Calendar No. 212

103d CONGRESS 1st Session S. 1488

A BILL

To control and prevent crime.

SEPTEMBER 27, 1993 Read the second time and placed on the calendar

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103D CONGRESS 1ST SESSION



To control and prevent crime.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

SEPTEMBER 23 (legislative day, SEPTEMBER 7), 1993 Mr. BIDEN introduced the following bill; which was read the first time

> SEPTEMBER 27, 1993 Read the second time and placed on the calendar

A BILL

To control and prevent crime.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Violent Crime Control

5 and Law Enforcement Act of 1993".

6 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

7 The following is the table of contents for this Act:

Sec. 1. Short title.

Sec. 2. Table of contents.

Sec. 101. Short title.

Sec. 102. Findings and purposes.

Sec. 103. Community policing; "Cops on the Beat".

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- Sec. 203. Specific offenses for which death penalty is authorized.
- Sec. 204. Applicability to Uniform Code of Military Justice.
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- Sec. 206. Death penalty for civil rights murders.
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Sec. 2601. Computer Abuse Amendments Act of 1993.

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TITLE XXVIII—SAFE SCHOOLS

Sec. 2801. Short title.

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TITLE XXIX—MISCELLANEOUS

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Sec. 2901. Increased penalties for assault.

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- Sec. 2903. Increased penalties for civil rights violations.
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- Sec. 2906. Increased penalties for travel act violations.

Subtitle B-Extension of Protection of Civil Rights Statutes

Sec. 2911. Extension of protection of civil rights statutes.

Subtitle C—Audit and Report

- Sec. 2921. Audit requirement for State and local law enforcement agencies receiving Federal asset forfeiture funds.
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Subtitle D—Gambling

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- Sec. 2951. Short title.
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- Sec. 2965. Wiretaps.

- Sec. 2966. Theft of major artwork.
- Sec. 2967. Balance in the criminal justice system.
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TITLE XXX—TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS

- Sec. 3001. Amendments relating to Federal financial assistance for law enforcement.
- Sec. 3002. General title 18 corrections.
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- Sec. 3006. Elimination of redundant penalty provision in 18 U.S.C. 1116.
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- Sec. 3008. Corrections of misspellings and grammatical errors.
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- Sec. 3010. Corrections of errors found during codification.
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- Sec. 3012. Amendments to section 1956 of title 18 to eliminate duplicate predicate crimes.

Sec. 3013. Amendments to part V of title 18.

TITLE I—PUBLIC SAFETY AND POLICING

3 SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

4 This title may be cited as the "Public Safety Partner-

5 ship and Community Policing Act of 1993''.

6 SEC. 102. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

7 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

8 (1) according to data compiled by the Federal 9 Bureau of Investigation, in 1961, there was approxi-10 mately 1 reported violent crime per city police offi-11 cer, but while from 1961 to 1991 there was no sub-12 stantial increase in United States cities' police em-13 ployment rate, during the same period the number

1	of reported violent crimes per city police officer rose
2	to approximately 4.6 per officer;
3	(2) National Crime Survey figures indicate that
4	nearly 5,000,000 households in the United States
5	had at least 1 member who had been a victim of vio-
6	lent crime during 1991;
7	(3) these victims of violence experienced more
8	than 6,400,000 crimes of which about one-half were
9	reported to law enforcement authorities;
10	(4) community-oriented policing (''cops on the
11	beat") enhances communication and cooperation be-
12	tween law enforcement and members of the commu-
13	nity;
14	(5) such communication and cooperation be-
15	tween law enforcement and members of the commu-
16	nity significantly assists in preventing and control-
17	ling crime and violence, thus enhancing public safe-
18	ty; and
19	(6) while increasing and maintaining police re-
20	sources and presence in the community are the long-
21	term responsibility of State and local governments,
22	State and local law enforcement agencies are in need
23	of immediate assistance to begin the process of re-
24	hiring officers who have been laid off for budgetary
	mining officers who have been faid off for budgetary

3 (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this title are to—
4 (1) substantially increase the number of law en5 forcement officers interacting directly with members

6 of the community ("cops on the beat");

7 (2) provide additional and more effective train8 ing to law enforcement officers to enhance their
9 problem solving, service, and other skills needed in
10 interacting with members of the community;

(3) encourage the development and implementation of innovative programs to permit members of
the community to assist State and local law enforcement agencies in the prevention of crime in the community; and

(4) encourage the development of new technologies to assist State and local law enforcement
agencies in reorienting the emphasis of their activities from reacting to crime to preventing crime,

by establishing a program of grants and assistance in furtherance of these objectives, including the authorization
for a period of 6 years of grants for the hiring and rehiring
of additional career law enforcement officers.

1	SEC. 103. COMMUNITY POLICING; "COPS ON THE BEAT".
2	(a) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the Omnibus Crime
3	Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711
4	et seq.) is amended—
5	(1) by redesignating part Q as part R ;
6	(2) by redesignating section 1701 as section
7	1801; and
8	(3) by inserting after part P the following new
9	part:
10	"PART Q—PUBLIC SAFETY AND CITY POLICING;
11	'COPS ON THE BEAT'
12	"SEC. 1701. AUTHORITY TO MAKE PUBLIC SAFETY AND
13	COMMUNITY POLICING GRANTS.
14	"(a) GRANT AUTHORIZATION.—The Attorney Gen-
15	eral may make grants to units of State and local govern-
16	ment, and to other public and private entities, to increase
17	police presence, to expand and improve cooperative efforts
18	between law enforcement agencies and members of the
19	community to address crime and disorder problems, and
20	otherwise to enhance public safety.
21	"(b) Rehiring and Hiring Grant Projects.—
22	Grants made under subsection (a) may be used for pro-
23	grams, projects, and other activities to—

reductions for deployment in community-oriented po licing; and

3 "(2) hire new, additional career law enforce4 ment officers for deployment in community-oriented
5 policing across the Nation.

6 "(c) ADDITIONAL GRANT PROJECTS.—Grants made
7 under subsection (a) may include programs, projects, and
8 other activities to—

9 "(1) increase the number of law enforcement 10 officers involved in activities that are focused on 11 interaction with members of the community on 12 proactive crime control and prevention by redeploy-13 ing officers to such activities;

"(2) provide specialized training to law enforcement officers to enhance their conflict resolution,
mediation, problem solving, service, and other skills
needed to work in partnership with members of the
community;

19 "(3) increase police participation in multidisci-20 plinary early intervention teams;

21 "(4) develop new technologies to assist State
22 and local law enforcement agencies in reorienting
23 the emphasis of their activities from reacting to
24 crime to preventing crime;

 "(5) develop and implement innovative programs to permit members of the community to assist
 State and local law enforcement agencies in the prevention of crime in the community;

5 "(6) establish innovative programs to reduce, 6 and keep to a minimum, the amount of time that 7 law enforcement officers must be away from the 8 community while awaiting court appearances;

9 "(7) establish and implement innovative pro-10 grams to increase and enhance proactive crime con-11 trol and prevention programs involving law enforce-12 ment officers and young persons in the community; 13 and

14 "(8) develop and establish new administrative
15 and managerial systems to facilitate the adoption of
16 community-oriented policing as an organization-wide
17 philosophy.

18 "(d) PREFERENTIAL CONSIDERATION OF APPLICA-19 TIONS FOR CERTAIN GRANTS.—In awarding grants under 20 this part, the Attorney General may give preferential con-21 sideration to grants for hiring and rehiring additional ca-22 reer law enforcement officers that involve a non-Federal 23 contribution exceeding the 25 percent minimum under 24 subsection (h). "(e) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—(1) The Attorney
 General may provide technical assistance to units of State
 and local government, and to other public and private enti ties, in furtherance of the purposes of the Public Safety
 Partnership and Community Policing Act of 1993.

6 "(2) The technical assistance provided by the Attor-7 ney General may include the development of a flexible 8 model that will define for State and local governments, 9 and other public and private entities, definitions and strat-10 egies associated with community or problem-oriented po-11 licing and methodologies for its implementation.

12 "(3) The technical assistance provided by the Attorney General may include the establishment and operation 13 of training centers or facilities, either directly or by con-14 tracting or cooperative arrangements. The functions of the 15 centers or facilities established under this paragraph may 16 include instruction and seminars for police executives, 17 managers, trainers and supervisors concerning community 18 19 or problem-oriented policing and improvements in police-20 community interaction and cooperation that further the 21 purposes of the Public Safety Partnership and Community 22 Policing Act of 1993.

23 "(f) UTILIZATION OF COMPONENTS.—The Attorney
24 General may utilize any component or components of the
25 Department of Justice in carrying out this part.

"(g) MINIMUM AMOUNT.—Each qualifying State, to-1 gether with grantees within the State, shall receive in each 2 3 fiscal year pursuant to subsection (a) not less than 0.5 percent of the total amount appropriated in the fiscal year 4 for grants pursuant to that subsection. In this subsection, 5 'qualifying State' means any State which has submitted 6 7 an application for a grant, or in which an eligible entity has submitted an application for a grant, which meets the 8 9 requirements prescribed by the Attorney General and the 10 conditions set out in this part.

"(h) MATCHING FUNDS.—The portion of the costs 11 of a program, project, or activity provided by a grant 12 under subsection (a) may not exceed 75 percent, unless 13 the Attorney General waives, wholly or in part, the re-14 15 quirement under this subsection of a non-Federal contribution to the costs of a program, project, or activity. 16 In relation to a grant for a period exceeding 1 year for 17 hiring or rehiring career law enforcement officers, the 18 Federal share shall decrease from year to year, looking 19 toward the continuation of the increased hiring level using 20 State or local sources of funding following the conclusion 21 22 of Federal support, as provided in an approved plan pursuant to section 1702(c)(8). 23

"(i) ALLOCATION OF FUNDS.—The funds available
 under this part shall be allocated as provided in section
 1001(a)(11)(B).

4 "(j) Termination of Grants for Hiring Offi-CERS.—The authority under subsection (a) of this section 5 to make grants for the hiring and rehiring of additional 6 career law enforcement officers shall lapse at the conclu-7 sion of 6 years from the date of enactment of this part. 8 9 Prior to the expiration of this grant authority, the Attor-10 ney General shall submit a report to Congress concerning the experience with and effects of such grants. The report 11 may include any recommendations the Attorney General 12 may have for amendments to this part and related provi-13 sions of law in light of the termination of the authority 14 to make grants for the hiring and rehiring of additional 15 career law enforcement officers. 16

17 "SEC. 1702. APPLICATIONS.

18 "(a) IN GENERAL.—No grant may be made under
19 this part unless an application has been submitted to, and
20 approved by, the Attorney General.

"(b) APPLICATION.—An application for a grant
under this part shall be submitted in such form, and contain such information, as the Attorney General may prescribe by regulation or guidelines.

"(c) CONTENTS.—In accordance with the regulations
 or guidelines established by the Attorney General, each ap plication for a grant under this part shall—

4 "(1) include a long-term strategy and detailed
5 implementation plan that reflects consultation with
6 community groups and appropriate private and pub7 lic agencies and reflects consideration of the state8 wide strategy under section 503(a)(1);

9 ''(2) demonstrate a specific public safety need;
10 ''(3) explain the locality's inability to address
11 the need without Federal assistance;

12 "(4) identify related governmental and commu13 nity initiatives which complement or will be coordi14 nated with the proposal;

15 "(5) certify that there has been appropriate co-ordination with all affected agencies;

17 "(6) outline the initial and ongoing level of
18 community support for implementing the proposal
19 including financial and in-kind contributions or
20 other tangible commitments;

21 "(7) specify plans for obtaining necessary sup22 port and continuing the proposed program, project,
23 or activity following the conclusion of Federal sup24 port; and

1 "(8) if the application is for a grant for hiring 2 or rehiring additional career law enforcement offi-3 cers—

4 "(A) specify plans for the assumption by
5 the grantee of a progressively larger share of
6 the cost in the course of time, looking toward
7 the continuation of the increased hiring level
8 using State or local sources of funding following
9 the conclusion of Federal support;

10 "(B) assess the impact, if any, of the in11 crease in police resources on other components
12 of the criminal justice system; and

"(C) explain how the grant will be utilized
to reorient the affected law enforcement agency's mission toward community-oriented policing or enhance its involvement in or commitment to community-oriented policing.

18 "SEC. 1703. REVIEW OF APPLICATIONS BY STATE OFFICE.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection
(c) or (d), an applicant for a grant under this part shall
submit an application to the State office designated under
section 507 in the State in which the applicant is located
for initial review.

24 "(b) INITIAL REVIEW OF APPLICATION.—(1) The
25 State office referred to in subsection (a) shall review appli-

cations for grants under this part submitted to it, based
 upon criteria specified by the Attorney General by regula tion or guidelines.

4 "(2) Upon completion of the reviews required by 5 paragraph (1), the State office referred to in subsection 6 (a) shall determine which, if any, of the applications for 7 grants under this part are most likely to be successful in 8 achieving the purposes of the Public Safety Partnership 9 and Community Policing Act of 1993.

10 "(3)(A) The State office referred to in subsection (a) 11 shall list the applications for grants under this part in 12 order of their likelihood of achieving the purposes of the 13 Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Act 14 of 1993 and shall submit the list along with all grant ap-15 plications and supporting materials received to the Attor-16 ney General.

17 "(B) In making the submission to the Attorney Gen-18 eral required by subparagraph (A), the State office re-19 ferred to in subsection (a) may recommend that a particu-20 lar application or applications should receive special prior-21 ity and provide supporting reasons for the recommenda-22 tion.

23 "(c) DIRECT APPLICATION TO THE ATTORNEY GEN24 ERAL BY CERTAIN MUNICIPALITIES.—Notwithstanding
25 subsection (a), municipalities the population of which ex-

ceeds 150,000 may submit an application for a grant 1 under this part directly to the Attorney General. In this 2 subsection, 'municipalities the population of which exceeds 3 4 150,000' means units of local government or law enforcement agencies having jurisdiction over areas with popu-5 lations exceeding 150,000, and consortia or associations 6 7 that include one or more such units of local government or law enforcement agencies. 8

9 "(d) DIRECT APPLICATION TO THE ATTORNEY GEN-10 ERAL BY OTHER APPLICANTS.—Notwithstanding sub-11 section (a), if a State chooses not to carry out the func-12 tions described in subsection (b), an applicant in the State 13 may submit an application for a grant under this part di-14 rectly to the Attorney General.

15 "SEC. 1704. RENEWAL OF GRANTS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Except for grants made for hir-16 ing or rehiring additional career law enforcement officers, 17 a grant under this part may be renewed for up to 2 addi-18 tional years after the first fiscal year during which a recip-19 ient receives its initial grant, if the Attorney General de-20 termines that the funds made available to the recipient 21 were used in a manner required under an approved appli-22 23 cation and if the recipient can demonstrate significant 24 progress in achieving the objectives of the initial applica-25 tion.

"(b) GRANTS FOR HIRING.—Grants made for hiring
 or rehiring additional career law enforcement officers may
 be renewed for up to 5 years, subject to the requirements
 of subsection (a), but notwithstanding the limitation in
 that subsection concerning the number of years for which
 grants may be renewed.

7 "(c) MULTIYEAR GRANTS.—A grant for a period ex-8 ceeding 1 year may be renewed as provided in this section, 9 except that the total duration of such a grant including 10 any renewals may not exceed 3 years, or 6 years if it is 11 a grant made for hiring or rehiring additional career law 12 enforcement officers.

13 "SEC. 1705. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS.

14 "(a) NONSUPPLANTING REQUIREMENT.—Funds
15 made available under this part to State or local govern16 ments shall not be used to supplant State or local funds,
17 but shall be used to increase the amount of funds that
18 would, in the absence of Federal funds, be made available
19 from State or local sources.

20 "(b) ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—No more than 5 per21 cent of the funds available under this part may be used
22 for the costs of States in carrying out the functions de23 scribed in section 1703(b) or other administrative costs.
24 "(c) NON-FEDERAL COSTS.—State and local units of
25 government may use assets received through the Assets

Forfeiture equitable sharing program to cover the non Federal portion of programs, projects, and activities fund ed under this part.

4 "(d) HIRING COSTS.—Funding provided under this
5 part for hiring or rehiring a career law enforcement officer
6 may not exceed \$75,000, unless the Attorney General
7 grants a waiver from this limitation.

8 "SEC. 1706. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION.

"(a) EVALUATION COMPONENTS.—Each program, 9 project, or activity funded under this part shall contain 10 an evaluation component, developed pursuant to guidelines 11 established by the Attorney General. The evaluations re-12 quired by this subsection shall include outcome measures 13 that can be used to determine the effectiveness of the 14 funded programs, projects, and activities. Outcome meas-15 ures may include crime and victimization indicators, qual-16 ity of life measures, community perceptions, and police 17 perceptions of their own work. 18

19 "(b) PERIODIC REVIEW AND REPORTS.—The Attor-20 ney General shall review the performance of each grant 21 recipient under this part. The Attorney General may re-22 quire a grant recipient to submit to the Attorney General 23 the results of the evaluations required under subsection 24 (a) and such other data and information as the Attorney General deems reasonably necessary to carry out the re sponsibilities under this subsection.

3 "SEC. 1707. REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION OF FUNDING.

4 "If the Attorney General determines, as a result of 5 the reviews required by section 1706, or otherwise, that 6 a grant recipient under this part is not in substantial com-7 pliance with the terms and requirements of an approved 8 grant application submitted under section 1702, the Attor-9 ney General may revoke or suspend funding of that grant, 10 in whole or in part.

11 "SEC. 1708. ACCESS TO DOCUMENTS.

12 "(a) By the Attorney General.—The Attorney 13 General shall have access for the purpose of audit and examination to any pertinent books, documents, papers, or 14 records of a grant recipient under this part and to the 15 pertinent books, documents, papers, or records of State 16 17 and local governments, persons, businesses, and other entities that are involved in programs, projects, or activities 18 for which assistance is provided under this part. 19

20 "(b) BY THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL.—Subsection
21 (a) shall apply with respect to audits and examinations
22 conducted by the Comptroller General of the United
23 States or by an authorized representative of the Comptrol24 ler General.

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1 "SEC. 1709. GENERAL REGULATORY AUTHORITY.

2 "The Attorney General may promulgate regulations3 and guidelines to carry out this part.

4 **"SEC. 1710. DEFINITION.**

5 "In this part, 'career law enforcement officer' means 6 a person hired on a permanent basis who is authorized 7 by law or by a State or local public agency to engage in 8 or supervise the prevention, detection, or investigation of 9 violations of criminal laws.".

10 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents 11 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets 12 Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711, et seq.) is amended by strik-13 ing the item relating to part Q and inserting the following:

"Part Q—Public Safety and Community Policing; 'Cops on the Beat'

"Sec. 1701. Authority to make public safety and community policing grants.

- "Sec. 1702. Applications.
- "Sec. 1703. Review of applications by State office.
- "Sec. 1704. Renewal of grants.
- "Sec. 1705. Limitation on use of funds.
- "Sec. 1706. Performance evaluation.
- "Sec. 1707. Revocation or suspension of funding.
- "Sec. 1708. Access to documents.
- "Sec. 1709. General regulatory authority.
- "Sec. 1710. Definition.

"PART R—TRANSITION; EFFECTIVE DATE; REPEALER

"Sec. 1801. Continuation of rules, authorities, and proceedings.".

14 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section

15 1001(a) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe

16 Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3793) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (3) by striking "and O" and incerting "O \mathbf{P} and O" and
incenting "O. D. and O", and
inserting ''O, P, and Q''; and
(2) by adding at the end the following new
paragraph:
"(11)(A) There are authorized to be appropriated to
carry out part Q, to remain available until expended—
''(i) \$200,000,000 for fiscal year 1994;
"(ii) \$650,000,000 for fiscal year 1995;
''(iii) \$650,000,000 for fiscal year 1996;
''(iv) \$650,000,000 for fiscal year 1997;
''(v) \$650,000,000 for fiscal year 1998; and
''(vi) \$650,000,000 for fiscal year 1999.
''(B) Of funds available under part Q in any
fiscal year, up to 5 percent may be used for tech-
nical assistance under section 1701(e) or for evalua-
tions or studies carried out or commissioned by the
Attorney General in furtherance of the purposes of
part Q, and up to 5 percent may be used for the
costs of States in carrying out the functions de-
scribed in section 1703 (b) or other administrative
costs. Of the remaining funds, 60 percent shall be
allocated for grants pursuant to applications submit-
ted as provided in section 1703 (a) or (d), and 40
percent shall be allocated for grants pursuant to ap-
plications submitted as provided in section 1703(c).

Of the funds available in relation to grants pursuant 1 2 to applications submitted as provided in section 1703 (a) or (d), at least 85 percent shall be applied 3 4 to grants for the purposes specified in section 1701(b), and no more than 15 percent may be ap-5 6 plied to other grants in furtherance of the purposes 7 of part Q. Of the funds available in relation to grants pursuant to applications submitted as pro-8 9 vided in section 1703(c), at least 85 percent shall be applied to grants for the purposes specified in sec-10 11 tion 1701(b), and no more than 15 percent may be 12 applied to other grants in furtherance of the purposes of part Q.". 13

14 TITLE II—DEATH PENALTY

15 **SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.**

16 This title may be cited as the "Federal Death Penalty17 Act of 1993".

18 SEC. 202. CONSTITUTIONAL PROCEDURES FOR THE IMPO-

19 SITION OF THE SENTENCE OF DEATH.

20 (a) IN GENERAL.—Part II of title 18, United States21 Code, is amended by inserting after chapter 227 the fol-

22 lowing new chapter:

23 **"CHAPTER 228—DEATH SENTENCE**

"Sec.

"3591. Sentence of death.

"3592. Mitigating and aggravating factors to be considered in determining whether a sentence of death is justified.

"3593. Special hearing to determine whether a sentence of death is justified.

"3594. Imposition of a sentence of death."3595. Review of a sentence of death."3596. Implementation of a sentence of death.

"3597. Use of State facilities.

 $``3598. \ \ Special \ provisions \ for \ Indian \ country.$

1 "§ 3591. Sentence of death

2 "A defendant who has been found guilty of—

3 "(1) an offense described in section 794 or sec4 tion 2381:

5 "(2) an offense described in section 1751(c), if 6 the offense, as determined beyond a reasonable 7 doubt at the hearing under section 3593, constitutes 8 an attempt to intentionally kill the President of the 9 United States and results in bodily injury to the 10 President or comes dangerously close to causing the 11 death of the President; or

"(3) any other offense for which a sentence of
death is provided, if the defendant, as determined
beyond a reasonable doubt at the hearing under section 3593—

16 "(A) intentionally killed the victim;

"(B) intentionally inflicted serious bodily
injury that resulted in the death of the victim;
"(C) intentionally participated in an act,
contemplating that the life of a person would be
taken or intending that lethal force would be
used in connection with a person, other than

1	one of the participants in the offense, and the
2	victim died as a direct result of the act; or
3	''(D) intentionally and specifically engaged
4	in an act, knowing that the act created a grave
5	risk of death to a person, other than one of the
6	participants in the offense, such that participa-
7	tion in the act constituted a reckless disregard
8	for human life and the victim died as a direct
9	result of the act,
10	shall be sentenced to death if, after consideration of the
11	factors set forth in section 3592 in the course of a hearing
12	held pursuant to section 3593, it is determined that impo-
13	sition of a sentence of death is justified, except that no
14	person may be sentenced to death who was less than 18
15	years of age at the time of the offense.
16	"§3592. Mitigating and aggravating factors to be con-
17	sidered in determining whether a sen-
18	tence of death is justified
19	"(a) MITIGATING FACTORS.—In determining wheth-
20	er a sentence of death is to be imposed on a defendant,
21	the finder of fact shall consider any mitigating factor, in-
22	cluding the following:
23	"(1) IMPAIRED CAPACITY.—The defendant's ca-
24	pacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the defend-
25	ant's conduct or to conform conduct to the require-

ments of law was significantly impaired, regardless
 of whether the capacity was so impaired as to con stitute a defense to the charge.
 "(2) DURESS.—The defendant was under un usual and substantial duress, regardless of whether

the duress was of such a degree as to constitute a

7 defense to the charge.

6

8 "(3) MINOR PARTICIPATION.—The defendant is 9 punishable as a principal in the offense, which was 10 committed by another, but the defendant's participa-11 tion was relatively minor, regardless of whether the 12 participation was so minor as to constitute a defense 13 to the charge.

14 "(4) EQUALLY CULPABLE DEFENDANTS.—An15 other defendant or defendants, equally culpable in
16 the crime, will not be punished by death.

17 "(5) NO PRIOR CRIMINAL RECORD.—The de18 fendant did not have a significant prior history of
19 other criminal conduct.

20 "(6) DISTURBANCE.—The defendant committed
21 the offense under severe mental or emotional dis22 turbance.

23 "(7) VICTIM'S CONSENT.—The victim consented
24 to the criminal conduct that resulted in the victim's
25 death.

"(8) OTHER FACTORS.—Other factors in the
 defendant's background, record, or character or any
 other circumstance of the offense that mitigate
 against imposition of the death sentence.

5 "(b) AGGRAVATING FACTORS FOR ESPIONAGE AND 6 TREASON.—In determining whether a sentence of death 7 is justified for an offense described in section 3591(1), the 8 jury, or if there is no jury, the court, shall consider each 9 of the following aggravating factors for which notice has 10 been given and determine which, if any, exist:

"(1) PRIOR ESPIONAGE OR TREASON OFFENSE.—The defendant has previously been convicted of another offense involving espionage or treason for which a sentence of either life imprisonment
or death was authorized by law.

16 "(2) GRAVE RISK TO NATIONAL SECURITY.—In
17 the commission of the offense the defendant know18 ingly created a grave risk of substantial danger to
19 the national security.

20 "(3) GRAVE RISK OF DEATH.—In the commis21 sion of the offense the defendant knowingly created
22 a grave risk of death to another person.

23 The jury, or if there is no jury, the court, may consider24 whether any other aggravating factor for which notice has25 been given exists.

1 "(c) AGGRAVATING FACTORS FOR HOMICIDE AND 2 FOR ATTEMPTED MURDER OF THE PRESIDENT.—In de-3 termining whether a sentence of death is justified for an 4 offense described in section 3591 (2) or (3), the jury, or 5 if there is no jury, the court, shall consider each of the 6 following aggravating factors for which notice has been 7 given and determine which, if any, exist:

"(1) DEATH DURING COMMISSION OF ANOTHER 8 9 CRIME.—The death, or injury resulting in death, oc-10 curred during the commission or attempted commis-11 sion of, or during the immediate flight from the commission of, an offense under section 32 (destruc-12 13 tion of aircraft or aircraft facilities), section 33 (destruction of motor vehicles or motor vehicle facili-14 15 ties), section 36 (violence at international airports), 16 section 351 (violence against Members of Congress, 17 Cabinet officers, or Supreme Court Justices), an of-18 fense under section 751 (prisoners in custody of in-19 stitution or officer), section 794 (gathering or deliv-20 ering defense information to aid foreign government), section 844(d) (transportation of explosives 21 22 in interstate commerce for certain purposes), section 844(f) (destruction of Government property by ex-23 24 plosives), section 1118 (prisoners serving life term), 25 section 1201 (kidnaping), section 844(i) (destruction

of property affecting interstate commerce by explo-1 2 sives), section 1116 (killing or attempted killing of 3 diplomats), section 1203 (hostage taking), section 4 1992 (wrecking trains), section 2280 (maritime vio-5 lence), section 2281 (maritime platform violence), 6 section 2332 (terrorist acts abroad against United 7 States nationals), section 2339 (use of weapons of 8 mass destruction), or section 2381 (treason) of this 9 title, or section 902 (i) or (n) of the Federal Avia-10 tion Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1472 (i) or (n)) (air-11 craft piracy).

"(2) INVOLVEMENT OF FIREARM OR PREVIOUS
CONVICTION OF VIOLENT FELONY INVOLVING FIREARM.—For any offense, other than an offense for
which a sentence of death is sought on the basis of
section 924(c), the defendant—

17 (A) during and in relation to the commis18 sion of the offense or in escaping or attempting
19 to escape apprehension used or possessed a fire20 arm (as defined in section 921); or

(B) has previously been convicted of a
Federal or State offense punishable by a term
of imprisonment of more than 1 year, involving
the use or attempted or threatened use of a

firearm (as defined in section 921) against an other person.

"(3) PREVIOUS CONVICTION OF OFFENSE FOR
WHICH A SENTENCE OF DEATH OR LIFE IMPRISONMENT WAS AUTHORIZED.—The defendant has previously been convicted of another Federal or State
offense resulting in the death of a person, for which
a sentence of life imprisonment or a sentence of
death was authorized by statute.

"(4) PREVIOUS CONVICTION OF OTHER SERIOUS OFFENSES.—The defendant has previously been
convicted of 2 or more Federal or State offenses,
punishable by a term of imprisonment of more than
1 year, committed on different occasions, involving
the infliction of, or attempted infliction of, serious
bodily injury or death upon another person.

"(5) GRAVE RISK OF DEATH TO ADDITIONAL
PERSONS.—The defendant, in the commission of the
offense, or in escaping apprehension for the violation
of the offense, knowingly created a grave risk of
death to 1 or more persons in addition to the victim
of the offense.

23 "(6) HEINOUS, CRUEL, OR DEPRAVED MANNER
24 OF COMMITTING OFFENSE.—The defendant commit25 ted the offense in an especially heinous, cruel, or de-

praved manner in that it involved torture or serious physical abuse to the victim. "(7) PROCUREMENT OF OFFENSE BY PAY-MENT.—The defendant procured the commission of the offense by payment, or promise of payment, of

the offense by payment, or promise of payment, oanything of pecuniary value.

7 "(8) PECUNIARY GAIN.—The defendant com8 mitted the offense as consideration for the receipt,
9 or in the expectation of the receipt, of anything of
10 pecuniary value.

11 "(9) SUBSTANTIAL PLANNING AND
12 PREMEDITATION.—The defendant committed the of13 fense after substantial planning and premeditation
14 to cause the death of a person or commit an act of
15 terrorism.

"(10) CONVICTION FOR TWO FELONY DRUG OFFENSES.—The defendant has previously been convicted of 2 or more State or Federal offenses punishable by a term of imprisonment of more than one
year, committed on different occasions, involving the
distribution of a controlled substance.

22 "(11) VULNERABILITY OF VICTIM.—The victim
23 was particularly vulnerable due to old age, youth, or
24 infirmity.

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"(12) 1 CONVICTION FOR SERIOUS FEDERAL 2 DRUG OFFENSES.—The defendant had previously been convicted of violating title II or III of the Con-3 trolled Substances Act for which a sentence of 5 or 4 5 more years may be imposed or had previously been 6 convicted of engaging in a continuing criminal enter-7 prise.

8 "(13) CONTINUING CRIMINAL ENTERPRISE IN-9 VOLVING DRUG SALES TO MINORS.—The defendant committed the offense in the course of engaging in 10 11 a continuing criminal enterprise in violation of section 408(c) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 12 13 U.S.C. 848(c)), and that violation involved the dis-14 tribution of drugs to persons under the age of 21 in 15 violation of section 418 of that Act (21 U.S.C. 859).

16 "(14) HIGH PUBLIC OFFICIALS.—The defend17 ant committed the offense against—

18 "(A) the President of the United States, 19 the President-elect, the Vice President, the 20 Vice-President-elect, the Vice-President-des-21 ignate, or, if there is no Vice President, the of-22 ficer next in order of succession to the office of the President of the United States, or any per-23 24 son who is acting as President under the Con-25 stitution and laws of the United States:

1	"(B) a chief of state, head of government,
2	or the political equivalent, of a foreign nation;
3	"(C) a foreign official listed in section
4	1116(b)(3)(A), if the official is in the United
5	States on official business; or
6	''(D) a Federal public servant who is a
7	judge, a law enforcement officer, or an em-
8	ployee of a United States penal or correctional
9	institution—
10	''(i) while he or she is engaged in the
11	performance of his or her official duties;
12	"(ii) because of the performance of his
13	or her official duties; or
14	"(iii) because of his or her status as
15	a public servant.
16	For purposes of this subparagraph, a 'law en-
17	forcement officer' is a public servant authorized
18	by law or by a Government agency or Congress
19	to conduct or engage in the prevention, inves-
20	tigation, or prosecution or adjudication of an
21	offense, and includes those engaged in correc-
22	tions, parole, or probation functions.
23	The jury, or if there is no jury, the court, may consider
24	whether any other aggravating factor for which notice has
25	been given exists.

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3 "(a) NOTICE BY THE GOVERNMENT.—If, in a case involving an offense described in section 3591, the attor-4 ney for the government believes that the circumstances of 5 the offense are such that a sentence of death is justified 6 7 under this chapter, the attorney shall, a reasonable time before the trial or before acceptance by the court of a plea 8 9 of guilty, sign and file with the court, and serve on the 10 defendant, a notice—

11 "(1) stating that the government believes that 12 the circumstances of the offense are such that, if the 13 defendant is convicted, a sentence of death is justi-14 fied under this chapter and that the government will 15 seek the sentence of death; and

"(2) setting forth the aggravating factor or factors that the government, if the defendant is convicted, proposes to prove as justifying a sentence of
death.

20 The factors for which notice is provided under this sub-21 section may include factors concerning the effect of the 22 offense on the victim and the victim's family, and may 23 include oral testimony, a victim impact statement that 24 identifies the victim of the offense and the extent and 25 scope of the injury and loss suffered by the victim and 26 the victim's family, and any other relevant information. The court may permit the attorney for the government
 to amend the notice upon a showing of good cause.

3 "(b) HEARING BEFORE A COURT OR JURY.—If the attorney for the government has filed a notice as required 4 under subsection (a) and the defendant is found guilty of 5 or pleads guilty to an offense described in section 3591, 6 7 the judge who presided at the trial or before whom the guilty plea was entered, or another judge if that judge is 8 unavailable, shall conduct a separate sentencing hearing 9 to determine the punishment to be imposed. The hearing 10 shall be conducted— 11

12 "(1) before the jury that determined the de-13 fendant's guilt;

14 "(2) before a jury impaneled for the purpose of15 the hearing if—

16 "(A) the defendant was convicted upon a17 plea of guilty;

18 ''(B) the defendant was convicted after a
19 trial before the court sitting without a jury;
20 ''(C) the jury that determined the defend-

21 ant's guilt was discharged for good cause; or

22 "(D) after initial imposition of a sentence
23 under this section, reconsideration of the sen24 tence under this section is necessary; or

"(3) before the court alone, upon the motion of
 the defendant and with the approval of the attorney
 for the government.

4 A jury impaneled pursuant to paragraph (2) shall consist
5 of 12 members, unless, at any time before the conclusion
6 of the hearing, the parties stipulate, with the approval of
7 the court, that it shall consist of a lesser number.

8 "(c) Proof of Mitigating and Aggravating Fac-TORS.—Notwithstanding rule 32(c) of the Federal Rules 9 of Criminal Procedure, when a defendant is found guilty 10 or pleads guilty to an offense under section 3591, no 11 presentence report shall be prepared. At the sentencing 12 hearing, information may be presented as to any matter 13 relevant to the sentence, including any mitigating or ag-14 gravating factor permitted or required to be considered 15 under section 3592. Information presented may include 16 the trial transcript and exhibits if the hearing is held be-17 fore a jury or judge not present during the trial. The de-18 fendant may present any information relevant to a miti-19 20 gating factor. The government may present any informa-21 tion relevant to an aggravating factor for which notice has 22 been provided under subsection (a). The government and the defendant shall be permitted to rebut any information 23 24 received at the hearing, and shall be given fair opportunity 25 to present argument as to the adequacy of the information

to establish the existence of any aggravating or mitigating 1 factor, and as to the appropriateness in the case of impos-2 ing a sentence of death. The government shall open the 3 4 argument. The defendant shall be permitted to reply. The 5 government shall then be permitted to reply in rebuttal. The burden of establishing the existence of any aggravat-6 7 ing factor is on the government, and is not satisfied unless the existence of such a factor is established beyond a rea-8 9 sonable doubt. The burden of establishing the existence of any mitigating factor is on the defendant, and is not 10 satisfied unless the existence of such a factor is established 11 by a preponderance of the information. 12

"(d) RETURN OF SPECIAL FINDINGS.—The jury, or 13 if there is no jury, the court, shall consider all the informa-14 tion received during the hearing. It shall return special 15 findings identifying any aggravating factor or factors set 16 forth in section 3592 found to exist and any other aggra-17 vating factor for which notice has been provided under 18 subsection (a) found to exist. A finding with respect to 19 a mitigating factor may be made by 1 or more members 2021 of the jury, and any member of the jury who finds the 22 existence of a mitigating factor may consider such factor established for purposes of this section regardless of the 23 number of jurors who concur that the factor has been es-24 tablished. A finding with respect to any aggravating factor 25

must be unanimous. If no aggravating factor set forth in
 section 3592 is found to exist, the court shall impose a
 sentence other than death authorized by law.

4 "(e) RETURN OF A FINDING CONCERNING A SEN5 TENCE OF DEATH.—If, in the case of—

6 ''(1) an offense described in section 3591(1), an
7 aggravating factor required to be considered under
8 section 3592(b) is found to exist; or

9 "(2) an offense described in section 3591 (2) or
10 (3), an aggravating factor required to be considered
11 under section 3592(c) is found to exist,

the jury, or if there is no jury, the court, shall consider 12 whether all the aggravating factor or factors found to exist 13 sufficiently outweigh all the mitigating factor or factors 14 15 found to exist to justify a sentence of death, or, in the absence of a mitigating factor, whether the aggravating 16 factor or factors alone are sufficient to justify a sentence 17 of death. Based upon this consideration, the jury by unan-18 imous vote, or if there is no jury, the court, shall rec-19 ommend whether the defendant should be sentenced to 20 death, to life imprisonment without possibility of release 21 22 or some other lesser sentence. The jury or the court, if there is no jury, regardless of its findings with respect to 23 24 aggravating and mitigating factors, is never required to impose a death sentence and the jury shall be so in structed.

3 "(f) Special Precaution To Ensure Against DISCRIMINATION.—In a hearing held before a jury, the 4 court, prior to the return of a finding under subsection 5 (e), shall instruct the jury that, in considering whether 6 7 a sentence of death is justified, it shall not consider the race, color, religious beliefs, national origin, or sex of the 8 9 defendant or of any victim and that the jury is not to recommend a sentence of death unless it has concluded that 10 it would recommend a sentence of death for the crime in 11 question no matter what the race, color, religious beliefs, 12 national origin, or sex of the defendant or of any victim 13 may be. The jury, upon return of a finding under sub-14 15 section (e), shall also return to the court a certificate, signed by each juror, that consideration of the race, color, 16 religious beliefs, national origin, or sex of the defendant 17 or any victim was not involved in reaching his or her indi-18 vidual decision and that the individual juror would have 19 made the same recommendation regarding a sentence for 20 the crime in question no matter what the race, color, reli-21 gious beliefs, national origin, or sex of the defendant or 22 23 any victim may be.

1 "§ 3594. Imposition of a sentence of death

2 "Upon a recommendation under section 3593(e) that the defendant should be sentenced to death or life impris-3 onment without possibility of release, the court shall sen-4 tence the defendant accordingly. Otherwise, the court shall 5 impose any lesser sentence that is authorized by law. Not-6 withstanding any other law, if the maximum term of im-7 prisonment for the offense is life imprisonment, the court 8 9 may impose a sentence of life imprisonment without possi-10 bility of release.

11 "§ 3595. Review of a sentence of death

12 "(a) APPEAL.—In a case in which a sentence of death 13 is imposed, the sentence shall be subject to review by the 14 court of appeals upon appeal by the defendant. Notice of 15 appeal must be filed within the time specified for the filing 16 of a notice of appeal. An appeal under this section may 17 be consolidated with an appeal of the judgment of convic-18 tion and shall have priority over all other cases.

19 "(b) REVIEW.—The court of appeals shall review the20 entire record in the case, including—

21 "(1) the evidence submitted during the trial;

22 "(2) the information submitted during the sen-23 tencing hearing;

24 "(3) the procedures employed in the sentencing25 hearing; and

"(4) the special findings returned under section
 3593(d).

3 "(c) DECISION AND DISPOSITION.—

"(1) The court of appeals shall address all sub-4 5 stantive and procedural issues raised on the appeal 6 of a sentence of death, and shall consider whether 7 the sentence of death was imposed under the influence of passion, prejudice, or any other arbitrary 8 factor and whether the evidence supports the special 9 finding of the existence of an aggravating factor re-10 quired to be considered under section 3592. 11

12 "(2) Whenever the court of appeals finds13 that—

14 ''(A) the sentence of death was imposed
15 under the influence of passion, prejudice, or any
16 other arbitrary factor;

17 "(B) the admissible evidence and informa18 tion adduced does not support the special find19 ing of the existence of the required aggravating
20 factor; or

21 "(C) the proceedings involved any other
22 legal error requiring reversal of the sentence
23 that was properly preserved for appeal under
24 the rules of criminal procedure,

the court shall remand the case for reconsideration
 under section 3593 or imposition of a sentence other
 than death.

4 "(3) The court of appeals shall state in writing
5 the reasons for its disposition of an appeal of a sen6 tence of death under this section.

7 "§ 3596. Implementation of a sentence of death

"(a) IN GENERAL.—A person who has been sen-8 9 tenced to death pursuant to this chapter shall be committed to the custody of the Attorney General until exhaus-10 tion of the procedures for appeal of the judgment of con-11 viction and for review of the sentence. When the sentence 12 is to be implemented, the Attorney General shall release 13 the person sentenced to death to the custody of a United 14 15 States marshal, who shall supervise implementation of the sentence in the manner prescribed by the law of the State 16 in which the sentence is imposed. If the law of the State 17 does not provide for implementation of a sentence of 18 death, the court shall designate another State, the law of 19 which does provide for the implementation of a sentence 20 of death, and the sentence shall be implemented in the 21 22 latter State in the manner prescribed by such law.

23 "(b) PREGNANT WOMAN.—A sentence of death shall24 not be carried out upon a woman while she is pregnant.

"(c) MENTAL CAPACITY.—A sentence of death shall
 not be carried out upon a person who is mentally retarded.
 A sentence of death shall not be carried out upon a person
 who, as a result of mental disability, lacks the mental ca pacity to understand the death penalty and why it was
 imposed on that person.

7 "§ 3597. Use of State facilities

8 "(a) IN GENERAL.—A United States marshal 9 charged with supervising the implementation of a sentence 10 of death may use appropriate State or local facilities for 11 the purpose, may use the services of an appropriate State 12 or local official or of a person such an official employs 13 for the purpose, and shall pay the costs thereof in an 14 amount approved by the Attorney General.

15 "(b) Excuse of an Employee on Moral or Reli-GIOUS GROUNDS.—No employee of any State department 16 of corrections, the United States Department of Justice, 17 the Federal Bureau of Prisons, or the United States Mar-18 shals Service, and no employee providing services to that 19 department, bureau, or service under contract shall be re-20 21 quired, as a condition of that employment or contractual obligation, to be in attendance at or to participate in any 22 prosecution or execution under this section if such partici-23 24 pation is contrary to the moral or religious convictions of 25 the employee. In this subsection, 'participation in executions' includes personal preparation of the condemned in dividual and the apparatus used for execution and super vision of the activities of other personnel in carrying out
 such activities.

5 "§ 3598. Special provisions for Indian country

6 "Notwithstanding sections 1152 and 1153, no person 7 subject to the criminal jurisdiction of an Indian tribal gov-8 ernment shall be subject to a capital sentence under this 9 chapter for any offense the Federal jurisdiction for which 10 is predicated solely on Indian country (as defined in section 1151 of this title) and which has occurred within the 11 boundaries of Indian country, unless the governing body 12 of the tribe has elected that this chapter have effect over 13 land and persons subject to its criminal jurisdiction.". 14

15 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The part analysis for 16 part II of title 18, United States Code, is amended by 17 inserting after the item relating to chapter 227 the follow-18 ing new item:

19SEC. 203. SPECIFIC OFFENSES FOR WHICH DEATH PEN-20ALTY IS AUTHORIZED.

ALTY IS AUTHORIZED.

21 (a) CONFORMING CHANGES IN TITLE 18.—Title 18,
22 United States Code, is amended as follows:

23 (1) AIRCRAFT AND MOTOR VEHICLES.—Section
24 34 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by
25 striking the comma after "imprisonment for life",
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inserting a period, and striking the remainder of the
 section.

(2) ESPIONAGE.—Section 794(a) of title 18, 3 4 United States Code, is amended by striking the period at the end of the section and inserting ", except 5 6 that the sentence of death shall not be imposed un-7 less the jury or, if there is no jury, the court, further finds that the offense directly concerned nuclear 8 weaponry, military spacecraft or satellites, early 9 10 warning systems, or other means of defense or retal-11 iation against large-scale attack; war plans; communications intelligence or cryptographic information; 12 or any other major weapons system or major ele-13 14 ment of defense strategy.".

(3) EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS.—(A) Section
844(d) of title 18, United States Code, is amended
by striking "as provided in section 34 of this title".
(B) Section 844(f) of title 18, United States
Code, is amended by striking "as provided in section
34 of this title".

21 (C) Section 844(i) of title 18, United States
22 Code, is amended by striking "as provided in section
23 34 of this title".

(4) MURDER.—The second undesignated para graph of section 1111(b) of title 18, United States
 Code, is amended to read as follows:

4 "Whoever is guilty of murder in the first degree
5 shall be punished by death or by imprisonment for
6 life;".

7 (5) KILLING OF FOREIGN OFFICIAL.—Section 8 1116(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended 9 by striking "any such person who is found guilty of 10 murder in the first degree shall be sentenced to im-11 prisonment for life, and".

(6) KIDNAPPING.—Section 1201(a) of title 18,
United States Code, is amended by inserting after
"or for life" the following: "and, if the death of any
person results, shall be punished by death or life imprisonment".

17 (7) NONMAILABLE INJURIOUS ARTICLES.—The
18 last paragraph of section 1716 of title 18, United
19 States Code, is amended by striking the comma
20 after "imprisonment for life" and inserting a period
21 and striking the remainder of the paragraph.

(8) PRESIDENTIAL ASSASSINATIONS.—Subsection (c) of section 1751 of title 18, United States
Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(c) Whoever attempts to kill or kidnap any individ ual designated in subsection (a) of this section, shall be
 punished—

4 "(1) by imprisonment for any term of years or 5 for life; or

6 "(2) if the conduct constitutes an attempt to in-7 tentionally kill the President of the United States 8 and results in bodily injury to the President or oth-9 erwise comes dangerously close to causing the death 10 of the President, by death or imprisonment for any 11 term of years or for life.".

(9) WRECKING TRAINS.—The second to the last
undesignated paragraph of section 1992 of title 18,
United States Code, is amended by striking the
comma after "imprisonment for life", inserting a period, and striking the remainder of the section.

(10) BANK ROBBERY.—Section 2113(e) of title
18 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "or
punished by death if the verdict of the jury shall so
direct" and inserting "or if death results shall be
punished by death or life imprisonment".

(11) HOSTAGE TAKING.—Section 1203(a) of
title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting after "or for life" the following: "and, if the

death of any person results, shall be punished by
 death or life imprisonment".

(12) MURDER FOR HIRE.—Section 1958 of title 3 4 18, United States Code, is amended by striking 5 "and if death results, shall be subject to imprisonment for any term of years or for life, or shall be 6 fined not more than \$50,000, or both" and inserting 7 "and if death results, shall be punished by death or 8 9 life imprisonment, or shall be fined not more than 10 \$250,000, or both".

(13) RACKETEERING.—Section 1959(a)(1) of
title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as
follows:

''(1) for murder, by death or life imprisonment,
or a fine of not more than \$250,000, or both; and
for kidnapping, by imprisonment for any term of
years or for life, or a fine of not more than
\$250,000, or both;''.

(14) GENOCIDE.—Section 1091(b)(1) of title
18, United States Code, is amended by striking "a
fine of not more than \$1,000,000 or imprisonment
for life," and inserting ", where death results, by
death or imprisonment for life and a fine of not
more than \$1,000,000, or both;".

(15) CARJACKING.—Section 2119(3) of title 18,
 United States Code, is amended by striking the pe riod after "both" and inserting ", or sentenced to
 death.".

5 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT TO FEDERAL AVIA6 TION ACT OF 1954.—Section 903 of the Federal Aviation
7 Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1473) is amended by striking sub8 section (c).

9 SEC. 204. APPLICABILITY TO UNIFORM CODE OF MILITARY 10 JUSTICE.

11 Chapter 228 of title 18, United States Code, as added 12 by this title, shall not apply to prosecutions under the Uni-13 form Code of Military Justice (10 U.S.C. 801).

14 SEC. 205. DEATH PENALTY FOR MURDER BY A FEDERAL
15 PRISONER.

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 51 of title 18, United
17 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow18 ing new section:

19 "§1118. Murder by a Federal prisoner

"(a) OFFENSE.—A person who, while confined in a
Federal correctional institution under a sentence for a
term of life imprisonment, commits the murder of another
shall be punished by death or by life imprisonment.

24 "(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

"'Federal correctional institution' means any
 Federal prison, Federal correctional facility, Federal
 community program center, or Federal halfway
 house.

5 "'murder' means a first degree or second de-6 gree murder (as defined by section 1111).

"'term of life imprisonment' means a sentence
for the term of natural life, a sentence commuted to
natural life, an indeterminate term of a minimum of
at least fifteen years and a maximum of life, or an
unexecuted sentence of death.".

(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis
for chapter 51 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
by adding at the end the following new item:

"1118. Murder by a Federal prisoner.".

15 SEC. 206. DEATH PENALTY FOR CIVIL RIGHTS MURDERS.

(a) CONSPIRACY AGAINST RIGHTS.—Section 241 of
title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking the
period at the end of the last sentence and inserting ", or
may be sentenced to death.".

(b) DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER COLOR OF
LAW.—Section 242 of title 18, United States Code, is
amended by striking the period at the end of the last sentence and inserting ", or may be sentenced to death.".
(c) FEDERALLY PROTECTED ACTIVITIES.—Section
245(b) of title 18, United States Code, is amended in the
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1 matter following paragraph (5) by inserting ", or may be2 sentenced to death" after "or for life".

3 (d) DAMAGE TO RELIGIOUS PROPERTY; OBSTRUC4 TION OF THE FREE EXERCISE OF RELIGIOUS RIGHTS.—
5 Section 247(c)(1) of title 18, United States Code, is
6 amended by inserting ", or may be sentenced to death"
7 after "or both".

8 SEC. 207. DEATH PENALTY FOR THE MURDER OF FEDERAL 9 LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS.

Section 1114(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "punished as provided under sections 12 1111 and 1112 of this title," and inserting "punished, in 13 the case of murder, by a sentence of death or life imprison-14 ment as provided under section 1111, or, in the case of 15 manslaughter, a sentence as provided under section 16 1112.".

17 SEC. 208. NEW OFFENSE FOR THE INDISCRIMINATE USE OF

18 WEAPONS TO FURTHER DRUG CONSPIR19 ACIES.

20 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the21 "Drive-By Shooting Prevention Act of 1993".

(b) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 2 of title 18, United
States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

1 **"§36. Drive-by shooting**

2 "(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, 'major drug of-3 fense' means—

4 "(1) a continuing criminal enterprise punish5 able under section 403(c) of the Controlled Sub6 stances Act (21 U.S.C. 848(c));

"(2) a conspiracy to distribute controlled substances punishable under section 406 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 846) section 1013
of the Controlled Substances Import and Export
Control Act (21 U.S.C. 963); and

12 "(3) an offense involving major quantities of 13 drugs and punishable under section 401(b)(1)(A) of 14 the Controlled Substances Act (21)U.S.C. 15 841(b)(1)(A) or section 1010(b)(1) of the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 16 17 U.S.C. 960(b)(1)).

18 "(b) OFFENSE AND PENALTIES.—(1) A person who, 19 in furtherance or to escape detection of a major drug of-20 fense and with the intent to intimidate, harass, injure, or 21 maim, fires a weapon into a group of two or more persons 22 and who, in the course of such conduct, causes grave risk 23 to any human life shall be punished by a term of no more 24 than 25 years, by fine under this title, or both.

25 "(2) A person who, in furtherance or to escape detec26 tion of a major drug offense and with the intent to intimi•S 1488 PCS

1 date, harass, injure, or maim, fires a weapon into a group
2 of 2 or more persons and who, in the course of such con3 duct, kills any person shall, if the killing—

4 "(A) is a first degree murder (as defined in sec5 tion 1111(a)), be punished by death or imprison6 ment for any term of years or for life, fined under
7 this title, or both; or

8 ''(B) is a murder other than a first degree mur-9 der (as defined in section 1111(a)), be fined under 10 this title, imprisoned for any term of years or for 11 life, or both.''.

12 (c) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis
13 for chapter 2 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
14 by adding at the end the following new item:
"36. Drive-by shooting.".

15 SEC. 209. FOREIGN MURDER OF UNITED STATES NATION16 ALS.

17 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 51 of title 18, United
18 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow19 ing new section:

20 "§1118. Foreign murder of United States nationals

"(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, 'national of the
United States' has the meaning stated in section
101(a)(22) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
U.S.C. 1101(a)(22)).

1 "(b) OFFENSE.—A person who, being a national of 2 the United States, kills or attempts to kill a national of 3 the United States while such national is outside the Unit-4 ed States but within the jurisdiction of another country 5 shall be punished as provided under sections 1111, 1112, 6 and 1113.

7 "(c) LIMITATIONS ON PROSECUTION.—(1) No pros-8 ecution may be instituted against any person under this 9 section except upon the written approval of the Attorney General, the Deputy Attorney General, or an Assistant At-10 torney General, which function of approving prosecutions 11 may not be delegated. No prosecution shall be approved 12 if prosecution has been previously undertaken by a foreign 13 country for the same conduct. 14

15 "(2) No prosecution shall be approved under this sec-16 tion unless the Attorney General, in consultation with the 17 Secretary of State, determines that the conduct took place 18 in a country in which the person is no longer present, and 19 the country lacks the ability to lawfully secure the person's 20 return. A determination by the Attorney General under 21 this paragraph is not subject to judicial review.".

(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—(1) Section 1117 of
title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "or
1116" and inserting "1116, or 1118".

(2) The chapter analysis for chapter 51 of title 18, 1 United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the 2 following new item: 3 "1118. Foreign murder of United States nationals.". 4 SEC. 210. DEATH PENALTY FOR RAPE AND CHILD MOLES-5 TATION MURDERS. 6 (a) OFFENSE.—Chapter 109A of title 18, United 7 States Code. is amended— 8 (1) by redesignating section 2245 as section 9 2246; and (2) by inserting after section 2244 the following 10 11 new section: 12 "§2245. Sexual abuse resulting in death "A person who, in the course of an offense under this 13 chapter, engages in conduct that results in the death of 14 a person, shall be punished by death or imprisoned for 15 any term of years or for life.". 16 17 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—The chapter analysis for chapter 109A of title 18, United States Code, is 18

amended by striking the item for section 2245 and insert-

20 ing the following:

19

"2245. Sexual abuse resulting in death. "2246. Definitions for chapter.". 3 Section 2251(d) of title 18, United States Code, is 4 amended by adding at the end the following: "Whoever, 5 in the course of an offense under this section, engages in 6 conduct that results in the death of a person, shall be pun-7 ished by death or imprisoned for any term of years or for 8 life.".

9 SEC. 212. MURDER BY ESCAPED PRISONERS.

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 51 of title 18, United
11 States Code, as amended by section 109(a), is amended
12 by adding at the end the following new section:

13 "§1119. Murder by escaped prisoners

14 "(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, 'Federal prison'
15 and 'term of life imprisonment' have the meanings stated
16 in section 1118.

"(b) OFFENSE AND PENALTY.—A person, having escaped from a Federal prison where the person was confined under a sentence for a term of life imprisonment,
kills another shall be punished as provided in sections
1111 and 1112.".

(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis
for chapter 51 of title 18, United States Code, as amended
by section 109(b)(2), is amended by adding at the end
the following new item:

"1119. Murder by escaped prisoners.".

1 SEC. 213. DEATH PENALTY FOR GUN MURDERS DURING

2	FEDERAL CRIMES OF VIOLENCE AND DRUG
3	TRAFFICKING CRIMES.
4	Section 924 of title 18, United States Code, is
5	amended by adding at the end the following new sub-
6	section:
7	"(o) A person who, in the course of a violation of
8	subsection (c), causes the death of a person through the
9	use of a firearm, shall—
10	"(1) if the killing is a murder (as defined in
11	section 1111), be punished by death or by imprison-
12	ment for any term of years or for life; and
13	"(2) if the killing is manslaughter (as defined
14	in section 1112), be punished as provided in that
15	section.".
16	SEC. 214. HOMICIDES AND ATTEMPTED HOMICIDES IN-
17	VOLVING FIREARMS IN FEDERAL FACILITIES.
18	Section 930 of title 18, United States Code, is
19	amended—
20	(1) by redesignating subsections (c), (d), (e),
21	and (f) as subsections (d), (e), (f), and (g), respec-
22	tively;
23	(2) in subsection (a) by striking "(c)" and in-
24	serting ''(d)''; and
25	(3) by inserting after subsection (b) the follow-
26	ing new subsection:

"(c) A person who kills or attempts to kill any person
in the course of a violation of subsection (a) or (b), or
in the course of an attack on a Federal facility involving
the use of a firearm or other dangerous weapon, shall be
punished as provided in sections 1111, 1112, and 1113.".

6 SEC. 215. MURDER IN COURSE OF ALIEN SMUGGLING.

7 Section 274(a) of the Immigration and Naturalization Act (8 U.S.C. 1324) is amended by inserting before 8 the period at the end the following: "; Provided further, 9 That if during and in relation to an offense described in 10 paragraph (1) the person causes serious bodily injury to, 11 or places in jeopardy the life of, any alien, such person 12 shall be subject to a term of imprisonment of not more 13 than 20 years, and if the death of any alien results, shall 14 15 be punished by death or imprisoned for any term of years or for life.". 16

17 TITLE III—HABEAS CORPUS 18 REFORM

19 SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.

20 This title may be cited as the "Habeas Corpus Re-21 form Act of 1993".

22 SEC. 302. FILING DEADLINES.

23 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2242 of title 28, United
24 States Code, is amended—

25 (1) by amending the heading to read as follows:

1 "§2242. Filing of habeas corpus petition; time re-2 quirements; tolling rules"; (2) by inserting "(a)(1)" before the first para-3 graph, "(2)" before the second paragraph, "(3)" be-4 fore the third paragraph, and "(4)" before the 5 6 fourth paragraph; (3) by amending the third paragraph, as des-7 ignated by paragraph (3), to read as follows: 8 9 "(3) Leave to amend or supplement the petition shall be freely given, as provided in the rules of procedure appli-10 cable to civil actions."; and 11 12 (4) by adding at the end the following new sub-13 sections: "(b) An application for habeas corpus relief under 14 15 section 2254 shall be filed in the appropriate district court not later than 180 days after— 16 "(1) the last day for filing a petition for writ 17 of certiorari in the United States Supreme Court on 18 direct appeal or unitary review of the conviction and 19 20 sentence, if such a petition has not been filed within 21 the time limits established by law; "(2) the date of the denial of a writ of certio-22 23 rari, if a petition for a writ of certiorari to the high-24 est court of the State on direct appeal or unitary re-25 view of the conviction and sentence is filed, within the time limits established by law, in the United
 States Supreme Court; or

"(3) the date of the issuance of the mandate of
the United States Supreme Court, if on a petition
for a writ of certiorari the Supreme Court grants
the writ and disposes of the case in a manner that
leaves the sentence undisturbed.

8 "(c)(1) Notwithstanding the filing deadline imposed 9 by subsection (b), if a petitioner under a sentence of death 10 has filed a petition for post-conviction review in State 11 court within 270 days of the appointment of counsel as 12 required by section 2258, the petitioner shall have 180 13 days to file a petition under this chapter upon completion 14 of the State court review.

15 "(2) The time requirements established by subsection 16 (b) shall not apply unless the State has provided notice 17 to a petitioner under sentence of death of the time require-18 ments established by this section. Such notice shall be pro-19 vided upon the final disposition of the initial petition for 20 State post-conviction review.

21 "(3) In a case in which a sentence of death has been
22 imposed, the time requirements established by subsection
23 (b) shall be tolled—

"(A) during any period in which the State has 1 2 failed to appoint counsel for State post-conviction re-3 view as required in section 2258; 4 "(B) during any period in which the petitioner 5 is incompetent; and "(C) during an additional period, not to exceed 6 7 60 days, if the petitioner makes a showing of good 8 cause. (d)(1) Notwithstanding the filing deadline imposed 9 by subsection (b), if a petitioner under a sentence other 10 than death has filed— 11 "(A) a petition for post-conviction review in 12 13 State court: or "(B) a request for counsel for post-conviction 14 15 review, before the expiration of the period described in subsection 16 17 (b), the petitioner shall have 180 days to file a petition under this chapter upon completion of the State court re-18 view. 19 20 "(2) The time requirements established by subsection (b) shall not apply in a case in which a sentence other 21 22 than death has been imposed unless— "(A) the State has provided notice to the peti-23 24 tioner of the time requirements established by this section and of the availability of counsel as described 25

in subparagraph (B); such notice shall be provided 1 2 orally at the time of sentencing and in writing at the time the petitioner's conviction becomes final, except 3 4 that in a case in which the petitioner's conviction becomes final within 30 days of sentencing, the State 5 may provide both the oral and the written notice at 6 7 sentencing; in all cases, the written notice to petitioner shall include easily understood instructions for 8 filing a request for counsel for State post-conviction 9 10 review: and

"(B)(i) the State provides counsel to the petitioner upon the filing of a request for counsel for
State post-conviction review; or

"(ii) the State provides counsel to the petitioner, if a request for counsel for State post-conviction review is not filed, upon the filing of a petition
for post-conviction review.

18 "(3) The time requirements established by subsection
19 (b) shall be tolled in a case in which a sentence other than
20 death has been imposed—

21 "(A) during any period in which the petitioner22 is incompetent; and

23 "(B) during an additional period, not to exceed
24 60 days, if the petitioner makes a showing of good
25 cause.

"(e) An application that is not filed within the time
 requirements established by subsection (b) shall be gov erned by section 2244(b).".

4 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis
5 for chapter 153 of title 28, United States Code is amended
6 by amending the item relating to section 2242 to read as
7 follows:

"2242. Filing of habeas corpus petition; time requirements; tolling rules.".

8 SEC. 303. STAYS OF EXECUTION IN CAPITAL CASES.

9 Section 2251 of title 28, United States Code, is 10 amended—

(1) by inserting "(a)(1)" before the first paragraph and "(2)" before the second paragraph; and
(2) by adding at the end the following new subsections:

15 "(b) In the case of a person under sentence of death, 16 a warrant or order setting an execution shall be stayed 17 upon application to any court that would have jurisdiction 18 over a habeas corpus petition under this chapter. The stay 19 shall be contingent upon the exercise of reasonable dili-20 gence by the applicant in pursuing relief with respect to 21 the sentence and shall expire if—

"(1) the applicant fails to file for relief under
this chapter within the time requirements established by section 2242;

1	''(2) upon completion of district court and court
2	of appeals review under section 2254, the application
3	is denied and—
4	''(A) the time for filing a petition for a
5	writ of certiorari expires before a petition is
6	filed;
7	"(B) a timely petition for a writ of certio-
8	rari is filed and the Supreme Court denies the
9	petition; or
10	''(C) a timely petition for certiorari is filed
11	and, upon consideration of the case, the Su-
12	preme Court disposes of it in a manner that
13	leaves the capital sentence undisturbed; or
14	''(3) before a court of competent jurisdiction, in
15	the presence of counsel, and after being advised of
16	the consequences of the decision, the applicant com-
17	petently and knowingly waives the right to pursue
18	habeas corpus relief under this chapter.
19	"(c) If any 1 of the conditions in subsection (b) has
20	occurred, no Federal court thereafter shall have the au-
21	thority to enter a stay of execution unless the applicant
22	has filed a habeas corpus petition that satisfies, on its
23	face, section 2244(b) or 2256. A stay granted pursuant
24	to this subsection shall expire if, after the grant of the

stay, 1 of the conditions specified in subsection (b) (2)
 or (3) occurs.".

3 SEC. 304. LIMITS ON NEW RULES; STANDARD OF REVIEW.

4 (a) LIMITS ON NEW RULES.—

5 (1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 153 of Title 28,
6 United States Code, as amended by section 306(a),
7 is amended by adding at the end the following new
8 section:

9 "§ 2257. Law applicable

"(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), in a case
subject to this chapter, the court shall not announce or
apply a new rule to grant habeas corpus relief.

13 "(b) A court considering a claim under this chapter14 shall apply a new rule when—

15 "(1) the new rule places a class of individual
16 conduct beyond the power of the criminal lawmaking
17 authority to proscribe or prohibits the imposition of
18 a certain type of punishment for a class of persons
19 because of their status or offense; or

20 "(2) the new rule constitutes a watershed rule
21 of criminal procedure implicating the fundamental
22 fairness and accuracy of the criminal proceeding.

23 ''(c) As used in this section, a 'new rule' is a rule24 that changes the constitutional or statutory standards

that prevailed at the time the petitioner's conviction and
 sentence became final on direct appeal.".

3 (2) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter
4 analysis for chapter 153 of title 28, United States
5 Code, as amended by section 306(b), is amended by
6 adding at the end the following new item:
"2257. Law applicable.".

7 (b) STANDARD OF REVIEW.—Section 2254(a) of title 8 28, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "Except as to Fourth Amendment claims 9 controlled by Stone v. Powell, 428 U.S. 465 (1976), the 10 Federal courts, in reviewing an application under this sec-11 tion, shall review de novo the rulings of a State court on 12 matters of Federal law, including the application of Fed-13 eral law to facts, regardless of whether the opportunity 14 for a full and fair hearing on such Federal questions has 15 been provided in the State court. In the case of a violation 16 that can be harmless, the State shall bear the burden of 17 proving harmlessness.". 18

19 SEC. 305. LIMITS ON SUCCESSIVE PETITIONS.

20 Section 2244(b) of title 28, United States Code, is 21 amended to read as follows:

"(b)(1) A claim presented in a habeas corpus petition
that was not timely presented in a prior petition shall be
dismissed unless—

25 "(A) the petitioner shows that—

1	"(i) the failure to raise the claim pre-
2	viously was the result of interference by State
3	officials with the presentation of the claim, in
4	violation of the Constitution or laws of the
5	United States;
6	"(ii) the claim relies on a new rule that is
7	applicable under section 2257 and was pre-
8	viously unavailable; or
9	"(iii) the factual predicate for the claim
10	could not have been discovered previously
11	through the exercise of reasonable diligence;
12	and
13	"(B) the facts underlying the claim, if proven
14	and viewed in light of the evidence as a whole, would
15	be sufficient to—
16	"(i) undermine the court's confidence in
17	the factfinder's determination of the applicant's
18	guilt of the offense or offenses for which the
19	sentence was imposed; or
20	"(ii) demonstrate that no reasonable sen-
21	tencing authority would have found an aggra-
22	vating circumstance or other condition of eligi-
23	bility for a capital or noncapital sentence, or
24	otherwise would have imposed a sentence of
25	death.

1 "(2) Notwithstanding other matters pending before 2 the court, claims for relief under this subsection from a 3 case in which a sentence of death was imposed shall re-4 ceive a prompt review in a manner consistent with the in-5 terests of justice.".

6 SEC. 306. NEW EVIDENCE.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 153 of title 28, United
8 States Code, as amended by section 304(a)(1), is amended
9 by adding at the end the following new section:

10 "§ 2256. Capital cases; new evidence

11 "For purposes of this chapter, a claim arising from a violation of the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the 12 United States shall include a claim by a person under sen-13 tence of death that is based on factual allegations that, 14 if proven and viewed in light of the evidence as a whole, 15 would be sufficient to demonstrate that no reasonable 16 factfinder would have found the petitioner guilty of the 17 offense or that no reasonable sentencing authority would 18 have found an aggravating circumstance or other condi-19 tion of eligibility for the sentence. Such a claim shall be 20 21 dismissed if the facts supporting the claim were actually 22 known to the petitioner during a prior stage of the litigation in which the claim was not raised. Notwithstanding 23 24 any other provision of this chapter, the claim shall not 25 be subject to section 2244(b) or the time requirements established by section 2242. In all other respects, the claim
 shall be subject to the rules applicable to claims under this
 chapter.".

4 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis
5 for chapter 153 of title 28, United States Code, as amend6 ed by section 304(a)(2), is amended by adding at the end
7 the following new item:

"2258. Capital cases; new evidence.".

8 SEC. 307. CERTIFICATES OF PROBABLE CAUSE.

9 The third paragraph of section 2253 of title 28, Unit-10 ed States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-11 lowing: "However, an applicant under sentence of death 12 shall have a right of appeal without a certificate of prob-13 able cause, except after denial of a habeas corpus petition 14 filed under section 2244(b).".

15 SEC. 308. PROVISION OF COUNSEL.

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 153 of title 28, United
17 States Code, as amended by section 304(a)(1), is amended
18 by adding at the end the following new section:

19 "§ 2258. Counsel in capital cases; State court

20 "(a) COUNSEL.—(1) A State in which a sentence of
21 death may be imposed under State law shall provide legal
22 services to—

23 "(A) indigents charged with offenses for which24 capital punishment is sought;

"(B) indigents who have been sentenced to
 death and who seek appellate, post-conviction, or
 unitary review in State court; and

4 "(C) indigents who have been sentenced to
5 death and who seek certiorari review of State court
6 judgments in the United States Supreme Court.

7 "(2) This section shall not apply or form a basis for8 relief to nonindigents.

9 "(b) COUNSEL CERTIFICATION AUTHORITY.—A State in which a sentence of death may be imposed under 10 State law shall, within 180 days after the date of enact-11 ment of this subsection, establish a State counsel certifi-12 cation authority, which shall be comprised of members of 13 the bar with substantial experience in, or commitment to, 14 the representation of criminal defendants in capital cases, 15 and shall be comprised of a balanced representation from 16 each segment of the State's criminal defense bar, such as 17 a statewide defender organization, a capital case resource 18 center, local public defender's offices and private attorneys 19 involved in criminal trial, appellate, post-conviction, or 20 unitary review practice. If a State fails to establish a coun-21 22 sel certification authority within 180 days after the date of enactment of this subsection, a private cause of action 23 24 may be brought in Federal district court to enforce this subsection by any aggrieved party, including a defendant 25

eligible for appointed representation under this subsection 1 or a member of an organization eligible for representation 2 on the counsel certification authority. If the court finds 3 that the State has failed to establish a counsel certification 4 authority as required by this subsection, the court shall 5 grant appropriate injunctive and declaratory relief, except 6 7 that the court shall not grant relief that disturbs any criminal conviction or sentence, obstructs the prosecution 8 of State criminal proceedings, or alters proceedings arising 9 under this chapter. 10

11 "(c) DUTIES OF AUTHORITY; CERTIFICATION OF12 COUNSEL.—The counsel certification authority shall—

13 "(1) establish and publish standards governing
14 qualifications of counsel, which shall include—

15 "(A) knowledge and understanding of per16 tinent legal authorities regarding issues in cap17 ital cases;

"(B) skills in the conduct of negotiations
and litigation in capital cases, the investigation
of capital cases and the psychiatric history and
current condition of capital clients, and the
preparation and writing of legal papers in capital cases;

24 "(C) the minimum qualifications required25 by subsection (d); and

"(D) any additional qualifications relevant to the representation of capital defendants;"(2) establish application and certification pro-

cedures for attorneys who possess the qualifications established pursuant to paragraph (1);

"(3) establish application and certification pro-6 7 cedures for attorneys who do not possess all the qualifications established pursuant to paragraph (1) 8 but who possess, in addition to the minimum quali-9 fications required by subsection (d), additional re-10 sources (such as an affiliation with a publicly funded 11 defender organization) and experience that enable 12 them to provide quality legal representation com-13 14 parable to that of an attorney possessing the quali-15 fications established pursuant to paragraph (1);

"(4) establish application and certification pro-16 17 cedures, to be used on a case by case basis, for at-18 torneys who do not necessarily possess the minimum 19 qualifications required by subsection (d), but who 20 possess other extraordinary experience and resources that enable them to provide quality legal representa-21 22 tion comparable to that of an attorney possessing 23 the qualifications established pursuant to paragraph (1);24

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"(5) publish a current roster of attorneys cer-2 tified pursuant to paragraphs (2) and (3) to be appointed in capital cases; 3 "(6) establish and publish standards governing 4 the performance of counsel in capital cases, includ-5 ing standards that proscribe abusive practices and 6 7 mandate sound practices in order to further the fair and orderly administration of justice; 8 "(7) monitor the performance of attorneys cer-9 tified pursuant to this subsection; and 10 "(8) delete from the roster the name of any at-11 torney who fails to meet the qualification or per-12

13 formance standards established pursuant to this 14 subsection.

"(d) MINIMUM COUNSEL STANDARDS.—All counsel 15 certified pursuant to paragraph (2) or (3) of subsection 16 17 (c) or appointed pursuant to subsection (f) shall possess, in addition to any qualifications required by State or local 18 law, the following minimum qualifications: 19

"(1) familiarity with the performance standards 20 established by the counsel certification authority; 21

22 "(2) familiarity with the appropriate court system, including the procedural rules regarding timeli-23 ness of filings and procedural default; and 24

1	"(3) in the case of counsel appointed for the
2	trial or sentencing stages, at least 2 of the qualifica-
3	tions listed in subparagraph (A) and 1 of the quali-
4	fications listed in subparagraph (B), or 1 of the al-
5	ternative qualifications listed in subparagraph (C):
6	"(A) QUALIFYING TRIAL EXPERIENCE
7	(MUST HAVE 2).—Prior experience within the
8	last 10 years as—
9	''(i) lead or sole counsel in 12 jury
10	trials, of which no fewer than 5 were crimi-
11	nal jury trials;
12	''(ii) lead or sole counsel in 3 criminal
13	jury trials in which the charge was murder
14	or aggravated murder;
15	''(iii) co-counsel in 5 criminal jury
16	trials in which the charge was murder or
17	aggravated murder;
18	"(iv) lead or sole counsel in no fewer
19	than 5 criminal jury trials involving crimes
20	of violence against persons, punishable by
21	imprisonment of over 1 year,
22	which were tried to a verdict or to a deadlocked
23	jury.
24	"(B) QUALIFYING CAPITAL TRIAL EXPERI-
25	ENCE (MUST HAVE 1).—

	00
1	"(i) lead or sole counsel within the
2	last 5 years in the trial of at least 1 capital
3	case that was tried through sentencing;
4	"(ii) co-counsel in the trial of no fewer
5	than 2 capital cases (1 of which occurred
6	within the last 5 years) that were tried
7	through sentencing;
8	''(iii) successful completion within the
9	preceding 2 years of a training program in
10	capital trial litigation that has been cer-
11	tified by the counsel certification authority
12	or, if the authority has not certified a pro-
13	gram, successful completion of an at least
14	12-hour training program in capital trial
15	litigation for which continuing legal edu-
16	cation (CLE) credit is available, and which
17	the CLE authority in the State has cer-
18	tified as comporting with the objectives
19	and requirements of this section.
20	"(C) ALTERNATIVE QUALIFYING EXPERI-
21	ENCE FOR TRIAL.—Notwithstanding subpara-
22	graphs (A) and (B), an attorney shall be eligi-
23	ble for certification pursuant to paragraph (2)
24	or (3) of subsection (c) or appointment pursu-
25	ant to subsection (f) if the attorney—

1	"(i) has conducted 5 evidentiary hear-
2	ings and has been employed for more than
3	1 year by a capital resource center, a unit
4	or its equivalent that specializes in capital
5	cases within a public defender office, or a
6	public interest law office specializing in
7	capital litigation; or
8	"(ii) has been certified by the State
9	capital litigation resource center as com-
10	petent to be assigned to a capital trial;
11	"(4) in the case of counsel appointed for appel-
12	late or unitary review, at least 1 of the qualifications
13	listed in subparagraph (A) and 1 of the qualifica-
14	tions listed in subparagraph (B), or 1 of the alter-
15	native qualifications listed in subparagraph (C):
16	"(A) QUALIFYING APPELLATE EXPERI-
17	ENCE (MUST HAVE 1).—Prior experience within
18	the past 5 years as—
19	"(i) lead or sole counsel in no fewer
20	than 10 appeals, of which no fewer than 5
21	were criminal appeals;
22	''(ii) lead or sole counsel in at least 6
23	criminal felony appeals;
24	"(iii) lead or sole counsel in 3 crimi-
25	nal or felony appeals, at least 1 of which

1	was an appeal of a murder or aggravated
2	murder conviction,
3	which were fully briefed.
4	"(B) QUALIFYING CAPITAL APPELLATE
5	EXPERIENCE (MUST HAVE 1)
6	''(i) lead or sole counsel within the
7	last 5 years in the appeal or unitary review
8	of at least 1 capital case;
9	''(ii) co-counsel in the appeal or uni-
10	tary review of no fewer than 2 capital
11	cases, 1 of which occurred within the last
12	5 years;
13	''(iii) successful completion within the
14	preceding 2 years of a training program in
15	the litigation of capital appeals that has
16	been certified by the counsel certification
17	authority or, if the authority has not cer-
18	tified a program, successful completion of
19	an at least 12-hour training program in
20	capital litigation with a focus on appeals
21	for which continuing legal education
22	(CLE) credit is available, and which the
23	CLE authority in the State has certified as
24	comporting with the objectives and the re-
25	quirements of this section.

1	"(C) ALTERNATIVE QUALIFYING EXPERI-
2	ENCE FOR APPEALS.—Notwithstanding sub-
3	paragraphs (A) and (B), an attorney shall be
4	eligible for certification pursuant to paragraph
5	(2) or (3) of subsection (c) or for appointment
6	pursuant to subsection (f) if the attorney—
7	''(i) has been employed for more than
8	1 year by a capital resource center, a unit
9	or its equivalent that specializes in capital
10	cases within a public defender office, or a
11	public interest law office specializing in
12	capital litigation; or
13	"(ii) has been certified by the State
14	capital litigation resource center as com-
15	petent to be assigned to a capital appeal;
16	and
17	"(5) in the case of counsel appointed for post-
18	conviction proceedings, at least 2 of the qualifica-
19	tions listed in subparagraph (A) and at least 1 of
20	the qualifications listed in subparagraph (B), or 1 of
21	the alternative qualifications listed in subparagraph
22	(C):
23	"(A) QUALIFYING POST-CONVICTION EXPE-
24	RIENCE (MUST HAVE 2).—Prior experience with-
25	in the past 10 years as—

1	"(i) lead or sole counsel in no fewer
2	than 3 post-conviction proceedings;
3	"(ii) co-counsel in no fewer than 5
4	post-conviction proceedings;
5	''(iii) 1 of the trial qualifications listed
6	in paragraph (3)(A);
7	''(iv) 1 of the appellate qualifications
8	listed in paragraph (4)(A).
9	"(B) QUALIFYING CAPITAL POST-CONVIC-
10	TION EXPERIENCE (MUST HAVE 1)
11	''(i) lead or sole counsel within the
12	last 5 years in the trial (through sentenc-
13	ing), appeal, or post-conviction review of at
14	least 1 capital case;
15	''(ii) co-counsel in the trial (through
16	sentencing), appeal, or post-conviction re-
17	view of no fewer than 2 capital cases, 1 of
18	which occurred within the last 5 years;
19	''(iii) successful completion during the
20	preceding 2 years of a training program in
21	the litigation of capital post-conviction pro-
22	ceedings that has been certified by the
23	counsel certification authority or, if the au-
24	thority has not certified a program, suc-
25	cessful completion of an at least 12-hour

1	training program in capital litigation with
2	a focus on post-conviction proceedings for
3	which continuing legal education (CLE)
4	credit is available, and which the CLE au-
5	thority in the State has certified as com-
6	porting with the objectives and require-
7	ments of this section.
8	"(C) ALTERNATIVE QUALIFYING EXPERI-
9	ENCE FOR POST-CONVICTION PROCEEDINGS
10	Notwithstanding subparagraphs (A) and (B),
11	an attorney shall be eligible for certification
12	pursuant to paragraph (2) or (3) of subsection
13	(c) or appointment pursuant to subsection (f) if
14	the attorney—
15	"(i) has conducted 3 evidentiary hear-
16	ings and has been employed for more than
17	1 year by a capital litigation resource cen-
18	ter, by a unit or its equivalent that special-
19	izes in capital cases within a public de-
20	fender office, or by a public interest law of-
21	fice specializing in capital litigation; or
22	"(ii) has been certified by the State
23	capital litigation resource center as com-
24	petent to be assigned to a capital post-con-
25	viction proceeding.

"(e) Appointment of Certified Counsel.—(1) 1 The State court shall appoint at least 2 attorneys to rep-2 resent an indigent at trial, and at least 1 attorney to rep-3 resent an indigent at the appellate, unitary or post-convic-4 5 tion review stage, including— 6 "(A) a lead counsel who is named on the roster 7 published pursuant to subsection (c)(5); "(B) a defender organization or resource cen-8 9 ter, which shall designate appropriate attorneys af-10 filiated with the organization, including a lead counsel who is named on the roster; or 11 "(C) a lead counsel certified pursuant to sub-12 13 section (c)(4). "(2) The State court may appoint additional attor-14 15 neys upon a showing of need. "(f) APPOINTMENT OF NONCERTIFIED COUNSEL.-16 (1) If there is no roster of attorneys published pursuant 17 to subsection (c)(5), or if no attorney on the roster can 18 accept the appointment and if no attorney certified pursu-19 ant to subsection (c)(4) has been appointed, the State 20 21 court shall appoint at least 2 attorneys to represent an 22 indigent at trial, and at least 1 attorney to represent an indigent at the appellate, unitary or post-conviction review 23 24 stage, including"(A) a lead counsel who possesses the minimum
 qualifications required by subsection (d); or

"(B) a defender organization or resource center, which shall designate appropriate attorneys affiliated with the organization, including a lead counsel who possesses the qualifications required by subsection (d).

"(2) No attorney shall be appointed pursuant to this 8 subsection unless the State court has first conducted an 9 evidentiary hearing on the record in which the court deter-10 mines, after the attorney gives sworn testimony and pre-11 sents documentary proof that the attorney possesses each 12 of the qualifications required by subsection (d), that the 13 attorney possesses the requisite qualifications. In making 14 15 its determination, the court, shall, to each qualification required by subsection (d), shall make a specific finding on 16 the record that the attorney possesses the qualification. 17 18 "(g) No attorney may be denied certification pursuant to paragraph (2) or (3) of subsection (c) or appoint-19 ment pursuant to subsection (f) solely because of prior em-20 21 ployment as a prosecutor.

"(h) Prior to appointing counsel pursuant to this section, the State court shall inquire as to whether counsel maintains a workload which, by reason of its excessive size, will interfere with the rendering of quality representation or create a substantial risk of a breach of profes sional obligations.

"(i) If a person entitled to an appointment of counsel
declines to accept an appointment, the State court shall
conduct, or cause to be conducted, a hearing, at which
the person and counsel proposed to be appointed shall be
present, to determine the person's competence to decline
the appointment, and whether the person has competently
and knowingly declined it.

"(j) If a State court fails to appoint counsel in a proceeding specified in subsection (a), or if a State court in
a proceeding described in subsection (a)—

13 "(1) fails to appoint the number of counsel re-14 quired in subsection (e);

15 "(2) appoints counsel whose name is not on the
16 roster published pursuant to subsection (c)(5);

17 "(3) appoints counsel who has failed to present
18 a certification issued pursuant to subsection (c)(4);
19 or

20 "(4) when subsection (f) applies, fails to hold
21 the hearing, receive the requisite testimony and
22 proof, or make the determination required by sub23 section (f),

a Federal court, in a proceeding under this chapter, shallneither presume findings of fact made at such proceeding

1 to be correct nor decline to consider a claim on the ground 2 that it was not raised in such proceeding at the time or 3 in the manner prescribed by State law. In no cir-4 cumstances other than those described in this subsection 5 shall a determination of noncompliance with this section 6 provide a basis for relief to a petitioner proceeding under 7 this chapter.

8 "(k) No attorney appointed to represent a prisoner 9 in State post-conviction proceedings shall have previously 10 represented the prisoner at trial or on direct appeal in the 11 case for which the appointment is made, unless the pris-12 oner and attorney expressly request continued representa-13 tion.

"(l) Notwithstanding the rates and maximum limits 14 generally applicable to criminal cases and any other provi-15 sion of law to the contrary, the highest State court with 16 jurisdiction over criminal cases shall, after notice and com-17 ment, establish a schedule of hourly rates for the com-18 pensation of attorneys appointed pursuant to this section 19 that are reasonable in light of the qualifications of attor-20 21 neys appointed and the local practices for legal representa-22 tion in cases reflecting the complexity and responsibility of capital cases. For each attorney appointed pursuant to 23 24 this section, the State court shall separately order compensation at the rates set by the highest State court for 25

the hours the attorneys reasonably expended on the case 1 and for reasonable expenses paid for investigative, expert, 2 3 and other reasonably necessary services. Any aggrieved 4 party may bring a private cause of action in Federal district court to enforce the provisions of this subsection for 5 the establishment of a schedule of reasonable hourly rates 6 7 for the compensation of attorneys. In such an action, the Federal court shall not independently determine the ap-8 9 propriate rates, but shall decide whether the hourly rates as scheduled by the State court are within the range of 10 reasonableness consistent with the criteria stated in this 11 subsection. If the hourly rates as scheduled are not within 12 the range of reasonableness, or if no schedule of rates has 13 been established, the court shall grant appropriate injunc-14 tive or declaratory relief, except that the court shall not 15 grant relief that disturbs any criminal conviction or sen-16 tence, obstructs the prosecution of State criminal proceed-17 ings, or alters proceedings arising under this chapter. 18

19 "(m) The ineffectiveness or incompetence of counsel 20 appointed pursuant to this section during State or Federal 21 post-conviction proceedings shall not be a ground for relief 22 in a proceeding arising under section 2254. This limitation 23 shall not preclude the appointment of different counsel at 24 any phase of State or Federal post-conviction proceedings.

"(n) Nothing in this section changes the constitu-1 tional standard governing claims of ineffective assistance 2 of counsel pursuant to the sixth amendment to the Con-3 4 stitution of the United States. A determination of noncompliance with this section (as opposed to the facts which 5 support such a determination) shall not provide a basis 6 7 for a claim of constitutionally ineffective assistance of 8 counsel.

"(o) The requirements of this section shall apply to 9 any appointment of counsel made after the effective date 10 of this Act in any trial, direct appeal, or unitary review 11 of a capital indigent. Counsel shall be appointed as pro-12 13 vided in this section in any post-conviction proceeding commenced after the effective date of this Act. In no case 14 shall counsel appointed for a proceeding commenced be-15 fore the effective date of this Act be subject to the require-16 ments of this section, nor shall any person whose counsel 17 was appointed for any trial, appeal, post-conviction or uni-18 tary review before the effective date of this Act be entitled 19 to any relief, including application of subsection (j), based 20 on a claim that counsel was not appointed in conformity 21 22 with subsection (e) or (f).".

(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysisfor chapter 153 of title 28, United States Code, as amend-

ed by section 304(a)(2), is amended by adding at the end
 the following new item:

"2258. Counsel in capital cases; State court.".

3 SEC. 309. CAPITAL LITIGATION FUNDING.

4 (a) Grants Under the Edward Byrne Grant5 Program.—

6 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subpart 2 of part E of title 7 I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets 8 Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711 et seq.) is amended by 9 adding at the end the following new section:

10 "HABEAS CORPUS LITIGATION

11 "SEC. 511A. Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, the Director shall provide grants to the States, 12 13 from the funding allocated pursuant to section 511, for 14 the purpose of supporting litigation pertaining to Federal 15 habeas corpus petitions in capital cases. The total funding 16 available for such grants within any fiscal year shall be equal to the funding provided to capital resource centers, 17 pursuant to Federal appropriation, in the same fiscal 18 year.". 19

20 (2) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of
21 contents of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and
22 Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. preceding
23 3701) is amended by inserting after the item relat24 ing to section 511 the following new item:

"Sec. 511A. Habeas corpus litigation.".

1	(b) GRANTS FOR STATE CAPITAL LITIGATION.—
2	(1) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the Omnibus
3	Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42
4	U.S.C. 3711 et seq.), as amended by section 103(a)
5	is amended—
6	(A) by redesignating part R as part S;
7	(B) by redesignating section 1801 as sec-
8	tion 1901; and
9	(C) by inserting after part Q the following
10	new part:
11	"PART R-GRANTS FOR STATE CAPITAL
12	LITIGATION
13	"SEC. 1801. GRANT AUTHORIZATION.
14	"The Director of the Bureau of Justice Assistance
15	shall make grants to States from amounts appropriated

16 to carry out this part for the use by States and by local17 entities in the States to comply with section 2258 of title18 28, United States Code.

19 "SEC. 1802. STATE APPLICATIONS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) To request a grant under
this part, the Chief Executive of a State shall submit an
application to the Director in such form and containing
such information as the Director may reasonably require.
"(2) An application under paragraph (1) shall include
assurances that Federal funds received under this part

shall be used to supplement, not supplant, non-Federal
 funds that would otherwise be available for activities fund ed under this part.

4 "(b) STATE OFFICE.—The office designated under
5 section 507—

6 "(1) shall prepare an application under this sec-7 tion; and

8 "(2) shall administer grant funds received 9 under this part, including review of spending, proc-10 essing, progress, financial reporting, technical assist-11 ance, grant adjustments, accounting, auditing, and 12 fund disbursement.

13 "SEC. 1803. REVIEW OF STATE APPLICATIONS.

''(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall make a grant
under section 1801 to carry out the activities described
in the application submitted by an applicant under section
1802 upon determining that—

18 "(1) the application is consistent with the re-19 quirements of this part; and

20 "(2) before the approval of the application, the
21 Bureau has made an affirmative finding in writing
22 that the proposed activities have been reviewed in
23 accordance with this part.

24 "(b) APPROVAL.—Each application submitted under25 section 1802 shall be considered to be approved, in whole

or in part, by the Director not later than 45 days after
 first received unless the Director informs the applicant of
 specific reasons for disapproval.

4 "(c) DISAPPROVAL NOTICE AND RECONSIDER5 ATION.—The Director shall not disapprove any application
6 without first affording the applicant reasonable notice and
7 opportunity for reconsideration.

8 "SEC. 1804. DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.

9 "For fiscal years 1994, 1995, and 1996, the Federal 10 share of a grant made under this part may not exceed 11 75 percent of the total costs of the activities described in 12 the application submitted under section 1702 for the fiscal 13 year for which the project receives assistance under this 14 part. Thereafter, the Federal share of a grant made under 15 this part may not exceed 50 percent.

16 **"SEC. 1805. EVALUATION.**

"(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) A State that receives a grant
under this part shall submit to the Director an evaluation
not later than March 1 of each year in accordance with
guidelines issued by the Director.

"(2) The Director may waive the requirement specified in subsection (a) if the Director determines that such
evaluation is not warranted in the case of any particular
State.

"(b) DISTRIBUTION.—A State or local entity may use
 not more than 5 percent of the funds it receives under
 this part to develop an evaluation program under this sec tion.".

5 (2) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of 6 contents of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and 7 Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711 et seq.), 8 as amended by section 103(b), is amended by strik-9 ing the matter relating to part R and inserting the 10 following:

"Part R—Grants for State Capital Litigation

"Sec. 1801. Grant authorization.

"Sec. 1802. State applications.

"Sec. 1803. Review of State applications.

"Sec. 1804. Distribution of funds.

"Sec. 1805. Evaluation.

"PART S-TRANSITION; EFFECTIVE DATE; REPEALER

"Sec. 1901. Confirmation of rules, authorities, and proceedings.".

11	(3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
12	Section 1001(a) of title I of the Omnibus Crime
13	Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C.
14	3793(a)), as amended by section 103(c), is amend-
15	ed—
16	(A) in paragraph (3) by striking ''and Q''
17	and inserting ''Q, and R''; and
18	(B) by adding at the end the following new
19	paragraph:

"(12) There are authorized to be appropriated such
 sums as are necessary to carry out activities under part
 R.".

4 SEC. 310. CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE.

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart 1 of part E of title I of
6 the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968
7 (42 U.S.C. 501 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
8 the following new section:

9 "CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

10 "SEC. 509A. In any application for a grant under this subpart, a State in which a sentence of death may be im-11 posed shall certify whether it will comply with the provi-12 sions of section 2258 of title 28, United States Code. If 13 the State chooses not to certify that it will comply with 14 the provisions of that section, the amount of funds that 15 the State is eligible to receive under that subpart shall 16 be reduced by 75 percent. If the State certifies that it will 17 comply with the provisions of section 2258 of title 28, 18 United States Code, the amount of funds that the State 19 is eligible to receive under that subpart shall not be re-20 duced by virtue of any failure or alleged failure to carry 21 22 out any of the requirements of that section. The sole enforcement mechanisms for the requirements set forth in 23 that section shall be those provided in that section, to 24 which the State shall be deemed to have consented by cer-25

tifying that it will comply with the provisions of that sec tion.".

3 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents 4 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets 5 Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. preceding 3701) is amended by 6 inserting after the item relating to section 509 the follow-7 ing new item:

"Sec. 509A. Certification of compliance.".

8 SEC. 311. EFFECTIVE DATE.

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection 10 (b), this title and the amendments made by this title shall 11 take effect on the date that is 180 days after the date 12 of enactment of this Act.

(b) SECTION 2258(b) OF TITLE 28, UNITED STATES
14 CODE.—Section 2258(b) of title 28, United States Code,
15 as added by section 208(a), shall take effect on the date
16 of enactment of this Act.

17 TITLE IV—GUN CRIME 18 PENALTIES

19 SEC. 401. ENHANCED PENALTY FOR USE OF A SEMIAUTO-

20 MATIC FIREARM DURING A CRIME OF VIO-21 LENCE OR A DRUG TRAFFICKING CRIME.

(a) AMENDMENT TO SENTENCING GUIDELINES.—
Pursuant to its authority under section 994 of title 28,
United States Code, the United States Sentencing Commission shall amend its sentencing guidelines to provide
•S 1488 PCS

an appropriate enhancement of the punishment for a
 crime of violence (as defined in section 924(c)(3) of title
 18, United States Code) or a drug trafficking crime (as
 defined in section 924(c)(2) of title 18, United States
 Code) if a semiautomatic firearm is involved.

6 (b) SEMIAUTOMATIC FIREARM.—In subsection (a), 7 "semiautomatic firearm" means any repeating firearm 8 that utilizes a portion of the energy of a firing cartridge 9 to extract the fired cartridge case and chamber the next 10 round and that requires a separate pull of the trigger to 11 fire each cartridge.

12 SEC. 402. ENHANCED PENALTY FOR SECOND OFFENSE OF

13 USING AN EXPLOSIVE TO COMMIT A FELONY. 14 Pursuant to its authority under section 994 of title 15 28, United States Code, the United States Sentencing Commission shall promulgate amendments to the sentenc-16 ing guidelines to appropriately enhance penalties in a case 17 in which a defendant convicted under section 844(h) of 18 title 18, United States Code, has previously been convicted 19 20 under that section.

 21
 SEC. 403. SMUGGLING FIREARMS IN AID OF DRUG TRAF

 22
 FICKING.

23 Section 924 of title 18, United States Code, as
24 amended by section 213, is amended by adding at the end
25 the following new subsection:

"(j) A person who, with intent to engage in or to pro mote conduct that—

3 "(1) is punishable under the Controlled Sub4 stances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.), the Controlled
5 Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 951
6 et seq.), or the Maritime Drug Law Enforcement
7 Act (46 U.S.C. App. 1901 et seq.);

8 "(2) violates any law of a State relating to any 9 controlled substance (as defined in section 102 of 10 the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. 802); or 11 "(3) constitutes a crime of violence (as defined 12 in subsection (c)(3)),

13 smuggles or knowingly brings into the United States a14 firearm, or attempts to do so, shall be imprisoned not15 more than 10 years, fined under this title, or both.".

16 SEC. 404. THEFT OF FIREARMS AND EXPLOSIVES.

17 (a) FIREARMS.—Section 924 of title 18, United
18 States Code, as amended by section 403(a), is amended
19 by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(k) A person who steals any firearm which is moving
as, or is a part of, or which has moved in, interstate or
foreign commerce shall be imprisoned for not more than
10 years, fined under this title, or both.".

(b) EXPLOSIVES.—Section 844 of title 18, United
 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow ing new subsection:

4 "(k) A person who steals any explosives materials
5 which are moving as, or are a part of, or which have moved
6 in, interstate or foreign commerce shall be imprisoned for
7 not more than 10 years, fined under this title, or both.".
8 SEC. 405. REVOCATION OF SUPERVISED RELEASE.

9 Section 3583 of title 18, United States Code, is 10 amended by striking subsection (g) and inserting the fol-11 lowing:

12 "(g) MANDATORY REVOCATION FOR POSSESSION OF
13 CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE OR FIREARM OR FOR REFUSAL
14 TO COOPERATE WITH DRUG TESTING.—If the defend15 ant—

16 "(1) possesses a controlled substance in viola-17 tion of the condition set forth in subsection (d);

"(2) possesses a firearm, as such term is defined in section 921 of this title, in violation of Federal law, or otherwise violates a condition of supervised release prohibiting the defendant from possessing a firearm; or

23 "(3) refuses to cooperate in drug testing im24 posed as a condition of supervised release,

the court shall revoke the term of supervised release and
 require the defendant to serve a term of imprisonment not
 to exceed the maximum term of imprisonment authorized
 under subsection (e) (3).".

5 SEC. 406. REVOCATION OF PROBATION.

6 (a) CONTINUATION OR REVOCATION.—Section
7 3565(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

8 (1) in paragraph (2) by striking "impose any 9 other sentence that was available under subchapter 10 A at the time of the initial sentencing" and inserting 11 "resentence the defendant under subchapter A"; and 12 (2) by striking the last sentence.

(b) MANDATORY REVOCATION.—Section 3565(b) of
14 title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as fol15 lows:

16 "(b) MANDATORY REVOCATION FOR POSSESSION OF
17 CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE OR FIREARM OR FOR REFUSAL
18 TO COOPERATE WITH DRUG TESTING.—If the defend19 ant—

20 "(1) possesses a controlled substance in viola21 tion of the condition set forth in section 3563(a)(3);
22 "(2) possesses a firearm (as defined in section

921) in violation of Federal law or otherwise violates
a condition of probation prohibiting the defendant
from possessing a firearm; or

1	"(3) refuses to cooperate in drug testing in vio-
2	lation of the condition imposed under subsection
3	(a)(4),
4	the court shall revoke the sentence of probation and
5	resentence the defendant under subchapter A to a sen-
6	tence that includes a term of imprisonment.".
7	SEC. 407. INCREASED PENALTY FOR KNOWINGLY MAKING
8	FALSE, MATERIAL STATEMENT IN CONNEC-
9	TION WITH THE ACQUISITION OF A FIREARM
10	FROM A LICENSED DEALER.
11	Section 924(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
12	amended—
13	(1) in paragraph (a)(1)(B) by striking
14	"(a)(6),"; and
15	(2) in subsection (a)(2) by inserting "(a)(6),"
16	after "subsections".
17	SEC. 408. POSSESSION OF EXPLOSIVES BY FELONS AND
18	OTHERS.
19	Section 842(i) of title 18, United States Code, is
20	amended by inserting "or possess" after "to receive".
21	SEC. 409. SUMMARY DESTRUCTION OF EXPLOSIVES SUB-
22	JECT TO FORFEITURE.
23	Section 844(c) of title 18, United States Code, is
24	amended—
25	(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(c)"; and

1 (2) by adding at the end the following new 2 paragraphs:

3 "(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), in the case of the seizure of any explosive materials for any offense for 4 which the materials would be subject to forfeiture in which 5 it would be impracticable or unsafe to remove the mate-6 7 rials to a place of storage or would be unsafe to store them, the seizing officer may destroy the explosive mate-8 9 rials forthwith. Any destruction under this paragraph shall be in the presence of at least 1 credible witness. The seiz-10 ing officer shall make a report of the seizure and take 11 samples as the Secretary may by regulation prescribe. 12

"(3) Within 60 days after any destruction made pursuant to paragraph (2), the owner of (including any person having an interest in) the property so destroyed may make application to the Secretary for reimbursement of the value of the property. If the claimant establishes to the satisfaction of the Secretary that—

19 "(A) the property has not been used or involved20 in a violation of law; or

21 "(B) any unlawful involvement or use of the
22 property was without the claimant's knowledge, con23 sent, or willful blindness,

the Secretary shall make an allowance to the claimant notexceeding the value of the property destroyed.".

SEC. 410. ELIMINATION OF OUTMODED LANGUAGE RELAT ING TO PAROLE.

3 (a) SECTION (e)(1) OF TITLE 18.—Section 924(e)(1)of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking 4 5 ", and such person shall not be eligible for parole with respect to the sentence imposed under this subsection". 6 7 (b) SECTION 924(c)(1) OF TITLE 18.—Section 924(c)(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by 8 striking "No person sentenced under this subsection shall 9 be eligible for parole during the term of imprisonment im-10 posed under this subsection.". 11

12 SEC. 411. PROHIBITION AGAINST TRANSACTIONS INVOLV-

- 13 ING STOLEN FIREARMS WHICH HAVE MOVED
- 14

IN INTERSTATE OR FOREIGN COMMERCE.

15 Section 922(j) of title 18, United States Code, is16 amended to read as follows:

"(j) It shall be unlawful for any person to receive, 17 possess, conceal, store, barter, sell, or dispose of any stolen 18 19 firearm or stolen ammunition, or pledge or accept as security for a loan any stolen firearm or stolen ammunition, 20 which is moving as, which is a part of, which constitutes, 21 22 or which has been shipped or transported in, interstate 23 or foreign commerce, either before or after it was stolen, knowing or having reasonable cause to believe that the 24 firearm or ammunition was stolen.". 25

SEC. 412. USING A FIREARM IN THE COMMISSION OF COUN TERFEITING OR FORGERY.

3 Pursuant to its authority under section 994 of title 28, United States Code, the United States Sentencing 4 5 Commission shall amend its sentencing guidelines to provide an appropriate enhancement of the punishment for 6 7 a defendant convicted of a felony under chapter 25 of title 18, United States Code, if the defendant used or carried 8 a firearm (as defined in section 921(a)(3) of title 18. Unit-9 ed States Code) during and in relation to the felony. 10

 11
 SEC. 413. ENHANCED PENALTIES FOR FIREARMS POSSES

 12
 SION BY VIOLENT FELONS AND SERIOUS

 13
 DRUG OFFENDERS.

Pursuant to its authority under section 994 of title
28, United States Code, the United States Sentencing
Commission shall amend its sentencing guidelines to—

17 (1) appropriately enhance penalties in cases in 18 which a defendant convicted under section 922(g) of 19 title 18, United States Code, has 1 prior conviction 20 by any court referred to in section 922(g)(1) of title 21 18 for a violent felony (as defined in section 22 924(e)(2)(B) of that title) or a serious drug offense 23 (as defined in section 924(e)(2)(A) of that title); and 24 (2) appropriately enhance penalties in cases in 25 which such a defendant has 2 prior convictions for

1	a violent felony (as so defined) or a serious drug of-
2	fense (as so defined).
3	SEC. 414. RECEIPT OF FIREARMS BY NONRESIDENT.
4	Section 922(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
5	amended—
6	(1) by striking ''and'' at the end of paragraph
7	(7);
8	(2) by striking the period at the end of para-
9	graph (8) and inserting ''; and''; and
10	(3) by adding at the end the following new
11	paragraph:
12	"(9) for any person, other than a licensed im-
13	porter, licensed manufacturer, licensed dealer, or li-
14	censed collector, who does not reside in any State to
15	receive any firearms unless such receipt is for lawful
16	sporting purposes.".
17	SEC. 415. FIREARMS AND EXPLOSIVES CONSPIRACY.
18	(a) FIREARMS.—Section 924 of title 18, United
19	States Code, as amended by section 404(a), is amended
20	by adding at the end the following new subsection:
21	"(l) A person who conspires to commit any offense

23 as those prescribed for the offense the commission of24 which was the object of the conspiracy.".

(b) EXPLOSIVES.—Section 844 of title 18, United
 States Code, as amended by section 404(b), is amended
 by adding at the end the following new subsection:

4 "(l) A person who conspires to commit any offense
5 under this chapter shall be subject to the same penalties
6 as those prescribed for the offense the commission of
7 which was the object of the conspiracy.".

8 SEC. 416. STUDY OF INCENDIARY AMMUNITION; REPORT TO 9 CONGRESS.

(a) STUDY.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall 10 conduct a study of the incendiary ammunition offered for 11 sale under the brand name "Dragon's Breath" and also 12 known as the "Three Second Flame Thrower", and all in-13 cendiary ammunition of similar function or effect, for the 14 purpose of determining whether there is a reasonable 15 sporting use for such ammunition and whether there is 16 a reasonable use for such ammunition in law enforcement. 17

18 (b) REPORT TO THE CONGRESS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary 19 of the Treasury shall submit to the Committee on the Ju-20 diciary of the House of Representatives a report contain-21 22 ing the results of the study required by subsection (a) and recommendations for such legislative or administrative ac-23 tion, with respect to the ammunition referred to in sub-24 section (a), as the Secretary deems appropriate. 25

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3 (a) FIREARMS.—Section 924 of title 18, United
4 States Code, as amended by section 415(a), is amended
5 by adding at the end the following new subsection:

6 ''(m) A person who steals any firearm from a licensed
7 importer, licensed manufacturer, licensed dealer, or li8 censed collector shall be fined under this title, imprisoned
9 not more than 10 years, or both.''.

(b) EXPLOSIVES.—Section 844 of title 18, United
States Code, as amended by section 415(b), is amended
by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(m) A person who steals any explosive material from
a licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed
dealer, or from any permittee shall be fined under this
title, imprisoned not more than 10 years, or both.".

17 SEC. 418. DISPOSING OF EXPLOSIVES TO PROHIBITED PER18 SONS.

Section 842(d) of title 18, United States Code, isamended by striking "licensee" and inserting "person".

21SEC. 419. CLARIFICATION OF "BURGLARY" UNDER THE22ARMED CAREER CRIMINAL STATUTE.

23 Section 924(e)(2) of title 18, United States Code, is
24 amended—

(1) by striking "and" at the end of subpara-graph (B)(ii);

(2) by striking the period at the end of sub paragraph (C) and inserting "; and"; and

3 (3) by adding at the end the following new sub-4 paragraph:

5 ''(D) the term 'burglary' means any crime pun-6 ishable by a term of imprisonment exceeding 1 year 7 and consisting of entering or remaining surrep-8 titiously within a building that is the property of an-9 other with intent to engage in conduct constituting 10 a Federal or State offense.''.

11 SEC. 420. INCREASED PENALTY FOR INTERSTATE GUN 12 TRAFFICKING.

Section 924 of title 18, United States Code, as
amended by section 417(a), is amended by adding at the
end the following new subsection:

"(n) A person who, with the intent to engage in conduct that constitutes a violation of section 922(a)(1)(A),
travels from any State or foreign country into any other
State and acquires, or attempts to acquire, a firearm in
such other State in furtherance of such purpose shall be
imprisoned for not more than 10 years.".

1**TITLE V—OBSTRUCTION OF**2**JUSTICE**

111

3 SEC. 501. PROTECTION OF COURT OFFICERS AND JURORS.
4 Section 1503 of title 18, United States Code, is
5 amended—

6 (1) by inserting "(a)" before "Whoever";

7 (2) by striking "fined not more than \$5,000 or
8 imprisoned not more than five years, or both." and
9 inserting "punished as provided in subsection (b).";

10 (3) by adding at the end the following new sub-11 section:

12 "(b) The punishment for an offense under this sec-13 tion is—

14 "(1) in the case of a killing, the punishment15 provided in sections 1111 and 1112;

"(2) in the case of an attempted killing, or a
case in which the offense was committed against a
petit juror and in which a class A or B felony was
charged, imprisonment for not more than 20 years;
and

21 "(3) in any other case, imprisonment for not
22 more than 10 years."; and

(4) in subsection (a), as designated by paragraph (1), by striking "commissioner" each place it
appears and inserting "magistrate judge".

1	SEC. 502. PROHIBITION OF RETALIATORY KILLINGS OF
2	WITNESSES, VICTIMS AND INFORMANTS.
3	Section 1513 of title 18, United States Code, is
4	amended—
5	(1) by redesignating subsections (a) and (b) as
6	subsections (b) and (c), respectively; and
7	(2) by inserting after the section heading the
8	following new subsection:
9	"(a)(1) Whoever kills or attempts to kill another per-
10	son with intent to retaliate against any person for—
11	"(A) the attendance of a witness or party at an
12	official proceeding, or any testimony given or any
13	record, document, or other object produced by a wit-
14	ness in an official proceeding; or
15	"(B) any information relating to the commis-
16	sion or possible commission of a Federal offense or
17	a violation of conditions of probation, parole, or re-
18	lease pending judicial proceedings given by a person
19	to a law enforcement officer; shall be punished as
20	provided in paragraph (2).
21	"(2) The punishment for an offense under this sub-
22	section is—
23	''(A) in the case of a killing, the punishment
24	provided in sections 1111 and 1112; and
25	"(B) in the case of an attempt, imprisonment
26	for not more than 20 years.".

1SEC. 503. PROTECTION OF JURORS AND WITNESSES IN2CAPITAL CASES.

3 Section 3432 of title 18, United States Code, is 4 amended by inserting before the period the following: ", 5 except that such list of the veniremen and witnesses need 6 not be furnished if the court finds by a preponderance of 7 the evidence that providing the list may jeopardize the life 8 or safety of any person".

9 SEC. 504. DEATH PENALTY FOR THE MURDER OF STATE OF10 FICIALS ASSISTING FEDERAL LAW ENFORCE11 MENT OFFICIALS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 51 of title 18, United
States Code, as amended by section 112(a), is amended
by adding at the end the following new section:

15 "§ 1120. Killing persons aiding Federal investigations

16 "A person who intentionally kills—

17 "(1) a State or local official, law enforcement
18 officer, or other officer or employee while working
19 with Federal law enforcement officials in furtherance
20 of a Federal criminal investigation—

- 21 "(A) while the victim is engaged in the22 performance of official duties;
- 23 "(B) because of the performance of the24 victim's official duties; or
- 25 "(C) because of the victim's status as a26 public servant; or

1 "(2) any person assisting a Federal criminal in-2 vestigation, while that assistance is being rendered and because of it. 3 shall be sentenced as provided in section 1111, including 4 5 by sentence of death or by imprisonment for life.". (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis 6 7 for chapter 51 of title 18, United States Code, as amended 8 by section 112(b), is amended by adding at the end the 9 following new item: "1120. Killing persons aiding Federal investigations.". 10 SEC. 505. DEATH PENALTY FOR MURDER OF FEDERAL WIT-11 NESSES. 12 Section 1512(a)(2)(A) of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: 13 "(A) in the case of murder (as defined in sec-14 tion 1111), the death penalty or imprisonment for 15 life, and in the case of any other killing, the punish-16 17 ment provided in section 1112;". TITLE VI—YOUTH VIOLENCE 18 Subtitle A—Increased Penalties for 19 **Drug Trafficking and Criminal** 20 Street Gangs 21 22 SEC. 601. STRENGTHENING FEDERAL PENALTIES FOR EM-23 PLOYING CHILDREN TO DISTRIBUTE DRUGS. 24 Section 419 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 860) is amended— 25

(1) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as 1 2 subsections (d) and (e), respectively; and (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the follow-3 ing new subsection: 4 "(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any 5 person at least 18 years of age who knowingly and inten-6 7 tionally— 8 "(1) employs, hires, uses, persuades, induces, 9 entices, or coerces, a person under 18 years of age to violate any provision of this section; or 10 "(2) employs, hires, uses, persuades, induces, 11 entices, or coerces, a person under 18 years of age 12 13 to assist in avoiding detection or apprehension for any offense of this section by any Federal, State, or 14 15 local law enforcement official,

16 is punishable by a term of imprisonment, or fine, or both,17 up to triple that authorized by section 841(b).".

18 SEC. 602. COMMENCEMENT OF JUVENILE PROCEEDING.

19 Section 5032 of title 18, United States Code, is 20 amended by striking "Any proceedings against a juvenile 21 under this chapter or as an adult shall not be commenced 22 until" and inserting "A juvenile shall not be transferred 23 to adult prosecution nor shall a hearing be held under sec-24 tion 5037 (disposition after a finding of juvenile delin-25 quency) until".

116

1 SEC. 603. CRIMINAL STREET GANGS.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Part I of title 18, United States
3 Code, is amended by inserting after chapter 25 the follow4 ing new chapter:

5 **"CHAPTER 26—CRIMINAL STREET GANGS**

"Sec.

"521. Criminal street gangs.

6 "§ 521. Criminal street gangs

7 "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

8 "'conviction' includes a finding, under State or 9 Federal law, that a person has committed an act of 10 juvenile delinquency involving a violent or controlled 11 substances felony.

12 "'criminal street gang' means any group, club,
13 organization, or association of 5 or more persons—
14 "(A) whose members engage or have en15 gaged within the past 5 years, in a continuing

series of violations of any offense treated insubsection (b); and

18 "(B) whose activities affect interstate or19 foreign commerce.

20 "(b) PENALTY.—A person who, under the cir-21 cumstances described in subsection (d), commits an of-22 fense described in subsection (c), shall, in addition to any 23 other sentence authorized by law, be sentenced to a term 24 of imprisonment of not more than 10 years and may also be fined under this title. Such a sentence of imprisonment
 shall run consecutively to any other sentence imposed.

3 "(c) OFFENSES.—The offenses described in this sec-4 tion are—

5 ''(1) any Federal felony involving a controlled 6 substance (as defined in section 102 of the Con-7 trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802)) for which 8 the maximum penalty is not less than 5 years;

9 "(2) any Federal felony crime of violence; and
10 "(3) a conspiracy to commit any of the offenses
11 described in paragraphs (1) and (2).

12 "(d) CIRCUMSTANCES.—The circumstances described 13 in this section are that the offense described in subsection 14 (c) was committed by a person as a member of, or on be-15 half of, a criminal street gang and that person has been 16 convicted within the past 5 years for—

17 "(1) an offense described in subsection (c);

18 "(2) any State offense—

"(A) involving a controlled substance (as
defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802)) for which the
maximum penalty is not less than 1 year after
imprisonment; or

	110	
1	"(B) that is a crime of violence; for which	
2	the maximum penalty is more than 1 year's im-	
3	prisonment;	
4	"(3) any Federal or State offense that involves	
5	the theft or destruction of property for which the	
6	maximum penalty is more than 1 year's imprison-	
7	ment; or	
8	"(4) a conspiracy to commit any of the offenses	
9	described in paragraphs (1), (2), or (3).".	
10	(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The part analysis for	
11	part I of title 18, United States Code, is amended by in-	
12	serting after the item relating to chapter 25 the following	
13	new item:	
	"26. Criminal street gangs	
14	Subtitle B—Juvenile Drug Traffick-	
15	ing and Gang Prevention Grants	
16	SEC. 611. GRANT PROGRAM.	
17	The Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act	
18	of 1974 is amended in part B—	
19	(1) by inserting after the heading the following:	
20	"Subpart I—General Grant Programs";	
21	and	
22	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-	
23	part:	

1	"Subpart II—Juvenile Drug Trafficking and Gang
2	Prevention Grants
3	"FORMULA GRANTS
4	"SEC. 231. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
5	may make grants to States and units of general local gov-
6	ernment or combinations thereof to assist them in plan-
7	wind a stabilized an antiparting and and and and and

7 ning, establishing, operating, coordinating, and evaluating
8 projects directly or through grants and contracts with
9 public and private agencies for the development of more
10 effective programs including education, prevention, treat11 ment and enforcement programs to reduce—

12 "(1) the formation or continuation of juvenile13 gangs; and

14 "(2) the use and sale of illegal drugs by juve-15 niles.

16 "(b) PURPOSES.—The grants made under this sec-17 tion can be used for any of the following specific purposes:

"(1) To reduce the participation of juveniles in
drug related crimes (including drug trafficking and
drug use), particularly in and around elementary
and secondary schools.

"(2) To reduce juvenile involvement in organized crime, drug and gang-related activity, particularly activities that involve the distribution of drugs
by or to juveniles.

1	"(3) To develop within the juvenile justice sys-
2	tem, including the juvenile corrections system, new
3	and innovative means to address the problems of ju-
4	veniles convicted of serious, drug-related and gang-
5	related offenses.
6	(4) To reduce juvenile drug and gang-related
7	activity in public housing projects.
8	"(5) To provide technical assistance and train-
9	ing to personnel and agencies responsible for the ad-
10	judicatory and corrections components of the juve-
11	nile justice system to identify drug-dependent or
12	gang-involved juvenile offenders and to provide ap-
13	propriate counseling and treatment to such offend-
14	ers.
15	"(6) To promote the involvement of all juveniles
16	in lawful activities, including in-school and after-
17	school programs for academic, athletic or artistic en-
18	richment that also teach that drug and gang involve-
19	ment are wrong.
20	"(7) To facilitate Federal and State cooperation
21	with local school officials to develop education, pre-
22	vention, and treatment programs for juveniles who
23	are likely to participate in the drug trafficking, drug
24	use or gang-related activities.

1 "(8) To prevent juvenile drug and gang involve-2 ment in public housing projects through programs 3 establishing youth sports and other activities, includ-4 ing girls' and boys' clubs, scout troops, and little 5 leagues.

6 "(9) To provide pre- and post-trial drug abuse 7 treatment to juveniles in the juvenile justice system, 8 with the highest possible priority being to provide 9 drug abuse treatment to drug-dependent pregnant 10 juveniles and drug-dependent juvenile mothers.

"(10) To provide education and treatment programs for youth exposed to severe violence in their
homes, schools, or neighborhoods.

14 "(11) To establish sports mentoring and coach15 ing programs in which athletes serve as role models
16 for youth to teach that athletics provide a positive
17 alternative to drug and gang involvement.

18 "(c) USE OF GRANT FUNDS.—Of the funds made 19 available to each State under this section, 50 percent of 20 the funds made available to each State in any fiscal year 21 shall be used for juvenile anti-gang or anti-drug education, 22 prevention, and treatment programs and 50 percent shall 23 be used for juvenile anti-gang or anti-drug enforcement 24 programs. 1 "SPECIAL EMPHASIS DRUG DEMAND REDUCTION AND

2 ENFORCEMENT GRANTS

3 "SEC. 232. (a) PURPOSE.—The purposes of this sec-4 tion are—

5 ''(1) to provide additional Federal assistance
6 and support to identify promising new juvenile drug
7 demand reduction and enforcement programs;

8 "(2) to replicate and demonstrate those pro-9 grams to serve as national, regional, or local models 10 that could be used, in whole or in part, by other 11 public and private juvenile justice programs; and

12 "(3) to provide technical assistance and train13 ing to public or private organizations to implement
14 similar programs.

15 "(b) PRIORITY.—In making grants under this sec-16 tion, the Administrator shall give priority to programs 17 aimed at juvenile involvement in organized gang- and 18 drug-related activities, including supply and demand re-19 duction programs.

20 "(c) AUTHORIZATION.—The Administrator may 21 make grants to, or enter into contracts with, public or pri-22 vate non-profit agencies, institutions, or organizations or 23 individuals to carry out any purpose authorized in section 24 231. "(d) AUTHORITY OVER FUNDS.—The Administrator
 shall have final authority over all funds awarded under
 this subchapter.

4 "(e) RESERVATION OF FUNDS.—Of the total amount 5 appropriated for this subchapter, 20 percent shall be re-6 served and set aside for this section in a special discre-7 tionary fund for use by the Administrator to carry out 8 the purposes specified in section 231 as described in sec-9 tion 232(a).

10 "(f) FEDERAL SHARE.—Grants made under this sec11 tion may be made for amounts up to 100 percent of the
12 costs of the programs or projects.

13 "SPECIAL INTERNATIONAL PORTS OF ENTRY JUVENILE

14 CRIME AND DRUG DEMAND REDUCTION GRANTS

15 "SEC. 233. (a) PURPOSE.—The purposes of this sec-16 tion are—

17 "(1) to provide additional Federal assistance 18 and support to promising new programs that specifi-19 cally and effectively address the unique crime and 20 drug and alcohol related challenges faced by juve-21 niles living at or near International Ports of Entry 22 and in other international border communities, in-23 cluding rural localities;

24 "(2) to replicate and demonstrate these pro-25 grams to serve as models that could be used, in

whole or in part, in other similarly situated commu nities; and

3 "(3) to provide technical assistance and train4 ing to public or private organizations to implement
5 similar programs.

"(b) 6 AUTHORIZATION.—The Administrator may 7 make grants to, or enter into contracts with, public or pri-8 vate non-profit agencies, institutions, or organizations or 9 individuals to carry out any purpose authorized in section 10 231, if the beneficiaries of the grantee's program are juveniles living at or near International Ports of Entry or in 11 other international border communities, including rural lo-12 calities. 13

14 "(c) AUTHORITY OVER FUNDS.—The Administrator
15 shall have final authority over all funds awarded under
16 this section.

17 "(d) RESERVATION OF FUNDS.—Of the total amount 18 appropriated for this subchapter, 5 percent shall be re-19 served and set aside for this section in a special discre-20 tionary fund for use by the Administrator to carry out 21 the purposes specified in section 231 as described in sec-22 tion 233(a).

23 "(e) FEDERAL SHARE.—Grants made under this sec24 tion may be made for amounts up to 100 per centum of
25 the costs of the programs.

1 *"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS"* 2 "SEC. 234. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subpart— 3 "(1) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 1995; and 4 "(2) such sums as are necessary for fiscal year 5 1996. 6 7 "ALLOCATION OF FUND "SEC. 235. Of the total amounts appropriated under 8 9 this subpart for any fiscal year the amount remaining 10 after setting aside the amounts required to be reserved to carry out section 232 shall be allocated as follows: 11 "(1) \$400,000 shall be allocated to each of the 12 participating States. 13 "(2) Of the total funds remaining after the allo-14 15 cation under paragraph (1), there shall be allocated to each of the participating States an amount which 16 bears the same ratio to the amount of remaining 17 funds described in this paragraph as the population 18 of juveniles of the State bears to the population of 19 juveniles in all of the participating States. 20 21 "APPLICATION "SEC. 236. (a) IN GENERAL.—Each State applying 22 23 for a grant under section 231 and each public or private 24 entity applying for a grant under section 232 shall submit

25 an application to the Administrator in such form and con-

taining such information as the Administrator shall pre scribe.

3 "(b) REGULATIONS.—To the extent that it is prac-4 ticable to do so, the Administrator shall prescribe regula-5 tions governing applications for this subpart that are sub-6 stantially similar to the applications required under part 7 I and part C, including the procedures relating to competi-8 tion.

"(c) COORDINATION OF FEDERAL ASSISTANCE.—In 9 addition to the requirements prescribed under subsection 10 (b), each State application submitted for a grant under 11 section 231 shall include a detailed description of how the 12 funds made available under that section will be coordi-13 nated with Federal assistance provided in parts B and C 14 15 of title II of this Act and by the Bureau of Justice Assistance under the Drug Control and System Improvement 16 Grant program. 17

18 "REVIEW AND APPROVAL OF APPLICATIONS

19 "SEC. 237. The procedures and time limits imposed 20 on the Federal and State Governments under sections 505 21 and 508, respectively, of title I of the Omnibus Crime Con-22 trol and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3755 and 3758) relating to the review of applications and distribu-24 tion of Federal funds shall apply to the review of applica-25 tions and distribution of funds under this subpart.".

Subtitle C—Bindover System for Certain Violent Juveniles

3 SEC. 621. BINDOVER SYSTEM.

4 Section 501(b) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Con5 trol and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3751), as
6 amended by section 1002, is amended—

7 (1) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph8 (21);

9 (2) by striking the period at the end of para-10 graph (22) and inserting "; and"; and

11 (3) by adding at the end the following new12 paragraph:

13 "(23) programs that address the need for effec14 tive bindover systems for the prosecution of violent
15 16- and 17-year-olds in courts with jurisdiction over
16 adults for the crimes of—

- 17 ''(A) murder in the first degree;
- 18 "(B) murder in the second degree;

19 "(C) attempted murder;

20 "(D) armed robbery when armed with a21 firearm;

22 "(E) aggravated battery or assault when23 armed with a firearm;

24 "(F) criminal sexual penetration when25 armed with a firearm; and

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1	"(G) drive-by shootings as described in
2	section 36 of title 18, United States Code.".
3	TITLE VII—TERRORISM
4	Subtitle A—Maritime Navigation
5	and Fixed Platforms
6	SEC. 701. OFFENSES OF VIOLENCE AGAINST MARITIME
7	NAVIGATION OR FIXED PLATFORMS.
8	Chapter 111 of title 18, United States Code, is
9	amended by adding at the end the following new sections:
10	"§2280. Violence against maritime navigation
11	"(a) OFFENSES.—
12	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A person who unlawfully
13	and intentionally—
14	"(A) seizes or exercises control over a ship
15	by force or threat thereof or any other form of
16	intimidation;
17	"(B) performs an act of violence against a
18	person on board a ship if that act is likely to
19	endanger the safe navigation of that ship;
20	"(C) destroys a ship or causes damage to
21	a ship or to its cargo which is likely to endan-
22	ger the safe navigation of that ship;
23	"(D) places or causes to be placed on a
24	ship, by any means whatsoever, a device or sub-
25	stance which is likely to destroy that ship, or

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1	cause damage to that ship or its cargo which
2	endangers or is likely to endanger the safe navi-
3	gation of that ship;
4	''(E) destroys or seriously damages mari-
5	time navigational facilities or seriously inter-
6	feres with their operation, if such act is likely
7	to endanger the safe navigation of a ship;
8	''(F) communicates information, knowing
9	the information to be false and under cir-
10	cumstances in which such information may rea-
11	sonably be believed, thereby endangering the
12	safe navigation of a ship;
13	''(G) injures or kills any person in connec-
14	tion with the commission or the attempted com-
15	mission of any of the offenses set forth in sub-
16	paragraphs (A) through (F); or
17	"(H) attempts to do any act prohibited
18	under subparagraphs (A) through (G),
19	shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more
20	than 20 years, or both; and if the death of any per-
21	son results from conduct prohibited by this para-
22	graph, shall be punished by death or imprisoned for
23	any term of years or for life.
24	''(2) THREAT TO NAVIGATION.—A person who
25	threatens to do any act prohibited under paragraph

1	(1) (B), (C) or (E), with apparent determination	
2	and will to carry the threat into execution, if the	
3	threatened act is likely to endanger the safe naviga-	
4	tion of the ship in question, shall be fined under this	
5	title, imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both.	
6	"(b) JURISDICTION.—There is jurisdiction over the	
7	prohibited activity in subsection (b)—	
8	''(1) in the case of a covered ship, if—	
9	"(A) such activity is committed—	
10	''(i) by a person engaged in terrorism	
11	or who acts on behalf of a terrorist group;	
12	''(ii) against or on board a ship flying	
13	the flag of the United States at the time	
14	the prohibited activity is committed;	
15	"(iii) in the United States and the ac-	
16	tivity is not prohibited as a crime by the	
17	State in which the activity takes place; or	
18	''(iv) the activity takes place on a ship	
19	flying the flag of a foreign country or out-	
20	side the United States, by a national of the	
21	United States or by a stateless person	
22	whose habitual residence is in the United	
23	States;	

1	''(B) during the commission of such activ-
2	ity, a national of the United States is seized,
3	threatened, injured or killed; or
4	"(C) the offender is later found in the
5	United States after such activity is committed;
6	"(2) in the case of a ship navigating or sched-
7	uled to navigate solely within the territorial sea or
8	internal waters of a country other than the United
9	States, if the offender is later found in the United
10	States after such activity is committed; and
11	''(3) in the case of any vessel, if such activity
12	is committed in an attempt to compel the United
13	States to do or abstain from doing any act.
14	"(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—
15	'''covered ship' means a ship that is navigating
16	or is scheduled to navigate into, through or from wa-
17	ters beyond the outer limit of the territorial sea of
18	a single country or a lateral limit of that country's
19	territorial sea with an adjacent country.
20	"'national of the United States' has the mean-
21	ing stated in section 101(a)(22) of the Immigration
22	and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(22)).
23	"'territorial sea of the United States' means all
24	waters extending seaward to 12 nautical miles from

1	the baselines of the United States determined in ac-
2	cordance with international law.
3	"'ship' means a vessel of any type whatsoever
4	not permanently attached to the sea-bed, including
5	dynamically supported craft, submersibles or any
6	other floating craft, but does not include a warship,
7	a ship owned or operated by a government when
8	being used as a naval auxiliary or for customs or po-
9	lice purposes, or a ship which has been withdrawn
10	from navigation or laid up.
11	'''United States', when used in a geographical
12	sense, includes the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico,
13	the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas Is-
14	lands and all territories and possessions of the Unit-
15	ed States.
16	"§2281. Violence against maritime fixed platforms
17	"(a) Offenses.—
18	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A person who unlawfully
19	and intentionally—
20	"(A) seizes or exercises control over a fixed
21	platform by force or threat thereof or any other
22	form of intimidation;
23	"(B) performs an act of violence against a
24	person on board a fixed platform if that act is
25	likely to endanger its safety;

1	"(C) destroys a fixed platform or causes
2	damage to it which is likely to endanger its
3	safety;
4	''(D) places or causes to be placed on a

fixed platform, by any means whatsoever, a device or substance which is likely to destroy that 6 fixed platform or likely to endanger its safety; "(E) injures or kills any person in connec-8 tion with the commission or the attempted com-9 mission of any of the offenses set forth in sub-10 paragraphs (A) through (D); or

"(F) attempts to do anything prohibited 12 under subparagraphs (A) through (E), 13

14 shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more 15 than 20 years, or both; and if death results to any person from conduct prohibited by this paragraph, 16 17 shall be punished by death or imprisoned for any 18 term of years or for life.

19 THREAT TO SAFETY.—A person who ⁽⁽²⁾ 20 threatens to do anything prohibited under paragraph (1) (B) or (C), with apparent determination and will 21 22 to carry the threat into execution, if the threatened 23 act is likely to endanger the safety of the fixed platform, shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not 24 25 more than 5 years, or both.

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1	"(b) JURISDICTION.—There is jurisdiction over the
2	prohibited activity in subsection (b) if—
3	"(1) such activity is committed against or on
4	board a fixed platform—
5	"(A) that is located on the continental
6	shelf of the United States, if—
7	''(i) by a person engaged in terrorism
8	or who acts on behalf of a terrorist group;
9	or
10	''(ii) if the activity is not prohibited as
11	a crime by the State in which the activity
12	takes place;
13	"(B) that is located on the continental
14	shelf of another country, by a national of the
15	United States or by a stateless person whose
16	habitual residence is in the United States; or
17	"(C) in an attempt to compel the United
18	States to do or abstain from doing any act;
19	"(2) during the commission of such activity
20	against or on board a fixed platform located on a
21	continental shelf, a national of the United States is
22	seized, threatened, injured or killed; or
23	"(3) such activity is committed against or on
24	board a fixed platform located outside the United
25	States and beyond the continental shelf of the Unit-

ed States and the offender is later found in the
 United States.

3 "(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

"' continental shelf' means the sea-bed and sub-4 5 soil of the submarine areas that extend beyond a country's territorial sea to the limits provided by 6 7 customary international law as reflected in Article 8 76 of the 1982 Convention on the Law of the Sea. "'fixed platform' means an artificial island, in-9 10 stallation or structure permanently attached to the sea-bed for the purpose of exploration or exploitation 11 of resources or for other economic purposes. 12

13 "'national of the United States' has the mean14 ing stated in section 101(a)(22) of the Immigration
15 and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(22)).

16 "'territorial sea of the United States' means all
17 waters extending seaward to 12 nautical miles from
18 the baselines of the United States determined in ac19 cordance with international law.

20 "'United States', when used in a geographical
21 sense, includes the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico,
22 the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas Is23 lands and all territories and possessions of the Unit24 ed States.".

1 SEC. 702. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.

2 The chapter analysis for chapter 111 of title 18,
3 United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
4 following new items:
"2280. Violence against maritime navigation.

"2281. Violence against maritime fixed platforms.".

5 SEC. 703. EFFECTIVE DATES.

6 This subtitle and the amendments made by this sub-7 title shall take effect on the later of—

8 (1) the date of the enactment of this Act; or

9 (2) (A) in the case of section 2280 of title 18, 10 United States Code, the date the Convention for the 11 Suppression of Unlawful Acts Against the Safety of 12 Maritime Navigation has come into force and the 13 United States has become a party to that Conven-14 tion; and

(B) in the case of section 2281 of title 18,
United States Code, the date the Protocol for the
Suppression of Unlawful Acts Against the Safety of
Fixed Platforms Located on the Continental Shelf
has come into force and the United States has become a party to that Protocol.

21 Subtitle B—General Provisions

22 SEC. 711. WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that the use andthreatened use of weapons of mass destruction (as defined

in section 2332a of title 18, United States Code, as added by subsection (b)) gravely harm the national security and foreign relations interests of the United States, seriously affect interstate and foreign commerce, and disturb the

5 domestic tranquility of the United States.

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6 (b) OFFENSE.—Chapter 113A of title 18, United
7 States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2332
8 the following new section:

9 "§2332a. Use of weapons of mass destruction

10 "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

"'national of the United States' has the meaning given in section 101(a)(22) of the Immigration
and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(22)).

14 "''weapon of mass destruction' means—

- 15 "(A) any destructive device (as defined in16 section 921);
- 17 "(B) poison gas;

18 "(C) any weapon involving a disease orga-

19 nism; or

20 "(D) any weapon that is designed to re21 lease radiation or radioactivity at a level dan22 gerous to human life.

23 "(b) OFFENSE.—A person who uses, or attempts or24 conspires to use, a weapon of mass destruction—

"(1) against a national of the United States
 while such national is outside of the United States;
 "(2) against any person within the United
 States; or

5 "(3) against any property that is owned, leased 6 or used by the United States or by any department 7 or agency of the United States, whether the property 8 is within or outside of the United States;

9 shall be imprisoned for any term of years or for life, and10 if death results, shall be punished by death or imprisoned11 for any term of years or for life.".

12 (c) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis 13 for chapter 113A of title 18, United States Code, is 14 amended by inserting after the item relating to section 15 2332 the following new item:

"2332a. Use of weapons of mass destruction.".

16 SEC. 712. ENHANCED PENALTIES FOR CERTAIN OFFENSES.

(a) SECTION 1705(b).—Section 206(b) of the International Economic Emergency Powers Act (50 U.S.C.
1705(b)) is amended by striking "\$50,000" and inserting
"\$1,000,000".

(b) SECTION 1705(a).—Section 206(a) of the International Economic Emergency Powers Act (50 U.S.C.
1705(a)) is amended by striking "\$10,000" and inserting
"\$1,000,000".

(c) SECTION 1541.—Section 1541 of title 18, United 1 States Code, is amended— 2 3 (1)striking "\$500" inserting by and "\$250,000"; and 4 (2) by striking "one year" and inserting "5 5 6 years". 7 (d) CHAPTER 75.—Sections 1542, 1543, 1544 and 8 1546 of title 18, United States Code, are each amended— (1) by striking "\$2,000" each place it appears 9 10 and inserting "\$250,000"; and (2) by striking "five years" each place it ap-11 pears and inserting "10 years". 12 13 (e) SECTION 1545.—Section 1545 of title 18, United States Code. is amended— 14 ''\$2,000'' 15 (1)by striking and inserting "\$250,000"; and 16 (2) by striking "three years" and inserting "10 17 18 years". 19 SEC. 713. TERRITORIAL SEA EXTENDING TO TWELVE MILES 20 INCLUDED IN SPECIAL MARITIME AND TER-21 **RITORIAL JURISDICTION.** 22 The Congress declares that all the territorial sea of 23 the United States, as defined by Presidential Proclamation 5928 of December 27, 1988, is part of the United States, 24

subject to its sovereignty, and, for purposes of Federal

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criminal jurisdiction, is within the special maritime and
 territorial jurisdiction of the United States wherever that
 term is used in title 18, United States Code.

4 SEC. 714. ASSIMILATED CRIMES IN EXTENDED TERRI-5 TORIAL SEA.

6 Section 13 of title 18, United States Code (relating
7 to the adoption of State laws for areas within Federal ju8 risdiction), is amended—

9 (1) by inserting after "title" in subsection (a) 10 the following: "or on, above, or below any portion of 11 the territorial sea of the United States not within 12 the territory of any State, Territory, Possession, or 13 District"; and

14 (2) by inserting at the end the following new15 subsection:

"(c) Whenever any waters of the territorial sea of the 16 United States lie outside the territory of any State, Terri-17 tory, Possession, or District, such waters (including the 18 airspace above and the seabed and subsoil below, and arti-19 ficial islands and fixed structures erected thereon) shall 20 be deemed for purposes of subsection (a) to lie within the 21 22 area of that State, Territory, Possession, or District it would lie within if the boundaries of such State, Territory, 23 Possession, or District were extended seaward to the outer 24 limit of the territorial sea of the United States.". 25

1SEC. 715. JURISDICTION OVER CRIMES AGAINST UNITED2STATES NATIONALS ON CERTAIN FOREIGN3SHIPS.

Section 7 of title 18, United States Code (relating
to the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the
United States), is amended by inserting at the end thereof
the following new paragraph:

8 "(8) To the extent permitted by international law, 9 any foreign vessel during a voyage having a scheduled de-10 parture from or arrival in the United States with respect 11 to an offense committed by or against a national of the 12 United States.".

13 **SEC. 716. TORTURE.**

(a) IN GENERAL.—Part I of title 18, United States
Code, is amended by inserting after chapter 113A the following new chapter:

17 **"CHAPTER 113B—TORTURE**

"Sec. "2340. Definitions. "2340A. Torture. "2340B. Exclusive remedies.

18 **"§ 2340. Definitions**

19 "In this chapter—

20 "'severe mental pain or suffering' means the
21 prolonged mental harm caused by or resulting
22 from—

1	''(A) the intentional infliction or threat-
2	ened infliction of severe physical pain or suffer-
3	ing;

"(B) the administration or application, or threatened administration or application, of mind altering substances or other procedures calculated to disrupt profoundly the senses or the personality;

9 "(C) the threat of imminent death; or 10 "(D) the threat that another person will 11 imminently be subjected to death, severe phys-12 ical pain or suffering, or the administration or 13 application of mind altering substances or other 14 procedures calculated to disrupt profoundly the 15 senses or personality.

"torture' means an act committed by a person
acting under the color of law specifically intended to
inflict severe physical or mental pain or suffering
(other than pain or suffering incidental to lawful
sanctions) upon another person within his custody or
physical control.

22 "'United States' includes all areas under the
23 jurisdiction of the United States including any of the
24 places within the provisions of sections 5 and 7 of

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this title and section 101(38) of the Federal Avia tion Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. App. 1301(38)).

3 **"§2340A. Torture**

4 "(a) OFFENSES.—A person who outside the United
5 States commits or attempts to commit torture shall be
6 fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 20 years,
7 or both; and if death results to any person from conduct
8 prohibited by this subsection, shall be punished by death
9 or imprisoned for any term of years or for life.

10 "(b) JURISDICTION.—There is jurisdiction over the
11 prohibited activity in subsection (a) if—

12 "(1) the alleged offender is a national of the13 United States; or

14 "(2) the alleged offender is present in the Unit15 ed States, irrespective of the nationality of the vic16 tim or the alleged offender.

17 "§2340B. Exclusive remedies

"Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as precluding the application of State or local laws on the same subject, nor shall anything in this chapter be construed as creating any substantive or procedural right enforceable by law by any party in any civil proceeding.".

(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The part analysis forpart I of title 18, United States Code, is amended by in-

serting after the item for chapter 113A the following new 1 2 item: 3 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by 4 this section shall take effect on the later of— 5 (1) the date of enactment of this Act; or 6 (2) the date on which the United States has be-7 come a party to the Convention Against Torture and 8 Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment. 9 SEC. 717. EXTENSION OF THE STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS 10 11 FOR CERTAIN TERRORISM OFFENSES. 12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 213 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 3285 13 the following new section: 14

15 **"§ 3286. Extension of statute of limitations for certain**

16 terrorism offenses

"Notwithstanding the provisions of section 3282, no 17 person shall be prosecuted, tried, or punished for any of-18 fense involving a violation of section 32 (aircraft destruc-19 tion), section 36 (airport violence), section 112 (assaults 20 21 upon diplomats), section 351 (crimes against Congress-22 men or Cabinet officers), section 1116 (crimes against dip-23 lomats), section 1203 (hostage taking), section 1361 (will-24 ful injury to government property), section 1751 (crimes against the President), section 2280 (maritime violence), 25

section 2281 (maritime platform violence), section 2331 1 (terrorist acts abroad against United States nationals), 2 section 2339 (use of weapons of mass destruction), or sec-3 tion 2340A (torture) of this title or section 902 (i), (j), 4 (k), (l), or (n) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as 5 amended (49 U.S.C. App. 1572 (i), (j), (k), (l), or (n)), 6 7 unless the indictment is found or the information is insti-8 tuted within ten years next after such offense shall have been committed.". 9

10 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis 11 for chapter 213 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-12 ed by inserting after the item relating to section 3285 the 13 following new item:

"3286. Extension of statute of limitations for certain terrorism offenses.".

14SEC. 718. FBI ACCESS TO TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBER INFOR-15MATION.

16 (a) REQUIRED CERTIFICATION.—Section 2709(b) of 17 title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as fol-18 lows:

19 "(b) REQUIRED CERTIFICATION.—The Director of
20 the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or his designee in
21 a position not lower than Deputy Assistant Director,
22 may—

23 "(1) request the name, address, length of serv24 ice, and toll billing records of a person or entity if
25 the Director (or his designee in a position not lower
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1	than Deputy Assistant Director) certifies in writing
2	to the wire or electronic communication service pro-
3	vider to which the request is made that—
4	"(A) the name, address, length of service,
5	and toll billing records sought are relevant to
6	an authorized foreign counterintelligence inves-
7	tigation; and
8	"(B) there are specific and articulable
9	facts giving reason to believe that the person or
10	entity to whom the information sought pertains
11	is a foreign power or an agent of a foreign
12	power as defined in section 101 of the Foreign
13	Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
14	U.S.C. 1801); and
15	"(2) request the name, address, and length of
16	service of a person or entity if the Director (or his
17	designee in a position not lower than Deputy Assist-
18	ant Director) certifies in writing to the wire or elec-
19	tronic communication service provider to which the
20	request is made that—
21	"(A) the information sought is relevant to
22	an authorized foreign counterintelligence inves-
23	tigation; and
24	"(B) there are specific and articulable
25	facts giving reason to believe that communica-

tion facilities registered in the name of the per-1 2 son or entity have been used, through the services of such provider, in communication with-3 "(i) an individual who is engaging or 4 has engaged in international terrorism as 5 defined in section 101(c) of the Foreign 6 7 Intelligence Surveillance Act or clandestine intelligence activities that involve or may 8 involve a violation of the criminal statutes 9 of the United States: or 10 "(ii) a foreign power or an agent of a 11 12 foreign power under circumstances giving 13 reason to believe that the communication 14 concerned international terrorism as defined in section 101(c) of the Foreign In-15 16 telligence Surveillance Act or clandestine 17 intelligence activities that involve or may 18 involve a violation of the criminal statutes 19 of the United States.". (b) REPORT TO JUDICIARY COMMITTEES.—Section 20

20 (b) REPORT TO JUDICIARY COMMITTEES.—Section
21 2709(e) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by
22 adding after "Senate" the following: ", and the Committee
23 on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the
24 Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate,".

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3 (a) OFFENSE.—Chapter 2 of title 18, United States
4 Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the follow5 ing new section:

6 **"§ 36. Violence at international airports**

7 ''(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, 'terrorism' and
8 'terrorist group' have, respectively, the meanings stated in
9 section 140 of Public Law 100–204 (22 U.S.C. 2656f).
10 ''(b) OFFENSE.—A person who unlawfully and inten-

11 tionally, using any device, substance, or weapon—

"(1) performs an act of violence against a person at an airport serving international civil aviation
that causes or is likely to cause serious bodily injury
or death; or

''(2) destroys or seriously damages the facilities
of an airport serving international civil aviation or a
civil aircraft not in service located thereon or disrupts the services of the airport,

20 if such an act endangers or is likely to endanger safety
21 at that airport, or attempts to do such an act, shall be
22 fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 20 years,
23 or both; and if the death of any person results from con24 duct prohibited by this subsection, shall be punished by
25 death or imprisoned for any term of years or for life.

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1	"(c) JURISDICTION.—There is jurisdiction over the
2	prohibited activity in subsection (b) if—
3	"(1) the prohibited activity takes place in the
4	United States and—
5	''(A) the perpetrator of the prohibited ac-
6	tivity engages in terrorism or acts on behalf of
7	a terrorist group;
8	"(B) the activity violates subsection $(b)(1)$
9	and the person against whom the violence is di-
10	rected is engaged in international air travel;
11	"(C) the activity violates subsection $(b)(2)$
12	and the facility or aircraft destroyed or dam-
13	aged is owned by or leased by a foreign flag
14	carrier or the services disrupted are primarily
15	for the benefit of such a carrier; or
16	''(D) the activity is not prohibited as a
17	crime by the law of the State in which the air-
18	port is located; or
19	''(2) the prohibited activity takes place outside
20	the United States and the offender is later found in
21	the United States.".
22	(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis
23	for chapter 2 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
24	by adding at the end the following new item:
	"36. Violence at international airports.".

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by
 subsection (a) shall take effect on the later of—

3 (1) the date of enactment of this Act; or

4 (2) the date on which the Protocol for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts of Violence at Airports 5 6 Serving International Civil Aviation, Supplementary to the Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful 7 Acts Against the Safety of Civil Aviation, done at 8 9 Montreal on 23 September 1971, has come into force and the United States has become a party to 10 11 the Protocol.

12 SEC. 720. PREVENTING ACTS OF TERRORISM AGAINST CI-13 VILIAN AVIATION.

14 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 2 of title 18, United
15 States Code, as amended by section 719(a), is amended
16 by adding at the end the following new section:

17 "§ 37. Violations of Federal aviation security regula-18 tions

19 "A person who willfully violates a security regulation 20 under part 107 or 108 of title 14, Code of Federal Regula-21 tions (relating to airport and airline security) issued pur-22 suant to section 315 or 316 of the Air Transportation Se-23 curity Act of 1974 (49 U.S.C. App. 1356 and 1357), or 24 a successor part, shall be fined under this title, imprisoned 25 for not more than 1 year, or both.".

(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis 1 for chapter 2 of title 18, United States Code, as amended 2 by section 719(b), is amended by adding at the end the 3 following new item: 4 "37. Violations of Federal aviation security regulations.". 5 SEC. 721. COUNTERFEITING UNITED STATES CURRENCY 6 ABROAD. 7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 25 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding before section 471 the 8 following new section: 9 10 "§ 470. Counterfeit acts committed outside the Unit-11 ed States "A person who, outside the United States, engages 12 in the act of— 13 "(1) making, dealing, or possessing any coun-14 terfeit obligation or other security of the United 15 16 States: or 17 "(2) making, dealing, or possessing any plate, 18 stone, or other thing, or any part thereof, used to 19 counterfeit such obligation or security, 20 if such act would constitute a violation of section 471, 473, or 474 if committed within the United States, shall be 21 fined under this title, imprisoned for not more than 15 22

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23 years, or both.".

24 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—

•S 1488 PCS

1 (1) CHAPTER ANALYSIS.—The chapter analysis 2 for chapter 25 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding before section 471 the following 3 4 new item: "470. Counterfeit acts committed outside the United States.". 5 (2) PART ANALYSIS.—The part analysis for 6 part I of title 18, United States Code, is amended 7 by amending the item for chapter 25 to read as fol-8 lows: "25. Counterfeiting and forgery 470". 9 SEC. 722. ECONOMIC TERRORISM TASK FORCE. 10 (a) ESTABLISHMENT AND PURPOSE.—There is established an Economic Terrorism Task Force to— 11 (1) assess the threat of terrorist actions di-12 rected against the United States economy, including 13 14 actions directed against the United States government and actions against United States business in-15 16 terests; (2) assess the adequacy of existing policies and 17 procedures designed to prevent terrorist actions di-18 19 rected against the United States economy; and 20 (3) recommend administrative and legislative 21 actions to prevent terrorist actions directed against

the United States economy.

(b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Economic Terrorism Task 1 2 Force shall be chaired by the Secretary of State, or the Secretary's designee, and consist of— 3 4 (1) the Director of Central Intelligence; (2) the Director of the Federal Bureau of In-5 6 vestigation; 7 (3) the Director of the United States Secret 8 Service: (4) the Administrator of the Federal Aviation 9 Administration: 10 11 (5) the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve: 12 (6) the Under Secretary of the Treasury for Fi-13 14 nance: and 15 (7) such other members of the Departments of Defense, Justice, State, Treasury, or any other 16 17 agency of the United States government, as the Sec-18 retary of State may designate. 19 (c) ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply with 20 21 respect to the Economic Terrorism Task Force. 22 (d) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date 23 of enactment of this Act, the chairman of the Economic Terrorism Task Force shall submit a report to the Presi-24

25 dent and the Congress detailing the findings and rec-

ommendations of the task force. If the report of the task
 force is classified, an unclassified version shall be prepared
 for public distribution.

4 SEC. 723. TERRORIST DEATH PENALTY ACT.

5 Section 2332(a)(1) of title 18, United States Code6 is amended to read as follows:

7 ''(1) if the killing is murder (as defined in sec8 tion 1111(a)), be fined under this title, punished by
9 death or imprisonment for any term of years or for
10 life, or both;''.

11SEC. 724. SENTENCING GUIDELINES INCREASE FOR TER-12RORIST CRIMES.

13 The United States Sentencing Commission is directed 14 to amend its sentencing guidelines to provide an appro-15 priate enhancement for any felony, whether committed 16 within or outside the United States, that involves or is 17 intended to promote international terrorism, unless such 18 involvement or intent is itself an element of the crime.

19 SEC. 725. ALIEN WITNESS COOPERATION.

20 (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW NONIMMIGRANT CLAS21 SIFICATION.—Section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and
22 Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)) is amended—

23 (1) by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph24 (Q),

1	(2) by striking the period at the end of sub-
2	paragraph (R) and inserting ''; or'', and
3	(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-
4	paragraph:
5	''(S) subject to section 214(j), an alien—
6	''(i) who the Attorney General deter-
7	mines—
8	''(I) is in possession of critical reliable
9	information concerning a criminal organi-
10	zation or enterprise, and
11	''(II) is willing to supply such infor-
12	mation to Federal or State law enforce-
13	ment authorities or a Federal or State
14	court of law, and
15	"(ii) whose presence in the United States
16	the Attorney General determines is essential to
17	the success of an authorized criminal investiga-
18	tion or the successful prosecution of an individ-
19	ual involved in the criminal organization or en-
20	terprise,
21	and the spouse and minor children of the alien if ac-
22	companying, or following to join, the alien.".
23	(b) Conditions of Entry.—
24	(1) WAIVER OF GROUNDS FOR EXCLUSION.—
25	Section 212(d) of the Immigration and Nationality

"(1) The Attorney General may, in the Attorney General's discretion, waive the application of subsection (a)
(other than paragraph (3)(E) thereof) in the case of a
nonimmigrant described in section 101(a)(15)(S), if the
Attorney General deems it in the national interest. Any
such waiver shall be deemed a waiver of any comparable
ground for deportation under section 241(a)(1)(A).".

10 (2) NUMERICAL LIMITATIONS; PERIOD OF AD11 MISSION; ETC.—Section 214 of the Immigration and
12 Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1184) is amended by add13 ing at the end the following new subsection:

14 "(j)(1) The number of aliens who may be provided
15 a visa as nonimmigrants under section 101(a)(15)(S) in
16 any fiscal year may not exceed 100.

17 "(2) No alien may be admitted into the United States18 as such a nonimmigrant more than 5 years after the date19 of the enactment of this subsection.

"(3) The period of admission of an alien as such a
nonimmigrant may not exceed 3 years. Such period may
not be extended by the Attorney General.

"(4) As a condition for the admission, and continued
stay in lawful status, of such a nonimmigrant, the nonimmigrant—

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to the Commissioner such information concerning
the alien's whereabouts and activities as the Attorney General may require,

5 "(B) may not be convicted of any criminal of-6 fense in the United States after the date of such ad-7 mission, and

8 "(C) must have executed a form that waives the 9 nonimmigrant's right to contest, other than on the 10 basis of an application for withholding of deporta-11 tion, any action for deportation of the alien insti-12 tuted before the alien obtains lawful permanent resi-13 dent status.

14 "(5) The Attorney General shall submit a report an15 nually to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House
16 of Representatives and of the Senate concerning—

17 "(A) the number of such nonimmigrants admit-18 ted,

''(B) the number of successful criminal prosecutions or investigations resulting from cooperation of
such aliens,

22 "(C) the number of such nonimmigrants whose
23 admission has not resulted in successful criminal
24 prosecution or investigation, and

"(D) the number of such nonimmigrants who 1 2 have failed to report quarterly (as required under paragraph (4)) or who have been convicted of crimes 3 in the United States after the date of their admis-4 5 sion as such a nonimmigrant.". 6 (3) PROHIBITION OF CHANGE OF STATUS.— 7 Section 248(1) of the Immigration and Nationality 8 Act (8 U.S.C. 1258(1)) is amended by striking "or (K)" and inserting "(K), or (S)". 9 10 (c) Adjustment to Permanent Resident Sta-11 TUS.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 245 of the Immigra-12 13 tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1255) is amend-14 ed by adding at the end the following new sub-15 section: "(h)(1) If, in the opinion of the Attorney General— 16 17 "(A) a nonimmigrant admitted into the United 18 States under section 101(a)(15)(S) has supplied in-19 formation described in clauses (i) and (ii) of that 20 section, and 21 "(B) the provision of such information has sub-22 stantially contributed to the success of an authorized 23 criminal investigation or the successful prosecution 24 of an individual described in clause (ii) of that sec-25 tion.

1 the Attorney General may adjust the status of the alien
2 (and the spouse and child of the alien if admitted under
3 such section) to that of an alien lawfully admitted for per4 manent residence if the alien is not described in section
5 212(a)(3)(E).

6 "(2) Upon the approval of adjustment of status under 7 paragraph (1), the Attorney General shall record the 8 alien's lawful admission for permanent residence as of the 9 date of such approval, and the Secretary of State shall 10 reduce by 1 the number of visas authorized to be issued 11 under sections 201(d) and 203(b)(4) for the fiscal year 12 then current.".

13 (2) EXCLUSIVE MEANS OF ADJUSTMENT.—Sec14 tion 245(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act
15 (8 U.S.C. 1255(c)) is amended—

16 (A) by striking "or" before "(3)" and 17 "(4)"; and

(B) by inserting before the period at the
end the following: "; or (5) an alien who was
admitted as a nonimmigrant described in section 101(a)(15)(S)".

(d) EXTENDING PERIOD OF DEPORTATION FOR CONVICTION OF A CRIME.—Section 241(a)(2)(A)(i)(I) of the
Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
1251(a)(2)(A)(i)(I)) is amended by inserting "(or 10

years in the case of an alien provided lawful permanent
 resident status under section 245(h))" after "five years".

3 SEC. 726. PROVIDING MATERIAL SUPPORT TO TERRORISTS.

4 (a) OFFENSE.—Chapter 113A of title 18, United
5 States Code, is amended by adding the following new sec6 tion:

7 "§ 2339A. Providing material support to terrorists

"(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, 'material support 8 or resources' means currency or other financial securities, 9 financial services, lodging, training, safehouses, false doc-10 umentation or identification, communications equipment, 11 facilities, weapons, lethal substances, explosives, person-12 nel, transportation, and other physical assets, but does not 13 include humanitarian assistance to persons not directly in-14 15 volved in such violations.

"(b) OFFENSE.—A person who, within the United 16 States, provides material support or resources or conceals 17 or disguises the nature, location, source, or ownership of 18 material support or resources, knowing or intending that 19 they are to be used in preparation for, or in carrying out, 20 a violation of section 32, 36, 351, 844 (f) or (i), 1114, 21 22 1116, 1203, 1361, 1363, 1751, 2280, 2281, 2331, or 23 2339 of this title or section 902(i) of the Federal Aviation 24 Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. App. 1472(i)), or in preparation for or carrying out the concealment of an escape from the 25

commission of any such violation, shall be fined under this 1 title, imprisoned not more than 10 years, or both.". 2 3 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis 4 for chapter 113A of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding the following new item: 5 "2339A. Providing material support to terrorists.". TITLE VIII—SEXUAL VIOLENCE 6 **AND CHILD ABUSE** 7 Subtitle A—Sexual Abuse 8 9 SEC. 801. SEXUAL ABUSE AMENDMENTS. 10 (a) DEFINITIONS OF SEXUAL ACT AND SEXUAL CON-TACT FOR VICTIMS UNDER THE AGE OF 16.—Paragraph 11 (2) of section 2245 of title 18, United States Code, is 12 amended-13 (1) in subparagraph (B) by striking "or" after 14 15 the semicolon: (2) in subparagraph (C) by striking "; and" 16 and inserting "; or"; and 17 18 (3) by inserting a new subparagraph (D) as fol-19 lows: "(D) the intentional touching, not through 20 21 the clothing, of the genitalia of another person 22 who has not attained the age of 16 years with an intent to abuse, humiliate, harass, degrade, 23 24 or arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any 25 person;".

1 Subtitle B—Child Protection

2 SEC. 811. SHORT TITLE.

3 This subtitle may be cited as the "National Child4 Protection Act of 1993".

5 SEC. 812. PURPOSES.

6 The purposes of this subtitle are—

7 (1) to establish a national system through 8 which child care organizations may obtain the bene-9 fit of a nationwide criminal background check to de-10 termine if persons who are current or prospective 11 child care providers have committed child abuse 12 crimes or other serious crimes;

(2) to establish minimum criteria for State laws
and procedures that permit child care organizations
to obtain the benefit of nationwide criminal background checks to determine if persons who are current or prospective child care providers have committed child abuse crimes or other serious crimes;

(3) to provide procedural rights for persons who
are subject to nationwide criminal background
checks, including procedures to challenge and correct
inaccurate background check information;

(4) to establish a national system for the reporting by the States of child abuse crime information; and

(5) to document and study the problem of child
 abuse by providing statistical and informational data
 on child abuse and related crimes to the Department
 of Justice and other interested parties.

5 SEC. 813. DEFINITIONS.

6 For the purposes of this subtitle—

7 (1) the term "authorized agency" means a divi8 sion or office of a State designated by a State to re9 port, receive, or disseminate information under this
10 subtitle;

11 (2) the term "background check crime" means 12 a child abuse crime, murder, manslaughter, aggra-13 vated assault, kidnapping, arson, sexual assault, do-14 mestic violence, incest, indecent exposure, prostitu-15 tion, promotion of prostitution, and a felony offense 16 involving the use or distribution of a controlled sub-17 stance;

(3) the term "child" means a person who is a
child for purposes of the criminal child abuse law of
a State;

(4) the term "child abuse" means the physical
or mental injury, sexual abuse or exploitation, neglectful treatment, negligent treatment, or maltreatment of a child by any person in violation of the
criminal child abuse laws of a State, but does not in-

clude discipline administered by a parent or legal
 guardian to his or her child provided it is reasonable
 in manner and moderate in degree and otherwise
 does not constitute cruelty;

5 (5) the term "child abuse crime" means a crime 6 committed under any law of a State that establishes 7 criminal penalties for the commission of child abuse 8 by a parent or other family member of a child or by 9 any other person;

10 (6) the term "child abuse crime information" 11 means the following facts concerning a person who is under indictment for, or has been convicted of, a 12 13 child abuse crime: full name, race, sex, date of birth, height, weight, a brief description of the child abuse 14 15 crime or offenses for which the person has been arrested or is under indictment or has been convicted, 16 17 the disposition of the charge, and any other informa-18 tion that the Attorney General determines may be 19 useful in identifying persons arrested for, under in-20 dictment for, or convicted of, a child abuse crime;

21 (7) the term "child care" means the provision
22 of care, treatment, education, training, instruction,
23 supervision, or recreation to children;

1	(8) the term "domestic violence" means a fel-
2	ony or misdemeanor involving the use or threatened
3	use of force by—
4	(A) a present or former spouse of the vic-
5	tim;
6	(B) a person with whom the victim shares
7	a child in common;
8	(C) a person who is cohabiting with or has
9	cohabited with the victim as a spouse; or
10	(D) any person defined as a spouse of the
11	victim under the domestic or family violence
12	laws of a State;
13	(9) the term "exploitation" means child pornog-
14	raphy and child prostitution;
15	(10) the term "mental injury" means harm to
16	a child's psychological or intellectual functioning,
17	which may be exhibited by severe anxiety, depres-
18	sion, withdrawal or outward aggressive behavior, or
19	a combination of those behaviors or by a change in
20	behavior, emotional response, or cognition;
21	(11) the term "national criminal background
22	check system" means the system maintained by the
23	Federal Bureau of Investigation based on fingerprint
24	identification or any other method of positive identi-
25	fication;

1	(12) the term ''negligent treatment'' means the
2	failure to provide, for a reason other than poverty,
3	adequate food, clothing, shelter, or medical care so
4	as to seriously endanger the physical health of a
5	child;
6	(13) the term ''physical injury'' includes lacera-
7	tions, fractured bones, burns, internal injuries, se-
8	vere bruising, and serious bodily harm;
9	(14) the term "provider" means
10	(A) a person who—
11	(i) is employed by or volunteers with
12	a qualified entity;
13	(ii) who owns or operates a qualified
14	entity; or
15	(iii) who has or may have unsuper-
16	vised access to a child to whom the quali-
17	fied entity provides child care; and
18	(B) a person who—
19	(i) seeks to be employed by or volun-
20	teer with a qualified entity;
21	(ii) seeks to own or operate a qualified
22	entity; or
23	(iii) seeks to have or may have unsu-
24	pervised access to a child to whom the
25	qualified entity provides child care;

1 (15) the term "qualified entity" means a busi-2 ness or organization, whether public, private, for-3 profit, not-for-profit, or voluntary, that provides 4 child care or child care placement services, including 5 a business or organization that licenses or certifies 6 others to provide child care or child care placement 7 services;

8 (16) the term "sex crime" means an act of sex-9 ual abuse that is a criminal act;

10 (17) the term "sexual abuse" includes the em-11 ployment, use, persuasion, inducement, enticement, 12 or coercion of a child to engage in, or assist another 13 person to engage in, sexually explicit conduct or the 14 rape, molestation, prostitution, or other form of sex-15 ual exploitation of children or incest with children; 16 and

(18) the term "State" means a State, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto
Rico, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, Guam,
and the Trust Territories of the Pacific.

21 SEC. 814. REPORTING BY THE STATES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—An authorized criminal justice
agency of a State shall report child abuse crime information to, or index child abuse crime information in, the national criminal background check system.

1 (b) PROVISION OF STATE CHILD ABUSE CRIME 2 RECORDS THROUGH THE NATIONAL CRIMINAL BACK-3 GROUND CHECK SYSTEM.—(1) Not later than 180 days 4 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney Gen-5 eral shall—

6 (A) investigate the criminal records of each 7 State and determine for each State a timetable by 8 which the State should be able to provide child 9 abuse crime records on an on-line capacity basis 10 through the national criminal background check sys-11 tem;

(B) establish guidelines for the reporting or indexing of child abuse crime information, including
guidelines relating to the format, content, and accuracy of child abuse crime information and other procedures for carrying out this Act; and

17 (C) notify each State of the determinations18 made pursuant to subparagraphs (A) and (B).

19 (2) The Attorney General shall require as a part of20 the State timetable that the State—

(A) achieve, by not later than the date that is
3 years after the date of enactment of this Act, at
least 80 percent currency of final case dispositions
in computerized criminal history files for all identifi-

1 able child abuse crime cases in which there has been an event of activity within the last 5 years; 2 3 (B) continue to maintain at least 80 percent 4 currency of final case dispositions in all identifiable child abuse crime cases in which there has been an 5 event of activity within the preceding 5 years; and 6 (C) take steps to achieve full disposition report-7 ing, including data quality audits and periodic no-8 9 tices to criminal justice agencies identifying records 10 that lack final dispositions and requesting those dis-11 positions.

12 (c) LIAISON.—An authorized agency of a State shall 13 maintain close liaison with the National Center on Child 14 Abuse and Neglect, the National Center for Missing and 15 Exploited Children, and the National Center for the Pros-16 ecution of Child Abuse for the exchange of technical as-17 sistance in cases of child abuse.

(d) ANNUAL SUMMARY.—(1) The Attorney General
shall publish an annual statistical summary of the child
abuse crime information reported under this subtitle.

(2) The annual statistical summary described in
paragraph (1) shall not contain any information that may
reveal the identity of any particular victim or alleged violator.

(e) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Attorney General shall
 publish an annual summary of each State's progress in
 reporting child abuse crime information to the national
 criminal background check system.

5 (f) STUDY OF CHILD ABUSE OFFENDERS.—(1) Not 6 later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this 7 Act, the Administrator of the Office of Juvenile Justice 8 and Delinquency Prevention shall begin a study based on 9 a statistically significant sample of convicted child abuse 10 offenders and other relevant information to determine—

(A) the percentage of convicted child abuse offenders who have more than 1 conviction for an offense involving child abuse;

(B) the percentage of convicted child abuse offenders who have been convicted of an offense involving child abuse in more than 1 State;

(C) whether there are crimes or classes of
crimes, in addition to those defined as background
check crimes in section 3, that are indicative of a
potential to abuse children; and

(D) the extent to which and the manner in
which instances of child abuse form a basis for convictions for crimes other than child abuse crimes.

(2) Not later than 1 year after the date of enactmentof this Act, the Administrator shall submit a report to the

Chairman of the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate
 and the Chairman of the Committee on the Judiciary of
 the House of Representatives containing a description of
 and a summary of the results of the study conducted pur suant to paragraph (1).

6 SEC. 815. BACKGROUND CHECKS.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—(1) A State may have in effect 8 procedures (established by or under State statute or regu-9 lation) to permit a qualified entity to contact an author-10 ized agency of the State to request a nationwide back-11 ground check for the purpose of determining whether 12 there is a report that a provider is under indictment for, 13 or has been convicted of, a background check crime.

(2) The authorized agency shall access and review
State and Federal records of background check crimes
through the national criminal background check system
and shall respond promptly to the inquiry.

(b) GUIDELINES.—(1) The Attorney General shall establish guidelines for State background check procedures
established under subsection (a), which guidelines shall include the requirements and protections of this subtitle.

(2) The guidelines established under paragraph (1)shall require—

24 (A) that no qualified entity may request a back-25 ground check of a provider under subsection (a) un-

3 (i) contains the name, address, and date of
4 birth appearing on a valid identification docu5 ment (as defined by section 1028(d)(1) of title
6 18, United States Code) of the provider;

7 (ii) the provider is not under indictment 8 for, and has not been convicted of, a back-9 ground check crime and, if the provider is 10 under indictment for or has been convicted of 11 a background check crime, contains a descrip-12 tion of the crime and the particulars of the in-13 dictment or conviction;

14 (iii) notifies the provider that the entity
15 may request a background check under sub16 section (a);

17 (iv) notifies the provider of the provider's18 rights under subparagraph (B); and

(v) notifies the provider that prior to the
receipt of the background check the qualified
entity may choose to deny the provider unsupervised access to a child to whom the qualified entity provides child care;

1	(B) that each State establish procedures under
2	which a provider who is the subject of a background
3	check under subsection (a) is entitled—
4	(i) to obtain a copy of any background
5	check report and any record that forms the
6	basis for any such report; and
7	(ii) to challenge the accuracy and com-
8	pleteness of any information contained in any
9	such report or record and obtain a prompt de-
10	termination from an authorized agency as to
11	the validity of such challenge;
12	(C) that an authorized agency to which a quali-
13	fied entity has provided notice pursuant to sub-
14	section (a) make reasonable efforts to complete re-
15	search in whatever State and local recordkeeping
16	systems are available and in the national criminal
17	background check system and respond to the quali-
18	fied entity within 15 business days;
19	(D) that the response of an authorized agency
20	to an inquiry pursuant to subsection (a) inform the
21	qualified entity that the background check pursuant
22	to this section—
23	(i) may not reflect all indictments or con-
24	victions for a background check crime; and

1	(ii) may not be the sole basis for determin-
2	ing the fitness of a provider;
3	(E) that the response of an authorized agency
4	to an inquiry pursuant to subsection (a) be limited
5	to the conviction or pending indictment information
6	reasonably required to accomplish the purposes of
7	this Act;
8	(F) that the qualified entity may choose to deny
9	the provider unsupervised access to a child to whom
10	the qualified entity provides child care on the basis
11	of a background check under subsection (a) until the
12	provider has obtained a determination as to the va-
13	lidity of any challenge under subparagraph (B) or
14	waived the right to make such challenge; and
15	(G) that each State establish procedures to en-
16	sure that any background check under subsection
17	(a) and the results thereof shall be requested by and
18	provided only to—
19	(i) qualified entities identified by States;
20	(ii) authorized representatives of a quali-
21	fied entity who have a need to know such infor-
22	mation;
23	(iii) the provider who is the subject of a
24	background check;
25	(iv) law enforcement authorities; or

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1 (v) pursuant to the direction of a court of 2 law;

3 (H) that background check information con4 veyed to a qualified entity pursuant to subsection (a)
5 shall not be conveyed to any person except as pro6 vided under subparagraph (G);

7 (I) that an authorized agency shall not be liable
8 in an action at law for damages for failure to pre9 vent a qualified entity from taking action adverse to
10 a provider on the basis of a background check;

(J) that a State employee or a political subdivision of a State or employee thereof responsible for providing information to the national criminal background check system shall not be liable in an action at law for damages for failure to prevent a qualified entity from taking action adverse to a provider on the basis of a background check; and

18 (K) that a State or Federal provider of criminal 19 history records, and any employee thereof, shall not 20 be liable in an action at law for damages for failure 21 to prevent a qualified entity from taking action ad-22 verse to a provider on the basis of a criminal back-23 ground check, or due to a criminal history record's 24 being incomplete.

(c) EQUIVALENT PROCEDURES.—(1) Notwithstand-1 ing anything to the contrary in this section, the Attorney 2 General may certify that a State licensing or certification 3 procedure that differs from the procedures described in 4 subsections (a) and (b) shall be deemed to be the equiva-5 lent of such procedures for purposes of this Act, but the 6 7 procedures described in subsections (a) and (b) shall continue to apply to those qualified entities, providers, and 8 9 background check crimes that are not governed by or in-10 cluded within the State licensing or certification procedure. 11

12 (2) The Attorney General shall by regulation establish criteria for certifications under this subsection. Such 13 criteria shall include a finding by the Attorney General 14 that the State licensing or certification procedure accom-15 plishes the purposes of this Act and incorporates a nation-16 wide review of State and Federal records of background 17 check offenses through the national criminal background 18 check system. 19

20 (d) REGULATIONS.—(1) The Attorney General may 21 by regulation prescribe such other measures as may be 22 required to carry out the purposes of this Act, including 23 measures relating to the security, confidentiality, accu-24 racy, use, misuse, and dissemination of information, and 25 audits and recordkeeping. (2) The Attorney General shall, to the maximum ex tent possible, encourage the use of the best technology
 available in conducting background checks.

4 SEC. 816. FUNDING FOR IMPROVEMENT OF CHILD ABUSE 5 CRIME INFORMATION.

6 (a) USE OF FORMULA GRANTS FOR IMPROVEMENTS
7 IN STATE RECORDS AND SYSTEMS.—Section 509(b) of
8 the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968
9 (42 U.S.C. 3759(b)) is amended—

10 (1) in paragraph (2) by striking "and" after11 the semicolon;

12 (2) in paragraph (3) by striking the period and13 inserting "; and"; and

14 (3) by adding at the end the following new15 paragraph:

"(4) the improvement of State record systems
and the sharing of all of the records described in
paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) and the records required by the Attorney General under section 914 of
the National Child Protection Act of 1993 with the
Attorney General for the purpose of implementing
the National Child Protection Act of 1993.".

(b) ADDITIONAL FUNDING GRANTS FOR THE IM24 PROVEMENT OF CHILD ABUSE CRIME INFORMATION.—
25 (1) The Attorney General shall, subject to appropriations

and with preference to States that as of the date of enact ment of this Act have the lowest percent currency of case
 dispositions in computerized criminal history files, make
 a grant to each State to be used—

5 (A) for the computerization of criminal history
6 files for the purposes of this subtitle;

7 (B) for the improvement of existing computer8 ized criminal history files for the purposes of this
9 subtitle;

10 (C) to improve accessibility to the national 11 criminal background check system for the purposes 12 of this subtitle; and

(D) to assist the State in the transmittal of
criminal records to, or the indexing of criminal history record in, the national criminal background
check system for the purposes of this subtitle.

17 (2) There are authorized to be appropriated for18 grants under paragraph (1) a total of \$20,000,000 for fis-19 cal years 1995, 1996, and 1997.

(c) WITHHOLDING STATE FUNDS.—Effective 1 year
after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General may reduce by up to 10 percent the allocation to a
State for a fiscal year under title I of the Omnibus Crime
Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 of a State that is

not in compliance with the timetable established for that
 State under section 914 of this Act.

3 Subtitle C—Crimes Against 4 Children

5 SEC. 821. SHORT TITLE.

6 This subtitle may be cited as the "Jacob Wetterling7 Crimes Against Children Registration Act".

8 SEC. 822. ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—

(1) STATE GUIDELINES.—The Attorney General 10 11 shall establish guidelines for State programs requir-12 ing any person who is convicted of a criminal offense 13 against a victim who is a minor to register a current 14 address with a designated State law enforcement agency for 10 years after release from prison, being 15 16 placed on parole, or being placed on supervised re-17 lease.

18 (2) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this sub19 section, the term "criminal offense against a victim
20 who is a minor" includes—

21 (A) kidnapping of a minor, except by a22 noncustodial parent;

23 (B) false imprisonment of a minor, except24 by a noncustodial parent;

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1	(C) criminal sexual conduct toward a
2	minor;
3	(D) solicitation of minors to engage in sex-
4	ual conduct;
5	(E) use of minors in a sexual performance;
6	or
7	(F) solicitation of minors to practice pros-
8	titution.
9	(b) Registration Requirement Upon Release,
10	PAROLE, OR SUPERVISED RELEASE.—An approved State
11	registration program established by this section shall con-
12	tain the following requirements:
13	(1) NOTIFICATION.—If a person who is re-
14	quired to register under this section is released from
15	prison, paroled, or placed on supervised release, a
16	State prison officer shall—
17	(A) inform the person of the duty to reg-
18	ister;
19	(B) inform the person that if the person
20	changes residence address, the person shall give
21	the new address to a designated State law en-
22	forcement agency in writing within 10 days;
23	(C) obtain fingerprints and a photograph
24	of the person if these have not already been ob-

1	tained in connection with the offense that trig-
2	gers registration; and
3	(D) require the person to read and sign a
4	form stating that the duty of the person to reg-
5	ister under this section has been explained.
6	(2) Transfer of information to state and
7	THE FBI.—The officer shall, within 3 days after re-
8	ceipt of information described in paragraph (1), for-
9	ward it to a designated State law enforcement agen-
10	cy. The State law enforcement agency shall imme-
11	diately enter the information into the appropriate
12	State law enforcement record system and notify the
13	appropriate law enforcement agency having jurisdic-
14	tion where the person expects to reside. The State
15	law enforcement agency shall also immediately
16	transmit the conviction data and fingerprints to the
17	Identification Division of the Federal Bureau of In-
18	vestigation.

(3) ANNUAL VERIFICATION.—On each anniversary of a person's initial registration date during the
period in which the person is required to register
under this section, the designated State law enforcement agency shall mail a nonforwardable verification
form to the last reported address of the person. The
person shall mail the verification form to the officer

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within 10 days after receipt of the form. The ver-1 2 ification form shall be signed by the person, and 3 state that the person still resides at the address last 4 reported to the designated State law enforcement agency. If the person fails to mail the verification 5 form to the designated State law enforcement agen-6 7 cy within 10 days after receipt of the form, the per-8 son shall be in violation of this section unless the 9 person proves that the person has not changed his 10 or her residence address.

11 (4) NOTIFICATION OF LOCAL LAW ENFORCE-12 MENT AGENCIES OF CHANGES IN ADDRESS.—Any 13 change of address by a person required to register 14 under this section reported to the designated State 15 law enforcement agency shall immediately be re-16 ported to the appropriate law enforcement agency 17 having jurisdiction where the person is residing.

18 (c) REGISTRATION FOR 10 YEARS.—A person re-19 quired to register under this section shall continue to com-20 ply with this section until 10 years have elapsed since the 21 person was released from imprisonment, or placed on pa-22 role or supervised release.

23 (d) PENALTY.—A person required to register under
24 a State program established pursuant to this section who
25 knowingly fails to so register and keep such registration

current shall be subject to criminal penalties in such State.
 It is the sense of Congress that such penalties should in clude at least 6 months imprisonment.

4 (e) PRIVATE DATA.—The information provided under
5 this section is private data on individuals and may be used
6 for law enforcement purposes and confidential background
7 checks conducted with fingerprints by a designated State
8 law enforcement agency for child care services providers.
9 SEC. 823. STATE COMPLIANCE.

(a) COMPLIANCE DATE.—Each State shall have 3
years from the date of enactment of this Act in which to
implement the provisions of this subtitle.

(b) INELIGIBILITY FOR FUNDS.—The allocation of
funds under section 506 of title I of the Omnibus Crime
Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3756)
received by a State not complying with this subtitle 3
years after the date of enactment of this Act shall be reduced by 10 percent and the unallocated funds shall be
reallocated to the States in compliance with this section.

20 TITLE IX—CRIME VICTIMS

21 Subtitle A—Victims' Rights

22 SEC. 901. VICTIM'S RIGHT OF ALLOCUTION IN SENTENCING.

Rule 32 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedureis amended by—

1	(1) striking ''and'' following the semicolon in
2	subdivision (a)(1)(B);
3	(2) striking the period at the end of subdivision
4	(a)(1)(C) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and";
5	(3) inserting after subdivision $(a)(1)(C)$ the fol-
6	lowing:
7	"(D) if sentence is to be imposed for a
8	crime of violence or sexual abuse, address the
9	victim personally if the victim is present at the
10	sentencing hearing and determine if the victim
11	wishes to make a statement and to present any
12	information in relation to the sentence.";
13	(4) in the second to last sentence of subdivision
14	(a)(1), striking ''equivalent opportunity'' and insert-
15	ing in lieu thereof ''opportunity equivalent to that of
16	the defendant's counsel'';
17	(5) in the last sentence of subdivision $(a)(1)$ in-
18	serting "the victim," before "or the attorney for the
19	Government."; and
20	(6) adding at the end the following:
21	"(f) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this rule—
22	''(1) 'victim' means any individual against
23	whom an offense for which a sentence is to be im-
24	posed has been committed, but the right of allocu-

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1	tion under subdivision $(a)(1)(D)$ may be exercised
2	instead by—
3	''(A) a parent or legal guardian in case the
4	victim is below the age of eighteen years or in-
5	competent; or
6	"(B) one or more family members or rel-
7	atives designated by the court in case the victim
8	is deceased or incapacitated;
9	if such person or persons are present at the sentenc-
10	ing hearing, regardless of whether the victim is
11	present; and
12	"(2) 'crime of violence or sexual abuse' means
13	a crime that involved the use or attempted or threat-
14	ened use of physical force against the person or
15	property of another, or a crime under chapter 109A
16	of title 18, United States Code.".
17	SEC. 902. MANDATORY RESTITUTION AND OTHER PROVI-
18	SIONS.
19	(a) Order of Restitution.—Section 3663 of title
19 20	(a) Order of Restitution.—Section 3663 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
20	18, United States Code, is amended—
20 21	18, United States Code, is amended—(1) in subsection (a)—
20 21 22	 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) by striking "may order" and inserting

1	"(4) In addition to ordering restitution of the victim
2	of the offense of which a defendant is convicted, a court
3	may order restitution of any person who, as shown by a
4	preponderance of evidence, was harmed physically, emo-
5	tionally, or pecuniarily, by unlawful conduct of the defend-
6	ant during—
7	"(A) the criminal episode during which the of-
8	fense occurred; or
9	"(B) the course of a scheme, conspiracy, or pat-
10	tern of unlawful activity related to the offense.";
11	(2) in subsection $(b)(1)(A)$ by striking "imprac-
12	tical" and inserting "impracticable";
13	(3) in subsection (b)(2) by inserting ''emotional
14	or" after "resulting in";
15	(4) in subsection (c) by striking "If the Court
16	decides to order restitution under this section, the"
17	and inserting "The";
18	(5) by striking subsections (d), (e), (f), (g), and
19	(h); and
20	(6) by adding at the end the following new sub-
21	sections:
22	((d)(1) The court shall order restitution to a victim
23	in the full amount of the victim's losses as determined by
24	the court and without consideration of—

1 "(A) the economic circumstances of the of-2 fender; or

3 "(B) the fact that a victim has received or is
4 entitled to receive compensation with respect to a
5 loss from insurance or any other source.

6 "(2) Upon determination of the amount of restitution
7 owed to each victim, the court shall specify in the restitu8 tion order the manner in which and the schedule according
9 to which the restitution is to be paid, in consideration of—

10 "(A) the financial resources and other assets of11 the offender;

12 "(B) projected earnings and other income of13 the offender; and

14 "(C) any financial obligations of the offender,15 including obligations to dependents.

"(3) A restoration order may direct the offender to
make a single, lump-sum payment, partial payment at
specified intervals, or such in-kind payments as may be
agreeable to the victim and the offender.

20 "(4) An in-kind payment described in paragraph (3)21 may be in the form of—

22 "(A) return of property;

23 "(B) replacement of property; or

24 "(C) services rendered to the victim or to a per-

son or organization other than the victim.

1 "(e) When the court finds that more than 1 offender 2 has contributed to the loss of a victim, the court may make 3 each offender liable for payment of the full amount of res-4 titution or may apportion liability among the offenders to 5 reflect the level of contribution and economic cir-6 cumstances of each offender.

7 "(f) When the court finds that more than 1 victim
8 has sustained a loss requiring restitution by an offender,
9 the court shall order full restitution of each victim but may
10 provide for different payment schedules to reflect the eco11 nomic circumstances of each victim.

(g)(1) If the victim has received or is entitled to re-12 ceive compensation with respect to a loss from insurance 13 or any other source, the court shall order that restitution 14 be paid to the person who provided or is obligated to pro-15 vide the compensation, but the restitution order shall pro-16 vide that all restitution of victims required by the order 17 be paid to the victims before any restitution is paid to 18 such a provider of compensation. 19

20 "(2) The issuance of a restitution order shall not af-21 fect the entitlement of a victim to receive compensation 22 with respect to a loss from insurance or any other source 23 until the payments actually received by the victim under 24 the restitution order fully compensate the victim for the 25 loss, at which time a person that has provided compensa-

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1	tion to the victim shall be entitled to receive any payments
2	remaining to be paid under the restitution order.
3	"(3) Any amount paid to a victim under an order of
4	restitution shall be set off against any amount later recov-
5	ered as compensatory damages by the victim in—
6	"(A) any Federal civil proceeding; and
7	"(B) any State civil proceeding, to the extent
8	provided by the law of the State.
9	''(h) A restitution order shall provide that—
10	"(1) all fines, penalties, costs, restitution pay-
11	ments and other forms of transfers of money or
12	property made pursuant to the sentence of the court
13	shall be made by the offender to an entity des-
14	ignated by the Director of the Administrative Office
15	of the United States Courts for accounting and pay-
16	ment by the entity in accordance with this sub-
17	section;
18	"(2) the entity designated by the Director of
19	the Administrative Office of the United States
20	Courts shall—
21	"(A) log all transfers in a manner that
22	tracks the offender's obligations and the cur-
23	rent status in meeting those obligations, unless,
24	after efforts have been made to enforce the res-
25	titution order and it appears that compliance

1	cannot be obtained, the court determines that
2	continued recordkeeping under this subpara-
3	graph would not be useful;
4	''(B) notify the court and the interested
5	parties when an offender is 90 days in arrears
6	in meeting those obligations; and
7	"(C) disburse money received from an of-
8	fender so that each of the following obligations
9	is paid in full in the following sequence:
10	''(i) a penalty assessment under sec-
11	tion 3013 of title 18, United States Code;
12	''(ii) restitution of all victims; and
13	''(iii) all other fines, penalties, costs,
14	and other payments required under the
15	sentence; and
16	"(3) the offender shall advise the entity des-
17	ignated by the Director of the Administrative Office
18	of the United States Courts of any change in the of-
19	fender's address during the term of the restitution
20	order.
21	''(i) A restitution order shall constitute a lien against
22	all property of the offender and may be recorded in any
23	Federal or State office for the recording of liens against
24	real or personal property.

"(j) Compliance with the schedule of payment and 1 other terms of a restitution order shall be a condition of 2 any probation, parole, or other form of release of an of-3 4 fender. If a defendant fails to comply with a restitution order, the court may revoke probation or a term of super-5 vised release, modify the term or conditions of probation 6 7 or a term of supervised release, hold the defendant in contempt of court, enter a restraining order or injunction, 8 9 order the sale of property of the defendant, accept a performance bond, or take any other action necessary to ob-10 tain compliance with the restitution order. In determining 11 what action to take, the court shall consider the defend-12 ant's employment status, earning ability, financial re-13 sources, the willfulness in failing to comply with the res-14 titution order, and any other circumstances that may have 15 a bearing on the defendant's ability to comply with the 16 restitution order. 17

18 "(k) An order of restitution may be enforced—

19 "(1) by the United States—

20 "(A) in the manner provided for the collec21 tion and payment of fines in subchapter (B) of
22 chapter 229 of this title; or

23 "(B) in the same manner as a judgment in24 a civil action; and

"(2) by a victim named in the order to receive
 the restitution, in the same manner as a judgment
 in a civil action.

4 "(l) A victim or the offender may petition the court
5 at any time to modify a restitution order as appropriate
6 in view of a change in the economic circumstances of the
7 offender.".

8 (b) PROCEDURE FOR ISSUING ORDER OF RESTITU-9 TION.—Section 3664 of title 18, United States Code, is 10 amended—

11 (1) by striking subsection (a);

12 (2) by redesignating subsections (b), (c), (d),
13 and (e) as subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d);

14 (3) by amending subsection (a), as redesignated15 by paragraph (2), to read as follows:

"(a) The court may order the probation service of the 16 court to obtain information pertaining to the amount of 17 loss sustained by any victim as a result of the offense, 18 the financial resources of the defendant, the financial 19 needs and earning ability of the defendant and the defend-20 ant's dependents, and such other factors as the court 21 22 deems appropriate. The probation service of the court shall include the information collected in the report of 23 24 presentence investigation or in a separate report, as the court directs."; and 25

(4) by adding at the end thereof the following
 new subsection:

3 "(e) The court may refer any issue arising in connec-4 tion with a proposed order of restitution to a magistrate 5 or special master for proposed findings of fact and rec-6 ommendations as to disposition, subject to a de novo de-7 termination of the issue by the court.".

8 Subtitle B—Crime Victims' Fund

9 SEC. 911. AMOUNTS OF FUNDS FOR COSTS AND GRANTS.

Section 1402(d)(2) of the Victims of Crime Act of
11 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10601(d)(2)) is amended—

12 (1) by striking "and" at the end of subpara-13 graph (A);

14 (2) by striking the period at the end of sub-15 paragraph (B) and inserting a semicolon; and

16 (3) by adding at the end the following new sub-17 paragraphs:

18 ''(C) 1 percent shall be available for grants
19 under section 1404(c); and

20 "(D) 4.5 percent shall be available for21 grants as provided in section 1404A.".

1SEC. 912. RELATIONSHIP OF CRIME VICTIM COMPENSA-2TION TO CERTAIN FEDERAL PROGRAMS.

3 Section 1403 of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984
4 (42 U.S.C. 10602) is amended by adding at the end the
5 following:

6 "(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if 7 the compensation paid by an eligible crime victim com-8 pensation program would cover costs that a Federal pro-9 gram, or a federally financed State or local program, 10 would otherwise pay, then—

11 "(1) such crime victim compensation program12 shall not pay that compensation; and

13 "(2) the other program shall make its payments
14 without regard to the existence of the crime victim
15 compensation program.".

16 SEC. 913. ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS FOR CRIME VICTIM COM-

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PENSATION.

(a) CREATION OF EXCEPTION.—The final sentence
of section 1403(a)(1) of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984
(42 U.S.C. 10602(a)(1)) is amended by striking "A
grant" and inserting "Except as provided in paragraph
(3), a grant".

(b) REQUIREMENTS OF EXCEPTION.—Section
1403(a) of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C.
10602(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following
new paragraph:

"(3) Not more than 5 percent of a grant made
 under this section may be used for the administra tion of the State crime victim compensation program
 receiving the grant.".

5 SEC. 914. USE OF UNSPENT 1402(d)(2) MONEY.

6 Section 1404(a)(1) of the Victims of Crime Act of
7 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10603(a)(1)) is amended—

8 (1) by striking "or for the purpose of grants 9 under section 1403 but not used for that purpose"; 10 and

11 (2) by adding at the end the following:

12 "The Director, in the Director's discretion, may use 13 amounts made available under section 1402(d)(2) for the 14 purposes of grants under section 1403 but not used for 15 that purpose, for grants under this subsection, either in 16 the year such amounts are not so used, or the next year.".

17 SEC. 915. GRANTS FOR DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS.

Section 1404(c)(1)(A) of the Victims of Crime Act
of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10603(c)(1)(A)) is amended by inserting "demonstration projects and" before "training".

21 SEC. 916. ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS FOR CRIME VICTIM AS-22 SISTANCE.

23 (a) CREATION OF EXCEPTION.—Section 1404(b)(2)
24 of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C.

10603(b)(2)) is amended by striking "An eligible" and in serting "Except as provided in paragraph (3), an eligible".
 (b) REQUIREMENTS OF EXCEPTION.—Section
 1404(b) of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C.
 10603(b)) is amended by adding at the end the following
 new subsection:

7 ''(3) Not more than 5 percent of sums received
8 under subsection (a) may be used for the adminis9 tration of the State crime victim assistance program
10 receiving such sums.''.

11 SEC. 917. MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT.

Section 1407 of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984
(42 U.S.C. 10604) is amended by adding at the end the
following new subsection:

15 "(h) Each entity receiving sums made available under
16 this Act for administrative purposes shall certify that such
17 sums will not be used to supplant State or local funds,
18 but will be used to increase the amount of such funds that
19 would, in the absence of Federal funds, be made available
20 for these purposes.".

1	TITLE X—STATE AND LOCAL
2	LAW ENFORCEMENT
3	Subtitle A—DNA Identification
4	SEC. 1001. SHORT TITLE.
5	This subtitle may be cited as the "DNA Identification
6	Act of 1993''.
7	SEC. 1002. FUNDING TO IMPROVE THE QUALITY AND AVAIL-
8	ABILITY OF DNA ANALYSES FOR LAW EN-
9	FORCEMENT IDENTIFICATION PURPOSES.
10	(a) Drug Control and System Improvement
11	GRANT PROGRAM.—Section 501(b) of title I of the Omni-
12	bus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42
13	U.S.C. 3751(b)) is amended—
14	(1) by striking ''and'' at the end of paragraph
15	(20);
16	(2) by striking the period at the end of para-
17	graph (21) and inserting ''; and''; and
18	(3) by adding at the end the following new
19	paragraph:
20	"(22) developing or improving in a forensic lab-
21	oratory a capability to analyze deoxyribonucleic acid
22	(hereinafter in this title referred to as 'DNA') for
23	identification purposes.".
24	(b) STATE APPLICATIONS.—Section 503(a) of title I
25	of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of

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1	1968 (42 U.S.C. 3753(a)) is amended by adding at the
2	end thereof the following new paragraph:
3	''(12) If any part of a grant made under this
4	part is to be used to develop or improve a DNA
5	analysis capability in a forensic laboratory, a certifi-
6	cation that—
7	"(A) DNA analyses performed at such lab-
8	oratory will satisfy or exceed then current
9	standards for a quality assurance program for
10	DNA analysis, issued by the Director of the
11	Federal Bureau of Investigation under section
12	1123 of the DNA Identification Act of 1993;
13	''(B) DNA samples obtained by, and DNA
14	analyses performed at, such laboratory will be
15	accessible only—
16	"(i) to criminal justice agencies for
17	law enforcement identification purposes;
18	"(ii) in judicial proceedings, if other-
19	wise admissable pursuant to applicable
20	statutes or rules;
21	''(iii) for criminal defense purposes, to
22	a defendant, who shall have access to sam-
23	ples and analyses performed in connection
24	with the case in which such defendant is
25	charged; or

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1	"(iv) if personally identifiable infor-
2	mation is removed, for a population statis-
3	tics database, for identification research
4	and protocol development purposes, or for
5	quality control purposes; and
6	"(C) such laboratory, and each analyst
7	performing DNA analyses at such laboratory,
8	will undergo, at regular intervals of not to ex-
9	ceed 180 days, external proficiency testing by a
10	DNA proficiency testing program meeting the
11	standards issued under section 1123 of the
12	DNA Identification Act of 1993.".
13	(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For each
14	of fiscal years 1995 through 1999 there are authorized
15	to be appropriated \$10,000,000 for grants to the States
16	for DNA analysis.
17	SEC. 1003. QUALITY ASSURANCE AND PROFICIENCY TEST-
18	ING STANDARDS.
19	(a) Publication of Quality Assurance and Pro-
20	FICIENCY TESTING STANDARDS.—(1) Not later than 180
21	days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Direc-
22	tor of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall appoint
23	an advisory board on DNA quality assurance methods.
24	The Director shall appoint members of the board from
25	among nominations proposed by the head of the National

Academy of Sciences and professional societies of crime 1 laboratory directors. The advisory board shall include as 2 members scientists from state and local forensic labora-3 tories, molecular geneticists and population geneticists not 4 affiliated with a forensic laboratory, and a representative 5 from the National Institute of Standards and Technology. 6 7 The advisory board shall develop, and if appropriate, periodically revise, recommended standards for quality assur-8 9 ance, including standards for testing the proficiency of forensic laboratories, and forensic analysts, in conducting 10 analyses of DNA. 11

12 (2) The Director of the Federal Bureau of Investiga-13 tion, after taking into consideration such recommended 14 standards, shall issue (and revise from time to time) 15 standards for quality assurance, including standards for 16 testing the proficiency of forensic laboratories, and foren-17 sic analysts, in conducting analyses of DNA.

(3) The standards described in paragraphs (1) and
(2) shall specify criteria for quality assurance and proficiency tests to be applied to the various types of DNA
analyses used by forensic laboratories. The standards shall
also include a system for grading proficiency testing performance to determine whether a laboratory is performing
acceptably.

1 (4) Until such time as the advisory board has made 2 recommendations to the Director of the Federal Bureau 3 of Investigation and the Director has acted upon those 4 recommendations, the quality assurance guidelines adopt-5 ed by the technical working group on DNA analysis meth-6 ods shall be deemed the Director's standards for purposes 7 of this section.

8 (b) Administration of the Advisory Board.— 9 For administrative purposes, the advisory board appointed under subsection (a) shall be considered an advisory board 10 to the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. 11 Section 14 of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 12 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply with respect to the advisory 13 board appointed under subsection (a). The board shall 14 cease to exist on the date 5 years after the initial appoint-15 ments are made to the board, unless the existence of the 16 board is extended by the Director of the Federal Bureau 17 of Investigation. 18

19 SEC. 1004. INDEX TO FACILITATE LAW ENFORCEMENT EX-

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CHANGE OF DNA IDENTIFICATION INFORMA-

21 **TION.**

(a) The Director of the Federal Bureau of Investiga-tion may establish an index of—

24 (1) DNA identification records of persons con-25 victed of crimes;

1	(2) analyses of DNA samples recovered from
2	crime scenes; and
3	(3) analyses of DNA samples recovered from
4	unidentified human remains.
5	(b) Such index may include only information on DNA
6	identification records and DNA analyses that are—
7	(1) based on analyses performed in accordance
8	with publicly available standards that satisfy or ex-
9	ceed the guidelines for a quality assurance program
10	for DNA analysis, issued by the Director of the Fed-
11	eral Bureau of Investigation under section 1123 of
12	the DNA Identification Act of 1993;
13	(2) prepared by laboratories, and DNA ana-
14	lysts, that undergo, at regular intervals of not to ex-
15	ceed 180 days, external proficiency testing by a
16	DNA proficiency testing program meeting the stand-
17	ards issued under section 1123 of the DNA Identi-
18	fication Act of 1993; and
19	(3) maintained by Federal, State, and local
20	criminal justice agencies pursuant to rules that allow
21	disclosure of stored DNA samples and DNA analy-
22	ses only—
23	(A) to criminal justice agencies for law en-
24	forcement identification purposes;

1(B) in judicial proceedings, if otherwise2admissable pursuant to applicable statutes or3rules;4(C) for criminal defense purposes, to a de-5fendant, who shall have access to samples and6analyses performed in connection with the case

in which such defendant is charged; or

(D) if personally identifiable information is 8 removed, for a population statistics database, 9 for identification research and protocol develop-10 11 ment purposes, or for quality control purposes. (c) The exchange of records authorized by this section 12 is subject to cancellation if the quality control and privacy 13 requirements described in subsection (b) of this section are 14 15 not met.

16 SEC. 1005. FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION.

17 (a) Proficiency Testing Requirements.—

18 (1) GENERALLY.—Personnel at the Federal 19 Bureau of Investigation who perform DNA analyses 20 shall undergo, at regular intervals of not to exceed 180 days, external proficiency testing by a DNA 21 22 proficiency testing program meeting the standards issued under section 1123(b). Within 1 year of the 23 24 date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the 25 Federal Bureau of Investigation shall arrange for

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periodic blind external tests to determine the pro-1 2 ficiency of DNA analysis performed at the Federal Bureau of Investigation laboratory. As used in this 3 paragraph, the term "blind external test" means a 4 test that is presented to the laboratory through a 5 second agency and appears to the analysts to involve 6 7 routine evidence. (2) REPORT.—For 5 years after the date of en-8 9 actment of this Act, the Director of the Federal Bu-10 reau of Investigation shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House and Senate an annual 11 report on the results of each of the tests referred to 12

in paragraph (1).

14 (b) PRIVACY PROTECTION STANDARDS.—

(1) GENERALLY.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the results of DNA tests performed for
a Federal law enforcement agency for law enforcement purposes may be disclosed only—

19 (A) to criminal justice agencies for law en-20 forcement identification purposes; or

(B) for criminal defense purposes, to a defendant, who shall have access to samples and
analyses performed in connection with the case
in which such defendant is charged.

	200
1	(2) EXCEPTION.—If personally identifiable in-
2	formation is removed, test results may be disclosed
3	for a population statistics database, for identification
4	research and protocol development purposes, or for
5	quality control purposes.
6	(c) CRIMINAL PENALTY.—(1) Whoever—
7	(A) by virtue of employment or official position,
8	has possession of, or access to, individually identifi-
9	able DNA information indexed in a database created
10	or maintained by any Federal law enforcement agen-
11	cy; and
12	(B) willfully discloses such information in any
13	manner to any person or agency not entitled to re-
14	ceive it;
15	shall be fined not more than \$100,000.
16	(2) Whoever, without authorization, willfully obtains
17	DNA samples or individually identifiable DNA informa-
18	tion indexed in a database created or maintained by any
19	Federal law enforcement agency shall be fined not more
20	than \$100,000.
21	SEC. 1006. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
22	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Fed-
23	eral Bureau of Investigation \$4,500,000 for each of fiscal
24	years 1995 through 1999 to carry out sections 1003,

25 1004, and 1005.

Subtitle B—Department of Justice Community Substance Abuse Prevention

4 SEC. 1011. SHORT TITLE.

5 This section may be cited as the "Department of Jus-6 tice Community Substance Abuse Prevention Act of 7 1993".

8 SEC. 1012. COMMUNITY PARTNERSHIPS.

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—Part E of title I of the Omnibus
10 Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C.
11 3711 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the follow12 ing new subpart:

13 "Subpart 4—Community Coalitions on Substance Abuse
14 "GRANTS TO COMBAT SUBSTANCE ABUSE

15 "SEC. 531. (a) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, 16 the term 'eligible coalition' means an association, consist-17 ing of at least 7 organizations, agencies, and individuals 18 that are concerned about preventing substance abuse, that 19 shall include—

20 "(1) public and private organizations and agen21 cies that represent law enforcement, schools, health
22 and social service agencies, and community-based or23 ganizations; and

24 "(2) representatives of 3 of the following25 groups: the clergy, academia, business, parents,

1	youth, the media, civic and fraternal groups, or
2	other nongovernmental interested parties.
3	"(b) GRANT PROGRAM.—The Attorney General, act-
4	ing through the Director of the Bureau of Justice Assist-
5	ance, and the appropriate State agency, may make grants
6	to eligible coalitions in order to—
7	"(1) plan and implement comprehensive long-
8	term strategies for substance abuse prevention;
9	"(2) develop a detailed assessment of existing
10	substance abuse prevention programs and activities
11	to determine community resources and to identify
12	major gaps and barriers in such programs and ac-
13	tivities;
14	"(3) identify and solicit funding sources to en-
15	able such programs and activities to become self-sus-
16	taining;
17	"(4) develop a consensus regarding the prior-
18	ities of a community concerning substance abuse;
19	"(5) develop a plan to implement such prior-
20	ities; and
21	"(6) coordinate substance abuse services and
22	activities, including prevention activities in the
23	schools or communities and substance abuse treat-
24	ment programs.

"(c) COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION.—In developing
 and implementing a substance abuse prevention program,
 a coalition receiving funds under subsection (b) shall—
 "(1) emphasize and encourage substantial vol-

untary participation in the community, especially
among individuals involved with youth such as teachers, coaches, parents, and clergy; and

8 ''(2) emphasize and encourage the involvement 9 of businesses, civic groups, and other community or-10 ganizations and members.

"(d) APPLICATION.—An eligible coalition shall submit an application to the Attorney General and the appropriate State agency in order to receive a grant under this
section. Such application shall—

15 "(1) describe and, to the extent possible, docu16 ment the nature and extent of the substance abuse
17 problem, emphasizing who is at risk and specifying
18 which groups of individuals should be targeted for
19 prevention and intervention;

20 "(2) describe the activities needing financial as21 sistance;

22 "(3) identify participating agencies, organiza-23 tions, and individuals;

24 "(4) identify the agency, organization, or indi-25 vidual that has responsibility for leading the coali-

tion, and provide assurances that such agency, orga nization or individual has previous substance abuse
 prevention experience;

"(5) describe a mechanism to evaluate the success of the coalition in developing and carrying out
the substance abuse prevention plan referred to in
subsection (b)(5) and to report on such plan to the
Attorney General on an annual basis; and

9 "(6) contain such additional information and
10 assurances as the Attorney General and the appro11 priate State agency may prescribe.

12 "(e) PRIORITY.—In awarding grants under this sec13 tion, the Attorney General and the appropriate State
14 agency shall give priority to a community that—

15 "(1) provides evidence of significant substance16 abuse;

17 ''(2) proposes a comprehensive and multifaceted18 approach to eliminating substance abuse;

19 "(3) encourages the involvement of businesses
20 and community leaders in substance abuse preven21 tion activities;

22 "(4) demonstrates a commitment and a high23 priority for preventing substance abuse; and

"(5) demonstrates support from the community
 and State and local agencies for efforts to eliminate
 substance abuse.

"(f) REVIEW.—Each coalition receiving money pursu-4 ant to the provisions of this section shall submit an annual 5 report to the Attorney General, and the appropriate State 6 7 agency, evaluating the effectiveness of the plan described in subsection (b)(5) and containing such additional infor-8 9 mation as the Attorney General, or the appropriate State agency, may prescribe. The Attorney General, in conjunc-10 tion with the Director of the Bureau of Justice Assistance, 11 and the appropriate State agency, shall submit an annual 12 review to the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate 13 and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Rep-14 15 resentatives. Such review shall—

16 "(1) evaluate the grant program established in17 this section to determine its effectiveness;

"(2) implement necessary changes to the program that can be done by the Attorney General; and
"(3) recommend any statutory changes that are
necessary.

"(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
\$15,000,000 for fiscal year 1995, \$20,000,000 for fiscal
year 1996, and \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 1997.".

(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets
 Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711 et seq.) is amended by in serting after the item relating to section 522 the following:
 "SUBPART 4—COMMUNITY COALITION ON SUBSTANCE ABUSE
 Subtitle C—Racial and Ethnic Bias
 Study Grants

7 SEC. 1021. STUDY GRANTS.

8 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

9 (1) equality under law is tested most profoundly 10 by whether a legal system tolerates race playing a 11 role in the criminal justice system; and

12 (2) States should examine their criminal justice
13 systems in order to ensure that racial and ethnic
14 bias has no part in such criminal justice systems.

15 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF GRANT PROGRAM.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General, act-16 ing through the Bureau of Justice Assistance, may 17 18 make grants to States that have established by State law or by the court of last resort a plan for analyz-19 20 ing the role of race in that State's criminal justice 21 system. Such plan shall include recommendations designed to correct any findings that racial and ethnic 22 23 bias plays such a role.

1 (2) CRITERIA FOR GRANTS.—Grants under this 2 subsection shall be awarded based upon criteria es-3 tablished by the Attorney General. In establishing 4 the criteria, the Attorney General shall take into 5 consideration the population of the respective States, 6 the racial and ethnic composition of the population 7 of the States, and the crime rates of the States.

8 (3) REPORTS BY STATES.—Recipients of grants 9 under this subsection shall report the findings and 10 recommendations of studies funded by grants under 11 this subsection to the Congress within reasonable 12 time limits established by the Attorney General.

(4) REIMBURSEMENT OF STATES.—Grants may
be made to reimburse States for work started prior
to the date of enactment of this Act.

16 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 17 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section 18 \$2,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1995, 1996, 1997, 19 1998, and 1999.

	213
1	TITLE XI—PROVISIONS
2	RELATING TO POLICE OFFICERS
3	Subtitle A—Law Enforcement
4	Family Support
5	SEC. 1101. LAW ENFORCEMENT FAMILY SUPPORT.
6	(a) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the Omnibus Crime
7	Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711
8	et seq.), as amended by section 309(b)(1), is amended—
9	(1) by redesignating part S as part T;
10	(2) by redesignating section 1901 as 2001; and
11	(3) by inserting after part R the following new
12	part:
	-
13	"PART S—FAMILY SUPPORT
13 14	"PART S—FAMILY SUPPORT "SEC. 1901. DUTIES OF DIRECTOR.
14	"SEC. 1901. DUTIES OF DIRECTOR.
14 15	"SEC. 1901. DUTIES OF DIRECTOR. ''The Director shall—
14 15 16	"SEC. 1901. DUTIES OF DIRECTOR."The Director shall—"(1) establish guidelines and oversee the imple-
14 15 16 17	 "SEC. 1901. DUTIES OF DIRECTOR. "The Director shall— "(1) establish guidelines and oversee the implementation of family-friendly policies within law en-
14 15 16 17 18	"SEC. 1901. DUTIES OF DIRECTOR. "The Director shall— "(1) establish guidelines and oversee the imple- mentation of family-friendly policies within law en- forcement-related offices and divisions in the De-
14 15 16 17 18 19	"SEC. 1901. DUTIES OF DIRECTOR. "The Director shall— "(1) establish guidelines and oversee the imple- mentation of family-friendly policies within law en- forcement-related offices and divisions in the De- partment of Justice;
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	 "SEC. 1901. DUTIES OF DIRECTOR. "The Director shall— "(1) establish guidelines and oversee the imple- mentation of family-friendly policies within law en- forcement-related offices and divisions in the De- partment of Justice; "(2) study the effects of stress on law enforce-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 "SEC. 1901. DUTIES OF DIRECTOR. "The Director shall— (1) establish guidelines and oversee the imple- mentation of family-friendly policies within law en- forcement-related offices and divisions in the De- partment of Justice; (2) study the effects of stress on law enforce- ment personnel and family well-being and dissemi-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	 "SEC. 1901. DUTIES OF DIRECTOR. "The Director shall— "(1) establish guidelines and oversee the implementation of family-friendly policies within law enforcement-related offices and divisions in the Department of Justice; "(2) study the effects of stress on law enforcement personnel and family well-being and disseminate the findings of such studies to Federal, State,

"(3) identify and evaluate model programs that
 provide support services to law enforcement person nel and families;

4 "(4) provide technical assistance and training
5 programs to develop stress reduction and family sup6 port to State and local law enforcement agencies;

"(5) collect and disseminate information regarding family support, stress reduction, and psychological services to Federal, State, and local law
enforcement agencies, law enforcement-related organizations, and other interested entities; and

12 "(6) determine issues to be researched by the13 Bureau and by grant recipients.

14 "SEC. 1902. GENERAL AUTHORIZATION.

15 "The Director may make grants to States and local
16 law enforcement agencies and to organizations represent17 ing State or local law enforcement personnel to provide
18 family support services to law enforcement personnel.

19 "SEC. 1903. USES OF FUNDS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—A State or local law enforcement
agency or organization that receives a grant under this
Act shall use amounts provided under the grant to establish or improve training and support programs for law enforcement personnel.

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2	agency or organization that receives funds under this part
3	shall provide at least one of the following services:
4	"(1) Counseling for law enforcement family
5	members.
6	"(2) Child care on a 24-hour basis.
7	"(3) Marital and adolescent support groups.
8	"(4) Stress reduction programs.
9	"(5) Stress education for law enforcement re-
10	cruits and families.
11	"(6) Provide technical assistance and training
12	programs to support any or all of the services de-
13	scribed in paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5).
14	"(c) Optional Activities.—A law enforcement
15	agency or organization that receives funds under this part
16	may provide the following services:
17	"(1) Post-shooting debriefing for officers and
18	their spouses.
19	''(2) Group therapy.
20	"(3) Hypertension clinics.
21	"(4) Critical incident response on a 24-hour
22	basis.
23	"(5) Law enforcement family crisis telephone
24	services on a 24-hour basis.

"(6) Counseling for law enforcement personnel 1 2 exposed to the human immunodeficiency virus. "(7) Counseling for peers. 3 "(8) Counseling for families of personnel killed 4 in the line of duty. 5 "(9) Seminars regarding alcohol, drug use, 6 7 gambling, and overeating. 8 "(10) Technical assistance and training to support any or all of the services described in para-9 graphs (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), and (9). 10 11 **"SEC. 1904. APPLICATIONS.** "A law enforcement agency or organization desiring 12 to receive a grant under this part shall submit to the Di-13 rector an application at such time, in such manner, and 14 15 containing or accompanied by such information as the Director may reasonably require. Such application shall-16 17 "(1) certify that the law enforcement agency 18 shall match all Federal funds with an equal amount 19 of cash or in-kind goods or services from other non-20 Federal sources: 21 "(2) include a statement from the highest rank-22 ing law enforcement official from the State or local-

24 ganization applying for the grant that attests to the

ity or from the highest ranking official from the or-

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need and intended use of services to be provided
 with grant funds; and

"(3) assure that the Director or the Comptroller General of the United States shall have access to
all records related to the receipt and use of grant
funds received under this part.

7 "SEC. 1905. AWARD OF GRANTS; LIMITATION.

8 "(a) GRANT DISTRIBUTION.—In approving grants 9 under this part, the Director shall assure an equitable dis-10 tribution of assistance among the States, among urban 11 and rural areas of the United States, and among urban 12 and rural areas of a State.

"(b) DURATION.—The Director may award a grant 13 each fiscal year, not to exceed \$100,000 to a State or local 14 law enforcement agency or \$250,000 to a law enforcement 15 organization for a period not to exceed 5 years. In any 16 application from a State or local law enforcement agency 17 or organization for a grant to continue a program for the 18 second, third, fourth, or fifth fiscal year following the first 19 fiscal year in which a grant was awarded to such agency, 20 the Director shall review the progress made toward meet-21 ing the objectives of the program. The Director may refuse 22 to award a grant if the Director finds sufficient progress 23 24 has not been made toward meeting such objectives, but only after affording the applicant notice and an oppor tunity for reconsideration.

3 "(c) LIMITATION.—Not more than 10 percent of 4 grant funds received by a State or a local law enforcement 5 agency or organization may be used for administrative 6 purposes.

7 "SEC. 1906. DISCRETIONARY RESEARCH GRANTS.

8 "The Director may reserve 10 percent of funds to 9 award research grants to a State or local law enforcement 10 agency or organization to study issues of importance in 11 the law enforcement field as determined by the Director. 12 "SEC. 1907. REPORTS.

"(a) REPORT FROM GRANT RECIPIENTS.—A State
or local law enforcement agency or organization that receives a grant under this part shall submit to the Director
an annual report that includes—

17 "(1) program descriptions;

18 ''(2) the number of staff employed to admin-19 ister programs;

20 "(3) the number of individuals who participated21 in programs; and

22 "(4) an evaluation of the effectiveness of grant23 programs.

1	"(b) Report From Director.—(1) The Director
2	shall submit to the Congress a report not later than March
3	31 of each fiscal year.
4	"(2) Such report shall contain—
5	"(A) a description of the types of projects de-
6	veloped or improved through funds received under
7	this part;
8	"(B) a description of exemplary projects and
9	activities developed;
10	"(C) a designation of the family relationship to
11	the law enforcement personnel of individuals served;
12	and
13	"(D) the number of individuals served in each
14	location and throughout the country.
15	"SEC. 1908. DEFINITIONS.
16	"For purposes of this part—
17	"(1) the term 'family-friendly policy' means a
18	policy to promote or improve the morale and well
19	being of law enforcement personnel and their fami-
20	lies; and
21	"(2) the term 'law enforcement personnel"
22	means individuals employed by Federal, State, and
23	local law enforcement agencies.".
24	(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
25	of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets

- 1 Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711 et seq.), as amended by sec-
- 2 tion 309(b)(2), is amended by striking the matter relating
- 3 to part R and inserting the following:

"PART S—FAMILY SUPPORT

"Sec. 1901. Duties of director.

"Sec. 1902. General authorization.

"Sec. 1903. Uses of funds.

"Sec. 1904. Applications.

"Sec. 1905. Award of grants; limitation.

"Sec. 1906. Discretionary research grants.

"Sec. 1907. Reports.

"Sec. 1908. Definitions.

"PART V—TRANSITION; EFFECTIVE DATE; REPEALS

"Sec. 2001. Continuation of rules, authorities, and privileges.".

4 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section
5 1001(a) of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets
6 Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711 et seq.), as amended by sec7 tion 309(b)(3), is amended—

8 (1) in paragraph (3) by striking "and R" and 9 inserting "R, and S"; and

10 (2) by adding at the end the following new11 paragraph:

12 "(13) There are authorized to be appropriated to 13 carry out part U \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1995, 14 1996, 1997, 1998, and 1999. Not more than 20 percent 15 of such funds may be used to accomplish the duties of 16 the Director under that part, including administrative 17 costs, research, and training programs.".

Subtitle B—Police Pattern or Practice

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3 SEC. 1111. CAUSE OF ACTION.

4 (a) UNLAWFUL CONDUCT.—It shall be unlawful for 5 any governmental authority, or any agent thereof, or any 6 person acting on behalf of a governmental authority, to 7 engage in a pattern or practice of conduct by law enforce-8 ment officers that deprives persons of rights, privileges, 9 or immunities secured or protected by the Constitution or 10 laws of the United States.

(b) CIVIL ACTION BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.—Whenever the Attorney General has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of paragraph (1) has occurred, the Attorney General, for or in the name of the United States, may in a civil action obtain appropriate equitable and declaratory relief to eliminate the pattern or practice.

17 SEC. 1112. DATA ON USE OF EXCESSIVE FORCE.

(a) ATTORNEY GENERAL TO COLLECT.—The Attorney General shall, through the victimization surveys conducted by the Bureau of Justice Statistics, acquire data
about the use of excessive force by law enforcement officers.

(b) LIMITATION ON USE OF DATA.—Data acquired
under this section shall be used only for research or statistical purposes and may not contain any information that

1 may reveal the identity of the victim or any law enforce-2 ment officer.

3 (c) ANNUAL SUMMARY.—The Attorney general shall
4 publish an annual summary of the data acquired under
5 this section.

6 Subtitle C—Police Corps and Law 7 Enforcement Officers Training 8 and Education

9 CHAPTER 1—POLICE CORPS

10 sec. 1121. short title.

11 This chapter may be cited as the "Police Corps Act".

12 SEC. 1122. PURPOSES.

13 The purposes of this chapter are to—

(1) address violent crime by increasing the
number of police with advanced education and training on community patrol; and

17 (2) provide educational assistance to law en18 forcement personnel and to students who possess a
19 sincere interest in public service in the form of law
20 enforcement.

21 **SEC. 1123. DEFINITIONS.**

22 In this chapter—

23 "academic year" means a traditional academic
24 year beginning in August or September and ending
25 in the following May or June.

1	"dependent child" means a natural or adopted
2	child or stepchild of a law enforcement officer who
3	at the time of the officer's death—
4	(A) was no more than 21 years old; or
5	(B) if older than 21 years, was in fact de-
6	pendent on the child's parents for at least one-
7	half of the child's support (excluding edu-
8	cational expenses), as determined by the Direc-
9	tor.
10	"Director" means the Director of the Office of
11	the Police Corps and Law Enforcement Education
12	appointed under section 1124.
13	"educational expenses" means expenses that
14	are directly attributable to—
15	(A) a course of education leading to the
16	award of the baccalaureate degree in legal- or
17	criminal justice-related studies; or
18	(B) a course of graduate study legal or
19	criminal justice studies following award of a
20	baccalaureate degree,
21	including the cost of tuition, fees, books, supplies,
22	transportation, room and board and miscellaneous
23	expenses.
24	"institution of higher education" has the mean-
25	ing stated in the first sentence of section 1201(a) of

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1141(a)).

the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.

"participant" means a participant in the Police 3 4 Corps program selected pursuant to section 306. "State" means a State of the United States, 5 the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of 6 7 Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mar-8 iana Islands. 9 "State Police Corps program" means a State 10 11 police corps program that meets the requirements of 12 section 1130. 13 SEC. 1124. ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE OF THE POLICE 14 CORPS AND LAW ENFORCEMENT EDUCATION. 15 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the Department of Justice, under the general authority of the 16 Attorney General, an Office of the Police Corps and Law 17 **Enforcement Education.** 18 19 (b) APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTOR.—The Office of the Police Corps and Law Enforcement Education shall be 20 headed by a Director who shall be appointed by the Presi-21 22 dent, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. 23 (c) RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTOR.—The Director shall be responsible for the administration of the Police 24 Corps program established by this chapter and shall have 25

authority to promulgate regulations to implement this
 chapter.

3 SEC. 1125. DESIGNATION OF LEAD AGENCY AND SUBMIS4 SION OF STATE PLAN.

5 (a) LEAD AGENCY.—A State that desires to partici6 pate in the Police Corps program under this chapter shall
7 designate a lead agency that will be responsible for—

8 (1) submitting to the Director a State plan de-9 scribed in subsection (b); and

10 (2) administering the program in the State.

11 (b) STATE PLANS.—A State plan shall—

12 (1) contain assurances that the lead agency 13 shall work in cooperation with the local law enforce-14 ment liaisons, representatives of police labor organi-15 zations and police management organizations, and 16 other appropriate State and local agencies to develop 17 and implement interagency agreements designed to 18 carry out the program;

(2) contain assurances that the State shall ad-vertise the assistance available under this chapter;

(3) contain assurances that the State shall
screen and select law enforcement personnel for participation in the program; and

24 (4) meet the requirements of section 1130.

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1 SEC. 1126. SCHOLARSHIP ASSISTANCE.

2 (a) SCHOLARSHIPS AUTHORIZED.—(1) The Director
3 may award scholarships to participants who agree to work
4 in a State or local police force in accordance with agree5 ments entered into pursuant to subsection (d).

6 (2)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), each
7 scholarship payment made under this section for each aca8 demic year shall not exceed—

9 (i) \$7,500; or

(ii) the cost of the educational expenses relatedto attending an institution of higher education.

(B) In the case of a participant who is pursuing a
course of educational study during substantially an entire
calendar year, the amount of scholarship payments made
during such year shall not exceed \$10,000.

16 (C) The total amount of scholarship assistance re-17 ceived by any one student under this section shall not ex-18 ceed \$30,000.

(3) Recipients of scholarship assistance under this
section shall continue to receive such scholarship payments
only during such periods as the Director finds that the
recipient is maintaining satisfactory progress as determined by the institution of higher education the recipient
is attending.

(4) (A) The Director shall make scholarship payments
 under this section directly to the institution of higher edu cation that the student is attending.

4 (B) Each institution of higher education receiving a 5 payment on behalf of a participant pursuant to subpara-6 graph (A) shall remit to such student any funds in excess 7 of the costs of tuition, fees, and room and board payable 8 to the institution.

9 (b) REIMBURSEMENT AUTHORIZED.—(1) The Direc-10 tor may make payments to a participant to reimburse such 11 participant for the costs of educational expenses if the stu-12 dent agrees to work in a State or local police force in ac-13 cordance with the agreement entered into pursuant to sub-14 section (d).

15 (2)(A) Each payment made pursuant to paragraph16 (1) for each academic year of study shall not exceed—

17 (i) \$7,500; or

(ii) the cost of educational expenses related toattending an institution of higher education.

(B) In the case of a participant who is pursuing a
course of educational study during substantially an entire
calendar year, the amount of scholarship payments made
during such year shall not exceed \$10,000.

(C) The total amount of payments made pursuant to
 subparagraph (A) to any 1 student shall not exceed
 \$30,000.

4 (c) USE OF SCHOLARSHIP.—Scholarships awarded 5 under this subsection shall only be used to attend a 4-6 year institution of higher education, except that—

7 (1) scholarships may be used for graduate and8 professional study; and

9 (2) if a participant has enrolled in the program 10 upon or after transfer to a 4-year institution of 11 higher education, the Director may reimburse the 12 participant for the participant's prior educational ex-13 penses.

(d) AGREEMENT.—(1)(A) Each participant receiving
a scholarship or a payment under this section shall enter
into an agreement with the Director.

(B) An agreement under subparagraph (A) shall con-tain assurances that the participant shall—

(i) after successful completion of a baccalaureate program and training as prescribed in section 8, work for 4 years in a State or local police
force without there having arisen sufficient cause for
the participant's dismissal under the rules applicable
to members of the police force of which the participant is a member;

1 (ii) complete satisfactorily—

2 (I) an educational course of study and re-3 ceipt of a baccalaureate degree (in the case of 4 undergraduate study) or the reward of credit to 5 the participant for having completed one or 6 more graduate courses (in the case of graduate 7 study); and

8 (II) Police Corps training and certification 9 by the Director that the participant has met 10 such performance standards as may be estab-11 lished pursuant to section 1128; and

(iii) repay all of the scholarship or payment received plus interest at the rate of 10 percent if the
conditions of clauses (i) and (ii) are not complied
with.

(2)(A) A recipient of a scholarship or payment under
this section shall not be considered to be in violation of
the agreement entered into pursuant to paragraph (1) if
the recipient—

20 (i) dies; or

(ii) becomes permanently and totally disabled as
established by the sworn affidavit of a qualified physician.

(B) If a scholarship recipient is unable to comply withthe repayment provision set forth in paragraph (1)(B)(ii)

because of a physical or emotional disability or for good
 cause as determined by the Director, the Director may
 substitute community service in a form prescribed by the
 Director for the required repayment.

5 (C) The Director shall expeditiously seek repayment
6 from a participant who violates an agreement described
7 in paragraph (1).

8 (e) DEPENDENT CHILD.—A dependent child of a law9 enforcement officer—

10 (1) who is a member of a State or local police
11 force or is a Federal criminal investigator or uni12 formed police officer,

13 (2) who is not a participant in the Police Corps14 program, but

15 (3) who serves in a State for which the Director16 has approved a Police Corps plan, and

17 (4) who is killed in the course of performing po-18 lice duties,

19 shall be entitled to the scholarship assistance authorized
20 in this section for any course of study in any accredited
21 institution of higher education. Such dependent child shall
22 not incur any repayment obligation in exchange for the
23 scholarship assistance provided in this section.

24 (f) APPLICATION.—Each participant desiring a schol-25 arship or payment under this section shall submit an ap-

plication as prescribed by the Director in such manner and
 accompanied by such information as the Director may rea sonably require.

4 SEC. 1127. SELECTION OF PARTICIPANTS.

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Participants in State Police Corps
6 programs shall be selected on a competitive basis by each
7 State under regulations prescribed by the Director.

8 (b) SELECTION CRITERIA AND QUALIFICATIONS.—
9 (1) In order to participate in a State Police Corps pro10 gram, a participant shall—

11 (A) be a citizen of the United States or an alien
12 lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the
13 United States;

(B) meet the requirements for admission as a 14 15 trainee of the State or local police force to which the participant will be assigned pursuant to section 16 17 1130(c)(5), including achievement of satisfactory 18 scores on any applicable examination, except that 19 failure to meet the age requirement for a trainee of 20 the State or local police shall not disqualify the applicant if the applicant will be of sufficient age upon 21 22 completing an undergraduate course of study;

(C) possess the necessary mental and physicalcapabilities and emotional characteristics to dis-

charge effectively the duties of a law enforcement of ficer;

3 (D) be of good character and demonstrate sin-4 cere motivation and dedication to law enforcement 5 and public service;

6 (E) in the case of an undergraduate, agree in 7 writing that the participant will complete an edu-8 cational course of study leading to the award of a 9 baccalaureate degree and will then accept an ap-10 pointment and complete 4 years of service as an offi-11 cer in the State police or in a local police depart-12 ment within the State;

(F) in the case of a participant desiring to undertake or continue graduate study, agree in writing
that the participant will accept an appointment and
complete 4 years of service as an officer in the State
police or in a local police department within the
State before undertaking or continuing graduate
study;

20 (G) contract, with the consent of the partici21 pant's parent or guardian if the participant is a
22 minor, to serve for 4 years as an officer in the State
23 police or in a local police department, if an appoint24 ment is offered; and

(H) except as provided in paragraph (2), be
 without previous law enforcement experience.

3 (2)(A) Until the date that is 5 years after the date 4 of enactment of this Act, up to 10 percent of the appli-5 cants accepted into the Police Corps program may be per-6 sons who—

7 (i) have had some law enforcement experience;8 and

9 (ii) have demonstrated special leadership poten-10 tial and dedication to law enforcement.

(B) (i) The prior period of law enforcement of a participant selected pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall not be counted toward satisfaction of the participant's 4-year service obligation under section 1129, and such a participant shall be subject to the same benefits and obligations under this chapter as other participants, including those stated in section (b) (1) (E) and (F).

(ii) Clause (i) shall not be construed to preclude
counting a participant's previous period of law enforcement experience for purposes other than satisfaction of the
requirements of section 9, such as for purposes of determining such a participant's pay and other benefits, rank,
and tenure.

(3) It is the intent of this chapter that there shallbe no more than 20,000 participants in each graduating

class. The Director shall approve State plans providing in 1 the aggregate for such enrollment of applicants as shall 2 assure, as nearly as possible, annual graduating classes 3 4 of 20,000. In a year in which applications are received in a number greater than that which will produce, in the 5 judgment of the Director, a graduating class of more than 6 7 20,000, the Director shall, in deciding which applications to grant, give preference to those who will be participating 8 in State plans that provide law enforcement personnel to 9 areas of greatest need. 10

11 (c) RECRUITMENT OF MINORITIES.—Each State par-12 ticipating in the Police Corps program shall make special 13 efforts to seek and recruit applicants from among mem-14 bers of all racial, ethnic or gender groups. This subsection 15 does not authorize an exception from the competitive 16 standards for admission established pursuant to sub-17 sections (a) and (b).

18 (d) ENROLLMENT OF APPLICANT.—(1) An applicant 19 shall be accepted into a State Police Corps program on 20 the condition that the applicant will be matriculated in, 21 or accepted for admission at, a 4-year institution of higher 22 education—

23 (A) as a full-time student in an undergraduate24 program; or

25 (B) for purposes of taking a graduate course.

(2) If the applicant is not matriculated or accepted
 as set forth in paragraph (1), the applicant's acceptance
 in the program shall be revoked.

4 (e) LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—(1) A participant in a 5 State Police Corps program who requests a leave of ab-6 sence from educational study, training or service for a pe-7 riod not to exceed 1 year (or 18 months in the aggregate 8 in the event of multiple requests) due to temporary phys-9 ical or emotional disability shall be granted such leave of 10 absence by the State.

11 (2) A participant who requests a leave of absence 12 from educational study, training or service for a period 13 not to exceed 1 year (or 18 months in the aggregate in 14 the event of multiple requests) for any reason other than 15 those listed in paragraph (1) may be granted such leave 16 of absence by the State.

(3) A participant who requests a leave of absence
from educational study or training for a period not to exceed 30 months to serve on an official church mission may
be granted such leave of absence.

(f) ADMISSION OF APPLICANTS.—An applicant may
be admitted into a State Police Corps program either before commencement of or during the applicant's course of
educational study.

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1 SEC. 1128. POLICE CORPS TRAINING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) The Director shall establish 2 3 programs of training for Police Corps participants. Such programs may be carried out at up to 3 training centers 4 5 established for this purpose and administered by the Director, or by contracting with existing State training facili-6 7 ties. The Director shall contract with a State training fa-8 cility upon request of such facility if the Director deter-9 mines that such facility offers a course of training substantially equivalent to the Police Corps training program 10 described in this chapter. 11

(2) The Director may enter into contracts with individuals, institutions of learning, and government agencies
(including State and local police forces) to obtain the services of persons qualified to participate in and contribute
to the training process.

17 (3) The Director may enter into agreements with
18 agencies of the Federal Government to utilize on a reim19 bursable basis space in Federal buildings and other re20 sources.

(4) The Director may authorize such expenditures as
are necessary for the effective maintenance of the training
centers, including purchases of supplies, uniforms, and
educational materials, and the provision of subsistence,
quarters, and medical care to participants.

1 (b) TRAINING SESSIONS.—A participant in a State Police Corps program shall attend two 8-week training 2 sessions at a training center, one during the summer fol-3 lowing completion of sophomore year and one during the 4 summer following completion of junior year. If a partici-5 pant enters the program after sophomore year, the partici-6 7 pant shall complete 16 weeks of training at times determined by the Director. 8

(c) FURTHER TRAINING.—The 16 weeks of Police 9 10 Corps training authorized in this section is intended to serve as basic law enforcement training but not to exclude 11 further training of participants by the State and local au-12 13 thorities to which they will be assigned. Each State plan approved by the Director under section 10 shall include 14 15 assurances that following completion of a participant's course of education each participant shall receive appro-16 priate additional training by the State or local authority 17 to which the participant is assigned. The time spent by 18 a participant in such additional training, but not the time 19 spent in Police Corps training, shall be counted toward 20 21 fulfillment of the participant's 4-year service obligation.

(d) COURSE OF TRAINING.—The training sessions at
training centers established under this section shall be designed to provide basic law enforcement training, including vigorous physical and mental training to teach partici-

pants self-discipline and organizational loyalty and to im part knowledge and understanding of legal processes and
 law enforcement.

4 (e) EVALUATION OF PARTICIPANTS.—A participant 5 shall be evaluated during training for mental, physical, 6 and emotional fitness, and shall be required to meet per-7 formance standards prescribed by the Director at the con-8 clusion of each training session in order to remain in the 9 Police Corps program.

(f) STIPEND.—The Director shall pay participants in
training sessions a stipend of \$250 a week during training.
SEC. 1129. SERVICE OBLIGATION.

(a) SWEARING IN.—Upon satisfactory completion of 13 the participant's course of education and training program 14 15 established in section 1128 and meeting the requirements of the police force to which the participant is assigned, 16 a participant shall be sworn in as a member of the police 17 force to which the participant is assigned pursuant to the 18 State Police Corps plan, and shall serve for 4 years as 19 a member of that police force. 20

(b) RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES.—A participant
shall have all of the rights and responsibilities of and shall
be subject to all rules and regulations applicable to other
members of the police force of which the participant is
a member, including those contained in applicable agree-

ments with labor organizations and those provided by
 State and local law.

3 (c) DISCIPLINE.—If the police force of which the participant is a member subjects the participant to discipline 4 such as would preclude the participant's completing 4 5 years of service, and result in denial of educational assist-6 7 ance under section 1126, the Director may, upon a showing of good cause, permit the participant to complete the 8 9 service obligation in an equivalent alternative law enforce-10 ment service and, if such service is satisfactorily completed, section 1126(d)(1)(B)(iii) shall not apply. 11

12 (d) LAYOFFS.—If the police force of which the participant is a member lays off the participant such as would 13 preclude the participant's completing 4 years of service, 14 15 and result in denial of educational assistance under section 1126, the Director may permit the participant to 16 complete the service obligation in an equivalent alternative 17 law enforcement service and, if such service is satisfac-18 torily completed, section 1126(d)(1)(B)(iii) shall not 19 apply. 20

21 SEC. 1130. STATE PLAN REQUIREMENTS.

22 A State Police Corps plan shall—

(1) provide for the screening and selection of
participants in accordance with the criteria set out
in section 1127;

1	(2) state procedures governing the assignment
2	of participants in the Police Corps program to State
3	and local police forces (no more than 10 percent of
4	all the participants assigned in each year by each
5	State to be assigned to a statewide police force or
6	forces);
7	(3) provide that participants shall be assigned
8	to those geographic areas in which—
9	(A) there is the greatest need for addi-
10	tional law enforcement personnel; and
11	(B) the participants will be used most ef-
12	fectively;
13	(4) provide that to the extent consistent with
14	paragraph (3), a participant shall be assigned to an
15	area near the participant's home or such other place
16	as the participant may request;
17	(5) provide that to the extent feasible, a partici-
18	pant's assignment shall be made at the time the par-
19	ticipant is accepted into the program, subject to
20	change—
21	(A) prior to commencement of a partici-
22	pant's fourth year of undergraduate study,
23	under such circumstances as the plan may
24	specify; and

1	(B) from commencement of a participant's
2	fourth year of undergraduate study until com-
3	pletion of 4 years of police service by partici-
4	pant, only for compelling reasons or to meet the
5	needs of the State Police Corps program and
6	only with the consent of the participant;
7	(6) provide that no participant shall be assigned
8	to serve with a local police force—
9	(A) whose size has declined by more than
10	5 percent since June 21, 1989; or
11	(B) which has members who have been laid
12	off but not retired;
13	(7) provide that participants shall be placed and
14	to the extent feasible kept on community and pre-
15	ventive patrol;
16	(8) ensure that participants will receive effec-
17	tive training and leadership;
18	(9) provide that the State may decline to offer
19	a participant an appointment following completion of
20	Federal training, or may remove a participant from
21	the Police Corps program at any time, only for good
22	cause (including failure to make satisfactory
23	progress in a course of educational study) and after
24	following reasonable review procedures stated in the
25	plan; and

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1 (10) provide that a participant shall, while serv-2 ing as a member of a police force, be compensated at the same rate of pay and benefits and enjoy the 3 4 same rights under applicable agreements with labor organizations and under State and local law as other 5 6 police officers of the same rank and tenure in the police force of which the participant is a member. 7

8 SEC. 1131. ASSISTANCE TO STATES AND LOCALITIES EM-9 **PLOYING POLICE CORPS OFFICERS.**

10 Each jurisdiction directly employing Police Corps participants during the 4-year term of service prescribed 11 by section 1129 shall receive \$10,000 on account of each 12 such participant at the completion of each such year of 13 service. but— 14

15 (1) no such payment shall be made on account of service in any State or local police force-16

17 (A) whose average size, in the year for 18 which payment is to be made, not counting Po-19 lice Corps participants assigned under section 106, has declined more than 2 percent since 20 21 January 1, 1993; or

22 (B) which has members who have been laid 23 off but not retired; and

24 (2) no such payment shall be made on account of any Police Corps participant for years of service 25

1	after the completion of the term of service prescribed
2	in section 1129.

3 SEC. 1132. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

4 There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out5 this chapter—

6 (1) \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1995
7 and 1996; and

8 (2) such sums as are necessary for each of fis-9 cal years 1997, 1998, and 1999.

10 SEC. 1133. REPORTS TO CONGRESS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than April 1 of each
year, the Director shall submit a report to the Attorney
General, the President, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate.

15 (b) CONTENTS.—A report under subsection (a)16 shall—

(1) state the number of current and past participants in the Police Corps program, broken down
according to the levels of educational study in which
they are engaged and years of service they have
served on police forces (including service following
completion of the 4-year service obligation);

(2) describe the geographic, racial, and gender
dispersion of participants in the Police Corps program; and

1	(3) describe the progress of the Police Corps
2	program and make recommendations for changes in
3	the program.
4	CHAPTER 2—LAW ENFORCEMENT
5	SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM
6	SEC. 1141. SHORT TITLE.
7	This chapter may be cited as the "Law Enforcement
8	Scholarships and Recruitment Act".
9	SEC. 1142. DEFINITIONS.
10	In this chapter—
11	"Director" means the Director of the Bureau of
12	Justice Assistance.
13	"educational expenses" means expenses that
14	are directly attributable to—
15	(A) a course of education leading to the
16	award of an associate degree;
17	(B) a course of education leading to the
18	award of a baccalaureate degree; or
19	(C) a course of graduate study following
20	award of a baccalaureate degree,
21	including the cost of tuition, fees, books, supplies,
22	and related expenses.
23	"institution of higher education" has the meaning
24	stated in the first sentence of section 1201(a) of the
25	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1141(a)).

"law enforcement position" means employment
 as an officer in a State or local police force, or cor rectional institution.

4 "State" means a State of the United States,
5 the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of
6 Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands of the United States,
7 American Samoa, Guam, and the Commonwealth of
8 the Northern Mariana Islands.

9 SEC. 1143. ALLOTMENT.

10 From amounts appropriated under section 1150, the11 Director shall allot—

(1) 80 percent of such amounts to States on
the basis of the number of law enforcement officers
in each State compared to the number of law enforcement officers in all States; and

(2) 20 percent of such amounts to States on
the basis of the shortage of law enforcement personnel and the need for assistance under this title in
the State compared to the shortage of law enforcement personnel and the need for assistance under
this title in all States.

22 SEC. 1144. ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.

23 (a) USE OF ALLOTMENT.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—A State that receives an al-
2	lotment pursuant to section 1143 shall use the allot-
3	ment to pay the Federal share of the costs of—
4	(A) awarding scholarships to in-service law
5	enforcement personnel to enable such personnel
6	to seek further education; and
7	(B) providing—
8	(i) full-time employment in summer;
9	or
10	(ii) part-time (not to exceed 20 hours
11	per week) employment for a period not to
12	exceed 1 year.
13	(2) EMPLOYMENT.—The employment described
14	in paragraph (1)(B)—
15	(A) shall be provided by State and local
16	law enforcement agencies for students who are
17	juniors or seniors in high school or are enrolled
18	in an institution of higher education and who
19	demonstrate an interest in undertaking a career
20	in law enforcement;
21	(B) shall not be in a law enforcement posi-
22	tion; and
23	(C) shall consist of performing meaningful
24	tasks that inform students of the nature of the
25	tasks performed by law enforcement agencies.

(b) Payments; Federal Share; Non-Federal
 Share.—

3 (1) PAYMENTS.—The Secretary shall pay to
4 each State that receives an allotment under section
5 1143 the Federal share of the cost of the activities
6 described in the application submitted pursuant to
7 section 1147.

8 (2) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share shall
9 not exceed 60 percent.

10 (3) NON-FEDERAL SHARE.—The non-Federal 11 share of the cost of scholarships and student em-12 ployment provided under this chapter shall be sup-13 plied from sources other than the Federal Govern-14 ment.

(c) RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTOR.—The Director
shall be responsible for the administration of the programs
conducted pursuant to this title and shall, in consultation
with the Assistant Secretary for Postsecondary Education,
issue rules to implement this title.

20 (d) ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—A State that re-21 ceives an allotment under section 1143 may reserve not 22 more than 8 percent of the allotment for administrative 23 expenses.

24 (e) SPECIAL RULE.—A State that receives an allot-25 ment under section 1143 shall ensure that each scholarship recipient under this title be compensated at the same
 rate of pay and benefits and enjoy the same rights under
 applicable agreements with labor organizations and under
 State and local law as other law enforcement personnel
 of the same rank and tenure in the office of which the
 scholarship recipient is a member.

7 (f) SUPPLEMENTATION OF FUNDING.—Funds re-8 ceived under this chapter shall only be used to supplement, 9 and not to supplant, Federal, State, or local efforts for 10 recruitment and education of law enforcement personnel. 11 SEC. 1145. SCHOLARSHIPS.

12 (a) PERIOD OF AWARD.—Scholarships awarded
13 under this chapter shall be for a period of 1 academic
14 year.

(b) USE OF SCHOLARSHIPS.—Each individual awarded a scholarship under this chapter may use the scholarship for educational expenses at an institution of higher
education.

19 SEC. 1146. ELIGIBILITY.

(a) SCHOLARSHIPS.—A person shall be eligible to receive a scholarship under this chapter if the person has
been employed in law enforcement for the 2-year period
immediately preceding the date on which assistance is
sought.

(b) INELIGIBILITY FOR STUDENT EMPLOYMENT.—A
 person who has been employed as a law enforcement offi cer is ineligible to participate in a student employment
 program carried out under this chapter.

5 SEC. 1147. STATE APPLICATION.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Each State desiring an allotment
7 under section 1143 shall submit an application to the Di8 rector at such time, in such manner, and accompanied by
9 such information as the Director may reasonably require.
10 (b) CONTENTS.—An application under subsection (a)
11 shall—

(1) describe the scholarship program and the
student employment program for which assistance
under this title is sought;

15 (2) contain assurances that the lead agency will 16 work in cooperation with the local law enforcement 17 liaisons, representatives of police labor organizations 18 and police management organizations, and other ap-19 propriate State and local agencies to develop and im-20 plement interagency agreements designed to carry 21 out this chapter;

(3) contain assurances that the State will advertise the scholarship assistance and student employment it will provide under this chapter and that

the State will use such programs to enhance recruit ment efforts;

3 (4) contain assurances that the State will 4 screen and select law enforcement personnel for par-5 ticipation in the scholarship program under this 6 chapter;

7 (5) contain assurances that under such student 8 employment program the State will screen and se-9 lect, for participation in such program, students who 10 have an interest in undertaking a career in law en-11 forcement;

(6) contain assurances that under such scholarship program the State will make scholarship payments to institutions of higher education on behalf
of persons who receive scholarships under this chapter;

17 (7) with respect to such student employment18 program, identify—

19 (A) the employment tasks that students20 will be assigned to perform;

(B) the compensation that students will bepaid to perform such tasks; and

23 (C) the training that students will receive24 as part of their participation in the program;

(8) identify model curriculum and existing pro grams designed to meet the educational and profes sional needs of law enforcement personnel; and

4 (9) contain assurances that the State will pro-5 mote cooperative agreements with educational and 6 law enforcement agencies to enhance law enforce-7 ment personnel recruitment efforts in institutions of 8 higher education.

9 SEC. 1148. LOCAL APPLICATION.

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—A person who desires a scholar-11 ship or employment under this chapter shall submit an 12 application to the State at such time, in such manner, and 13 accompanied by such information as the State may rea-14 sonably require.

15 (b) CONTENTS.—An application under subsection (a)16 shall describe—

17 (1) the academic courses for which a scholar-18 ship is sought; or

19 (2) the location and duration of employment20 that is sought.

(c) PRIORITY.—In awarding scholarships and providing student employment under this chapter, each State
shall give priority to applications from persons who are—
(1) members of racial, ethnic, or gender groups
whose representation in the law enforcement agen-

cies within the State is substantially less than in the
 population eligible for employment in law enforce ment in the State;

4 (2) pursuing an undergraduate degree; and

5 (3) not receiving financial assistance under the6 Higher Education Act of 1965.

7 SEC. 1149. SCHOLARSHIP AGREEMENT.

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—A person who receives a scholar9 ship under this chapter shall enter into an agreement with
10 the Director.

11 (b) CONTENTS.—An agreement described in sub-12 section (a) shall—

(1) provide assurances that the scholarship recipient will work in a law enforcement position in
the State that awarded the scholarship in accordance with the service obligation described in subsection (c) after completion of the scholarship recipient's academic courses leading to an associate, bachelor, or graduate degree;

20 (2) provide assurances that the scholarship re-21 cipient will repay the entire scholarship in accord-22 ance with such terms and conditions as the Director 23 shall prescribe if the requirements of the agreement 24 are not complied with, unless the scholarship recipi-25 ent—

1	(A) dies;
2	(B) becomes physically or emotionally dis-
3	abled, as established by the sworn affidavit of
4	a qualified physician; or
5	(C) has been discharged in bankruptcy;
6	and
7	(3) set forth the terms and conditions under
8	which the scholarship recipient may seek employ-
9	ment in the field of law enforcement in a State other
10	than the State that awarded the scholarship.
11	(c) Service Obligation.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.— Except as provided in para-
13	graph (2), a person who receives a scholarship under
14	this title shall work in a law enforcement position in
15	the State that awarded the scholarship for a period
16	of 1 month for each credit hour for which funds are
17	received under the scholarship.
18	(2) Special Rule.—For purposes of satisfying
19	the requirement of paragraph (1), a scholarship re-
20	cipient shall work in a law enforcement position in
21	the State that awarded the scholarship for not less
22	than 6 months but shall not be required to work in
23	such a position for more than 2 years.

1 SEC. 1150. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

2 (a) GENERAL AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA3 TIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry
4 out this chapter \$30,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1995,
5 1996, 1997, 1998, and 1999.

6 (b) USES OF FUNDS.—Of the funds appropriated7 under subsection (a) for a fiscal year—

8 (1) 80 percent shall be available to provide
9 scholarships described in section 1144(a)(1)(A); and
10 (2) 20 percent shall be available to provide em11 ployment described in sections 1144(a)(1)(B) and
1144(a)(2).

13 Subtitle D—Study Rights of Police 14 Officers

15 SEC. 1161. STUDY ON OFFICERS' RIGHTS.

The Attorney General, through the National Institute 16 of Justice, shall conduct a study of the procedures followed 17 in internal, noncriminal investigations of State and local 18 19 law enforcement officers to determine if such investigations are conducted fairly and effectively. The study shall 20 examine the adequacy of the rights available to law en-21 22 forcement officers and members of the public in cases in-23 volving the performance of a law enforcement officer, including— 24

25 (1) notice;

(2) conduct of questioning;

26

1 (3) counsel;

2 (4) hearings;

- 3 (5) appeal; and
- 4 (6) sanctions.

5 Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this
6 Act, the Attorney General shall submit to the Congress
7 a report on the results of the study, along with findings
8 and recommendations on strategies to guarantee fair and
9 effective internal affairs investigations.

10**TITLE XII—DRUG COURT**11**PROGRAMS**

12 SEC. 1201. COORDINATED ADMINISTRATION OF PROGRAMS.

(a) APPLICATION.—The Attorney General may establish a unified or coordinated process for applying for
grants under this title. In addition to any other requirements that may be specified by the Attorney General, an
application for a grant under any provision of this title
shall—

19 (1) include a long-term strategy and detailed20 implementation plan;

21 (2) explain the applicant's inability to fund the
22 program adequately without Federal assistance;

23 (3) certify that the Federal support provided24 will be used to supplement, and not supplant, State

and local sources of funding that would otherwise be
 available;

3 (4) identify related governmental and commu4 nity initiatives which complement or will be coordi5 nated with the proposal;

6 (5) certify that there has been appropriate co-7 ordination with all affected agencies; and

8 (6) specify plans for obtaining necessary sup9 port and continuing the proposed program following
10 the conclusion of Federal support.

11 (b) REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—The Attorney General may issue regulations and guidelines to carry out the 12 programs authorized by this title, including specifications 13 concerning application requirements, selection criteria, du-14 ration and renewal of grants, evaluation requirements, 15 matching funds, limitation of administrative expenses, 16 submission of reports by grantees, recordkeeping by grant-17 ees, and access to books, records, and documents main-18 tained by grantees or other persons for purposes of audit 19 20 or examination.

(c) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND EVALUATION.—
The Attorney General may provide technical assistance to
grantees under the programs authorized by this title. The
Attorney General may carry out, or arrange by grant or
contract or otherwise for the carrying out of, evaluations

of programs receiving assistance under the programs au thorized by this title, in addition to any evaluations that
 grantees may be required to carry out pursuant to sub section (b).

5 (d) USE OF COMPONENTS.—The Attorney General
6 may utilize any component or components of the Depart7 ment of Justice in carrying out this section or other provi8 sions of this title, or in coordinating activities under the
9 programs authorized by this title.

10 SEC. 1202. DRUG TESTING UPON ARREST.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the Omnibus Crime
Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711
et seq.), as amended by section 1101(a), is amended—

14 (1) by redesignating part T as part U;

15 (2) by redesignating section 2001 as section16 2101; and

17 (3) by inserting after part S the following new18 part:

19 **"PART T—DRUG TESTING UPON ARREST**

$20\ \ \text{``SEC. 2001. GRANT AUTHORIZATION.}$

"The Director of the Bureau of Justice Assistance
may make grants under this part to States, for the use
by States and units of local government in the States, for
the purpose of developing, implementing, or continuing a

drug testing project when individuals are arrested and
 during the pretrial period.

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3 "SEC. 2002. STATE APPLICATIONS.

4 "(a) GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.—To request a grant
5 under this part the chief executive of a State shall submit
6 an application to the Director in such form and containing
7 such information as the Director may reasonably require.

8 "(b) MANDATORY ASSURANCES.—To be eligible to 9 receive funds under this part, a State shall agree to de-10 velop or maintain programs of urinalysis or similar drug 11 testing of individuals upon arrest and on a regular basis 12 pending trial for the purpose of making pretrial detention 13 decisions.

14 "(c) CENTRAL OFFICE.—The office designated under
15 section 507—

16 "(1) shall prepare the application as required17 under subsection (a); and

"(2) shall administer grant funds received
under this part, including, review of spending, processing, progress, financial reporting, technical assistance, grant adjustments, accounting, auditing, and
fund disbursement.

23 "SEC. 2003. LOCAL APPLICATIONS.

24 "(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) To request funds under this25 part from a State, the chief executive of a unit of local

government shall submit an application to the office des ignated under section 2002(c).

3 "(2) An application under paragraph (1) shall be con-4 sidered approved, in whole or in part, by the State not 5 later than 90 days after such application is first received 6 unless the State informs the applicant in writing of spe-7 cific reasons for disapproval.

8 "(3) The State shall not disapprove any application 9 submitted to the State without first affording the appli-10 cant reasonable notice and an opportunity for reconsider-11 ation.

12 "(4) If such application is approved, the unit of local13 government is eligible to receive such funds.

"(b) DISTRIBUTION TO UNITS OF LOCAL GOVERN-14 MENT.—A State that receives funds under section 2001 15 in a fiscal year shall make such funds available to units 16 of local government with an application that has been sub-17 mitted and approved by the State within 90 days after 18 the Bureau has approved the application submitted by the 19 State and has made funds available to the State. The Di-20 rector shall have the authority to waive the 90-day re-21 quirement in this section upon a finding that the State 22 23 is unable to satisfy such requirement under State statutes.

1 "SEC. 2004. ALLOCATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.

2 "(a) STATE DISTRIBUTION.—Of the total amount ap3 propriated under this part in any fiscal year—

4 "(1) 0.4 percent shall be allocated to each of
5 the participating States; and

"(2) of the total funds remaining after the allo-6 7 cation under paragraph (1), there shall be allocated 8 to each of the participating States an amount which bears the same ratio to the amount of remaining 9 funds described in this paragraph as the number of 10 11 individuals arrested in such State bears to the num-12 ber of individuals arrested in all the participating 13 States.

"(b) LOCAL DISTRIBUTION.—(1) A State that re-14 ceives funds under this part in a fiscal year shall distribute 15 to units of local government in such State the portion of 16 such funds that bears the same ratio to the aggregate 17 amount of such funds as the amount of funds expended 18 19 by all units of local government for criminal justice in the preceding fiscal year bears to the aggregate amount of 20 funds expended by the State and all units of local govern-21 22 ment in the State for criminal justice in the preceding fiscal year. 23

24 "(2) Any funds not distributed to units of local gov-25 ernment under paragraph (1) shall be available for ex-

penditure by such State for purposes specified in such
 State's application.

3 "(3) If the Director determines, on the basis of information available during any fiscal year, that a portion of 4 the funds allocated to a State for such fiscal year will not 5 be used by such State or that a State is not eligible to 6 receive funds under section 2001, the Director shall award 7 such funds to units of local government in such State giv-8 9 ing priority to the units of local government that the Director considers to have the greatest need. 10

11 "(c) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share of a 12 grant made under this part may not exceed 75 percent 13 of the total costs of the projects described in the applica-14 tion submitted under section 2002 for the fiscal year for 15 which the projects receive assistance under this part.

16 "(d) GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION.—The Director
17 shall attempt, to the extent practicable, to achieve an equi18 table geographic distribution of grant awards.

19 "SEC. 2005. REPORT.

"A State or unit of local government that receives
funds under this part shall submit to the Director a report
in March of each fiscal year that funds are received under
this part regarding the effectiveness of the drug testing
project.".

(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets
 Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711 et seq.), as amended by sec tion 1101(b), is amended by striking the matter relating
 to part T and inserting the following:

"Part T—Drug Testing Upon Arrest

"Sec. 2001. Grant authorization.

"Sec. 2002. State applications.

"Sec. 2003. Local applications.

"Sec. 2004. Allocation and distribution of funds.

"Sec. 2005. Report.

"PART U-TRANSITION; EFFECTIVE DATE; REPEALER

"Sec. 2101. Continuation of rules, authorities, and proceedings.".

6 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section
7 1001(a) of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets
8 Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3793), as amended by section
9 1101(c), is amended—

10 (1) in paragraph (3) by striking "and S" and 11 inserting "S, and T"; and

12 (2) by adding at the end the following new13 paragraph:

''(14) There are authorized to be appropriated to
carry out the projects under part T \$100,000,000 for each
of fiscal years 1995, 1996, and 1997.''.

1 SEC. 1203. CERTAINTY OF PUNISHMENT FOR YOUNG OF-2 FENDERS. 3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711 4 5 et seq.), as amended by section 1202(a), is amended— (1) by redesignating part U as part V; 6 7 (2) by redesignating section 2101 as section 8 2201: and 9 (3) by inserting after part T the following new 10 part: 11 **"PART U—ALTERNATIVE PUNISHMENTS FOR** 12 **YOUNG OFFENDERS** 13 **"SEC. 2101. GRANT AUTHORIZATION.** "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Bureau of 14 Justice Assistance (referred to in this part as the 'Direc-15 tor') may make grants under this part to States, for the 16 use by States and units of local government in the States, 17 for the purpose of developing alternative methods of pun-18 19 ishment for young offenders to traditional forms of incar-20 ceration and probation. "(b) 21 ALTERNATIVE METHODS.—The alternative methods of punishment referred to in subsection (a) 22 23 should ensure certainty of punishment for young offenders 24 and promote reduced recidivism, crime prevention, and as-

25 sistance to victims, particularly for young offenders who

1	can be punished more effectively in an environment other
2	than a traditional correctional facility, including—
3	"(1) alternative sanctions that create account-
4	ability and certainty of punishment for young of-
5	fenders;
6	"(2) boot camp prison programs;
7	"(3) technical training and support for the im-
8	plementation and maintenance of State and local
9	restitution programs for young offenders;
10	<pre>``(4) innovative projects;</pre>
11	"(5) correctional options, such as community-
12	based incarceration, weekend incarceration, and elec-
13	tric monitoring of offenders;
14	"(6) community service programs that provide
15	work service placement for young offenders at non-
16	profit, private organizations and community organi-
17	zations;
18	"(7) demonstration restitution projects that are
19	evaluated for effectiveness; and
20	"(8) innovative methods that address the prob-
21	lems of young offenders convicted of serious sub-
22	stance abuse, including alcohol abuse, and gang-re-
23	lated offenses, including technical assistance and
24	training to counsel and treat such offenders.

1 "SEC. 2102. STATE APPLICATIONS.

2 "(a) IN GENERAL.—To request a grant under this
3 part, the chief executive of a State shall submit an applica4 tion to the Director in such form and containing such in5 formation as the Director may reasonably require.

6 "(b) ASSURANCES.—An application under subsection 7 (a) shall include assurances that Federal funds received 8 under this part shall be used to supplement, not supplant, 9 non-Federal funds that would otherwise be available for 10 activities funded under this part.

11 "(c) STATE OFFICE.—The office designated under12 section 507 shall—

13 "(1) prepare the application as required under14 subsection (a); and

15 "(2) administer grant funds received under this
16 part, including review of spending, processing,
17 progress, financial reporting, technical assistance,
18 grant adjustments, accounting, auditing, and fund
19 disbursement.

20 "SEC. 2103. REVIEW OF STATE APPLICATIONS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall make a grant
under section 2101(a) to carry out the projects described
in the application submitted by an applicant under section
2102 upon determining that—

25 "(1) the application is consistent with the re-26 quirements of this part; and

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"(2) before the approval of the application, the
 Director has made an affirmative finding in writing
 that the proposed project has been reviewed in ac cordance with this part.

5 "(b) APPROVAL.—An application submitted under 6 section 2102 shall be considered approved, in whole or in 7 part, by the Director not later than 45 days after it is 8 first received unless the Director informs the applicant of 9 specific reasons for disapproval.

"(c) RESTRICTION.—Grant funds received under this
part shall not be used for land acquisition or construction
projects other than alternative facilities described in section 2102(b) for young offenders.

14 "(d) DISAPPROVAL NOTICE AND RECONSIDER15 ATION.—The Director shall not disapprove any application
16 without first affording the applicant reasonable notice and
17 an opportunity for reconsideration.

18 "SEC. 2104. LOCAL APPLICATIONS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—To request funds under this part
from a State, the chief executive of a unit of local government shall submit an application to the office designated
under section 507.

23 "(b) APPROVAL.—An application under paragraph
24 (1) shall be considered approved, in whole or in part, by
25 the State not later than 45 days after the application is

first received unless the State informs the applicant in
 writing of specific reasons for disapproval.

"(c) DISAPPROVAL.—The State shall not disapprove
any application submitted to the State without first affording the applicant reasonable notice and an opportunity
for reconsideration.

7 ''(d) EFFECT OF APPROVAL.—If an application
8 under paragraph (1) is approved, the unit of local govern9 ment is eligible to receive the requested funds.

10 "(e) DISTRIBUTION TO UNITS OF LOCAL GOVERN-11 MENT.—

12 "(1) IN GENERAL.—A State that receives funds 13 under section 2101 in a fiscal year shall make such 14 funds available to units of local government with an 15 application that has been submitted and approved by 16 the State within 45 days after the Director has ap-17 proved the application submitted by the State and 18 has made funds available to the State.

19 "(2) WAIVER.—The Director may waive the 4520 day requirement of paragraph (1) upon a finding
21 that the State is unable to satisfy the requirement
22 under State statutes.

23 "SEC. 2105. ALLOCATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.

24 "(a) STATE DISTRIBUTION.—Of the total amount ap-25 propriated under this part in any fiscal year—

"(1) 0.4 percent shall be allocated to each of
 the participating States; and

"(2) of the total funds remaining after the allocation under paragraph (1), there shall be allocated
to each of the participating States an amount that
bears the same ratio to the amount of remaining
funds described in this paragraph as the number of
young offenders of the State bears to the number of
young offenders in all the participating States.

10 "(b) LOCAL DISTRIBUTION.—

11 "(1) IN GENERAL.—A State that receives funds 12 under this part in a fiscal year shall distribute to 13 units of local government in the State for the pur-14 poses specified in section 2101 the portion of such 15 funds that bears the same ratio to the aggregate amount of such funds as the amount of funds ex-16 17 pended by all units of local government for criminal justice in the preceding fiscal year bears to the ag-18 19 gregate amount of funds expended by the State and 20 all units of local government in the State for criminal justice in such preceding fiscal year. 21

"(2) UNDISTRIBUTED FUNDS.—Any funds not
distributed to units of local government under paragraph (1) shall be available for expenditure by the
State for purposes specified in section 2101.

"(3) Award of funds by the director.—If 1 2 the Director determines, on the basis of information available during any fiscal year, that a portion of the 3 funds allocated to a State for a fiscal year will not 4 be used by the State or that a State is not eligible 5 6 to receive funds under section 2101, the Director shall award such funds to units of local government 7 in the State, giving priority to the units of local gov-8 ernment that the Director considers to have the 9 10 greatest need.

11 "(c) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share of a 12 grant made under this part may not exceed 75 percent 13 of the total costs of the projects described in the applica-14 tion submitted under section 2102(a) for the fiscal year 15 for which the projects receive assistance under this part. 16 "SEC. 2106. EVALUATION.

17 "(a) SUBMISSION.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each State and local unit
of government that receives a grant under this part
shall submit to the Director an evaluation not later
than March 1 of each year in accordance with guidelines issued by the Director and in consultation with
the National Institute of Justice.

24 "(2) WAIVER.—The Director may waive the re-25 quirement specified in paragraph (1) if the Director

determines that an evaluation is not warranted in
 the case of a particular State or unit of local govern ment.

4 "(b) DISTRIBUTION.—The Director shall make avail5 able to the public on a timely basis evaluations received
6 under subsection (a).

7 "(c) ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—A State and local 8 unit of government may use not more than 5 percent of 9 funds it receives under this part to develop an evaluation 10 program under this section.".

(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets
Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711 et seq.), as amended by section 1202(b), is amended by striking the matter relating
to part U and inserting the following:

"Part U—Alternative Punishments for Young Offenders

- "Sec. 2101. Grant authorization.
- "Sec. 2102. State applications.
- "Sec. 2103. Review of State applications.
- "Sec. 2104. Local applications.
- "Sec. 2105. Allocation and distribution of funds.
- "Sec. 2106. Evaluation.

"PART V—TRANSITION; EFFECTIVE DATE; REPEALER

"Sec. 2201. Continuation of rules, authorities, and proceedings.".

(c) DEFINITION.—Section 901(a) of the Omnibus
Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C.
3791(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following
new paragraph:

"(24) 'young offender' means an individual 28 1 2 years of age or younger.". 3 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section 1001(a) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe 4 Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3793), as amended by sec-5 tion 1202(c), is amended— 6 (1) in paragraph (3) by striking "and T" and 7 inserting "T, and U"; and 8 (2) by adding at the end the following new 9 10 paragraph: "(15) There are authorized to be appropriated to 11 carry out the projects under part U \$200,000,000 for each 12 of fiscal years 1995, 1996, and 1997.". 13 14 SEC. 1204. RESIDENTIAL SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT 15 FOR PRISONERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the Omnibus Crime 16 Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711 17 et seq.), as amended by section 1203(a), is amended— 18 19 (1) by redesignating part V as part W; 20 (2) by redesignating section 2201 as section

- 21 2301; and
- (3) by inserting after part U the following newpart:

1"PART V—RESIDENTIAL SUBSTANCE ABUSE2TREATMENT FOR PRISONERS

3 "SEC. 2201. GRANT AUTHORIZATION.

4 "The Director of the Bureau of Justice Assistance
5 (referred to in this part as the 'Director') may make
6 grants under this part to States, for the use by States
7 for the purpose of developing and implementing residential
8 substance abuse treatment programs within State correc9 tional facilities.

10 "SEC. 2202. STATE APPLICATIONS.

11 "(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) To request a grant under 12 this part the chief executive of a State shall submit an 13 application to the Director in such form and containing 14 such information as the Director may reasonably require.

15 "(2) Such application shall include assurances that 16 Federal funds received under this part shall be used to 17 supplement, not supplant, non-Federal funds that would 18 otherwise be available for activities funded under this part.

"(3) Such application shall coordinate the design and
implementation of treatment programs between State correctional representatives and the State alcohol and drug
abuse agency.

23 "(b) DRUG TESTING REQUIREMENT.—To be eligible
24 to receive funds under this part, a State must agree to
25 implement or continue to require urinalysis or similar test26 ing of individuals in correctional residential substance
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abuse treatment programs. Such testing shall include indi viduals released from residential substance abuse treat ment programs who remain in the custody of the State.
 "(c) ELIGIBILITY FOR PREFERENCE WITH AFTER

5 CARE COMPONENT.—

6 "(1) To be eligible for a preference under this 7 part, a State must ensure that individuals who par-8 ticipate in the drug treatment program established 9 or implemented with assistance provided under this 10 part will be provided with aftercare services.

11 "(2) State aftercare services must involve the 12 coordination of the prison treatment program with other human service and rehabilitation programs, 13 14 such as educational and job training programs, pa-15 role supervision programs, half-way house programs, 16 and participation in self-help and peer group pro-17 grams, that may aid in the rehabilitation of individ-18 uals in the drug treatment program.

"(3) To qualify as an aftercare program, the
head of the drug treatment program, in conjunction
with State and local authorities and organizations
involved in drug treatment, shall assist in placement
of drug treatment program participants with appropriate community drug treatment facilities when

such individuals leave prison at the end of a sen tence or on parole.

3 "(d) STATE OFFICE.—The office designated under
4 section 507—

5 "(1) shall prepare the application as required 6 under this section; and

"(2) shall administer grant funds received
under this part, including, review of spending, processing, progress, financial reporting, technical assistance, grant adjustments, accounting, auditing, and
fund disbursement.

12 "SEC. 2203. REVIEW OF STATE APPLICATIONS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Bureau shall make a grant
under section 2201 to carry out the projects described in
the application submitted under section 2202 upon determining that—

17 "(1) the application is consistent with the re-18 quirements of this part; and

''(2) before the approval of the application the
Bureau has made an affirmative finding in writing
that the proposed project has been reviewed in accordance with this part.

23 "(b) APPROVAL.—Each application submitted under
24 section 2202 shall be considered approved, in whole or in
25 part, by the Bureau not later than 45 days after first re-

ceived unless the Bureau informs the applicant of specific
 reasons for disapproval.

3 "(c) RESTRICTION.—Grant funds received under this
4 part shall not be used for land acquisition or construction
5 projects.

6 "(d) DISAPPROVAL NOTICE AND RECONSIDER7 ATION.—The Bureau shall not disapprove any application
8 without first affording the applicant reasonable notice and
9 an opportunity for reconsideration.

$10\,$ "sec. 2204. Allocation and distribution of funds.

11 "(a) ALLOCATION.—Of the total amount appro-12 priated under this part in any fiscal year—

13 "(1) 0.4 percent shall be allocated to each of14 the participating States; and

15 "(2) of the total funds remaining after the allo-16 cation under paragraph (1), there shall be allocated 17 to each of the participating States an amount that 18 bears the same ratio to the amount of remaining 19 funds described in this paragraph as the State pris-20 on population of the State bears to the total prison 21 population of all of the participating States.

"(b) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share of a
grant made under this part may not exceed 75 percent
of the total costs of the projects described in the applica-

tion submitted under section 2202 for the fiscal year for
 which the projects receive assistance under this part.

3 "SEC. 2205. EVALUATION.

4 "Each State that receives a grant under this part
5 shall submit to the Director an evaluation not later than
6 March 1 of each year in such form and containing such
7 information as the Director may reasonably require.".

8 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents 9 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets 10 Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711 et seq.), as amended by sec-11 tion 1203(b), is amended by striking the matter relating 12 to part V and inserting the following:

"Part V—Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for Prisoners

"Sec. 2201. Grant authorization.

- "Sec. 2202. State applications.
- "Sec. 2203. Review of State applications.
- "Sec. 2204. Allocation and distribution of funds.

"Sec. 2205. Evaluation.

"Part W—Transition; Effective Date; Repealer

"Sec. 2301. Continuation of rules, authorities, and proceedings.".

(c) DEFINITIONS.—Section 901(a) of the Omnibus
Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C.
3791(a)), as amended by section 2102(c), is amended by
adding at the end the following new paragraph:
"(25) 'residential substance abuse treatment

18 program' means a course of individual and group ac-

19 tivities, lasting between 9 and 12 months, in residen-

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1	tial treatment facilities set apart from the general
2	prison population—
3	"(A) directed at the substance abuse prob-
4	lems of the prisoner; and
5	"(B) intended to develop the prisoner's
6	cognitive, behavioral, social, vocational, and
7	other skills so as to solve the prisoner's sub-
8	stance abuse and related problems.".
9	(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section
10	1001(a) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
11	Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3793), as amended by sec-
12	tion 2202(d), is amended—
13	(1) in paragraph (3) by striking ''and U'' and
14	inserting ''U, and V''; and
15	(2) by adding at the end the following new
16	paragraph:
17	"(16) There are authorized to be appropriated to
18	carry out projects under part V \$100,000,000 for each
19	of fiscal years 1995, 1996, and 1997.".
20	TITLE XIII—PRISONS
21	Subtitle A—Federal Prisons
22	SEC. 1301. PRISONER'S PLACE OF IMPRISONMENT.
23	Paragraph (b) of section 3621 of title 18, United
24	States Code, is amended by inserting after subsection (5)
25	the following: "In designating the place of imprisonment

or making transfers under this subsection, there shall be
 no favoritism given to prisoners of high social or economic
 status.".

4 SEC. 1302. PRISON IMPACT ASSESSMENTS.

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 303 of title 18, United
6 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow7 ing new section:

8 "§4047. Prison impact assessments

9 "(a) Any submission of legislation by the Judicial or 10 Executive branch which could increase or decrease the 11 number of persons incarcerated or in Federal penal insti-12 tutions shall be accompanied by a prison impact state-13 ment, as defined in subsection (b) of this section.

14 "(b) The Attorney General shall, in consultation with the Sentencing Commission and the Administrative Office 15 of the United States Courts, prepare and furnish prison 16 impact assessments under subsection (c) of this section, 17 and in response to requests from Congress for information 18 19 relating to a pending measure or matter that might affect 20 the number of defendants processed through the Federal 21 criminal justice system. A prison impact assessment on 22 pending legislation must be supplied within 7 days of any 23 request. A prison impact assessment shall include—

24 "(1) projections of the impact on prison, proba25 tion, and post prison supervision populations;

1	"(2) an estimate of the fiscal impact of such
2	population changes on Federal expenditures, includ-
3	ing those for construction and operation of correc-
4	tional facilities for the current fiscal year and 5 suc-
5	ceeding fiscal years;
6	"(3) an analysis of any other significant factor
7	affecting the cost of the measure and its impact on
8	the operations of components of the criminal justice
9	system; and
10	"(4) a statement of the methodologies and as-
11	sumptions utilized in preparing the assessment.
12	"(c) The Attorney General shall prepare and transmit
13	to the Congress, by March 1 of each year, a prison impact
14	assessment reflecting the cumulative effect of all relevant
15	changes in the law taking effect during the preceding cal-
16	endar year.".
17	(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis
18	for chapter 303 is amended by adding at the end the fol-
19	lowing new item:
	"4047. Prison impact assessments.".
20	SEC. 1303. FEDERAL PRISONER DRUG TESTING.
21	(a) SHORT TITLE.—This title may be cited as the
22	"Federal Prisoner Drug Testing Act of 1993".
23	(b) DRUG TESTING PROGRAM.—(1) Chapter 229 of
24	title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the
25	end the following new section:

1 "§ 3608. Drug testing of Federal offenders on post 2 conviction release

3 "The Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, in consultation with the Attorney 4 5 General and the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall establish a program of drug testing of Federal of-6 fenders on post-conviction release. The program shall in-7 8 clude such standards and guidelines as the Director may 9 determine necessary to ensure the reliability and accuracy of the drug testing programs. In each judicial district the 10 chief probation officer shall arrange for the drug testing 11 12 of defendants on post-conviction release pursuant to a conviction for a felony or other offense described in section 13 3563(a)(4) of this title. There are authorized to be appro-14 priated for each fiscal year such sums as are necessary 15 to carry out this section.". 16

17 (2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter18 229 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding19 at the end the following:

"3608. Drug testing of Federal offenders on post-conviction release.".

20 (c) CONDITIONS OF PROBATION.—Section 3563(a) of
21 title 18, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2) by striking "and" afterthe semicolon;

24 (2) in paragraph (3) by striking the period and25 inserting "; and";

1 (3) by adding at the end the following new 2 paragraph:

"(4) for a felony, a misdemeanor, or an infrac-3 4 tion, that the defendant refrain from any unlawful 5 use of a controlled substance and submit to one drug test within 15 days of release on probation and at 6 7 least 2 periodic drug tests thereafter (as determined by the court) for use of a controlled substance, but 8 9 the condition stated in this paragraph may be ameliorated or suspended by the court for any individual 10 defendant if the defendant's presentence report or 11 other reliable sentencing information indicates a low 12 13 risk of future substance abuse by the defendant."; 14 and

(4) by adding at the end the following: "The re-15 sults of a drug test administered in accordance with 16 17 paragraph (4) shall be subject to confirmation only 18 if the results are positive, the defendant is subject 19 to possible imprisonment for such failure, and either 20 the defendant denies the accuracy of such test or there is some other reason to question the results of 21 22 the test. A defendant who tests positive may be de-23 tained pending verification of a positive drug test result. A drug test confirmation shall be a urine drug 24 25 test confirmed using gas chromatography/mass spec-

1 trometry techniques or such test as the Director of 2 the Administrative Office of the United States Courts after consultation with the Secretary of 3 4 Health and Human Services may determine to be of 5 equivalent accuracy. Notwithstanding the require-6 ments of section 3565(b), the court shall consider 7 the availability of appropriate substance abuse treat-8 ment programs when considering any action against 9 a defendant who fails a drug test administered in accordance with paragraph (4).". 10

11 (d) CONDITIONS ON SUPERVISED RELEASE.—Section 3583(d) of title 18, United States Code, is amended 12 13 by inserting after the first sentence the following: "The court shall also order, as an explicit condition of super-14 15 vised release, that the defendant refrain from any unlawful use of a controlled substance and submit to a drug test 16 within 15 days of release on supervised release and at least 17 2 periodic drug tests thereafter (as determined by the 18 court) for use of a controlled substance. The condition 19 stated in the preceding sentence may be ameliorated or 20 suspended by the court as provided in section 3563(a)(4). 21 22 The results of a drug test administered in accordance with the preceding subsection shall be subject to confirmation 23 24 only if the results are positive, the defendant is subject 25 to possible imprisonment for such failure, and either the

defendant denies the accuracy of such test or there is some 1 other reason to question the results of the test. A drug 2 test confirmation shall be a urine drug test confirmed 3 using gas chromatography/mass spectrometry techniques 4 or such test as the Director of the Administrative Office 5 of the United States Courts after consultation with the 6 7 Secretary of Health and Human Services may determine to be of equivalent accuracy. Notwithstanding the require-8 9 ments of section 3583(g), the court shall consider the 10 availability of appropriate substance abuse treatment programs when considering any action against a defendant 11 who fails a drug test.". 12

(e) CONDITIONS OF PAROLE.—Section 4209(a) of 13 title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting after 14 the first sentence the following: "In every case, the Com-15 mission shall also impose as a condition of parole that the 16 parolee pass a drug test prior to release and refrain from 17 any unlawful use of a controlled substance and submit to 18 at least 2 periodic drug tests (as determined by the Com-19 mission) for use of a controlled substance. The condition 20 21 stated in the preceding sentence may be ameliorated or 22 suspended by the Commission for any individual parolee if it determines that there is good cause for doing so. The 23 24 results of a drug test administered in accordance with the 25 provisions of the preceding sentence shall be subject to

confirmation only if the results are positive, the defendant 1 is subject to possible imprisonment for such failure, and 2 either the defendant denies the accuracy of such test or 3 4 there is some other reason to question the results of the 5 test. A drug test confirmation shall be a urine drug test confirmed using gas chromatography/mass spectrometry 6 7 techniques or such test as the Director of the Administra-8 tive Office of the United States Courts after consultation 9 with the Secretary of Health and Human Services may determine to be of equivalent accuracy. Notwithstanding 10 the requirements of section 4214(f), the Commission shall 11 consider the availability of appropriate substance abuse 12 treatment programs when considering any action against 13 a defendant who fails a drug test.". 14

15 SEC. 1304. DRUG TREATMENT IN FEDERAL PRISONS.

16 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the17 "Drug Treatment in Federal Prisons Act of 1993".

18 (b) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section—

(1) the term "residential substance abuse treatment" means a course of individual and group activities, lasting between 9 and 12 months, in residential treatment facilities set apart from the general
prison population—

24 (A) directed at the substance abuse prob-25 lems of the prisoner; and

1	(B) intended to develop the prisoner's cog-
2	nitive, behavioral, social, vocational, and other
3	skills so as to solve the prisoner's substance
4	abuse and related problems; and
5	(2) the term "eligible prisoner" means a pris-
6	oner who is—
7	(A) determined by the Bureau of Prisons
8	to have a substance abuse problem; and
9	(B) willing to participate in a residential
10	substance abuse treatment program.
11	(c) Implementation of Substance Abuse
12	TREATMENT REQUIREMENT.—
13	(1) In order to carry out the requirement of the
14	last sentence of section 3621(b) of title 18, United
15	States Code, that every prisoner with a substance
16	abuse problem have the opportunity to participate in
17	appropriate substance abuse treatment, the Bureau
18	of Prisons shall provide residential substance abuse
19	treatment—
20	(A) for not less than 50 percent of eligible
21	prisoners by the end of fiscal year 1995;
22	(B) for not less than 75 percent of eligible
23	prisoners by the end of fiscal year 1996; and
24	(C) for all eligible prisoners by the end of
25	fiscal year 1997 and thereafter.

(2) Section 3621 of title 18, United States
 Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow ing:

4 "(d) Incentive for Prisoners' Successful Com5 Pletion of Treatment Program.—

"(1) GENERALLY.—Any prisoner who, in the 6 7 judgment of the Director of the Bureau of Prisons, has successfully completed a program of residential 8 substance abuse treatment provided under sub-9 10 section (b) of this section, shall remain in the custody of the Bureau for such time (as limited by 11 paragraph (2) of this subsection) and under such 12 13 conditions, as the Bureau deems appropriate. If the 14 conditions of confinement are different from those 15 the prisoner would have experienced absent the successful completion of the treatment, the Bureau 16 17 shall periodically test the prisoner for drug abuse 18 and discontinue such conditions on determining that 19 drug abuse has recurred.

20 "(2) PERIOD OF CUSTODY.—The period the
21 prisoner remains in custody after successfully com22 pleting a treatment program shall not exceed the
23 prison term the law would otherwise require such
24 prisoner to serve, but may not be less than such
25 term minus one year.".

1 (d) REPORT.—The Bureau of Prisons shall transmit 2 to the Congress on January 1, 1993, and on January 1 3 of each year thereafter, a report. Such report shall con-4 tain—

5 (1) a detailed quantitative and qualitative de6 scription of each substance abuse treatment pro7 gram, residential or not, operated by the Bureau;

8 (2) a full explanation of how eligibility for such 9 programs is determined, with complete information 10 on what proportion of prisoners with substance 11 abuse problems are eligible; and

(3) a complete statement of to what extent the
Bureau has achieved compliance with the requirements of this title.

15 (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 16 are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1995 and 17 each fiscal year thereafter such sums as may be necessary 18 to carry out this title.

19 Subtitle B—State Prisons

 $20\,\,$ sec. 1321. Boot camps and regional prisons for vio-

21 LENT DRUG OFFENDERS.

(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, "boot camp prison
program" means a correctional program of not more than
6 months' duration involving—

1	(1) assignment for participation in the pro-
2	gram, in conformity with State law, by prisoners
3	other than prisoners who have been convicted at any
4	time of a violent felony;
5	(2) adherence by inmates to a highly
6	regimented schedule that involves strict discipline,
7	physical training, and work;
8	(3) participation by inmates in appropriate edu-
9	cation, job training, and substance abuse counseling
10	or treatment; and
11	(4) aftercare services for inmates following re-
12	lease that are coordinated with the program carried
13	out during the period of imprisonment.
14	(b) Establishment of Grant and Technical As-
15	SISTANCE PROGRAM.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may
17	make grants to States and to multi-State compact
18	associations for the purposes of—
19	(A) developing, constructing, expanding,
20	and improving boot camp prison programs;
21	(B) developing, constructing, and operating
22	regional prisons that house and provide treat-
23	ment for violent offenders with serious sub-

1 (C) assisting in activating existing boot 2 camp or prison facilities that are unutilized or 3 underutilized because of lack of funding.

4 (2) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Attorney
5 General may provide technical assistance to grantees
6 under this section.

7 (3) UTILIZATION OF COMPONENTS.—The Attor8 ney General may utilize any component or compo9 nents of the Department of Justice in carrying out
10 this section.

11 (c) STATE AND MULTI-STATE COMPACT APPLICA-12 TIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—To request a grant under
this section, the chief executive of a State or the coordinator of a multi-State compact association shall
submit an application to the Attorney General in
such form and containing such information as the
Attorney General may prescribe by regulation or
guidelines.

20 (2) CONTENT OF APPLICATION.—In accordance
21 with the regulations or guidelines established by the
22 Attorney General, an application for a grant under
23 this section shall—

24 (A) include a long-term strategy and de-25 tailed implementation plan;

1	(B) include evidence of the existence of,
2	and describe the terms of, a multi-State com-
3	pact for any multiple-State plan;
4	(C) provide a description of any construc-
5	tion activities, including cost estimates, that will
6	be a part of any plan;
7	(D) provide a description of the criteria for
8	selection of prisoners for participating in a boot
9	camp prison program or assignment to a re-
10	gional prison or activated prison or boot camp
11	facility that is to be funded;
12	(E) provide assurances that the boot camp
13	prison program, regional prison, or activated
14	prison or boot camp facility that receives fund-
15	ing will provide work programs, education, job
16	training, and appropriate drug treatment for in-
17	mates;
18	(F) provide assurances that—
19	(i) prisoners who participate in a boot
20	camp prison program or are assigned to a
21	regional prison or activated prison or boot
22	camp facility that receives funding will be
23	provided with aftercare services; and
24	(ii) a substantial proportion of the
25	population of any regional prison that re-

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1	ceives funds under this section will be vio-
2	lent offenders with serious substance abuse
3	problems, and provision of treatment for
4	such offenders will be a priority element of
5	the prison's mission;

(G) provide assurances that aftercare serv-6 ices will involve the coordination of the boot 7 camp prison program, regional prison, or acti-8 vated prison or boot camp facility, with other 9 human service and rehabilitation programs 10 (such as educational and job training programs, 11 drug counseling or treatment, parole or other 12 supervision 13 post-release halfway programs, house programs, job placement programs, and 14 participation in self-help and peer group pro-15 grams) that reduce the likelihood of further 16 17 criminality by prisoners who participate in a 18 boot camp program or are assigned to a re-19 gional prison or activated prison or boot camp facility following release; 20

21 (H) explain the applicant's inability to
22 fund the program adequately without Federal
23 assistance;

1	(I) identify related governmental and com-
2	munity initiatives that complement or will be
3	coordinated with the proposal;
4	(J) certify that there has been appropriate
5	coordination with all affected agencies; and
6	(K) specify plans for obtaining necessary
7	support and continuing the proposed program
8	following the conclusion of Federal support.
9	(d) Limitations on Funds.—
10	(1) Nonsupplanting requirement.—Funds
11	made available under this section shall not be used
12	to supplant State funds, but shall be used to in-
13	crease the amount of funds that would, in the ab-
14	sence of Federal funds, be made available from
15	State sources.
16	(2) Administrative costs.—No more than 5
17	percent of the funds available under this section may
18	be used for administrative costs.
19	(3) MATCHING FUNDS.—The portion of the
20	costs of a program provided by a grant under this
21	section may not exceed 75 percent of the total cost
22	of the program as described in the application.
23	(4) DURATION OF GRANTS.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL.—A grant under this sec-
25	tion may be renewed for up to 3 years beyond

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1	the initial year of funding if the applicant dem-
2	onstrates satisfactory progress toward achieve-
3	ment of the objectives set out in an approved
4	application.
5	(B) MULTIYEAR GRANTS.—A multiyear
6	grant may be made under this section so long
7	as the total duration of the grant, including any
8	renewals, does not exceed 4 years.
9	(e) Conversion of Property and Facilities at
10	Closed or Realigned Military Installations Into
11	BOOT CAMP PRISONS AND REGIONAL PRISONS.—
12	(1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, "base clo-
13	sure law" means—
14	(A) title II of the Defense Authorization
15	Amendments and Base Closure and Realign-
16	ment Act (10 U.S.C. 2687 note);
17	(B) the Defense Base Closure and Realign-
18	ment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of
19	Public Law 101–510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note);
20	(C) section 2687 of title 10, United States
21	Code; and
22	(D) any other similar law.
23	(2) Determination of suitability for con-
24	VERSION.—Notwithstanding any base closure law,
25	the Secretary of Defense may not take any action to

dispose of or transfer any real property or facility lo-1 2 cated at a military installation to be closed or realigned under a base closure law until the Secretary 3 4 notifies the Attorney General of any property or facility at that installation that is suitable for use as 5 6 a boot camp prison or regional prison. 7 (3) TRANSFER.—The Secretary shall, upon the request of the Attorney General, transfer to the At-8 9 torney General, without reimbursement, the property 10 or facilities covered by the notification referred to in 11 paragraph (2) in order to permit the Attorney General to utilize the property or facilities as a boot 12 camp prison or regional prison. 13 14 APPLICABILITY.—This (4)subsection shall 15 apply with respect to property or facilities located at military installations the closure or realignment of 16 17 which commences after the date of enactment of this 18 Act. 19 (f) PERFORMANCE EVALUATION.— 20 (1) EVALUATION COMPONENTS.— 21 (A) IN GENERAL.—Each boot camp prison, 22 regional prison, and activated prison or boot camp facility program funded under this section 23

shall contain an evaluation component devel-

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1	oped pursuant to guidelines established by the
2	Attorney General.
3	(B) OUTCOME MEASURES.—The evalua-
4	tions required by this paragraph shall include
5	outcome measures that can be used to deter-
6	mine the effectiveness of the funded programs,
7	including the effectiveness of such programs in
8	comparison with other correctional programs or
9	dispositions in reducing the incidence of recidi-
10	vism.
11	(2) Periodic review and reports.—
12	(A) REVIEW.—The Attorney General shall
13	review the performance of each grant recipient
14	under this section.
15	(B) REPORTS.—The Attorney General may
16	require a grant recipient to submit to the Attor-
17	ney General the results of the evaluations re-
18	quired under paragraph (1) and such other
19	data and information as the Attorney General
20	deems reasonably necessary to carry out the At-
21	torney General's responsibilities under this sec-
22	tion.
23	(3) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Attorney
24	General shall submit an annual report to Congress

25 describing the grants awarded under this section

and providing an assessment of the operations of the
 programs receiving grants.

3 (g) REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION OF FUNDING.—If 4 the Attorney General determines, as a result of the reviews 5 required by subsection (f), or otherwise, that a grant recip-6 ient under this section is not in substantial compliance 7 with the terms and requirements of an approved grant ap-8 plication, the Attorney General may revoke or suspend 9 funding of the grant in whole or in part.

(h) ACCESS TO DOCUMENTS.—The Attorney General
and the Comptroller General shall have access for the purpose of audit and examination to—

(1) the pertinent books, documents, papers, or
records of a grant recipient under this section; and
(2) the pertinent books, documents, papers, or
records of other persons and entities that are involved in programs for which assistance is provided
under this section.

(i) GENERAL REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—The Attorney General may issue regulations and guidelines to carry
out this section.

22 (j) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be
appropriated to carry out this section \$200,000,000,
to remain available until expended.

1 (2) USE OF APPROPRIATED FUNDS.—No more 2 than one-third of the amounts appropriated under 3 paragraph (1) may be used to make grants for the 4 construction, development, and operation of regional 5 prisons under subsection (b)(1)(B).

6 SEC. 1322. NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF JUSTICE STUDY.

7 (a) FEASIBILITY STUDY.—The National Institute of Justice shall study the feasibility of establishing a clear-8 9 inghouse to provide information to interested persons to facilitate the transfer of prisoners in State correctional in-10 stitutions to other such correctional institutions, pursuant 11 to the Interstate Corrections Compact or other applicable 12 interstate compact, for the purpose of allowing prisoners 13 to serve their prison sentences at correctional institutions 14 in close proximity to their families. 15

(b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The National Institute 16 of Justice shall, not later than 1 year after the date of 17 the enactment of this Act, submit to the Committees on 18 the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the 19 Senate a report containing the results of the study con-20 ducted under subsection (a), together with any rec-21 ommendations the Institute may have on establishing a 22 clearinghouse described in such subsection. 23

1	(c) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section, the
2	term ''State'' includes the District of Columbia and any $% \left({{{\mathbf{T}}_{{\mathbf{T}}}}_{{\mathbf{T}}}} \right)$
3	territory or possession of the United States.
4	SEC. 1323. STUDY AND ASSESSMENT OF ALCOHOL USE AND
5	TREATMENT.
6	The Director of the National Institute of Justice
7	shall—
8	(1) conduct a study to compare the recidivism
9	rates of individuals under the influence of alcohol or
10	alcohol in combination with other drugs at the time
11	of their offense—
12	(A) who participated in a residential treat-
13	ment program while in the custody of the State;
14	and
15	(B) who did not participate in a residential
16	treatment program while in the custody of the
17	State.
18	(2) conduct a nationwide assessment regarding
19	the use of alcohol and alcohol in combination with
20	other drugs as a factor in violent, domestic, and gen-
21	eral criminal activity.
22	SEC. 1324. NOTIFICATION OF RELEASE OF PRISONERS.
23	Section 4042 of title 18, United States Code, is
24	amended—

1	(1) by striking "The Bureau" and inserting
2	"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Bureau";
3	(2) by striking "This section" and inserting
4	"(c) Application of Section.—This section";
5	(3) in paragraph (4) of subsection (a), as des-
6	ignated by paragraph (1) of this subsection—
7	(A) by striking ''Provide'' and inserting
8	"provide"; and
9	(B) by striking the period at the end and
10	inserting "; and";
11	(4) by inserting after paragraph (4) of sub-
12	section (a), as designated by paragraph (1) of this
13	subsection, the following new paragraph:
14	"(5) provide notice of release of prisoners in ac-
15	cordance with subsection (b)."; and
16	(5) by inserting after subsection (a), as des-
17	ignated by paragraph (1) of this subsection, the fol-
18	lowing new subsection:
19	"(b) Notice of Release of Prisoners.—(1) Ex-
20	cept in the case of a prisoner being protected under chap-
21	ter 224, the Bureau of Prisons shall, at least 5 days prior
22	to the date on which a prisoner described in paragraph
23	(3) is to be released on supervised release, or, in the case
24	of a prisoner on supervised release, at least 5 days prior
25	to the date on which the prisoner changes residence to

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1	a new jurisdiction, cause written notice of the release or
2	change of residence to be made to the chief law enforce-
3	ment officer of the State and of the local jurisdiction in
4	which the prisoner will reside.
5	''(2) A notice under paragraph (1) shall disclose—
6	"(A) the prisoner's name;
7	''(B) the prisoner's criminal history, including a
8	description of the offense of which the prisoner was
9	convicted; and
10	``(C) any restrictions on conduct or other condi-
11	tions to the release of the prisoner that are imposed
12	by law, the sentencing court, or the Bureau of Pris-
13	ons or any other Federal agency.
14	"(3) A prisoner is described in this paragraph if the
15	prisoner was convicted of—
16	"(A) a drug trafficking crime, as that term is
17	defined in section $924(c)(2)$; or
18	''(B) a crime of violence, as that term is defined
19	in section $924(c)(3)$.
20	"(4) The notice provided under this section
21	shall be used solely for law enforcement purposes.".
22	SEC. 1325. APPLICATION TO PRISONERS TO WHICH PRIOR
23	LAW APPLIES.
24	In the case of a prisoner convicted of an offense com-
25	(1,1)

25 mitted prior to November 1, 1987, the reference to super-

vised release in section 4042(b) of title 18, United States
 Code, shall be deemed to be a reference to probation or
 parole.

4 TITLE XIV—RURAL CRIME 5 Subtitle A—Fighting Drug 6 Trafficking in Rural Areas

7 SEC. 1401. AUTHORIZATIONS FOR RURAL LAW ENFORCE 8 MENT AGENCIES.

9 (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section 10 1001(a)(9) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and 11 Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3793(9)) is amended 12 by striking "and such" and all that follows through "part 13 O" and inserting "\$50,000,000 for fiscal year 1995 and 14 such sums as are necessary for fiscal years 1996 and 1997 15 to carry out part O".

(b) AMENDMENT TO BASE ALLOCATION.—Section
17 1501(a)(2)(A) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and
18 Safe Streets Act of 1968 is amended by striking
19 ''\$100,000'' and inserting ''\$250,000''.

20 SEC. 1402. RURAL DRUG ENFORCEMENT TASK FORCES.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 1 year after
the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General,
in consultation with the Governors, mayors, and chief executive officers of State and local law enforcement agencies, shall establish a Rural Drug Enforcement Task

Force in each of the Federal judicial districts which en compass significant rural lands.

3 (b) TASK FORCE MEMBERSHIP.—The task forces es4 tablished under subsection (a) shall be chaired by the
5 United States Attorney for the respective Federal judicial
6 district. The task forces shall include representatives
7 from—

8 (1) State and local law enforcement agencies;

9 (2) the Drug Enforcement Administration;

10 (3) the Federal Bureau of Investigation;

(4) the Immigration and Naturalization Service;
 and

(5) law enforcement officers from the United
States Park Police, United States Forest Service
and Bureau of Land Management, and such other
Federal law enforcement agencies as the Attorney
General may direct.

18 SEC. 1403. CROSS-DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL OFFICERS.

19 The Attorney General may cross-designate up to 100 20 law enforcement officers from each of the agencies speci-21 fied under section 1402(b)(5) with jurisdiction to enforce 22 the provisions of the Controlled Substances Act on non-23 Federal lands to the extent necessary to effect the pur-24 poses of this title.

1 SEC. 1404. RURAL DRUG ENFORCEMENT TRAINING.

2 (a) SPECIALIZED TRAINING FOR RURAL OFFI-3 CERS.—The Director of the Federal Law Enforcement 4 Training Center shall develop a specialized course of in-5 struction devoted to training law enforcement officers 6 from rural agencies in the investigation of drug trafficking 7 and related crimes.

8 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
9 authorized to be appropriated to carry out subsection (a)
10 \$1,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1995, 1996, and 1997.

Subtitle B—Drug Free Truck Stops and Safety Rest Areas

13 SEC. 1411. DRUG FREE TRUCK STOPS AND SAFETY REST

14 AREAS.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the''Drug Free Truck Stop Act''.

17 (b) Amendment to Controlled Substances18 Act.—

19 (1) IN GENERAL.—Part D of the Controlled
20 Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.) is amended
21 by inserting after section 408 the following new sec22 tion:

23 "TRANSPORTATION SAFETY OFFENSES
24 "SEC. 409. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

1	'''safety rest area' means a roadside facility
2	with parking facilities for the rest or other needs of
3	motorists.
4	'''truck stop' means a facility (including any
5	parking lot appurtenant thereto) that—
6	"(A) has the capacity to provide fuel or
7	service, or both, to any commercial motor vehi-
8	cle (as defined under section 12019 of the Com-
9	mercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 (49
10	U.S.C. App. 2716)) operating in commerce (as
11	defined in that section); and
12	"(B) is located within 2,500 feet of the
13	National System of Interstate and Defense
14	Highways or the Federal-Aid Primary System.
15	"(b) FIRST OFFENSE.—A person who violates section
16	401(a)(1) or section 416 by distributing or possessing
17	with intent to distribute a controlled substance in or on,
18	or within 1,000 feet of, a truck stop or safety rest area
19	is (except as provided in subsection (b)) subject to—
20	"(1) twice the maximum punishment authorized
21	by section 401(b); and
22	"(2) twice any term of supervised release au-
23	thorized by section 401(b) for a first offense.
24	"(c) SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE.—A person who violates
25	section 401(a)(1) or section 416 by distributing or pos-

1	sessing with intent to distribute a controlled substance in
2	or on, or within 1,000 feet of, a truck stop or a safety
3	rest area after a prior conviction or convictions under sub-
4	section (a) have become final is subject to—
5	"(1) 3 times the maximum punishment author-
6	ized by section 401(b); and
7	"(2) 3 times any term of supervised release au-
8	thorized by section 401(b) for a first offense.".
9	(2) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—
10	(A) CROSS REFERENCE.—Section 401(b)
11	of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
12	841(b)) is amended by inserting "409," before
13	''418,'' each place it appears.
14	(B) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of
15	contents of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse
16	Prevention and Control Act of 1970 is amended
17	by striking the item relating to section 409 and
18	inserting the following new item:
	"Sec. 409. Transportation safety offenses.".
19	(c) SENTENCING GUIDELINES.—Pursuant to its au-
20	thority under section 994 of title 28, United States Code,
21	and section 21 of the Sentencing Act of 1987 (28 U.S.C.
22	994 note), the United States Sentencing Commission shall

23 promulgate guidelines, or shall amend existing guidelines,

24 to provide an appropriate enhancement of punishment for

1 a defendant convicted of violating section 409 of the Con-

2 trolled Substances Act, as added by subsection (b).

3 TITLE XV—DRUG CONTROL

4 Subtitle A—Increased Penalties

5 SEC. 1501. ENHANCEMENT OF PENALTIES FOR DRUG TRAF-

6

FICKING IN PRISONS.

7 Section 1791 of title 18, United States Code, is8 amended—

9 (1) in subsection (c), by inserting before "Any" 10 the following new sentence: "Any punishment im-11 posed under subsection (b) for a violation of this 12 section involving a controlled substance shall be con-13 secutive to any other sentence imposed by any court 14 for an offense involving such a controlled sub-15 stance.";

(2) in subsection (d)(1)(A), by inserting after
"a firearm or destructive device" the following: "or
a controlled substance in schedule I or II, other than
marijuana or a controlled substance referred to in
subparagraph (C) of this subsection";

(3) in subsection (d)(1)(B), by inserting before
"ammunition," the following: "marijuana or a controlled substance in schedule III, other than a controlled substance referred to in subparagraph (C) of
this subsection,";

1	(4) in subsection $(d)(1)(C)$, by inserting "meth-
2	amphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its iso-
3	mers," after "a narcotic drug,";
4	(5) in subsection $(d)(1)(D)$, by inserting "(A),
5	(B), or" before "(C)"; and
6	(6) in subsection (b), by striking "(c)" each
7	place it appears and inserting ''(d)''.
8	SEC. 1502. CLOSING OF LOOPHOLE FOR ILLEGAL IMPORTA-
9	TION OF SMALL DRUG QUANTITIES.
10	Section $497(a)(2)(A)$ of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19
11	U.S.C. $1497(a)(2)(A)$ is amended by adding "or \$500,
12	whichever is greater" after "value of the article".
	5
13	SEC. 1503. PENALTIES FOR DRUG DEALING IN PUBLIC
13	SEC. 1503. PENALTIES FOR DRUG DEALING IN PUBLIC
13 14 15	SEC. 1503. PENALTIES FOR DRUG DEALING IN PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY FACILITIES.
13 14 15	SEC. 1503. PENALTIES FOR DRUG DEALING IN PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY FACILITIES. Section 419 of the Controlled Substances Act (21
13 14 15 16	SEC. 1503. PENALTIES FOR DRUG DEALING IN PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY FACILITIES. Section 419 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 860) is amended—
 13 14 15 16 17 	SEC. 1503. PENALTIES FOR DRUG DEALING IN PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY FACILITIES. Section 419 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 860) is amended— (1) in subsection (a) by striking "playground,
 13 14 15 16 17 18 	 SEC. 1503. PENALTIES FOR DRUG DEALING IN PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY FACILITIES. Section 419 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 860) is amended— (1) in subsection (a) by striking "playground, or within" and inserting "playground, or housing fa-
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 	 SEC. 1503. PENALTIES FOR DRUG DEALING IN PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY FACILITIES. Section 419 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 860) is amended— (1) in subsection (a) by striking "playground, or within" and inserting "playground, or housing facility owned by a public housing authority, or with-
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	 SEC. 1503. PENALTIES FOR DRUG DEALING IN PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY FACILITIES. Section 419 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 860) is amended— (1) in subsection (a) by striking "playground, or within" and inserting "playground, or housing facility owned by a public housing authority, or within"; and
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 SEC. 1503. PENALTIES FOR DRUG DEALING IN PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY FACILITIES. Section 419 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 860) is amended— (1) in subsection (a) by striking "playground, or within" and inserting "playground, or housing facility owned by a public housing authority, or within"; and (2) in subsection (b) by striking "playground,

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1 SEC. 1504. ANABOLIC STEROIDS PENALTIES.

2 Section 404 of the Controlled Substances Act (21
3 U.S.C. 844) is amended by inserting after subsection (a)
4 the following:

5 "(b)(1) Whoever, being a physical trainer or adviser 6 to an individual, endeavors to persuade or induce that in-7 dividual to possess or use anabolic steroids in violation of 8 subsection (a), shall be fined under title 18, United States 9 Code, or imprisoned not more than 2 years, or both. If 10 such individual has not attained the age of 18 years, the 11 maximum imprisonment shall be 5 years.

12 "(2) As used in this subsection, the term 'physical
13 trainer or adviser' means any professional or amateur
14 coach, manager, trainer, instructor, or other such person,
15 who provides any athletic or physical instruction, training,
16 advice, assistance, or other such service to any person.".
17 SEC. 1505. INCREASED PENALTIES FOR DRUG-DEALING IN
18 "DRUG-FREE" ZONES.

Pursuant to its authority under section 994 of title 20 28, United States Code, the United States Sentencing 21 Commission shall amend existing guidelines to provide 22 that a defendant convicted of violating section 419 of the 23 Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 860) shall be as-24 signed an offense level under chapter 2 of the sentencing 25 guidelines that is no less than level 20.

SEC. 1506. ENHANCED PENALTIES FOR ILLEGAL DRUG USE IN FEDERAL PRISONS.

3 (a) DECLARATION OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the 4 Federal Government that the use or distribution of illegal 5 drugs in the Nation's Federal prisons will not be tolerated 6 and that such crimes shall be prosecuted to the fullest ex-7 tent of the law.

8 (b) SENTENCING GUIDELINES.—Pursuant to its au-9 thority under section 994 of title 28, United States Code, 10 the United States Sentencing Commission shall amend its 11 sentencing guidelines to appropriately enhance the penalty 12 for a person convicted of an offense—

(1) under section 404 of the Controlled Substances Act involving simple possession of a controlled substance within a Federal prison or other
Federal detention facility; or

(2) under section 401(b) of the Controlled Substances Act involving the smuggling of a controlled
substance into a Federal prison or other Federal detention facility or the distribution or intended distribution of a controlled substance within a Federal
prison or other Federal detention facility.

(c) NO PROBATION OR SUSPENSION OF SENTENCE.—Notwithstanding any other law, the court shall
not place on probation or suspend the sentence of a person
convicted of an offense described in subsection (b).

Subtitle B—Precursor Chemicals Act

3 SEC. 1511. SHORT TITLE.

4 This title may be cited as the "Chemical Control5 Amendments Act of 1993".

6 SEC. 1512. DEFINITION AMENDMENTS.

7 (a) DEFINITIONS.—Section 102 of the Controlled
8 Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802) is amended—

9 (1) in paragraph (33) by striking "any listed 10 precursor chemical or listed essential chemical" and 11 inserting "any list I chemical or any list II chemi-12 cal";

13 (2) in paragraph (34)—

(A) by striking "listed precursor chemical"
and inserting "list I chemical"; and
(B) by striking "critical to the creation"
and inserting "important to the manufacturer";
(3) in paragraph (34) (A), (F), and (H), by inserting ", its esters" before "and";
(4) in paragraph (35)—

21 (A) by striking "listed essential chemical"
22 and inserting "list II chemical";

(B) by inserting "(other than a list Ichemical)" before "specified";

1	(C) by striking ''as a solvent, reagent, or
2	catalyst''; and
3	(5) in paragraph (38) by inserting ''or who acts
4	as a broker or trader for an international trans-
5	action involving a listed chemical, a tableting ma-
6	chine, or an encapsulating machine'' before the pe-
7	riod;
8	(6) in paragraph (39)(A)—
9	(A) by striking ''importation or exportation
10	of" and inserting "importation, or exportation
11	of, or an international transaction involving
12	shipment of,";
13	(B) in clause (iii) by inserting ''or any cat-
14	egory of transaction for a specific listed chemi-
15	cal or chemicals" after "transaction";
16	(C) by amending clause (iv) to read as fol-
17	lows:
18	"(iv) any transaction in a listed chemical
19	that is contained in a drug that may be mar-
20	keted or distributed lawfully in the United
21	States under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cos-
22	metic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) unless—
23	"(I)(aa) the drug contains ephedrine
24	or its salts, optical isomers, or salts of op-
25	tical isomers as the only active medicinal

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1	ingredient or contains ephedrine and thera-
2	peutically insignificant quantities of an-
3	other active medicinal ingredient; or
4	"(bb) the Attorney General has deter-
5	mined under section 204 that the drug or
6	group of drugs is being diverted to obtain
7	the listed chemical for use in the illicit pro-
8	duction of a controlled substance; and
9	''(II) the quantity of ephedrine or
10	other listed chemical contained in the drug
11	included in the transaction or multiple
12	transactions equals or exceeds the thresh-
13	old established for that chemical by the At-
14	torney General."; and
15	(D) in clause (v) by striking the semicolon
16	and inserting ''which the Attorney General has
17	by regulation designated as exempt from the
18	application of this title and title II based on a
19	finding that the mixture is formulated in such
20	a way that it cannot be easily used in the illicit
21	production of a controlled substance and that
22	the listed chemical or chemicals contained in
23	the mixture cannot be readily recovered;";
24	(7) in paragraph (40) by striking ''listed pre-
25	cursor chemical or a listed essential chemical" each

place it appears and inserting "list I chemical or a
 list II chemical"; and

3 (8) by adding at the end the following new4 paragraphs:

5 "(43) The term 'international transaction' means a 6 transaction involving the shipment of a listed chemical 7 across an international border (other than a United States 8 border) in which a broker or trader located in the United 9 States participates.

10 ''(44) The terms 'broker' and 'trader' mean a person
11 that assists in arranging an international transaction in
12 a listed chemical by—

13 "(A) negotiating contracts;

14 "(B) serving as an agent or intermediary; or

15 "(C) bringing together a buyer and seller,
16 buyer, and transporter, or a seller and transporter.".
17 (b) REMOVAL OF EXEMPTION OF CERTAIN DRUGS.—
18 (1) PROCEDURE.—Part B of the Controlled
19 Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 811 et seq.) is amended
20 by adding at the end the following new section:

21 "REMOVAL OF EXEMPTION OF CERTAIN DRUGS

"SEC. 204. (a) REMOVAL OF EXEMPTION.—The Attorney General shall by regulation remove from exemption
under section 102(39)(A)(iv)(II) a drug or group of drugs
that the Attorney General finds is being diverted to obtain

a listed chemical for use in the illicit production of a con trolled substance.

3 "(b) FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED.—In removing a 4 drug or group of drugs from exemption under subsection 5 (a), the Attorney General shall consider, with respect to 6 a drug or group of drugs that is proposed to be removed 7 from exemption—

8 ''(1) the scope, duration, and significance of the9 diversion;

"(2) whether the drug or group of drugs is formulated in such a way that it cannot be easily used
in the illicit production of a controlled substance;
and

14 "(3) whether the listed chemical can be readily15 recovered from the drug or group of drugs.

"(c) Specificity of Designation.—The Attorney 16 General shall limit the designation of a drug or a group 17 of drugs removed from exemption under subsection (a) to 18 the most particularly identifiable type of drug or group 19 of drugs for which evidence of diversion exists unless there 20 is evidence, based on the pattern of diversion and other 21 22 relevant factors, that the diversion will not be limited to that particular drug or group of drugs. 23

24 "(d) REINSTATEMENT OF EXEMPTION WITH RE-25 SPECT TO PARTICULAR DRUG PRODUCTS.—

1	"(1) REINSTATEMENT.—On application by a
2	manufacturer of a particular drug product that has
3	been removed from exemption under subsection (a),
4	the Attorney General shall by regulation reinstate
5	the exemption with respect to that particular drug
6	product if the Attorney General determines that the
7	particular drug product is manufactured and distrib-
8	uted in a manner that prevents diversion.
9	"(2) Factors to be considered.—In decid-
10	ing whether to reinstate the exemption with respect
11	to a particular drug product under paragraph (1),
12	the Attorney General shall consider—
13	"(A) the package sizes and manner of
14	packaging of the drug product;
15	"(B) the manner of distribution and adver-
16	tising of the drug product;
17	"(C) evidence of diversion of the drug
18	product;
19	"(D) any actions taken by the manufac-
20	turer to prevent diversion of the drug product;
21	and
22	"(E) such other factors as are relevant to
23	and consistent with the public health and safe-
24	ty, including the factors described in subsection
25	(b) as applied to the drug product.

"(3) STATUS PENDING APPLICATION FOR REIN-1 2 STATEMENT.—A transaction involving a particular drug product that is the subject of a bona fide pend-3 4 ing application for reinstatement of exemption filed 5 with the Attorney General not later than 60 days after a regulation removing the exemption is issued 6 7 pursuant to subsection (a) shall not be considered to be a regulated transaction if the transaction occurs 8 9 during the pendency of the application and, if the Attorney General denies the application, during the 10 period of 60 days following the date on which the 11 Attorney General denies the application, unless— 12 "(A) the Attorney General has evidence 13 14 that, applying the factors described in sub-15 section (b) to the drug product, the drug product is being diverted; and 16 17 "(B) the Attorney General so notifies the 18 applicant. 19 "(4) Amendment and modification.—A regulation reinstating an exemption under paragraph 20 (1) may be modified or revoked with respect to a 21 22 particular drug product upon a finding that— 23 "(A) applying the factors described in subsection (b) to the drug product, the drug prod-24

uct is being diverted; or

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1	"(B) there is a significant change in the
2	data that led to the issuance of the regula-
3	tion.''.
4	(2) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of
5	contents of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Preven-
6	tion and Control Act of 1970 (84 Stat. 1236) is
7	amended by adding at the end of the section relating
8	to part B of title II the following new item:
	"Sec. 204. Removal of exemption of certain drugs.".
9	(c) Regulation of Listed Chemicals.—Section
10	310 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 830) is
11	amended—
12	(1) in subsection (a)(1)—
13	(A) by striking ''precursor chemical'' and
14	inserting ''list I chemical''; and
15	(B) in subparagraph (B) by striking ''an
16	essential chemical" and inserting "a list II
17	chemical"; and
18	(2) in subsection $(c)(2)(D)$ by striking "precur-
19	sor chemical" and inserting "chemical control".
20	SEC. 1513. REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS.
21	(a) RULES AND REGULATIONS.—Section 301 of the
22	Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 821) is amended
23	by striking the period and inserting "and to the registra-
24	tion and control of regulated persons and of regulated
25	transactions.".

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TION 302.—Section 302 of the Controlled Substances Act 2 (21 U.S.C. 822) is amended— 3 (1) in subsection (a)(1) by inserting "or list I 4 chemical" after "controlled substance" each place it 5 6 appears; 7 (2) in subsection (b)— (A) by inserting "or list I chemicals" after 8 "controlled substances"; and 9 (B) by inserting "or chemicals" 10 after 11 "such substances"; (3) in subsection (c) by inserting "or list I 12 chemical" after "controlled substance" each place it 13 appears; and 14 (4) in subsection (e) by inserting "or list I 15 chemicals" after "controlled substances". 16 17 (c) REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS UNDER SECTION 303.—Section 303 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 18 U.S.C. 823) is amended by adding at the end the following 19 20 new subsection: "(h) The Attorney General shall register an applicant 21 22 to distribute a list I chemical unless the Attorney General determines that registration of the applicant is inconsist-23

24 ent with the public interest. Registration under this sub-25 section shall not be required for the distribution of a drug

product that is exempted under section 102(39)(A)(iv). In determining the public interest for the purposes of this subsection, the Attorney General shall consider— "(1) maintenance by the applicant of effective controls against diversion of listed chemicals into other than legitimate channels; "(2) compliance by the applicant with applicable Federal, State and local law; "(3) any prior conviction record of the applicant under Federal or State laws relating to controlled substances or to chemicals controlled under

12 Federal or State law;

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13 "(4) any past experience of the applicant in the14 manufacture and distribution of chemicals; and

15 "(5) such other factors as are relevant to and16 consistent with the public health and safety.".

17 (d) DENIAL, REVOCATION, OR SUSPENSION OF REG18 ISTRATION.—Section 304 of the Controlled Substances
19 Act (21 U.S.C. 824) is amended—

20 (1) in subsection (a)—

21 (A) by inserting "or a list I chemical"
22 after "controlled substance" each place it appears; and

24 (B) by inserting "or list I chemicals" after
25 "controlled substances";

1	(2) in subsection (b) by inserting ''or list I
2	chemical" after "controlled substance";
3	(3) in subsection (f) by inserting ''or list I
4	chemicals" after "controlled substances" each place
5	it appears; and
6	(4) in subsection (g)—
7	(A) by inserting "or list I chemicals" after
8	"controlled substances" each place it appears;
9	and
10	(B) by inserting "or list I chemical" after
11	"controlled substance" each place it appears.
12	(e) Persons Required To Register Under Sec-
13	TION 1007.—Section 1007 of the Controlled Substances
13 14	TION 1007.—Section 1007 of the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 957) is amended—
14	Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 957) is amended—
14 15	Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 957) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)—
14 15 16	Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 957) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) in paragraph (1) by inserting "or list
14 15 16 17	Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 957) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) in paragraph (1) by inserting "or list I chemical" after "controlled substance"; and
14 15 16 17 18	Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 957) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) in paragraph (1) by inserting "or list I chemical" after "controlled substance"; and (B) in paragraph (2) by striking "in sched-
14 15 16 17 18 19	Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 957) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) in paragraph (1) by inserting "or list I chemical" after "controlled substance"; and (B) in paragraph (2) by striking "in sched- ule I, II, III, IV, or V," and inserting "or list
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	<pre>Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 957) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) in paragraph (1) by inserting "or list I chemical" after "controlled substance"; and (B) in paragraph (2) by striking "in sched- ule I, II, III, IV, or V," and inserting "or list I chemical,"; and</pre>
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 957) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) in paragraph (1) by inserting "or list I chemical" after "controlled substance"; and (B) in paragraph (2) by striking "in sched- ule I, II, III, IV, or V," and inserting "or list I chemical,"; and (2) in subsection (b)—

(B) in paragraph (2) by inserting "or list 1 2 I chemicals" after "controlled substances". 3 (f) REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS UNDER SECTION 1008.—Section 1008 of the Controlled Substances Import 4 and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 958) is amended— 5 6 (1) in subsection (c)— (A) by inserting "(1)" after "(c)"; and 7 (B) by adding at the end the following new 8 paragraph: 9 (2)(A) The Attorney General shall register an appli-10 cant to import or export a list I chemical unless the Attor-11 12 ney General determines that registration of the applicant is inconsistent with the public interest. Registration under 13 this subsection shall not be required for the import or ex-14 15 port of a drug product that is exempted under section 102(39)(A)(iv). 16 17 "(B) In determining the public interest for the purposes of subparagraph (A), the Attorney General shall 18 consider the factors specified in section 303(h)."; 19 (2) in subsection (d)— 20 (A) in paragraph (3) by inserting "or list 21

21 (ii) in paragraph (c) by inserting of list
22 I chemical or chemicals," after "substances,";
23 and

1	(B) in paragraph (6) by inserting ''or list
2	I chemicals" after "controlled substances" each
3	place it appears;
4	(3) in subsection (e) by striking ''and 307'' and
5	inserting ''307, and 310''; and
6	(4) in subsections (f), (g), and (h) by inserting
7	"or list I chemicals" after "controlled substances"
8	each place it appears.
9	(g) PROHIBITED ACTS C.—Section 403(a) of the
10	Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 843(a)) is amend-
11	ed—
12	(1) by striking ''or'' at the end of paragraph
13	(7);
14	(2) by striking the period at the end of para-
15	graph (8) and inserting ''; or''; and
16	(3) by adding at the end the following new
17	paragraph:
18	"(9) if the person is a regulated person, to dis-
19	tribute, import, or export a list I chemical without
20	the registration required by this Act.".
21	SEC. 1514. REPORTING OF LISTED CHEMICAL MANUFAC-
22	TURING.
23	Section 310(b) of the Controlled Substances Act (21
24	U.S.C. 830(b)) is amended—
25	(1) by inserting ''(1)'' after ''(b)'';

1	(2) by redesignating paragraphs (1), (2), (3),
2	and (4) as subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D), re-
3	spectively;
4	(3) by striking ''paragraph (1)'' each place it
5	appears and inserting ''subparagraph (A)'';
6	(4) by striking "paragraph (2)" and inserting
7	''subparagraph (B)'';
8	(5) by striking ''paragraph (3)'' and inserting
9	"subparagraph (C)"; and
10	(6) by adding at the end the following new
11	paragraph:
12	"(2) A regulated person that manufactures a
13	listed chemical shall report annually to the Attorney
14	General, in such form and manner and containing
15	such specific data as the Attorney General shall pre-
16	scribe by regulation, information concerning listed
17	chemicals manufactured by the person. The require-
18	ment of the preceding sentence shall not apply to the
19	manufacture of a drug product that is exempted
20	under section 102(39)(A)(iv).".
21	SEC. 1515. REPORTS BY BROKERS AND TRADERS; CRIMINAL
22	PENALTIES.
23	(a) Notification, Suspension of Shipment, and
24	PENALTIES WITH RESPECT TO IMPORTATION AND EX-
25	PORTATION OF LISTED CHEMICALS.—Section 1018 of the

Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C.
 971) is amended by adding at the end the following new
 subsection:

4 "(d) A person located in the United States who is a broker or trader for an international transaction in a 5 listed chemical that is a regulated transaction solely be-6 7 cause of that person's involvement as a broker or trader shall, with respect to that transaction, be subject to all 8 9 of the notification, reporting, recordkeeping, and other requirements placed upon exporters of listed chemicals by 10 this title and title II.". 11

(b) PROHIBITED ACTS A.—Section 1010(d) of the
Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C.
960(d)) is amended to read as follows:

15 "(d) A person who knowingly or intentionally—

16 "(1) imports or exports a listed chemical with
17 intent to manufacture a controlled substance in vio18 lation of this title or title II;

"(2) exports a listed chemical in violation of the
laws of the country to which the chemical is exported or serves as a broker or trader for an international transaction involving a listed chemical, if
the transaction is in violation of the laws of the
country to which the chemical is exported;

"(3) imports or exports a listed chemical knowing, or having reasonable cause to believe, that the
chemical will be used to manufacture a controlled
substance in violation of this title or title II; or

5 "(4) exports a listed chemical, or serves as a 6 broker or trader for an international transaction in-7 volving a listed chemical, knowing, or having reason-8 able cause to believe, that the chemical will be used 9 to manufacture a controlled substance in violation of 10 the laws of the country to which the chemical is ex-11 ported,

shall be fined in accordance with title 18, imprisoned notmore than 10 years, or both.".

14SEC.1516.EXEMPTION AUTHORITY;ADDITIONALPEN-15ALTIES.

(a) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—Section 1018 of
the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21
U.S.C. 971), as amended by section 5(a), is amended by
adding at the end the following new subsection:

20 "(e)(1) The Attorney General may by regulation re-21 quire that the 15-day notification requirement of sub-22 section (a) apply to all exports of a listed chemical to a 23 specified country, regardless of the status of certain cus-24 tomers in such country as regular customers, if the Attor-25 ney General finds that such notification is necessary to support effective chemical diversion control programs or
 is required by treaty or other international agreement to
 which the United States is a party.

"(2) The Attorney General may by regulation waive 4 5 the 15-day notification requirement for exports of a listed chemical to a specified country if the Attorney General 6 determines that such notification is not required for effec-7 tive chemical diversion control. If the notification require-8 9 ment is waived, exporters of the listed chemical shall be 10 required to submit to the Attorney General reports of individual exportations or periodic reports of such exportation 11 of the listed chemical, at such time or times and contain-12 ing such information as the Attorney General shall estab-13 lish by regulation. 14

"(3) The Attorney General may by regulation waive 15 the 15-day notification requirement for the importation of 16 a listed chemical if the Attorney General determines that 17 such notification is not necessary for effective chemical di-18 version control. If the notification requirement is waived, 19 importers of the listed chemical shall be required to submit 20 to the Attorney General reports of individual importations 21 or periodic reports of the importation of the listed chemi-22 cal, at such time or times and containing such information 23 24 as the Attorney General shall establish by regulation.".

(b) PROHIBITED ACTS A.—Section 1010(d) of the
 Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C.
 960(d)), as amended by section 5(b), is amended—
 (1) by striking "or" at the end of paragraph
 (3);
 (2) by striking the comma at the end of para graph (4) and inserting a semicolon; and

8 (3) by adding at the end the following new9 paragraphs:

"(5) imports or exports a listed chemical, with 10 11 the intent to evade the reporting or recordkeeping 12 requirements of section 1018 applicable to such importation or exportation by falsely representing to 13 14 the Attorney General that the importation or expor-15 tation qualifies for a waiver of the 15-day notifica-16 tion requirement granted pursuant to section 17 1018(e) (2) or (3) by misrepresenting the actual 18 country of final destination of the listed chemical or 19 the actual listed chemical being imported or ex-20 ported; or

21 "(6) imports or exports a listed chemical in vio-22 lation of section 1007 or 1018,".

23 SEC. 1517. AMENDMENTS TO LIST I.

Section 102(34) of the Controlled Substances Act (21
U.S.C. 802(34)) is amended—

1	(1) by striking subparagraphs (O), (U), and
2	(W);
3	(2) by redesignating subparagraphs (P) through
4	(T) as (O) through (S), subparagraph (V) as (T),
5	and subparagraphs (X) and (Y) as (U) and (X), re-
6	spectively;
7	(3) in subparagraph (X), as redesignated by
8	paragraph (2), by striking "(X)" and inserting
9	"(U)"; and
10	(4) by inserting after subparagraph (U), as re-
11	designated by paragraph (2), the following new sub-
12	paragraphs:
13	''(V) benzaldehyde.
13 14	<pre>``(V) benzaldehyde. ``(W) nitroethane.''.</pre>
14	"(W) nitroethane.".
14 15	"(W) nitroethane.". SEC. 1518. ELIMINATION OF REGULAR SUPPLIER STATUS
14 15 16	"(W) nitroethane.". SEC. 1518. ELIMINATION OF REGULAR SUPPLIER STATUS AND CREATION OF REGULAR IMPORTER STA-
14 15 16 17	"(W) nitroethane.". SEC. 1518. ELIMINATION OF REGULAR SUPPLIER STATUS AND CREATION OF REGULAR IMPORTER STA- TUS.
14 15 16 17 18	 "(W) nitroethane.". SEC. 1518. ELIMINATION OF REGULAR SUPPLIER STATUS AND CREATION OF REGULAR IMPORTER STA- TUS. (a) DEFINITION.—Section 102(37) of the Controlled
14 15 16 17 18 19	 "(W) nitroethane.". SEC. 1518. ELIMINATION OF REGULAR SUPPLIER STATUS AND CREATION OF REGULAR IMPORTER STA- TUS. (a) DEFINITION.—Section 102(37) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802(37)) is amended to read
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 "(W) nitroethane.". SEC. 1518. ELIMINATION OF REGULAR SUPPLIER STATUS AND CREATION OF REGULAR IMPORTER STA- TUS. (a) DEFINITION.—Section 102(37) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802(37)) is amended to read as follows:
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 "(W) nitroethane.". SEC. 1518. ELIMINATION OF REGULAR SUPPLIER STATUS AND CREATION OF REGULAR IMPORTER STA- TUS. (a) DEFINITION.—Section 102(37) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802(37)) is amended to read as follows: "(37) The term 'regular importer' means, with re-

1	(b) NOTIFICATION.—Section 1018 of the Controlled
2	Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 971) is amended—
3	(1) in subsection (b)—
4	(A) in paragraph (1) by striking ''regular
5	supplier of the regulated person" and inserting
6	"to an importation by a regular importer"; and
7	(B) in paragraph (2)—
8	(i) by striking ''a customer or supplier
9	of a regulated person" and inserting "a
10	customer of a regulated person or to an
11	importer"; and
12	(ii) by striking ''regular supplier'' and
13	inserting ''the importer as a regular im-
14	porter''; and
15	(2) in subsection $(c)(1)$ by striking "regular
16	supplier" and inserting "regular importer".
17	SEC. 1519. ADMINISTRATIVE INSPECTIONS AND AUTHOR-
18	ITY.
19	Section 510 of the Controlled Substances Act (21
20	U.S.C. 880) is amended—
21	(1) by amending subsection $(a)(2)$ to read as
22	follows:
23	''(2) places, including factories, warehouses,
24	and other establishments, and conveyances, where
25	persons registered under section 303 (or exempt

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1	from registration under section 302(d) or by regula-
2	tion of the Attorney General) or regulated persons
3	may lawfully hold, manufacture, distribute, dispense,
4	administer, or otherwise dispose of controlled sub-
5	stances or listed chemicals or where records relating
6	to those activities are maintained."; and
7	(2) in subsection (b)(3)—
8	(A) in subparagraph (B) by inserting '',
9	listed chemicals," after "unfinished drugs"; and
10	(B) in subparagraph (C) by inserting ''or
11	listed chemical" after "controlled substance"
12	and inserting "or chemical" after "such sub-
13	stance''.
14	SEC. 1520. THRESHOLD AMOUNTS.

Section 102(39)(A) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802(39)(A)), as amended by section 2, is amended by inserting "of a listed chemical, or if the Attorney General establishes a threshold amount for a specific listed chemical," before "a threshold amount, including a cumulative threshold amount for multiple transactions".

21 SEC. 1521. MANAGEMENT OF LISTED CHEMICALS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Part C of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 821 et seq.) is amended by adding
at the end the following new section:

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"MANAGEMENT OF LISTED CHEMICALS

2 "SEC. 311. (a) OFFENSE.—It is unlawful for a person who possesses a listed chemical with the intent that 3 it be used in the illegal manufacture of a controlled sub-4 stance to manage the listed chemical or waste from the 5 manufacture of a controlled substance otherwise than as 6 7 required by regulations issued under sections 3001, 3002, 3003, 3004, and 3005 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act 8 (42 U.S.C. 6921, 6922, 6923, 6924, and 6925). 9

10 "(b) ENHANCED PENALTY.—(1) In addition to a 11 penalty that may be imposed for the illegal manufacture, 12 possession, or distribution of a listed chemical or toxic res-13 idue of a clandestine laboratory, a person who violates sub-14 section (a) shall be assessed the costs described in para-15 graph (2) and shall be imprisoned as described in para-16 graph (3).

"(2) Pursuant to paragraph (1) a defendant shall be
assessed the following costs to the United States, a State,
or another authority or person that undertakes to correct
the results of the improper management of a listed chemical:

22 "(A) The cost of initial cleanup and disposal of23 the listed chemical and contaminated property.

"(B) The cost of restoring property that is
 damaged by exposure to a listed chemical for reha bilitation under Federal, State, and local standards.
 "(3)(A) A violation of subsection (a) shall be pun ished as a class D felony, or in the case of a willful viola tion, as a class C felony.

"(B) Pursuant to its authority under section 944 of
title 28, United States Code, the United States Sentencing
Commission shall amend its sentencing guidelines to provide for an appropriate enhancement of punishment for
a willful violation of subsection (a).

"(4) A court may order that all or a portion of the
earnings from work performed by a defendant in prison
be withheld for payment of costs assessed under paragraph (2).

"(c) USE OF FORFEITED ASSETS.—The Attorney
General may direct that assets forfeited under section 511
in connection with a prosecution under this section be
shared with State agencies that participated in the seizure
or cleaning up of a contaminated site.".

(b) EXCEPTION TO DISCHARGE IN BANKRUPTCY.—
Section 523(a) of title 11, United States Code, is amended—

24 (1) by striking "or" at the end of paragraph25 (11);

(2) by striking the period at the end of para-1 graph (12) and inserting "; or"; and 2 (3) by adding at the end the following new 3 4 paragraph: "(13) for costs assessed under section 311(b) of 5 the Controlled Substances Act.". 6 7 **SEC. 1522. FORFEITURE EXPANSION.** 8 Section 511(a) of the Controlled Substances Act (21) U.S.C. 881(a) is amended— 9 (1) in paragraph (6) by inserting "or listed 10 chemical" after "controlled substance"; and 11 (2) in paragraph (9) by striking "a felony pro-12 vision of". 13 14 SEC. 1523. REGULATIONS AND EFFECTIVE DATE. (a) REGULATIONS.—The Attorney General shall, not 15 later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, 16 issue regulations necessary to carry out this title. 17 18 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This title and the amendments made by this title shall become effective on the date 19 that is 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act. 20 Subtitle C—General Provisions 21 22 SEC. 1531. CLARIFICATION OF NARCOTIC OR OTHER DAN-23 **GEROUS DRUGS UNDER RICO.** Section 1961(1) of title 18, United States Code, is 24 amended by striking "narcotic or other dangerous drugs" 25

each place it appears and inserting "a controlled substance
 or listed chemical, as defined in section 102 of the Con trolled Substances Act".

4 SEC. 1532. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO RECIDIVIST
5 PENALTY PROVISIONS OF THE CONTROLLED
6 SUBSTANCES ACT AND THE CONTROLLED
7 SUBSTANCES IMPORT AND EXPORT ACT.

8 (a) Sections 401(b)(1) (B), (C), and (D) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 841(b)(1) (B), (C), and 9 (D)) and sections 1010(b) (1), (2), and (3) of the Con-10 trolled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 11 960(b) (1), (2), and (3)) are each amended in the sentence 12 or sentences beginning "If any person commits" by strik-13 ing "one or more prior convictions" through "have become 14 15 final" and inserting "a prior conviction for a felony drug offense has become final". 16

17 (b) Section 1012(b) of the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 962(b)) is amended by 18 striking "one or more prior convictions of him for a felony 19 under any provision of this title or title II or other law 20 of a State, the United States, or a foreign country relating 21 to narcotic drugs, marihuana, or depressant or stimulant 22 drugs, have become final" and inserting "one or more 23 24 prior convictions of such person for a felony for a felony drug offense have become final". 25

(c) Section 401(b)(1)(A) of the Controlled Sub stances Act (21 U.S.C. 841(b)(1)(A)) is amended by strik ing the sentence beginning "For purposes of this subpara graph, the term 'felony drug offense' means".

5 (d) Section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act (21
6 U.S.C. 802) is amended by adding at the end the following
7 new paragraph:

8 "(43) The term 'felony drug offense' means an of-9 fense that is punishable by imprisonment for more than 10 one year under any law of the United States or of a State 11 or foreign country that prohibits or restricts conduct relat-12 ing to narcotic drugs, marihuana, or depressant or stimu-13 lant substances.".

14 SEC. 1533. PROGRAM TO PROVIDE PUBLIC AWARENESS OF

15 THE PROVISION OF PUBLIC LAW 101-516 16 THAT CONDITIONS PORTIONS OF A STATE'S 17 FEDERAL HIGHWAY FUNDING ON THE 18 STATE'S ENACTMENT OF LEGISLATION RE-19 **QUIRING THE REVOCATION OF THE DRIVER'S** 20 LICENSES OF CONVICTED DRUG ABUSERS.

The Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of Transportation, shall implement a program of national awareness of section 333 of Public Law 101–516. The program shall notify the Governors and State Representatives of the requirements of that section.

1 SEC. 1534. ADVERTISING.

Section 403 of the Controlled Substances Act (21
 U.S.C. 843) is amended—

4 (1) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as 5 subsections (d) and (e), respectively; and

6 (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the follow-7 ing new subsection:

8 "(c) It shall be unlawful for any person to print, publish, place, or otherwise cause to appear in any newspaper, 9 10 magazine, handbill, or other publications, any written advertisement knowing that it has the purpose of seeking 11 or offering illegally to receive, buy, or distribute a Sched-12 ule I controlled substance. As used in this section the term 13 'advertisement' includes, in addition to its ordinary mean-14 ing, such advertisements as those for a catalog of Schedule 15 I controlled substances and any similar written advertise-16 ment that has the purpose of seeking or offering illegally 17 to receive, buy, or distribute a Schedule I controlled sub-18 stance. The term 'advertisement' does not include material 19 which merely advocates the use of a similar material, 20 which advocates a position or practice, and does not at-21 tempt to propose or facilitate an actual transaction in a 22 23 Schedule I controlled substance.".

24 SEC. 1535. NATIONAL DRUG CONTROL STRATEGY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1005(a) of the National
Narcotics Leadership Act of 1988 (21 U.S.C. 1504(a)) is

1 amended by adding at the end the following new para-2 graph:

3 "(5) Beginning with the first submission of a Na-4 tional Drug Control Strategy to Congress after the date 5 of the enactment of the Violent Crime Control and Law 6 Enforcement Act of 1993, the goals, objectives, and prior-7 ities of such Strategy shall include a goal for expanding 8 the availability of treatment for drug addiction.".

9 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-10 gress that among the long-term goals of the National 11 Drug Control Strategy should be the availability of drug 12 treatment to all who are in need of such treatment.

13 SEC. 1536. NOTIFICATION OF LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFI-

14CERS OF DISCOVERIES OF CONTROLLED SUB-15STANCES OR LARGE SUMS OF CASH IN EX-16CESS OF \$10,000 IN WEAPON SCREENING.

Section 315 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49U.S.C. App. 1356) is amended—

19 (1) by redesignating subsection (c) as sub-20 section (d); and

21 (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the follow-22 ing new subsection:

23 "(c) DISCOVERIES OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES OR
24 CASH IN EXCESS OF \$10,000.—Not later than 90 days
25 after the date of the enactment of this section, the Admin-

istrator shall issue regulations requiring employees and 1 agents referred to in subsection (a) to report to appro-2 priate Federal and State law enforcement officers any in-3 cident in which the employee or agent, in the course of 4 5 conducting screening procedures pursuant to subsection (a), discovers a controlled substance the possession of 6 7 which may be a violation of Federal or State law, or any 8 sizable sums of cash in excess of \$10,000 the possession of which may be a violation of Federal or State law.". 9

10 TITLE XVI—DRUNK DRIVING 11 PROVISIONS

12 **SEC. 1601. SHORT TITLE.**

13 This title may be cited as the "Drunk Driving Child14 Protection Act of 1993".

15 SEC. 1602. STATE LAWS APPLIED IN AREAS OF FEDERAL JU-

16 **RISDICTION.**

17 Section 13(b) of title 18, United States Code, is 18 amended—

(1) by striking "For purposes" and inserting
"(1) Subject to paragraph (2) and for purposes";
and

(2) by adding at the end the following newparagraph:

24 "(2)(A) In addition to any term of imprisonment pro-25 vided for operating a motor vehicle under the influence

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1 of a drug or alcohol imposed under the law of a State,
2 territory, possession, or district, the punishment for such
3 an offense under this section shall include an additional
4 term of imprisonment of not more than 1 year, or if seri5 ous bodily injury of a minor is caused, 5 years, or if death
6 of a minor is caused, 10 years, and an additional fine of
7 not more than \$1,000, or both, if—

8 ''(i) a minor (other than the offender) was 9 present in the motor vehicle when the offense was 10 committed; and

"(ii) the law of the State, territory, possession,
or district in which the offense occurred does not
provide an additional term of imprisonment under
the circumstances described in clause (i).

15 "(B) For the purposes of subparagraph (A), the term16 'minor' means a person less than 18 years of age.".

17 SEC. 1603. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONCERNING CHILD CUS-

TODY AND VISITATION RIGHTS.

19 It is the sense of the Congress that in determining 20 child custody and visitation rights, the courts should take 21 into consideration the history of drunk driving that any 22 person involved in the determination may have.

18

TITLE XVII—COMMISSIONS Subtitle A—Commission on Crime and Violence

4 SEC. 1701. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION ON CRIME
5 AND VIOLENCE.

6 There is established a commission to be known as the
7 "National Commission on Crime and Violence in Amer8 ica". The Commission shall be composed of 22 members,
9 appointed as follows:

10 (1) 6 persons by the President;

(2) 8 persons by the Speaker of the House of
Representatives, two of whom shall be appointed on
the recommendation of the minority leader; and

(3) 8 persons by the President pro tempore of
the Senate, six of whom shall be appointed on the
recommendation of the majority leader of the Senate
and two of whom shall be appointed on the recommendation of the minority leader of the Senate.
SEC. 1702. PURPOSE.

20 The purposes of the Commission are as follows:

(1) To develop a comprehensive and effective
crime control plan which will serve as a "blueprint"
for action in the 1990's. The report shall include an
estimated cost for implementing any recommendations made by the Commission.

1 (2) To bring attention to successful models and 2 programs in crime prevention and crime control. 3 (3) To reach out beyond the traditional criminal 4 justice community for ideas when developing the comprehensive crime control plan. 5 6 (4) To recommend improvements in the coordination of local. State, Federal, and international 7 8 border crime control efforts. (5) To make a comprehensive study of the eco-9 nomic and social factors leading to or contributing 10 11 to crime and specific proposals for legislative and 12 administrative actions to reduce crime and the ele-13 ments that contribute to it. 14 (6) To recommend means of targeting finite 15 correctional facility space and resources to the most serious and violent offenders, with the goal of 16 17 achieving the most cost-effective possible crime con-18 trol and protection of the community and public 19 safety, with particular emphasis on examining the 20 issue of possible disproportionate incarceration rates among black males and any other minority group 21 22 disproportionately represented in State and Federal correctional populations, and to consider increased 23 24 use of alternatives to incarceration which offer a

reasonable prospect of equal or better crime control
 at equal or less cost.

3 SEC. 1703. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE COMMISSION.

4 The commission shall be responsible for the following:

5 (1) Reviewing the effectiveness of traditional 6 criminal justice approaches in preventing and con-7 trolling crime and violence.

8 (2) Examining the impact that changes to state 9 and Federal law have had in controlling crime and 10 violence.

(3) Examining the impact of changes in Federal immigration laws and policies and increased development and growth along United States international borders on crime and violence in the United
States, particularly among our Nation's youth.

16 (4) Examining the problem of youth gangs and
17 provide recommendations as to how to reduce youth
18 involvement in violent crime.

(5) Examining the extent to which assault
weapons and high power firearms have contributed
to violence and murder in America.

(6) Convening field hearings in various regions
of the country to receive testimony from a cross section of criminal justice professionals, business lead-

1	ers, elected officials, medical doctors, and other citi-
2	zens that wish to participate.
3	(7) Reviewing all segments of our criminal jus-
4	tice system, including the law enforcement, prosecu-
5	tion, defense, judicial, corrections components in de-
6	veloping the crime control plan.
7	Subtitle B-National Commission
8	to Study the Causes of the De-
9	mand for Drugs in the United
10	States
11	SEC. 1711. SHORT TITLE.
12	This subtitle may be cited as the "National Commis-
13	sion to Study the Causes of the Demand for Drugs in the

14 United States".

15 SEC. 1712. ESTABLISHMENT.

16 There is established a National Commission to Study17 the Causes of the Demand for Drugs in the United States18 (referred to in this subtitle as the "Commission").

19 SEC. 1713. DUTIES.

20 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall—

(1) examine the root causes of illicit drug use
and abuse in the United States, including by compiling existing research regarding those root causes;

24 (2) evaluate the efforts being made to prevent25 drug abuse;

(3) identify the existing gaps in drug abuse pol-1 2 icy that result from the lack of attention to the root causes of drug abuse; 3 (4) assess the needs of Government at all levels 4 for resources and policies for reducing the overall de-5 sire of individuals to experiment with and abuse il-6 7 licit drugs; and (5) make recommendations regarding necessary 8 9 improvements in policies for reducing the use of illicit drugs in the United States. 10 11 (b) EXAMINATION.—Matters examined by the Commission under this section shall include the following: 12 13 (1) CHARACTERISTICS.—The characteristics of 14 potential illicit drug users and abusers or drug traf-15 fickers, including age and social, economic, and educational backgrounds. 16 17 (2)**ENVIRONMENT.**—Environmental factors 18 that contribute to illicit drug use and abuse, includ-19 ing the correlation between unemployment, poverty, 20 and homelessness on drug experimentation and 21 abuse. 22 (3)ASSOCIATIONS AND SOCIAL **RELATION-**

22 (3) ASSOCIATIONS AND SOCIAL RELATION23 SHIPS.—The effects of substance use and abuse by
24 a relative or friend in contributing to the likelihood

and desire of an individual to experiment with illicit
 drugs.

3 (4) CULTURE.—Aspects of, and changes in, 4 philosophical or religious beliefs, cultural values, at-5 titudes toward authority, status of basic social units 6 (such as families), and traditions that contribute to 7 illicit drug use and abuse.

8 (5) PHYSIOLOGICAL AND PSYCHOLOGICAL FAC9 TORS.—The physiological and psychological factors
10 that contribute to the desire for illicit drugs.

(6) EFFORTS OF GOVERNMENTS.—The current
status of Federal, State, and local efforts regarding
the causes of illicit drug use and abuse, including a
review of drug strategies being promoted by Federal,
State, and local authorities to address the causes of
illicit drug use and abuse.

17 SEC. 1714. MEMBERSHIP.

18 (a) NUMBER AND APPOINTMENT.—

19 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall con-20 sist of 13 members, as follows:

21 (A) PRESIDENT.—Three individuals appointed by the President.

23 (B) SENATE.—Five individuals appointed
24 jointly by the majority and minority leaders of
25 the Senate. Not more than 3 members ap-

pointed under this paragraph may be of the same political party. At least 1 member appointed under this paragraph shall be a recovering drug user.

(C) HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—Five 5 individuals appointed jointly by the Speaker, 6 7 majority leader, and minority leader of the House of Representatives. Not more than 3 8 9 members appointed under this paragraph may be of the same political party. At least 1 mem-10 11 ber appointed under this paragraph shall be a recovering drug abuser. 12

(2) GOALS IN MAKING APPOINTMENTS.—In appointing individuals as members of the Commission,
the President and the majority and minority leaders
of the House of Representatives and the Senate shall
seek to ensure that—

18 (A) the membership of the Commission re19 flects the racial, ethnic, and gender diversity of
20 the United States; and

(B) members are specially qualified to
serve on the Commission by reason of their education, training, expertise, or experience in—

24 (i) sociology;

25 (ii) psychology;

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1	(iii) law;
2	(iv) bio-medicine;
3	(v) addiction; and
4	(vi) ethnography and urban poverty,
5	including health care, housing, education,
6	and employment.
7	(b) Prohibition Against Officer or Em-
8	PLOYEE.—Each individual appointed under subsection (a)
9	shall not be an officer or employee of any government and
10	shall be qualified to serve the Commission by virtue of
11	education, training, or experience.

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(c) DEADLINE FOR APPOINTMENT.—Members of the
Commission shall be appointed within 60 days after the
date of the enactment of this Act for the life of the Commission.

(d) MEETINGS.—The Commission shall have its
headquarters in the District of Columbia, and shall meet
at least once each month for a business session that shall
be conducted by the Chairperson.

20 (e) QUORUM.—Seven members of the Commission
21 shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser number may hold
22 hearings.

23 (f) CHAIRPERSON AND VICE CHAIRPERSON.—No24 later than 15 days after the members of the Commission

are appointed, such members shall designate a Chair person and Vice Chairperson of the Commission.

3 (g) CONTINUATION OF MEMBERSHIP.—If a member 4 of the Commission later becomes an officer or employee 5 of any government, the individual may continue as a mem-6 ber until a successor is appointed.

7 (h) VACANCIES.—A vacancy in the Commission shall 8 be filled not later than 30 days after the Commission is 9 informed of the vacancy in the manner in which the origi-10 nal appointment was made.

11 (i) COMPENSATION.—

(1) NO PAY, ALLOWANCE, OR BENEFIT.—Members of the Commission shall receive no additional
pay, allowances, or benefits by reason of their service on the Commission.

16 (2) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—Each member of the 17 Commission shall receive travel expenses, including 18 per diem in lieu of subsistence, in accordance with 19 sections 5702 and 5703 of title 5, United States 20 Code.

21 SEC. 1715. STAFF AND SUPPORT SERVICES.

(a) DIRECTOR.—The Chairperson shall appoint a director after consultation with the members of the Commission, who shall be paid the rate of basic pay for level V
of the Executive Schedule.

(b) STAFF.—With the approval of the Commission,
 the director may appoint personnel as the director consid ers appropriate.

4 (c) APPLICABILITY OF CIVIL SERVICE LAWS.—The 5 staff of the Commission shall be appointed without regard 6 to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing 7 appointments in the competitive service, and shall be paid 8 without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and sub-9 chapter III of chapter 53 of that title relating to classifica-10 tion and General Schedule pay rates.

11 (d) EXPERTS AND CONSULTANTS.—With the ap-12 proval of the Commission, the director may procure tem-13 porary and intermittent services under section 3109(b) of 14 title 5, United States Code.

(e) STAFF OF FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Upon the request of the Commission, the head of any Federal agency
may detail, on a reimbursable basis, any of the personnel
of that agency to the Commission to assist in carrying out
its duties under this Act.

(f) OTHER RESOURCES.—The Commission shall have
reasonable access to materials, resources, statistical data,
and other information from the Library of Congress, as
well as agencies and elected representatives of the executive and legislative branches of government. The Chair-

person of the Commission shall make requests in writing
 where necessary.

3 (g) PHYSICAL FACILITIES.—The General Services 4 Administration shall find suitable office space for the op-5 eration of the Commission. The facilities shall serve as the 6 headquarters of the Commission and shall include all nec-7 essary equipment and incidentals required for proper func-8 tioning.

9 SEC. 1716. POWERS OF COMMISSION.

10 (a) HEARINGS.—The Commission may conduct pub-11 lic hearings or forums at its discretion, at any time and 12 place it is able to secure facilities and witnesses, for the 13 purpose of carrying out its duties.

(b) DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY.—Any member or
agent of the Commission may, if authorized by the Commission, take any action the Commission is authorized to
take by this section.

18 (c) INFORMATION.—The Commission may secure di-19 rectly from any Federal agency information necessary to 20 enable it to carry out this Act. Upon request of the Chair-21 person or Vice Chairperson of the Commission, the head 22 of a Federal agency shall furnish the information to the 23 Commission to the extent permitted by law.

24 (d) GIFTS, BEQUESTS, AND DEVISES.—The Commis-25 sion may accept, use, and dispose of gifts, bequests, or

1 devices of services or property, both real and personal, for
2 the purpose of aiding or facilitating the work of the Com3 mission. Gifts, bequests, or devises of money and proceeds
4 from sales of other property received as gifts, bequests,
5 or devices shall be deposited in the Treasury and shall be
6 available for disbursement upon order of the Commission.

7 (e) MAILS.—The Commission may use the United
8 States mails in the same manner and under the same con9 ditions as other Federal agencies.

10 SEC. 1717. REPORTS.

11 (a) MONTHLY REPORTS.—The Commission shall12 submit monthly activity reports to the President and the13 Congress.

14 (b) REPORTS.—

15 (1) INTERIM REPORT.—The Commission shall 16 submit an interim report to the President and the 17 Congress not later than 1 year before the termi-18 nation of the Commission. The interim report shall 19 contain a detailed statement of the findings and con-20 clusions of the Commission, together with its recommendations for legislative and administrative ac-21 22 tion based on the Commission's activities to date. A strategy for disseminating the report to Federal, 23 State, and local authorities shall be formulated and 24

submitted with the formal presentation of the report
 to the President and the Congress.

(2) FINAL REPORT.—Not later than the date of 3 the termination of the Commission, the Commission 4 shall submit to the Congress and the President a 5 final report with a detailed statement of final find-6 7 ings, conclusions, and recommendations, including 8 an assessment of the extent to which recommendations of the Commission included in the interim re-9 port under paragraph (1) have been implemented. 10

(c) PRINTING AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION.—Upon
receipt of each report of the Commission under this section, the President shall—

14 (1) order the report to be printed; and

15 (2) make the report available to the public upon16 request.

17 **SEC. 1718. TERMINATION.**

18 The Commission shall terminate on the date which19 is 2 years after the Members of the Commission have met20 and designated a Chairperson and Vice Chairperson.

21 Subtitle C—National Commission

22 to Support Law Enforcement

23 **SEC. 1721. SHORT TITLE.**

This subtitle may be cited as the "National Commis-sion to Support Law Enforcement Act".

1	SEC. 1722. CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS.
2	The Congress finds that—
3	(1) law enforcement officers risk their lives
4	daily to protect citizens, for modest rewards and too
5	little recognition;
6	(2) a significant shift has occurred in the prob-
7	lems that law enforcement officers face without a
8	corresponding change in the support from the Fed-
9	eral Government;
10	(3) law enforcement officers are on the front
11	line in the war against drugs and crime;
12	(4) the rate of violent crime continues to in-
13	crease along with the increase in drug use;
14	(5) a large percentage of individuals arrested
15	test positive for drug usage;
16	(6) the Presidential Commission on Law En-
17	forcement and the Administration of Justice of 1965
18	focused attention on many issues affecting law en-
19	forcement, and a review twenty-five years later
20	would help to evaluate current problems, including
21	drug-related crime, violence, racial conflict, and de-
22	creased funding; and
23	(7) a comprehensive study of law enforcement
24	issues, including the role of the Federal Government
25	in supporting law enforcement officers, working con-

ditions, and responsibility for crime control would

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assist in redefining the relationships between the
 Federal Government, the public, and law enforce ment officials.

4 SEC. 1723. ESTABLISHMENT.

5 There is established a national commission to be 6 known as the "National Commission to Support Law En-7 forcement" (referred to in this subtitle as the "Commis-8 sion").

9 SEC. 1724. DUTIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall study and
recommend changes regarding law enforcement agencies
and law enforcement issues on the Federal, State, and
local levels, including the following:

14 (1) FUNDING.—The sufficiency of funding, in15 cluding a review of grant programs at the Federal
16 level.

17 (2) EMPLOYMENT.—The conditions of law en-18 forcement employment.

(3) INFORMATION.—The effectiveness of information-sharing systems, intelligence, infrastructure,
and procedures among law enforcement agencies of
Federal, State, and local governments.

(4) RESEARCH AND TRAINING.—The status of
law enforcement research and education and training.

1 (5) EQUIPMENT AND RESOURCES.—The ade-2 quacy of equipment, physical resources, and human 3 resources.

4 (6) COOPERATION.—The cooperation among
5 Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies.

6 (7) RESPONSIBILITY.—The responsibility of 7 governments and law enforcement agencies in solv-8 ing the crime problem.

9 (8) IMPACT.—The impact of the criminal jus10 tice system, including court schedules and prison
11 overcrowding, on law enforcement.

12 (b) CONSULTATION.—The Commission shall conduct 13 surveys and consult with focus groups of law enforcement 14 officers, local officials, and community leaders across the 15 Nation to obtain information and seek advice on important 16 law enforcement issues.

17 SEC. 1725. MEMBERSHIP.

18 (a) NUMBER AND APPOINTMENT.—The Commission19 shall be composed of 23 members as follows:

20 (1) Seven individuals from national law enforce21 ment organizations representing law enforcement of22 ficers, of whom—

23 (A) Two shall be appointed by the Speaker24 of the House of Representatives;

1	(B) Two shall be appointed by the majority
2	leader of the Senate;
3	(C) One shall be appointed by the minority
4	leader of the House of Representatives;
5	(D) One shall be appointed by the minority
6	leader of the Senate; and
7	(E) One shall be appointed by the Presi-
8	dent.
9	(2) Seven individuals from national law enforce-
10	ment organizations representing law enforcement
11	management, of whom—
12	(A) Two shall be appointed by the Speaker
13	of the House of Representatives;
14	(B) Two shall be appointed by the majority
15	leader of the Senate;
16	(C) One shall be appointed by the minority
17	leader of the House of Representatives;
18	(D) One shall be appointed by the minority
19	leader of the Senate; and
20	(E) One shall be appointed by the Presi-
21	dent.
22	(3) Two individuals with academic expertise re-
23	garding law enforcement issues, of whom—

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1	(A) One shall be appointed by the Speaker
2	of the House of Representatives and the major-
3	ity leader of the Senate.
4	(B) One shall be appointed by the minority
5	leader of the Senate and the minority leader of
6	the House of Representatives.
7	(4) Two Members of the House of Representa-
8	tives, appointed by the Speaker and the minority
9	leader of the House of Representatives.
10	(5) Two Members of the Senate, appointed by
11	the majority leader and the minority leader of the
12	Senate.
13	(6) One individual involved in Federal law en-
14	forcement from the Department of the Treasury, ap-
15	pointed by the President.
16	(7) One individual from the Department of Jus-
17	tice, appointed by the President.
18	(8) One individual representing a State or local
19	governmental entity, such as a Governor, mayor, or
20	State Attorney General, to be appointed by the Ma-
21	jority Leader of the Senate.
22	(9) One individual representing a State or local
23	governmental entity, such as a Governor, mayor, or
24	State Attorney General, to be appointed by the
25	Speaker of the House of Representatives.

(10) One individual representing a State or
 local governmental entity, such as a governor,
 mayor, or State attorney general, to be appointed by
 the President.

5 (b) COMPTROLLER GENERAL.—The Comptroller 6 General shall serve in an advisory capacity and shall over-7 see the methodology and approach of the Commission's 8 study.

9 (c) CHAIRPERSON.—Upon their appointment the 10 members of the Commission shall select one of their num-11 ber to act as chairperson.

12 (d) COMPENSATION.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—Members of the Commission
14 shall receive no additional pay, allowance, or benefit
15 by reason of service on the Commission.

16 (2) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—Each member of the 17 Commission shall receive travel expenses, including 18 per diem in lieu of subsistence, in accordance with 19 sections 5702 and 5703 of title 5, United States 20 Code.

(e) APPOINTMENT DATES.—Members of the Commission shall be appointed no later than 90 days after the
enactment of this Act.

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1 SEC. 1726. EXPERTS AND CONSULTANTS.

2 (a) EXPERTS AND CONSULTANTS.—The Commission
3 may procure temporary and intermittent services under
4 section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code.

5 (b) STAFF OF FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Upon request 6 of the Commission, the head of any Federal agency is au-7 thorized to detail, on a reimbursable basis, any of the per-8 sonnel of that agency to the Commission to assist the 9 Commission in carrying out its duties under this title.

10 (c) ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT.—The Administrator 11 of General Services shall provide to the Commission, on 12 a reimbursable basis, administrative support services as 13 the Commission may request.

14 SEC. 1727. POWERS OF COMMISSION.

(a) HEARINGS.—The Commission may, for purposes
of this title, hold hearings, sit and act at the times and
places, take testimony, and receive evidence, as the Commission considers appropriate.

(b) DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY.—Any member or
agent of the Commission may, if authorized by the Commission, take any action the Commission is authorized to
take by this section.

(c) INFORMATION.—The Commission may secure directly from any Federal agency information necessary to
enable it to carry out this title. Upon request of the chairperson of the Commission, the head of an agency shall

furnish the information to the Commission to the extent
 permitted by law.

3 (d) GIFTS AND DONATIONS.—The Commission may
4 accept, use, and dispose of gifts or donations of services
5 or property.

6 (e) MAILS.—The Commission may use the United
7 States mails in the same manner and under the same con8 ditions as other Federal agencies.

9 SEC. 1728. REPORT.

Not later than the expiration of the eighteen-month period beginning on the date of the appointment of the members of the Commission, a report containing the findings of the Commission and specific proposals for legislation and administrative actions that the Commission has determined to be appropriate shall be submitted to Conformation for the commission for legisla-

17 SEC. 1729. TERMINATION.

18 The Commission shall cease to exist upon the expira-19 tion of the 60-day period beginning on the date on which 20 the Commission submits its report under section 1738.

21 SEC. 1730. REPEALS.

Title XXXIV of the Crime Control Act of 1990 (Pub-Law 101–647; 104 Stat. 4918) and title II, section 24 211B of the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1991 (Public Law 101–515; 104 Stat. 2122) are re pealed.

3 TITLE XVIII—BAIL POSTING 4 REPORTING

5 SEC. 1801. SHORT TITLE.

6 This title may be cited as the "Illegal Drug Profits7 Act of 1993".

8 SEC. 1802. REQUIRED REPORTING BY CRIMINAL COURT 9 CLERKS.

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—Each clerk of a Federal or State 11 criminal court shall report to the Internal Revenue Serv-12 ice, in a form and manner as prescribed by the Secretary 13 of the Treasury, the name and taxpayer identification 14 number of—

(1) any individual charged with any criminal offense who posts cash bail, or on whose behalf cash
bail is posted, in an amount exceeding \$10,000; and
(2) any individual or entity (other than a licensed bail bonding individual or entity) posting
such cash bail for or on behalf of such individual.

(b) CRIMINAL OFFENSES.—For purposes of subsection (a), the term "criminal offense" means—

23 (1) any Federal criminal offense involving a24 controlled substance;

(2) racketeering (as defined in section 1951, 1 2 1952, or 1955 of title 18, United States Code); (3) money laundering (as defined in section 3 1956 or 1957 of title 18, United States Code); and 4 (4) any violation of State criminal law involving 5 an offense substantially similar to an offense de-6 7 scribed in paragraph (1), (2), or (3). 8 (c) COPY TO PROSECUTORS.—Each clerk shall submit a copy of each report of cash bail described in sub-9 section (a) to— 10 (1) the office of the United States Attorney; 11 12 and (2) the office of the local prosecuting attorney, 13 14 for the jurisdiction in which the defendant resides 15 (and the jurisdiction in which the criminal offense occurred, if different). 16 17 (d) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall promulgate such regulations as are necessary within 18 90 days of the date of enactment of this Act. 19 (e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall become ef-20 fective 60 days on the date of the promulgation of regula-21 22 tions under subsection (d).

1 **TITLE XIX—MOTOR VEHICLE** 2 **THEFT PREVENTION**

3 SEC. 1901. SHORT TITLE.

4 This title may be cited as the "Motor Vehicle Theft5 Prevention Act".

6 SEC. 1902. MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT PREVENTION PRO7 GRAM.

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the 9 date of enactment of this section, the Attorney General 10 shall develop, in cooperation with the States, a national 11 voluntary motor vehicle theft prevention program (in this 12 section referred to as the "program") under which—

(1) the owner of a motor vehicle may voluntarily sign a consent form with a participating State
or locality in which the motor vehicle owner—

16 (A) states that the vehicle is not normally
17 operated under certain specified conditions; and
18 (B) agrees to—

(i) display program decals or deviceson the owner's vehicle; and

(ii) permit law enforcement officials in
any State to stop the motor vehicle and
take reasonable steps to determine whether
the vehicle is being operated by or with the
permission of the owner, if the vehicle is

1	being operated under the specified condi-
2	tions; and
3	(2) participating States and localities authorize
4	law enforcement officials in the State or locality to
5	stop motor vehicles displaying program decals or de-
6	vices under specified conditions and take reasonable
7	steps to determine whether the vehicle is being oper-
8	ated by or with the permission of the owner.
9	(b) UNIFORM DECAL OR DEVICE DESIGNS.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—The motor vehicle theft pre-
11	vention program developed pursuant to this section
12	shall include a uniform design or designs for decals
13	or other devices to be displayed by motor vehicles
14	participating in the program.
15	(2) TYPE OF DESIGN.—The uniform design
16	shall—
17	(A) be highly visible; and
18	(B) explicitly state that the motor vehicle
19	to which it is affixed may be stopped under the
20	specified conditions without additional grounds
21	for establishing a reasonable suspicion that the
22	vehicle is being operated unlawfully.
23	(c) VOLUNTARY CONSENT FORM.—The voluntary
24	consent form used to enroll in the program shall—

(1) clearly state that participation in the pro gram is voluntary;

(2) clearly explain that participation in the pro-3 4 gram means that, if the participating vehicle is being operated under the specified conditions, law enforce-5 ment officials may stop the vehicle and take reason-6 able steps to determine whether it is being operated 7 by or with the consent of the owner, even if the law 8 enforcement officials have no other basis for believ-9 10 ing that the vehicle is being operated unlawfully;

(3) include an express statement that the vehicle is not normally operated under the specified conditions and that the operation of the vehicle under those conditions would provide sufficient grounds for a prudent law enforcement officer to reasonably believe that the vehicle was not being operated by or with the consent of the owner; and

18 (4) include any additional information that the19 Attorney General may reasonably require.

20 (d) Specified Conditions Under Which Stops21 May Be Authorized.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall
promulgate rules establishing the conditions under
which participating motor vehicles may be authorized to be stopped under this section. These condi-

tions may not be based on race, creed, color, national origin, gender, or age. These conditions may
include—

4 (A) the operation of the vehicle during cer-5 tain hours of the day; or

6 (B) the operation of the vehicle under 7 other circumstances that would provide a suffi-8 cient basis for establishing a reasonable sus-9 picion that the vehicle was not being operated 10 by the owner, or with the consent of the owner.

11 (2) More than one set of conditions.— 12 The Attorney General may establish more than one set of conditions under which participating motor ve-13 14 hicles may be stopped. If more than one set of condi-15 tions is established, a separate consent form and a 16 separate design for program decals or devices shall 17 be established for each set of conditions. The Attor-18 ney General may choose to satisfy the requirement 19 of a separate design for program decals or devices 20 under this paragraph by the use of a design color that is clearly distinguishable from other design col-21 22 ors.

23 (3) NO NEW CONDITIONS WITHOUT CON24 SENT.—After the program has begun, the conditions
25 under which a vehicle may be stopped if affixed with

1	a certain decal or device design may not be ex-
2	panded without the consent of the owner.
3	(4) Limited participation by states and
4	LOCALITIES.—A State or locality need not authorize
5	the stopping of motor vehicles under all sets of con-
6	ditions specified under the program in order to par-
7	ticipate in the program.
8	(e) Motor Vehicles for Hire.—
9	(1) NOTIFICATION TO LESSEES.—Any person
10	who is in the business of renting or leasing motor
11	vehicles and who rents or leases a motor vehicle on
12	which a program decal or device is affixed shall,
13	prior to transferring possession of the vehicle, notify
14	the person to whom the motor vehicle is rented or
15	leased about the program.
16	(2) TYPE OF NOTICE.—The notice required by
17	this subsection shall—
18	(A) be in writing;
19	(B) be in a prominent format to be deter-
20	mined by the Attorney General; and
21	(C) explain the possibility that if the motor
22	vehicle is operated under the specified condi-
23	tions, the vehicle may be stopped by law en-
24	forcement officials even if the officials have no

other basis for believing that the vehicle is
 being operated unlawfully.

3 (3) FINE FOR FAILURE TO PROVIDE NOTICE.—
4 Failure to provide proper notice under this sub5 section shall be punishable by a fine not to exceed
6 \$5,000.

7 (f) NOTIFICATION OF POLICE.—As a condition of 8 participating in the program, a State or locality must 9 agree to take reasonable steps to ensure that law enforce-10 ment officials throughout the State or locality are familiar 11 with the program, and with the conditions under which 12 motor vehicles may be stopped under the program.

(g) REGULATIONS.—The Attorney General shall pro-mulgate regulations to implement this section.

(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
are authorized such sums as are necessary to carry out
this section.

18 SEC. 1903. ALTERING OR REMOVING MOTOR VEHICLE19IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS.

20 (a) BASIC OFFENSE.—Subsection (a) of section 511
21 of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as
22 follows:

23 "(a) A person who—

"(1) knowingly removes, obliterates, tampers
 with, or alters an identification number for a motor
 vehicle or motor vehicle part; or
 "(2) with intent to further the theft of a motor

vehicle, knowingly removes, obliterates, tampers
with, or alters a decal or device affixed to a motor
vehicle pursuant to the Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention Act,

9 shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than10 5 years, or both.".

11 (b) EXCEPTED PERSONS.—Paragraph (2) of section12 511(b) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

13 (1) by striking "and" after the semicolon in14 subparagraph (B);

(2) by striking the period at the end of sub-paragraph (C) and inserting "; and"; and

17 (3) by adding at the end the following new sub-18 paragraph:

"(D) a person who removes, obliterates,
tampers with, or alters a decal or device affixed
to a motor vehicle pursuant to the Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention Act, if that person is the
owner of the motor vehicle, or is authorized to
remove, obliterate, tamper with or alter the
decal or device by—

1	''(i) the owner or his authorized
2	agent;
3	''(ii) applicable State or local law; or
4	''(iii) regulations promulgated by the
5	Attorney General to implement the Motor
6	Vehicle Theft Prevention Act.".
7	(c) DEFINITION.—Section 511 of title 18, United
8	States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the
9	following:
10	"(d) For purposes of subsection (a) of this section,
11	the term 'tampers with' includes covering a program decal
12	or device affixed to a motor vehicle pursuant to the Motor
13	Vehicle Theft Prevention Act for the purpose of obstruct-
14	ing its visibility.".
15	(d) Unauthorized Application of a Decal or
16	DEVICE.—
17	(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 25 of title 18, Unit-
18	ed States Code, is amended by adding after section
18 19	ed States Code, is amended by adding after section 511 the following new section:
19	511 the following new section:
19 20	511 the following new section: *\$511A. Unauthorized application of theft prevention
19 20 21	511 the following new section: *\$511A. Unauthorized application of theft prevention decal or device

Prevention Act, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed
 \$1,000.

3 "(b) For purposes of this section, the term 'theft pre-4 vention decal or device' means a decal or other device de-5 signed in accordance with a uniform design for such de-6 vices developed pursuant to the Motor Vehicle Theft Pre-7 vention Act.".

8 (2) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter 9 analysis for chapter 25 of title 18, United States 10 Code, is amended by adding after the item relating 11 to section 511 the following new item:

"511A. Unauthorized application of theft prevention decal or device.".

12 TITLE XX—PROTECTIONS FOR 13 THE ELDERLY

14 SEC. 2001. MISSING ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE PATIENT ALERT
 15 PROGRAM.

(a) GRANT.—The Attorney General shall award a
grant to an eligible organization to assist the organization
in paying for the costs of planning, designing, establishing,
and operating a Missing Alzheimer's Disease Patient Alert
Program, which shall be a locally based, proactive program
to protect and locate missing patients with Alzheimer's
disease and related dementias.

(b) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a grant
under subsection (a), an organization shall submit an application to the Attorney General at such time, in such
•\$ 1488 PCS

1 manner, and containing such information as the Attorney
2 General may require, including, at a minimum, an assur3 ance that the organization will obtain and use assistance
4 from private nonprofit organizations to support the pro5 gram.

6 (c) ELIGIBLE ORGANIZATION.—The Attorney Gen-7 eral shall award the grant described in subsection (a) to 8 a national voluntary organization that has a direct link 9 to patients, and families of patients, with Alzheimer's dis-10 ease and related dementias.

(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
\$1,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1995, 1996, and 1997.
SEC. 2002. CRIMES AGAINST THE ELDERLY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Pursuant to its authority under 15 the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984 and section 21 of the 16 Sentencing Act of 1987 (including its authority to amend 17 the sentencing guidelines and policy statements) and its 18 authority to make such amendments on an emergency 19 basis, the United States Sentencing Commission shall en-20 sure that the applicable guideline range for a defendant 21 22 convicted of a crime of violence against an elderly victim is sufficiently stringent to deter such a crime, to protect 23 the public from additional crimes of such a defendant, and 24

to adequately reflect the heinous nature of such an of fense.

3 (b) CRITERIA.—In carrying out subsection (a), the 4 United States Sentencing Commission shall ensure that—

5 (1) the guidelines provide for increasingly se-6 vere punishment for a defendant commensurate with 7 the degree of physical harm caused to the elderly 8 victim;

9 (2) the guidelines take appropriate account of10 the vulnerability of the victim; and

(3) the guidelines provide enhanced punishment
for a defendant convicted of a crime of violence
against an elderly victim who has previously been
convicted of a crime of violence against an elderly
victim, regardless of whether the conviction occurred
in Federal or State court.

17 (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

18 "crime of violence" means an offense under sec19 tion 113, 114, 1111, 1112, 1113, 1117, 2241, 2242,
20 or 2244 of title 18, United States Code.

21 "elderly victim" means a victim who is 65 years22 of age or older at the time of an offense.

TITLE XXI—CONSUMER PROTECTION

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3 SEC. 2101. CRIMES BY OR AFFECTING PERSONS ENGAGED
4 IN THE BUSINESS OF INSURANCE WHOSE AC5 TIVITIES AFFECT INTERSTATE COMMERCE.
6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 47 of title 18, United

7 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-8 ing new sections:

9 "§1033. Crimes by or affecting persons engaged in
 10 the business of insurance whose activi 11 ties affect interstate commerce

12 "(a)(1) Whoever is engaged in the business of insur-13 ance whose activities affect interstate commerce and, with 14 the intent to deceive, knowingly makes any false material 15 statement or report or willfully and materially overvalues 16 any land, property or security—

"(A) in connection with any financial reports or
documents presented to any insurance regulatory official or agency or an agent or examiner appointed
by such official or agency to examine the affairs of
such person, and

''(B) for the purpose of influencing the actions
of such official or agency or such an appointed agent
or examiner,

25 shall be punished as provided in paragraph (2).

1 "(2) The punishment for an offense under paragraph 2 (1) is a fine as established under this title or imprison-3 ment for not more than 10 years, or both, except that 4 the term of imprisonment shall be not more than 15 years 5 if the statement or report or overvaluing of land, property, 6 or security jeopardizes the safety and soundness of an in-7 surer.

8 "(b)(1) Whoever—

9 "(A) acting as, or being an officer, director, 10 agent, or employee of, any person engaged in the 11 business of insurance whose activities affect inter-12 state commerce, or

"(B) is engaged in the business of insurance
whose activities affect interstate commerce or is involved (other than as an insured or beneficiary
under a policy of insurance) in a transaction relating
to the conduct of affairs of such a business,

willfully embezzles, abstracts, purloins, or misappropriates
any of the moneys, funds, premiums, credits, or other
property of such person so engaged shall be punished as
provided in paragraph (2).

"(2) The punishment for an offense under paragraph
(1) is a fine as provided under this title or imprisonment
for not more than 10 years, or both, except that if such
embezzlement, abstraction, purloining, or misappropria-

1 tion described in paragraph (1) jeopardizes the safety and 2 soundness of an insurer, such imprisonment shall be not 3 more than 15 years. If the amount or value so embezzled, 4 abstracted, purloined, or misappropriated does not exceed 5 \$5,000, whoever violates paragraph (1) shall be fined as 6 provided in this title or imprisoned not more than one 7 year, or both.

"(c)(1) Whoever is engaged in the business of insur-8 ance and whose activities affect interstate commerce or is 9 involved (other than as an insured or beneficiary under 10 a policy of insurance) in a transaction relating to the con-11 duct of affairs of such a business, knowingly makes any 12 false entry of material fact in any book, report, or state-13 ment of such person engaged in the business of insurance 14 with intent to— 15

16 "(A) deceive any person about the financial17 condition or solvency of such business, or

"(B) deceive any officer, employee, or agent of
such person engaged in the business of insurance,
any insurance regulatory official or agency, or any
agent or examiner appointed by such official or
agency to examine the affairs of such person about
the financial condition or solvency of such business,
shall be punished as provided in paragraph (2).

1 "(2) The punishment for an offense under paragraph 2 (1) is a fine as provided under this title or imprisonment 3 for not more than 10 years, or both, except that if the 4 false entry in any book, report, or statement of such per-5 son jeopardizes the safety and soundness of an insurer, 6 such imprisonment shall be not more than 15 years.

7 "(d) Whoever, by threats or force or by any threatening letter or communication, corruptly influences, ob-8 9 structs, or impedes or endeavors corruptly to influence, obstruct, or impede the due and proper administration of 10 the law under which any proceeding involving the business 11 of insurance whose activities affect interstate commerce 12 is pending before any insurance regulatory official or 13 agency or any agent or examiner appointed by such official 14 or agency to examine the affairs of a person engaged in 15 the business of insurance whose activities affect interstate 16 commerce, shall be fined as provided in this title or impris-17 oned not more than 10 years, or both. 18

19 "(e)(1)(A) Any individual who has been convicted of 20 any criminal felony involving dishonesty or a breach of 21 trust, or who has been convicted of an offense under this 22 section, and who willfully engages in the business of insur-23 ance whose activities affect interstate commerce or partici-24 pates in such business, shall be fined as provided in this 25 title or imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both. "(B) Any individual who is engaged in the business
of insurance whose activities affect interstate commerce
and who willfully permits the participation described in
subparagraph (A) shall be fined as provided in this title
or imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both.

6 "(2) A person described in paragraph (1)(A) may en-7 gage in the business of insurance or participate in such 8 business if such person has the written consent of any in-9 surance regulatory official authorized to regulate the in-10 surer, which consent specifically refers to this subsection.

11 "(f) As used in this section—

12 "(1) the term 'business of insurance' means—
13 "(A) the writing of insurance, or
14 "(B) the reinsuring of risks,

by an insurer, including all acts necessary or incidental to such writing or reinsuring and the activities of persons who act as, or are, officers, directors, agents, or employees of insurers or who are other persons authorized to act on behalf of such persons;

"(2) the term 'insurer' means any entity the
business activity of which is the writing of insurance
or the reinsuring of risks or any receiver or similar
official or any liquidating agent for such an entity,
in his or her capacity as such, and includes any per-

1	son who acts as, or is, an officer, director, agent, or
2	employee of that business;
3	''(3) the term 'interstate commerce' means—
4	"(A) commerce within the District of Co-
5	lumbia, or any territory or possession of the
6	United States;
7	"(B) all commerce between any point in
8	the State, territory, possession, or the District
9	of Columbia and any point outside thereof;
10	"(C) all commerce between points within
11	the same State through any place outside such
12	State; or
13	''(D) all other commerce over which the
14	United States has jurisdiction; and
15	"(4) the term 'State' includes any State, the
16	District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto
17	Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, the Virgin Is-
18	lands, American Samoa, and the Trust Territory of
19	the Pacific Islands.
20	"§1034. Civil penalties and injunctions for violations
21	of section 1033
22	''(a) The Attorney General may bring a civil action
23	in the appropriate United States district court against any
24	person who engages in conduct constituting an offense
25	under section 1033 and, upon proof of such conduct by

a preponderance of the evidence, such person shall be sub-1 ject to a civil penalty of not more than \$50,000 for each 2 violation or the amount of compensation which the person 3 4 received or offered for the prohibited conduct, whichever amount is greater. If the offense has contributed to the 5 decision of a court of appropriate jurisdiction to issue an 6 7 order directing the conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation of an insurer, such penalty shall be remitted to the 8 9 regulatory official for the benefit of the policyholders, claimants, and creditors of such insurer. The imposition 10 of a civil penalty under this subsection does not preclude 11 any other criminal or civil statutory, common law, or ad-12 ministrative remedy, which is available by law to the Unit-13 ed States or any other person. 14

"(b) If the Attorney General has reason to believe 15 that a person is engaged in conduct constituting an of-16 fense under section 1033, the Attorney General may peti-17 tion an appropriate United States district court for an 18 order prohibiting that person from engaging in such con-19 duct. The court may issue an order prohibiting that person 20from engaging in such conduct if the court finds that the 2122 conduct constitutes such an offense. The filing of a petition under this section does not preclude any other remedy 23 24 which is available by law to the United States or any other person.". 25

1	(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis
2	for chapter 47 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
3	by adding at the end the following new items:
	"1033. Crimes by or affecting persons engaged in the business of insurance whose activities affect interstate commerce."1034. Civil penalties and injunctions for violations of section 1033.".
4	(c) Miscellaneous Amendments to Title 18,
5	UNITED STATES CODE.—
6	(1) TAMPERING WITH INSURANCE REGULATORY
7	PROCEEDINGS.—Section 1515(a)(1) of title 18,
8	United States Code, is amended—
9	(A) by striking ''or'' at the end of subpara-
10	graph (B);
11	(B) by inserting "or" at the end of sub-
12	paragraph (C); and
13	(C) by adding at the end the following new
14	subparagraph:
15	"(D) a proceeding involving the business of
16	insurance whose activities affect interstate com-
17	merce before any insurance regulatory official
18	or agency or any agent or examiner appointed
19	by such official or agency to examine the affairs
20	of any person engaged in the business of insur-
21	ance whose activities affect interstate com-
22	merce;''.

(2) LIMITATIONS.—Section 3293 of title 18,
 United States Code, is amended by inserting
 "1033," after "1014,".

4 (3) OBSTRUCTION OF CRIMINAL INVESTIGA5 TIONS.—Section 1510 of title 18, United States
6 Code, is amended by adding at the end the following
7 new subsection:

8 "(d)(1) Whoever—

9 "(A) acting as, or being, an officer, director, 10 agent or employee of a person engaged in the busi-11 ness of insurance whose activities affect interstate 12 commerce, or

"(B) is engaged in the business of insurance
whose activities affect interstate commerce or is involved (other than as an insured or beneficiary
under a policy of insurance) in a transaction relating
to the conduct of affairs of such a business,

18 with intent to obstruct a judicial proceeding, directly or 19 indirectly notifies any other person about the existence or 20 contents of a subpoena for records of that person engaged 21 in such business or information that has been furnished 22 to a Federal grand jury in response to that subpoena, shall 23 be fined as provided by this title or imprisoned not more 24 than 5 years, or both. "(2) As used in paragraph (1), the term 'subpoena
 for records' means a Federal grand jury subpoena for
 records that has been served relating to a violation of, or
 a conspiracy to violate, section 1033 of this title.".

5 SEC. 2102. CONSUMER PROTECTION AGAINST CREDIT CARD 6 FRAUD ACT OF 1993.

7 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the
8 "Consumer Protection Against Credit Card Fraud Act of
9 1993".

(b) FRAUD AND RELATED ACTIVITY IN CONNECTION
WITH ACCESS DEVICES.—Section 1029 of title 18, United
States Code, is amended in subsection (a) by inserting
after paragraph (4) the following new paragraphs:

"(5) knowingly and with intent to defraud effects transactions, with one or more access devices
issued to another person or persons, to receive payment or any other thing of value during any oneyear period the aggregate value of which is equal to
or greater than \$1,000;

20 "(6) without the authorization of the issuer of
21 the access device, knowingly and with intent to de22 fraud solicits a person for the purpose of—

23 "(A) offering an access device; or
24 "(B) selling information regarding or an
25 application to obtain an access device; or

1	"(7) without the authorization of the credit
2	card system member or its agent, knowingly and
3	with intent to defraud causes or arranges for an-
4	other person to present to the member or its agent,
5	for payment, one or more evidences or records of
6	transactions made by an access device;".
7	(c) Technical Amendments.—Section 1029 of title
8	18, United States Code, as amended by subsection (b),
9	is amended—
10	(1) in subsection (a) by striking ''or'' at the end
11	of paragraph (3);
12	(2) in subsection (c)(1) by striking "(a)(2) or
13	(a)(3)" and inserting "(a) (2), (3), (5), (6), or (7)";
14	and
15	(3) in subsection (e) by—
16	(A) striking ''and'' at the end of paragraph
17	(5);
18	(B) adding "and" at the end of paragraph
19	(6); and
20	(C) adding at the end thereof the following
21	new paragraph:
22	"(7) the term 'credit card system member'
23	means a financial institution or other entity that is
24	a member of a credit card system, including an en-
25	tity, whether it is affiliated with or identical to the

1	credit card issuer, that is the sole member of a cred-
2	it card system.".
3	SEC. 2103. MAIL FRAUD.
4	Section 1341 of title 18, United States Code, is
5	amended—
6	(1) by inserting "or deposits or causes to be de-
7	posited any matter or thing whatever to be sent or
8	delivered by any private or commercial interstate
9	carrier," after "Postal Service,"; and
10	(2) by inserting "or such carrier" after "causes
11	to be delivered by mail".
12	TITLE XXII—FINANCIAL INSTITU-
13	TION FRAUD PROSECUTIONS
14	SEC. 2201. SHORT TITLE.
15	This title may be cited as the "Financial Institutions
16	Fraud Prosecution Act of 1991".
17	SEC. 2202. FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE ACT AMEND-
18	MENT.
10	Castion 10(a) of the Endered Denseit Incurrence Act
19	Section 19(a) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act
	(12 U.S.C. 1829(a)) is amended in paragraph
	-
20	(12 U.S.C. 1829(a)) is amended in paragraph

1	SEC. 2203. FEDERAL CREDIT UNION ACT AMENDMENTS.
2	Section 205(d) of the Federal Credit Union Act (12
3	U.S.C. 1785(d)) is amended to read as follows:
4	"(d) Prohibition.—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except with prior written
6	consent of the Board—
7	"(A) any person who has been convicted of
8	any criminal offense involving dishonesty or a
9	breach of trust, or has agreed to enter into a
10	pretrial diversion or similar program in connec-
11	tion with a prosecution for such offense, may
12	not—
13	''(i) become, or continue as, an insti-
14	tution-affiliated party with respect to any
15	insured credit union; or
16	''(ii) otherwise participate, directly or
17	indirectly, in the conduct of the affairs of
18	any insured credit union; and
19	"(B) any insured credit union may not
20	permit any person referred to in subparagraph
21	(A) to engage in any conduct or continue any
22	relationship prohibited under such subpara-
23	graph.
24	"(2) Minimum 10-year prohibition period
25	FOR CERTAIN OFFENSES.—

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1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If the offense referred
2	to in paragraph (1)(A) in connection with any
3	person referred to in such paragraph is—
4	''(i) an offense under—
5	''(I) section 215, 656, 657, 1005,
6	1006, 1007, 1008, 1014, 1032, 1344,
7	1517, 1956, or 1957 of title 18, Unit-
8	ed States Code; or
9	"(II) section 1341 or 1343 of
10	such title which affects any financial
11	institution (as defined in section 20 of
12	such title); or
13	"(ii) the offense of conspiring to com-
14	mit any such offense,
15	the Board may not consent to any exception to
16	the application of paragraph (1) to such person
17	during the 10-year period beginning on the date
18	the conviction or the agreement of the person
19	becomes final.
20	"(B) Exception by order of sentenc-
21	ING COURT.—
22	"(i) IN GENERAL.—On motion of the
23	Board, the court in which the conviction or
24	the agreement of a person referred to in
25	subparagraph (A) has been entered may

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1	grant an exception to the application of
2	paragraph (1) to such person if granting
3	the exception is in the interest of justice.
4	"(ii) Period for filing.—A motion
5	may be filed under clause (i) at any time
6	during the 10-year period described in sub-
7	paragraph (A) with regard to the person
8	on whose behalf such motion is made.
9	''(3) PENALTY.—Whoever knowingly violates
10	paragraph (1) or (2) shall be fined not more than
11	\$1,000,000 for each day such prohibition is violated
12	or imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both.".
13	SEC. 2204. CRIME CONTROL ACT AMENDMENT.
14	Section 2546 of the Crime Control Act of 1990 (Pub-
15	lic Law 101–647, 104 Stat. 4885) is amended by adding
16	at the end the following new subsection:
17	"(c) FRAUD TASK FORCES REPORT.—In addition to
18	the reports required under subsection (a), the Attorney
19	General is encouraged to submit a report to the Congress
20	containing the findings of the financial institutions fraud
21	task forces established under section 2539 as they relate
22	to the collapse of private deposit insurance corporations,
23	together with recommendations for any regulatory or leg-
24	islative changes necessary to prevent such collapses in the
25	future.''.

TITLE XXIII—SAVINGS AND LOAN PROSECUTION TASK FORCE

3 SEC. 2301. SAVINGS AND LOAN PROSECUTION TASK FORCE.

4 The Attorney General shall establish within the Jus5 tice Department a savings and loan criminal fraud task
6 force to prosecute in an aggressive manner those criminal
7 cases involving savings and loan institutions.

8 **TITLE XXIV—SENTENCING** 9 **PROVISIONS**

10 SEC. 2401. IMPOSITION OF SENTENCE.

11 Section 3553(a)(4) of title 18, United States Code,12 is amended to read as follows:

13 "(4) the kinds of sentence and the sentencing14 range established for—

"(A) the applicable category of offense
committed by the applicable category of defendant as set forth in the guidelines issued by the
Sentencing Commission pursuant to section
994(a)(1) of title 28, United States Code, and
that are in effect on the date the defendant is
sentenced; or

22 "(B) in the case of a violation of probation
23 or supervised release, the applicable guidelines
24 or policy statements issued by the Sentencing

1	Commission pursuant to section $994(a)(3)$ of
2	title 28, United States Code;".
3	SEC. 2402. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT TO MANDATORY CON-
4	DITIONS OF PROBATION.
5	Section 3563(a)(3) of title 18, United States Code,
6	is amended by striking "possess illegal controlled sub-
7	stances" and inserting "unlawfully possess a controlled
8	substance".
9	SEC. 2403. SUPERVISED RELEASE AFTER IMPRISONMENT.
10	Section 3583 of title 18, United States Code, is
11	amended—
12	(1) in subsection (d), by striking "possess ille-
13	gal controlled substances" and inserting "unlawfully
14	possess a controlled substance'';
15	(2) in subsection (e)—
16	(A) by striking ''person'' each place such
17	term appears in such subsection and inserting
18	"defendant"; and
19	(B) by amending paragraph (3) to read as
20	follows:
21	"(3) revoke a term of supervised release, and
22	require the defendant to serve in prison all or part
23	of the term of supervised release authorized by stat-
24	ute for the offense that resulted in such term of su-
25	pervised release without credit for time previously

1 served on postrelease supervision, if the court, pur-2 suant to the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure applicable to revocation of probation or supervised 3 4 release, finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant violated a condition of supervised 5 release, except that a defendant whose term is re-6 7 voked under this paragraph may not be required to serve more than 5 years in prison if the offense that 8 9 resulted in the term of supervised release is a class A felony, more than 3 years in prison if such offense 10 11 is a class B felony, more than 2 years in prison if such offense is a class C or D felony, or more than 12 one year in any other case; or"; and 13

14 (3) by adding at the end the following new sub-15 sections:

"(h) SUPERVISED RELEASE FOLLOWING REVOCA-16 TION.—When a term of supervised release is revoked and 17 the defendant is required to serve a term of imprisonment 18 that is less than the maximum term of imprisonment au-19 thorized under subsection (e)(3), the court may include 20 a requirement that the defendant be placed on a term of 21 22 supervised release after imprisonment. The length of such a term of supervised release shall not exceed the term of 23 24 supervised release authorized by statute for the offense that resulted in the original term of supervised release, 25

less any term of imprisonment that was imposed upon rev ocation of supervised release.

3 "(i) DELAYED REVOCATION.—The power of the court to revoke a term of supervised release for violation of a 4 condition of supervised release, and to order the defendant 5 to serve a term of imprisonment and, subject to the limita-6 7 tions in subsection (h), a further term of supervised release, extends beyond the expiration of the term of super-8 vised release for any period reasonably necessary for the 9 adjudication of matters arising before its expiration if, be-10 fore its expiration, a warrant or summons has been issued 11 on the basis of an allegation of such a violation.". 12

13 TITLE XXV—SENTENCING AND

14 MAGISTRATES AMENDMENTS

15 SEC. 2501. AUTHORIZATION OF PROBATION FOR PETTY OF-

FENSES IN CERTAIN CASES.

Section 3561(a)(3) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end: "However, this paragraph does not preclude the imposition of a sentence to a term of probation for a petty offense if the defendant has been sentenced to a term of imprisonment at the same time for another such offense.".

¹⁶

1 SEC. 2502. TRIAL BY A MAGISTRATE IN PETTY OFFENSE 2 CASES. 3 Section 3401 of title 18. United States Code, is 4 amended— (1) in subsection (b) by adding "other than a 5 petty offense" after "misdemeanor"; and 6 7 (2) in subsection (g) by amending the first sentence to read as follows: "The magistrate judge may, 8 in a petty offense case involving a juvenile, exercise 9 10 all powers granted to the district court under chapter 403 of this title.". 11 **TITLE XXVI—COMPUTER CRIME** 12 13 SEC. 2601. COMPUTER ABUSE AMENDMENTS ACT OF 1993. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This title may be cited as the 14 "Computer Abuse Amendments Act of 1993". 15 16 (b) PROHIBITION.—Section 1030(a)(5) of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: 17 ((5)(A) through means of a computer used in 18 19 interstate commerce or communications, knowingly 20 causes the transmission of a program, information, 21 code, or command to a computer or computer system if— 22 "(i) the person causing the transmission 23 24 intends that such transmission will394

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1	"(I) damage, or cause damage to, a
2	computer, computer system, network, in-
3	formation, data, or program; or
4	''(II) withhold or deny, or cause the
5	withholding or denial, of the use of a com-
6	puter, computer services, system or net-
7	work, information, data or program; and
8	"(ii) the transmission of the harmful com-
9	ponent of the program, information, code, or
10	command—
11	''(I) occurred without the knowledge
12	and authorization of the persons or entities
13	who own or are responsible for the com-
14	puter system receiving the program, infor-
15	mation, code, or command; and
16	"(II)(aa) causes loss or damage to one
17	or more other persons of value aggregating
18	\$1,000 or more during any 1-year period;
19	or
20	"(bb) modifies or impairs, or poten-
21	tially modifies or impairs, the medical ex-
22	amination, medical diagnosis, medical
23	treatment, or medical care of one or more
24	individuals; or

1	"(B) through means of a computer used in
2	interstate commerce or communication, knowingly
3	causes the transmission of a program, information,
4	code, or command to a computer or computer sys-
5	tem—
6	"(i) with reckless disregard of a substan-
7	tial and unjustifiable risk that the transmission
8	will—
9	"(I) damage, or cause damage to, a
10	computer, computer system, network, in-
11	formation, data or program; or
12	"(II) withhold or deny or cause the
13	withholding or denial of the use of a com-
14	puter, computer services, system, network,
15	information, data or program; and
16	"(ii) if the transmission of the harmful
17	component of the program, information, code,
18	or command—
19	''(I) occurred without the knowledge
20	and authorization of the persons or entities
21	who own or are responsible for the com-
22	puter system receiving the program, infor-
23	mation, code, or command; and
24	"(II)(aa) causes loss or damage to one
25	or more other persons of a value aggregat-

1	ing \$1,000 or more during any 1-year pe-
2	riod; or
3	"(bb) modifies or impairs, or poten-
4	tially modifies or impairs, the medical ex-
5	amination, medical diagnosis, medical
6	treatment, or medical care of one or more
7	individuals;".
8	(c) PENALTY.—Section 1030(c) of title 18, United
9	States Code is amended—
10	(1) in paragraph (2)(B) by striking ''and'' after
11	the semicolon;
12	(2) in paragraph (3)(A) by inserting ''(A)''
13	after ''(a)(5)''; and
14	(3) in paragraph (3)(B) by striking the period
15	at the end thereof and inserting "; and"; and
16	(4) by adding at the end thereof the following:
17	"(4) a fine under this title or imprisonment for
18	not more than 1 year, or both, in the case of an of-
19	fense under subsection (a)(5)(B).".
20	(d) CIVIL ACTION.—Section 1030 of title 18, United
21	States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the
22	following new subsection:
23	"(g) Any person who suffers damage or loss by rea-
24	son of a violation of the section, other than a violation
25	of subsection $(a)(5)(B)$, may maintain a civil action

against the violator to obtain compensatory damages and 1 injunctive relief or other equitable relief. Damages for vio-2 subsection other 3 lations of any than subsection (a)(5)(A)(ii)(II)(bb) or (a)(5)(B)(ii)(II)(bb) are limited to 4 economic damages. No action may be brought under this 5 subsection unless such action is begun within 2 years of 6 7 the date of the act complained of or the date of the discovery of the damage.". 8

9 (e) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—Section 1030 of 10 title 18 United States Code, is amended by adding at the 11 end thereof the following new subsection:

12 "(h) The Attorney General and the Secretary of the 13 Treasury shall report to the Congress annually, during the 14 first 3 years following the date of the enactment of this 15 subsection, concerning investigations and prosecutions 16 under section 1030(a)(5) of title 18, United States 17 Code.".

(f) PROHIBITION.—Section 1030(a)(3) of title 18
United States Code, is amended by inserting "adversely"
before "affects the use of the Government's operation of
such computer".

TITLE XXVII—INTERNATIONAL PARENTAL KIDNAPPING

3 SEC. 2701. SHORT TITLE.

4 This subtitle may be cited as the "International Pa-5 rental Kidnapping Crime Act of 1993".

6 SEC. 2702. TITLE 18 AMENDMENT.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 55 (relating to kidnap8 ping) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by add9 ing at the end the following new section:

10 "§ 1204. International parental kidnapping

11 "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

12 "'child' means a person who has not attained13 the age of 16 years.

14 "'parental rights', with respect to a child,
15 means the right to physical custody of the child—
16 "(A) whether joint or sole (and includes
17 visiting rights); and

18 "(B) whether arising by operation of law,
19 court order, or legally binding agreement of the
20 parties.

"(b) OFFENSE.—A person who removes a child from
the United States or retains a child (who has been in the
United States) outside the United States with intent to
obstruct the lawful exercise of parental rights shall be

fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 3 years,
 or both.

3 "(c) AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES.—It shall be an af-4 firmative defense under this section that—

5 "(1) the defendant acted within the provisions 6 of a valid court order granting the defendant legal 7 custody or visitation rights, and that order was ob-8 tained pursuant to the Uniform Child Custody Ju-9 risdiction Act and was in effect at the time of the 10 offense;

11 "(2) the defendant was fleeing an incidence or12 pattern of domestic violence; or

"(3) the defendant had physical custody of the 13 child pursuant to a court order granting legal cus-14 tody or visitation rights and failed to return the 15 child as a result of circumstances beyond the defend-16 17 ant's control, and the defendant notified or made 18 reasonable attempts to notify the other parent or 19 lawful custodian of the child of such circumstances 20 within 24 hours after the visitation period had expired and returned the child as soon as possible. 21

"(d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—This section does
not detract from The Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Parental Child Abduction, done at
The Hague on October 25, 1980.".

(b) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.—It is the sense of 1 the Congress that, inasmuch as use of the procedures 2 under the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of Inter-3 national Parental Child Abduction has resulted in the re-4 turn of many children, those procedures, in circumstances 5 in which they are applicable, should be the option of first 6 7 choice for a parent who seeks the return of a child who has been removed from the parent. 8

9 (c) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis 10 for chapter 55 of title 18, United States Code, is amended 11 by adding at the end the following new item:

"1204. International parental kidnapping.".

12 SEC. 2703. STATE COURT PROGRAMS REGARDING INTER-

13STATE AND INTERNATIONAL PARENTAL14CHILD ABDUCTION.

There is authorized to be appropriated \$250,000 to carry out under the State Justice Institute Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10701 et seq.) national, regional, and in-State training and educational programs dealing with criminal and civil aspects of interstate and international parental child abduction.

21 TITLE XXVIII—SAFE SCHOOLS

22 **SEC. 2801. SHORT TITLE.**

This title may be cited as the "Safe Schools Act of1993".

1 SEC. 2802. SAFE SCHOOLS.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the Omnibus Crime
3 Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711
4 et seq.), as amended by section 1204(a), is amended—

5 (1) by redesignating part W as part X;

6 (2) by redesignating section 2301 as section 7 2401; and

8 (3) by inserting after part V the following new9 part:

10 **"PART W—SAFE SCHOOLS ASSISTANCE**

11 "SEC. 2301. GRANT AUTHORIZATION.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Bureau of
Justice Assistance, in consultation with the Secretary of
Education, may make grants to local educational agencies
for the purpose of providing assistance to such agencies
most directly affected by crime and violence.

17 "(b) MODEL PROJECT.—The Director, in consulta-18 tion with the Secretary of Education, shall develop a writ-19 ten safe schools model in English and in Spanish in a 20 timely fashion and make such model available to any local 21 educational agency that requests such information.

22 "SEC. 2302. USE OF FUNDS.

23 "Grants made by the Director under this part shall24 be used—

25 "(1) to fund anticrime and safety measures and
26 to develop education and training programs for the
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prevention of crime, violence, and illegal drugs and
 alcohol;

3 "(2) for counseling programs for victims of
4 crime within schools;

5 ''(3) for crime prevention equipment, including
6 metal detectors and video-surveillance devices; and

"(4) for the prevention and reduction of the
participation of young individuals in organized crime
and drug and gang-related activities in schools.

10 **"SEC. 2303. APPLICATIONS.**

"(a) IN GENERAL.—In order to be eligible to receive
a grant under this part for any fiscal year, a local educational agency shall submit an application to the Director
in such form and containing such information as the Director may reasonably require.

16 "(b) REQUIREMENTS.—Each application under sub-17 section (a) shall include—

18 ''(1) a request for funds for the purposes de-19 scribed in section 2302;

20 "(2) a description of the schools and commu21 nities to be served by the grant, including the nature
22 of the crime and violence problems within such
23 schools;

24 "(3) assurances that Federal funds received25 under this part shall be used to supplement, not

1	supplant, non-Federal funds that would otherwise be
2	available for activities funded under this part; and
3	"(4) statistical information in such form and
4	containing such information that the Director may
5	require regarding crime within schools served by
6	such local educational agency.
7	"(c) Comprehensive Plan.—Each application shall
8	include a comprehensive plan that shall contain—
9	((1) a description of the crime problems within
10	the schools targeted for assistance;
11	"(2) a description of the projects to be devel-
12	oped;
13	''(3) a description of the resources available in
14	the community to implement the plan together with
15	a description of the gaps in the plan that cannot be
16	filed with existing resources;
17	"(4) an explanation of how the requested grant
18	will be used to fill gaps;
19	''(5) a description of the system the applicant
20	will establish to prevent and reduce crime problems;
21	and
22	''(6) a description of educational materials to be
23	developed in Spanish.

3 "(a) ADMINISTRATIVE COST LIMITATION.—The Di-4 rector shall use not more than 5 percent of the funds avail-5 able under this part for the purposes of administration 6 and technical assistance.

7 "(b) RENEWAL OF GRANTS.—A grant under this 8 part may be renewed for up to 2 additional years after 9 the first fiscal year during which the recipient receives its 10 initial grant under this part, subject to the availability of 11 funds, if—

12 "(1) the Director determines that the funds
13 made available to the recipient during the previous
14 year were used in a manner required under the ap15 proved application; and

16 "(2) the Director determines that an additional
17 grant is necessary to implement the crime prevention
18 program described in the comprehensive plan as re19 quired by section 2303(c).

20 "SEC. 2305. AWARD OF GRANTS.

21 "(a) SELECTION OF RECIPIENTS.—The Director, in
22 consultation with the Secretary of Education, shall con23 sider the following factors in awarding grants to local edu24 cational agencies:

25 "(1) CRIME PROBLEM.—The nature and scope26 of the crime problem in the targeted schools.

"(2) NEED AND ABILITY.—Demonstrated need
 and evidence of the ability to provide the services de scribed in the plan required under section 2303(c).
 "(3) POPULATION.—The number of students to
 be served by the plan required under section
 2303(c).

7 "(b) GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION.—The Director
8 shall attempt, to the extent practicable, to achieve an equi9 table geographic distribution of grant awards.

10 "SEC. 2306. REPORTS.

11 "(a) REPORT TO DIRECTOR.—Local educational 12 agencies that receive funds under this part shall submit 13 to the Director a report not later than March 1 of each 14 year that describes progress achieved in carrying out the 15 plan required under section 2303(c).

"(b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Director shall 16 submit to the Committee on Education and Labor and the 17 Committee on the Judiciary a report by October 1 of each 18 year in which grants are made available under this part 19 which shall contain a detailed statement regarding grant 20 awards, activities of grant recipients, a compilation of sta-21 22 tistical information submitted by applicants under 2303(b)(4), and an evaluation of programs established 23 under this part. 24

1 "SEC. 2307. DEFINITIONS.

2

"For the purposes of this part:

3 "(1) The term 'Director' means the Director of4 the Bureau of Justice Assistance.

5 "(2) The term 'local educational agency' means a public board of education or other public authority 6 7 legally constituted within a State for either adminis-8 trative control or direction of, or to perform a serv-9 ice function for, public elementary and secondary 10 schools in a city, county, township, school district, or other political subdivision of a State, or such com-11 12 bination of school districts of counties as are recognized in a State as an administrative agency for its 13 14 public elementary and secondary schools. Such term 15 includes any other public institution or agency hav-16 ing administrative control and direction of a public 17 elementary or secondary school.".

(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets
Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711 et seq.), as amended by section 1204(b), is amended by striking the matter relating
to part W and inserting the following:

"PART W—SAFE SCHOOLS ASSISTANCE

"Sec. 2301. Grant authorization.

- "Sec. 2302. Use of funds.
- "Sec. 2303. Applications.
- "Sec. 2304. Allocation of funds; limitations on grants.
- "Sec. 2305. Award of grants.
- "Sec. 2306. Reports.

"Sec. 2307. Definitions.

"PART X—TRANSITION; EFFECTIVE DATE; REPEALER "Sec. 2401. Continuation of rules, authorities, and proceedings.".

(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section
 1001(a) of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets
 Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3793), as amended by section
 1204(d), is amended—

5 (1) in paragraph (3) by striking "and V" and 6 inserting "V, and W"; and

7 (2) by adding at the end the following new8 paragraph:

9 "(17) There are authorized to be appropriated to 10 carry out projects under part U \$100,000,000 for each 11 of fiscal years 1994, 1995, and 1996.".

12 TITLE XXIX—MISCELLANEOUS

13 Subtitle A—Increases in Penalties

14 SEC. 2901. INCREASED PENALTIES FOR ASSAULT.

15 (a) CERTAIN OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.—Section
16 111 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a) by inserting ", where the
acts in violation of this section constitute only simple
assault, be fined under this title or imprisoned not
more than one year, or both, and in all other cases,"
after "shall";

(2) in subsection (b) by inserting "or inflictsbodily injury" after "weapon".

1	(b) Foreign Officials, Official Guests, and
2	INTERNATIONALLY PROTECTED PERSONS.—Section
3	112(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
4	(1) by striking ''not more than \$5,000'' and in-
5	serting ''under this title'';
6	(2) by inserting '', or inflicts bodily injury,''
7	after ''weapon''; and
8	(3) by striking ''not more than \$10,000'' and
9	inserting ''under this title''.
10	(c) Maritime and Territorial Jurisdiction.—
11	Section 113 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
12	(1) in subsection (c)—
13	(A) by striking ''of not more than \$1,000''
14	and inserting ''under this title''; and
15	(B) by striking "five" and inserting "ten";
16	and
17	(2) in subsection (e)—
18	(A) by striking ''of not more than \$300''
19	and inserting ''under this title''; and
20	(B) by striking ''three'' and inserting
21	''six''.
22	(d) Congress, Cabinet, or Supreme Court.—
23	Section 351(e) of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
24	ed—

1	(1) by striking ''not more than \$5,000,'' and in-
2	serting ''under this title,'';
3	(2) by inserting ''the assault involved in the use
4	of a dangerous weapon, or'' after ''if'';
5	(3) by striking ''not more than \$10,000'' and
6	inserting ''under this title''; and
7	(4) by striking ''for''.
8	(e) President and President's Staff.—Section
9	1751(e) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
10	(1) by striking ''not more than \$10,000,'' both
11	places it appears and inserting ''under this title,'';
12	(2) by striking ''not more than \$5,000,'' and in-
13	serting ''under this title,''; and
14	(3) by inserting ''the assault involved the use of
15	a dangerous weapon, or" after "if".
16	SEC. 2902. INCREASED PENALTIES FOR MANSLAUGHTER.
17	Section 1112 of title 18, United States Code, is
18	amended—
19	(1) in subsection (b)—
20	(A) by inserting "fined under this title or"
21	after "shall be" in the first undesignated para-
22	graph; and
23	(B) by inserting '', or both'' after ''years'';
24	(2) by striking ''not more than \$1,000'' and in-
25	serting ''under this title''; and

110
(3) by striking "three" and inserting "six".
SEC. 2903. INCREASED PENALTIES FOR CIVIL RIGHTS VIO-
LATIONS.
(a) Conspiracy Against Rights.—Section 241 of
title 18, United States Code, is amended—
(1) by striking ''not more than \$10,000'' and
inserting ''under this title'';
(2) by inserting ''from the acts committed in
violation of this section or if such acts include kid-
napping or an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual
abuse or an attempt to commit aggravated sexual
abuse, or an attempt to kill" after "results";
(3) by striking ''subject to imprisonment'' and
inserting ''fined under this title or imprisoned''; and
(4) by inserting ", or both" after "life".
(b) DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS.—Section 242 of title
18, United States Code, is amended—
(1) by striking ''more more than \$1,000'' and
inserting "under this title";
(2) by inserting "from the acts committed in
violation of this section or if such acts include the
use, attempted use, or threatened use of a dangerous
weapon, explosives, or fire," after "bodily injury re-
sults'';

1	(3) by inserting "from the acts committed in
2	violation of this section or if such acts include kid-
3	napping or an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual
4	abuse, or an attempt to commit aggravated sexual
5	abuse, or an attempt to kill, shall be fined under this
6	title, or" after "death results";
7	(4) by striking "shall be subject to imprison-
8	ment" and inserting "imprisoned"; and
9	(5) by inserting ", or both" after "life".
10	(c) Federally Protected Activities.—Section
11	245(b) of title 18, United States Code, is amended in the
12	matter following paragraph (5)—
13	(1) by striking "not more than \$1,000" and in-
14	serting ''under this title'';
15	(2) by inserting "from the acts committed in
16	violation of this section or if such acts include the
17	use, attempted use, or threatened use of a dangerous
18	weapon, explosives, or fire" after "bodily injury re-
19	sults;
20	(3) by striking ''not more than \$10,000'' and
21	inserting ''under this title'';
22	(4) by inserting "from the acts committed in
23	violation of this section or if such acts include kid-
24	napping or an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual

1	abuse or an attempt to commit aggravated sexual
2	abuse, or an attempt to kill," after "death results";
3	(5) by striking ''subject to imprisonment'' and
4	inserting ''fined under this title or imprisoned''; and
5	(6) by inserting '', or both'' after ''life''.
6	(d) DAMAGE TO RELIGIOUS PROPERTY.—Section
7	247 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
8	(1) in subsection $(c)(1)$ by inserting "from acts
9	committed in violation of this section or if such acts
10	include kidnapping or an attempt to kidnap, aggra-
11	vated sexual abuse or an attempt to commit aggra-
12	vated sexual abuse, or an attempt to kill'' after
13	"death results";
14	(2) in subsection $(c)(2)$ —
15	(A) by striking ''serious''; and
16	(B) by inserting ''from the acts committed
17	in violation of this section or if such acts in-
18	clude the use, attempted use, or threatened use
19	of a dangerous weapon, explosives, or fire''
20	after "bodily injury results"; and
21	(3) by amending subsection (e) to read as fol-
22	lows:
23	''(e) As used in this section, the term 'religious prop-
24	erty' means any church, synagogue, mosque, religious
25	cemetery, or other religious property.".

(e) FAIR HOUSING ACT.—Section 901 of the Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3631) is amended—

3 (1) in the caption by striking "bodily injury;
4 death;";

5 (2) by striking "not more than \$1,000," and in6 serting "under this title";

7 (3) by inserting "from the acts committed in 8 violation of this section or if such acts include the 9 use, attempted use, or threatened use of a dangerous 10 weapon, explosives, or fire" after "bodily injury re-11 sults";

12 (4) by striking "not more than \$10,000," and
13 inserting "under this title";

(5) by inserting "from the acts committed in 14 violation of this section or if such acts include kid-15 16 napping or an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual 17 abuse or an attempt to commit aggravated sexual 18 abuse, or an attempt to kill," after "death results"; 19 (6) by striking "subject to imprisonment" and 20 inserting "fined under this title or imprisoned"; and (7) by inserting ", or both" after "life". 21

22 SEC. 2904. INCREASED PENALTIES FOR TRAFFICKING IN 23 COUNTERFEIT GOODS AND SERVICES.

24 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2320(a) of title 18, Unit25 ed States Code, is amended—

1

2

(1) in the first sentence by striking "imprisoned
 not more than five years" and inserting "imprisoned
 not more than 10 years"; and

4 (2) in the second sentence by striking "impris5 oned not more than fifteen years" and inserting
6 "imprisoned not more than 20 years".

7 (b) LAUNDERING MONETARY INSTRUMENTS.—Sec-8 tion 1956(c)(7)(D) of title 18, United States Code, is 9 amended by striking "or section 2319 (relating to copy-10 right infringement)," and inserting "section 2319 (relat-11 ing to copyright infringement), or section 2320 (relating 12 to trafficking in counterfeit goods and services),".

13 SEC. 2905. INCREASED PENALTY FOR CONSPIRACY TO COM14 MIT MURDER FOR HIRE.

Section 1958(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
amended by inserting "or who conspires to do so" before
"shall be fined" the first place it appears.

18 SEC. 2906. INCREASED PENALTIES FOR TRAVEL ACT VIOLA-

19 **TIONS.**

Section 1952(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "and thereafter performs or attempts to perform any of the acts specified in subparagraphs (1), (2), and (3), shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both" and inserting "and thereafter performs or attempts to perform (A) any of the acts described in paragraphs (1) and (3) shall be
 fined under this title, imprisoned for not more than 5
 years, or both, or (B) any of the acts described in para graph (2) shall be fined under this title, imprisoned for
 not more than 20 years, or both, and if death results shall
 be imprisoned for any term of years or for life''.

7 Subtitle B—Extension of 8 Protection of Civil Rights Statutes

9 SEC. 2911. EXTENSION OF PROTECTION OF CIVIL RIGHTS

10 **STATUTES.**

(a) CONSPIRACY AGAINST RIGHTS.—Section 241 of
title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "inhabitant of" and inserting "person in".

14 (b) DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER COLOR OF
15 LAW.—Section 242 of title 18, United States Code, is
16 amended—

17 (1) by striking "inhabitant of" and inserting18 "person in"; and

19 (2) by striking "such inhabitant" and inserting20 "such person".

Subtitle C—Audit and Report 1 2 SEC. 2921. AUDIT REQUIREMENT FOR STATE AND LOCAL 3 LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES RECEIVING 4 FEDERAL ASSET FORFEITURE FUNDS. 5 (a) STATE REQUIREMENT.—Section 524(c)(7) of title 28, United States Code, is amended to read as fol-6 7 lows: "(7)(A) The Fund shall be subject to annual 8 9 audit by the Comptroller General. "(B) The Attorney General shall require that 10 any State or local law enforcement agency receiving 11 12 funds conduct an annual audit detailing the uses and expenses to which the funds were dedicated and 13 14 the amount used for each use or expense and report 15 the results of the audit to the Attorney General.". 16 (b) INCLUSION IN ATTORNEY GENERAL'S REPORT.— Section 524(c)(6)(C) of title 28, United States Code, is 17 amended by adding at the end the following flush sen-18 tence: "The report should also contain all annual audit 19 reports from State and local law enforcement agencies re-20 quired to be reported to the Attorney General under sub-21 22 paragraph (B) of paragraph (7).".

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1 SEC. 2922. REPORT TO CONGRESS ON ADMINISTRATIVE 2 AND CONTRACTING EXPENSES. 3 Section 524(c)(6) of title 28, United States Code, is 4 amended— (1) by striking "and" at the end of subpara-5 graph (B); 6 (2) by striking the period at the end of sub-7 paragraph (C) and inserting "; and"; and 8 (3) by adding at the end the following new sub-9 10 paragraph: "(D) a report for such fiscal year containing a 11 12 description of the administrative and contracting expenses paid from the Fund under paragraph 13 (1)(A).". 14 Subtitle D—Gambling 15 SEC. 2931. CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD INFORMATION FOR 16 17 THE ENFORCEMENT OF LAWS RELATING TO 18 GAMING. 19 A State gaming enforcement office located within a State Attorney General's office may obtain from the Inter-20 state Identification Index of the FBI criminal history 21 22 record information for licensing purposes through an authorized criminal justice agency. 23

1	SEC. 2932. CLARIFYING AMENDMENT REGARDING SCOPE
2	OF PROHIBITION AGAINST GAMBLING ON
3	SHIPS IN INTERNATIONAL WATERS.
4	(a) The first paragraph of section 1081 of title 18,
5	United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
6	following: "Such term does not include a vessel with re-

7 spect to gambling aboard such vessel beyond the territorial waters of the United States during a covered voyage (as 8 defined in section 4472 of the Internal Revenue Code of 9 1986 in effect as of September 21, 1993).". 10

Subtitle E—White Collar Crime 11 Amendments 12

SEC. 2941. RECEIVING THE PROCEEDS OF EXTORTION OR 13

14 **KIDNAPPING.**

(a) PROCEEDS OF EXTORTION.—Chapter 41 of title 15 18, United States Code, is amended— 16

(1) by adding at the end the following new sec-17 18 tion:

19 "§ 880. Receiving the proceeds of extortion

20 "A person who receives, possesses, conceals, or disposes of any money or other property which was obtained 21 from the commission of any offense under this chapter 22 that is punishable by imprisonment for more than 1 year, 23 knowing the same to have been unlawfully obtained, shall 24 be imprisoned not more than 3 years, fined under this 25 26 title, or both."; and

	410
1	(2) in the table of sections, by adding at the
2	end the following new item:
	"880. Receiving the proceeds of extortion.".
3	(b) RANSOM MONEY.—Section 1202 of title 18, Unit-
4	ed States Code, is amended—
5	(1) by designating the existing matter as sub-
6	section "(a)"; and
7	(2) by adding the following new subsections:
8	"(b) A person who transports, transmits, or transfers
9	in interstate or foreign commerce any proceeds of a kid-
10	napping punishable under State law by imprisonment for
11	more than 1 year, or receives, possesses, conceals, or dis-
12	poses of any such proceeds after they have crossed a State
13	or United States boundary, knowing the proceeds to have
14	been unlawfully obtained, shall be imprisoned not more
15	than 10 years, fined under this title, or both.
16	"(c) For purposes of this section, the term 'State' has
17	the meaning set forth in section 245(d) of this title.".
18	SEC. 2942. RECEIVING THE PROCEEDS OF A POSTAL ROB-
19	BERY.
20	Section 2114 of title 18, United States Code, is
21	amended—
22	(1) by designating the existing matter as sub-
23	section (a); and
24	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
25	section:

"(b) A person who receives, possesses, conceals, or
 disposes of any money or other property which has been
 obtained in violation of this section, knowing the same to
 have been unlawfully obtained, shall be imprisoned not
 more than 10 years, fined under this title, or both.".
 SEC. 2943. CONFORMING ADDITION TO OBSTRUCTION OF

6 SEC. 2943. CONFORMING ADDITION TO OBSTRUCTION OF7CIVIL INVESTIGATIVE DEMAND STATUTE.

8 Section 1505 of title 18, United States Code, is 9 amended by inserting "section 1968 of this title, section 10 3733 of title 31, United States Code or" before "the Anti-11 trust Civil Process Act".

 12 SEC. 2944. CONFORMING ADDITION OF PREDICATE OF

 13
 FENSES TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS RE

 14
 WARDS STATUTE.

15 Section 3059A of title 18, United States Code, is16 amended—

17 (1) by inserting "225," after "215";

18 (2) by striking "or" before "1344"; and

19 (3) by inserting ", or 1517" after "1344".

20 SEC. 2945. DEFINITION OF SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIA-

21

TION IN BANK ROBBERY STATUTE.

22 Section 2113 of title 18, United States Code, is 23 amended by adding at the end the following:

24 "(h) As used in this section, the term 'savings and 25 loan association' means (1) any Federal savings association or State savings association (as defined in section
 3(b) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 12 U.S.C.
 1813(b)) having accounts insured by the Federal Deposit
 Insurance Corporation, and (2) any corporation described
 in section 3(b)(1)(C) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act
 (12 U.S.C. 1813(b)(1)(C)) which is operating under the
 laws of the United States.".

8 SEC. 2946. CONFORMING DEFINITION OF "1-YEAR PERIOD" 9 IN 18 U.S.C. 1516.

10 Section 1516(b) of title 18, United States Code, is 11 amended—

(1) by inserting "(i)" before "the term"; and
(2) by inserting before the period the following:
", and (ii) the term 'in any 1 year period' has the
meaning given to the term 'in any 1-year period' in
section 666 of this title.".

Subtitle F—Safer Streets and Neighborhoods

19 **SEC. 2951. SHORT TITLE.**

20 This subtitle may be cited as the "Safer Streets and21 Neighborhoods Act of 1993".

22 SEC. 2952. LIMITATION ON GRANT DISTRIBUTION.

(a) AMENDMENT.—Section 510(b) of title I of the
Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42)

U.S.C. 3760(b)) is amended by inserting "non-Federal"
 after "with".

3 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by4 subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 1993.

5 Subtitle G—Other Provisions

6 SEC. 2961. OPTIONAL VENUE FOR ESPIONAGE AND RELAT-

7 **ED OFFENSES**.

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 211 of title 18, United
9 States Code, is amended by inserting after section 3238
10 the following new section:

11 "§ 3239. Optional venue for espionage and related of12 fenses

13 "The trial for any offense involving a violation, begun
14 or committed upon the high seas or elsewhere out of the
15 jurisdiction of any particular State or district, of—

16 "(1) section 793, 794, 798, or section
17 1030(a)(1) of this title;

18 ''(2) section 601 of the National Security Act of
19 1947 (50 U.S.C. 421); or

20 "(3) section 4(b) or 4(c) of the Subversive Ac21 tivities Control Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 783 (b) or
22 (c));

23 may be in the District of Columbia or in any other district24 authorized by law.".

1 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The item relating to 2 section 3239 in the table of sections of chapter 211 of 3 title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as fol-4 lows:

"3239. Optional venue for espionage and related offense.".

5 SEC. 2962. UNDERCOVER OPERATIONS.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 1 of title 18, United
7 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow8 ing new section:

9 "§21. Stolen or counterfeit nature of property for 10 certain crimes defined

11 "(a) Wherever in this title it is an element of an of-12 fense that—

13 "(1) any property was embezzled, robbed, sto14 len, converted, taken, altered, counterfeited, falsely
15 made, forged, or obliterated; and

16 "(2) the defendant knew that the property was17 of such character;

18 such element may be established by proof that the defend-19 ant, after or as a result of an official representation as 20 to the nature of the property, believed the property to be 21 embezzled, robbed, stolen, converted, taken, altered, coun-22 terfeited, falsely made, forged, or obliterated.

23 "(b) For purposes of this section, the term 'official
24 representation' means any representation made by a Fed25 eral law enforcement officer (as defined in section 115)

or by another person at the direction or with the approval
 of such an officer.".

3 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
4 of chapter 1 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
5 by adding at the end the following new item:

"21. Stolen or counterfeit nature of property for certain crimes defined.".

6 SEC. 2963. UNDERCOVER OPERATIONS—CHURNING.

7 Section 7601(c)(3) of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of
8 1988 (relating to effective date) is amended to read as
9 follows:

10 "(3) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments
11 made by this subsection shall take effect on the date
12 of the enactment of this Act and shall cease to apply
13 after December 31, 1994.".

14 SEC. 2964. REPORT ON BATTERED WOMEN'S SYNDROME.

(a) REPORT.—Not less than 1 year after the date of 15 enactment of this Act, the Attorney General and the Sec-16 retary of Health and Human Services shall transmit to 17 the Congress a report on the medical and psychological 18 basis of "battered women's syndrome" and on the extent 19 to which evidence of the syndrome has been held to be 20 21admissible as evidence of guilt or as a defense in a criminal trial. 22

23 (b) COMPONENTS OF THE REPORT.—The report de-24 scribed in subsection (a) shall include—

(1) medical and psychological testimony on the 1 2 validity of battered women's syndrome as a psychological condition; 3 (2) a compilation of State and Federal court 4 5 cases that have admitted evidence of battered women's syndrome as evidence of guilt as a defense in 6 criminal trials; and 7 8 (3) an assessment by State and Federal judges, prosecutors, and defense attorneys on the effects 9 that evidence of battered women's syndrome may 10 11 have in criminal trials. 12 SEC. 2965. WIRETAPS. 13 Section 2511(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— 14 (1) by striking "or" at the end of paragraph 15 (c); 16 17 (2) by inserting "or" at the end of paragraph 18 (d); and19 (3) by adding after paragraph (d) the following 20 new paragraph: "(e)(i) intentionally discloses, or endeavors to 21 22 disclose, to any other person the contents of any 23 wire, oral, or electronic communication, intercepted by means authorized by sections 2511(2)(A)(ii), 24 25 2511(b)-(c), 2511(e), 2516, and 2518 of this sub-

chapter, (ii) knowing or having reason to know that 1 2 the information was obtained through the interception of such a communication in connection with a 3 4 criminal investigation, (iii) having obtained or re-5 ceived the information in connection with a criminal investigation, (iv) with intent to improperly obstruct, 6 7 impede, or interfere with a duly authorized criminal investigation,". 8

9 SEC. 2966. THEFT OF MAJOR ARTWORK.

(a) OFFENSE.—Chapter 31 of title 18, United States
Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new
section:

13 **"§668. Theft of major artwork**

14 "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

15 "'museum' means an organized and permanent
16 institution, the activities of which affect interstate or
17 foreign commerce, that—

18 "(A) is situated in the United States;

19 "(B) is established for an essentially edu-20 cational or aesthetic purpose;

21 "(C) has a professional staff; and

22 ''(D) owns, utilizes, and cares for tangible
23 objects that are exhibited to the public on a
24 regular schedule.

1	'' 'object of cultural heritage' means an object of
2	art or cultural significance that is registered with
3	the International Foundation for Art Research or an
4	equivalent registry.".
5	"(b) OFFENSES.—A person who—
б	"(1) steals or obtains by fraud from the care,
7	custody, or control of a museum any object of cul-
8	tural heritage; or
9	''(2) knowing that an object of cultural heritage
10	has been stolen or obtained by fraud, if in fact the
11	object was stolen or obtained from the care, custody,
12	or control of a museum (whether or not that fact is
13	known to the person), receives, conceals, exhibits, or
14	disposes of the object,
15	shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than
16	10 years, or both.".
17	(b) Forfeiture.—
18	(1) CIVIL.—Section 981(a)(1)(C) of title 18,
19	United States Code, is amended by inserting "668,"
20	after ''657,''.
21	(2) CRIMINAL.—Section $982(a)(2)$ of title 18,
22	United States Code, is amended by inserting "668,"
23	after ''545''.

(c) PERIOD OF LIMITATION.—Chapter 213 of title
 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
 the following new section:

4 "§ 3294. Theft of major artwork

5 "No person shall be prosecuted, tried, or punished 6 for a violation of or conspiracy to violate section 668 un-7 less the indictment is returned or the information is filed 8 within 20 years after the commission of the offense.".

9 (d) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—

10 (1) CHAPTER 31.—The chapter analysis for 11 chapter 31 of title 18, United States Code, is 12 amended by adding at the end the following new 13 item:

"668. Theft of major artwork.".

14 (2) CHAPTER 213.—The chapter analysis for
15 chapter 31 of title 18, United States Code, is
16 amended by adding at the end the following new
17 item:

"3294. Theft of major artwork.".

18 SEC. 2967. BALANCE IN THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM.

19 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

20 (1) an adequately supported Federal judiciary
21 is essential to the enforcement of law and order in
22 the United States,

23 (2) section 331 of title 28 provides in pertinent
24 part that the Chief Justice shall submit to Congress

 an annual report of the proceedings of the Judie Conference and its recommendations for legislations (3) in 1990, in response to the recommendations of the Judicial Conference for additional jude ships, Congress enacted legislation creating 85 are tional judgeships with an effective date of Decemption 1, 1990, (4) only 1 of these vacancies has been filled, 	on, da- ge- ldi-
 3 (3) in 1990, in response to the recomment 4 tions of the Judicial Conference for additional judicial 5 ships, Congress enacted legislation creating 85 actional judgeships with an effective date of December 1, 1990, 8 (4) only 1 of these vacancies has been filled, 	da- ge- ldi-
 4 tions of the Judicial Conference for additional jud 5 ships, Congress enacted legislation creating 85 ac 6 tional judgeships with an effective date of Decem 7 1, 1990, 8 (4) only 1 of these vacancies has been filled, 	ge- ldi-
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 tional judgeships with an effective date of Decem 1, 1990, (4) only 1 of these vacancies has been filled, 	
 7 1, 1990, 8 (4) only 1 of these vacancies has been filled, 	ber
8 (4) only 1 of these vacancies has been filled,	
·	
9 (5) during the current administration, it	has
10 taken an average of 502 days from the time a jud	ge-
11 ship becomes vacant until such vacancy is filled,	
12 (6) the enactment of legislation providing ac	ldi-
13 tional funding for the investigation and prosecut	ion
14 facets of the criminal justice system has a direct a	and
15 positive impact on the needs and workload of	the
16 Judiciary, which is already severely overloaded w	vith
17 criminal cases,	
18 (7) recommendations by the Judicial C	on-
19 ference for the filling of judicial vacancies are of	ur-
20 rently made on the basis of historical data alone,	
21 (8) the General Accounting Office, pursuant	to
the 1988 Anti-Drug Abuse Act, has developed	la
computer model that measures the potential effect	t of
fiscal increases on one or more parts of the crimi	nal
25 justice system on the Judiciary,	

1 (9) the General Accounting Office has estab-2 lished that an increase in the resources allocated to 3 the investigative and prosecutorial parts of the 4 criminal justice system, brings about an increase in 5 the number of criminal cases filed, which in turn 6 adds to the need for additional judgeships,

7 (10) the allocation of resources to portions of 8 the Federal criminal justice system other than the 9 Judiciary contributes to the need for additional 10 judgeships that cannot be anticipated by the use of 11 historical data alone, and

(11) the use of historical data alone, because of
its inability to project the need for additional judgeships attributable to the increase in criminal caseload adds to the delay in meeting the needs of the
Judiciary.

17 (b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that the Judicial Conference should be encouraged 18 to make its recommendations to Congress for additional 19 judgeships utilizing historical data and a workload esti-20 21 mate model designed to anticipate an increase in criminal filings resulting from increased funding in one or more 22 components of the Federal criminal justice system, and 23 24 to take into account the time expended in the appointive and confirmation process. 25

1 SEC. 2968. MISUSE OF INITIALS "DEA".

2 (a) AMENDMENT.—Section 709 of title 18, United
3 States Code, is amended—

4 (1) in the thirteenth unnumbered paragraph by 5 striking "words—" and inserting "words; or"; and

6 (2) by inserting after the thirteenth unnum-7 bered paragraph the following new paragraph:

8 "A person who, except with the written permission of the Administrator of the Drug Enforcement Adminis-9 tration, knowingly uses the words 'Drug Enforcement Ad-10 ministration' or the initials 'DEA' or any colorable imita-11 tion of such words or initials, in connection with any ad-12 vertisement, circular, book, pamphlet, software or other 13 publication, play, motion picture, broadcast, telecast, or 14 other production, in a manner reasonably calculated to 15 convey the impression that such advertisement, circular, 16 book, pamphlet, software or other publication, play, mo-17 tion picture, broadcast, telecast, or other production is ap-18 19 proved, endorsed, or authorized by the Drug Enforcement 20 Administration;".

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by
subsection (a) shall become effective on the date that is
90 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

 1
 SEC. 2969. ADDITION OF ATTEMPTED ROBBERY, KIDNAP

 2
 PING, SMUGGLING, AND PROPERTY DAMAGE

 3
 OFFENSES TO ELIMINATE INCONSISTENCIES

 4
 AND GAPS IN COVERAGE.

5 (a) ROBBERY AND BURGLARY.—(1) Section 2111 of
6 title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting "or
7 attempts to take" after "takes".

8 (2) Section 2112 of title 18, United States Code, is
9 amended by inserting "or attempts to rob" after "robs".
10 (3) Section 2114 of title 18, United States Code, is
11 amended by inserting "or attempts to rob" after "robs".

12 (b) KIDNAPPING.—Section 1201(d) of title 18, Unit-13 ed States Code, is amended by striking "Whoever at-14 tempts to violate subsection (a)(4) or (a)(5)" and insert-15 ing "Whoever attempts to violate subsection (a)".

16 (c) SMUGGLING.—Section 545 of title 18, United 17 States Code, is amended by inserting "or attempts to 18 smuggle or clandestinely introduce" after "smuggles, or 19 clandestinely introduces".

20 (d) MALICIOUS MISCHIEF.—(1) Section 1361 of title
21 18, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by inserting "or attempts to commit any of
the foregoing offenses" before "shall be punished",
and

(B) by inserting "or attempted damage" after
"damage" each place it appears.

(2) Section 1362 of title 18, United States Code, is
 amended by inserting "or attempts willfully or maliciously
 to injure or destroy" after "willfully or maliciously injures
 or destroys".

5 (3) Section 1366 of title 18, United States Code, is 6 amended—

7 (A) by inserting "or attempts to damage" after
8 "damages" each place it appears;

9 (B) by inserting "or attempts to cause" after 10 "causes"; and

(C) by inserting "or would if the attempted offense had been completed have exceeded" after "exceeds" each place it appears.

14 SEC. 2970. DEFINITION OF LIVESTOCK.

15 Section 2311 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the second paragraph relating 16 to the definition of "cattle" the following new paragraph: 17 18 "'Livestock' means any domestic animals raised for home use, consumption, or profit, such as horses, pigs, 19 20 goats, fowl, sheep, and cattle, or the carcasses thereof.". 21 SEC. 2971. EXTENSION OF STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS FOR 22 ARSON.

23 Section 844(i) of title 18, United States Code, is 24 amended by adding at the end the following: "No person 25 shall be prosecuted, tried, or punished for any noncapital

offense under this subsection unless the indictment is 1 found or the information is instituted within 10 years 2 after the date on which the offense was committed.". 3 TITLE XXX—TECHNICAL 4 CORRECTIONS 5 SEC. 3001. AMENDMENTS RELATING TO FEDERAL FINAN-6 7 CIAL ASSISTANCE FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT. 8 (a) CROSS REFERENCE CORRECTIONS.—(1) Section 506 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe 9 Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3756) is amended— 10 (1) in subsection (a) by striking "Of" and in-11 serting "Subject to subsection (f), of", 12 (2) in subsection (c) by striking "subsections 13 (b) and (c)" and inserting "subsection (b)", 14 (3) in subsection (e) by striking "or (e)" and 15 inserting "or (f)", 16 17 (4) in subsection (f)(1)— 18 (A) in subparagraph (A)— 19 (i) by striking ", taking into consider-20 ation subsection (e) but", and 21 (ii) by striking "this subsection," and inserting "this subsection", and 22 in subparagraph (B) by striking 23 (B) "amount" and inserting "funds". 24

(b) CORRECTIONAL OPTIONS GRANTS.—(1) Section
 515(b) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
 Streets Act of 1968 is amended—

4 (A) by striking "subsection (a)(1) and (2)" and 5 inserting "paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection 6 (a)", and

7 (B) in paragraph (2) by striking "States" and8 inserting "public agencies".

9 (2) Section 516 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Con10 trol and Safe Streets Act of 1968 is amended—

(A) in subsection (a) by striking "for section"
each place it appears and inserting "shall be used to
make grants under section", and

(B) in subsection (b) by striking "section
515(a)(1) or (a)(3)" and inserting "paragraph (1)
or (3) of section 515(a)".

17 (c) DENIAL OR TERMINATION OF GRANT.—Section
18 802(b) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
19 Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3783(b)) is amended by
20 striking "M,," and inserting "M,".

(d) DEFINITIONS.—Section 901(a)(21) of title I of
the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968
(42 U.S.C. 3791(21)) is amended by adding a semicolon
at the end.

1	(e) Public Safety Officers Disability Bene-
2	FITS.—Title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
3	Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796) is amended—
4	(1) in section 1201—
5	(A) in subsection (a) by striking ''sub-
6	section (g)" and inserting "subsection (h),",
7	and
8	(B) in subsection (b)—
9	(i) by striking ''subsection (g)'' and
10	inserting "subsection (h)",
11	(ii) by striking ''personal'', and
12	(iii) in the first proviso by striking
13	"section" and inserting "subsection", and
14	(2) in section 1204(3) by striking "who was re-
15	sponding to a fire, rescue or police emergency".
16	(f) HEADINGS.—(1) The heading for part M of title
17	I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of
18	1968 (42 U.S.C. 3797) is amended to read as follows:
19	"PART M—REGIONAL INFORMATION SHARING SYSTEMS".
20	(2) The heading for part O of title I of the Omnibus
21	Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C.
22	3797) is amended to read as follows:
23	"PART O—RURAL DRUG ENFORCEMENT".
24	(g) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of
25	title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act
26	of 1968 is amended—

1	(1) in the item relating to section 501 by strik-
2	ing "Drug Control and System Improvement Grant"
3	and inserting ''drug control and system improvement
4	grant'',
5	(2) in the item relating to section 1403 by
6	striking "Application" and inserting "Applications",
7	and
8	(3) in the items relating to part O by redesig-
9	nating sections 1401 and 1402 as sections 1501 and
10	1502, respectively.
11	(h) Other Technical Amendments.—Title I of
12	the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968
13	is amended—
14	(1) in section $202(c)(2)(E)$ by striking
15	"crime,," and inserting "crime,",
16	(2) in section $302(c)(19)$ by striking a period at
17	the end and inserting a semicolon,
18	(3) in section $602(a)(1)$ by striking "chapter
19	315" and inserting "chapter 319",
20	(4) in section $603(a)(6)$ by striking "605" and
21	inserting ''606'',
22	(5) in section 605 by striking "this section"
23	and inserting "this part",
24	(6) in section 606(b) by striking "and Statis-
25	tics" and inserting "Statistics",

	430
	(7) in section 801(b)—
	(A) by striking ''parts D,'' and inserting
	''parts'',
	(B) by striking ''part D'' each place it ap-
	pears and inserting ''subpart 1 of part E'',
	(C) by striking ''403(a)'' and inserting
	''501'', and
	(D) by striking ''403'' and inserting
	·''503'',
	(8) in the first sentence of section 802(b) by
st	riking ''part D,'' and inserting ''subpart 1 of part
E	or under part",
	(9) in the second sentence of section 804(b) by
st	riking ''Prevention or'' and inserting ''Prevention,
01	ç'',
	(10) in section 808 by striking ''408, 1308,''
a	nd inserting ''507'',
	(11) in section 809(c)(2)(H) by striking "805"
a	nd inserting ''804'',
	(12) in section 811(e) by striking "Law En-
fc	prcement Assistance Administration" and inserting

22 "Bureau of Justice Assistance",

23 (13) in section 901(a)(3) by striking "and,"24 and inserting ", and",

(14) in section 1001(c) by striking "parts" and
 inserting "part".

3 (i) CONFORMING AMENDMENT TO OTHER LAW.— 4 Section 4351(b) of title 18, United States Code, is amend-5 ed by striking "Administrator of the Law Enforcement 6 Assistance Administration" and inserting "Director of the 7 Bureau of Justice Assistance".

8 SEC. 3002. GENERAL TITLE 18 CORRECTIONS.

9 (a) SECTION 1031.—Section 1031(g)(2) of title 18,
10 United States Code, is amended by striking "a govern11 ment" and inserting "a Government".

(b) SECTION 208.—Section 208(c)(1) of title 18,
United States Code, is amended by striking "Banks" and
inserting "banks".

15 (c) SECTION 1007.—The heading for section 1007 of 16 title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking 17 "Transactions" and inserting "transactions" in lieu there-18 of.

(d) SECTION 1014.—Section 1014 of title 18, United
States Code, is amended by striking the comma which follows a comma.

(e) ELIMINATION OF OBSOLETE CROSS REF23 ERENCE.—Section 3293 of title 18, United States Code,
24 is amended by striking "1008,".

(f) ELIMINATION OF DUPLICATE SUBSECTION DES IGNATION.—Section 1031 of title 18, United States Code,
 is amended by redesignating the second subsection (g) as
 subsection (h).

5 (g) CLERICAL AMENDMENT TO PART I TABLE OF 6 CHAPTERS.—The item relating to chapter 33 in the table 7 of chapters for part I of title 18, United States Code, is 8 amended by striking "701" and inserting "700".

9 (h) AMENDMENT TO SECTION 924(a)(1)(b).—Section
10 924(a)(1)(B) of title 18, United States Code, is amended
11 by striking "(q)" and inserting "(r)".

(i) AMENDMENT TO SECTION 3143.—The last sentence of section 3143(b) of title 18, United States Code,
is amended by striking "(b)(2)(D)" and inserting
"(1)(B)(iv)".

16 (j) AMENDMENT TO TABLE OF CHAPTERS.—The 17 table of chapters at the beginning of part I of title 18, 18 United States Code, is amended by striking the item relat-19 ing to the chapter 113A added by section 132 of Public 20 Law 102–27, but subsequently repealed.

21 (k) PUNCTUATION CORRECTION.—Section
22 207(c)(2)(A)(ii) of title 18, United States Code, is amend23 ed by striking the semicolon at the end and inserting a
24 comma.

 (l) TABLE OF CONTENTS CORRECTION.—The table
 of contents for chapter 223 of title 18, United States
 Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "3509. Child Victims' and child witnesses' rights.".

4 (m) ELIMINATION OF SUPERFLUOUS COMMA.—Sec5 tion 3742(b) of title 18, United States Code, is amended
6 by striking "Government," and inserting "Government".
7 SEC. 3003. CORRECTIONS OF ERRONEOUS CROSS REF8 ERENCES AND MISDESIGNATIONS.

9 (a) SECTION 1791 OF TITLE 18.—Section 1791(b) 10 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking 11 ''(c)'' each place it appears and inserting ''(d)''.

12 SECTION (b) 1956 18.—Section OF TITLE 1956(c)(7)(D) of title 18, United States Code, is amended 13 by striking "section 1822 of the Mail Order Drug Para-14 phernalia Control Act (100 Stat. 3207-51; 21 U.S.C. 15 857)" and inserting "section 422 of the Controlled Sub-16 stances Act (21 U.S.C. 863)". 17

(c) SECTION 2703 OF TITLE 18.—Section 2703(d)
of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking
"section 3126(2)(A)" and inserting "section 3127(2)(A)".
(d) SECTION 666 OF TITLE 18.—Section 666(d) of

22 title 18, United States Code, is amended—

23 (1) by redesignating the second paragraph (4)
24 as paragraph (5);

(2) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
 (3); and

3 (3) by striking the period at the end of para-4 graph (4) and inserting "; and".

5 (e) SECTION 4247 OF TITLE 18.—Section 4247(h) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking 6 7 "subsection (e) of section 4241, 4243, 4244, 4245, or 8 4246," and inserting "subsection (e) of section 4241, 4244, 4245, or 4246, or subsection (f) of section 4243,". 9 10 (f) Section 408 of the Controlled Substance ACT.—Section 408(b)(2)(A) of the Controlled Substances 11 Act (21 U.S.C. 848(b)(2)(A)) is amended by striking 12 "subsection (d)(1)" and inserting "subsection (c)(1)". 13

(g) MARITIME DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT ACT.—(1)
Section 994(h) of title 28, United States Code, is amended
by striking "section 1 of the Act of September 15, 1980
(21 U.S.C. 955a)" each place it appears and inserting
"the Maritime Drug Law Enforcement Act (46 U.S.C.
App. 1901 et seq.)".

20 (2) Section 924(e) of title 18, United States Code,
21 is amended by striking "the first section or section 3 of
22 Public Law 96–350 (21 U.S.C. 955a et seq.)" and insert23 ing "the Maritime Drug Law Enforcement Act (46 U.S.C.
24 App. 1901 et seq.)".

(h) SECTION 2596 OF THE CRIME CONTROL ACT OF
 1990.—Section 2596(d) of the Crime Control Act of 1990
 is amended, effective retroactively to the date of enact ment of such Act, by striking "951(c)(1)" and inserting
 "951(c)(2)".

6 (i) SECTION 3143 OF TITLE 18.—The last sentence
7 of section 3143(b)(1) of title 18, United States Code, is
8 amended by striking "(b)(2)(D)" and inserting
9 "(1)(B)(iv)".

10 SEC. 3004. REPEAL OF OBSOLETE PROVISIONS IN TITLE 18.

11 Title 18, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in section 212, by striking "or of any National Agricultural Credit Corporation," and by
striking "or National Agricultural Credit Corporations,";

16 (2) in section 213, by striking "or examiner of
17 National Agricultural Credit Corporations";

18 (3) in section 709, by striking the seventh and19 thirteenth paragraphs;

20 (4) in section 711, by striking the second para-21 graph;

(5) by striking section 754, and amending the
table of sections for chapter 35 by striking the item
relating to section 754;

	444
1	(6) in sections 657 and 1006, by striking "Re-
2	construction Finance Corporation,", and by striking
3	"Farmers' Home Corporation,";
4	(7) in section 658, by striking "Farmers' Home
5	Corporation,";
6	(8) in section 1013, by striking '', or by any
7	National Agricultural Credit Corporation'';
8	(9) in section 1160, by striking ''white person''
9	and inserting ''non-Indian'';
10	(10) in section 1698, by striking the second
11	paragraph;
12	(11) by striking sections 1904 and 1908, and
13	amending the table of sections for chapter 93 by
14	striking the items relating to such sections;
15	(12) in section 1909, by inserting "or" before
16	"farm credit examiner" and by striking "or an ex-
17	aminer of National Agricultural Credit Corpora-
18	tions,'';
19	(13) by striking sections 2157 and 2391, and
20	amending the table of sections for chapters 105 and
21	115, respectively, by striking the items relating to
22	such sections;
23	(14) in section 2257 by striking the subsections
24	(f) and (g) that were enacted by Public Law 100-
25	690;

1	(15) in section 3113, by striking the third para-
2	graph;
3	(16) in section 3281, by striking ''except for of-
4	fenses barred by the provisions of law existing on
5	August 4, 1939'';
6	(17) in section 443, by striking ''or (3) 5 years
7	after 12 o'clock noon of December 31, 1946,"; and
8	(18) in sections 542, 544, and 545, by striking
9	"the Philippine Islands,".
10	SEC. 3005. CORRECTION OF DRAFTING ERROR IN THE FOR-
11	EIGN CORRUPT PRACTICES ACT.
12	Section 104 of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of
13	1977 (15 U.S.C. 78dd-2) is amended, in subsection
14	(a)(3), by striking "issuer" and inserting in lieu thereof
15	"domestic concern".
16	SEC. 3006. ELIMINATION OF REDUNDANT PENALTY PROVI-
17	SION IN 18 U.S.C. 1116.
18	Section 1116(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
19	amended by striking ", and any such person who is found
20	guilty of attempted murder shall be imprisoned for not
21	more than 20 years".
22	SEC. 3007. ELIMINATION OF REDUNDANT PENALTY.
23	Section 1864(c) of title 18, United States Code, is
24	amended by striking "(b) (3), (4), or (5)" and inserting
25	in lieu thereof ''(b)(5)''.

1 SEC. 3008. CORRECTIONS OF MISSPELLINGS AND GRAM-2 MATICAL ERRORS. 3 Title 18. United States Code, is amended— 4 (1) in section 513(c)(4), by striking "association or persons" and inserting in lieu thereof "asso-5 ciation of persons"; 6 7 (2)in section 1956(e), by striking "Evironmental" and inserting in lieu thereof "Envi-8 9 ronmental": (3) in section 3125, by striking the quotation 10 marks in paragraph (a)(2), and by striking "pro-11 12 vider for" and inserting in lieu thereof "provider of" in subsection (d); 13 (4) in section 3731, by striking "order of a dis-14 trict courts" and inserting in lieu thereof "order of 15 16 a district court" in the second undesignated para-17 graph; and 18 (5) in section 151, by striking "mean" and in-19 serting "means". (6) in section 208(b), by inserting "if" after 20 ··(4)": 21 (7) in section 209(d), by striking "under the 22 terms of the chapter 41" and inserting "under the 23 terms of chapter 41"; 24 25 (8) in section 1014, by inserting a comma after 26 "National Credit Union Administration Board"; and (9) in section 3291, by striking "the afore-men tioned" and inserting "such".

3 SEC. 3009. OTHER TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.

4 (a) SECTION 419 OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES
5 ACT.—Section 419(b) of the Controlled Substances Act
6 (21 U.S.C. 860(b)) is amended by striking "years Pen7 alties" and inserting "years. Penalties".

8 (b) SECTION 667.—Section 667 of title 18, United 9 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-10 ing: "The term 'livestock' has the meaning set forth in 11 section 2311 of this title.".

12 (c) SECTION 1114.—Section 1114 of title 18, United 13 States Code, is amended by striking "or any other officer, 14 agency, or employee of the United States" and inserting 15 "or any other officer or employee of the United States or 16 any agency thereof".

(d) SECTION 408 OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES
ACT.—Section 408(q)(8) of the Controlled Substances Act
(21 U.S.C. 848(q)(8)) is amended by striking "applications, for writ" and inserting "applications for writ".

21 SEC. 3010. CORRECTIONS OF ERRORS FOUND DURING
22 CODIFICATION.

23 Title 18, United States Code, is amended—

24 (1) in section 212, by striking "218" and in25 serting "213";

1	(2) in section 1917—
2	(A) by striking "Civil Service Commission"
3	and inserting ''Office of Personnel Manage-
4	ment"; and
5	(B) by striking ''the Commission'' in para-
6	graph (1) and inserting ''such Office'';
7	(3) by transferring the table of sections for
8	each subchapter of each of chapters 227 and 229 to
9	follow the heading of that subchapter;
10	(4) so that the heading of section 1170 reads
11	as follows:
12	"§ 1170. Illegal trafficking in Native American human
13	remains and cultural items";
14	(5) so that the item relating to section 1170 in
15	the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 53
16	reads as follows:
	"1170. Illegal trafficking in Native American human remains and cultural items.";
17	(6) in section 3509(a), by striking paragraph
18	(11) and redesignating paragraphs (12) and (13) as
19	paragraphs (11) and (12), respectively;
20	(7) in section 3509—
21	(A) by striking out ''subdivision'' each
22	place it appears and inserting ''subsection''; and
23	(B) by striking out ''government'' each
24	place it appears and inserting ''Government'';

1	(8) in section 2252(a)(3)(B), by striking
2	"materails" and inserting "materials";
3	(9) in section 14, by striking ''45,'' and ''608,
4	611, 612,'';
5	(10) in section 3059A—
6	(A) in subsection (b), by striking ''this
7	subsection" and inserting "subsection"; and
8	(B) in subsection (c), by striking ''this
9	subsection" and inserting "subsection";
10	(11) in section 1761(c)—
11	(A) by striking ''and'' at the end of para-
12	graph (1);
13	(B) by inserting "and" at the end of para-
14	graph (3); and
15	(C) by striking the period at the end of
16	paragraph (2)(B) and inserting a semicolon;
17	(12) in the table of sections at the beginning of
18	chapter 11—
19	(A) in the item relating to section 203, by
20	inserting a comma after ''officers'' and by strik-
21	ing the comma after ''others''; and
22	(B) in the item relating to section 204, by
23	inserting "the" before "United States Court of
24	Appeals for the Federal Circuit'';

1	(13) in the table of sections at the beginning of
2	chapter 23, in the item relating to section 437, by
3	striking the period immediately following ''Indians'';
4	(14) in the table of sections at the beginning of
5	chapter 25, in the item relating to section 491, by
6	striking the period immediately following ''paper
7	used as money";
8	(15) in section 207(a)(3), by striking ''Clari-
9	fication of Restrictions" and inserting "Clarification
10	of restrictions";
11	(16) in section 176, by striking ''the govern-
12	ment" and inserting "the Government";
13	(17) in section 3059A(e)(2)(iii), by striking
14	"backpay" and inserting "back pay"; and
15	(18) by adding a period at the end of the item
16	relating to section 3059A in the table of sections at
17	the beginning of chapter 203.
18	SEC. 3011. PROBLEMS RELATED TO EXECUTION OF PRIOR
19	AMENDMENTS.
20	(a) Incorrect Reference and Punctuation
21	CORRECTION.—(1) Section 2587(b) of the Crime Control
22	Act of 1990 is repealed, effective on the date such section
23	took effect.
24	(2) Section 2587(b) of Public Law 101-647 is
25	amended, effective the date such section took effect, by

striking "The chapter heading for" and inserting "The
 table of sections at the beginning of".

3 (3) The item relating to section 3059A in the table
4 of sections at the beginning of chapter 203 of title 18,
5 United States Code, is amended by adding a period at the
6 end.

7 (b) LACK OF PUNCTUATION IN STRICKEN LAN8 GUAGE.—Section 46(b) of Public Law 99–646 is amended,
9 effective on the date such section took effect, so that—
10 (A) in paragraph (1), the matter proposed to be

stricken from the beginning of section 201(b) of title
18, United States Code, reads "(b) Whoever, directly"; and

(B) in paragraph (2), a comma, rather than a
semicolon, appears after "his lawful duty" in the
matter to be stricken from paragraph (3) of section
201(b) of such title.

(c) BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS.—(1) Section 3 of the Biological Weapons Anti-Terrorism Act of 1989 is amended,
effective on the date such section took effect in subsection
(b), by striking "2516(c)" and inserting "2516(1)(c)".

(2) The item in the table of chapters for part I of
title 18, United States Code, that relates to chapter 10
is amended by striking "Weapons" and inserting "weapons".

1 (d) PLACEMENT OF NEW SECTION.—Section 404(a) 2 of Public Law 101–630 is amended, effective on the date 3 such section took effect, by striking "adding at the end 4 thereof" each place it appears and inserting "inserting 5 after section 1169".

6 (e) ELIMINATION OF ERRONEOUS CHARACTERIZA7 TION OF MATTER INSERTED.—Section 225(a) of Public
8 Law 101–674 is amended, effective on the date such sec9 tion took effect, by striking "new rule".

10 (f) CLARIFICATION OF PLACEMENT OF AMEND-11 MENT.—Section 1205(c) of Public Law 101–647 is 12 amended, effective the date such section took effect, by 13 inserting "at the end" after "adding".

(g) ELIMINATION OF DUPLICATE AMENDMENT.—
Section 1606 of Public Law 101–647 (amending section
1114 of title 18, United States Code) is repealed effective
the date of the enactment of such section.

18 (h) ERROR IN AMENDMENT PHRASING.—Section 19 3502 of Public Law 101–647 is amended, effective the 20 date such section took effect, by striking "10" and insert-21 ing "ten".

(i) CLARIFICATION THAT AMENDMENTS WERE TO
TITLE 18.—Sections 3524, 3525, and 3528 of Public Law
101–647 are each amended, effective the date such sec-

tions took effect, by inserting "of title 18, United States
 Code" before "is amended".

3 (j) CORRECTION OF PARAGRAPH REFERENCE.—Sec-4 tion 3527 of Public Law 101–647 is amended, effective 5 the date such section took effect, by striking "4th" and 6 inserting "5th".

7 (k) REPEAL OF OBSOLETE TECHNICAL CORRECTION
8 TO SECTION 1345.—Section 3542 of Public Law 101–647
9 is repealed, effective the date of enactment of such Public
10 Law.

(I) REPEAL OF OBSOLETE TECHNICAL CORRECTION
TO SECTION 1956.—Section 3557(2)(E) of Public Law
101–647 is repealed, effective the date of enactment of
such Public Law.

(m) CLARIFICATION OF PLACEMENT OF AMENDMENTS.—Public Law 101–647 is amended, effective the
date of the enactment of such Public Law—

(1) in section 3564(1), by inserting "each place
it appears" after the quotation mark following
"2251" the first place it appears; and

(2) in section 3565(3)(A), by inserting "each
place it appears" after the quotation mark following
"subchapter".

24 (n) CORRECTION OF WORD QUOTED IN AMEND-25 MENT.—Section 3586(1) of Public Law 101-647 is amended, effective the date such section took effect, by
 striking "fines" and inserting "fine".

3 (o) ELIMINATION OF OBSOLETE TECHNICAL AMEND4 MENT TO SECTION 4013.—Section 3599 of Public Law
5 101–647 is repealed, effective the date of the enactment
6 of such Public Law.

7 (p) CORRECTION OF DIRECTORY LANGUAGE.—Sec-8 tion 3550 of Public Law 101–647 is amended, effective 9 the date such section took effect, by striking "not more 10 than".

(q) REPEAL OF DUPLICATE PROVISIONS.—(1) Section 3568 of Public Law 101–647 is repealed, effective
the date such section took effect.

14 (2) Section 1213 of Public Law 101–647 is repealed,15 effective the date such section took effect.

(r) CORRECTION OF WORDS QUOTED IN AMENDMENT.—Section 2531(3) of Public Law 101–647 is
amended, effective the date such section took effect, by
striking "1679(c)(2)" and inserting "1679a(c)(2)".

20 (s) FORFEITURE.—(1) Section 1401 of Public Law
21 101–647 is amended, effective the date such section took
22 effect—

(A) by inserting a comma after ", 5316"; and
(B) by inserting "the first place it appears"
after the quotation mark following "5313(a)".

(2) Section 2525(a)(2) of Public Law 101–647 is
 amended, effective the date such section took effect, by
 striking "108(3)" and inserting "2508(3)".

4 (t) INCORRECT SECTION REFERENCE.—Section
5 1402(d)(3) of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42
6 U.S.C. 10601(d)(3)) is amended by striking "1404(a)"
7 and inserting "1404A".

8 (u) MISSING TEXT.—Section 1403(b)(1) of the Vic-9 tims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10602(b)(1)) is 10 amended by inserting after "domestic violence" the follow-11 ing: "for—

12 ''(A) medical expenses attributable to a
13 physical injury resulting from compensable
14 crime, including expenses for mental health
15 counseling and care;

16 ''(B) loss of wages attributable to a phys17 ical injury resulting from a compensable crime;
18 and

19 "(C) funeral expenses attributable to a20 death resulting from a compensable crime".

21 SEC. 3012. AMENDMENTS TO SECTION 1956 OF TITLE 18 TO
22 ELIMINATE DUPLICATE PREDICATE CRIMES.
23 Section 1956 of title 18, United States Code, is
24 amended—

1	(1) in subsection (c)(7)(D), by striking "section
2	1341 (relating to mail fraud) or section 1343 (relat-
3	ing to wire fraud) affecting a financial institution,
4	section 1344 (relating to bank fraud),";
5	(2) in subsection $(a)(2)$ and in subsection (b) ,
6	by striking ''transportation'' each place it appears
7	and inserting ''transportation, transmission, or
8	transfer'';
9	(3) in subsection (a)(3), by striking "rep-
10	resented by a law enforcement officer" and inserting
11	"represented"; and
12	(4) in subsection $(c)(7)(E)$, by striking the pe-
13	riod that follows a period.
14	SEC. 3013. AMENDMENTS TO PART V OF TITLE 18.
15	Part V of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
16	(1) by inserting after the heading for such part
17	the following:
18	"CHAPTER 601—IMMUNITY
19	OF WITNESSES";
20	(2) in section 6001(1)—
21	(A) by striking "Atomic Energy Commis-
22	sion" and inserting "Nuclear Regulatory Com-
23	mission"; and
24	(B) by striking "the Subversive Activities
25	Control Board,"

(3) by striking "part" the first place it appears 1 2 and inserting "chapter"; and (4) by striking "part" each other place it ap-3 pears and inserting "title". 4 S 1488 PCS—2 5 S 1488 PCS——3 6 7 S 1488 PCS——4 S 1488 PCS——5 8 9 S 1488 PCS——6 10 S 1488 PCS—7 11 S 1488 PCS——8 12 S 1488 PCS——9 13 S 1488 PCS——10 14 S 1488 PCS——11 15 S 1488 PCS——12 16 S 1488 PCS-13 17 S 1488 PCS——14 18 S 1488 PCS——15 19 S 1488 PCS-16 20 S 1488 PCS—17 21 S 1488 PCS-18 22 S 1488 PCS——19 23 S 1488 PCS-20 24 S 1488 PCS—21 25 S 1488 PCS—22

- 1 S 1488 PCS—23
- 2 S 1488 PCS—24
- 3 S 1488 PCS—25
- 4 S 1488 PCS—26
- 5 S 1488 PCS—27
- 6 S 1488 PCS—28
- 7 S 1488 PCS—29
- 8 S 1488 PCS----30