

103D CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# S. 1606

To provide Federal assistance to States and local governments required to comply with direct cost Federal mandates.

---

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

NOVEMBER 1 (legislative day, OCTOBER 13), 1993

Mr. SASSER (for himself and Mr. MATHEWS) introduced the following bill;  
which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Governmental Affairs

---

## A BILL

To provide Federal assistance to States and local governments required to comply with direct cost Federal mandates.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

### 3   **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Federal Mandate  
5   Funding Act of 1993”.

### 6   **SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.**

7       For the purposes of this Act—

8               (1)(A) The term “Federal mandate” means a  
9       Federal law or regulation that requires a State or  
10      unit of general local government to carry out an ac-

1       tion for which the State or unit of general local gov-  
 2       ernment incurs a direct program cost.

3           (B) Such term does not include laws or regula-  
 4       tions—

5               (i) enforcing the Constitutional or statu-  
 6       tory rights of individuals; or

7               (ii) requiring a State or unit of general  
 8       local government to contribute matching  
 9       amounts of funding as a condition for receiving  
 10      Federal grant assistance.

11       (2) The term “Secretary” means the Secretary  
 12      of the Treasury.

13       (3) The term “State” has the same meaning as  
 14      in section 6501(8) of title 31, United States Code.

15       (4) The term “unit of general local govern-  
 16      ment” has the same meaning as in section 6501(9)  
 17      of title 31, United States Code.

18   **SEC. 3. MORATORIUM.**

19       (a) IN GENERAL.—For the period beginning on the  
 20      date of enactment of this Act and ending 2 years after  
 21      such date, any duty or requirement imposed by Federal  
 22      statute or regulation that creates a Federal mandate shall  
 23      not apply to a State or unit of general local government  
 24      unless the State or unit of general local government re-  
 25      ceives a Federal share toward the cost of such mandate.

1 (b) APPLICATION.—This section shall apply only to  
2 statutes or regulations that take effect on or after the date  
3 of the enactment of this Act.

4 **SEC. 4. FEDERAL MANDATE ASSISTANCE FUND.**

5 (a) ESTABLISHMENT AND ADMINISTRATION OF  
6 FUND.—There is established in the Department of the  
7 Treasury a Federal Mandate Assistance Fund (referred  
8 to as the “Fund”), which shall consist of amounts appro-  
9 priated to the Fund.

10 (b) PAYMENT AND USE.—

11 (1) PAYMENT.—The Secretary shall pay from  
12 the Fund, to each State which qualifies for a pay-  
13 ment under this section, an amount equal to the  
14 sum of any amounts allocated to the State under  
15 this section at the beginning of each fiscal year.

16 (2) USE.—Amounts paid to a State under this  
17 section, and allocated and paid to units of general  
18 local government within such State under this sec-  
19 tion, shall be used by such State and units of gen-  
20 eral local government to reimburse the costs of Fed-  
21 eral mandates.

22 (c) QUALIFICATION FOR PAYMENT.—Under regula-  
23 tions issued by the Secretary, a State shall qualify for pay-  
24 ment of the amount allocable to it under subsection (d)

1 only after it has furnished, to the Secretary's satisfaction,  
2 the following:

3 (1) STATE AND LOCAL MANDATE COSTS.—The  
4 State shall furnish, and the Secretary shall certify,  
5 an estimate of the combined cost to the State and  
6 to units of general local government within such  
7 State of Federal mandates during the next fiscal  
8 year.

9 (2) FORMULA FOR ALLOCATION TO UNITS OF  
10 GENERAL LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The State shall  
11 submit, and the Secretary shall approve, a plan for  
12 the allocation to units of general local government in  
13 the State, out of the amount allocated to the State  
14 under this section, in conformance with the condi-  
15 tions and criteria set forth in subsection (d).

16 (d) ALLOCATION FORMULAS.—

17 (1) STATE ALLOCATIONS.—(A) Under regula-  
18 tions issued by the Secretary, the Secretary shall al-  
19 locate to each State, out of the amount authorized  
20 for the period under subsection (b), an amount pro-  
21 portionate to the product of—

22 (i) the total estimated cost of Federal  
23 mandates to the State, and units of general  
24 local government in the State, as a ratio of the

1 total estimate of such costs for all States, mul-  
2 tiplied by

3 (ii) the need factor of the State as a ratio  
4 of the combined need factor of all States.

5 (B) The need factor shall be the product of—

6 (i) the population of the State;

7 (ii) the relative per capita income of  
8 the State;

9 (iii) the general tax effort factor of  
10 the State; and

11 (iv) the relative fiscal gap factor of  
12 the State.

13 (2) ALLOCATIONS TO UNITS OF GENERAL  
14 LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—

15 (A) SET-ASIDE OF FUNDS.—Each State  
16 shall set aside, out of the amount paid to it by  
17 the Secretary under this section, an amount  
18 equal to the ratio which the federal mandate  
19 costs of all units of general local government in  
20 the State bear to the combined Federal man-  
21 date costs of both the State and its units of  
22 general local government.

23 (B) PAYMENT OF FUNDS.—Under the plan  
24 submitted by the State for approval by the Sec-  
25 retary, pursuant to subsection (c)(2), the State

shall pay to each unit of general local government in the State, from the amount set aside under subparagraph (A), an amount proportionate to the product of—

(i) the cost of Federal mandates to such unit of general local government, as a ratio of the cost of such mandates to all units of general government in the State; and

(ii) the local need factor of such unit of general local government, defined as the product of its population, relative per capita income, and general tax effort factor.

(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.

**SEC. 5. REQUIREMENT OF IMPLEMENTATION PROVISION;  
POINT OF ORDER.**

Section 403 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“(d) POINT OF ORDER.—

“(1) GENERAL RULE.—(A) Except as provided by paragraph (2), it shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill or resolution which would

1 impose any duty or requirement on State or local  
2 governments which in the judgment of the Director  
3 of the Congressional Budget Office is likely to result  
4 in an annual cost to State and local governments of  
5 \$200,000,000 or more with respect to any particular  
6 program, project, or activity, unless such bill or res-  
7 olution contains an implementation provision setting  
8 forth the Federal share of such cost.

9 “(B)(i) The Federal share of costs referred to  
10 in subparagraph (A) shall be not less than 20 per-  
11 cent of the costs incurred by the State or local gov-  
12 ernment in meeting direct program costs.

13 “(ii) The Federal share of costs referred to in  
14 subparagraph (A) may include—

15 “(I) reimbursement for direct administra-  
16 tive costs of State and local governments in im-  
17 plementing the program, project, or activity;  
18 and

19 “(II) Federal cost-sharing or matching  
20 grant funding.

21 “(C) A point of order made under this sub-  
22 section may be waived in the Senate by a majority  
23 vote of the Members voting, a quorum being present,  
24 or by the unanimous consent of the Senate.

1           “(2) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) shall not  
2       apply to any bill or resolution, including any amend-  
3       ment thereto or conference report thereon, which is  
4       in compliance with any order issued under either  
5       section 251(b)(2)(D) or section 252(e) of the Bal-  
6       anced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of  
7       1985.

8           “(3) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this sub-  
9       section—

10           “(A) The term ‘local government’ has the  
11       same meaning as in section 6501(6) of title 31,  
12       United States Code.

13           “(B)(i) The term ‘Federal mandate’ means  
14       a Federal law or regulation that requires a  
15       State or local government to carry out an ac-  
16       tion for which the State or local government in-  
17       curs a direct program cost.

18           “(ii) Such term does not include laws or  
19       regulations—

20           “(I) enforcing the Constitutional or  
21       statutory rights of individuals; or

22           “(II) requiring a State or local gov-  
23       ernment to contribute matching amounts  
24       of funding as a condition for receiving  
25       Federal grant assistance.”.



1 **SEC. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE.**

2       The provisions of this Act shall take effect on the  
3 date of enactment of this Act.

○