103D CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 1881

To establish and implement a technology investment policy for aeronautical and space activities of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH 1 (legislative day, FEBRUARY 22), 1994

Mr. Rockefeller (for himself and Mr. Burns) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

- To establish and implement a technology investment policy for aeronautical and space activities of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "National Aeronautics
 - 5 and Space Administration Technology Investment Act of
 - 6 1994".
 - 7 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
 - 8 The Congress finds and declares the following:

- (1) Federal investment in research and technology development can enhance the competitiveness of United States industry in global markets.
 - (2) Industry and government partnerships in the development of technologies increase the effectiveness of Federal investment in the United States economy.
 - (3) Ongoing defense reductions impact the aerospace industrial base and require greater effort by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to ensure technological advancements in support of its missions as well as in support of competitiveness.
 - (4) Increased contribution to the health of the United States economy by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration is important to the long-term support of civilian aeronautics and space activities.
 - (5) Investments in research and development at the National Aeronautics and Space Administration can be made to enhance the competitiveness of United States industry, as well as to promote development of technologies for government and commercial aeronautics and space missions.

1 (6) The National Aeronautics and Space Ad2 ministration directs a large portion of its budget to3 ward the procurement of goods and services for its
4 aeronautical and space missions and can use such
5 procurement to advance technology development in
6 industry and academia.

7 SEC. 3. TECHNOLOGY INVESTMENT POLICY.

- It is the policy of the United States that—
 - (1) improving the competitive capabilities of United States industry in conjunction with implementing aeronautics and space missions shall be a fundamental goal of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration;
 - (2) the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (hereinafter referred to as the "Administrator"), in planning for and implementing national programs in aeronautics and space, shall advocate technology development designed to foster competitiveness of United States industry in global markets;
 - (3) the investment in technology by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration shall be coordinated closely with investment of other Federal agencies, the States, and local governments;

1	(4) technology investments shall be identified in
2	concert with United States industry; and
3	(5) the establishment of industry-led consortia
4	shall be encouraged to enhance opportunities for
5	United States industry to develop and advance tech-
6	nologies.
7	TITLE I—ROLE OF NATIONAL AERO-
8	NAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRA-
9	TION IN TECHNOLOGY INVESTMENT
10	SEC. 101. AMENDMENTS TO NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND
11	SPACE ACT OF 1958.
12	Section 102 of the National Aeronautics and Space
13	Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2451) is amended—
14	(1) by striking subsection (e) and inserting in
15	lieu thereof the following:
16	"(e) The aeronautical and space activities of the
17	United States shall be conducted so as to contribute mate-
18	rially to the economic growth, competitiveness, and pro-
19	ductivity of the Nation.";
20	(2) by striking subsection (f) and by redesignat-
21	ing subsections (g) and (h) as subsections (f) and
22	(g), respectively; and
23	(3) in subsection (g), as so redesignated, by
24	striking "(f), and (g)" and inserting in lieu thereof
25	"and (f)".

1	SEC. 102. TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT AND COMMER-
2	CIALIZATION GOALS.
3	The Administrator shall ensure that, to the maximum
4	extent practicable, funded and planned aeronautical and
5	space projects of the National Aeronautics and Space Ad-
6	ministration—
7	(1) incorporate a technology plan that fosters
8	technological advances of value to both the mission
9	and the economy and reduces the life cycle costs of
10	such projects;
11	(2) promote commercial technology applications;
12	and
13	(3) measure and evaluate technology develop-
14	ment and the potential for commercialization.
15	SEC. 103. TECHNOLOGY INVESTMENT PROGRAM WITH IN-
16	DUSTRY.
17	(a) Competition; Eligibility.—The Administrator
18	shall establish a competitive program under which the Ad-
19	ministrator invests in any project proposed by an eligibile
20	firm where the Administrator determines that—
21	(1) the project will—
22	(A) advance the competitiveness of United
23	States industry;
24	(B) advance the technologies required for
25	aeronautical and space missions; and

1	(C) encourage industry-led consortia to de-
2	velop those of the technologies described in sub-
3	paragraph (B) that have been identified as a
4	priority by industry in concert with the Admin-
5	istrator; and
6	(2) the participation by the eligible firm would
7	be in the economic interest of the United States as
8	evidenced by the conduct of a significant level of its
9	research, development, engineering, or manufactur-
10	ing activities in the United States.
11	(b) CRITERIA.—In selecting projects for Federal in-
12	vestment under this section, the Administrator shall weigh
13	and consider—
14	(1) the extent of funding provided by industry
15	for such project;
16	(2) each project's potential to advance tech-
17	nologies that enhance the competitiveness of United
18	States industry in global markets;
19	(3) such project's scientific and technical merit;
20	(4) the potential of the project to advance mis-
21	sion needs of the National Aeronautics and Space
22	Administration; and
23	(5) such other criteria as the Administrator
24	considers appropriate to carry out the purposes of
25	the this section.

- 1 (c) Cost-Sharing.—The Administrator shall ensure
- 2 that the amount of the funds provided by the Federal Gov-
- 3 ernment under this section for a project does not exceed
- 4 the total amount provided by non-Federal participants for
- 5 that project. Of the amount provided by non-Federal par-
- 6 ticipants, the Administrator shall ensure that not less than
- 7 25 percent of total funding for any project for which Fed-
- 8 eral investment is made available under this section is pro-
- 9 vided by industry.
- 10 (d) FINANCING MECHANISMS.—In funding the
- 11 projects selected under this section, the Administrator is
- 12 encouraged to—
- 13 (1) use the authority of the National Aero-
- 14 nautics and Space Administration under section
- 15 203(c)(5) of the National Aeronautics and Space
- 16 Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2473(c)(5)) especially when
- applied to non-aerospace firms; and
- 18 (2) enter into innovative procurement, financ-
- ing, and management arrangements, consistent with
- 20 existing statutes.
- 21 (e) REGULATIONS.—The Administrator shall issue
- 22 regulations to implement the technology investment pro-
- 23 gram established under this section. The regulations shall
- 24 include—

1	(1) procedures for making application to the
2	Administrator for investment under this section;
3	(2) guidelines for cost-sharing pursuant to sub-
4	section (c); and
5	(3) procedures to be followed by the Adminis-
6	trator in selecting projects for investment under this
7	section.
8	(f) Coordination With Federal Agencies.—In
9	carrying out this section, the Administrator shall consult
10	with the Secretaries of Commerce, Defense, Energy, and
11	Transportation and with such other Federal agency heads
12	as the Administrator considers appropriate.
13	(g) AUTHORIZATION.—There is authorized to be ap-
14	propriated to the Administrator \$20,000,000 for each of
15	the fiscal years 1994 and 1995, for the purpose of carry-
16	ing out the program established under this section. Sums
17	appropriated under this section shall remain available
18	until expended.
19	SEC. 104. ROLE OF PROCUREMENT IN TECHNOLOGY IN-
20	VESTMENT.
21	The Administrator, in meeting aeronautical and
22	space mission needs, shall coordinate and direct resources
23	of the National Aeronautics and Space administration in
24	the area of procurement to—
25	(1) advance state-of-the-art technologies;

1	(2) assess and procure, where appropriate, com-
2	mercially available technologies from the market-
3	place;
4	(3) use performance specifications; and
5	(4) reduce the paperwork requirements associ-
6	ated with procurement.
7	SEC. 105. COORDINATION WITH OTHER FEDERAL PRO-
8	GRAMS.
9	(a) Technology Programs and Technology
10	TRANSFER PROGRAMS.—To ensure a consistent Federal
11	investment policy and to preclude multiple awards for a
12	single proposal, the Administrator shall ensure that the
13	technology investment activities established under this
14	title are coordinated closely with existing and future—
15	(1) Federal technology programs such as the
16	Technology Reinvestment Program of the Advanced
17	Research Projects Agency and the Advanced Tech-
18	nology Program of the National Institute of Stand-
19	ards and Technology; and
20	(2) Federal technology transfer programs and
21	activities established to promote and advocate the
22	use of technologies developed in the Federal labora-
23	tories.
24	(b) Identification of Funding Received From
25	OTHER AGENCIES.—The Administrator shall identify, as

- 1 part of the annual budget submission to Congress, all
- 2 funding received by the National Aeronautics and Space
- 3 Administration from other Federal agencies to manage
- 4 and carry out technology investment and development.

5 SEC. 106. INTERAGENCY TECHNOLOGY INITIATIVES.

- 6 As part of the National Aeronautics and Space Ad-
- 7 ministration's annual budget submission to Congress, the
- 8 Administrator shall identify funding requirements, project
- 9 milestones, and 5-year budget projections, for the portion
- 10 undertaken by the National Aeronautics and Space Ad-
- 11 ministration of each interagency technology projects.

12 SEC. 107. COORDINATION WITH OTHER NASA PROGRAMS.

- 13 (A) SMALL BUSINESS INNOVATION RESEARCH.—The
- 14 Administrator shall coordinate the technology investment
- 15 activities under this title with the Small Business Innova-
- 16 tion Research activities of the National Aeronautics and
- 17 Space Administration to increase the effectiveness of fund-
- 18 ing to small businesses, to the maximum extent permitted
- 19 by law.
- 20 (b) Independent Research and Development
- 21 Funds.—The Administrator shall identify all funds reim-
- 22 bursed to contractors of the National Aeronautics and
- 23 Space Administration for activities commonly referred to
- 24 as "Independent Research and Development" and coordi-

- 1 nate such funds with the technology investment activities
- 2 under this title.
- 3 (c) Technology Transfer and Commercial Pro-
- 4 GRAMS.—The Administrator shall coordinate the activities
- 5 of ongoing and future technology transfer, innovation, and
- 6 commercial programs of the National Aeronautics and
- 7 Space Administration with the technology investment ac-
- 8 tivities under this title.

9 SEC. 108. PERSONNEL INCENTIVES.

- To encourage the personnel of the National Aero-
- 11 nautics and Space Administration to pursue technology in-
- 12 novation and development, the Administrator shall provide
- 13 personnel incentives, including—
- 14 (1) promotions and within-grade increases;
- 15 (2) bonuses and cash awards under the inven-
- tions and contributions system and senior executive
- service; and
- 18 (3) paid leave, sabbaticals, or intergovernmental
- 19 personnel transfers to other Federal agencies or the
- 20 private sector to pursue technology innovations and
- development, as the Administrator deems appro-
- priate.

23 SEC. 109. ANNUAL REPORT TO CONGRESS.

- 24 The Administrator shall assess the technology invest-
- 25 ment activities established under this title and shall sub-

1	mit a report to Congress on the results of such assessment
2	of activities. The report shall accompany the annual budg-
3	et submission to Congress.
4	SEC. 110. APPLICATION OF ANTITRUST LAWS.
5	Nothing in this title shall be construed to create an
6	immunity from any civil or criminal action under any Fed-
7	eral or State antitrust law, or to alter or restrict in any
8	manner the applicability of any Federal or State antitrust
9	law.
10	SEC. 111. DEFINITIONS.
11	For the purposes of this title, the term—
12	(1) "eligible firm" means a business entity that
13	is either—
14	(A) a company that has majority owner-
15	ship or control by individuals who are citizens
16	of the United States; or
17	(B) a company that is incorporated in the
18	United States and has a parent company which
19	is incorporated in a country whose govern-
20	ment—
21	(i) permits companies described under
22	subparagraph (A) to participate in re-
23	search and development consortia to which
24	such government provides funding directly,

or indirectly through one or more inter-
national organizations; and
(ii) affords adequate and effective pro-
tection for the intellectual property rights
of companies described under subpara-
graph (A);
(2) "Federal laboratory" has the meaning given
such term in section 4(6) or the Stevenson-Wydler
Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C.
3703(6)); and
(3) "United States" means the several States,
the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Is-
lands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Mari-
ana Islands, and any other territory or possession of
the United States.
TITLE II—NATIONAL AERONAUTICS
FACILITIES
SEC. 201. FINDINGS.
The Congress finds and declares the following:
(1) Aerospace technologies contribute substan-
tially to the balance of trade and the competitiveness
of United States industry.
(2) The international market share of the
United States aerospace industry has eroded steadily
due to competition from foreign consortia that re-

- ceive substantial direct subsidies from their governments.
 - (3) The United States aerospace industry continues to be impacted negatively by the reduced investment in national defense.
 - (4) The national civil and military aeronautics facilities of the United States are aging and, with few exceptions, cannot be modified to test new technologies in aircraft and engine design.
 - (5) Inadequate domestic facilities force the United States aerospace industry to use the aeronautics facilities of foreign countries, increasing the likelihood that technologies will be transferred to competing foreign industries.

SEC. 202. POLICY.

- 16 It is the policy of the United States that—
 - (1) Federal investment in domestic aerospace technologies shall be a priority of the United States to safeguard the international market share of the United States aerospace industry;
 - (2) maintaining world class aeronautics facilities in the United States shall be a major element of Federal investment in aeronautics research and development;

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1	(3) the National Aeronautics and Space Admin-
2	istration shall work closely with industry to identify
3	and address aeronautics technology and facility is-
4	sues; and
5	(4) industry and government cost-sharing for
6	facilities construction and use shall be investigated
7	to achieve aeronautics research and technology goals
8	within a constrained Federal budget.
9	SEC. 203. WORLDWIDE FACILITIES ASSESSMENT.
10	The President shall conduct an assessment of all aer-
11	onautics facilities in the United States and in other coun-
12	tries and report to Congress the results of this assessment
13	not later than January 1, 1995. The assessment shall in-
14	clude—
15	(1) identification of all existing and planned
16	aeronautics research and development facilities in
17	the United States and in other countries;
18	(2) analysis of the strengths and weaknesses of
19	each aeronautics facility that impact aeronautical re-
20	search and technology objectives of the United
21	States Government and domestic industries;
22	(3) determination of the cost-savings achievable
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by closing non-essential aeronautics facilities of the
 National Aeronautics and Space Administration and
 other Federal agencies; and

1	(4) determination of the current use and plans
2	for use of foreign aeronautics facilities for research
3	and technology activities of the United States Gov-
4	ernment and domestic industries.
5	SEC. 204. AERONAUTICS FACILITIES STRATEGY.
6	(a) Strategy.—The President shall work closely
7	with domestic industries to coordinate, develop, and imple-
8	ment a strategy for Federal investment in aeronautics re-
9	search and technology and aeronautics facilities. This
10	strategy shall establish—
11	(1) priorities for Federal investment in aero-
12	nautics facilities;
13	(2) a facilities implementation schedule to meet
14	research and technology project milestones and aero-
15	space industry market requirements;
16	(3) the projected cost of constructing and oper-
17	ating new facilities; and
18	(4) options and recommendations to provide
19	funding (including cost-sharing and risk-sharing
20	with industries and among Federal agencies and in-
21	novative procurement, financing, or management ar-
22	rangements) for the construction of new aeronautics
23	facilities and for the operation of new aeronautics

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facilities.

- 1 (b) Deadline.—The strategy required by subsection
- 2 (a), and budget requirements associated with implement-
- 3 ing such strategy, shall be submitted to Congress not later

4 than January 1, 1995.

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