## 103D CONGRESS 2D SESSION **H. R. 4230**

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

AUGUST 9 (legislative day, AUGUST 8), 1994 Received; read twice and referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs

## **AN ACT**

- To amend the American Indian Religious Freedom Act to provide for the traditional use of peyote by Indians for religious purposes, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

## **3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the "American Indian5 Religious Freedom Act Amendments of 1994".

The Act of August 11, 1978 (42 U.S.C. 1996), commonly referred to as the "American Indian Religious Freedom Act", is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 3. (a) The Congress finds and declares that—
"(1) for many Indian people, the traditional
ceremonial use of the peyote cactus as a religious
sacrament has for centuries been integral to a way
of life, and significant in perpetuating Indian tribes
and cultures;

13 "(2) since 1965, this ceremonial use of peyote14 by Indians has been protected by Federal regulation;

"(3) while at least 28 States have enacted laws
which are similar to, or are in conformance with, the
Federal regulation which protects the ceremonial use
of peyote by Indian religious practitioners, 22 States
have not done so, and this lack of uniformity has
created hardship for Indian people who participate
in such religious ceremonies;

"(4) the Supreme Court of the United States,
in the case of Employment Division v. Smith, 494
U.S. 872 (1990), held that the First Amendment
does not protect Indian practitioners who use peyote
in Indian religious ceremonies, and also raised unHR 4230 RFS

certainty whether this religious practice would be
 protected under the compelling State interest stand ard; and

4 "(5) the lack of adequate and clear legal protec5 tion for the religious use of peyote by Indians may
6 serve to stigmatize and marginalize Indian tribes
7 and cultures, and increase the risk that they will be
8 exposed to discriminatory treatment.

"(b)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, 9 10 the use, possession, or transportation of peyote by an Indian for bona fide traditional ceremonial purposes in con-11 nection with the practice of a traditional Indian religion 12 is lawful, and shall not be prohibited by the United States 13 or any State. No Indian shall be penalized or discrimi-14 nated against on the basis of such use, possession or 15 transportation, including, but not limited to, denial of oth-16 erwise applicable benefits under public assistance pro-17 grams. 18

"(2) This section does not prohibit such reasonable
regulation and registration by the Drug Enforcement Administration of those persons who cultivate, harvest, or
distribute peyote as may be consistent with the purposes
of this Act.

24 "(3) This section does not prohibit application of the25 provisions of section 481.111(a) of Vernon's Texas Health

3

and Safety Code Annotated, in effect on the date of enact ment of this section, insofar as those provisions pertain
 to the cultivation, harvest, and distribution of peyote.

4 "(4) Nothing in this section shall prohibit any Fed-5 eral department or agency, in carrying out its statutory responsibilities and functions, from promulgating regula-6 7 tions establishing reasonable limitations on the use or ingestion of peyote prior to or during the performance of 8 9 duties by sworn law enforcement officers or personnel directly involved in public transportation or any other safe-10 ty-sensitive positions where the performance of such duties 11 may be adversely affected by such use or ingestion. Such 12 regulations shall be adopted only after consultation with 13 representatives of traditional Indian religions for which 14 the sacramental use of peyote is integral to their practice. 15 Any regulation promulgated pursuant to this section shall 16 be subject to the balancing test set forth in section 3 of 17 the Religious Freedom Restoration Act (Public Law 103-18 141; 42 U.S.C. 2000bb-1). 19

"(5) This section shall not be construed as requiring
prison authorities to permit, nor shall it be construed to
prohibit prison authorities from permitting access to peyote by Indians while incarcerated within Federal or State
prison facilities.

4

"(6) Subject to the provisions of the Religious Free dom Restoration Act (Public Law 103–141; 42 U.S.C.
 2000bb–1), this section shall not be construed to prohibit
 States from enacting or enforcing reasonable traffic safety
 laws or regulations.

"(7) Subject to the provisions of the Religious Free-6 7 dom Restoration Act (Public Law 103–141; 42 U.S.C. 2000bb-1), this section does not prohibit the Secretary of 8 9 Defense from promulgating regulations establishing rea-10 sonable limitations on the use, possession, transportation, or distribution of peyote to promote military readiness, 11 safety, or compliance with international law or laws of 12 other countries. Such regulations shall be adopted only 13 after consultation with representatives of traditional In-14 15 dian religions for which the sacramental use of peyote is integral to their practice. 16

17 "(c) For purposes of this section—

18 ''(1) the term 'Indian' means a member of an19 Indian tribe;

"(2) the term 'Indian tribe' means any tribe,
band, nation, pueblo, or other organized group or
community of Indians, including any Alaska Native
village (as defined in, or established pursuant to, the
Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C.
1601 et seq.)), which is recognized as eligible for the

1	special programs and services provided by the
2	United States to Indians because of their status as
3	Indians;
4	''(3) the term 'Indian religion' means any reli-
5	gion—
6	''(A) which is practiced by Indians, and
7	''(B) the origin and interpretation of which
8	is from within a traditional Indian culture or
9	community; and
10	"(4) the term 'State' means any State of the
11	United States, and any political subdivision thereof.
12	''(d) Nothing in this section shall be construed as ab-
13	rogating, diminishing, or otherwise affecting—
14	"(1) the inherent rights of any Indian tribe;
15	''(2) the rights, express or implicit, of any In-
16	dian tribe which exist under treaties, executive or-
17	ders, and laws of the United States;
18	"(3) the inherent right of Indians to practice
19	their religions; and
20	"(4) the right of Indians to practice their reli-
21	gions under any Federal or State law.".
	Passed the House of Representatives August 8, 1994.
	Attest: DONNALD K. ANDERSON,

Clerk.