## In the Senate of the United States,

November 9, 1995.

*Resolved,* That the resolution from the House of Representatives (H.J. Res. 115) entitled "Joint resolution making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1996, and for other purposes" do pass with the following

## AMENDMENTS:

- 1 (1)Page 2, line 20, after "1948," insert: section 313 of
- 2 the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1994
- 3 and 1995 (Public Law 103–236),
- 4 (2)Page 10, line 19, after "resolution." insert: Included
- 5 in the apportionment for the Federal Payment to the Dis-
- 6 trict of Columbia shall be an additional \$15,000,000 above
- 7 the amount otherwise made available by this joint resolu-
- 8 tion, for purposes of certain capital construction loan re-
- 9 payments pursuant to Public Law 85–451, as amended.

10 (3)Page 15, strike out line 1 and all that follows over11 to and including line 7 on page 36, and insert:

TITLE III
PROHIBITION ON SUBSIDIZING POLITICAL ORGANIZATIONS
WITH TAXPAYER FUNDS
SEC. 301. (a) LIMITATIONS.—(1) Notwithstanding any
other provision of law, any organization receiving Federal
grants in an amount that, in the aggregate, is greater than
\$125,000 in the most recent Federal fiscal year, shall be
subject to the limitations on lobbying activity expenditures
under section 4911(c)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code
of 1986, except that, if exempt purpose expenditures are
over \$17,000,000 then the organization shall also be subject
to a limitation on lobbying of 1 percent of the excess of
the exempt purpose expenditures over \$17,000,000 unless
otherwise subject to section 4911(c)(2)(A) based on an elec-
tion made under section 501(h) of the Internal Revenue
Code of 1986.

(2) An organization described in section 501(c)(4) of 17 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 that engaged in lobbying 18 activities during the organization's previous taxable year 19 shall not be eligible to receive Federal funds constituting 20 a taxpayer subsidized grant. This paragraph shall not 21 apply to organizations described in section 501(c)(4) with 22 gross annual revenues of less than \$3,000,000 in such pre-23 vious taxable year, including Federal funds received as a 24 25 taxpayer subsidized grant.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—For the purposes of this title:

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2 (1) AGENCY.—The term "agency" has the mean3 ing given that term in section 551(1) of title 5, Unit4 ed States Code.

(2) CLIENT.—The term "client" means any per-5 son or entity that employs or retains another person 6 7 for financial or other compensation to conduct lobbying activities on behalf of that person or entity. A 8 person or entity whose employees act as lobbyists on 9 10 its own behalf is both a client and an employer of such employees. In the case of a coalition or associa-11 tion that employs or retains other persons to conduct 12 lobbying activities, the client is the coalition or asso-13 14 ciation and not its individual members.

15 (3) COVERED EXECUTIVE BRANCH OFFICIAL.—
16 The term "covered executive branch official" means—
17 (A) the President:

18 *(B) the Vice President:* 

(C) any officer or employee, or any other
individual functioning in the capacity of such
an officer or employee, in the Executive Office of
the President;

23 (D) any officer or employee serving in a po24 sition in level I, II, III, IV, or V of the Executive

1	Schedule, as designated by statute or Executive
2	order;
3	(E) any member of the uniformed services
4	whose pay grade is at or above O–7 under sec-
5	tion 201 of title 37, United States Code; and
6	(F) any officer or employee serving in a po-
7	sition of a confidential, policy-determining, pol-
8	icy-making, or policy-advocating character de-
9	scribed in section 7511(b)(2) of title 5, United
10	States Code.
11	(4) Covered legislative branch official.—
12	The term ''covered legislative branch official''
13	means—
14	(A) a Member of Congress;
15	(B) an elected officer of either House of
16	Congress;
17	(C) any employee of, or any other individ-
18	ual functioning in the capacity of an employee
19	of—
20	(i) a Member of Congress;
21	(ii) a committee of either House of
22	Congress;
23	(iii) the leadership staff of the House of
24	Representatives or the leadership staff of the
25	Senate;

1	(iv) a joint committee of Congress; and
2	(v) a working group or caucus orga-
3	nized to provide legislative services or other
4	assistance to Members of Congress; and
5	(D) any other legislative branch employee
6	serving in a position described under section
7	109(13) of the Ethics in Government Act of 1978
8	(5 U.S.C. App.).
9	(5) Employee.—The term ''employee'' means
10	any individual who is an officer, employee, partner,
11	director, or proprietor of a person or entity, but does
12	not include—
13	(A) independent contractors; or
14	(B) volunteers who receive no financial or
15	other compensation from the person or entity for
16	their services.
17	(6) Foreign entity.—The term "foreign entity"
18	means a foreign principal (as defined in section 1(b)
19	of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938 (22
20	U.S.C. 611(b)).
21	(7) GRANT.—The term ''grant'' means the provi-
22	sion of any Federal funds, appropriated under this or
23	any other Act, to carry out a public purpose of the
24	United States, except—

1	(A) the provision of funds for acquisition
2	(by purchase, lease, or barter) of property or
3	services for the direct benefit or use of the United
4	States;
5	(B) the payments of loans, debts, or entitle-
6	ments;
7	(C) the provision of funds to, or distribution
8	of funds by, a Federal court established under
9	Article I or III of the Constitution of the United
10	States;
11	(D) nonmonetary assistance provided by the
12	Department of Veterans Affairs to organizations
13	approved or recognized under section 5902 of
14	title 38, United States Code; and
15	(E) the provision of grant and scholarship
16	funds to students for educational purposes.
17	(8) Lobbying activities.—The term ''lobbying
18	activities" means lobbying contacts and efforts in
19	support of such contacts, including preparation and
20	planning activities, research and other background
21	work that is intended, at the time it is performed, for
22	use in contacts, and coordination with the lobbying
23	activities of others.
24	(9) Lobbying contact.—

1	(A) DEFINITION.—The term ''lobbying con-
2	tact" means any oral or written communication
3	(including an electronic communication) to a
4	covered executive branch official or a covered leg-
5	islative branch official that is made on behalf of
6	a client with regard to—
7	(i) the formulation, modification, or
8	adoption of Federal legislation (including
9	legislative proposals);
10	(ii) the formulation, modification, or
11	adoption of a Federal rule, regulation, Ex-
12	ecutive order, or any other program, policy,
13	or position of the United States Govern-
14	ment;
15	(iii) the administration or execution of
16	a Federal program or policy (including the
17	negotiation, award, or administration of a
18	Federal contract, grant, loan, permit, or li-
19	cense); or
20	(iv) the nomination or confirmation of
21	a person for a position subject to confirma-
22	tion by the Senate.
23	(B) Exceptions.—The term ''lobbying con-
24	tact" does not include a communication that
25	is—

(i) made by a public official acting in 1 2 the public official's official capacity; (ii) made by a representative of a 3 media organization if the purpose of the 4 communication is gathering and dissemi-5 nating news and information to the public; 6 7 (iii) made in a speech, article, publication or other material that is distributed 8 and made available to the public, or 9 through radio, television, cable television, or 10 other medium of mass communication: 11 (iv) made on behalf of a government of 12 a foreign country or a foreign political 13 party and disclosed under the Foreign 14 Agents Registration Act of 1938 (22 U.S.C. 15 611 et seq.); 16 17 (v) a request for a meeting, a request 18 for the status of an action, or any other 19 similar administrative request, if the re-20 quest does not include an attempt to influence a covered executive branch official or a 21 22 covered legislative branch official;

23 (vi) made in the course of participa24 tion in an advisory committee subject to the
25 Federal Advisory Committee Act;

1	(vii) testimony given before a commit-
2	tee, subcommittee, or task force of the Con-
3	gress, or submitted for inclusion in the pub-
4	lic record of a hearing conducted by such
5	committee, subcommittee, or task force;
6	(viii) information provided in writing
7	in response to an oral or written request by
8	a covered executive branch official or a cov-
9	ered legislative branch official for specific
10	information;
11	(ix) required by subpoena, civil inves-
12	tigative demand, or otherwise compelled by
13	statute, regulation, or other action of the
14	Congress or an agency;
15	(x) made in response to a notice in the
16	Federal Register, Commerce Business Daily,
17	or other similar publication soliciting com-
18	munications from the public and directed to
19	the agency official specifically designated in
20	the notice to receive such communications;
21	(xi) not possible to report without dis-
22	closing information, the unauthorized dis-
23	closure of which is prohibited by law;
24	(xii) made to an official in an agency
25	with regard to—

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1	(I) a judicial proceeding or a
2	criminal or civil law enforcement in-
3	quiry, investigation, or proceeding; or
4	(II) a filing or proceeding that the
5	Government is specifically required by
6	statute or regulation to maintain or
7	conduct on a confidential basis,
8	if that agency is charged with responsibility
9	for such proceeding, inquiry, investigation,
10	or filing;
11	(xiii) made in compliance with written
12	agency procedures regarding an adjudica-
13	tion conducted by the agency under section
14	554 of title 5, United States Code, or sub-
15	stantially similar provisions;
16	(xiv) a written comment filed in the
17	course of a public proceeding or any other
18	communication that is made on the record
19	in a public proceeding;
20	(xv) a petition for agency action made
21	in writing and required to be a matter of
22	public record pursuant to established agency
23	procedures;
24	(xvi) made on behalf of an individual
25	with regard to that individual's benefits,

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1	employment, or other personal matters in-
2	volving only that individual, except that
3	this clause does not apply to any commu-
4	nication with—
5	(I) a covered executive branch offi-
6	cial, or
7	(II) a covered legislative branch
8	official (other than the individual's
9	elected Members of Congress or employ-
10	ees who work under such Members' di-
11	rect supervision),
12	with respect to the formulation, modifica-
13	tion, or adoption of private legislation for
14	the relief of that individual;
15	(xvii) a disclosure by an individual
16	that is protected under the amendments
17	made by the Whistleblower Protection Act of
18	1989, under the Inspector General Act of
19	1978, or under another provision of law;
20	(xviii) made by—
21	(I) a church, its integrated auxil-
22	iary, or a convention or association of
23	churches that is exempt from filing a
24	Federal income tax return under para-

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1	graph 2(A)(i) of section 6033(a) of the
2	Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or
3	(II) a religious order that is ex-
4	empt from filing a Federal income tax
5	return under paragraph (2)(A)(iii) of
6	such section 6033(a); and
7	(xix) between—
8	(I) officials of a self-regulatory or-
9	ganization (as defined in section
10	3(a)(26) of the Securities Exchange
11	Act) that is registered with or estab-
12	lished by the Securities and Exchange
13	Commission as required by that Act or
14	a similar organization that is des-
15	ignated by or registered with the Com-
16	modities Future Trading Commission
17	as provided under the Commodity Ex-
18	change Act; and
19	(II) the Securities and Exchange
20	Commission or the Commodities Fu-
21	ture Trading Commission, respectively;
22	relating to the regulatory responsibilities of
23	such organization under that Act.
24	(10) Lobbying firm.—The term ''lobbying
25	firm" means a person or entity that has 1 or more

employees who are lobbyists on behalf of a client other
 than that person or entity. The term also includes a
 self-employed individual who is a lobbyist.

4 (11) LOBBYIST.—The term "lobbyist" means any 5 individual who is employed or retained by a client for financial or other compensation for services that 6 7 include more than one lobbying contact, other than an individual whose lobbying activities constitute less 8 than 20 percent of the time engaged in the services 9 provided by such individual to that client over a six 10 month period. 11

(12) MEDIA ORGANIZATION.—The term "media
organization" means a person or entity engaged in
disseminating information to the general public
through a newspaper, magazine, other publication,
radio, television, cable television, or other medium of
mass communication.

18 (13) MEMBER OF CONGRESS.—The term "Mem19 ber of Congress" means a Senator or a Representative
20 in, or Delegate or Resident Commissioner to, the Con21 gress.

(14) ORGANIZATION.—The term "organization"
means a person or entity other than an individual.
(15) PERSON OR ENTITY.—The term "person or
entity" means any individual, corporation, company,

1	foundation, association, labor organization, firm,
2	partnership, society, joint stock company, group of or-
3	ganizations, or State or local government.
4	(16) Public official.—The term "public offi-
5	cial" means any elected official, appointed official, or
6	employee of—
7	(A) a Federal, State, or local unit of gov-
8	ernment in the United States other than—
9	(i) a college or university;
10	(ii) a government-sponsored enterprise
11	(as defined in section 3(8) of the Congres-
12	sional Budget and Impoundment Control
13	Act of 1974);
14	(iii) a public utility that provides gas,
15	electricity, water, or communications;
16	(iv) a guaranty agency (as defined in
17	section 435(j) of the Higher Education Act
18	of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1085(j))), including any
19	affiliate of such an agency; or
20	(v) an agency of any State functioning
21	as a student loan secondary market pursu-
22	ant to section $435(d)(1)(F)$ of the Higher
23	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.

*1085(d)(1)(F));* 

1	(B) a Government corporation (as defined
2	in section 9101 of title 31, United States Code);
3	(C) an organization of State or local elected
4	or appointed officials other than officials of an
5	entity described in clause (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), or
6	(v) of subparagraph (A);
7	(D) an Indian tribe (as defined in section
8	4(e) of the Indian Self-Determination and Edu-
9	cation Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450b(e));
10	(E) a national or State political party or
11	any organizational unit thereof; or
12	(F) a national, regional, or local unit of
13	any foreign government.
14	(17) State.—The term "State" means each of
15	the several States, the District of Columbia, and any
16	commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United
17	States.
18	DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS
19	SEC. 302. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than December
20	31 of each year, each taxpayer subsidized grantee, except
21	an individual person, shall provide (via either electronic
22	or paper medium) to each Federal entity that awarded or
23	administered its taxpayer subsidized grant an annual re-
24	port for the previous Federal fiscal year, certified by the
25	taxpayer subsidized grantee's chief executive officer or
26	equivalent person of authority, setting forth—

1	(1) the taxpayer subsidized grantee's name and
2	grantee identification number;
3	(2) a statement that the taxpayer subsidized
4	grantee agrees that it is, and shall continue to be,
5	contractually bound by the terms of this title as a
6	condition of the continued receipt and use of Federal
7	funds; and
8	(3)(A) a statement that the taxpayer subsidized
9	grantee spent less than \$25,000 on lobbying activities
10	in the grantee's most recent taxable year; or
11	(B)(i) the amount or value of the taxpayer sub-
12	sidized grant (including all administrative and over-
13	head costs awarded);
14	(ii) a good faith estimate of the grantee's actual
15	expenses on lobbying activities in the most recent tax-
16	able year; and
17	(iii) a good faith estimate of the grantee's al-
18	lowed expenses on lobbying activities under section
19	<i>301 of this Act.</i>
20	PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY
21	Sec. 303. (a) Public Availability of Lobbying
22	DISCLOSURE FORMS.—Any Federal entity awarding a tax-
23	payer subsidized grant shall make publicly available any
24	taxpayer subsidized grant application, and the annual re-
25	port of a taxpayer subsidized grantee provided under sec-
26	tion 302 of this Act.

(b) ACCESSIBILITY TO PUBLIC.—The public's access to 1 the documents identified in subsection (a) shall be facili-2 tated by placement of such documents in the Federal enti-3 ty's public document reading room and also by expediting 4 any requests under section 552 of title 5, United States 5 Code, the Freedom of Information Act as amended, ahead 6 of any requests for other information pending at such Fed-7 8 eral entity.

9 (c) WITHHOLDING PROHIBITED.—Records described 10 in subsection (a) shall not be subject to withholding, except 11 under the exemption set forth in subsection (b)(7)(A) of sec-12 tion 552 of title 5, United States Code.

(d) FEES PROHIBITED.—No fees for searching for or
copying such documents shall be charged to the public.

15 (e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this
16 title shall become effective January 4, 1996. Attest:

Secretary.

AMENDMENTS

HJ 115 EAS---2 HJ 115 EAS---3 HJ 115 EAS---4 HJ 115 EAS---5