Union Calendar No. 187

103D CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 2884

[Report No. 103-345]

A BILL

To establish a national framework for the development of School-to-Work Opportunities systems in all States, and for other purposes.

November 10, 1993

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

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To establish a national framework for the development of School-to-Work Opportunities systems in all States, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

AUGUST 5, 1993

Mr. Ford of Michigan (for himself, Mr. Gephardt, Mr. Miller of California, Mr. Murphy, Mr. Kildee, Mr. Williams, Mr. Martinez, Mr. Owens, Mr. Sawyer, Mr. Payne of New Jersey, Mrs. Unsoeld, Mrs. Mink, Mr. Andrews of New Jersey, Mr. Reed, Mr. Roemer, Mr. Engel, Mr. Becerra, Mr. Gene Green of Texas, Ms. Woolsey, Mr. Romero-Barceló, Mr. Klink, Mr. Strickland, Mr. de Lugo, Mr. Goodling, Mr. Gunderson, Ms. Molinari, Mr. Rangel, Mr. McCurdy, Ms. Pelosi, Mrs. Lowey, Mr. Serrano, Ms. Delauro, Mr. Clay, Mr. Baesler, and Mr. Roukema) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor

OCTOBER 7, 1993

Additional sponsors: Mr. Hoyer, Mr. Faleomavaega, Mr. Frost, Mr. Mazzoli, Mr. Castle, Mr. Houghton, Mr. Levin, Mr. Bonior, Mr. Menendez, Mr. Scott, Mr. Gibbons, Ms. English of Arizona, Mr. Olver, and Mr. Rush

NOVEMBER 10, 1993

Additional sponsors: Mr. Gejdenson, Mr. Filner, Mr. Edwards of California, Mrs. Lloyd, Mr. Hughes, Mr. Stark, Mr. Fish, Mr. Clyburn, Ms. Kaptur, Mr. Gillmor, Ms. Snowe, Ms. Norton, Mr. Bishop, Mr. Evans, Mr. Ford of Tennessee, Mr. Sanders, Ms. Velázquez, Mr. Payne of Virginia, and Mr. Kopetski

NOVEMBER 10, 1993

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic] [For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on August 5, 1993]

A BILL

To establish a national framework for the development of School-to-Work Opportunities systems in all States, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "School-to-Work Opportunities Act of 1993".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents is as
- 7 follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Findings.
 - Sec. 3. Purposes and congressional intent.
 - Sec. 4. Definitions.
 - Sec. 5. Federal administration.
 - Sec. 6. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE I—SCHOOL-TO-WORK OPPORTUNITIES BASIC PROGRAM COMPONENTS

- Sec. 101. General program requirements.
- Sec. 102. Work-based learning component.
- Sec. 103. School-based learning component.
- Sec. 104. Connecting activities component.

TITLE II—SCHOOL-TO-WORK OPPORTUNITIES SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS TO STATES

Subtitle A—State Development Grants

- Sec. 201. Purpose.
- Sec. 202. Authorization.
- Sec. 203. Application.
- Sec. 204. Use of amounts.
- Sec. 205. Allocation requirement.

Sec. 206. Reports.

Subtitle B—State Implementation Grants

- Sec. 211. Purpose.
- Sec. 212. Authorization.
- Sec. 213. Application.
- Sec. 214. Review of application.
- Sec. 215. Use of amounts.
- Sec. 216. Allocation requirement.
- Sec. 217. Administrative costs.
- Sec. 218. Reports.

Subtitle C—Development and Implementation Grants for School-to-Work Programs for Indian Youths

- Sec. 221. Authorization.
- Sec. 222. Requirements.

TITLE III—FEDERAL IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS TO LOCAL PARTNERSHIPS

- Sec. 301. Purposes.
- Sec. 302. Authorization.
- Sec. 303. Application.
- Sec. 304. Use of amounts.
- Sec. 305. Conformity with approved State plan.
- Sec. 306. Reports.
- Sec. 307. High poverty area defined.

TITLE IV—NATIONAL PROGRAMS AND REPORTS

- Sec. 401. Research, demonstration, and other projects.
- Sec. 402. Performance outcomes and evaluation.
- Sec. 403. Training and technical assistance.
- Sec. 404. Amendment to Job Training Partnership Act to provide school-to-work opportunities activities for Capacity Building and Information and Dissemination Network.
- Sec. 405. Reports to Congress.

TITLE V—WAIVER OF STATUTORY AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- Sec. 501. State and local partnership requests and responsibilities for waivers.
- Sec. 502. Waiver authority of Secretary of Education.
- Sec. 503. Waiver authority of Secretary of Labor.
- Sec. 504. Combination of Federal funds for high poverty schools.

TITLE VI—SAFEGUARDS

Sec. 601. Safeguards.

TITLE VII—REAUTHORIZATION OF JOB TRAINING FOR THE HOME-LESS DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM UNDER THE STEWART B. MCKINNEY HOMELESS ASSISTANCE ACT

Sec. 701. Reauthorization.

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

1	SEC. 2. TIVDII VOS.
2	The Congress finds that—
3	(1) three-fourths of all high school students in the
4	United States enter the workforce without bacca-
5	laureate degrees, and many do not possess the aca-
6	demic and entry-level occupational skills necessary to
7	succeed in the changing workplace;
8	(2) a substantial number of youths in the United
9	States, especially disadvantaged students, students or
0	diverse racial, ethnic, and cultural backgrounds, and
1	students with disabilities, do not complete school;
2	(3) unemployment among youths in the United
3	States is intolerably high, and earnings of high school
4	graduates have been falling relative to those individ-
5	uals with more education;
6	(4) the workplace in the United States is chang-
7	ing in response to heightened international competi-
8	tion and new technologies, and these forces, which are
9	ultimately beneficial to the Nation, are shrinking the
20	demand for and undermining the earning power of
21	unskilled labor;
22	(5) the United States lacks a comprehensive and
23	coherent system to help its youths acquire knowledge,
24	skills. abilities. and information about and access to

the labor market necessary to make an effective tran-

- sition from school to career-oriented work or to fur ther education and training;
 - (6) students in the United States can achieve high academic and occupational standards, and many learn better and retain more when they learn in context, rather than in the abstract;
 - (7) while many students in the United States have part-time jobs, there is infrequent linkage between those work experiences and either the student's career planning or exploration, or with school-based learning;
 - (8) work-based learning, which is modeled after the time-honored apprenticeship concept, integrates theoretical instruction with structured on-the-job training, and this approach, combined with school-based learning, can be very effective in engaging student interest, enhancing skill acquisition, developing positive work attitudes, and preparing youths for high-skill, high-wage careers;
 - (9) Federal resources currently fund a series of categorical, work-related education and training programs, many of which serve disadvantaged youths, that are not administered in a coordinated manner; and

1 (10) in 1992 approximately 3,400,000 individ-2 uals in the United States ages 16 through 24 had not 3 completed high school and were not currently enrolled 4 in school, a number representing approximately 11 5 percent of all individuals in this age group, which in-6 dicates that these young persons are particularly un-7 prepared for the demands of a 21st century workforce.

8 SEC. 3. PURPOSES AND CONGRESSIONAL INTENT.

(a) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are to—

(1) establish a national framework within which all States can create statewide School-to-Work Opportunities systems that are a part of comprehensive education reform, that are integrated with the systems developed under the Goals 2000: Educate America Act, and that offer opportunities for all students to participate in a performance-based education and training program that will enable them to earn portable credentials, prepare them for a first job in a high-skill, high-wage career, and increase their opportunities for further education;

(2) utilize workplaces as active learning components in the educational process by making employers joint partners with educators in providing opportunities for all students to participate in high-quality, work-based learning experiences;

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- 1 (3) use Federal funds as venture capital, to un-2 derwrite the initial costs of planning and establishing 3 statewide School-to-Work Opportunities systems that 4 will be maintained with other Federal, State, and 5 local resources;
 - (4) promote the formation of partnerships that are dedicated to linking the worlds of school and work among secondary and postsecondary educational institutions, private and public employers, organized labor, government, community-based organizations, parents, students, and local education and training agencies;
 - (5) promote the formation of partnerships between elementary, middle, and secondary schools and local businesses as an investment in future workplace productivity and competitiveness;
 - (6) help all students attain high academic and occupational standards;
 - (7) build on and advance a range of promising school-to-work programs, such as tech-prep education, career academies, school-to-apprenticeship programs, cooperative education, youth apprenticeship, business-education compacts, and promising strategies that assist school dropouts that can be developed into programs funded under this Act;

- 1 (8) improve the knowledge and skills of youths
 2 by integrating academic and occupational learning,
 3 integrating school-based and work-based learning, and
 4 building effective linkages between secondary and
 5 postsecondary education;
 - (9) motivate all youths, including low-achieving youths, school dropouts, and youths with disabilities to stay in or return to school or a classroom setting and strive to succeed by providing enriched learning experiences and assistance in obtaining high skill, high wage employment and continuing their education in secondary and postsecondary educational institutions;
 - (10) expose students to the vast array of career opportunities and facilitate the selection of career majors based on individual interests, goals, strengths, and abilities;
 - (11) increase opportunities for minorities and women by enabling individuals to prepare for careers which are not traditional for their race or gender; and
- 22 (12) further the National Education Goals set 23 forth in title I of the Goals 2000: Educate America 24 Act.

(b) Congressional Intent.—It is the intent of the 1 Congress that the Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of Education jointly administer this Act in a flexible manner that— 4 (1) promotes State and local discretion in estab-5 lishing and implementing School-to-Work Opportuni-6 7 ties systems and programs; and (2) contributes to reinventing government by 8 building on State and local capacity, eliminating du-9 plication, supporting locally established initiatives, 10 requiring measurable goals for performance, and of-11 fering flexibility in meeting these goals. 12 13 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS. For purposes of this Act, the following definitions 14 15 apply: (1) ALL STUDENTS.—The term "all students" 16 17 means male and female students from a broad range 18 of backgrounds and circumstances, including dis-19 advantaged students, students with diverse racial, eth-20 nic, and cultural backgrounds, American Indians, Alaskan Natives. Native Hawaiians, students with 21 22 disabilities, students with limited English proficiency, migrant children, school dropouts, and academically 23 talented students. 24

- 1 (2) APPROVED STATE PLAN.—The term "approved State plan" or "approved plan" means a
 3 State plan to establish a School-to-Work Opportunities system that is submitted by a State to the Secretaries under section 213 and approved by the Secretaries in accordance with section 214.

 (3) CAREER GUIDANCE AND COUNSELING.—The
 - (3) Career guidance and counseling" means programs—
 - (A) which pertain to the body of subject matter and related techniques and methods organized for the development in individuals of career awareness, career planning, career decision-making, placement skills, and knowledge and understanding of local, State, and national occupational, educational, and labor market needs, trends, and opportunities;
 - (B) which assist individuals in making and implementing informed educational and occupational choices; and
 - (C) which aid students to develop career options with attention to surmounting gender, race, ethnic, disability, language, or socioeconomic impediments to career options and encouraging careers in nontraditional occupations.

1	(4) Career major.—The term "career major"
2	means a coherent sequence of courses or field of study
3	that prepares a student for a first job and that—
4	(A) integrates occupational and academic
5	learning, integrates work-based and school-based
6	learning, and establishes linkages between sec-
7	ondary and postsecondary education;
8	(B) prepares the student for employment in
9	broad occupational clusters or industry sectors;
10	(C) typically includes at least 2 years of
11	secondary school and 1 or 2 years of postsecond-
12	ary education;
13	(D) results in the award of a high school di-
14	ploma, a General Equivalency Diploma, or al-
15	ternative diploma or certificate for those students
16	with disabilities for whom such alternative di-
17	ploma or certificate is appropriate, a certificate
18	or diploma recognizing successful completion of 1
19	or 2 years of postsecondary education (if appro-
20	priate), and a skill certificate; and
21	(E) may lead to further training, such as
22	entry into a registered apprenticeship program,
23	or admission into a degree-granting college or
24	university.

- 1 (5) COMMUNITY-BASED ORGANIZATIONS.—The 2 term "community-based organizations" has the mean-3 ing given such term in section 4(5) of the Job Train-4 ing Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1503(5)).
 - (6) Elements of an industry' means, with respect to a particular industry that a student is preparing to enter, such elements as planning, management, finances, technical and production skills, underlying principles of technology, labor and community issues, health and safety, and environmental issues related to that industry.
 - (7) Employer.—The term "employer" includes both public and private employers.
 - (8) Governor.—The term "Governor" means the chief executive of a State.
 - (9) Local educational agency" means a public board of education or other public authority legally constituted within a State for either administrative control or direction of, or to perform a service function for, public elementary or secondary schools in a city, county, township, school district, or other political subdivision of a State, or such combination of school districts or counties as are recognized in a State as an admin-

1	istrative agency for its public elementary or second-
2	ary schools. Such term includes any other public in-
3	stitution or agency having administrative control and
4	direction of a public elementary or secondary school.
5	(10) Local partnership.—The term "local
6	partnership" means a local entity that is responsible
7	for local School-to-Work Opportunities programs and
8	that—
9	(A) consists of employers, representatives of
10	local educational agencies and local postsecond-
11	ary educational institutions (including rep-
12	resentatives of area vocational education schools,
13	where applicable), local educators (such as teach-
14	ers, counselors, or administrators), representa-
15	tives of organized labor, other representatives of
16	non-managerial employees, and students; and
17	(B) may include other entities, such as—
18	(i) employer organizations;
19	(ii) community-based organizations;
20	(iii) national trade associations work-
21	ing at the local levels;
22	(iv) industrial extension centers;
23	(v) rehabilitation agencies and organi-
24	zations;
25	(vi) registered apprenticeship agencies;

1	(vii) local vocational education enti-
2	ties;
3	(viii) proprietary institutions of higher
4	education (as defined in section 481(b) of
5	the Higher Education Act of 1965, (20
6	U.S.C. 1088(b)) which continue to meet the
7	eligibility and certification requirements
8	under section 498 of such Act;
9	(ix) local government agencies;
10	(x) parent organizations;
11	(xi) teacher organizations;
12	(xii) vocational student organizations;
13	(xiii) private industry councils estab-
14	lished under section 102 of the Job Training
15	Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1512);
16	(xiv) federally recognized Indian
17	tribes, Indian organizations, and Alaska
18	Native villages; and
19	(xv) Native Hawaiians.
20	(11) Postsecondary educational institu-
21	TION.—The term ''postsecondary educational institu-
22	tion'' means an institution of higher education (as
23	such term is defined in section 481 of the Higher
24	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1088)) which con-

1	tinues to meet the eligibility and certification require-
2	ments under section 498 of such Act.
3	(12) Registered apprenticeship agency.—
4	The term "registered apprenticeship agency" means
5	either—
6	(A) the Bureau of Apprenticeship and
7	Training in the Department of Labor; or
8	(B) a State apprenticeship agency recog-
9	nized and approved by the Bureau of Appren-
10	ticeship and Training as the appropriate body
11	for State registration or approval of local ap-
12	prenticeship programs and agreements for Fed-
13	eral purposes.
14	(13) Registered apprenticeship program.—
15	The term "registered apprenticeship program" means
16	a program registered by a registered apprenticeship
17	agency.
18	(14) Related services.—The term "related
19	services" includes the types of services described in
20	section 602(17) of the Individuals with Disabilities
21	Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1401(17)).
22	(15) School dropout.—The term "school drop-
23	out" means an individual who is no longer attending
24	any school, is subject to a compulsory attendance law,
25	and who has not received a secondary school diploma

- or a certificate from a program of equivalency for such a diploma.
- 3 (16) SCHOOL SITE MENTOR.—The term "school 4 site mentor" means a professional employed at the 5 school who is designated as the advocate for a par-6 ticular student, and who works in consultation with 7 classroom teachers, counselors, and the employer to 8 design and monitor the progress of the student's 9 school-to-work program.
 - (17) Secretaries.—The term "Secretaries" means the Secretary of Education and the Secretary of Labor.
 - (18) Skill certificate.—The term "skill certificate" means a portable, industry-recognized credential issued by a School-to-Work Opportunities program under an approved plan, that certifies that a student has mastered skills at levels that are at least as challenging as skill standards endorsed by the National Skill Standards Board established under the Goals 2000: Educate America Act, except that until such skill standards are developed, the term "skill certificate" means a credential issued under a process described in a State's approved plan.

24 (19) STATE.—

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- 1 (A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in 2 subparagraph (B), the term "State" means each 3 of the several States, the District of Columbia, 4 and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
 - (B) TITLES IV AND V.—For purposes of titles IV and V, the term "State" means each of the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the Virgin Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, and Palau.
 - (20) State educational agency" means the officer or agency primarily responsible for the State supervision of public elementary and secondary schools.
 - (21) Workplace Mentor.—The term "workplace mentor" means an employee at the workplace who possesses the skills and knowledge to be mastered by a student, and who instructs the student, critiques the student's performance, challenges the student to perform well, and works in consultation with classroom teachers and the employer.
- 24 SEC. 5. FEDERAL ADMINISTRATION.
- 25 (a) Joint Administration.—

1 (1) In General.—Notwithstanding the Depart-2 ment of Education Organization Act (20 U.S.C. 3401 3 et seg.), the General Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1221 et seq.), the statutory provisions relating 5 to the establishment of the Department of Labor (29) U.S.C. 551 et seq.), and section 166 of the Job Train-6 ing Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1576), the Secretaries 7 shall jointly provide for the administration of this 8 Act, and may issue whatever procedures, guidelines, 9 and regulations, in accordance with section 553 of 10 11 title 5, United States Code, they deem necessary and appropriate to administer and enforce the provisions 12 of this Act. 13

- (2) Submission of Plan.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretaries shall develop and submit a plan for the joint administration of this Act to the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the Senate for review and comment on such plan by such committees.
- 22 (b) Termination or Suspension of Assistance.—
 - (1) In General.—The Secretaries may terminate or suspend any financial assistance under this Act, in whole or in part, or not extend payments

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1	under an existing grant under this Act, if the Sec-
2	retaries determine that a recipient has failed to meet
3	any requirements of this Act, including—
4	(A) reporting requirements under section
5	402(c);
6	(B) regulations under this Act; or
7	(C) an approved plan submitted pursuant
8	to this Act.
9	(2) Notice and opportunity for hearing.—
10	If the Secretaries terminate or suspend financial as-
11	sistance, or do not extend payments under an existing
12	grant under paragraph (1), with respect to recipient
13	or proposed recipient, then the Secretaries shall pro-
14	vide—
15	(A) prompt notice to such recipient or pro-
16	posed recipient; and
17	(B) the opportunity for a hearing to such
18	recipient or proposed recipient not later than 30
19	days after the date on which such notice is pro-
20	vided.
21	(3) Nondelegation.—The Secretaries shall not
22	delegate any of the functions or authority specified
23	under this subsection, other than to an officer whose
24	appointment was required to be made by and with
25	the advice and consent of the Senate.

- 1 (c) Acceptance of Gifts.—The Secretaries are au-
- 2 thorized, in carrying out this Act, to accept, purchase, or
- 3 lease in the name of the Department of Labor or the Depart-
- 4 ment of Education, and employ or dispose of in furtherance
- 5 of the purposes of this Act, any money or property, real,
- 6 personal, or mixed, tangible or intangible, received by gift,
- 7 devise, bequest, or otherwise.
- 8 (d) Use of Voluntary and Uncompensated Serv-
- 9 ICES.—Notwithstanding section 1342 of title 31, United
- 10 States Code, the Secretaries are authorized to accept vol-
- 11 untary and uncompensated services in furtherance of the
- 12 purposes of this Act.

13 SEC. 6. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 14 (a) In General.—There are authorized to be appro-
- 15 priated to the Secretaries to carry out this Act \$300,000,000
- 16 for fiscal year 1995 and such sums as may be necessary
- 17 for each of the fiscal years 1996 through 2002.
- 18 (b) Reservations.—From amounts appropriated
- 19 under subsection (a) for any fiscal year, the Secretaries—
- 20 (1) shall reserve an amount equal to not more
- 21 than one half of 1 percent of such amounts for such
- 22 fiscal year to provide grants under sections 202(b)
- 23 and 212(b) to the Commonwealth of the Northern
- 24 Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the Vir-

gin Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, the 1 2 Republic of the Marshall Islands, and Palau; 3 (2) shall reserve an amount equal to not more than one half of 1 percent of such amounts for such 4 5 fiscal year to provide grants under subtitle C of title II to establish and carry out School-to-Work Opportu-6 nities programs for Indian youths that involve Bu-7 reau funded schools (as defined in section 1139(3) of 8 the Education Amendments of 1978 (25 U.S.C. 9 2019(3))); 10 (3) shall reserve an amount equal to 10 percent 11 of such amounts for such fiscal year to provide grants 12 under section 302(b) to local partnerships located in 13 14 high poverty areas; and 15 (4) may reserve an amount equal to not more than 5 percent of such amounts for such fiscal year 16 17 to carry out title IV. 18 (c) Availability of Funds.—Amounts authorized to

be appropriated under subsection (a) are authorized to re-

20 main available until expended.

1	TITLE I—SCHOOL-TO-WORK OP-
2	PORTUNITIES BASIC PRO-
3	GRAM COMPONENTS
4	SEC. 101. GENERAL PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.
5	A School-to-Work Opportunities program under this
6	Act shall—
7	(1) integrate work-based learning and school-
8	based learning, as provided for in sections 102 and
9	103, integrate academic and occupational learning,
10	and build effective linkages between secondary and
11	postsecondary education;
12	(2) provide all students opportunities to complete
13	a career major; and
14	(3) incorporate the basic program components
15	provided in sections 102 through 104.
16	SEC. 102. WORK-BASED LEARNING COMPONENT.
17	The work-based learning component of a School-to-
18	Work Opportunities program shall include—
19	(1) a planned program of job training and work
20	experiences, including pre-employment and employ-
21	ment skills to be mastered at progressively higher lev-
22	els, that are relevant to a student's career major and
23	lead to the award of a skill certificate;
24	(2) paid work experience;
25	(3) workplace mentoring;

1	(4) instruction in general workplace com-
2	petencies; and
3	(5) broad instruction in a variety of elements of
4	an industry.
5	SEC. 103. SCHOOL-BASED LEARNING COMPONENT.
6	The school-based learning component of a School-to-
7	Work Opportunities program shall include—
8	(1) career awareness and career exploration and
9	counseling (beginning at the earliest possible age, but
10	beginning no later than the middle school grades) in
11	order to help students who may be interested to iden-
12	tify, and select or reconsider, their interests, goals,
13	and career majors, including those options that may
14	not be traditional for their gender, race, or ethnicity;
15	(2) initial selection by interested students of a
16	career major not later than the beginning of the 11th
17	grade;
18	(3) a program of study designed to meet the
19	same academic content standards the State has estab-
20	lished for all students, including, where applicable,
21	standards established under the Goals 2000: Educate
22	America Act, and to meet the requirements necessary
23	for a student to earn a skill certificate;
24	(4) a program of instruction and curriculum
25	that integrates academic and vocational learning (in-

1	cluding applied methodologies and team-teaching
2	strategies), and incorporates instruction in a variety
3	of elements of an industry, appropriately tied to a
4	participant's career major;
5	(5) regularly scheduled evaluations involving on-
6	going consultation with students and school dropouts
7	to identify their academic strengths and weaknesses,
8	academic progress, workplace knowledge, goals, and
9	the need for additional learning opportunities to mas-
10	ter core academic and vocational skills; and
11	(6) mechanisms which allow students participate
12	ing in a school-to-work program to transfer to a post-
13	secondary program.
13 14	secondary program. SEC. 104. CONNECTING ACTIVITIES COMPONENT.
14	SEC. 104. CONNECTING ACTIVITIES COMPONENT.
14 15	SEC. 104. CONNECTING ACTIVITIES COMPONENT. The connecting activities component of a School-to-
14 15 16	SEC. 104. CONNECTING ACTIVITIES COMPONENT. The connecting activities component of a School-to- Work Opportunities program shall include—
14 15 16 17	SEC. 104. CONNECTING ACTIVITIES COMPONENT. The connecting activities component of a School-to- Work Opportunities program shall include— (1) matching students with employers' work-
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 104. CONNECTING ACTIVITIES COMPONENT. The connecting activities component of a School-to- Work Opportunities program shall include— (1) matching students with employers' work- based learning opportunities;
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 104. CONNECTING ACTIVITIES COMPONENT. The connecting activities component of a School-to- Work Opportunities program shall include— (1) matching students with employers' work- based learning opportunities; (2) serving as a liaison among the employer,
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 104. CONNECTING ACTIVITIES COMPONENT. The connecting activities component of a School-to-Work Opportunities program shall include— (1) matching students with employers' works based learning opportunities; (2) serving as a liaison among the employer, school, teacher, parent, student, and, if appropriate,
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 104. CONNECTING ACTIVITIES COMPONENT. The connecting activities component of a School-to-Work Opportunities program shall include— (1) matching students with employers' work-based learning opportunities; (2) serving as a liaison among the employer, school, teacher, parent, student, and, if appropriate, other community partners;

based learning components, counseling and case man-

- agement services, and in the training of teachers,
 workplace mentors, school site mentors, and coun selors:
 - (4) providing assistance to schools and employers to integrate school-based and work-based learning and integrate academic and occupational learning;
 - (5) providing assistance to participants who have completed the program in finding an appropriate job, continuing their education, or entering into an additional training program, and linking students with other community services which may be necessary to assure a successful transition from school to work;
 - (6) collecting information regarding post-program outcomes of participants in the School-to-Work Opportunities program and analyzing such information, to the extent practicable, on the basis of socioeconomic status, race, gender, ethnicity, disability, limited English proficiency, school dropouts, and academically talented students; and
 - (7) linking youth development activities under this Act with employer and industry strategies for upgrading the skills of their workers.

1 TITLE II—SCHOOL-TO-WORK OP2 PORTUNITIES SYSTEM DEVEL3 OPMENT AND IMPLEMENTA4 TION GRANTS TO STATES

- 5 Subtitle A—State Development
- 6 **Grants**
- 7 **SEC. 201. PURPOSE.**
- 8 The purpose of this subtitle is to assist States and the
- 9 territories in planning and developing comprehensive,
- 10 statewide systems for school-to-work opportunities.
- 11 SEC. 202. AUTHORIZATION.
- 12 (a) In General.—The Secretaries may provide devel-
- 13 opment grants to States in such amounts as the Secretaries
- 14 determine is necessary to enable such States to complete de-
- 15 velopment of comprehensive, statewide School-to-Work Op-
- 16 portunities systems that may have begun with funds pro-
- 17 vided under the Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C.
- 18 1501 et seq.) and the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Ap-
- 19 plied Technology Education Act (20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.).
- 20 (b) Grants to Territories.—From amounts re-
- 21 served under section 6(b)(1), the Secretaries shall provide
- 22 grants in accordance with this subtitle to the Common-
- 23 wealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa,
- 24 Guam, the Virgin Islands, the Federated States of Microne-
- 25 sia, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, and Palau, to

- 1 complete development of comprehensive School-to-Work Op-
- 2 portunities systems in those territories.
- 3 SEC. 203. APPLICATION.
- 4 (a) In General.—The Secretaries may not provide
- 5 a development grant under section 202 to a State unless
- 6 the State submits to the Secretaries an application in such
- 7 form and containing such information as the Secretaries
- 8 may reasonably require.
- 9 (b) Coordination With Goals 2000: Educate
- 10 America Act.—A State seeking assistance under both this
- 11 Act and the Goals 2000: Educate America Act may—
- 12 (1) submit a single application containing plans
- that meet the requirements of both Acts and ensure
- that both plans are coordinated and not duplicative;
- 15 *or*
- 16 (2) if such State has already submitted its appli-
- 17 cation for funds under the Goals 2000: Educate
- 18 America Act, submit its application under this Act as
- an amendment to the Goals 2000: Educate America
- 20 Act application so long as such amendment meets the
- 21 requirements of this Act and is coordinated with and
- 22 not duplicative of the Goals 2000: Educate America
- 23 Act application.
- 24 (c) Contents.—Such application shall include—

- (1) a timetable and an estimate of the amount of funding needed to complete the planning and development necessary to implement a comprehensive, statewide School-to-Work Opportunities system for all students;
 - (2) a description of how the Governor, the State educational agency, the State agency officials responsible for vocational education, job training, and employment, economic development, and postsecondary education, the State sex equity coordinator assigned under section 111(b)(1) of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education Act (20 U.S.C. 2321(b)(1)), and other appropriate officials will collaborate in the planning and development of the State School-to-Work Opportunities system;
 - (3) a description of how the State has enlisted and will continue to enlist the active and continued participation in the planning and development of the statewide School-to-Work Opportunities system of employers and other interested parties such as locally elected officials, secondary and postsecondary educational institutions or agencies, business associations, industrial extension centers, employees, organized labor, teachers, related services personnel, students, parents, community-based organizations, In-

1	dian tribes, rehabilitation agencies and organizations,
2	registered apprenticeship agencies, and vocational
3	educational agencies;
4	(4) a description of how the State will coordinate
5	its planning activities with each local partnership
6	within the State that has received a grant under title
7	III, if any;
8	(5) a designation of a fiscal agent to receive and
9	be accountable for funds provided from a grant under
10	section 202; and
11	(6) a description of how the State will provide
12	opportunities for students from low-income families,
13	low achieving students, students with limited English
14	proficiency, and school dropouts to participate in
15	school-to-work programs.
16	SEC. 204. USE OF AMOUNTS.
17	The Secretaries may not provide a development grant
18	under section 202 to a State unless the State agrees that
19	it will use all amounts received from such grant to develop
20	a statewide School-to-Work Opportunities system, which
21	may include—
22	(1) identifying or establishing an appropriate
23	State structure to administer the School-to-Work Op-
24	portunities system;

- 1 (2) identifying existing secondary and post-2 secondary school-to-work programs which might be in-3 corporated into the State system;
 - (3) identifying or establishing broad-based partnerships among employers, labor, education, government, and other community-based organizations and parent organizations to participate in the design, development, and administration of School-to-Work Opportunities programs;
 - (4) developing a marketing plan to build consensus and support for School-to-Work Opportunities programs;
 - (5) promoting the active involvement of business (including small and medium sized businesses) in planning, developing, and implementing local Schoolto-Work Opportunities programs, and in establishing partnerships with elementary, middle, and secondary schools;
 - (6) identifying ways that existing local school-towork programs could be coordinated with the statewide School-to-Work Opportunities system;
 - (7) supporting local School-to-Work Opportunities planning and development activities to provide guidance, training and technical assistance for teachers, employers, mentors, counselors, administrators,

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1	and others, in the development of School-to-Work Op-
2	portunities programs;
3	(8) developing training programs for teachers,
4	counselors, mentors, and others on counseling and
5	training women, minorities, and individuals with
6	disabilities for high-skill, high-wage careers in non-
7	traditional occupations;
8	(9) initiating pilot programs for testing key
9	components of State program design;
10	(10) developing a State process for issuing skill
11	certificates that is consistent with the work of the Na-
12	tional Skill Standards Board and the criteria estab-
13	lished under Goals 2000: Educate America Act;
14	(11) designing challenging curricula in coopera-
15	tion with representatives of local partnerships;
16	(12) developing a system for labor market analy-
17	sis and strategic planning for local targeting of in-
18	dustry sectors or broad occupational clusters;
19	(13) analyzing the post high school employment
20	experiences of recent high school graduates and drop-
21	outs;
22	(14) preparing the plan required for submission
23	of an application for an implementation grant under
24	subtitle B;

- 1 (15) working with localities to develop strategies
 2 to recruit and retain all students in programs under
 3 this Act, including those from a broad range of back4 grounds and circumstances, through collaborations
 5 with community-based organizations, where appro6 priate, and other entities with expertise in working
 7 with these students; and
 8 (16) coordinating recruitment of out-of-school,
- 8 (16) coordinating recruitment of out-of-school, 9 at-risk, and disadvantaged youths with those organi-10 zations and institutions who have a successful history 11 of working with such youths.

12 SEC. 205. ALLOCATION REQUIREMENT.

- 13 The Secretaries may not provide a development grant
- 14 under section 202 to any State in an amount exceeding
- 15 *\$1,000,000* in any fiscal year.

16 **SEC. 206. REPORTS.**

- 17 The Secretaries may not provide a development grant
- 18 under section 202 to a State unless the State agrees that
- 19 it will submit to the Secretaries such periodic reports as
- 20 the Secretaries may reasonably require relating to the use
- 21 of amounts from such grant.

Subtitle B—State Implementation

2 **Grants**

3 **SEC. 211. PURPOSE.**

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- 4 The purpose of this subtitle is to assist States and the
- 5 territories in the implementation of comprehensive, state-
- 6 wide School-to-Work Opportunities systems.

7 SEC. 212. AUTHORIZATION.

- 8 (a) In General.—The Secretaries may provide imple-
- 9 mentation grants to States in such amounts as the Secretar-
- 10 ies determine is necessary to enable such States to imple-
- 11 ment comprehensive, statewide School-to-Work Opportuni-
- 12 ties systems.
- 13 (b) Grants to Territories.—From amounts re-
- 14 served under section 6(b)(1), the Secretaries shall provide
- 15 grants in accordance with this subtitle to the Common-
- 16 wealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa,
- 17 Guam, the Virgin Islands, the Federated States of Microne-
- 18 sia, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, and Palau, to
- 19 implement comprehensive School-to-Work Opportunities
- 20 systems in those territories.
- 21 (c) Period of Grant.—The provision of payments
- 22 under a grant under subsection (a) or subsection (b) shall
- 23 extend over a period of 5 fiscal years and shall be subject
- 24 to the annual approval of the Secretaries and subject to the

- 1 availability of appropriations for the fiscal year involved
- 2 to make the payments.
- 3 (d) Limitation.—A State or territory shall be eligible
- 4 to receive only 1 implementation grant under subsection (a)
- 5 or subsection (b), as the case may be.

6 SEC. 213. APPLICATION.

- 7 (a) In General.—The Secretaries may not provide
- 8 an implementation grant under section 212 to a State un-
- 9 less the State submits to the Secretaries an application in
- 10 such form and containing such information as the Secretar-
- 11 ies may reasonably require.
- 12 (b) Coordination With Goals 2000: Educate Amer-
- 13 ica Act.—A State seeking assistance under both this Act
- 14 and the Goals 2000: Educate America Act may—
- 15 (1) submit a single application containing plans
- that meet the requirements of both Acts and ensure
- 17 that both plans are coordinated and not duplicative;
- 18 *or*
- 19 (2) if such State has already submitted its appli-
- 20 cation for funds under the Goals 2000: Educate
- 21 America Act, submit its application under this Act as
- 22 an amendment to the Goals 2000: Educate America
- Act application so long as such amendment meets the
- 24 requirements of this Act and is coordinated with and

1	not duplicative of the Goals 2000: Educate America
2	Act application.
3	(c) Contents.—Such application shall include—
4	(1) a plan for a comprehensive, statewide School-
5	to-Work Opportunities system under a State plan
6	that meets the requirements described in subsection
7	(d);
8	(2) a description of how the State will allocate
9	funds under this Act to local partnerships; and
10	(3) a request, if the State decides to submit such
11	a request, for 1 or more waivers of certain statutory
12	or regulatory requirements, as provided for under
13	title V.
14	(d) State Plan.—A State plan shall—
15	(1) designate the geographical areas to be served
16	by local partnerships, which shall, to the extent fea-
17	sible, reflect local labor market areas;
18	(2) describe how the State will stimulate and
19	support local School-to-Work Opportunities programs
20	that meet the requirements of this Act, and how the
21	State's system will be expanded over time to cover all
22	geographic areas in the State, including urban and
23	rural areas;
24	(3) describe the procedure by which the Governor,
25	the State educational agency, the State agency offi-

cials responsible for vocational education, job training
and employment, economic development, and postsecondary education, the State sex equity coordinator
assigned under section 111(b)(1) of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education
Act (20 U.S.C. 2321(b)(1)), and other appropriate officials will collaborate in the implementation of the
School-to-Work Opportunities system;

(4) describe how the State has obtained and will continue to obtain the active involvement in the state-wide School-to-Work Opportunities system of employers and other interested parties such as locally elected officials, secondary and postsecondary educational institutions or agencies, business associations, industrial extension centers, employees, organized labor, teachers, related services personnel, students, parents, community-based organizations, rehabilitation agencies and organizations, registered apprenticeship agencies, local vocational educational agencies, vocational student organizations, and State or regional cooperative education associations;

(5) describe how the School-to-Work Opportunities system will coordinate with or integrate existing local school-to-work programs and other appropriate programs, including those financed from State and

1	private sources, with funds available from related
2	programs under other provisions of Federal law, such
3	as—
4	(A) the Adult Education Act (20 U.S.C.
5	1201 et seq.);
6	(B) the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Ap-
7	plied Technology Education Act (20 U.S.C. 2301
8	et seq.);
9	(C) the Elementary and Secondary Edu-
10	cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.);
11	(D) the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20
12	U.S.C. 2701 et seq.);
13	(E) the Job Opportunities and Basic Skills
14	Training Program authorized under part F of
15	title IV of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
16	681 et seq.);
17	(F) the Goals 2000: Educate America Act;
18	(G) the Individuals With Disabilities Edu-
19	cation Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.);
20	(H) the Job Training Partnership Act (29
21	U.S.C. 1501 et seq.);
22	(I) the National Apprenticeship Act (29
23	U.S.C. 50 et seq.);
24	(J) the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29
25	U.S.C. 701 et seq.); and

- 1 (K) the National and Community Service 2 Trust Act of 1993;
 - (6) describe the State's strategy for providing training for teachers, employers, mentors, counselors, and others, including programs which focus on the counseling and training of women, minorities, and individuals with disabilities for high-skill, high-wage careers in non-traditional occupations, and provide assurance of coordination with such activities in other Acts;
 - (7) describe how the State will adopt, develop, or assist local partnerships in the development of model curricula and innovative instructional methodologies, to be used in the secondary, and where possible, the elementary grades, that integrate academic and vocational learning and promote career awareness, and that are consistent with academic and skill standards established pursuant to the Goals 2000: Educate America Act:
 - (8) describe how the State will expand and improve career and academic counseling in the elementary and secondary grades, which may include linkages to career counseling and labor market information services outside of the school system;

- 1 (9) describe the resources, including private sec-2 tor resources, the State intends to employ in main-3 taining the School-to-Work Opportunities system 4 when funds under this Act are no longer available;
 - (10) describe how the State will ensure effective and meaningful opportunities for all students to participate in School-to-Work Opportunities programs;
 - (11) describe the State's goals and the methods it will use, such as awareness and outreach, to ensure opportunities for young women to participate in School-to-Work Opportunities programs in a manner that leads to employment in high-performance, high-paying jobs, including nontraditional employment, and goals to ensure an environment free from racial and sexual harassment;
 - (12) describe how the State will ensure opportunities for low achieving students, students with disabilities, and school dropouts to participate in School-to-Work Opportunities programs;
 - (13) describe the State's process for assessing the skills and knowledge required in career majors and awarding skill certificates that is consistent with the work of the National Skill Standards Board and the criteria established under Goals 2000: Educate America Act:

(14) describe the manner in which the State will, 1 2 to the extent feasible, continue programs funded under title III in the State School-to-Work Opportunities 3 system; (15) describe how local school-to-work programs, including those funded under title III, if any, will be 6 7 integrated into the State School-to-Work Opportuni-8 ties system; (16) describe the performance standards that the 9 State intends to meet in establishing and carrying 10 11 out the School-to-Work Opportunities system, including how the standards developed under section 115 of 12 the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Tech-13 14 nology Education Act (20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.) have 15 been incorporated into such performance standards or are used in coordination with such standards: 16 17 (17) designate a fiscal agent to receive and be ac-18 countable for funds provided from a grant under sec-19 tion 212: and 20 (18) describe the means by which students who are involved in a school-to-work program may trans-21 22 fer to a post-secondary program. 23 (e) Similar Authority of Other Officials or En-TITIES NOT SUPERSEDED.—Nothing in this section shall

be construed to negate or supersede the authority of any

I	official or entity responsible under State or other applicable
2	law for authority that is similar to authority specified
3	under this Act.
4	SEC. 214. REVIEW OF APPLICATION.
5	(a) In General.—The Secretaries shall review each
6	application submitted by a State under section 213, includ-
7	ing the State plan contained in such application, and shall
8	approve or disapprove such application in accordance with
9	this section.
10	(b) Approval Criteria.—The Secretaries may ap-
11	prove an application only if the State demonstrates in the
12	application—
13	(1) that the State plan is replicable, sustainable,
14	and innovative;
15	(2) that the officials listed in section 213(d)(3)
16	will collaborate in the planning and development of
17	the proposed plan;
18	(3) that other Federal, State, and local resources
19	will be used to implement the proposed plan;
20	(4) the extent to which such plan would limit
21	administrative costs and increase amounts spent on
22	delivery of services to students enrolled in programs
23	under this Act; and
24	(5) if the State, according to census data, has at
25	least 1 urban and at least 1 rural area, the State will

- 1 ensure the establishment of a partnership in at least
- 2 1 urban and 1 rural area in the State.
- 3 (c) Disapproval.—If the Secretaries determine that
- 4 an application submitted by a State does not meet the cri-
- 5 teria under subsection (b), or that the application is incom-
- 6 plete or otherwise unsatisfactory, the Secretaries shall—
- 7 (1) notify the State of the reasons for the failure 8 to approve the application;
- 9 (2) if the application does not meet the criteria
- 10 under subsection (b), inform the State of the oppor-
- tunity to apply for a development grant under sub-
- 12 title A, except that further development funds may
- not be awarded to a State that receives an implemen-
- 14 tation grant; and
- 15 (3) if the application is incomplete or otherwise
- 16 unsatisfactory, permit the State to resubmit a cor-
- 17 rected or amended application.
- 18 (d) Use of Funds for Review of Applications.—
- 19 The Secretaries may use amounts reserved under section
- 20 6(b)(4) for the review of applications submitted under sub-
- 21 section (a).
- 22 SEC. 215. USE OF AMOUNTS.
- 23 The Secretaries may not provide an implementation
- 24 grant under section 212 to a State unless the State agrees
- 25 that it will use all amounts received from such grant to

1	implement the State's School-to-Work Opportunities system
2	in accordance with the following requirements:
3	(1) Subgrants to local partnerships.—
4	(A) Authority.—
5	(i) In general.—Except as provided
6	in clause (ii), the State shall provide
7	subgrants to local partnerships, according
8	to criteria established by the State, for the
9	purpose of carrying out School-to-work Op-
10	portunities programs described in title I.
11	(ii) Prohibition.—The State shall not
12	provide subgrants to local partnerships that
13	have received implementation grants under
14	title III, except that this prohibition shall
15	not apply with respect to local partnerships
16	that are located in high poverty areas, as
17	such term is defined in such title.
18	(B) Application by local partner-
19	SHIP.—The State may not provide a subgrant
20	under subparagraph (A) to a local partnership
21	unless the partnership submits to the State an
22	application that—
23	(i) describes how the program will in-
24	clude the basic program components and
25	otherwise meet the requirements of this Act;

1	(ii) sets forth measurable program
2	goals and outcomes;
3	(iii) describes the local strategies and
4	timetables to provide School-to-Work Oppor-
5	tunities program opportunities for all stu-
6	dents as appropriate for the specific local-
7	ity;
8	(iv) provides assurances that, to the ex-
9	tent practicable, school-to-work opportuni-
10	ties provided to students will be in indus-
11	tries and occupations offering high-skill,
12	high-wage employment opportunities; and
13	(v) provides such other information as
14	the State may require.
15	(C) Disapproval of application.—If the
16	State determines that an application submitted
17	by a local partnership does not meet the criteria
18	under subparagraph (B), or that the application
19	is incomplete or otherwise unsatisfactory, the
20	State shall—
21	(i) notify the local partnership of the
22	reasons for the failure to approve the appli-
23	cation; and
24	(ii) if the application is incomplete or
25	otherwise unsatisfactory, permit the local

1	partnership to resubmit a corrected or
2	amended application.
3	(D) Use of amounts by local partner-
4	SHIP.—The State may not provide a subgrant
5	under subparagraph (A) to a local partnership
6	unless the partnership agrees that it will use all
7	amounts received from such subgrant to carry
8	out activities to implement School-to-Work Op-
9	portunities programs described in title I, and
10	such activities may include—
11	(i) recruiting and providing assistance
12	to employers, including small and medium
13	sized businesses, to provide the work-based
14	learning components in the School-to-Work
15	Opportunities program;
16	(ii) establishing consortia of employers
17	to support the School-to-Work Opportunities
18	program and provide access to jobs related
19	to students' career majors;
20	(iii) supporting or establishing
21	intermediaries to perform the activities de-
22	scribed in section 104 and to provide assist-
23	ance to students and school dropouts in ob-
24	taining jobs and further education and
25	training;

1	(iv) designing or adapting school cur-
2	ricula that can be used to integrate aca-
3	demic and vocational learning, school-based
4	and work-based learning, and secondary
5	and postsecondary education;
6	(v) providing training to work-based
7	and school-based staff on new curricula, stu-
8	dent assessments, student guidance, and
9	feedback to the school regarding student per-
10	formance;
11	(vi) designing or expanding and im-
12	proving career awareness, exploration, and
13	counseling activities, beginning at the earli-
14	est possible age, but beginning no later than
15	the middle school grades;
16	(vii) establishing in schools participat-
17	ing in a School-to-Work Opportunities pro-
18	gram a graduation assistance program to
19	assist at-risk students, low-achieving stu-
20	dents, and students with disabilities in
21	graduating from high school, enrolling in
22	postsecondary education or training, and
23	finding or advancing in jobs:

1	(viii) providing supplementary and
2	support services, including child care and
3	transportation;
4	(ix) conducting or obtaining an in
5	depth analysis of the local labor market and
6	the generic and specific skill needs of em-
7	ployers to identify high-demand, high-wage
8	careers to target;
9	(x) integrating work-based and school-
10	based learning into existing job training
11	programs for school dropouts;
12	(xi) establishing or expanding school-
13	to-apprenticeship programs in cooperation
14	with registered apprenticeship agencies and
15	apprenticeship sponsors;
16	(xii) assisting participating employers,
17	including small- and medium-size busi-
18	nesses, to identify and train workplace men-
19	tors and to develop work-based learning
20	components;
21	(xiii) promoting the formation of part-
22	nerships between elementary, middle, and
23	secondary schools and local businesses as an
24	investment in future workplace productivity
25	and competitiveness;

1	(xiv) designing local strategies to pro-
2	vide adequate planning time and staff de-
3	velopment activities for teachers, school
4	counselors, and school site mentors, includ-
5	ing opportunities outside the classroom
6	which are in the worksite;
7	(xv) enhancing linkages between exist-
8	ing after-school, weekend, and summer jobs,
9	career exploration and school-based learn-
10	ing; and
11	(xvi) coordinating recruitment of drop-
12	outs and at-risk and disadvantaged youths
13	by the local partnership with recruitment of
14	these individuals by organizations and in-
15	stitutions which have a history of success in
16	working with these targeted individuals.
17	(E) Partnership compact.—The State
18	may not provide a subgrant under subparagraph
19	(A) to a local partnership unless the partnership
20	agrees that it will establish a process by which
21	the responsibilities and expectations of students,
22	parents, employers, and schools are clearly estab-
23	lished and agreed upon at the point of entry of
24	the student into a career major program of
25	study.

1	(F) Administrative costs.—The local
2	partnership may not use more than 5 percent of
3	amounts received from a subgrant under sub-
4	paragraph (A) for any fiscal year for adminis-
5	trative costs associated with activities in carry-
6	ing out, but not including, activities under sub-
7	paragraphs (D) and (E) for such fiscal year.
8	(G) Allocation requirements.—
9	(i) First year.—In the 1st fiscal year
10	for which a State receives amounts from a
11	grant under section 212, the State shall use
12	not less than 70 percent of such amounts to
13	provide subgrants to local partnerships
14	under subparagraph (A).
15	(ii) Second year.—In the 2d fiscal
16	year for which a State receives amounts
17	from a grant under section 212, the State
18	shall use not less than 80 percent of such
19	amounts to provide subgrants to local part-
20	nerships under subparagraph (A).
21	(iii) Third year and succeeding
22	YEARS.—In the 3d fiscal year for which a
23	State receives amounts from a grant under
24	section 212, and in each succeeding year,
25	the State shall use not less than 90 percent

1	of such amounts to provide subgrants to
2	local partnerships under subparagraph (A).
3	(2) Additional state activities.—The State
4	may also—
5	(A) recruit and provide assistance to em-
6	ployers to provide work-based learning for all
7	students;
8	(B) conduct outreach activities to promote
9	and support collaboration in School-to-Work Op-
10	portunities programs by businesses, organized
11	labor, and other organizations;
12	(C) provide training for teachers, employ-
13	ers, workplace mentors, counselors, and others;
14	(D) provide labor market information to
15	local partnerships that is useful in determining
16	which high-skill, high-wage occupations are in
17	demand;
18	(E) design or adapt model curricula that
19	can be used to integrate academic and vocational
20	learning, school-based and work-based learning,
21	and secondary and postsecondary education;
22	(F) design or adapt model work-based
23	learning programs and identifying best prac-
24	tices;

1	(G) conduct outreach activities and provid-
2	ing technical assistance to other States that are
3	developing or implementing School-to-Work Op-
4	portunities systems;
5	(H) reorganize and streamline State sys-
6	tems to facilitate the development of a com-
7	prehensive School-to-Work Opportunities system;
8	(I) identify ways that existing local school-
9	to-work programs could be integrated with the
10	statewide School-to-Work Opportunities system;
11	(J) design career awareness and exploration
12	activities (that may begin as early as the elemen-
13	tary grades, but beginning no later than middle
14	school grades) such as job shadowing, job site vis-
15	its, school visits by individuals in various occu-
16	pations, and mentoring;
17	(K) design and implement school-sponsored
18	work experiences, such as school-sponsored enter-
19	prises and community development projects;
20	(L) encourage the formation of partnerships
21	between elementary, middle, and secondary
22	schools and local businesses as an investment in
23	future workplace productivity and competitive-
24	ness;

- (M) coordinate recruitment of out-of-school. 1 2 at-risk, and disadvantaged youths with those organizations and institutions who have a success-3 4 ful history of working with such youths; and (N) conduct outreach to all students in a 5 manner that most appropriately meets their need 6 7 and the needs of their communities. 8 SEC. 216. ALLOCATION REQUIREMENT.
- 9 The Secretaries shall establish the minimum and max-
- 10 imum amounts available for an implementation grant
- 11 under section 212, and shall determine the actual amount
- 12 granted to any State based on such criteria as the scope
- 13 and quality of the plan and the number of projected pro-
- 14 gram participants.
- 15 SEC. 217. ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.
- 16 The State may not use more than 5 percent of amounts
- 17 received from an implementation grant under section 212
- 18 for any fiscal year for administrative costs associated with
- 19 activities in carrying out, but not including, activities
- 20 under section 215 for such fiscal year.
- 21 **SEC. 218. REPORTS.**
- 22 The Secretaries may not provide an implementation
- 23 grant under section 212 to a State unless the State agrees
- 24 that it will submit to the Secretaries such periodic reports

- 1 as the Secretaries may reasonably require relating to the
- 2 use of amounts from such grant.
- 3 Subtitle C—Development and Im-
- 4 plementation Grants for School-
- 5 to-Work Programs for Indian
- 6 **Youths**
- 7 SEC. 221. AUTHORIZATION.
- 8 (a) In General.—From amounts reserved under sec-
- 9 tion 6(b)(2), the Secretaries shall provide grants to establish
- 10 and carry out School-to-Work Opportunities programs for
- 11 Indian youths that involve Bureau funded schools (as de-
- 12 fined in section 1139(3) of the Education Amendments of
- 13 *1978 (25 U.S.C. 2019(3))).*
- 14 (b) Additional Authorities.—The Secretaries may
- 15 carry out subsection (a) through such means as they find
- 16 appropriate, including—
- 17 (1) the transfer of funds to the Secretary of the
- 18 Interior; and
- 19 (2) the provision of financial assistance to In-
- 20 dian tribes and Indian organizations.
- 21 SEC. 222. REQUIREMENTS.
- In providing grants under section 221, the Secretaries
- 23 shall require recipients of such grants to comply with re-
- 24 quirements similar to those requirements imposed on States
- 25 under subtitles A and B of this title.

TITLE III—FEDERAL IMPLEMEN-1 TATION GRANTS TO LOCAL 2 **PARTNERSHIPS** 3 4 SEC. 301. PURPOSES. 5 The purposes of this title are— 6 (1) to authorize the Secretaries to provide com-7 petitive grants directly to local partnerships in order to provide funding for communities that have built a 8 sound planning and development base for School-to-9 Work Opportunities programs and are ready to begin 10 implementing a local School-to-Work Opportunities 11 12 program; and 13 (2) to authorize the Secretaries to provide com-14 petitive grants to local partnerships to implement School-to-Work Opportunities programs in high pov-15 erty areas of urban and rural communities to provide 16 17 support for a comprehensive range of education, training, and support services for youths residing in 18 19 such areas. 20 SEC. 302. AUTHORIZATION. 21 (a) Grants to Local Partnerships.— 22 (1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2), the

Secretaries may provide implementation grants di-

rectly to local partnerships in States in such amounts

as the Secretaries determine is necessary to enable

23

24

1	such partnerships to implement a School-to-Work Op-
2	portunities program.
3	(2) Restrictions.—A local partnership—
4	(A) shall be eligible to receive only 1 grant
5	under this subsection;
6	(B) shall not be eligible to receive a grant
7	under this subsection if such partnership is lo-
8	cated in a State that—
9	(i) has been provided an implementa-
10	tion grant under section 212; and
11	(ii) has received amounts from such
12	grant for any fiscal year after the 1st fiscal
13	year under such grant; and
14	(C) that receives a grant under this sub-
15	section shall not be eligible to receive a grant
16	under subsection (b).
17	(b) Grants to Local Partnerships in High Pov-
18	ERTY AREAS.—
19	(1) In General.—Subject to paragraphs (2) and
20	(3), the Secretaries shall, from amounts reserved
21	under section $6(b)(3)$, provide grants to local partner-
22	ships which are located in high poverty areas in
23	States in such amounts as the Secretaries determine
24	is necessary to enable such partnerships to implement

1	a School-to-Work Opportunities program in such
2	areas.
3	(2) Restrictions.—A local partnership—
4	(A) shall be eligible to receive only 1 grant
5	under this subsection; and
6	(B) that receives a grant under this sub-
7	section shall not be eligible to receive a grant
8	under subsection (a).
9	(3) Priority.—In providing grants under para-
10	graph (1), the Secretaries shall give priority to local
11	partnerships that have a demonstrated effectiveness in
12	the delivery of comprehensive vocational preparation
13	programs with successful rates in job placement
14	through cooperative activities among local educational
15	agencies, local businesses, labor organizations, and
16	other organizations.
17	(c) Period of Grant.—The provision of payments
18	under a grant under subsection (a) or (b) shall extend over
19	a period of 5 fiscal years and shall be subject to the annual
20	approval of the Secretaries and subject to the availability
21	of appropriations for the fiscal year involved to make the
22	payments.

1 SEC. 303. APPLICATION.

2	(a) In General.—The Secretaries may not provide
3	an implementation grant under section 302 to a local part-
4	nership unless the partnership—
5	(1) submits to the State for review and comment
6	an application in such form and containing such in-
7	formation as the Secretaries may reasonably require;
8	and
9	(2) submits such application to the Secretaries.
10	(b) Time Limit for State Review and Comment.—
11	(1) In general.—The State shall provide for re-
12	view and comment on the application under sub-
13	section (a) not later than 30 days after the date on
14	which the State receives the application from the local
15	partnership.
16	(2) Submission without state review and
17	COMMENT.—If the State does not provide review and
18	comment within the 30-day time period specified in
19	paragraph (1), the local partnership may submit the
20	application to the Secretaries without first obtaining
21	such review and comment.
22	(c) Contents.—Such application shall include—
23	(1) the designation of a fiscal agent to receive
24	and be accountable for amounts received from a grant
25	under section 302;

- 1 (2) the State's comments regarding such applica-2 tion under subsection (a)(1);
- 3 (3) information that is consistent with the con-4 tent requirements for a State plan that are specified 5 in paragraphs (4) through (10) of section 213(d); and
- 6 (4) a description of how the partnership will 7 meet the other requirements of this Act.
- 8 (d) Use of Funds for Review of Applications.—
- 9 The Secretaries may use amounts reserved under section
- 10 6(b)(4) for the review of applications submitted under sub-
- 11 section (a).

12 SEC. 304. USE OF AMOUNTS.

- 13 The Secretaries may not provide an implementation
- 14 grant under section 302 to a local partnership unless the
- 15 partnership agrees that it will use all amounts from such
- 16 grant to carry out activities to implement a School-to-Work
- 17 Opportunities program described in title I, including the
- 18 activities described in clauses (i) through (xvi) of section
- 19 *215(1)(D)*.

20 SEC. 305. CONFORMITY WITH APPROVED STATE PLAN.

- 21 The Secretaries may not award a grant under section
- 22 302 to a local partnership located in a State that has an
- 23 approved plan unless the Secretaries determine, after con-
- 24 sultation with the State, that the plan submitted by the
- 25 partnership is in accord with the approved State plan.

1 **SEC. 306. REPORTS.**

- 2 The Secretaries may not provide an implementation
- 3 grant under section 302 to a local partnership unless the
- 4 partnership agrees that it will submit to the Secretaries
- 5 such periodic reports as the Secretaries may reasonably re-
- 6 quire relating to the use of amounts from such grant.

7 SEC. 307. HIGH POVERTY AREA DEFINED.

- 8 For purposes of this title, the term "high poverty area"
- 9 means—
- 10 (1) a census tract, a contiguous group of census
- 11 tracts, a nonmetropolitan county, a Native American
- 12 Indian reservation, or an Alaska Native village, with
- 13 a poverty rate of 30 percent or more, as determined
- 14 by the Bureau of the Census; or
- 15 (2) an area that has an unemployment rate
- 16 greater than the national average unemployment for
- 17 the most recent 12 months for which satisfactory data
- 18 are available.

19 TITLE IV—NATIONAL PROGRAMS 20 AND REPORTS

- 21 SEC. 401. RESEARCH, DEMONSTRATION, AND OTHER
- 22 **PROJECTS**.
- 23 (a) In General.—From amounts reserved under sec-
- 24 tion 6(b)(4), the Secretaries shall conduct research and de-
- 25 velopment and establish a program of experimental and
- 26 demonstration projects, to further the purposes of this Act.

(b) Additional Use of Amounts.—Amounts re-1 served under section 6(b)(4) may also be used for programs or services authorized under any other provision of this Act that are most appropriately administered at the national level and that will operate in, or benefit more than, one 6 State. SEC. 402. PERFORMANCE OUTCOMES AND EVALUATION. 8 (a) In General.—The Secretaries, in collaboration with the States, shall by grants, contracts, or otherwise, establish a system of performance measures for assessing 10 State and local programs regarding— (1) progress in the development and implementa-12 tion of State plans that include the basic program 13 components and otherwise meet the requirements of 14 title I: 15 (2) participation in School-to-Work Opportuni-16 17 ties programs by employers, schools, students, and 18 school dropouts, including information on the gender, 19 race, ethnicity, socioeconomic background, limited English proficiency, and disability of all partici-20 21 pants; (3) progress in developing and implementing 22 strategies for addressing the needs of students and 23 school dropouts; 24

1	(4) progress in meeting the State's goals to en-
2	sure opportunities for young women to participate in
3	School-to-Work Opportunities programs;
4	(5) outcomes of participating students and school
5	dropouts, by gender, race, ethnicity, socioeconomic
6	background, limited English proficiency, and disabil-
7	ity of the participants, including information on—
8	(A) academic learning gains;
9	(B) staying in school and attaining a high
10	school diploma, or a General Equivalency Di-
11	ploma, or alternative diploma or certificate for
12	those students with disabilities for whom such al-
13	ternative diploma or certificate is appropriate,
14	skill certificate, and college degree;
15	(C) placement and retention in further edu-
16	cation or training, particularly in the student's
17	career major; and
18	(D) job placement, retention, and earnings,
19	particularly in the student's career major; and
20	(6) the extent to which the program has met the
21	needs of employers.
22	(b) Evaluation.—The Secretaries shall conduct a na-
23	tional evaluation of School-to-Work Opportunities pro-
24	grams funded under this Act by grants, contracts, or other-
25	wise, that will track and assess the progress of implementa-

- 1 tion of State and local programs and their effectiveness
- 2 based on measures such as those described in subsection (a).
- 3 (c) Reports.—Each State shall provide periodic re-
- 4 ports, at such intervals as the Secretaries determine, con-
- 5 taining—
- 6 (1) information described in paragraphs (1)
- 7 through (6) of subsection (a); and
- 8 (2) information on the extent to which current
- 9 Federal programs implemented at the State and local
- 10 level may be duplicative, outdated, overly restrictive,
- or otherwise counter-productive to the development of
- 12 comprehensive statewide School-to-Work Opportuni-
- *ties systems.*

14 SEC. 403. TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.

- 15 (a) Purpose.—The Secretaries shall work in coopera-
- 16 tion with the States, the State sex equity coordinators as-
- 17 signed under section 111(b)(1) of the Carl D. Perkins Voca-
- 18 tional and Applied Technology Education Act (20 U.S.C.
- 19 2321(b)(1)), employers and their associations, secondary
- 20 and postsecondary schools, student and teacher organiza-
- 21 tions, organized labor, and community-based organizations
- 22 to increase their capacity to develop and implement effec-
- 23 tive School-to-Work Opportunities programs.
- 24 (b) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.—The Secretaries shall
- 25 provide, through grants, contracts, or other arrangements—

1	(1) training, technical assistance, and other ac-
2	tivities that will—
3	(A) enhance the skills, knowledge, and ex-
4	pertise of the personnel involved in planning and
5	implementing State and local School-to-Work
6	Opportunities programs, such as training of per-
7	sonnel to assist students; and
8	(B) improve the quality of services provided
9	to individuals served under this Act;
10	(2) assistance to States and local partnerships in
11	order to integrate resources available under this Act
12	with resources available under other Federal, State,
13	and local authorities; and
14	(3) assistance to States and local partnerships to
15	recruit employers to provide the work-based learning
16	component of School-to-Work Opportunities programs.
17	SEC. 404. AMENDMENT TO JOB TRAINING PARTNERSHIP
18	ACT TO PROVIDE SCHOOL-TO-WORK OPPOR-
19	TUNITIES ACTIVITIES FOR CAPACITY BUILD-
20	ING AND INFORMATION AND DISSEMINATION
21	NETWORK.
22	Section 453(b)(2) of the Job Training Partnership Act
23	(29 U.S.C. 1733(b)(2)) is amended—

1	(1) in subparagraph (C)(ii)(V), by striking the
2	period at the end of such subparagraph and inserting
3	"; and"; and
4	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
5	paragraph:
6	"(D)(i) from the amount appropriated pur-
7	suant to section 6(a) of the School-to-Work Op-
8	portunities Act of 1993, collect and disseminate
9	information—
10	"(I) on successful school-to-work pro-
11	grams carried out pursuant to such Act and
12	innovative school and work-based curricu-
13	lum;
14	"(II) on research and evaluation con-
15	ducted concerning school-to-work opportuni-
16	ties activities;
17	"(III) that will assist States and part-
18	nerships in undertaking labor market anal-
19	ysis, surveys or other activities related to
20	economic development;
21	"(IV) on skill certificates, skill stand-
22	ards and related assessment technologies;
23	and

1	``(V) on methods for recruiting and
2	building the capacity of employers to pro-
3	vide work-based learning opportunities; and
4	"(ii) from such amount, facilitate commu-
5	nication and the exchange of information and
6	ideas among States and partnerships carrying
7	out school-to-work opportunities programs pur-
8	suant to such Act.".
9	SEC. 405. REPORTS TO CONGRESS.
10	Not later than 24 months after the date of the enact-
11	ment of this Act, and every 12 months thereafter, the Sec-
12	retaries shall submit a report to the Congress on all School-
13	to-Work Opportunities programs carried out pursuant to
14	this Act. The Secretaries shall, at a minimum, include in
15	each such report—
16	(1) information concerning the programs that re-
17	ceive assistance under this Act;
18	(2) a summary of the information contained in
19	the State and local partnership reports submitted
20	under titles II and III and section 402(c); and
21	(3) information regarding the findings and ac-
22	tions taken as a result of any evaluation conducted by
23	the Secretaries

1	TITLE V—WAIVER OF STATU-
2	TORY AND REGULATORY RE-
3	QUIREMENTS
4	SEC. 501. STATE AND LOCAL PARTNERSHIP REQUESTS AND
5	RESPONSIBILITIES FOR WAIVERS.
6	(a) State Request for Waiver.—A State may sub-
7	mit, as a part of the State plan (or as an amendment to
8	the plan) described in section 213(d), a request for a waiver
9	of 1 or more statutory or regulatory provisions described
10	in section 502 or 503 from the Secretaries in order to carry
11	out the School-to-work Opportunity system established by
12	such State. Such request may include different waivers with
13	respect to different areas within the State.
14	(b) Local Partnership Request for Waiver.—
15	(1) In general.—A local partnership that seeks
16	a waiver of any of the laws specified in section 502
17	or 503 shall submit an application for such waiver to
18	the State and the State shall determine whether to
19	submit the application for such waiver to the Sec-
20	retaries.
21	(2) Time limit.—
22	(A) In general.—The State shall make a
23	determination to submit the application under
24	paragraph (1) not later than 30 days after the

1	date on which the State receives the application
2	from the local partnership.
3	(B) Direct submission.—If the State does
4	not make a determination to submit the applica-
5	tion within the 30-day time period specified in
6	subparagraph (A), the local partnership may
7	submit the application to the Secretaries without
8	first obtaining such review and comment.
9	(c) Waiver Criteria.—The request by the State shall
10	meet the criteria contained in section 502 or section 503
11	and shall specify the laws or regulations referred to in those
12	sections that the State wants waived.
13	SEC. 502. WAIVER AUTHORITY OF SECRETARY OF EDU-
13 14	SEC. 502. WAIVER AUTHORITY OF SECRETARY OF EDU- CATION.
14	CATION.
14 15	cation. (a) Waiver Authority.—
14 15 16	CATION. (a) Waiver Authority.— (1) In general.—Except as provided in sub-
14 15 16 17	cation. (a) Waiver Authority.— (1) In General.—Except as provided in subsection (c), the Secretary of Education may waive
14 15 16 17	cation. (a) Waiver Authority.— (1) In General.—Except as provided in subsection (c), the Secretary of Education may waive any requirement under any provision of law referred
14 15 16 17 18	cation. (a) Waiver Authority.— (1) In general.—Except as provided in subsection (c), the Secretary of Education may waive any requirement under any provision of law referred to in subsection (b), or any regulation issued under
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	cation. (a) Waiver Authority.— (1) In General.—Except as provided in subsection (c), the Secretary of Education may waive any requirement under any provision of law referred to in subsection (b), or any regulation issued under such provision, for a State that requests such a waiv-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	CATION. (a) Waiver Authority.— (1) In General.—Except as provided in subsection (c), the Secretary of Education may waive any requirement under any provision of law referred to in subsection (b), or any regulation issued under such provision, for a State that requests such a waiver and has an approved State plan under section
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	cation. (a) Waiver Authority.— (1) In General.—Except as provided in subsection (c), the Secretary of Education may waive any requirement under any provision of law referred to in subsection (b), or any regulation issued under such provision, for a State that requests such a waiver and has an approved State plan under section 214—

1	local partnership to carry out the purposes of
2	this Act;
3	(B) if the State provides the Secretary with
4	documentation of the necessity for the waiver, in-
5	cluding—
6	(i) the specific requirement that will be
7	waived;
8	(ii) the specific positive outcomes ex-
9	pected from the waiver and why those out-
10	comes cannot be achieved while complying
11	with the requirement;
12	(iii) the process which will be used to
13	monitor the progress in implementing the
14	waiver; and
15	(iv) such other information as the Sec-
16	retary may require;
17	(C) if the State waives, or agrees to waive,
18	similar requirements of State law; and
19	(D) if the State—
20	(i) has provided all local partnerships
21	in the State, and local educational agencies
22	participating in a local partnership in the
23	State, with notice and an opportunity to
24	comment on the State's proposal to seek a
25	waiver;

1	(ii) provides, to the extent feasible, stu-
2	dents, parents, and advocacy and civil
3	rights groups an opportunity to comment
4	on the State's proposal to seek a waiver;
5	and
6	(iii) has submitted the comments of the
7	local partnerships and local educational
8	agencies to the Secretary of Education.
9	(2) Approval or disapproval.—The Secretary
10	of Education shall promptly approve or disapprove
11	any request submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) and
12	shall issue a decision that shall—
13	(A) include the reasons for approving or
14	disapproving the request, including a response to
15	comments; and
16	(B) be disseminated by the State seeking the
17	waiver to interested parties, including educators,
18	parents, students, advocacy and civil rights orga-
19	nizations, and the public.
20	(3) Approval criteria.—In approving a re-
21	quest under paragraph (2), the Secretary Education
22	shall consider the amount of State resources that will
23	be used to implement the State plan.
24	(4) Time period for waiver.—Each waiver
25	approved under paragraph (2) shall be for a period

1	not to exceed 5 years, except that the Secretary of
2	Education may extend such period if the Secretary
3	determines that the waiver has been effective in ena-
4	bling the State or local partnership to carry out the
5	purposes of this Act.
6	(b) Applicable Provisions of Law.—The applicable
7	provisions of law referred to in this subsection are the fol-
8	lowing:
9	(1) Chapter 1 of title I of the Elementary and
10	Secondary Education Act of 1965, including the Even
11	Start Act.
12	(2) Part A of chapter 2 of title I of the Elemen-
13	tary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.
14	(3) The Dwight D. Eisenhower Mathematics and
15	Science Education Act (part A of title II of the Ele-
16	mentary and Secondary Education Act of 1965).
17	(4) The Emergency Immigrant Education Act of
18	1984 (part D of title IV of the Elementary and Sec-
19	ondary Education Act of 1965).
20	(5) The Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act
21	of 1986 (title V of the Elementary and Secondary
22	Education Act of 1965).
23	(6) The Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied
24	Technology Education Act.

1	(c) Waivers Not Authorized.—The Secretary of
2	Education may not waive any requirement under any pro-
3	vision of law referred to in subsection (b), or any regulation
4	issued under such provision, relating to—
5	(1) the basic purposes or goals of such provision
6	of law;
7	(2) maintenance of effort;
8	(3) comparability of services;
9	(4) the equitable participation of students at-
10	tending private schools;
11	(5) parental participation and involvement;
12	(6) the distribution of funds to State or to local
13	educational agencies;
14	(7) the eligibility of individuals for participation
15	in a program under such provision of law;
16	(8) public health or safety, labor standards, civil
17	rights, occupational safety and health, or environ-
18	mental protection; or
19	(9) prohibitions or restrictions relating to the
20	construction of buildings or facilities.
21	(d) Termination of Waivers.—The Secretary of
22	Education shall periodically review the performance of any
23	State or local partnership for which the Secretary has
24	granted a waiver under subsection (a) and shall terminate
25	the waiver if—

1	(1) the Secretary determines that the perform-
2	ance of the State, local partnership, or local edu-
3	cational agency affected by the waiver, as the case
4	may be, has been inadequate to justify a continuation
5	of the waiver; or
6	(2) the State fails to waive similar requirements
7	of State law as required or agreed to in accordance
8	with subsection $(a)(1)(B)$.
9	SEC. 503. WAIVER AUTHORITY OF SECRETARY OF LABOR.
10	(a) Waiver Authority.—
11	(1) In general.—Except as provided in sub-
12	section (c), the Secretary of Labor may waive any re-
13	quirement under any provision of the Job Training
14	Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.), or any reg-
15	ulation issued under such provision, for a State that
16	requests such a waiver and has an approved State
17	plan under section 214—
18	(A) if, and only to the extent that, the Sec-
19	retary of Labor determines that such requirement
20	impedes the ability of the State or a local part-
21	nership to carry out the purposes of this Act;
22	(B) if the State provides the Secretary with
23	documentation of the necessity for the waiver, in-
24	cluding—

1	(i) the specific requirement that will be
2	waived;
3	(ii) the specific positive outcomes ex-
4	pected from the waiver and why those out-
5	comes cannot be achieved while complying
6	with the requirement;
7	(iii) the process which will be used to
8	monitor the progress in implementing the
9	waiver; and
10	(iv) such other information as the Sec-
11	retary may require;
12	(C) if the State waives, or agrees to waive,
13	similar requirements of State or territory law;
14	and
15	(D) if the State—
16	(i) has provided all local partnerships
17	in the State with notice and an opportunity
18	to comment on the State's proposal to seek
19	a waiver;
20	(ii) provides, to the extent feasible, stu-
21	dents, parents, and advocacy and civil
22	rights groups an opportunity to comment
23	on the State's proposal to seek a waiver;
24	and

1	(iii) has submitted the comments of the
2	local partnerships to the Secretary of Labor.
3	(2) Approval or disapproval.—The Secretary
4	of Labor shall promptly approve or disapprove any
5	request submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) and
6	shall issue a decision that shall—
7	(A) include the reasons for approving or
8	disapproving the request, including a response to
9	comments; and
10	(B) be disseminated by the State seeking the
11	waiver to interested parties, including educators,
12	parents, students, advocacy and civil rights orga-
13	nizations, and the public.
14	(3) Approval criteria.—In approving a re-
15	quest under paragraph (2), the Secretary of Labor
16	shall consider the amount of State resources that will
17	be used to implement the State plan.
18	(4) Time period for waiver.—Each waiver
19	approved under paragraph (2) shall be for a period
20	not to exceed 5 years, except that the Secretary of
21	Labor may extend such period if the Secretary deter-
22	mines that the waiver has been effective in enabling
23	the State or local partnership to carry out the pur-
24	poses of this Act.

1	(b) Waivers Not Authorized.—The Secretary of
2	Labor may not waive any requirement under any provision
3	of the Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1501 et
4	seq.), or any regulation issued under such provision, relat-
5	ing to—
6	(1) the basic purposes or goals of such provision
7	of law;
8	(2) the eligibility of individuals for participation
9	in a program under such provision of law;
10	(3) the allocation of funds under such provision
11	of law;
12	(4) public health or safety, labor standards, civil
13	rights, occupational safety and health, or environ-
14	mental protection;
15	(5) maintenance of effort; or
16	(6) prohibitions or restrictions relating to the
17	construction of buildings or facilities.
18	(c) Termination of Waivers.—The Secretary of
19	Labor shall periodically review the performance of any
20	State or local partnership for which the Secretary has
21	granted a waiver under subsection (a) and shall terminate
22	the waiver if—
23	(1) the Secretary determines that the perform-
24	ance of the State or local partnership affected by the

1	waiver has been inadequate to justify a continuation
2	of the waiver; or
3	(2) the State fails to waive similar requirements
4	of State or territory law as required or agreed to in
5	accordance with subsection (a)(1)(B).
6	SEC. 504. COMBINATION OF FEDERAL FUNDS FOR HIGH
7	POVERTY SCHOOLS.
8	(a) In General.—In order to integrate existing
9	school-to-work transition activities with activities under
10	this Act and maximize the effective use of resources, a local
11	partnership may carry out schoolwide school-to-work activi-
12	ties in schools that meet the requirements of subparagraphs
13	(A) and (B) of section 263(g)(1) of the Job Training Part-
14	nership Act (29 U.S.C. 1643(g)(1)(A) and (B)) by combin-
15	ing Federal funds under this Act with other Federal funds
16	from among those programs under—
17	(1) the provisions of law listed in paragraphs (2)
18	through (6) of section 502(b); and
19	(2) the Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C.
20	1501 et seq.)
21	(b) Use of Funds.—A local partnership may use the
22	Federal funds combined under subsection (a) under the re-
23	quirements of this Act, except that the provisions contained
24	in paragraphs (1) through (6) and paragraphs (8) and (9)
25	of section 502(c), and paragraph (1) and paragraphs (3)

1	through (6) of section 503(b) shall remain in effect with
2	respect to the use of such funds.
3	(c) Additional Information in Application.—A
4	local partnership seeking to combine funds under subsection
5	(a) must include in its application under title II or title
6	III—
7	(1) a description of the funds it proposes to com-
8	bine under the requirements of this Act;
9	(2) the activities to be carried out with such
10	funds;
11	(3) the specific outcomes expected of participants
12	in schoolwide school-to-work activities; and
13	(4) such other information as the State, or Sec-
14	retaries, as the case may be, may require.
15	(d) Dissemination of Information.—The local
16	partnership shall, to the extent feasible, provide information
17	on the proposed combination of Federal funds under sub-
18	section (a) to parents, students, educators, advocacy and
19	civil rights organizations, and the public.
20	TITLE VI—SAFEGUARDS
21	SEC. 601. SAFEGUARDS.
22	The following safeguards shall apply to each School-
23	to-Work Opportunities program carried out under this Act.
24	(1) Nondiscrimination.—Nothing in this Act
25	shall be construed to modify or affect any Federal or

- 1 State law prohibiting discrimination on the basis of 2 race, religion, color, ethnicity, national origin, gen-3 der, age, or disability.
 - (2) Prohibition of wages.—Funds appropriated pursuant to section 6 shall not be expended for the wages of youth participants or workplace mentors.
 - (3) Labor Standards.—The labor standards contained in section 143 of the Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1553), except for the standards contained in subsection (a)(4) of such section, shall apply to each program.
 - (4) Individuals not entitled to services.—

 Nothing in this Act shall be construed to provide any individual with an entitlement to the services authorized by this Act.
 - (5) Similar authority of other officials or entities not superseded.—Nothing in this act shall be construed to negate or supersede the authority of any official or entity responsible under State or other applicable law for authority that is similar to authority specified under this act.
 - (6) Supplement not supplement requirement.—Funds provided under this Act shall be used to supplement and not to supplement Federal, State,

- and local public funds expended to provide services 1 2 for existing school-to-work opportunities systems and 3 programs. (7) Other Safeguards.—The Secretaries shall 5 provide such other safeguards as they deem appropriate in order to ensure that participants in a pro-6 7 gram are afforded adequate supervision by skilled adult workers, or, otherwise, to further the purposes of 8 9 this Act. VII—REAUTHORIZATION TITLE 10 OF JOB TRAINING FOR THE 11 HOMELESS DEMONSTRATION 12 PROGRAM UNDER THE STEW-13 ART B. MCKINNEY HOMELESS 14 ASSISTANCE ACT 15 SEC. 701. REAUTHORIZATION. 17 Section 739(a) of the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11449(a)) is amended by striking 18 "the following amounts:" and all that follows and inserting 19 "such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 20 1994 and 1995.". 21 HR 2884 RH——2
 - HR 2884 RH——3
 - HR 2884 RH——4
 - HR 2884 RH——5

HR 2884 RH——6