103D CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# S. 2071

To provide for the application of certain employment protection and information laws to the Congress, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MAY 4 (legislative day, MAY 2), 1994

Mr. Lieberman (for himself, Mr. Grassley, Mr. Campbell, Mrs. Boxer, Mr. Cohen, Mr. DeConcini, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Kohl, Mr. Metzenbaum, Ms. Mikulski, Ms. Moseley-Braun, Mr. Riegle, Mr. Robb, Mr. Nickles, Mr. Wofford, Mr. Kerrey, and Mr. Glenn) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Governmental Affairs

# A BILL

To provide for the application of certain employment protection and information laws to the Congress, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE AND TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Congressional Accountability Act".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title and table of contents.

- Sec. 2. Application of Federal laws.
- Sec. 3. Office of Compliance.
- Sec. 4. Board functions.
- Sec. 5. Procedure for consideration of alleged violations of civil rights and personnel requirements.
- Sec. 6. Step I: Counseling.
- Sec. 7. Step II: Mediation.
- Sec. 8. Step IIIA: Formal complaint and hearing.
- Sec. 9. Step IV: Judicial review.
- Sec. 10. Step IIIB: Civil Action.
- Sec. 11. Procedures for consideration of alleged violations relating to information requirements.
- Sec. 12. Procedures for consideration of alleged violation relating to labor management and occupational health and safety requirements.
- Sec. 13. Information requirements.
- Sec. 14. Resolution of complaint.
- Sec. 15. Prohibition of intimidation.
- Sec. 16. Confidentiality.
- Sec. 17. Inspections.
- Sec. 18. Collection of information.
- Sec. 19. Political affiliation and place of residence.
- Sec. 20. Other review.
- Sec. 21. Severability.
- Sec. 22. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 23. Definitions.

#### 1 SEC. 2. APPLICATION OF FEDERAL LAWS.

- 2 (a) EMPLOYMENT.—The following provisions shall
- 3 apply, except as otherwise specifically provided in this Act,
- 4 to each employing office and each congressional employee,
- 5 in accordance with section 4:
- 6 (1) The Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29
- 7 U.S.C. 201 et seq.).
- 8 (2) Chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code
- 9 (relating to labor-management relations).
- 10 (3) Section 5 of the Occupational Safety and
- Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 654).
- 12 (4) Section 717 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
- 13 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16).

1	(5) Section 15 of the Age Discrimination in
2	Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 633a).
3	(6) Sections 102 through 104 of the Americans
4	with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12112-
5	12114).
6	(7) Section 501 of the Rehabilitation Act of
7	1973 (29 U.S.C. 791).
8	(8) Sections 101 through 105 of the Family
9	and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (29 U.S.C. 2601 et
10	seq.).
11	(9) The Employee Polygraph Protection Act of
12	1988 (29 U.S.C. 2001 et seq.).
13	(10) The Worker Adjustment and Retraining
14	Notification Act (29 U.S.C. 2101 et seq.).
15	(b) Information.—Section 552 of title 5, United
16	States Code (commonly known as the "Freedom of Infor-
17	mation Act"), and section 552a of title 5, United States
18	Code (commonly known as the "Privacy Act of 1974"),
19	shall apply, except as otherwise specifically provided in
20	this Act, to each office of the legislative branch of the Fed-
21	eral Government and the information in the possession of
22	such office, in accordance with section 4.
23	(c) ACCOMMODATIONS.—
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—Sections 201 through 203
25	(except as such section refers to procedures) of the

1	Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.	
2	12131-12133), shall apply, except as otherwise spe-	
3	cifically provided in this Act, to each entity of the	
4	legislative branch of the Federal Government that	
5	owns, leases, or operates a place of public accommo-	
6	dation (as defined in section 301(7) of such Act (42	
7	U.S.C. 12181(7))), and to each client or customer of	
8	the covered public accommodation who is a qualified	
9	individual with a disability (as defined in section	
10	201(2) of such Act), in accordance with section 4.	
11	(2) Application.—For purposes of the appli-	
12	cation of such sections under this Act—	
13	(A) references in this Act to an employing	
14	office shall be deemed to include such an entity;	
15	and	
16	(B) references in this Act—	
17	(i) to an employee of the House of	
18	Representatives shall be deemed to include	
19	references to such a client or customer of	
20	such an entity of the House of Representa-	
21	tives;	
22	(ii) to an employee of the Senate shall	
23	be deemed to include references to such a	
24	client or customer of such an entity of the	
25	Senate; and	

1	(iii) to an employee of an instrumen-
2	tality shall be deemed to include references
3	to such a client or customer of such an en-
4	tity of the instrumentality.
5	(d) Employment Under Federal Contracts.—
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 503 of the Rehabili-
7	tation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 793) shall apply, ex-
8	cept as otherwise specifically provided in this Act, to
9	each party contracting with an entity of the legisla-
10	tive branch of the Federal Government and to each
11	applicant for employment, employee, or former em-
12	ployee, of such party, in accordance with section 4.
13	(2) Application.—For purposes of the appli-
14	cation of such sections under this Act—
15	(A) references in this Act to an employing
16	office shall be deemed to include such a party;
17	and
18	(B) references in this Act—
19	(i) to an employee of the House of
20	Representatives shall be deemed to include
21	references to such an applicant, employee,
22	or former employee of a party contracting
23	with an entity of the House of Representa-
24	tives;

1	(ii) to an employee of the Senate shall
2	be deemed to include references to such an
3	applicant, employee, or former employee of
4	a party contracting with an entity of the
5	Senate; and
6	(iii) to an employee of an instrumen-
7	tality shall be deemed to include references
8	to such an applicant, employee, or former
9	employee of a party contracting with the
10	instrumentality.
11	SEC. 3. OFFICE OF COMPLIANCE.
12	(a) Establishment.—There is established in the
13	legislative branch for the Congress an Office of Compli-
14	ance (referred to in this Act as the "Office").
15	(b) Board of Directors.—
16	(1) In general.—
17	(A) APPOINTMENT.—There shall be a
18	Board of Directors in the Office (referred to in
19	this Act as the "Board of Directors"). The

(A) APPOINTMENT.—There shall be a Board of Directors in the Office (referred to in this Act as the "Board of Directors"). The Board of Directors shall consist of 8 individuals, of which 2 shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, 2 shall be appointed by the Majority Leader of the Senate, 2 shall be appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, and

1	2 shall be appointed by the Minority Leader of
2	the Senate. The members first appointed to the
3	Board of Directors shall be appointed not later
4	than 120 days after the date of the enactment
5	of this Act.
6	(B) Removal.—Any member of the Board
7	of Directors may be removed by a majority de-
8	cision of the appointing authorities described in
9	subparagraph (A), only for—
10	(i) disability that substantially pre-
11	vents the member from carrying out the
12	duties of such a member;
13	(ii) incompetence;
14	(iii) neglect of duty;
15	(iv) malfeasance; or
16	(v) a felony or conduct involving
17	moral turpitude.
18	(2) Qualifications.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Board of Directors
20	shall be composed of individuals with training
21	or expertise related to the provisions referred to
22	in section 2, and the application of the provi-
23	sions referred to in section 2.
24	(B) Specific qualifications.—

- (i) Lobbying.—No individual who engages in, or is otherwise employed in, lobbying of the Congress shall be considered eligible for appointment to, or service on, the Board of Directors.

  (ii) Office.—No current, or former, Member of the House of Representatives
  - (ii) Office.—No current, or former, Member of the House of Representatives or Senator may be appointed as a member of the Board of Directors. No congressional employee may be so appointed within 6 years of any employment by any office of the legislative branch of the Federal Government.
  - (3) VACANCIES.—Any vacancy occurring in the membership of the Board of Directors shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment for the position being vacated. The vacancy shall not affect the power of the remaining members to execute the duties of the Board of Directors.
- (c) AUTHORITY.—The members of the Board of Directors shall have the authority to carry out the functions described in subsections (a), (b), (d), and (e) of section 4, and the functions described in sections 8(f), 11, and 12.
- 25 (d) Term of Office.—

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
2	graph (2), each member of the Board of Directors
3	shall be appointed for 1 term of 5 years.
4	(2) First appointments.—Of the members
5	first appointed to the Board of Directors—
6	(A) 1 member appointed by the Speaker of
7	the House of Representatives and 1 member
8	appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate
9	shall be appointed to a term of 1 year;
10	(B) 1 member appointed by the Minority
11	Leader of the House of Representatives and 1
12	member appointed by the Majority Leader of
13	the Senate shall be appointed to a term of 2
14	years;
15	(C) 1 member appointed by the Minority
16	Leader of the House of Representatives and 1
17	member appointed by the Majority Leader of
18	the Senate shall be appointed to a term of 3
19	years;
20	(D) 1 member appointed by the Minority
21	Leader of the Senate shall be appointed to a
22	term of 4 years; and
23	(E) 1 member appointed by the Speaker of
24	the House of Representatives shall be appointed
25	to a term of 5 years.

- 1 (e) CHAIRPERSON.—The Board of Directors shall 2 elect a Chairperson from among the members of the 3 Board.
- 4 (f) Compensation of Members.—Each member of
- 5 the Board of Directors shall be compensated at a rate
- 6 equal to the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic
- 7 pay prescribed for level V of the Executive Schedule under
- 8 section 5316 of title 5, United States Code, for each day
- 9 (including travel time) during which such member is en-
- 10 gaged in the performance of the duties of the Board.
- 11 (g) Travel Expenses.—Each member of the Board
  - 2 of Directors shall receive travel expenses, including per
- 13 diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employ-
- 14 ees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title
- 15 5, United States Code, for each day the member is en-
- 16 gaged in the performance of duties away from the home
- 17 or regular place of business of the member.
- 18 (h) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.—
- 19 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Chairperson of the
- 20 Board of Directors shall appoint and may terminate,
- subject to the approval of the Board of Directors, an
- 22 executive director (referred to in this Act as the "ex-
- ecutive director").
- 24 (2) Compensation.—The Chairperson of the
- 25 Board of Directors may fix the compensation of the

- executive director. The rate of pay for the executive director may not exceed the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code.
  - (3) DUTIES.—Except as otherwise specified in this Act, the executive director shall carry out the responsibilities of the Office under sections 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 14, 16, 17, and 18.

# 9 (i) Staff.—

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The executive director shall appoint and may terminate such other additional staff as may be necessary to enable the Board to perform its duties.
- (2) Compensation.—The executive director may fix the compensation of the staff. The rate of pay for the staff may not exceed the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code.
- (j) DETAILEES.—The executive director may, with the prior consent of the Government department or agency concerned, use on a nonreimbursable basis the services of any such department or agency, including the services of members or personnel of the General Accounting Office Personnel Appeals Board.

(k) Consultants.—In carrying out the functions of 1 the Office, the executive director may procure the tem-3 porary (not to exceed 1 year) or intermittent services of individual consultants, or organizations thereof. SEC. 4. BOARD FUNCTIONS. (a) Initial Action.— 6 7 (1) REGULATIONS.— 8 (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 9 days after the appointment of the executive director, the Board of Directors shall, in accord-10 11 ance with section 553 of title 5, United States 12 Code, issue regulations that specify the manner 13 in which the provisions referred to in section 2 shall be implemented to ensure that offices de-14 15 scribed in such section comply with such provi-16 sions. In addition to publishing a general notice 17 of proposed rulemaking under section 553(b) of 18 title 5, United States Code, the Board of Direc-19 tors shall concurrently submit such notice for 20 publication in the Congressional Record, prior to issuing such regulations. 21 22 (B) REQUIREMENTS.—Such regulations— (i) shall be consistent with the regula-23 24 tions issued by an agency of the executive branch of the Federal Government with re-

1	spect to such provisions, including portions
2	relating to remedies, except as otherwise
3	specifically provided;
4	(ii) may specify specific dates for the
5	application of specific provisions and may
6	specify specific means for the application
7	of such provisions; and
8	(iii) in specifying the manner in which
9	the provision described in section $2(a)(3)$
10	shall apply to the offices or employees de-
11	scribed in section 2(a), shall take into ac-
12	count the costs associated with the applica-
13	tion of such provision to the offices or em-
14	ployees.
15	(C) Information regulations.—In pro-
16	posing regulations for the application of any
17	provision referred to in section 2(b) to offices of
18	the legislative branch and information in the
19	possession of such offices, the Board of Direc-
20	tors shall be guided by judicial decisions under
21	such provision.
22	(2) Amendments and repeals.—When pro-
23	posing regulations under paragraph (1) to apply a
24	provision described in section 2 to employees and of-

fices described in section 2, the Board of Directors

1	shall recommend to the Congress any necessary
2	changes in or repeals of existing law to accommodate
3	the application of such provision to the employees
4	and offices.
5	(b) Continuing Action.—Two years after the date
6	on which the first executive director is appointed under
7	section 3(h), and every 2 years thereafter, the Board of
8	Directors shall—
9	(1) study provisions of Federal law relating to
10	employment, personnel actions, or availability of in-
11	formation to the public, that are similar to the provi-
12	sions described in section 2 and that do not apply
13	to some or all congressional employees, employing
14	offices, or offices of the legislative branch of the
15	Federal Government; and
16	(2) recommend to the Congress whether any of
17	the provisions should be applied to employees or of-
18	fices described in paragraph (1).
19	(c) Congressional Disapproval.—
20	(1) In general.—
21	(A) House of representatives.—
22	(i) IN GENERAL.—Regulations issued
23	by the Board of Directors under subsection
24	(a) that relate to the House of Representa-
25	tives shall take effect, and shall apply to

each employee of the House of Representatives, and each office of the House of Representatives described in section 2, on the date of issuance of such regulations unless disapproved by the Congress by concurrent resolution.

(ii) Introduction and content requirements.—Such resolution shall be introduced after the date on which the Board of Directors publishes the general notice of proposed rulemaking relating to the regulations. The matter after the resolving clause of the resolution shall be as follows: "That Congress disapproves the issuance of regulations of the Office of Compliance as proposed on \_\_\_\_\_\_ (the blank space being appropriately filled in).".

(B) Senate.—Regulations issued by the Board of Directors under subsection (a) that relate to the Senate shall take effect, and shall apply to each employee of the Senate, and each office of the Senate described in section 2, on the date of issuance of such regulations unless disapproved by the Congress by concurrent res-

- olution. Such resolution shall comply with the requirements of subparagraph (A)(ii).
  - (C) Instrumentalities.—Regulations issued by the Board of Directors under subsection (a) that relate to the instrumentalities shall take effect, and shall apply to each employee of an instrumentality, and each office of such an instrumentality described in section 2, on the date of issuance of such regulations unless disapproved by the Congress by joint resolution. Such resolution shall comply with the requirements of subparagraph (A)(ii).
  - (2) Rulemaking.—The provisions of this subsection are enacted by the Congress, and regulations issued by the Board of Directors are so issued—
    - (A) with respect to the application of this subsection, and regulations issued by the Board of Directors, to regulations affecting employees or offices of the House of Representatives, as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the House, with full recognition of the constitutional right of the House to change its rules (so far as the rules relate to the procedure of the House), in the same manner, and to the same

extent, as in the case of any other rule of the House; and

(B) with respect to the application of this subsection, and the regulations issued by the Board of Directors, to regulations affecting employees or offices of the Senate, as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the Senate, with full recognition of the constitutional right of the Senate to change its rules (so far as the rules relate to the procedure of the Senate), in the same manner, and to the same extent, as in the case of any other rule of the Senate.

# (d) Rules of the Office.—

(1) In General.—The Board of Directors shall, in accordance with section 553 of title 5, United States Code, issue rules governing the procedures of the Office, including the procedures of hearing boards. The Board of Directors may issue amendments to the rules in the same manner. In addition to publishing a general notice of proposed rulemaking under section 553(b) of title 5, United States Code, the Board of Directors shall concurrently submit such notice for publication in the Congressional Record, prior to issuing such regulations.

1	(2) Meetings and voting.—Such rules shall
2	require that the Board of Directors meet not less
3	often than 4 times annually in the District of Co-
4	lumbia, and shall ban voting by proxy by members
5	of the Board.
6	(3) Consultation.—The Board of Directors
7	may consult with the Chairman of the Administra-
8	tive Conference of the United States on the proposal
9	of such rules.
10	(e) Information Program.—The Board of Direc-
11	tors shall carry out such an information program as may
12	be appropriate to inform Members of the House of Rep-
13	resentatives, Senators, congressional employees, and heads
14	of employing offices as to the provisions, including provi-
15	sion relating to remedies, made applicable to the legislative
16	branch of the Federal Government under this section.
17	SEC. 5. PROCEDURE FOR CONSIDERATION OF ALLEGED
18	VIOLATIONS OF CIVIL RIGHTS AND PERSON-
19	NEL REQUIREMENTS.
20	(a) IN GENERAL.—The procedure for consideration
21	of alleged violations (except as provided in sections 11 and
22	12 and including violations of section 11(c) of the Occupa-
23	tional Safety and Health Act of 1970) (29 U.S.C. 660(c))
24	consists of the following:
25	(1) Step I, counseling, as set forth in section 6.

1	(2) Step II, mediation, as set forth in section
2	7.
3	(3) At the election of the employee alleging the
4	violation—
5	(A)(i) step IIIA, formal complaint and
6	hearing by a hearing board, as set forth in sec-
7	tion 8; and
8	(ii) step IV, judicial review of a hearing
9	board decision by the United States Court of
10	Appeals for the Federal Circuit, as set forth in
11	section 9; or
12	(B) step IIIB, a civil action in a district
13	court of the United States, as set forth in sec-
14	tion 10.
15	(b) Construction.—Nothing in this section shall be
16	construed to prohibit inspections under section 17.
17	SEC. 6. STEP I: COUNSELING.
18	(a) IN GENERAL.—A congressional employee alleging
19	a violation described in section 5(a) may request counsel-
20	ing by the Office. The Office shall provide the employee
21	with all relevant information with respect to the rights of
22	the employee. A request for counseling shall be made not
23	later than 180 days after the alleged violation forming the
24	basis of the request for counseling occurred.

- 1 (b) Period of Counseling.—The period for coun-
- 2 seling shall be 30 days unless the employee and the Office
- 3 agree to reduce the period. The period shall begin on the
- 4 date the request for counseling is received.

#### 5 SEC. 7. STEP II: MEDIATION.

- 6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 15 days after the
- 7 end of the counseling period under section 6, the employee
- 8 who alleged a violation described in section 5(a) may file
- 9 a request for mediation with the Office, which mediation—
- 10 (1) may include the Office, the employee, the
- employing office, and individuals who are rec-
- ommended to the executive director by the Federal
- Mediation and Conciliation Service or by the Admin-
- istrative Conference of the United States; and
- 15 (2) shall be a process involving meetings with
- the parties separately or jointly for the purpose of
- 17 resolving the dispute between the employee and the
- 18 employing office.
- 19 (b) MEDIATION PERIOD.—The mediation period shall
- 20 be 30 days beginning on the date the request for mediation
- 21 is received and may be extended for an additional 30 days
- 22 at the discretion of the Office. The Office shall notify the
- 23 employee and the head of the employing office when the
- 24 mediation period has ended.

### SEC. 8. STEP IIIA: FORMAL COMPLAINT AND HEARING.

- 2 (a) In General.—
- 3 (1) FORMAL COMPLAINT.—A congressional em-
- 4 ployee may, within 30 days after receipt of notice
- 5 from the Office of the end of the mediation period
- 6 under section 7, file a formal administrative com-
- 7 plaint with the Office as provided in this section.
- 8 (2) EXHAUSTION REQUIREMENT.—No adminis-
- 9 trative complaint may be filed unless the employee
- has made a timely request for counseling and has
- completed the procedures set forth in sections 6 and
- 12 7.
- 13 (b) HEARING BOARD.—A board of 3 independent
- 14 hearing officers (referred to in this Act as a "hearing
- 15 board"), who are not Members of the House of Represent-
- 16 atives, Senators, heads of employing offices, or congres-
- 17 sional employees, chosen by the Office (one of whom shall
- 18 be designated by the Office as the presiding hearing offi-
- 19 cer) shall be assigned to consider each complaint filed
- 20 under subsection (a). The Office shall appoint hearing of-
- 21 ficers after considering any candidates who are rec-
- 22 ommended to the executive director by the Federal Medi-
- 23 ation and Conciliation Service, the Administrative Con-
- 24 ference of the United States, or organizations composed
- 25 primarily of individuals experienced in adjudicating or ar-

1	bitrating personnel matters. A hearing board shall act by
2	majority vote.
3	(c) Dismissal of Frivolous Claims.—Prior to a
4	hearing under subsection (d), or at any time prior to the
5	issuance of a decision under subsection (g), a hearing
6	board may dismiss any claim that it finds to be frivolous.
7	(d) Hearing.—A hearing shall be conducted—
8	(1) in closed session on the record by a hearing
9	board;
10	(2) no later than 30 days after filing of the
11	complaint under subsection (a), except that the Of-
12	fice may, for good cause, extend up to an additional
13	60 days the time for conducting a hearing; and
14	(3) except as specifically provided in this Act
15	and to the greatest extent practicable, in accordance
16	with the principles and procedures set forth in sec-
17	tions 554 through 557 of title 5, United States
18	Code.
19	(e) DISCOVERY.—Reasonable prehearing discovery
20	may be permitted at the discretion of the hearing board.
21	(f) Subpoena Power.—
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—At the request of a hearing
23	board, the Chairperson of the Board of Directors,
24	acting at the direction of a majority of the Board of

Directors, may issue subpoenas on behalf of the

- hearing board, for the attendance of witnesses at proceedings of the hearing board and for the production of correspondence, books, papers, documents, and other records. The attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence may be required from any place within the United States.
  - (2) Failure to obey a subpoena issued under paragraph (1), the Chairperson of the Board of Directors, acting at the direction of a majority of the Board of Directors, may apply to a United States district court for an order requiring that person to appear before the hearing board to give testimony, produce evidence, or both, relating to the matter under investigation. The application may be made within the judicial district where the hearing is conducted or where that person is found, resides, or transacts business. Any failure to obey the order of the court may be punished by the court as civil contempt.
  - (3) Service of Subpoenas.—The subpoenas of the hearing board shall be served in the manner provided for subpoenas issued by a United States district court under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure for the United States district courts.

- 1 (4) SERVICE OF PROCESS.—All process of any court to which application may be made under para-3 graph (2) may be served in the judicial district in which the person required to be served resides or may be found.
- (5) IMMUNITY.—The hearing board is an agency of the United States for the purpose of part V of title 18, United States Code (relating to immunity of witnesses).
- 10 (g) Decision.—The hearing board shall issue a writ-11 ten decision as expeditiously as possible, but in no case 12 more than 45 days after the conclusion of the hearing. 13 The written decision shall be transmitted by the Office to 14 the employee and the employing office. The decision shall 15 state the issues raised by the complaint, describe the evi-16 dence in the record, and contain a determination as to 17 whether a violation described in section 5(a) has occurred.
- (h) Remedy Order.—If the hearing board determines that a violation described in section 5(a) has occurred, it shall order such remedies as are authorized
  under the regulations promulgated under section 4. The
  hearing board shall have no authority to award punitive
  damages. The entry of an order under this subsection shall
  constitute a final decision for purposes of judicial review

under section 9.

1	(i) Precedents and Interpretations.—A hear-
2	ing board that conducts such a hearing relating to the pro-
3	tections of an Act referred to in section 2 shall be guided
4	by judicial decisions under such Act.
5	SEC. 9. STEP IV: JUDICIAL REVIEW.
6	(a) Court of Appeals.—
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—Following any administra-
8	tive hearing convened under section 8(d), any con-
9	gressional employee or any head of an employing of-
10	fice aggrieved by a dismissal under section 8(c), a
11	final decision under section 8(g), or an order under
12	section 8(h), may petition for a review by the United
13	States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit.
14	(2) LAW APPLICABLE.—Chapter 158 of title 28,
15	United States Code, shall apply to a review under
16	paragraph (1) except that—
17	(A) with respect to section 2344 of title
18	28, United States Code, service of the petition
19	shall be on the House or Senate Legal Counsel,
20	or the appropriate entity of an instrumentality,
21	as the case may be, rather than on the Attorney
22	General;
23	(B) the provisions of section 2348 of title
24	28, United States Code, on the authority of the
25	Attorney General, shall not apply;

1	(C) the petition for review shall be filed
2	not later than 90 days after the entry in the
3	Office of a final decision under section 8(g) or
4	an order under section 8(h);
5	(D) the Office shall be an "agency" as
6	that term is used in chapter 158 of title 28,
7	United States Code; and
8	(E) the Office shall be the respondent in
9	any proceeding under paragraph (1).
10	(3) Standard of Review.—To the extent nec-
11	essary to decision and when presented, the court
12	shall decide all relevant questions of law and inter-
13	pret constitutional and statutory provisions. The
14	court shall set aside a final decision under section
15	8(g) or an order under section 8(h) if it is deter-
16	mined that the decision or order was—
17	(A) arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of dis-
18	cretion, or otherwise not consistent with law;
19	(B) not made consistent with required pro-
20	cedures; or
21	(C) unsupported by substantial evidence.
22	(4) RECORD.—In making determinations under
23	paragraph (3), the court shall review the whole
24	record, or those parts of it cited by a party, and due

account shall be taken of the rule of prejudicial

- 1 error. The record on review shall include the record
- 2 before the hearing board, the decision of the hearing
- board, and the order of the hearing board.
- 4 (b) ATTORNEY'S FEES.—If a congressional employee
- 5 is the prevailing party in a proceeding under this section
- 6 relating to a provision referred to in section 2, attorney's
- 7 fees may be allowed by the court in accordance with any
- 8 standards prescribed under Federal law for the award of
- 9 such fees in the event of a violation of such provision.

#### 10 SEC. 10. STEP IIIB: CIVIL ACTION.

- 11 (a) IN GENERAL.—
- 12 (1) CIVIL ACTION.—An employee may within 30
  13 days after receipt of notice from the Office of the
  14 end of the mediation period under section 7 for vio15 lations described in section 5(a) bring a civil action
  16 in a district court of the United States seeking relief
  17 from the alleged violation of law. In any such civil
  18 action, any party may demand a jury trial.
  - (2) EXHAUSTION REQUIREMENT.—No civil action may be filed under paragraph (1) unless the employee has made a timely request for counseling and has completed the procedures set forth in sections 6 and 7.

19

20

21

22

	4٥
1	(3) COURT ORDER.—If a court determines that
2	a violation of law occurred, the court may only enter
3	an order described in section 8(h).
4	(b) ATTORNEY'S FEES.—If a congressional employee
5	is the prevailing party in a proceeding under this section
6	relating to a provision referred to in section 2, attorney's
7	fees may be allowed by the court in accordance with any
8	standards prescribed under Federal law for the award of
9	such fees in the event of a violation of such provision.
10	SEC. 11. PROCEDURES FOR CONSIDERATION OF ALLEGED
11	VIOLATIONS RELATING TO INFORMATION
12	REQUIREMENTS.
13	(a) Procedures for Violations Relating to In-
14	FORMATION REQUIREMENTS.—In proposing regulations
15	under section 4 for the application of provisions described
16	in section 2(b), the Board of Directors shall propose regu-
17	
	lations that specify the procedure for consideration by the
18	lations that specify the procedure for consideration by the Office of alleged violations of the provisions. Such regula-
19	Office of alleged violations of the provisions. Such regula-
19 20	Office of alleged violations of the provisions. Such regulations shall provide, at a minimum, for procedures similar
19 20 21	Office of alleged violations of the provisions. Such regulations shall provide, at a minimum, for procedures similar to the procedures described in section 552 of title 5,
19 20 21 22	Office of alleged violations of the provisions. Such regulations shall provide, at a minimum, for procedures similar to the procedures described in section 552 of title 5, United States Code.

25 a final decision of the Office under the procedures de-

- 1 scribed in subsection (a), may petition for review of the
- 2 decision by the District Court of the United States for
- 3 the District of Columbia. Such review shall be conducted
- 4 in accordance with subparagraphs (B), (C), (E), (F), and
- 5 (G) of section 552(a)(4) of title 5, United States Code.
- 6 (c) ATTORNEY'S FEES.—If a congressional employee
- 7 is the prevailing party in a proceeding under this section
- 8 relating to a provision referred to in section 2(b), attor-
- 9 ney's fees may be allowed by the court in accordance with
- 10 any standards prescribed under Federal law for the award
- 11 of such fees in the event of a violation of such provision.
- 12 SEC. 12. PROCEDURES FOR CONSIDERATION OF ALLEGED
- 13 **VIOLATION RELATING TO LABOR MANAGE**
- 14 MENT AND OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND
- 15 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS.
- 16 (a) Procedures for Violations Relating to
- 17 Labor Management Requirements and Occupa-
- 18 TIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH REQUIREMENTS.—
- 19 (1) Procedures for violations relating
- 20 TO LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS.—In proposing
- regulations under section 4 for the application of
- provisions described in section 2(a)(2), the Board of
- 23 Directors shall propose regulations that specify the
- procedure for consideration by the Office of alleged
- violations of the provisions. Such regulations shall

- prescribe, at a minimum, for procedures similar to the procedures described in sections 7118, 7119, 7121, and 7122 of title 5, United States Code.
  - (2) PROCEDURES FOR VIOLATIONS RELATING TO OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH REQUIRE-MENTS.—In proposing regulations under section 4 for the application of provisions described in section 2(a)(3), the Board of Directors shall propose regulations that specify the procedure for consideration by the Office of alleged violations of the provisions. Such regulations shall provide, at a minimum, for procedures similar to the procedures described in sections 8, 9, 10, and 17 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 657, 658, 659, and 666).

# (b) Court Review.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Any congressional employee or head of an employing office aggrieved by any dismissal, order, or decision issued after procedures described in subsection (a) relating to a provision described in paragraph (2) or (3) of section 2(a), may petition for review by the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit.

1	(2) LAW APPLICABLE.—Chapter 158 of title 28,
2	United States Code, shall apply to a review under
3	paragraph (1) except that—
4	(A) with respect to section 2344 of title
5	28, United States Code, service of the petition
6	shall be on the House or Senate Legal Counsel,
7	or the appropriate entity of an instrumentality,
8	as the case may be, rather than on the Attorney
9	General;
10	(B) the provisions of section 2348 of title
11	28, United States Code, on the authority of the
12	Attorney General, shall not apply;
13	(C) the petition for review shall be filed
14	not later than 90 days after the entry in the
15	Office of any decision or order issued after pro-
16	cedures described in subsection (a);
17	(D) the Office shall be an "agency" as
18	that term is used in chapter 158 of title 28,
19	United States Code; and
20	(E) the Office shall be the respondent in
21	any proceeding under paragraph (1).
22	(3) Standard of Review.—To the extent nec-
23	essary to decision and when presented, the court
24	shall decide all relevant questions of law and inter-
25	pret constitutional and statutory provisions. The

- 1 court shall set aside any decision or order issued 2 after procedures described in subsection (a), if it is 3 determined that the decision or order was—
- (A) arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not consistent with law;
- 6 (B) not made consistent with required pro-7 cedures; or
  - (C) unsupported by substantial evidence.
  - (4) Record.—In making determinations under paragraph (3), the court shall review the whole record, or those parts of it cited by a party, and due account shall be taken of the rule of prejudicial error. The record on review shall include the record before any decisionmaker under the procedures described in subsection (a), the decision of the decisionmaker, and the order of the decisionmaker.
- 17 (c) Attorney's Fees.—If a congressional employee 18 is the prevailing party in a proceeding under this section 19 relating to a provision referred to in paragraph (2) or (3) 20 of section 2(a), attorney's fees may be allowed by the court 21 in accordance with any standards prescribed under Fed-22 eral law for the award of such fees in the event of a viola-
- 24 (d) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be 25 construed to prohibit inspections under section 17.

tion of such provision.

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

# SEC. 13. INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS.

- 2 (a) EXEMPTION.—The provisions referred to in sec-
- 3 tion 2(b) shall not apply to the offices described in sub-
- 4 section (b), or any information in the possession of the
- 5 offices described in subsection (b).
- 6 (b) Offices.—The offices referred to in subsection
- 7 (a) shall consist of the following:
- 8 (1) The personal offices of Members of the
- 9 House of Representatives or of Members of the Sen-
- 10 ate.
- 11 (2) The offices of standing, select, special, joint,
- and other committees of Congress.
- 13 (3) The offices of the President pro tempore of
- the Senate, the President of the Senate, or the Ma-
- jority Leader of the House of Representatives.
- 16 (4) The offices and support organizations of the
- other leaders of the House of Representatives or of
- the Senate.
- 19 (5) The offices of any caucus or partisan orga-
- 20 nization related to the Congress.
- 21 (6) The offices of the Legislative Counsel of the
- House of Representatives or of the Senate.
- 23 (7) The Office of Legislative Operations of the
- 24 House of Representatives.
- 25 (8) The office of the Parliamentarian of the
- House of Representatives or of the Senate.

1	(9) The offices of the Doorkeepers of the House
2	of Representatives or of the Senate.
3	(10) The offices of the Clerks of the House of
4	Representatives or of the Senate.
5	(11) The office of the General Counsel of the
6	House of Representatives.
7	(12) The Office of Legislative Information of
8	the House of Representatives.
9	(13) The offices of the Legal Counsel of the
10	House of Representatives or of the Senate.
11	(14) The offices of the Attending Physicians of
12	the House of Representatives or of the Senate.
13	(15) The escort assistance division of the Cap-
14	itol Police.
15	(16) Any staff organization.
16	(17) Any other office to which the Board of Di-
17	rectors determines, by regulation issued in accord-
18	ance with section 4, that the provisions described in
19	section 2(b) shall not apply.
20	SEC. 14. RESOLUTION OF COMPLAINT.
21	(a) Employment.—If, after a formal complaint is
22	filed under section 8 or in accordance with the procedures
23	described in section 12(a), the employee and the head of
24	the employing office resolve the issues involved, the em-
25	ployee may withdraw the complaint or the parties may

- 1 enter into a written agreement, subject to the approval
- 2 of the executive director.
- 3 (b) Information.—If, after a formal complaint is
- 4 filed in accordance with the procedures described in sec-
- 5 tion 11(a), the office of the legislative branch and the peti-
- 6 tioner seeking information from the office resolve the is-
- 7 sues involved, the petitioner may withdraw the complaint
- 8 or the parties may enter into a written agreement, subject
- 9 to the approval of the executive director.

#### 10 SEC. 15. PROHIBITION OF INTIMIDATION.

- Any intimidation of, or reprisal against, a congres-
- 12 sional employee by any Member or officer of the House
- 13 of Representatives or of the Senate, any head of an em-
- 14 ploying office, or any congressional employee, as the case
- 15 may be, because of the exercise of a right under this Act
- 16 relating to a provision described in section 2, constitutes
- 17 an unlawful employment practice, which may be remedied,
- 18 except as provided in section 5(a), in the same manner
- 19 under this Act as is a violation relating to such provision.

#### 20 SEC. 16. CONFIDENTIALITY.

- 21 (a) Counseling.—All counseling conducted under
- 22 this Act shall be strictly confidential except that the Office
- 23 and the employee may agree to notify the head of the em-
- 24 ploying office of the allegations.

- 1 (b) MEDIATION.—All mediation conducted under this
- 2 Act shall be strictly confidential.
- 3 (c) Hearings.—Except as provided in subsections
- 4 (d) and (e), the hearings and deliberations of hearing
- 5 boards (including any decisionmaker under procedures de-
- 6 scribed in section 11(a) or 12(a)) shall be confidential.
- 7 (d) Release of Records for Judicial Review.—
- 8 The records of such hearing boards may be made public
- 9 if required for the purpose of judicial review under section
- 10 9, 10, 11, or 12.
- (e) Access by Committees of Congress.—At the
- 12 discretion of the executive director, the executive director
- 13 may provide to the Committee on Standards of Official
- 14 Conduct of the House of Representatives and the Select
- 15 Committee on Ethics of the Senate access to the records
- 16 of the hearings and decisions of the hearing boards, in-
- 17 cluding all written and oral testimony in the possession
- 18 of the hearing boards, concerning a decision under section
- 19 8(g) or any decision or order issued after procedures de-
- 20 scribed in section 11(a) or 12(a). The executive director
- 21 shall not provide such access until the executive director
- 22 has consulted with the individual filing the complaint at
- 23 issue in the hearing, and until the hearing board has
- 24 issued the decision.

#### SEC. 17. INSPECTIONS.

- 2 (a) IN GENERAL.—On a regular basis, and at least
- 3 once during each Congress, the Office shall request that
- 4 the Secretary of Labor and the Architectural and Trans-
- 5 portation Barriers Compliance Board detail to the Office
- 6 such personnel as may be necessary to inspect the facilities
- 7 of the legislative branch of the Federal Government in
- 8 order to ensure compliance with the Occupational Safety
- 9 and Health Act of 1970, the Fair Labor Standards Act
- 10 of 1938, and title II of the Americans with Disabilities
- 11 Act of 1990.
- 12 (b) Date and Scope of Inspections.—The Office
- 13 shall determine the dates and scope of such inspections,
- 14 in accordance with regulations issued in accordance with
- 15 section 4.
- 16 (c) Report.—After conducting such an inspection,
- 17 the Office shall prepare and submit for publication in the
- 18 Congressional Record a report containing information on
- 19 the results of the inspection.

#### 20 SEC. 18. COLLECTION OF INFORMATION.

- 21 (a) COLLECTION.—The executive director shall col-
- 22 lect information with respect to complaints filed under sec-
- 23 tion 8 or under procedures described in section 11(a) or
- 24 12(a), including—
- 25 (1) the total number of such complaints;
- 26 (2) the number of such complaints that allege—

1	(A) discrimination on the basis of race or
2	color;
3	(B) discrimination on the basis of sex;
4	(C) discrimination on the basis of religion;
5	(D) discrimination on the basis of national
6	origin;
7	(E) discrimination on the basis of disabil-
8	ity;
9	(F) discrimination on the basis of age;
10	(G) a violation of the Fair Labor Stand-
11	ards Act of 1938;
12	(H) a violation of chapter 71 of title 5,
13	United States Code;
14	(I) a violation of the Occupational Safety
15	and Health Act of 1970;
16	(J) a violation of the Family and Medical
17	Leave Act of 1993;
18	(K) a violation of the Employee Polygraph
19	Protection Act of 1988;
20	(L) a violation of the Worker Adjustment
21	and Retraining Notification Act; or
22	(M) a violation of section 552 of title 5,
23	United States Code (commonly known as the
24	"Freedom of Information Act"), or section

1	552a of title 5, United States Code (commonly
2	known as the "Privacy Act of 1974");
3	(3) the number of such complaints that were re-
4	solved by—
5	(A) settlement;
6	(B) a decision following a hearing under
7	section 8 or under procedures described in sec-
8	tion 11(a) or 12(a); or
9	(C) withdrawal of the complaint, or other
10	means; and
11	(4) for each category of allegations described in
12	subparagraphs (A) through (M) of paragraph (2)—
13	(A) the aggregate amount of monetary
14	compensation (including damages, equitable
15	monetary relief, and interest) awarded as a re-
16	sult of settlement;
17	(B) the aggregate amount of such mone-
18	tary compensation awarded as a result of a de-
19	cision described in paragraph (3)(B); and
20	(C) the aggregate amount of such mone-
21	tary compensation awarded as a result of with-
22	drawal of the complaint or other means.
23	(b) Report.—
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after
25	the date of enactment of this section, and every year

- thereafter, the executive director shall prepare and
- 2 submit for publication in the Congressional Record
- a report containing the information described in sub-
- 4 section (a).
- 5 (2) Presentation of information in the
- 6 AGGREGATE.—In preparing the reports described in
- 7 paragraph (1), the executive director shall not iden-
- 8 tify by name parties participating in actions result-
- 9 ing from complaints described in subsection (a). The
- 10 reports shall present information collected under
- subsection (a) in the aggregate.
- 12 SEC. 19. POLITICAL AFFILIATION AND PLACE OF RESI-
- 13 **DENCE.**
- 14 (a) IN GENERAL.—It shall not be a violation to con-
- 15 sider the—
- 16 (1) party affiliation;
- 17 (2) domicile; or
- 18 (3) political compatibility with the employing
- 19 office,
- 20 of an employee with respect to employment decisions
- 21 issued under this Act.
- 22 (b) Definition.—For purposes of subsection (a),
- 23 the term "employee" means—

1	(1) a congressional employee on the staff of the
2	leadership of the House of Representatives or the
3	leadership of the Senate;
4	(2) a congressional employee on the staff of a
5	committee or subcommittee of—
6	(A) the House of Representatives; or
7	(B) the Senate;
8	(3) a congressional employee on the staff of a
9	Member of the House of Representatives or on the
10	staff of a Senator;
11	(4) an officer of the House of Representatives
12	or Senate, or a congressional employee, who is elect-
13	ed by the House of Representatives or Senate or is
14	appointed by a Member of the House of Representa-
15	tives or by a Senator, other than an employee de-
16	scribed in paragraph (1), (2), or (3); or
17	(5) an applicant for a position that is to be oc-
18	cupied by an individual described in any of para-
19	graphs (1) through (4).
20	SEC. 20. OTHER REVIEW.
21	No congressional employee may commence a judicial
22	proceeding to redress practices prohibited under section
23	2 or 4, except as provided in this Act.

# 1 SEC. 21. SEVERABILITY.

2	If any provision of this Act or the application of such
3	provision to any person or circumstance is held to be un-
4	constitutional, the remainder of this Act and the applica-
5	tion of the provisions of such to any person or cir-
6	cumstance shall not be affected thereby.
7	SEC. 22. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
8	There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
9	this Act such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year
10	1995 and each subsequent fiscal year.
11	SEC. 23. DEFINITIONS.
12	As used in this Act:
13	(1) Congressional employee.—The term
14	"congressional employee" means—
15	(A) an employee of the House of Rep-
16	resentatives;
17	(B) an employee of the Senate; and
18	(C) an employee of an instrumentality.
19	(2) Employee of an instrumentality.—
20	The term "employee of an instrumentality" means—
21	(A) an employee of the Architect of the
22	Capitol (except an employee described in para-
23	graph (3) or (4)), the Congressional Budget Of-
24	fice, the General Accounting Office, the Govern-
25	ment Printing Office, the Library of Congress,

the Office of Technology Assessment, or the United States Botanic Garden;

- (B) with respect to the application of a provision described in paragraph (4), (5), (6), or (7) of section 2(a), section 2(c), or section 2(d), any applicant for a position that will last 90 days or more and that is to be occupied by an individual described in subparagraph (A); or
- (C) any individual who was formerly an employee described in subparagraph (A) and whose claim of a violation arises out of the employment of the individual by an instrumentality described in subparagraph (A).
- (3) EMPLOYEE OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENT-ATIVES.—The term "employee of the House of Representatives" means an individual who was eligible to file a formal complaint with the Office of Fair Employment Practice of the House of Representatives under clause 6 of rule LI of the Rules of the House of Representatives, as in effect on the day before the date of enactment of this Act. Such term shall only include an applicant for employment with an entity of the House of Representatives with respect to the application of a provision described in

1	paragraph (4), (5), (6), or (7) of section 2(a), sec-
2	tion 2(c), or section 2(d).
3	(4) Employee of the senate.—The term
4	"employee of the Senate" means—
5	(A) any employee whose pay is disbursed
6	by the Secretary of the Senate;
7	(B) any employee of the Architect of the
8	Capitol who is assigned to the Senate Res-
9	taurants or to the Superintendent of the Senate
10	Office Buildings;
11	(C) with respect to the application of a
12	provision described in paragraph (4), (5), (6),
13	or $(7)$ of section $2(a)$ , section $2(c)$ , or section
14	2(d), any applicant for a position that will last
15	90 days or more and that is to be occupied by
16	an individual described in subparagraph (A) or
17	(B); or
18	(D) any individual who was formerly an
19	employee described in subparagraph (A) or (B)
20	and whose claim of a violation arises out of the
21	individual's Senate employment.
22	(5) Employing office.—The term "employing
23	office" means the office headed by a head of an em-
24	nloving office

1	(6) Head of an employing office.—The
2	term "head of an employing office" means the indi-
3	vidual who has final authority to appoint, hire, dis-
4	charge, and set the terms, conditions, or privileges
5	of the congressional employment of a congressional
6	employee.
7	(7) INSTRUMENTALITY—The term "instrumen-

- (7) Instrumentality.—The term "instrumentality" means an entity described in paragraph (2)(A).
- 10 (8) VIOLATION.—The term "violation" means a 11 violation of a provision listed in section 2 or a regu-12 lation that takes effect under section 4(c).

S 2071 IS——2

8

9

S 2071 IS——3

S 2071 IS——4