103d CONGRESS 2d Session **H. R. 4908**

To authorize the hydrogen and fusion research, development, and demonstration programs, and the high energy physics and nuclear physics programs, of the Department of Energy, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

August 5, 1994

Mrs. LLOYD (for herself, Mr. BOUCHER, Mr. BROWN of California, Mr. WALKER, and Mr. BOEHLERT) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology

A BILL

- To authorize the hydrogen and fusion research, development, and demonstration programs, and the high energy physics and nuclear physics programs, of the Department of Energy, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Hydrogen, Fusion, and
- 5 High Energy and Nuclear Physics Research Act of 1994".

6 SEC. 2. GENERAL FINDINGS.

7 The Congress finds that—

1 (1) by the year 2050, the world will need to 2 supply between 2 and 3 times as much energy as is 3 presently produced to meet minimum requirements 4 for food, shelter, transportation, and economic secu-5 rity;

6 (2) meeting the increased energy demands of 7 the year 2050 cannot be achieved without substan-8 tial environmental degradation unless there is a 9 massive shift from dependence on fossil fuels which 10 today provide more than three-quarters of all energy 11 supply;

12 (3) a wide variety of nonfossil fuel energy tech13 nologies must be developed to meet the expected de14 mand of the year 2050;

15 (4) the Federal Government has a responsibility to fund research in energy technologies to help meet 16 17 future expected energy demand where the technical 18 or economic risks of development are too high, or 19 the development time is too long, to be borne solely 20 by the private sector, or where the benefits accrue to all and cannot be recouped by a private investor; 21 22 and

(5) despite the urgent need to develop a wide
variety of nonfossil energy technologies, the Federal
Government's investment in all energy supply re-

search and development (including fossil fuels) has
 declined in real terms by more than two-thirds in
 the last 14 years.

4 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

5 For purposes of this Act—

6 (1) the term "alternative fusion concepts" 7 means any concepts for the production of energy 8 based on the fusing of atomic nuclei other than to-9 roidal magnetic fusion concepts, including heavy ion 10 inertial fusion, aneutronic fusion, and electrostatic 11 fusion;

(2) the term "demonstration" means a demonstration to determine technological and economic
feasibility;

15 (3) the term "Department" means the Depart-16 ment of Energy;

17 (4) the term "Fusion Energy Research Pro-18 gram" means the program described in section 203;

(5) the term "host country" means the country
selected by the international partners as the site for
the ITER facility;

(6) the term "international partners" means
the United States, the European Atomic Energy
Community, Japan, and the Russian Federation;

1	(7) the term "ITER" means the International
2	Thermonuclear Experimental Reactor;
3	(8) the term "magnetic fusion" means fusion
4	based on toroidal confinement concepts;
5	(9) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary
6	of Energy; and
7	(10) the term "Tokamak Physics Experiment"
8	means a facility to replace the Tokamak Fusion Test
9	Reactor which is designed to be capable of conduct-
10	ing experiments on reactions with a pulse length of
11	at least 15 minutes and demonstrating a more com-
12	pact and efficient magnetic fusion reactor design.
	TITLE I—HYDROGEN ENERGY
13	IIILE I-HIDKUGEN ENERGI
13 14	RESEARCH PROGRAM
14	RESEARCH PROGRAM
14 15	RESEARCH PROGRAM SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE. This title may be cited as the "Hydrogen Future Act
14 15 16	RESEARCH PROGRAM SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE. This title may be cited as the "Hydrogen Future Act
14 15 16 17	RESEARCH PROGRAM SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE. This title may be cited as the "Hydrogen Future Act of 1994".
14 15 16 17 18	RESEARCH PROGRAM SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE. This title may be cited as the "Hydrogen Future Act of 1994". SEC. 102. FINDINGS.
14 15 16 17 18 19	RESEARCH PROGRAM SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE. This title may be cited as the "Hydrogen Future Act of 1994". SEC. 102. FINDINGS. The Congress finds that—
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	RESEARCH PROGRAM SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE. This title may be cited as the "Hydrogen Future Act of 1994". SEC. 102. FINDINGS. The Congress finds that— (1) fossil fuels, the main energy source of the
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	RESEARCH PROGRAM SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE. This title may be cited as the "Hydrogen Future Act of 1994". SEC. 102. FINDINGS. The Congress finds that— (1) fossil fuels, the main energy source of the present, have provided this country with tremendous
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	RESEARCH PROGRAM SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE. This title may be cited as the "Hydrogen Future Act of 1994". SEC. 102. FINDINGS. The Congress finds that— (1) fossil fuels, the main energy source of the present, have provided this country with tremendous supply but are limited and polluting, and their pro-

new and better energy sources and enabling tech nologies;

3 (3) hydrogen holds tremendous promise as a
4 new and better energy source because it secures a
5 practically infinite supply from water and combusts
6 purely to water;

7 (4) hydrogen production efficiency is a major
8 technical barrier to society collectively benefitting
9 from one of the great energy sources of the future;

10 (5) an aggressive, results-oriented, multiyear re11 search initiative on efficient hydrogen fuel produc12 tion and use should continue; and

13 (6) the current Federal effort to develop hydro-14 gen as a fuel is inadequate.

15 SEC. 103. PURPOSES.

16 The purposes of this title are—

(1) to provide for the development and demonstration of the processes and technologies needed
to produce, store, transport, and utilize hydrogen for
transportation, industrial, residential, and utility applications; and

(2) to foster industry participation during each
stage of the Department of Energy hydrogen research, development, and demonstration program to

ensure that technology transfer to the private sector
 occurs to develop viable, marketable products.

3 SEC. 104. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND DEMONSTRA-4 TION.

5 (a) PROGRAM GOAL.—The goal of the program de-6 scribed in this section is the demonstration, by the year 7 2000, of the practicability of utilizing hydrogen for trans-8 portation, industrial, residential and utility applications on 9 a broad scale.

10 (b) PRODUCTION.—The Secretary shall support hy-11 drogen energy production research, development, and 12 demonstration in the following areas, including funding 13 for at least 1 technical demonstration in each such area: 14 (1) Photoconversion.

15 (2) Bioconversion.

16 (3) Electrolysis of water.

17 (c) STORAGE.—The Secretary shall support research, development, and demonstration of safe and economical 18 storage of hydrogen, both for onboard vehicle and station-19 ary use. Such research, development, and demonstration 20 21 should be aimed at improving existing methods and devel-22 oping new approaches in each of the following areas, including funding for at least 1 technical demonstration in 23 each such area: 24

25 (1) Hydrides and porous materials.

(2) Liquefaction and cryogenics.
(3) Compressed gas, especially low-temperature dense gas.
(4) Advanced methods, such as iron oxide, microspheres, and phase change materials.
(d) USE.—The Secretary shall support hydrogen energy research, development, and demonstration for each of the following uses, including funding for at least 1 technical demonstration in each such area:

(1) Fuel cell systems for stationary applications.
(2) Fuel cell systems for mobile applications.
(3) Electricity generation using hydrogen as a fuel source for utility and industrial applications.

16 (e) TRANSPORTATION.—The Secretary shall support 17 research, development, and demonstration of safe, effi-18 cient, and nonpolluting hydrogen-based transportation ve-19 hicles of the following types, including funding for at least 20 1 technical demonstration of each such type:

(1) An economically feasible, low emission
motor vehicle using hydrogen as a combustible power
supply, either in pure form or mixed with other
fuels, in a hybrid electric vehicle using a hydrogen
fuel cell.

(2) An economically feasible, zero emission or
 low emission engine using hydrogen.

3 (f) SCHEDULE.—Within 180 days after the date of 4 enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall solicit proposals 5 for carrying out the research and development activities 6 authorized under this section. Awards of financial assist-7 ance shall be made within 1 year after such date of enact-8 ment.

(g) COST SHARING.—(1) Except as otherwise pro-9 vided in section 105, for research and development pro-10 grams carried out under this title, the Secretary shall re-11 quire a commitment from non-Federal sources of at least 12 20 percent of the cost of the project. The Secretary may 13 14 reduce or eliminate the non-Federal requirement under this paragraph if the Secretary determines that the re-15 search and development is of a basic or fundamental na-16 17 ture.

18 (2) The Secretary shall require at least 50 percent 19 of the costs directly and specifically related to any dem-20 onstration project under this title to be provided from non-21 Federal sources. The Secretary may reduce the non-Fed-22 eral requirement under this paragraph if the Secretary de-23 termines that the reduction is necessary and appropriate 24 considering the technological risks involved in the project and is necessary to serve the purposes and goals of this
 title.

3 (3) In calculating the amount of the non-Federal 4 commitment under paragraph (1) or (2), the Secretary 5 shall include cash, personnel, services, equipment, and 6 other resources.

7 (h) DUPLICATION OF PROGRAMS.—Nothing in this 8 title shall require the duplication of activities carried out 9 under otherwise authorized programs of the Department 10 of Energy.

11 SEC. 105. HIGHLY INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGIES.

Of the amounts made available for carrying out section 104, up to 5 percent may be used to support research on highly innovative energy technologies. Such amounts shall not be subject to the cost sharing requirements in section 104(g).

17 SEC. 106. TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER.

The Secretary shall foster the exchange of generic, nonproprietary information and technology developed pursuant to section 104, or other similiar Federal programs, among industry, academia, and the Federal Government with regard to production and use of hydrogen.

23 SEC. 107. REPORTS TO CONGRESS.

Within 18 months after the date of enactment of thisAct, and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall transmit

to the Congress a detailed report on the status and 1 progress of the Department of Energy's hydrogen re-2 search, development, and demonstration programs. Such 3 report shall include an analysis of the effectiveness of such 4 programs, to be prepared and submitted by the Hydrogen 5 Technical Advisory Panel established under section 108 6 7 of the Spark M. Matsunaga Hydrogen Research, Develop-8 ment, and Demonstration Act of 1990. Such Panel shall 9 also make recommendations for improvements to such 10 programs if needed, including recommendations for additional legislation. 11

12 SEC. 108. COORDINATION AND CONSULTATION.

(a) COORDINATION WITH OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES.—The Secretary shall coordinate all hydrogen research, development, and demonstration activities with
other Federal agencies involved in similar research, development, and demonstration, including the Department of
Defense and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

(b) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall consult
with the Hydrogen Technical Advisory Panel established
under section 108 of the Spark M. Matsunaga Hydrogen
Research, Development, and Demonstration Act of 1990
as necessary in carrying out this title.

1 SEC. 109. REPEAL.

2 Sections 104 and 105 of the Spark M. Matsunaga
3 Hydrogen Research, Development, and Demonstration Act
4 of 1990 are repealed.

5 SEC. 110. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

6 (a) GENERAL AUTHORIZATION.—There are author7 ized to be appropriated, to carry out the purposes of this
8 title, in addition to any amounts made available for such
9 purposes under other Acts—

10 (1) \$12,000,000 for fiscal year 1995;

11 (2) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 1996;

12 (3) \$40,000,000 for fiscal year 1997; and

13 (4) \$60,000,000 for fiscal year 1998.

14 (b) RELATED AUTHORIZATIONS.—For each fiscal 15 year from 1995 through 1998, the total amount author-16 ized to be appropriated for Energy Supply Research and 17 Development Activities shall not exceed \$3,302,170,000.

18 **TITLE II—FUSION ENERGY**

RESEARCH PROGRAM

20 SEC. 201. FINDINGS.

19

21 The Congress finds that—

(1) fusion energy is one of the nonfossil fuel
technologies which could potentially provide safe,
abundant, environmentally sound, secure, and affordable energy supplies in the future;

(2) in the last 16 years, fusion energy research-1 2 ers have made significant progress toward realizing magnetic fusion as a viable source of energy, in-3 4 creasing power production from test reactors more than a million-fold over that time period; 5 6 (3) while significant engineering, technical, and 7 scientific challenges remain to make fusion energy 8 commercially viable, limited funding remains the pri-9 mary constraint to more rapid progress; 10 (4) the technical risks and the long time scale 11 needed to demonstrate the commercial viability of 12 fusion energy will likely require a stable, predictable, and sustained investment of government funding for 13 decades to come: 14 (5) while magnetic fusion is the leading fusion 15 16 technology, research on alternative fusion concepts 17 should continue to be supported; 18 (6) opportunities to participate in international 19 fusion experiments can dramatically lower the cost 20 to the Federal Government of fusion energy re-21 search: 22 (7) the United States must demonstrate that it is a credible partner in international scientific pro-23

commitments to funding and participation; and

grams by being able to make and keep long-term

24

1	(8) the United States should commit to partici-
2	pating in the siting, construction, and operation of
3	ITER as soon as practicable.
4	SEC. 202. PURPOSES.
5	The purposes of this title are—
6	(1) to provide direction and authorize appro-
7	priations for a broadly based fusion energy research,
8	development, and demonstration program;
9	(2) to ensure that alternative fusion concepts
10	receive adequate funding and management attention
11	from the Department of Energy;
12	(3) to provide an accelerated commitment to
13	United States participation in ITER and provide au-
14	thorization of appropriations for such activity con-
15	tingent on meeting program milestones; and
16	(4) to provide for the selection of a host coun-
17	try and establish a site selection process for ITER.
18	SEC. 203. FUSION ENERGY RESEARCH PROGRAM.
19	(a) FUSION PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall carry
20	out in accordance with the provisions of this title a Fusion
21	Energy Research Program, including research, develop-
22	ment, and demonstration to demonstrate the technical and
23	economic feasibility of producing safe, environmentally
24	sound, and affordable energy from fusion.

1	(b) PROGRAM GOALS.—The goals of the Fusion En-
2	ergy Research Program are to demonstrate by the year
3	2010 the practicability of commercial electric power pro-
4	duction and to lead to commercial production of fusion
5	energy by the year 2040.
6	(c) PROGRAM ELEMENTS.—The Fusion Energy Re-
7	search Program shall consist of the following elements:
8	(1) Research, development, and demonstration
9	on magnetic fusion energy technology, including—
10	(A) research on plasma physics and con-
11	trol, confinement, ignition, and burning;
12	(B) the design, construction, and operation
13	of experimental fusion reactors, including the
14	Tokamak Physics Experiment, and the develop-
15	ment of special materials for such reactors, the
16	facilities to develop such materials, and the de-
17	velopment of components which support the op-
18	eration of such reactors, such as diagnostic and
19	remote maintenance equipment; and
20	(C) participation by the United States in-
21	dustrial sector in the design and construction of
22	fusion reactors, and cooperation with utilities.
23	(2) Research, development, and demonstration
24	of alternative fusion concepts, to be administered
25	through a Program Director for Alternative Fusion

1 Research, including research and development need-2 ed to build and test an Induction Linac Systems Ex-3 periment, and for systems engineering and design of 4 a prototype inertial fusion energy power plant suitable for the eventual development of a heavy ion 5 based commercial power plant, for the purpose of 6 7 developing heavy ion inertial fusion energy. 8 (3) Participation in the design, construction, 9 and operation of ITER with the goal of ITER be-10 coming operational by the year 2005. 11 SEC. 204. INDEPENDENT REVIEW OF FUSION TECH-12 NOLOGIES. 13 Within 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall contract with the National Acad-14 15 emy of Sciences to conduct a study, to be completed within 18 months after such contract is executed, which— 16 17 (1) examines the various magnetic fusion tech-18 nologies and alternative fusion concepts to assess 19 their current state of development; 20 (2) evaluates the potential of such technologies and concepts to become commercially viable sources 21 22 of energy in the future; (3) identifies research and development goals 23 24 and priorities, and the range of probable costs and

time scales needed to achieve commercial viability;
 and

3 (4) reviews facilities formerly proposed by the
4 Department of Energy for construction during the
5 past 10 years, comparing their proposed capabilities
6 and the justification offered for such proposals with
7 the rationale for the subsequent withdrawal of the
8 proposals.

9 SEC. 205. NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES STUDY.

10 Within 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall contract with the National Acad-11 emy of Sciences to conduct a study, to be completed within 12 18 months after such contract is executed, which examines 13 the status and promise of other energy sources, including 14 deuterated metal, and improvements in the efficient use 15 of energy which could affect our national energy needs on 16 the same time scale and quantity as projected fusion en-17 ergy development, and which identifies priorities for re-18 search on other energy sources and energy-efficient de-19 vices and practices. 20

21 SEC. 206. ITER SITE SELECTION PROCESS.

(a) ITER STUDY AND REPORT.—Within 120 days
after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall
submit to Congress a study which compares the technical
and scientific advantages and disadvantages and the eco-

nomic costs and benefits to the United States of siting 1 ITER in the United States with siting ITER outside of 2 the United States. Such study shall include the consider-3 ation of the impact on employment of constructing ITER 4 in the United States, the effect of manufacturing major 5 ITER subsystems (such as superconducting magnets) in 6 7 the United States, and the effect of siting on United 8 States funding requirements for participation in ITER.

9 (b) HOST-COUNTRY SELECTION.—The Secretary 10 shall seek to reach an agreement with the international 11 partners which provides for—

12 (1) the selection of a host country in which to13 site ITER by October, 1995;

(2) the equitable distribution of economic and
technological benefits among the international partners, including the siting and construction of ITER
and related facilities and the manufacture of major
ITER subsystems;

(3) substantial United States industry and utility involvement in the design, construction, and operation of ITER to ensure United States industry
and utility expertise in the technologies developed;
and

24 (4) a schedule to complete site-specific design25 activities by 1998.

(c) UNITED STATES SITE SELECTION.—The Sec retary shall—

3 (1) immediately initiate a process for identify4 ing candidate sites within the United States which
5 meet the site requirements for the construction and
6 operation of ITER; and

7 (2) propose within 90 days after the date of en8 actment of this Act a process for selection of a site
9 within the United States by June, 1996, if the Unit10 ed States is selected as the host country for ITER
11 pursuant to the international agreement described in
12 subsection (b).

(d) FINAL COST ESTIMATE.—The Secretary shall
provide to Congress, within 90 days following the completion of site-specific design activities, a detailed estimate
of the final projected total cost and cost to the United
States of the construction and operation of ITER based
on final site-specific engineering and construction designs.

19 SEC. 207. REPORTS AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

20 (a) CONTINGENCY PLAN.—Within 120 days after the 21 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit 22 to Congress a report on the feasibility of conducting a par-23 allel design effort on the Tokamak Physics Experiment to 24 augment the capabilities of or accelerate construction of 25 the Tokamak Physics Experiment in the event that an international agreement cannot be reached on the site se lection or construction of ITER.

3 (b) PROGRAM REPORT.—Within 180 days after the 4 date of enactment of this Act, and biennially thereafter, 5 the Secretary shall prepare and submit to the Congress 6 a report on the Fusion Energy Research Program and the 7 progress it has made in meeting the goals and require-8 ments of this title.

9 (c) CONSULTATION.—(1) In consultation with the 10 Secretary of Defense, the Secretary shall review the re-11 search and development activities of the defense Inertial 12 Confinement Fusion Program to determine the potential 13 of such activities to contribute to the civilian Inertial Fu-14 sion Energy Program.

15 (2) Within 120 days after the date of enactment of 16 this Act, the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary 17 of Defense, shall submit a report to Congress with rec-18 ommendations for sharing budget and other resources in 19 order to enhance the civilian energy applications of the 20 defense Inertial Confinement Fusion Program.

(d) DUPLICATION OF ACTIVITIES.—Nothing in this
title shall require the duplication of activities carried out
under otherwise authorized programs of the Department
of Energy.

20

1 SEC. 208. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

2 (a) FUSION ENERGY RESEARCH PROGRAM.—There 3 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for car-4 rying out the Fusion Energy Research Program 5 \$376,563,000 for fiscal 1995, \$425,000,000 for fiscal 6 year 1996, and \$475,000,000 for fiscal year 1997.

7 (b) ALTERNATIVE FUSION RESEARCH.—From the 8 sums authorized in subsection (a), there are authorized 9 to be appropriated to the Secretary for carrying out the 10 Alternative Fusion Research Program under section 11 203(c)(2)—

(1) \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 1995 for the Induction Linac Systems Experiment project and related base programs, and for the engineering and
design of a prototype inertial fusion energy power
plant;

17 (2) \$30,000,000 for fiscal year 1996, of 18 which—

(A) not more than \$20,000,000 shall be
for the Induction Linac Systems Experiment
project and related base programs; and

(B) not more than \$5,000,000 shall be for
the engineering and design of a prototype inertial fusion energy power plant; and

25 (3) \$33,000,000 for fiscal year 1997, of
26 which—

(A) not more than \$20,000,000 shall be 1 2 for the Induction Linac Systems Experiment project and related base programs; and 3 4 (B) not more than \$5,000,000 shall be for 5 the engineering and design of a prototype iner-6 tial fusion energy power plant. 7 (c) TOKAMAK PHYSICS EXPERIMENT.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), there are authorized to be ap-8 9 propriated to the Secretary for the period encompassing 1995 through 2000 10 fiscal years not to exceed \$700,000,000, to complete the design, development, and 11 construction of the Tokamak Physics Experiment. 12 (2) None of the funds are authorized to be appro-13 priated for any fiscal year under paragraph (1) unless, 14 15 within 60 days after the submission of the President's budget request for that fiscal year, the Secretary— 16 17 (A) certifies to the Congress that— 18 (i) the technical goals of the design, devel-19 opment, and construction are being met; 20 (ii) the design, development, and construction can be completed without further author-21 22 ization of appropriations beyond amounts authorized under paragraph (1); and 23

1	(iii) the design, development, and construc-
2	tion can be completed by the end of fiscal year
3	2000; or
4	(B) submits to the Congress a report which de-
5	scribes—
6	(i) the circumstances which prevent a cer-
7	tification under subparagraph (A);
8	(ii) remedial actions undertaken or to be
9	undertaken with respect to such circumstances;
10	and
11	(iii) a justification for proceeding with the
12	program, if appropriate.
13	(d) CONSTRUCTION OF ITER.—No funds are author-
14	ized for the construction of ITER.
15	(e) Limitation on Magnetic Fusion Facili-
16	TIES.—No funds are authorized for the design, engineer-
17	ing, or construction of any magnetic fusion facility other
18	than ITER, facilities related to ITER, and the Tokamak
19	Physics Experiment.
20	SEC. 209. REPEAL OF ADVISORY COMMITTEE.
21	Section 7 of the Magnetic Fusion Energy Engineer-
22	ing Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9306), authorizing the Tech-
23	nical Panel on Magnetic Fusion, is repealed.

TITLE III—HIGH ENERGY AND 2 NUCLEAR PHYSICS

3 SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.

4 This title may be cited as the "Department of Energy
5 High Energy and Nuclear Physics Authorization Act of
6 1994".

7 SEC. 302. DEFINITIONS.

8 For the purposes of this title—

9 (1) the term "CERN" means the European Or-10 ganization for Nuclear Research;

(2) the term "construction" means all activities
necessary for completion of a project and its supporting infrastructure, and includes conventional
construction and the fabrication, installation, testing, and preoperation of technical sytems;

(3) the term "conventional construction" means
the design and construction of civil works, facilities,
and other infrastructure necessary to construct a
project, including tunnels, buildings, and roads, necessary to house and support the technical systems,
and utilities as necessary for the direct support of
elements of a project; and

23 (4) the term "Large Hadron Collider project"24 means the Large Hadron Collider project at CERN.

1 SEC. 303. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

2 (a) HIGH ENERGY PHYSICS.—There are authorized
3 to be appropriated to the Secretary for high energy phys4 ics activities of the Department—

5 (1) \$695,400,000 for fiscal year 1996;

6 (2) \$719,700,000 for fiscal year 1997;

7 (3) \$744,900,000 for fiscal year 1998; and

8 (4) \$713,600,000 for fiscal year 1999.

9 Funds authorized under paragraphs (1) through (4) may be expended for the B-factory at the Stanford Linear Ac-10 celerator Center and the Fermilab Main Injector. Funds 11 may also be expended for research, development, and plan-12 ning for the Large Hadron Collider and its associated de-13 tectors. No funds are authorized for United States partici-14 pation in the construction and operation of the Large 15 16 Hadron Collider project until the Secretary certifies to the Congress that there is an international agreement that in-17 cludes the provisions described in section 304(a). 18

(b) NUCLEAR PHYSICS.—There are authorized to be
appropriated to the Secretary for nuclear physics activities
of the Department—

- 22 (1) \$337,100,000 for fiscal year 1996;
- 23 (2) \$348,900,000 for fiscal year 1997;
- 24 (3) \$361,100,000 for fiscal year 1998; and
- 25 (4) \$373,700,000 for fiscal year 1999.

None of the funds authorized under paragraph (2), (3),
 or (4) are authorized to be appropriated for facility oper ations of the Los Alamos Meson Physics Facility. Funds
 authorized under paragraphs (1) through (4) may be ex pended for the Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider at
 Brookhaven National Laboratory.

7 (c) LIMITATION MAJOR CONSTRUCTION ON PROJECTS.—No funds may be expended for the construc-8 tion and operation of any high energy and nuclear physics 9 facility construction project of the Department, with total 10 project expenditures projected to be in excess of 11 \$100,000,000, unless funds are specifically authorized for 12 such purposes in an Act that is not an appropriations Act. 13 Funds authorized under subsections (a) and (b) may be 14 15 expended for preliminary research, development, and planning for such projects. 16

17 SEC. 304. THE LARGE HADRON COLLIDER PROJECT.

(a) NEGOTIATIONS.—The Secretary, in consultation
with the Director of the National Science Foundation and
the Secretary of State, shall enter into negotiations with
CERN concerning United States participation in the planning and construction of the Large Hadron Collider
project, and shall ensure that any agreement incorporates
provisions to protect the United States investment in the
project, including provisions for—

(1) fair allocation of costs and benefits among
 project participants;

3 (2) a limitation on the amount of United States
4 contribution to project construction and an estimate
5 of the United States contribution to subsequent op6 erating costs;

7 (3) a cost and schedule control system for the8 total project;

9 (4) a preliminary statement of costs and the 10 schedule for all component design, testing, and fab-11 rication, including technical goals and milestones, 12 and a final statement of such costs and schedule 13 within 1 year after the date on which the parties 14 enter into the agreement;

(5) a preliminary statement of costs and the
schedule for total project construction and operation,
including technical goals and milestones, and a final
statement of such costs and schedule within 1 year
after the date on which the parties enter into the
agreement;

(6) reconsideration of the extent of United
States participation if technical or operational milestones described in paragraphs (4) and (5) are not
met, or if the project falls significantly behind schedule;

(7) conditions of access for United States and
 other scientists to the facility; and

3 (8) a process for addressing international co4 ordination and cost sharing on high energy physics
5 projects beyond the Large Hadron Collider.

6 (b) OTHER INTERNATIONAL NEGOTIATIONS.—Noth7 ing in this Act shall be construed to preclude the President
8 from entering into negotiations with respect to inter9 national science agreements.

10 (c) REQUIREMENT.—The Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall report, within 3 11 months after the date of enactment of this Act, to the 12 Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the 13 House of Representatives and to the Committee on Com-14 merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate on spe-15 cific goals for international coordination in megascience 16 projects, including an action plan needed to achieve these 17 goals. The action plan shall address such issues as cost 18 sharing and financial support, site location, access, and 19 management of megascience facilities. 20

21 SEC. 305. OPERATING PLAN.

Within 30 days after the date of the enactment of any Act appropriating funds for the high energy or nuclear physics activities of the Department, the Secretary shall transmit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee
 on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a plan
 for the operations of the high energy and nuclear physics
 activities of the Department, as adjusted to reflect the
 amounts appropriated for such purposes by such Act.

6 SEC. 306. LONG-RANGE PLANNING AND GOVERNANCE.

7 (a) Program Governance Review.—

8 (1) REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary shall con-9 tract with an appropriate independent organization 10 to review the governance of all elements of the De-11 partment's high energy and nuclear physics pro-12 grams. Such review shall include—

(A) an evaluation of the staff allocation
and funding balance among facility operations,
construction, and research support; and

16 (B) an analysis of the extent to which the 17 Department's high energy and nuclear physics 18 advisory groups represent the diversity of, and 19 the full range of interests among, high energy 20 and nuclear physics researchers.

(2) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary
shall submit a report to Congress within 18 months
after the date of enactment of this Act detailing the
results of the review required by this section, includ-

ing recommendations for implementing the results
 and schedules for such implementation.

3 (b) LONG-RANGE PLAN.—

4 (1) REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary, in con-5 sultation with the high energy and nuclear physics communities, shall prepare a long-range plan for the 6 7 Department of Energy high energy and nuclear physics programs based on current and projected 8 program funding levels. The Secretary shall coordi-9 10 nate the preparation of the plan with the Director of the National Science Foundation, as appropriate, 11 12 to ensure that long-range planning efforts and objec-13 tives for the entire Federal high energy and nuclear 14 physics program are appropriately integrated. The 15 plan shall be modified every 3 years. The long-range plan shall include— 16

17 (A) a list of research opportunities to be
18 pursued, including both ongoing and proposed
19 activities, listed in order of priority;

20 (B) an analysis of the relevance of each re21 search facility to the research opportunities list22 ed under subparagraph (A);

(C) a statement of the optimal balance for
the fiscal year in which the report is submitted
among facility operations, construction, and re-

1	search support and the optimal balance between
2	university and laboratory research programs;
3	(D) schedules for continuation, consolida-
4	tion, or termination of each major category of
5	research programs, and continuation, upgrade,
6	transfer, or closure of each research facility;
7	(E) a statement by project of efforts to co-
8	ordinate research projects with the international
9	community to maximize the use of limited re-
10	sources and avoid unproductive duplication of
11	efforts;
12	(F) a description of the extent to which the
13	plan modifications differ from previous plans
14	submitted under this subsection, along with an
15	explanation for such differences; and
16	(G) an estimate of—
17	(i) the number of scientists and grad-
18	uate students being supported by Federal
19	high energy and nuclear physics programs;
20	and
21	(ii) the number of scientists and grad-
22	uate students needed to carry out produc-
23	tive and sustainable research programs in
24	these fields over the next 10 years.

1 (2) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—(A) The Sec-2 retary shall transmit a copy of the original long-3 range plan with the President's annual budget re-4 quest to Congress for fiscal year 1997. The plan as 5 modified shall be submitted with the President's 6 budget request to Congress for every third fiscal 7 year thereafter.

8 (B) The Secretary shall transmit with the 9 President's budget request to Congress each year a 10 report demonstrating the consistency of the current 11 long-range plan with the budget being requested for 12 the Department's high energy and nuclear physics 13 programs.

14 (c) CAPITAL BUDGET ACCOUNT.—Each of the Presi-15 dent's annual budget requests to the Congress for high 16 energy physics activities of the Department, and for nu-17 clear physics activities of the Department, shall distin-18 guish between the budget for capital expenditures, includ-19 ing all ongoing and planned major construction and cap-20 ital equipment items, and other activities.

21 TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS 22 PROVISIONS

23 SEC. 401. UNIVERSITY RADIATION SCIENCE AND TECH-

24 NOLOGY.

25 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

1 (1) the future of fusion energy and advanced 2 nuclear energy technology research and development 3 programs will rely heavily on a healthy and vibrant 4 university-based radiation science and nuclear engi-5 neering academic program;

6 (2) nuclear engineering is a broad, diverse field 7 with unique academic requirements, including math-8 ematics, physics, reactor engineering, nuclear mate-9 rials, radiation protection, and reactivity control and 10 operations;

(3) nuclear engineering academic programs at
both undergraduate and graduate levels have declined in terms of the number of students enrolling
in such programs, the number of schools offering
such programs, and the number of research reactors
available on university campuses;

(4) the existing nuclear technical community
and faculties are aging, and new, younger graduates
are not entering the field, threatening the United
States technological superiority in this area;

(5) a robust, long-term fusion program will be
dependent on the availability of properly trained scientific experts to carry on the program from the current leaders in the field;

1 (6) in the 1950s and 1960s, the Federal Gov-2 ernment was instrumental in founding and funding 3 the University Research Reactor program and the 4 Nuclear Engineering Education and Research pro-5 gram, and as a primary user of the graduates of 6 these programs, continued strong support for these 7 programs for decades;

8 (7) the decline of Federal support for these pro-9 grams has forced many universities to close down re-10 search reactors and seriously erode the accompany-11 ing academic programs;

(8) the current condition of the university research reactors needs attention and funding to upgrade instrumentation and safety features; and

(9) the Federal Government should continue its
fuel assistance program in order to avert further
hardships to the universities.

18 (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this section are19 to—

(1) provide Federal support and maintain and
upgrade the Nation's Nuclear Engineering Education and Research and University Research Reactor programs, while continuing the University Reactor Fuel Assistance program;

(2) combine these programs into a comprehen sive and cohesive national program which will sup port the future needs of the Nation across many sci entific and technological disciplines; and

5 (3) provide the nuclear engineering education 6 and university research reactor academic community 7 opportunities to consult and cooperate with the De-8 partment of Energy and the national laboratories in 9 the decisionmaking and priority setting processes.

10 (c) PROGRAM DIRECTION.—

11 (1) COMBINING OF PROGRAMS.—The Secretary 12 shall combine the Nuclear Engineering Research and 13 Education program, the University Research Reac-14 tor program, and the University Reactor Fuel As-15 sistance program to form a new University Radi-16 ation Science and Technology program to be in-17 cluded as a separate and distinct part of the Univer-18 sity and Science Education program.

(2) COLLABORATION.—The Secretary, in developing the annual budget request and program plan
for the University Radiation Science and Technology
program, shall collaborate with the university radiation science and technology community (including
academia, professional societies, and the national
laboratories).

1 (d) REPORTS.—

2 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN.—The Secretary (1)shall request the Nuclear Engineering Education 3 4 Department Heads Organization and the National Organization of Test, Research, and Training Reac-5 tors to submit, within 60 days after the date of en-6 7 actment of this Act, to the Congress and the Secretary a minimum of a 5-year comprehensive na-8 9 tional plan for the University Radiation Science and Technology program. Such plan shall include com-10 11 ments from industry and all appropriate professional 12 societies.

13 (2)PROGRAM PROPOSAL.—Within 120 days 14 after the submittal of the plan under paragraph (1), 15 the Secretary shall submit to the Congress a Univer-16 sity Radiation Science and Technology program pro-17 posal, which shall incorporate the plan submitted 18 under paragraph (1) and shall include comments 19 from the National Academy of Sciences regarding 20 the completeness of the program proposal.

(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for carrying out the University Radiation Science and Technology Program \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 1995,

1 \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 1996, and \$25,000,000 for fis-

2 cal year 1997.

3 SEC. 402. LIMITATION ON APPROPRIATIONS.

4 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no funds
5 are authorized to be appropriated for carrying out the pro6 grams for which funds are authorized by this Act for any
7 fiscal year other than as provided by this Act.

 \bigcirc

HR 4908 IH——2

HR 4908 IH——3