) a planned program of job training and work experiences (including training related to preemployment and employment skills to be mastered

majors of students and lead to the award of skill cer tificates;

3 *(3) workplace mentoring; and*

4 (4) instruction in general workplace com5 petencies, including instruction and activities devel6 oping positive work attitudes, and employability and
7 participative skills.

8 (b) PERMISSIBLE ACTIVITIES.—Such component may
9 include such activities as job shadowing, school-sponsored
10 enterprises, or on-the-job training for academic credit.

11 SEC. 103. SCHOOL-BASED LEARNING COMPONENT.

12 The school-based learning component of a School-to13 Work Opportunities program shall include—

(1) career exploration and counseling, beginning
prior to the 11th grade year of the students, in order
to help students who may be interested to identify,
and select or reconsider, their interests, goals, and career majors;

19 (2) initial selection by interested students of ca20 reer majors not later than the beginning of the 11th
21 grade;

(3) a program of study designed to meet academic standards established by the State for all students, including, where applicable, any content standards developed under the Goals 2000: Educate Amer-

1	ica Act, and to meet the requirements necessary to
2	prepare students for postsecondary education and to
3	earn skill certificates; and
4	(4) regularly scheduled evaluations involving on-
5	going consultation and problem solving with students
6	to identify academic strengths and weaknesses, aca-
7	demic progress, workplace knowledge, goals, and the
8	need for additional learning opportunities to master
9	core academic and vocational skills.
10	SEC. 104. CONNECTING ACTIVITIES COMPONENT.
11	The connecting activities component of a School-to-
12	Work Opportunities program shall include—
13	(1) matching students with the work-based learn-
13 14	(1) matching students with the work-based learn- ing opportunities of employers;
_	C C
14	ing opportunities of employers;
14 15	ing opportunities of employers; (2) serving, with respect to each student, as a li-
14 15 16	ing opportunities of employers; (2) serving, with respect to each student, as a li- aison among the student and the employer, school,
14 15 16 17	ing opportunities of employers; (2) serving, with respect to each student, as a li- aison among the student and the employer, school, teacher, school administrator, and parent of the stu-
14 15 16 17 18	ing opportunities of employers; (2) serving, with respect to each student, as a li- aison among the student and the employer, school, teacher, school administrator, and parent of the stu- dent, and, if appropriate, other community partners;
14 15 16 17 18 19	ing opportunities of employers; (2) serving, with respect to each student, as a li- aison among the student and the employer, school, teacher, school administrator, and parent of the stu- dent, and, if appropriate, other community partners; (3) providing technical assistance and services to
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	ing opportunities of employers; (2) serving, with respect to each student, as a li- aison among the student and the employer, school, teacher, school administrator, and parent of the stu- dent, and, if appropriate, other community partners; (3) providing technical assistance and services to employers, including small- and medium-sized busi-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	ing opportunities of employers; (2) serving, with respect to each student, as a li- aison among the student and the employer, school, teacher, school administrator, and parent of the stu- dent, and, if appropriate, other community partners; (3) providing technical assistance and services to employers, including small- and medium-sized busi- nesses, and other parties in—
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	ing opportunities of employers; (2) serving, with respect to each student, as a li- aison among the student and the employer, school, teacher, school administrator, and parent of the stu- dent, and, if appropriate, other community partners; (3) providing technical assistance and services to employers, including small- and medium-sized busi- nesses, and other parties in— (A) designing work-based learning compo-

1	(B) training teachers, workplace mentors,
2	school site mentors, and counselors;
3	(4) providing assistance to schools and employers
4	to integrate school-based and work-based learning and
5	integrate academic and occupational learning in the
6	program;
7	(5) encouraging the active participation of em-
8	ployers, in cooperation with local education officials,
9	in the implementation of local activities described in
10	section 102, 103, or this section;
11	(6)(A) providing assistance to participants who
12	have completed the program in finding an appro-
13	priate job, continuing their education, or entering
14	into an additional training program; and
15	(B) linking the participants with other commu-
16	nity services that may be necessary to assure a suc-
17	cessful transition from school to work;
18	(7) collecting and analyzing information regard-
19	ing post-program outcomes of participants in the
20	School-to-Work Opportunities program, including dis-
21	advantaged students, students with diverse racial, eth-
22	nic, or cultural backgrounds, students with disabil-
23	ities, students with limited-English proficiency, stu-
24	dents who have dropped out of school, and academi-
25	cally talented students; and

(8) linking youth development activities under
 this Act with employer and industry strategies for
 upgrading the skills of their workers.

4 TITLE II—SCHOOL-TO-WORK OP5 PORTUNITIES SYSTEM DEVEL6 OPMENT AND IMPLEMENTA7 TION GRANTS TO STATES 8 Subtitle A—State Development 9 Grants

10 *SEC. 201. PURPOSE.*

The purpose of this subtitle is to assist States in planning and developing comprehensive, statewide systems for
school-to-work opportunities.

14 SEC. 202. STATE DEVELOPMENT GRANTS.

15 (a) IN GENERAL.—

16 (1) AWARD.—On the application of the Governor
17 on behalf of a State, the Secretaries may award a de18 velopment grant to the State in such amount as the
19 Secretaries determine to be necessary to enable the
20 State to complete development of a comprehensive,
21 statewide School-to-Work Opportunities system.

(2) AMOUNT.—The amount of a development
grant under this subtitle may not exceed \$1,000,000
for any fiscal year.

1	(3) Completion.—The Secretaries may award
2	such grant to complete development initiated with
3	funds awarded under the Job Training Partnership
4	Act (29 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) or the Carl D. Perkins
5	Vocational and Applied Technology Education Act
6	(20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.).
7	(b) APPLICATION CONTENTS.—To be eligible to receive
8	a grant under subsection (a), a State shall submit an appli-
9	cation to the Secretaries that shall—
10	(1) include a timetable and an estimate of the
11	amount of funding needed to complete the planning
12	and development necessary to implement a com-
13	prehensive, statewide School-to-Work Opportunities
14	system, for all students;
15	(2) describe the manner in which—
16	(A) the Governor;
17	(B) the State educational agency;
18	(C) the State agency officials responsible for
19	job training and employment;
19 20	
	job training and employment;
20	job training and employment; (D) the State agency officials responsible for
20 21	job training and employment; (D) the State agency officials responsible for economic development;
20 21 22	job training and employment; (D) the State agency officials responsible for economic development; (E) the State agency officials responsible for

(3) describe the manner in which the State has 3 4 obtained and will continue to obtain the active and 5 continued participation, in the planning and development of the statewide School-to-Work Opportunities 6 7 system, of employers and other interested parties such as locally elected officials, secondary schools and post-8 secondary educational institutions (or related agen-9 cies), business associations, employees, labor organiza-10 11 tions or associations of such organizations, teachers, related services personnel, students, parents, commu-12 nity-based organizations, clergy, rehabilitation agen-13 14 cies and organizations, registered apprenticeship agencies, vocational educational agencies, vocational 15 student organizations, and human service agencies; 16

(4) describe the manner in which the State will
coordinate planning activities with any local schoolto-work programs, including programs that have received a grant under title III, if any;

(5) designate a fiscal agent to receive and be accountable for funds awarded under this subtitle;

23 (6) include such other information as the Sec24 retaries may require; and

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(7) be submitted at such time and in such man ner as the Secretaries may require.

3 (c) STATE DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES.—Funds award4 ed under this section shall be expended by a State only for
5 activities undertaken to develop a statewide School-to-Work
6 Opportunities system, which may include—

7 (1) identifying or establishing an appropriate
8 State structure to administer the School-to-Work Op9 portunities system;

10 (2) identifying secondary and postsecondary
11 school-to-work programs that might be incorporated
12 into the State system;

(3) identifying or establishing broad-based partnerships among employers, labor, education, government, and other community and parent organizations
to participate in the design, development, and administration of School-to-Work Opportunities programs;

(4) developing a marketing plan to build consensus and support for School-to-Work Opportunities
programs;

(5) promoting the active involvement of business,
including small- and medium-sized businesses, in
planning, developing, and implementing local Schoolto-Work Opportunities programs;

(6) identifying ways that local school-to-work 1 2 programs could be coordinated with the statewide 3 School-to-Work Opportunities system; 4 (7) supporting local planning and development 5 activities to provide guidance, training, and technical assistance in the development of School-to-Work Op-6 7 portunities programs; (8) identifying or establishing mechanisms for 8 providing training and technical assistance to en-9 10 hance the development of a statewide School-to-Work 11 Opportunities system; (9) initiating pilot programs for testing key 12 components of the program design of programs under 13 14 the system; 15 (10) developing a State process for issuing skill certificates that is, to the extent feasible, consistent 16 17 with the efforts of the National Skill Standards Board

18 and the skill standards endorsed under the National
19 Skill Standards Act of 1993;

20 (11) designing challenging curricula, in coopera21 tion with representatives of local partnerships, that
22 take into account the diverse learning needs and
23 abilities of the student population served by the sys24 tem;

1	(12) developing a system for labor market analy-
2	sis and strategic planning for local targeting, of in-
3	dustry sectors or broad occupational clusters, that can
4	provide students with placements in high-skill work-
5	places;
6	(13) analyzing the post-high school employment
7	experiences of recent high school graduates and stu-
8	dents who have dropped out of school;
9	(14) preparing the plan described in section
10	212(b); and
11	(15) developing a training and technical support
12	system for teachers, employers, mentors, counselors,
13	related services personnel, and other parties.
14	(d) GRANTS TO CONSORTIA.—
15	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretaries may make
16	grants under subsection (a) to consortia of congres-
17	sional districts with low population densities, to en-
18	able each such consortium to complete development of
19	comprehensive, consortiawide School-to-Work Oppor-
20	tunities systems. Each such system shall be imple-
21	mented by individuals selected by the States in which
22	the system is located. Each such system shall meet the
23	requirements of this Act for such a system, except as
24	otherwise provided in this subsection.

1	(2) AMOUNT.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
2	sion of this section, the amount of a development
3	grant under this subtitle to a consortium shall be in
4	such amount as the Secretaries may determine to be
5	appropriate.
6	(3) APPLICATION.—For purposes of the applica-
7	tion of this subtitle to a consortium:
8	(A) Governor.—References to a Governor
9	shall be deemed to be references to an official des-
10	ignated by the consortium to carry out the duties
11	of a Governor under this subtitle.
12	(B) STATE.—References to a State shall be
13	deemed to be references to the consortium.
14	(C) OFFICIAL.—References to an official of
15	a State shall be deemed to be references to such
16	an official of any of the States in which the con-
17	sortium is located.
18	(4) Ability of state to carry out pro-
19	GRAM.—Nothing in this subsection shall limit the
20	ability of a State to carry out a statewide School-to-
21	Work Opportunities system in the State, even if a
22	congressional district located in the State participates
23	in a consortium under paragraph (1).
24	(5) DEFINITION.—As used in this subsection, the
25	term "consortia of congressional districts with low

population densities" means a consortia of congres sional districts, each congressional district of which
 has an average population density of less than 20.00
 persons per square mile, based on 1993 data from the
 Bureau of the Census.

Subtitle B—State Implementation Grants

8 SEC. 211. PURPOSE.

9 The purpose of this subtitle is to assist States in the 10 implementation of comprehensive, statewide School-to-Work 11 Opportunities systems.

12 SEC. 212. STATE IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS.

13 (a) IN GENERAL.—

14 (1) ELIGIBILITY.—On the application of the
15 Governor on behalf of a State, the Secretaries may
16 award, on a competitive basis, a 5-year implementa17 tion grant to the State.

(2) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a
grant under paragraph (1), a State shall submit an
application to the Secretaries that shall—

21 *(A) contain*—

(i) a plan for a comprehensive, statewide School-to-Work Opportunities system
that meets the requirements of subsection
(b);

1	(ii) a description of the manner in
2	which the State will allocate funds made
3	available through such a grant to local
4	School-to-Work Opportunities partnerships
5	under subsection (g);
6	(iii) a request, if the State decides to
7	submit such a request, for one or more
8	waivers of certain statutory or regulatory
9	requirements, as provided for under title V;
10	(iv) a description of the manner in
11	which—
12	(I) the Governor;
13	(II) the State educational agency;
14	(III) the State agency officials re-
15	sponsible for job training and employ-
16	ment;
17	(IV) the State agency officials re-
18	sponsible for economic development;
19	(V) the State agency officials re-
20	sponsible for postsecondary education;
21	(VI) other appropriate officials;
22	and
23	(VII) the private sector,
24	collaborated in the development of the appli-
25	cation; and

	50
1	(v) such other information as the Sec-
2	retaries may require; and
3	(B) be submitted at such time and in such
4	manner as the Secretaries may require.
5	(b) Contents of State Plan.—A State plan referred
6	to in subsection (a)(2)(A)(i) shall—
7	(1) designate the geographical areas, including
8	urban and rural areas, to be served by partnerships
9	that receive grants under subsection (g), which shall,
10	to the extent feasible, reflect local labor market areas;
11	(2) describe the manner in which the State will
12	stimulate and support local School-to-Work Opportu-
13	nities programs that meet the requirements of this
14	Act, and the manner in which the statewide School-
15	to-Work Opportunities system will be expanded over
16	time to cover all geographic areas in the State;
17	(3) describe the procedure by which—
18	(A) the Governor;
19	(B) the State educational agency;
20	(C) the State agency officials responsible for
21	job training and employment;
22	(D) the State agency officials responsible for
23	economic development;
24	(E) the State agency officials responsible for
25	postsecondary education;

1	(F) representatives of the private sector; and
2	(G) other appropriate officials,
3	will collaborate in the implementation of the state-
4	wide School-to-Work Opportunities system;
5	(4) describe the manner in which the State has
6	obtained and will continue to obtain the active and
7	continued involvement, in the statewide School-to-
8	Work Opportunities system, of employers and other
9	interested parties such as locally elected officials, sec-
10	ondary schools and postsecondary educational institu-
11	tions (or related agencies), business associations, em-
12	ployees, labor organizations or associations of such or-
13	ganizations, teachers, related services personnel, stu-
14	dents, parents, community-based organizations, cler-
15	gy, rehabilitation agencies and organizations, reg-
16	istered apprenticeship agencies, vocational edu-
17	cational agencies, vocational student organizations,
18	State or regional cooperative education associations,
19	and human service agencies;

(5) describe the manner in which the School-toWork Opportunities system will coordinate with or
integrate local school-to-work programs, including
programs financed from State and private sources,
with funds available from such related Federal programs as programs under the Adult Education Act

1	(20 U.S.C. 1201 et seq.), the Carl D. Perkins Voca-
2	tional and Applied Technology Education Act (20
3	U.S.C. 2301, et seq.), the Elementary and Secondary
4	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.), the
5	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et
6	seq.), part F of title IV of the Social Security Act (42
7	U.S.C. 681 et seq.), the Goals 2000: Educate America
8	Act, the National Skills Standards Act of 1993, the
9	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20
10	U.S.C. 1400 et seq.), the Job Training Partnership
11	Act (29 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.), the Act of August 16,
12	1937 (commonly known as the ''National Apprentice-
13	ship Act''; 50 Stat. 664, chapter 663; 29 U.S.C. 50
14	et seq.); the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 701
15	et seq.), and the National and Community Service
16	Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12501 et seq.);
17	(6) describe the strategy of the State for provid-
18	ing training for teachers, employers, mentors, coun-
19	selors, related services personnel, and other parties;
20	(7) describe the strategy of the State for incor-

porating project-oriented, experiential learning programs which integrate theory and academic knowledge with hands-on skills and applications into the
school curriculum for all students in the State;

1	(8) describe the resources, including private sec-
2	tor resources, that the State intends to employ in
3	maintaining the School-to-Work Opportunities system
4	when funds under this Act are no longer available;
5	(9) describe the extent to which the School-to-
6	Work Opportunities system will include programs
7	that will provide paid high-quality, work-based learn-
8	ing experiences;
9	(10) describe the manner in which the State will
10	ensure effective and meaningful opportunities for all
11	students in the State to participate in School-to-Work
12	Opportunities programs;
13	(11) describe the goals of the State and the meth-
14	ods the State will use, such as awareness and out-
15	reach, to ensure opportunities for young women to
16	participate in School-to-Work Opportunities pro-
17	grams in a manner that leads to employment in high-
18	performance, high-paying jobs, including nontradi-
19	tional employment;
20	(12) describe the manner in which the State will
21	ensure opportunities for low-achieving students, stu-
22	dents with disabilities, and former students who have
23	dropped out of school, to participate in School-to-
24	Work Opportunities programs;

1	(13) describe the process of the State for assessing
2	the skills and knowledge required in career majors,
3	and the process for awarding skill certificates that is
4	consistent with the efforts of the National Skill Stand-
5	ards Board and the skill standards endorsed under
6	the National Skill Standards Act of 1993;
7	(14) describe the manner in which the State will
8	ensure that students participating in the programs
9	are provided, to the greatest extent possible, with
10	flexibility to develop new career goals over time and
11	to change career majors without adverse consequences;
12	(15) describe the manner in which the State will,
13	to the extent feasible, continue programs funded under
14	section 302 in the statewide School-to-Work Opportu-
15	nities system;
16	(16) describe the manner in which local school-
17	to-work programs, including programs funded under
18	section 302, if any, will be integrated into the state-
19	wide School-to-Work Opportunities system;
20	(17) describe the performance standards that the
21	State intends to meet; and
22	(18) designate a fiscal agent to receive and be ac-
23	countable for funds awarded under this subtitle.
24	(c) REVIEW OF APPLICATIONS.—In reviewing each ap-
25	plication submitted under subsection (a), the Secretaries

1	shall submit the application to a peer review process, deter-
2	mine whether to approve the plan described in subsection
3	(b), and, if such determination is affirmative, further deter-
4	mine whether to take one or more of the following actions:
5	(1) Award an implementation grant described in
6	subsection (a) to the State submitting the application.
7	(2) Approve the request of the State, if any, for
8	a waiver in accordance with the procedures set forth
9	in title V.
10	(3) Inform the State of the opportunity to apply
11	for further development funds under subtitle A, by
12	submitting to the Secretaries an application that in-
13	cludes a timetable and an estimate of the amount of
14	funding needed to complete the planning and develop-
15	ment necessary to implement a comprehensive, state-
16	wide School-to-Work Opportunities system, except
17	that further development funds may not be awarded
18	to a State that receives an implementation grant
19	under subsection (e).
20	(d) Review Considerations.—In evaluating an ap-
21	plication submitted under subsection (a), the Secretaries
22	shall—

23 (1) take into consideration the quality of the application, including the replicability, sustainability,

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tion;

and innovation of programs described in the applica-

(2) give priority to applications, based on the ex-

4	tent to which the system described in the application
5	would limit administrative costs and increase
6	amounts spent on delivery of services to students en-
7	rolled in programs carried out through the system
8	under this Act;
9	(3) give priority to applications that describe the
10	highest levels of—
11	(A) concurrence with the plan for the sys-
12	tem; and
13	(B) collaboration in the development and
14	implementation of the system; and
15	(4) give priority to applications that describe
16	systems that include programs that will provide paid
17	high-quality, work-based learning experiences;
18	by appropriate State agencies and officials and the
19	private sector.
20	(e) Grant Amount and Duration of Grant.—
21	(1) Amount.—The Secretaries shall establish the
22	minimum and maximum amounts available for an
23	implementation grant under subsection (a), and shall
24	determine the actual amount granted to any State
25	under such subsection, based on such criteria as the
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scope and quality of the plan described in subsection
 (b) and the number of projected participants in pro grams carried out through the system.

4 (2) DURATION.—No State shall be awarded more
5 than one implementation grant.

6 (f) STATE IMPLEMENTATION ACTIVITIES.—A State 7 shall expend funds awarded through grants under sub-8 section (a) only for activities undertaken to implement the 9 School-to-Work Opportunities system of the State, which 10 may include—

(1) recruiting and providing assistance to employers to provide work-based learning for all students;

(2) conducting outreach activities to promote
and support collaboration, in School-to-Work Opportunities programs, by businesses, labor organizations,
and other organizations;

18 (3) providing training for teachers, employers,
19 workplace mentors, school site mentors, counselors, re20 lated services personnel, and other parties;

21 (4) providing labor market information to local
22 partnerships that is useful in determining which
23 high-skill, high-wage occupations are in demand;

24 (5) designing or adapting model curricula that25 can be used to integrate academic and occupational

1	learning, school-based and work-based learning, and
2	secondary and postsecondary education, for all stu-
3	dents in the State;
4	(6) designing or adapting model work-based
5	learning programs and identifying best practices for
6	such programs;
7	(7) conducting outreach activities and providing
8	technical assistance to other States that are develop-
9	ing or implementing School-to-Work Opportunities
10	systems;
11	(8) reorganizing and streamlining School-to-
12	Work Opportunities systems in the State to facilitate
13	the development of a comprehensive statewide School-
14	to-Work Opportunities system;
15	(9) identifying ways that existing local school-to-
16	work programs could be integrated with the statewide
17	School-to-Work Opportunities system;
18	(10) designing career awareness and exploration
19	activities, which may begin as early as the elemen-
20	tary grades, such as job shadowing, job site visits,
21	school visits by individuals in various occupations,
22	and mentoring;
23	(11) designing and implementing school-spon-
24	sored work experiences, such as school-sponsored en-
25	terprises and community development projects; and

(12) providing career exploration and awareness
 services, counseling and mentoring services, college
 awareness and preparation services, and other serv ices to prepare students for the transition from school
 to work.

(g) Allocation of Funds to Partnerships.—A 6 7 State that receives a grant under subsection (a) shall award grants, according to criteria established by the State, to 8 partnerships to carry out local School-to-Work Opportuni-9 ties programs. In awarding such grants, the State shall use 10 not less than 65 percent of the sums awarded to the State 11 under subsection (a) in the first year in which the State 12 awards such grants, 75 percent of such sums in the second 13 such year, and 85 percent of such sums in each such year 14 thereafter. 15

16 (h) STATE SUBGRANTS TO PARTNERSHIPS.—

17 (1) APPLICATION.—A partnership that seeks a
18 grant to carry out a local School-to-Work Opportuni19 ties program, including a program initiated under
20 section 302, shall submit an application to the State
21 that—

(A) describes how the program would include the program components described in sections 102, 103, and 104 and otherwise meet the
requirements of this Act;

1	(B) sets forth measurable program goals
2	and outcomes;
3	(C) describes the local strategies and time-
4	tables of the partnership to provide School-to-
5	Work Opportunities program opportunities for
6	all students in the area served;
7	(D) describes the extent to which the pro-
8	gram will provide paid high-quality, work-based
9	learning experiences;
10	(E) describes the process that will be used to
11	ensure employer involvement in the development
12	and implementation of the School-to-Work Op-
13	portunities program;
14	(F) provides such other information as the
15	State may require; and
16	(G) is submitted at such time and in such
17	manner as the State may require.
18	(2) Allowable activities.—A partnership
19	shall expend funds awarded through grants under this
20	subsection only for activities undertaken to carry out
21	local School-to-Work Opportunities programs, and
22	such activities may include, for each such program—
23	(A) recruiting and providing assistance to
24	employers, including small- and medium-size
25	businesses, to provide the work-based learning

1	components described in section 102 in the
2	School-to-Work Opportunities program;
3	(B) establishing consortia of employers to
4	support the School-to-Work Opportunities pro-
5	gram and provide access to jobs related to the ca-
6	reer majors of students;
7	(C) supporting or establishing
8	intermediaries (selected from among the members
9	of the partnership) to perform the activities de-
10	scribed in section 104 and to provide assistance
11	to students in obtaining jobs and further edu-
12	cation and training;
13	(D) designing or adapting school curricula
14	that can be used to integrate academic and occu-
15	pational learning, school-based and work-based
16	learning, and secondary and postsecondary edu-
17	cation for all students in the area served;
18	(E) providing training to work-based and
19	school-based staff on new curricula, student as-
20	sessments, student guidance, and feedback to the
21	school regarding student performance;
22	(F) establishing, in schools participating in
23	the School-to-Work Opportunities program, a
24	graduation assistance program to assist at-risk
25	students, low-achieving students, and students

with disabilities, in graduating from high school, 1 2 enrolling in postsecondary education or training, and finding or advancing in jobs; 3 (G) conducting or obtaining an indepth 4 analysis of the local labor market and the generic 5 and specific skill needs of employers to identify 6 7 high-demand, high-wage careers to target; integrating work-based and school-8 (H)based learning into existing job training pro-9 grams for youth who have dropped out of school; 10 (I) establishing or expanding school-to-ap-11 12 prenticeship programs in cooperation with registered apprenticeship agencies and apprentice-13 14 ship sponsors; (J) assisting participating employers, in-15 cluding small- and medium-size businesses, to 16 17 identify and train workplace mentors and to de-18 velop work-based learning components; 19 (K) designing local strategies to provide adequate planning time and staff development 20

services personnel, and school site mentors;

activities for teachers, school counselors, related

- 23 (L) enhancing linkages between—
- 24 (i) after-school, weekend, and summer
 25 jobs; and

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1	(ii) opportunities for career explo-
2	ration and school-based learning; and
3	(M) providing career exploration and
4	awareness services, counseling and mentoring
5	services, college awareness and preparation serv-
6	ices, and other services to prepare students for
7	the transition from school to work.
8	(i) Grants to Consortia.—
9	(1) In general.—The Secretaries may make
10	grants under subsection (a) to consortia of congres-
11	sional districts with low population densities, to en-
12	able each such consortium to implement comprehen-
13	sive, consortiawide School-to-Work Opportunities sys-
14	tems. Each such system shall be implemented by indi-
15	viduals selected by the States in which the system is
16	located. Each such system shall meet the requirements
17	of this Act for such a system, except as otherwise pro-
18	vided in this subsection.
19	(2) Amount.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
20	sion of this section, the amount of an implementation
21	grant under this subtitle to a consortium shall be in

23 appropriate.

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24 (3) APPLICATION.—For purposes of the applica25 tion of this subtitle to a consortium:

such amount as the Secretaries may determine to be

1	(A) Governor.—References to a Governor
2	shall be deemed to be references to an official des-
3	ignated by the consortium to carry out the duties
4	of a Governor under this subtitle.
5	(B) State.—References to a State shall be
6	deemed to be references to the consortium.
7	(C) OFFICIAL.—References to an official of
8	a State shall be deemed to be references to such
9	an official of any of the States in which the con-
10	sortium is located.
11	(4) WAIVERS.—In order for a consortium that
12	receives a grant under this section to receive a waiver
13	under title V with respect to an congressional district
14	located within a State, the State and officials of the
15	State shall comply with the applicable requirements
16	of title V for such a waiver.
17	(5) Ability of state to carry out pro-
18	GRAM.—Nothing in this subsection shall limit the
19	ability of a State to carry out a statewide School-to-
20	Work Opportunities system in the State, even if a
21	congressional district located in the State participates
22	in a consortium under paragraph (1).
23	(6) DEFINITION.—As used in this subsection, the
24	term ''consortia of congressional districts with low
25	population densities" means a consortia of congres-

sional district, each congressional district of which
 has an average population density of less than 20.00
 persons per square mile, based on 1993 data from the
 Bureau of the Census.

5 SEC. 213. LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.

6 (a) STATE SYSTEM.—A State that receives an imple-7 mentation grant under section 212 may not use more than 8 15 percent of the amounts received through the grant for 9 any fiscal year for administrative costs associated with im-10 plementing the School-to-Work Opportunities system of the 11 State for such fiscal year.

12 (b) LOCAL PROGRAM.—A partnership that receives a 13 grant under section 212 may not use more than 15 percent 14 of the amounts received through the grant for any fiscal 15 year for administrative costs associated with carrying out 16 the School-to-Work Opportunities programs of the partner-17 ship for such fiscal year.

18 TITLE III—FEDERAL IMPLEMEN-

19 TATION GRANTS TO PART20 NERSHIPS

21 SEC. 301. PURPOSES.

- 22 The purposes of this title are—
- 23 (1) to authorize the Secretaries to award com-
- 24 petitive grants to partnerships in States that have not
- 25 received, or have only recently received, implementa-

tion grants under section 212(a), in order to provide
funding for communities that have established a
sound planning and development base for School-toWork Opportunities programs and are ready to begin
implementing a local School-to-Work Opportunities
program; and

7 (2) to authorize the Secretaries to award competitive grants to implement School-to-Work Opportu-8 9 nities programs in high poverty areas of urban and rural communities, and to implement such programs 10 11 in congressional districts with low population den-12 sities, to provide support for a comprehensive range of education, training, and support services for youth 13 14 residing in designated high poverty areas or in con-15 gressional districts with low population densities.

16 SEC. 302. FEDERAL IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS TO PART-

17 NERSHIPS.

18 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretaries may award Federal implementation grants, in accordance with competitive cri-19 teria established by the Secretaries, to partnerships in 20 States that have not received an implementation grant 21 22 under section 212, or are carrying out activities for an initial year of an initial grant under such section, in order 23 24 to enable the partnerships to begin implementing local School-to-Work Opportunities programs. A partnership 25

may not receive funds under this section for any fiscal year
 subsequent to such initial fiscal year.

3 (b) APPLICATION PROCEDURE.—A partnership that desires to receive or extend a Federal implementation grant 4 under this section shall submit an application to the Sec-5 retaries at such time and in such manner as the Secretaries 6 may require. The partnership shall submit the application 7 to the State for review and comment before submitting the 8 application to the Secretaries. The Secretaries shall submit 9 the application to a peer review process. 10

(c) APPLICATION CONTENTS.—The application described in subsection (b) shall include a plan for local
School-to-Work Opportunities programs that—

14 (1) describes the manner in which the partner15 ship will meet the requirements of this Act;

(2) includes the comments of the State on theplan, if any;

(3) contains information that is consistent with
the information required to be submitted as part of
a State plan in accordance with paragraphs (4)
through (11) of section 212(b);

(4) designates a fiscal agent to receive and be accountable for funds under this section; and

24 (5) provides such other information as the Sec-25 retaries may require.

(d) CONFORMITY WITH APPROVED PLAN.—The Sec retaries shall not award a grant under this section to a
 partnership in a State that has an approved plan unless
 the Secretaries determine, after consultation with the State,
 that the plan submitted by the partnership is in accordance
 with the approved plan.

(e) IMPLEMENTATION ACTIVITIES.—A partnership *shall expend funds awarded under this section only for ac- tivities undertaken to implement School-to-Work Opportu- nities programs, which may include the activities specified in section 212(f).*

12 SEC. 303. SCHOOL-TO-WORK OPPORTUNITIES PROGRAM13GRANTS IN HIGH POVERTY AREAS AND IN14CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS WITH LOW POP-15ULATION DENSITIES.

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—

17 (1) Award of grants.—From the funds re-18 served under section 508(b), the Secretaries are au-19 thorized and encouraged to award grants, in accord-20 ance with competitive criteria established by the Secretaries, to partnerships to implement School-to-Work 21 22 Opportunities programs that include the program 23 components described in sections 102, 103, and 104 24 and otherwise meet the requirements of title I, in high poverty areas and to partnerships to implement such 25

programs in congressional districts with low popu lation densities.

(2) HIGH POVERTY AREA.—For purposes of this 3 4 subsection, the term "high poverty area" means an 5 urban census tract, the block number area in a nonmetropolitan county, or an Indian reservation (as 6 7 defined in section 403(9) of the Indian Child Protec-8 tion and Family Violence Prevention Act (25 U.S.C. 3202(9)), with a poverty rate of 20 percent or more 9 10 among youth aged 5 to 17, inclusive, as determined by the Bureau of the Census. 11

(3) CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT WITH A LOW POPULATION DENSITY.—For purposes of this subsection,
the term "congressional district with a low population density" means a congressional district with
an average population density of less than 20.00 persons per square mile, based on 1993 data from the
Bureau of the Census.

19 (b) APPLICATION PROCEDURE.—A partnership that 20 desires to receive a grant under this section, in addition 21 to any funds received under section 212 or 302, shall submit 22 an application to the Secretaries at such time and in such 23 manner as the Secretaries may require. The partnership 24 shall submit the application to the State for review and 25 comment before submitting the application to the Secretaries. The Secretaries shall submit the application to a peer
 review process.

3 (c) APPLICATION CONTENTS.—The application de4 scribed in subsection (b) shall include a plan for local
5 School-to-Work Opportunities programs that—

6 (1) describes the manner in which the partner7 ship will meet the requirements of this Act;

8 (2) includes the comments of the State on the9 plan, if any;

(3) contains information that is consistent with
the information required to be submitted as part of
a State plan in accordance with paragraphs (4)
through (11) of section 212(b);

(4) designates a fiscal agent to receive and be ac-countable for funds under this section; and

16 (5) provides such other information as the Sec-17 retaries may require.

(d) CONFORMITY WITH APPROVED PLAN.—The Secretaries shall not award a grant under this section to a
partnership in a State that has an approved plan unless
the Secretaries determine, after consultation with the State,
that the plan submitted by the partnership is in accordance
with the approved plan.

24 (e) IMPLEMENTATION ACTIVITIES.—A partnership
25 shall expend funds awarded under this section only for ac-

tivities undertaken to implement School-to-Work Opportu nities programs, including the activities specified in section
 212(h)(2).

4 (f) USE OF FUNDS.—Funds awarded under this sec5 tion may be awarded in combination with funds awarded
6 under the Youth Fair Chance Program set forth in part
7 H of title IV of the Job Training Partnership Act (29
8 U.S.C. 1782 et seq.).

9 **TITLE IV—NATIONAL PROGRAMS** 10 sec. 401. research, demonstration, and other 11 projects.

(a) IN GENERAL.—With funds reserved under section 12 508(c), the Secretaries shall conduct research and develop-13 ment projects and establish a program of experimental and 14 15 demonstration projects, to further the purposes of this Act. (b) Additional Use of Funds.—Funds reserved 16 17 under section 508(c) may be used for programs or services authorized under any other provision of this Act that are 18 most appropriately administered at the national level and 19 that will operate in, or benefit, more than one State. 20

21 SEC. 402. PERFORMANCE OUTCOMES AND EVALUATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Using funds reserved under section
508(c), the Secretaries, in collaboration with the States,
shall establish a system of performance measures for assess-

ing State and local School-to-Work Opportunities programs regarding—

3	(1) progress in the development and implementa-
4	tion of State plans described in section 212(b) with
5	respect to programs that include the program compo-
6	nents described in sections 102, 103, and 104 and
7	otherwise meet the requirements of title I;
8	(2) participation in School-to-Work Opportuni-
9	ties programs by employers, schools, and students;
10	(3) progress in developing and implementing
11	strategies for addressing the needs of all students in
12	the State;
13	(4) progress in meeting the goals of the State to
14	ensure opportunities for young women to participate
15	in School-to-Work Opportunities programs, including
16	participation in nontraditional employment;
17	(5) outcomes for students in the programs (in-
18	cluding disadvantaged students, students with diverse
19	racial, ethnic, or cultural backgrounds, students with
20	disabilities, students with limited-English proficiency,
21	students who have dropped out of school, and aca-
22	demically talented students), which outcomes shall in-
23	clude—
24	(1)

24 (A) academic learning gains;

1	(B) progress in staying in school and at-
2	taining—
3	(i) a high school diploma or its equiva-
4	lent, such as—
5	(I) a general equivalency diploma;
6	OĽ
7	(II) an alternative diploma or
8	certificate for students with disabilities
9	for whom such alternative diploma or
10	certificate is appropriate;
11	(ii) a skill certificate; and
12	(iii) a postsecondary degree;
13	(C) attainment of strong experience in and
14	understanding of all aspects of the industry the
15	students are preparing to enter;
16	(D) placement and retention in further edu-
17	cation or training, particularly in the career
18	major of the student; and
19	(E) job placement, retention, and earnings,
20	particularly in the career major of the student;
21	and
22	(6) the extent to which the program has met the
23	needs of employers.
24	(b) EVALUATION.—Using funds reserved under section
25	508(c), the Secretaries shall conduct, through grants, con-

tracts, or other arrangements, a national evaluation of
 School-to-Work Opportunities programs funded under this
 Act that will track and assess the progress of implementa tion of State and local School-to-Work Opportunities pro grams and their effectiveness based on measures such as the
 measures described in subsection (a).

7 *(c) Reports to the Secretaries.*—

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—Each State shall prepare and 9 submit to the Secretaries periodic reports, at such in-10 tervals as the Secretaries may determine, containing 11 information described in paragraphs (1) through (5) 12 of subsection (a).

13 (2) FEDERAL PROGRAMS.—Each State shall pre-14 pare and submit reports to the Secretaries, at such 15 intervals as the Secretaries may determine, contain-16 ing information on the extent to which Federal pro-17 grams implemented at the State and local level may 18 be duplicative, outdated, overly restrictive, or other-19 wise counterproductive to the development of comprehensive statewide School-to-Work Opportunities 20 21 systems.

(d) REPORT TO THE CONGRESS.—Using funds reserved under section 508(c), not later than 24 months after
the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretaries shall submit a report to the Congress on School-to-Work Opportuni-

ties programs and shall, at a minimum, include in such
 report—

3 (1) information concerning the programs that re4 ceive assistance under this Act;

5 (2) a summary of the information contained in
6 the State reports submitted under subsection (c); and
7 (3) information regarding the findings and ac8 tions taken as a result of any evaluation conducted by
9 the Secretaries.

10 SEC. 403. TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.

(a) PURPOSE.—The Secretaries shall work in cooperation with States, employers and associations of employers,
secondary schools and postsecondary education institutions,
student and teacher organizations, labor organizations, and
community-based organizations, to increase their capacity
to develop and implement effective School-to-Work Opportunities programs.

(b) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.—Using funds reserved
under section 508(c), the Secretaries shall provide, through
grants, contracts, or other arrangements—

21 (1) training, technical assistance, and other ac22 tivities that will—

23 (A) enhance the skills, knowledge, and expertise of the personnel involved in planning and

1	implementing State and local School-to-Work
2	Opportunities programs; and
3	(B) improve the quality of services provided
4	to individuals served under this Act;
5	(2) assistance to States and partnerships in-
6	volved in carrying out School-to-Work Opportunities
7	programs in order to integrate resources available
8	under this Act with resources available under other
9	Federal, State, and local authorities;
10	(3) assistance to States and such partnerships to
11	recruit employers to provide the work-based learning
12	component, described in section 102, of School-to-
13	Work Opportunities programs; and
14	(4) assistance to States and such partnerships to
15	design and implement school-sponsored enterprises.
16	(c) PEER REVIEW.—The Secretaries may use funds re-
17	served under section 508(c) for the peer review of State ap-
18	plications and plans under section 212 and applications
19	under title III.
20	(d) Networks and Clearinghouses.—
21	(1) Establishment.—To carry out their re-
22	sponsibilities under subsection (b), the Secretaries
23	shall establish, through grants, contracts, or other ar-
24	rangements, a Clearinghouse and Capacity Building

2	''Clearinghouse'').
3	(2) FUNCTIONS.—The Clearinghouse shall—
4	(A) collect and disseminate information on
5	successful school-to-work programs, and innova-
6	tive school-based and work-based curricula;
7	(B) collect and disseminate information on
8	research and evaluation conducted concerning
9	activities carried out through School-to-Work
10	Opportunities programs;
11	(C) collect and disseminate information
12	that will assist States and partnerships in un-
13	dertaking labor market analysis, surveys, or
14	other activities related to economic development;
15	(D) collect and disseminate information on
16	skill certificates, skill standards, and related as-
17	sessment technologies;
18	(E) collect and disseminate information on
19	methods for recruiting and building the capacity
20	of employers to provide work-based learning op-
21	portunities;
22	(F) facilitate communication and the ex-
23	change of information and ideas among States
24	and partnerships carrying out School-to-Work
25	Opportunities programs; and

1 (G) carry out such other activities as the 2 Secretaries determine to be appropriate. (3) COORDINATION.—The Secretaries shall co-3 4 ordinate the activities of the Clearinghouse with the activities of other similar entities to avoid duplica-5 tion and enhance the sharing of relevant information. 6 TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS 7 8 SEC. 501. STATE REQUEST AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR A 9 WAIVER OF STATUTORY AND REGULATORY 10 **REQUIREMENTS.** (a) STATE REQUEST FOR WAIVER.—A State with an 11 approved plan may, at any point during the development 12 or implementation of a School-to-Work Opportunities pro-13 gram, request a waiver of one or more statutory or regu-14 latory provisions from the Secretaries in order to carry out 15 the purposes of this Act, and such requests for waivers shall 16 be submitted as part of the plan or as amendments to the 17

19 (b) PARTNERSHIP REQUEST FOR WAIVER.—A part-20 nership that seeks a waiver of any of the provisions speci-21 fied in sections 502 and 503 shall submit an application 22 for such waiver to the State, and the State shall determine 23 whether to submit a request for a waiver to the Secretaries, 24 as provided in subsection (a).

plan.

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(c) WAIVER CRITERIA.—Any such request by the State
 shall meet the criteria contained in section 502 or 503 and
 shall specify the provisions or regulations referred to in such
 sections with respect to which the State seeks a waiver.

5 (d) SUPPORT BY APPROPRIATE STATE AGENCIES.—In
6 requesting such a waiver, the State shall provide evidence
7 of support for the waiver request by the State agencies or
8 officials with jurisdiction over the provisions or regulations
9 that would be waived.

 10 SEC. 502. WAIVERS OF STATUTORY AND REGULATORY RE

 11
 QUIREMENTS BY THE SECRETARY OF EDU

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 CATION.

13 (a) IN GENERAL.—

(1) WAIVER.—Except as provided in subsection
(c), the Secretary of Education may waive any requirement of any provisions specified in subsection
(b) or of the regulations issued under such provisions
for a State that requests such a waiver—

(A) if, and only to the extent that, the Secretary of Education determines that such requirement impedes the ability of the State or a
partnership to carry out the purposes of this Act;
(B) if the State waives, or agrees to waive,
similar requirements of State law; and
(C) if the State—

1	(i) has provided all partnerships that
2	carry out programs under this Act, and
3	local educational agencies participating in
4	such a partnership, in the State with notice
5	and an opportunity to comment on the pro-
6	posal of the State to seek a waiver; and
7	(ii) has submitted the comments of the
8	partnerships and local educational agencies
9	to the Secretary of Education.
10	(2) ACTION.—The Secretary of Education shall
11	act promptly on any request submitted pursuant to
12	paragraph (1).
13	(3) TERM.—Each waiver approved pursuant to
14	this subsection shall be for a period not to exceed 5
15	years, except that the Secretary of Education may ex-
16	tend such period if the Secretary of Education deter-
17	mines that the waiver has been effective in enabling
18	the State or partnership to carry out the purposes of
19	this Act.
20	(b) Included Programs.—The provisions subject to
21	the waiver authority of this section are—
22	(1) chapter 1 of title I of the Elementary and
23	Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 2701 et
24	seq.), including the Even Start programs carried out
25	under part B of such chapter (20 U.S.C. 2741 et seq.);

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1	(2) part A of chapter 2 of title I of the Elemen-
2	tary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20
3	U.S.C. 2921 et seq.);
4	(3) part A of title II of the Elementary and Sec-
5	ondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 2981 et
6	seq.);
7	(4) part D of title IV of the Elementary and Sec-
8	ondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 3121 et
9	seq.);
10	(5) title V of the Elementary and Secondary
11	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 3171 et seq.); and
12	(6) the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied
13	Technology Education Act (20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.).
14	(c) Waivers Not Authorized.—The Secretary of
15	Education may not waive any statutory or regulatory re-
16	quirement of the provisions specified in subsection (b) relat-
17	ing to—
18	(1) the basic purposes or goals of the affected
19	programs under such provisions;
20	(2) maintenance of effort;
21	(3) comparability of services;
22	(4) the equitable participation of students at-
23	tending private schools;
24	(5) student and parental participation and in-
25	volvement;

(6) the distribution of funds to State or to local 1 2 educational agencies; (7) the eligibility of an individual for participa-3 tion in the affected programs; 4 (8) public health or safety, labor, civil rights, oc-5 cupational safety and health, or environmental pro-6 7 tection: or (9) prohibitions or restrictions relating to the 8 construction of buildings or facilities. 9 (d) TERMINATION OF WAIVERS.—The Secretary of 10 Education shall periodically review the performance of any 11 State or partnership for which the Secretary of Education 12 has granted a waiver under this section and shall terminate 13 the waiver under this section if the Secretary determines 14 15 that the performance of the State, partnership, or local educational agency affected by the waiver has been inadequate 16 to justify a continuation of the waiver, or the State fails 17 to waive similar requirements of State law as required or 18 agreed to in accordance with subsection (a)(1)(B). 19 20 SEC. 503. WAIVERS OF STATUTORY AND REGULATORY RE-21 **OUIREMENTS BY THE SECRETARY OF LABOR.** 22 (a) IN GENERAL.— (1) WAIVER.—Except as provided in subsection 23 24 (c), the Secretary of Labor may waive any requirement of the Act, or any provisions of the Act, speci-25

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1	fied in subsection (b) or of the regulations issued
2	under such Act or provisions for a State that requests
3	such a waiver—
4	(A) if, and only to the extent that, the Sec-
5	retary of Labor determines that such requirement
6	impedes the ability of the State or a partnership
7	to carry out the purposes of this Act;
8	(B) if the State waives, or agrees to waive,
9	similar requirements of State law; and
10	(C) if the State—
11	(i) has provided all partnerships that
12	carry out programs under this Act in the
13	State with notice and an opportunity to
14	comment on the proposal of the State to seek
15	a waiver; and
16	(ii) has submitted the comments of the
17	partnerships to the Secretary of Labor.
18	(2) ACTION.—The Secretary of Labor shall act
19	promptly on any request submitted pursuant to para-
20	graph (1).
21	(3) TERM.—Each waiver approved pursuant to
22	this subsection shall be for a period not to exceed 5
23	years, except that the Secretary of Labor may extend
24	such period if the Secretary of Labor determines that

the waiver has been effective in enabling the State or 1 2 partnership to carry out the purposes of this Act. 3 (b) INCLUDED PROGRAMS.—The Act subject to the 4 waiver authority of this section is the Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.). 5 (c) WAIVERS NOT AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of 6 Labor may not waive any statutory or regulatory require-7 ment of the Act, or any provision of the Act, specified in 8 subsection (b) relating to— 9 (1) the basic purposes or goals of the affected 10 programs under such provisions; 11 12 (2) maintenance of effort: (3) the allocation of funds under the affected pro-13 14 grams; (4) the eligibility of an individual for participa-15 tion in the affected programs; 16 17 (5) public health or safety, labor, civil rights, occupational safety and health, or environmental pro-18 19 tection: or 20 (6) prohibitions or restrictions relating to the construction of buildings or facilities. 21 (d) TERMINATION OF WAIVERS.—The Secretary of 22 Labor shall periodically review the performance of any 23 State or partnership for which the Secretary of Labor has 24 granted a waiver under this section and shall terminate the 25

1	waiver under this section if the Secretary determines that
2	the performance of the State or partnership affected by the
3	waiver has been inadequate to justify a continuation of the
4	waiver, or the State fails to waive similar requirements of
5	State law as required or agreed to in accordance with sub-
6	section (a)(1)(B).
7	SEC. 504. COMBINATION OF FEDERAL FUNDS FOR HIGH
8	POVERTY SCHOOLS.
9	(a) IN GENERAL.—
10	(1) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this section
11	are—
12	(A) to integrate activities under this Act
13	with school-to-work transition activities carried
14	out under other programs; and
15	(B) to maximize the effective use of re-
16	SOURCES.
17	(2) Combination of funds.—To carry out such
18	purposes, a local partnership that receives assistance
19	under title II or III may carry out schoolwide school-
20	to-work activities in schools that meet the require-
21	ments of subparagraphs (A) and (B) of section
22	263(g)(1) of the Job Training Partnership Act (29
23	U.S.C. 1643(g)(1)(A) and (B)) with funds obtained
24	by combining—
25	(A) Federal funds under this Act; and

1	(B) other Federal funds made available
2	from among programs under—
3	(i) the provisions of law listed in para-
4	graphs (2) through (6) of section 502(b);
5	and
6	(ii) the Job Training Partnership Act
7	(29 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.); and
8	(b) USE OF FUNDS.—A local partnership may use the
9	Federal funds combined under subsection (a) under the re-
10	quirements of this Act, except that the provisions relating
11	to the matters specified in paragraphs (1) through (6) and
12	paragraphs (8) and (9) of section 502(c), and paragraph
13	(1) and paragraphs (3) through (6) of section 503(c), that
14	relate to the program through which the funds described in
15	subsection (a)(2)(B) were made available, shall remain in
16	effect with respect to the use of such funds.
17	(c) Additional Information in Application.—A
18	local partnership seeking to combine funds under subsection
19	(a) shall include in the application of the partnership under
20	title II or III—
21	(1) a description of the funds the partnership
22	proposes to combine under the requirements of this
23	Act;
24	(2) the activities to be carried out with such
25	funds;

1	(3) the specific outcomes expected of participants
2	in schoolwide school-to-work activities; and
3	(4) such other information as the State, or Sec-
4	retaries, as the case may be, may require.
5	(d) Dissemination of Information.—The local
6	partnership shall, to the extent feasible, provide information
7	on the proposed combination of Federal funds under sub-
8	section (a) to parents, students, educators, advocacy and
9	civil rights organizations, and the public.
10	SEC. 505. COMBINATION OF FEDERAL FUNDS BY STATES.
11	(a) In General.—
12	(1) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this section
13	are—
10	
14	(A) to integrate activities under this Act
_	
14	(A) to integrate activities under this Act
14 15	(A) to integrate activities under this Act with State school-to-work transition activities
14 15 16	(A) to integrate activities under this Act with State school-to-work transition activities carried out under other programs; and
14 15 16 17	 (A) to integrate activities under this Act with State school-to-work transition activities carried out under other programs; and (B) to maximize the effective use of re-
14 15 16 17 18	 (A) to integrate activities under this Act with State school-to-work transition activities carried out under other programs; and (B) to maximize the effective use of resources.
14 15 16 17 18 19	 (A) to integrate activities under this Act with State school-to-work transition activities carried out under other programs; and (B) to maximize the effective use of resources. (2) COMBINATION OF FUNDS.—To carry out such
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	 (A) to integrate activities under this Act with State school-to-work transition activities carried out under other programs; and (B) to maximize the effective use of resources. (2) COMBINATION OF FUNDS.—To carry out such purposes, a State that receives assistance under title
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 (A) to integrate activities under this Act with State school-to-work transition activities carried out under other programs; and (B) to maximize the effective use of resources. (2) COMBINATION OF FUNDS.—To carry out such purposes, a State that receives assistance under title II may carry out activities necessary to develop and

1	(B) other Federal funds made available
2	from among programs under—
3	(i) the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and
4	Applied Technology Act, section 201; and
5	(ii) the Job Training Partnership Act
6	(29 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.).
7	(b) Use of Funds.—A State may use the State por-
8	tion of the Federal funds combined under subsection (a)
9	under the requirements of this Act, except that the provi-
10	sions relating to the matters specified in section 502(c), and
11	section 503(c), that relate to the program through which
12	the funds described in subsection $(a)(2)(B)$ were made
13	available, shall remain in effect with respect to the use of
14	such funds.
15	(c) Additional Information in Application.—A
16	State seeking to combine funds under subsection (a) shall
17	include in the application of the State under title II—
18	(1) a description of the funds the State proposes
19	to combine under the requirements of this Act;
20	(2) the activities to be carried out with such
21	funds;
22	(3) the specific outcomes expected of participants
23	in school-to-work activities;

(4) evidence of support for the waiver request by
 the State agencies or officials with jurisdiction over
 the funds that would by combined;

4 (5) a State's authority to combine funds under
5 this section shall not exceed 5 years, except that the
6 Secretaries may extend such period if the Secretaries
7 determine that such authority would further the pur8 poses of this Act; and

9 (6) such other information as the Secretaries
10 may require.

11 SEC. 506. REQUIREMENTS.

12 The following requirements shall apply to School-to-13 Work Opportunities programs under this Act:

14 (1) No student participating in such a program
15 shall displace any currently employed worker (includ16 ing a partial displacement, such as a reduction in the
17 hours of nonovertime work, wages, or employment
18 benefits).

19 (2) No School-to-Work Opportunities program
20 shall impair existing contracts for services or collec21 tive bargaining agreements, and no program under
22 this Act that would be inconsistent with the terms of
23 a collective bargaining agreement shall be undertaken
24 without the written concurrence of the labor organiza25 tion and employer concerned.

1	(3) No student shall be employed or fill a posi-
2	tion—
3	(A) when any other individual is on tem-
4	porary layoff from the participating employer,
5	with the clear possibility of recall, from the same
6	or any substantially equivalent job; or
7	(B) when the employer has terminated the
8	employment of any regular employee or other-
9	wise reduced the work force of the employer with
10	the intention of filling the vacancy so created
11	with a student.
12	(4) Students participating in such programs
13	shall be provided with adequate and safe equipment
14	and safe and healthful workplaces in conformity with
15	all health and safety standards of Federal, State, and
16	local law.
17	(5) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to
18	modify or affect any Federal or State law prohibiting
19	discrimination on the basis of race, religion, color,
20	ethnicity, national origin, gender, age, or disability.
21	(6) Funds appropriated under authority of this
22	Act shall not be expended for wages of students par-
23	ticipating in such programs.
24	(7) The Secretaries shall establish such other re-
25	quirements as the Secretaries may determine to be

appropriate, in order to ensure that participants in
 such programs are afforded adequate supervision by
 skilled adult workers, or to otherwise further the pur poses of this Act.

5 SEC. 507. SANCTIONS.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretaries may terminate or 7 suspend financial assistance, in whole or in part, to a recipient or refuse to extend a grant for a recipient, if the 8 Secretaries determine that the recipient has failed to meet 9 the requirements of this Act, including requirements under 10 section 402(c), or any regulations under this Act, or any 11 approved plan submitted pursuant to this Act. The Sec-12 retaries shall provide to the recipient prompt notice of such 13 termination, suspension, or refusal to extend a grant and 14 15 the opportunity for a hearing within 30 days after such 16 notice.

(b) NONDELEGATION.—The Secretaries shall not delegate any of the functions or authority specified in this section, other than to an officer whose appointment is required
to be made by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

22 SEC. 508. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) AUTHORIZATION.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretaries \$300,000,000 for fiscal year
1995, and \$400,000,000 for fiscal year 1996; \$400,000,000

for fiscal year 1997; \$330,000,000 for fiscal year 1998; and
 \$220,000,000 for fiscal year 1999.

3 (b) HIGH POVERTY AREAS AND CONGRESSIONAL DIS-TRICTS WITH LOW POPULATION DENSITIES.—Of the 4 amounts appropriated under subsection (a) for a fiscal 5 year, the Secretaries may reserve not more than 10 percent 6 7 of such amounts for the fiscal year to carry out section 303, which reserved funds may be used in conjunction with funds 8 available under the Youth Fair Chance Program set forth 9 in part H of title IV of the Job Training Partnership Act 10 (29 U.S.C. 1782 et seq.). 11

(c) NATIONAL PROGRAMS.—Of the amounts appropriated under subsection (a) for a fiscal year, the Secretaries may reserve not more than 10 percent of such amounts
for the fiscal year to carry out title IV.

16 *(d)* TERRITORIES.—

17 (1) IN GENERAL.—Of the amounts appropriated 18 for a fiscal year under subsection (a), the Secretaries 19 may reserve up to 1/4 of 1 percent to make Federal 20 implementation grants to territories under section 212 on the same basis as the Secretaries make grants 21 22 to States under such section. The territories shall use funds made available through such grants to imple-23 ment School-to-Work Opportunities programs in ac-24

cordance with the requirements applicable to States
 under subtitle B of title II.

3 (2) DEFINITION.—As used in this subsection, the
4 term "territory" means the United States Virgin Is5 lands, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern
6 Mariana Islands, American Samoa, the Federated
7 States of Micronesia, and the Republic of the Mar8 shall Islands, and includes the Republic of Palau
9 (until the Compact of Free Association is ratified).

10 (e) NATIVE AMERICAN PROGRAMS.—

(1) RESERVATION.—The Secretaries may reserve 11 up to 1/4 of 1 percent of the funds appropriated for 12 13 any fiscal year under subsection (a) to make Federal 14 implementation grants to appropriate entities under section 212 on the same basis as the Secretaries make 15 grants to States under such section. The territories 16 17 shall use funds made available through such grants to 18 implement School-to-Work Opportunities programs, 19 for students who are Indians (as defined in section 1(1) of the Tribally Controlled Community College 20 21 Assistance Act of 1978 (25 U.S.C. 1801(1)), that in-22 volve Bureau funded schools. as defined in section 1139(3) of the Education Amendments of 1978 (25 23 U.S.C. 2019(3)), in accordance with the requirements 24 25 applicable to States under subtitle B of title II.

1	(2) IMPLEMENTATION.—The Secretaries may
2	carry out this subsection through such means as the
3	Secretaries determine to be appropriate, including—
4	(A) the transfer of funds to the Secretary of
5	the Interior; and
6	(B) the provision of financial assistance to
7	tribes and Indian organizations, as defined in
8	paragraphs (13) and (7), respectively, of section
9	1139 of such Act.
10	(f) Availability of Funds.—Funds obligated for any
11	fiscal year for programs authorized under this Act shall re-
12	main available until expended.
13	SEC. 509. ACCEPTANCE OF GIFTS, AND OTHER MATTERS.
14	The Secretaries are authorized, in carrying out this
15	Act, to accept, purchase, or lease in the name of the Depart-
16	ment of Labor or the Department of Education, and employ
17	or dispose of in furtherance of the purposes of this Act, any
18	money or property, real, personal, or mixed, tangible or in-
19	tangible, received by gift, devise, bequest, or otherwise, and
20	to accept voluntary and uncompensated services notwith-
21	standing the provisions of section 1342 of title 31, United
22	States Code.
23	SEC. 510. STATE AUTHORITY.

Nothing in this Act shall be construed to supersede thelegal authority, under State law or other applicable law,

of any State agency or State public official over programs
 that are under the jurisdiction of the agency or official.

3 SEC. 511. CONSTRUCTION.

4 Nothing in this Act shall be construed to establish a
5 right for any person to bring an action to obtain services
6 under this Act.

7 SEC. 512. ADDITIONAL FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS.

8 (a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to ensure 9 that the funds provided under this Act cannot be utilized 10 by the Federal Government to contribute to an unfunded 11 Federal mandate.

12 (b) REQUIREMENTS.—Subject to subsection (c) and 13 notwithstanding any other provision of Federal law, no 14 provision of Federal law shall require a State, in order to 15 receive funds under this Act, to comply with any Federal 16 requirement, other than a requirement of this Act as in ef-17 fect on the effective date of this Act.

(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Any provision of Federal statutory or regulatory law, in effect on or after the
effective date of this Act, shall be subject to subsection (b)
unless such law explicitly excludes the application of subsection (b) by reference to this section.

23 SEC. 513. SENSE OF THE SENATE.

It is the sense of the Senate that the Congress shouldfund programs under this Act, for fiscal years 1996 through

2002, predominately from the savings resulting from efforts
 of the Department of Labor, the Department of Education,
 and other Federal agencies, to eliminate, consolidate, or
 streamline, duplicative or ineffective education or job train ing programs in existence on the date of enactment of this
 Act.

7 **TITLE VI—OTHER PROGRAMS** 8 SEC. 601. TECH-PREP EDUCATION.

9 (a) CONTENTS OF PROGRAM.—Paragraph (2) of sec10 tion 344(b) of the Tech-Prep Education Act (20 U.S.C.
11 2394b(b)(2)) is amended by inserting "or 4 years" before
12 "of secondary school".

(b) SPECIAL CONSIDERATION; PRIORITY.—Section 345
of the Tech-Prep Education Act (20 U.S.C. 2394c) is
amended—

16 *(1) in subsection (d)*—

- 17 (A) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and
- 18(3) as paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively; and19(B) by inserting after paragraph (1) the fol-

20 *lowing new paragraph:*

21 ''(2) are developed in consultation with institu22 tions of higher education that award baccalaureate
23 degrees;'';

24 (2) by redesignating subsections (e) and (f) as
25 subsections (f) and (g), respectively; and

3 "(e) PRIORITY.—The Secretary or the State board, as
4 appropriate, shall give highest priority to applications that
5 provide for effective employment placement activities or
6 transfer of students to 4-year baccalaureate degree pro7 grams.".

8 TITLE VII—TECHNICAL 9 PROVISIONS

10 SEC. 701. EFFECTIVE DATE.

11 This Act shall take effect on the date of enactment of12 this Act.

13 *SEC. 702. SUNSET.*

14 The authority provided by this Act shall terminate on
15 October 1 of the ninth calendar year after the date of enact16 ment of this Act.

17 TITLE VIII—ALASKA NATIVE ART 18 AND CULTURE

19 SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE.

20 This title may be cited as "Alaska Native Culture and

21 Arts Development Act".

22 SEC. 802. ALASKA NATIVE ART AND CULTURE.

23 Section 1521 of the Higher Education Amendments of

24 1986 (20 U.S.C. 4441) is amended to read as follows:

"Part B—Native Hawaiians and Alaska Natives 1 2 "SEC. 1521. PROGRAM FOR NATIVE HAWAIIAN AND ALASKA 3 NATIVE CULTURE AND ARTS DEVELOPMENT. "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Interior is 4 authorized to make grants for the purpose of supporting 5 programs for Native Hawaiian or Alaska Native culture 6 7 and arts development to any private, nonprofit organization or institution which— 8 "(1) primarily serves and represents Native Ha-9 waijans or Alaska Natives, and 10 "(2) has been recognized by the Governor of the 11 State of Hawaii or the Governor of the State of Alas-12 ka, as appropriate, for the purpose of making such or-13 ganization or institution eligible to receive such 14 15 grants. 16 "(b) PURPOSE OF GRANTS.—Grants made under subsection (a) shall, to the extent deemed possible by the Sec-17 retary and the recipient of the grant, be used— 18 19 "(1) to provide scholarly study of, and instruc-20 tion in. Native Hawaiian or Alaska Native art and culture. 21 22 "(2) to establish programs which culminate in the awarding of degrees in the various fields of Native 23 Hawaiian or Alaska Native art and culture, or 24

1	"(3) to establish centers and programs with re-
2	spect to Native Hawaiian or Alaska Native art and
3	culture that are similar in purpose to the centers and
4	programs described in subsections (b) and (c) of sec-
5	tion 1510.
6	"(c) Management of Grants.—
7	"(1) Any organization or institution which is
8	the recipient of a grant made under subsection (a)
9	shall establish a governing board to manage and con-
10	trol the program with respect to which such grant is
11	made.
12	"(2) For any grants made with respect to Native
13	Hawaiian art and culture, the members of the govern-
14	ing board which is required to be established under
15	paragraph (1) shall—
16	"(A) be Native Hawaiians or individuals
17	widely recognized in the field of Native Hawai-
18	ian art and culture,
19	"(B) include a representative of the Office of
20	Hawaiian Affairs of the State of Hawaii,
21	"(C) include the president of the University
22	of Hawaii,
23	"(D) include the president of the Bishop
24	Museum, and
25	"(E) serve for a fixed term of office.

1	"(3) For any grants made with respect to Alaska
2	Native art and culture, the members of the governing
3	board which is required to be established under para-
4	graph (1) shall—
5	"(A) include Alaska Natives and individ-
6	uals widely recognized in the field of Alaska Na-
7	tive art and culture,
8	''(B) represent the Eskimo, Indian and
9	Aleut cultures of Alaska, and
10	"(C) serve for a fixed term.".

Attest:

Secretary.

- HR 2884 EAS-2
- HR 2884 EAS——3
- HR 2884 EAS——4
- HR 2884 EAS-5
- HR 2884 EAS-6
- HR 2884 EAS——7
- HR 2884 EAS——8
- HR 2884 EAS——9
- HR 2884 EAS-10
- HR 2884 EAS-11
- HR 2884 EAS-12
- HR 2884 EAS-13
- HR 2884 EAS-14
- HR 2884 EAS-15

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