

103^D CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 571

To improve the collection, analysis, and dissemination of information that will promote the recycling of municipal solid waste.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 25, 1993

Mr. WELDON (for himself, Mr. WOLF, Mr. MCHUGH, Mr. GINGRICH, and Mr. HOCHBRUECKNER) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To improve the collection, analysis, and dissemination of information that will promote the recycling of municipal solid waste.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Recycling Information
5 Clearinghouse Act of 1993”.

6 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND OBJECTIVES.**

7 (a) FINDINGS.—Section 1002(c) of the Solid Waste
8 Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6901(c)) is amended by striking
9 out “and” in paragraph (2), by striking out the period

1 in paragraph (3) and inserting “; and”, and by adding
2 at the end the following new paragraph:

3 “(4) Recycling should be promoted through a
4 national clearinghouse to provide information about
5 the economic feasibility of recycling various mate-
6 rials, State and local initiatives that have succeeded
7 in increasing the recycling rate for municipal waste,
8 and Federal, State, and local procurement opportu-
9 nities for recyclable materials.”.

10 (b) OBJECTIVES AND POLICY.—Section 1003(a) of
11 the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6902(a)) is
12 amended by striking out the period in paragraph (11) and
13 inserting “; and”, by striking out “and” in paragraph (1),
14 and by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

15 “(12) establishing an information clearinghouse
16 to promote the recycling of municipal solid waste.”.

17 **SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.**

18 Section 1004 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42
19 U.S.C. 6903) is amended by adding at the end the
20 following:

21 “(40) The term ‘municipal solid waste’ means
22 residential, institutional, and commercial solid waste
23 generated within a community. The term does not
24 include any garbage, refuse, sludge, or other residue

1 that is a byproduct of an industrial process or any
2 solid waste which is regulated under subtitle C.

3 “(41) The term ‘recycled material’ means a ma-
4 terial which has been previously used which can be
5 reused with or without reprocessing in place of a vir-
6 gin material.

7 “(42) The term ‘recycled product’ means a
8 product that is derived substantially from recycled
9 materials.

10 “(43) The term ‘recycling’ means remanufac-
11 turing or reprocessing used or discarded materials
12 into a useful product.”.

13 **SEC. 4. INFORMATION CLEARINGHOUSE.**

14 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Subtitle D of the Solid Waste
15 Disposal Act is amended by adding at the end the follow-
16 ing new section:

17 **“SEC. 4011. INFORMATION CLEARINGHOUSE.**

18 “(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Administrator shall es-
19 tablish a clearinghouse for information about the recycling
20 of municipal solid waste, to be administered by the Office
21 of Solid Waste in accordance with the provisions of this
22 section.

23 “(b) INFORMATION COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS.—
24 The clearinghouse shall collect and provide the following
25 types of information:

1 “(1) A data base containing information on the
2 annual volume and rate of recycling of materials
3 from the municipal solid waste stream. Such data
4 base should include information that may be avail-
5 able from trade associations, nonprofit organiza-
6 tions, Federal agencies, and State governments. At
7 a minimum, the data base should estimate the ag-
8 gregate annual tonnage and recycling rate for glass,
9 metal, paper, plastic, and corrugated containers. To
10 the extent feasible, the data base should include an
11 analysis of the impact of geographic and demo-
12 graphic factors on the recycling rate.

13 “(2) An annual estimate of the balance of trade
14 in recycled materials and products.

15 “(3) Economic data comparing the costs and
16 benefits of recycling various materials from the mu-
17 nicipal solid waste stream. The analysis should take
18 into account the avoided disposal costs resulting
19 from recycling.

20 “(4) A catalog of State and local laws that en-
21 courage or require the recycling of materials from
22 the municipal solid waste stream. The catalog should
23 include information about any recycling targets or
24 objectives established by such legislation and, where

1 feasible, evaluate whether those objectives are being
2 met.

3 “(5) A list of all purchases of recycled materials
4 or products by the Federal Government, organized
5 by agency and the type of recycled materials or
6 products purchased.

7 “(6) A register announcing all solicitations by
8 Federal agencies for the purchase of recycled mate-
9 rials or products. Such information shall be orga-
10 nized to provide timely and relevant information to
11 persons seeking to sell recycled materials or products
12 to the Federal Government. To the extent feasible,
13 the register should include information about pro-
14 curement opportunities available from State or local
15 governments.

16 “(7) Information about state-of-the-art recy-
17 cling methods, programs, and technologies, including
18 the results of any recycling research or demonstra-
19 tion programs funded by the Federal Government.

20 “(8) A register of all potential purchasers (both
21 government and private) of recycled materials.

22 “(c) INFORMATION COORDINATION.—The Adminis-
23 trator may, at his or her discretion, make available
24 through the information clearinghouse any other informa-
25 tion that would promote national, State, and local recy-

1 cling efforts including, but not limited to, information that
2 may be obtained under subtitle D and subtitle E.

3 “(d) INFORMATION DISSEMINATION.—The informa-
4 tion compiled and analyzed under this section shall be
5 made available to the public. A toll-free, telephone hotline
6 shall be established and made available to members of the
7 public seeking information from the clearinghouse. To the
8 extent feasible, the information compiled should be com-
9 puterized to facilitate analysis and provide for prompt
10 retrieval of information.

11 “(e) INDEPENDENT ORGANIZATION.—In carrying out
12 this section the Administrator shall cooperate with any
13 independent organization which is comprised of persons
14 engaged in recycling and persons representing environ-
15 mental organizations and which provides matching funds
16 to cover the costs of any cooperative program undertaken
17 by the organization and the Environmental Protection
18 Agency.

19 “(f) AUTHORIZATION.—There is authorized to be ap-
20 propriated to the Administrator \$500,000 for each fiscal
21 year occurring after enactment of the Recycling Informa-
22 tion Clearinghouse Act of 1993 for functions carried out
23 by the information clearinghouse.”.

1 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 4003(c) of
2 such subtitle D is amended by adding at the end the fol-
3 lowing:

4 “(3) A State shall not be eligible for assistance under
5 section 4008(a)(3) after December 31, 1994, unless the
6 State maintains and publicizes a State register of potential
7 purchasers (both governmental and private) of recycled
8 materials known to the State solid waste planning authori-
9 ties. Such register shall be periodically updated and sub-
10 mitted to the information clearinghouse established under
11 section 4011.”.

12 (c) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
13 such subtitle D is amended by adding at the end the fol-
14 lowing new item:

“Sec. 4011. Information clearinghouse.”.

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