Union Calendar No. 143

104TH CONGRESS H. R. 1506

[Report No. 104-274]

A BILL

To amend title 17, United States Code, to provide an exclusive right to perform sound recordings publicly by means of digital transmissions, and for other purposes.

OCTOBER 11, 1995

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

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104TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

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To amend title 17, United States Code, to provide an exclusive right to perform sound recordings publicly by means of digital transmissions, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 7, 1995

Mr. Moorhead (for himself, Mr. Hyde, Mr. Conyers, and Mr. Gekas) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

OCTOBER 11, 1995

Additional sponsors: Mr. Bono, Mr. Fattah, Mr. Peterson of Minnesota, Mr. LaHood, Mr. Barr, and Mr. Bliley

OCTOBER 11, 1995

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic] [For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on April 7, 1995]

A BILL

To amend title 17, United States Code, to provide an exclusive right to perform sound recordings publicly by means of digital transmissions, and for other purposes.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Digital Performance
5	Right in Sound Recordings Act of 1995''.
6	SEC. 2. EXCLUSIVE RIGHTS IN COPYRIGHTED WORKS.
7	Section 106 of title 17, United States Code, is amend-
8	ed—
9	(1) in paragraph (4) by striking "and" after the
10	semicolon;
11	(2) in paragraph (5) by striking the period and
12	inserting ''; and''; and
13	(3) by adding at the end the following:
14	"(6) in the case of sound recordings, to perform
15	the copyrighted work publicly by means of a digital
16	audio transmission.''.
17	SEC. 3. SCOPE OF EXCLUSIVE RIGHTS IN SOUND RECORD-
18	INGS.
19	Section 114 of title 17, United States Code, is amend-
20	ed—
21	(1) in subsection (a) by striking "and (3)" and
22	inserting "(3) and (6)";
23	(2) in subsection (b) in the first sentence by
	•

1	and other audiovisual works,'' and inserting
2	"phonorecords or copies";
3	(3) by striking subsection (d) and inserting:
4	"(d) Limitations on Exclusive Right.—Notwith-
5	standing the provisions of section 106(6)—
6	"(1) Exempt transmissions and
7	RETRANSMISSIONS.—The performance of a sound re-
8	cording publicly by means of a digital audio trans-
9	mission, other than as a part of an interactive serv-
10	ice, is not an infringement of section 106(6) if the
11	performance is part of—
12	``(A)(i) a nonsubscription transmission
13	other than a retransmission;
14	"(ii) an initial nonsubscription
15	retransmission made for direct reception by
16	members of the public of a prior or simultaneous
17	incidental transmission that is not made for di-
18	rect reception by members of the public; or
19	"(iii) a nonsubscription broadcast trans-
20	mission;
21	"(B) a retransmission of a nonsubscription
22	broadcast transmission: Provided, That, in the
23	case of a retransmission of a radio station's
24	broadcast transmission—

1	"(i) the radio station's broadcast
2	transmission is not willfully or repeatedly
3	retransmitted more than a radius of 150
4	miles from the site of the radio broadcast
5	transmitter, however—
6	"(I) the 150 mile limitation under
7	this clause shall not apply when a
8	nonsubscription broadcast trans-
9	mission by a radio station licensed by
10	the Federal Communications Commis-
11	sion is retransmitted on a
12	nonsubscription basis by a terrestrial
13	broadcast station, terrestrial trans-
14	lator, or terrestrial repeater licensed by
15	the Federal Communications Commis-
16	sion; and
17	"(II) in the case of a subscription
18	retransmission of a nonsubscription
19	broadcast retransmission covered by
20	subclause (I), the 150 mile radius shall
21	be measured from the transmitter site
22	of such broadcast retransmitter;
23	"(ii) the retransmission is of radio sta-
24	tion broadcast transmissions that are—

1	"(I) obtained by the retransmitter
2	over the air;
3	"(II) not electronically processed
4	by the retransmitter to deliver separate
5	and discrete signals; and
6	"(III) retransmitted only within
7	the local communities served by the
8	retransmitter;
9	"(iii) the radio station's broadcast
10	transmission was being retransmitted to
11	cable systems (as defined in section 111(f))
12	by a satellite carrier on January 1, 1995,
13	and that retransmission was being
14	retransmitted by cable systems as a separate
15	and discrete signal, and the satellite carrier
16	obtains the radio station's broadcast trans-
17	mission in an analog format: Provided,
18	That the broadcast transmission being
19	retransmitted may embody the program-
20	ming of no more than one radio station; or
21	"(iv) the radio station's broadcast
22	transmission is made by a noncommercial
23	educational broadcast station funded on or
24	after January 1, 1995, under section 396(k)
25	of the Communications Act of 1934 (47

1	U.S.C. 396(k)), consists solely of non-
2	commercial educational and cultural radio
3	programs, and the retransmission, whether
4	or not simultaneous, is a nonsubscription
5	terrestrial broadcast retransmission; or
6	"(C) a transmission that comes within any
7	of the following categories:
8	"(i) a prior or simultaneous trans-
9	mission incidental to an exempt trans-
10	mission, such as a feed received by and then
11	retransmitted by an exempt transmitter:
12	Provided, That such incidental trans-
13	missions do not include any subscription
14	transmission directly for reception by mem-
15	bers of the public;
16	"(ii) a transmission within a business
17	establishment, confined to its premises or
18	the immediately surrounding vicinity;
19	"(iii) a retransmission by any
20	retransmitter, including a multichannel
21	video programming distributor as defined
22	in section 602(12) of the Communications
23	Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 522(12)), of a trans-
24	mission by a transmitter licensed to pub-
25	licly perform the sound recording as a part

1	of that transmission, if the retransmission
2	is simultaneous with the licensed trans-
3	mission and authorized by the transmitter;
4	or
5	"(iv) a transmission to a business es-
6	tablishment for use in the ordinary course
7	of its business: Provided, That the business
8	recipient does not retransmit the trans-
9	mission outside of its premises or the imme-
10	diately surrounding vicinity, and that the
11	transmission does not exceed the sound re-
12	cording performance complement. Nothing
13	in this clause shall limit the scope of the ex-
14	emption in clause (ii).
15	"(2) Subscription transmissions.—In the
16	case of a subscription transmission not exempt under
17	subsection (d)(1), the performance of a sound record-
18	ing publicly by means of a digital audio transmission
19	shall be subject to statutory licensing, in accordance
20	with subsection (f) of this section, if—
21	"(A) the transmission is not part of an
22	interactive service;
23	"(B) the transmission does not exceed the
24	sound recording performance complement;

1	"(C) the transmitting entity does not cause
2	to be published by means of an advance program
3	schedule or prior announcement the titles of the
4	specific sound recordings or phonorecords em-
5	bodying such sound recordings to be transmitted;
6	"(D) except in the case of transmission to
7	a business establishment, the transmitting entity
8	does not automatically and intentionally cause
9	any device receiving the transmission to switch
10	from one program channel to another; and
11	"(E) except as provided in section 1002(e)
12	of this title, the transmission of the sound record-
13	ing is accompanied by the information encoded
14	in that sound recording, if any, by or under the
15	authority of the copyright owner of that sound
16	recording, that identifies the title of the sound re-
17	cording, the featured recording artist who per-
18	forms on the sound recording, and related infor-
19	mation, including information concerning the
20	underlying musical work and its writer.
21	"(3) Licenses for transmissions by inter-
22	ACTIVE SERVICES.—
23	"(A) No interactive service shall be granted
24	an exclusive license under section 106(6) for the
25	performance of a sound recording publicly by

means of digital audio transmission for a period in excess of 12 months, except that with respect to an exclusive license granted to an interactive service by a licensor that holds the copyright to 1,000 or fewer sound recordings, the period of such license shall not exceed 24 months: Provided, however, That the grantee of such exclusive license shall be ineligible to receive another exclusive license for the performance of that sound recording for a period of 13 months from the expiration of the prior exclusive license.

"(B) The limitation set forth in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall not apply if—

"(i) the licensor has granted and there remain in effect licenses under section 106(6) for the public performance of sound recordings by means of digital audio transmission by at least 5 different interactive services: Provided, however, That each such license must be for a minimum of 10 percent of the copyrighted sound recordings owned by the licensor that have been licensed to interactive services, but in no event less than 50 sound recordings; or

1	"(ii) the exclusive license is granted to
2	perform publicly up to 45 seconds of a
3	sound recording and the sole purpose of the
4	performance is to promote the distribution
5	or performance of that sound recording.
6	"(C) Notwithstanding the grant of an exclu-
7	sive or nonexclusive license of the right of public
8	performance under section 106(6), an interactive
9	service may not publicly perform a sound record-
10	ing unless a license has been granted for the pub-
11	lic performance of any copyrighted musical work
12	contained in the sound recording: Provided, That
13	such license to publicly perform the copyrighted
14	musical work may be granted either by a per-
15	forming rights society representing the copyright
16	owner or by the copyright owner.
17	"(D) The performance of a sound recording
18	by means of a retransmission of a digital audio
19	transmission is not an infringement of section
20	106(6) if—
21	"(i) the retransmission is of a trans-
22	mission by an interactive service licensed to
23	publicly perform the sound recording to a
24	particular member of the public as part of
25	that transmission; and

1	"(ii) the retransmission is simulta-
2	neous with the licensed transmission, au-
3	thorized by the transmitter, and limited to
4	that particular member of the public in-
5	tended by the interactive service to be the
6	recipient of the transmission.
7	"(E) For the purposes of this paragraph—
8	"(i) a 'licensor' shall include the licens-
9	ing entity and any other entity under any
10	material degree of common ownership, man-
11	agement, or control that owns copyrights in
12	sound recordings; and
13	"(ii) a 'performing rights society' is an
14	association or corporation that licenses the
15	public performance of nondramatic musical
16	works on behalf of the copyright owner, such
17	as the American Society of Composers, Au-
18	thors and Publishers, Broadcast Music, Inc.,
19	and SESAC, Inc.
20	"(4) Rights not otherwise limited.—
21	"(A) Except as expressly provided in this
22	section, this section does not limit or impair the
23	exclusive right to perform a sound recording
24	publicly by means of a digital audio trans-
25	mission under section 106(6).

1	"(B) Nothing in this section annuls or lim-
2	its in any way—
3	"(i) the exclusive right to publicly per-
4	form a musical work, including by means of
5	a digital audio transmission, under section
6	106(4);
7	"(ii) the exclusive rights in a sound re-
8	cording or the musical work embodied there-
9	in under sections 106(1), 106(2) and
10	106(3); or
11	"(iii) any other rights under any other
12	clause of section 106, or remedies available
13	under this title, as such rights or remedies
14	exist either before or after the date of enact-
15	ment of the Digital Performance Right in
16	Sound Recordings Act of 1995.
17	"(C) Any limitations in this section on the
18	exclusive right under section 106(6) apply only
19	to the exclusive right under section 106(6) and
20	not to any other exclusive rights under section
21	106. Nothing in this section shall be construed to
22	annul, limit, impair or otherwise affect in any
23	way the ability of the owner of a copyright in
24	a sound recording to exercise the rights under
25	sections 106(1), 106(2) and 106(3), or to obtain

1	the remedies available under this title pursuant
2	to such rights, as such rights and remedies exist
3	either before or after the date of enactment of the
4	Digital Performance Right in Sound Recordings
5	Act of 1995.''; and
6	(4) by adding after subsection (d) the following:
7	"(e) Authority for Negotiations.—
8	"(1) Notwithstanding any provision of the anti-
9	trust laws, in negotiating statutory licenses in accord-
10	ance with subsection (f), any copyright owners of
11	sound recordings and any entities performing sound
12	recordings affected by this section may negotiate and
13	agree upon the royalty rates and license terms and
14	conditions for the performance of such sound record-
15	ings and the proportionate division of fees paid
16	among copyright owners, and may designate common
17	agents on a nonexclusive basis to negotiate, agree to,
18	pay, or receive payments.
19	"(2) For licenses granted under section 106(6),
20	other than statutory licenses, such as for performances
21	by interactive services or performances that exceed the
22	sound recording performance complement—
23	"(A) copyright owners of sound recordings
24	affected by this section may designate common
25	agents to act on their behalf to grant licenses and

receive and remit royalty payments: Provided,

That each copyright owner shall establish the

royalty rates and material license terms and

conditions unilaterally, that is, not in agree
ment, combination, or concert with other copy
right owners of sound recordings; and

"(B) entities performing sound recordings affected by this section may designate common agents to act on their behalf to obtain licenses and collect and pay royalty fees: Provided, That each entity performing sound recordings shall determine the royalty rates and material license terms and conditions unilaterally, that is, not in agreement, combination, or concert with other entities performing sound recordings.

16 "(f) Licenses for Nonexempt Subscription 17 Transmissions.—

"(1) No later than 30 days after the enactment of the Digital Performance Right in Sound Recordings Act of 1995, the Librarian of Congress shall cause notice to be published in the Federal Register of the initiation of voluntary negotiation proceedings for the purpose of determining reasonable terms and rates of royalty payments for the activities specified by subsection (d)(2) of this section during the period

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beginning on the effective date of such Act and ending on December 31, 2000. Such terms and rates shall distinguish among the different types of digital audio transmission services then in operation. Any copyright owners of sound recordings or any entities performing sound recordings affected by this section may submit to the Librarian of Congress licenses covering such activities with respect to such sound recordings. The parties to each negotiation proceeding shall bear their own costs.

"(2) In the absence of license agreements negotiated under paragraph (1), during the 60-day period commencing 6 months after publication of the notice specified in paragraph (1), and upon the filing of a petition in accordance with section 803(a)(1), the Librarian of Congress shall, pursuant to chapter 8, convene a copyright arbitration royalty panel to determine and publish in the Federal Register a schedule of rates and terms which, subject to paragraph (3), shall be binding on all copyright owners of sound recordings and entities performing sound recordings. In addition to the objectives set forth in section 801(b)(1), in establishing such rates and terms, the copyright arbitration royalty panel may consider the rates and terms for comparable types of digital audio

transmission services and comparable circumstances under voluntary license agreements negotiated as pro-vided in paragraph (1). The Librarian of Congress shall also establish requirements by which copyright owners may receive reasonable notice of the use of their sound recordings under this section, and under which records of such use shall be kept and made available by entities performing sound recordings.

"(3) License agreements voluntarily negotiated at any time between one or more copyright owners of sound recordings and one or more entities performing sound recordings shall be given effect in lieu of any determination by a copyright arbitration royalty panel or decision by the Librarian of Congress.

"(4)(A) Publication of a notice of the initiation of voluntary negotiation proceedings as specified in paragraph (1) shall be repeated, in accordance with regulations that the Librarian of Congress shall prescribe—

"(i) no later than 30 days after a petition is filed by any copyright owners of sound recordings or any entities performing sound recordings affected by this section indicating that a new type of digital audio transmission service on

1	which sound recordings are performed is or is
2	about to become operational; and
3	"(ii) in the first week of January, 2000 and
4	at 5-year intervals thereafter.
5	"(B)(i) The procedures specified in paragraph
6	(2) shall be repeated, in accordance with regulations
7	that the Librarian of Congress shall prescribe, upon
8	the filing of a petition in accordance with section
9	803(a)(1) during a 60-day period commencing—
10	"(I) six months after publication of a notice
11	of the initiation of voluntary negotiation pro-
12	ceedings under paragraph (1) pursuant to a pe-
13	tition under paragraph (4)(A)(i); or
14	"(II) on July 1, 2000 and at 5-year inter-
15	vals thereafter.
16	"(ii) The procedures specified in paragraph (2)
17	shall be concluded in accordance with section 802.
18	"(5)(A) Any person who wishes to perform a
19	sound recording publicly by means of a nonexempt
20	subscription transmission under this subsection may
21	do so without infringing the exclusive right of the
22	copyright owner of the sound recording—
23	"(i) by complying with such notice require-
24	ments as the Librarian of Congress shall pre-

1	scribe by regulation and by paying royalty fees
2	in accordance with this subsection; or
3	"(ii) if such royalty fees have not been set,
4	by agreeing to pay such royalty fees as shall be
5	determined in accordance with this subsection.
6	"(B) Any royalty payments in arrears shall be
7	made on or before the twentieth day of the month next
8	succeeding the month in which the royalty fees are
9	set.
10	"(g) Proceeds From Licensing of Subscription
11	Transmissions.—
12	"(1) Except in the case of a subscription trans-
13	mission licensed in accordance with subsection (f) of
14	this section—
15	"(A) a featured recording artist who per-
16	forms on a sound recording that has been li-
17	censed for a subscription transmission shall be
18	entitled to receive payments from the copyright
19	owner of the sound recording in accordance with
20	the terms of the artist's contract; and
21	"(B) a nonfeatured recording artist who
22	performs on a sound recording that has been li-
23	censed for a subscription transmission shall be
24	entitled to receive payments from the copyright
25	owner of the sound recording in accordance with

the terms of the nonfeatured recording artist's applicable contract or other applicable agreement.

"(2) The copyright owner of the exclusive right under section 106(6) of this title to publicly perform a sound recording by means of a digital audio transmission shall allocate to recording artists in the following manner its receipts from the statutory licensing of subscription transmission performances of the sound recording in accordance with subsection (f) of this section:

"(A) 2½ percent of the receipts shall be deposited in an escrow account managed by an independent administrator jointly appointed by copyright owners of sound recordings and the American Federation of Musicians (or any successor entity) to be distributed to nonfeatured musicians (whether or not members of the American Federation of Musicians) who have performed on sound recordings.

"(B) 2½ percent of the receipts shall be deposited in an escrow account managed by an independent administrator jointly appointed by copyright owners of sound recordings and the American Federation of Television and Radio

Artists (or any successor entity) to be distributed to nonfeatured vocalists (whether or not members of the American Federation of Television and Radio Artists) who have performed on sound recordings.

"(C) 45 percent of the receipts shall be allocated, on a per sound recording basis, to the recording artist or artists featured on such sound recording (or the persons conveying rights in the artists' performance in the sound recordings).

"(h) Licensing to Affiliates.—

"(1) If the copyright owner of a sound recording licenses an affiliated entity the right to publicly perform a sound recording by means of a digital audio transmission under section 106(6), the copyright owner shall make the licensed sound recording available under section 106(6) on no less favorable terms and conditions to all bona fide entities that offer similar services, except that, if there are material differences in the scope of the requested license with respect to the type of service, the particular sound recordings licensed, the frequency of use, the number of subscribers served, or the duration, then the copyright owner may establish different terms and conditions for such other services.

1	"(2) The limitation set forth in paragraph (1) of
2	this subsection shall not apply in the case where the
3	copyright owner of a sound recording licenses—
4	"(A) an interactive service; or
5	"(B) an entity to perform publicly up to 45
6	seconds of the sound recording and the sole pur-
7	pose of the performance is to promote the dis-
8	tribution or performance of that sound recording.
9	"(i) No Effect on Royalties for Underlying
10	Works.—License fees payable for the public performance
11	of sound recordings under section 106(6) shall not be taken
12	into account in any administrative, judicial, or other gov-
13	ernmental proceeding to set or adjust the royalties payable
14	to copyright owners of musical works for the public per-
15	formance of their works. It is the intent of Congress that
16	royalties payable to copyright owners of musical works for
17	the public performance of their works shall not be dimin-
18	ished in any respect as a result of the rights granted by
19	section 106(6).
20	"(j) Definitions.—As used in this section, the follow-
21	ing terms have the following meanings:
22	''(1) An 'affiliated entity' is an entity engaging
23	in digital audio transmissions covered by section
24	106(6), other than an interactive service, in which the
25	licensor has any direct or indirect partnership or any

- ownership interest amounting to 5 percent or more of
 the outstanding voting or non-voting stock.
 - "(2) A 'broadcast' transmission is a transmission made by a terrestrial broadcast station licensed as such by the Federal Communications Commission.
 - "(3) A 'digital audio transmission' is a digital transmission as defined in section 101, that embodies the transmission of a sound recording. This term does not include the transmission of any audiovisual work.
 - "(4) An 'interactive service' is one that enables a member of the public to receive, on request, a transmission of a particular sound recording chosen by or on behalf of the recipient. The ability of individuals to request that particular sound recordings be performed for reception by the public at large does not make a service interactive. If an entity offers both interactive and non-interactive services (either concurrently or at different times), the non-interactive component shall not be treated as part of an interactive service.
 - "(5) A 'nonsubscription' transmission is any transmission that is not a subscription transmission.
 - "(6) A 'retransmission' is a further transmission of an initial transmission, and includes any further

1	retransmission of the same transmission. Except as
2	provided in this section, a transmission qualifies as
3	a 'retransmission' only if it is simultaneous with the
4	initial transmission. Nothing in this definition shall
5	be construed to exempt a transmission that fails to
6	satisfy a separate element required to qualify for an
7	exemption under section 114(d)(1).
8	"(7) The 'sound recording performance com-
9	plement' is the transmission during any 3-hour pe-
10	riod, on a particular channel used by a transmitting
11	entity, of no more than—
12	"(A) 3 different selections of sound record-
13	ings from any one phonorecord lawfully distrib-
14	uted for public performance or sale in the United
15	States, if no more than 2 such selections are
16	transmitted consecutively; or
17	"(B) 4 different selections of sound record-
18	ings—
19	"(i) by the same featured recording
20	artist; or
21	"(ii) from any set or compilation of
22	phonorecords lawfully distributed together
23	as a unit for public performance or sale in
24	the United States,

1	if no more than three such selections are trans-
2	mitted consecutively:
3	Provided, That the transmission of selections in excess
4	of the numerical limits provided for in clauses (A)
5	and (B) from multiple phonorecords shall nonetheless
6	qualify as a sound recording performance complement
7	if the programming of the multiple phonorecords was
8	not willfully intended to avoid the numerical limita-
9	tions prescribed in such clauses.
10	"(8) A 'subscription' transmission is a trans-
11	mission that is controlled and limited to particular
12	recipients, and for which consideration is required to
13	be paid or otherwise given by or on behalf of the re-
14	cipient to receive the transmission or a package of
15	transmissions including the transmission.
16	"(9) A 'transmission' includes both an initial
17	transmission and a retransmission.".
18	SEC. 4. MECHANICAL ROYALTIES IN DIGITAL PHONO-
19	RECORD DELIVERIES.
20	Section 115 of title 17, United States Code, is amend-
21	ed—
22	(1) in subsection (a)(1)—
23	(A) in the first sentence by striking out
24	"any other person" and inserting in lieu thereof
25	"any other person, including those who make

1	phonorecords or digital phonorecord deliveries,";
2	and
3	(B) in the second sentence by inserting be-
4	fore the period ", including by means of a digi-
5	tal phonorecord delivery';
6	(2) in subsection $(c)(2)$ in the second sentence by
7	inserting "and other than as provided in paragraph
8	(3), " after "For this purpose,";
9	(3) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), and (5)
10	of subsection (c) as paragraphs (4), (5), and (6), re-
11	spectively, and by inserting after paragraph (2) the
12	following new paragraph:
13	"(3)(A) A compulsory license under this section
14	includes the right of the compulsory licensee to dis-
15	tribute or authorize the distribution of a phonorecord
16	of a nondramatic musical work by means of a digital
17	transmission which constitutes a digital phonorecord
18	delivery, regardless of whether the digital trans-
19	mission is also a public performance of the sound re-
20	cording under section 106(6) of this title or of any
21	nondramatic musical work embodied therein under
22	section 106(4) of this title. For every digital phono-
23	record delivery by or under the authority of the com-
24	pulsory licensee—

"(i) on or before December 31, 1997, the 1 2 royalty payable by the compulsory licensee shall be the royalty prescribed under paragraph (2) 3 and chapter 8 of this title; and 4 "(ii) on or after January 1, 1998, the roy-5 alty payable by the compulsory licensee shall be 6 the royalty prescribed under subparagraphs (B) 7 through (F) and chapter 8 of this title. 8 "(B) Notwithstanding any provision of the anti-9 10 trust laws, any copyright owners of nondramatic musical works and any persons entitled to obtain a com-11 pulsory license under subsection (a)(1) may negotiate 12 and agree upon the terms and rates of royalty pay-13 14 ments under this paragraph and the proportionate di-15 vision of fees paid among copyright owners, and may 16 designate common agents to negotiate, agree to, pay 17 or receive such royalty payments. Such authority to 18 negotiate the terms and rates of royalty payments in-19 cludes, but is not limited to, the authority to negotiate 20 the year during which the royalty rates prescribed under subparagraphs (B) through (F) and chapter 8 21 22 of this title shall next be determined. "(C) During the period of June 30, 1996, 23 through December 31, 1996, the Librarian of Congress 24 25 shall cause notice to be published in the Federal Reg-

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ister of the initiation of voluntary negotiation proceedings for the purpose of determining reasonable terms and rates of royalty payments for the activities specified by subparagraph (A) during the period beginning January 1, 1998, and ending on the effective date of any new terms and rates established pursuant to subparagraph (C), (D) or (F), or such other date (regarding digital phonorecord deliveries) as the parties may agree. Such terms and rates shall distinguish between (i) digital phonorecord deliveries where the reproduction or distribution of a phonorecord is incidental to the transmission which constitutes the digital phonorecord delivery, and (ii) digital phonorecord deliveries in general. Any copyright owners of nondramatic musical works and any persons entitled to obtain a compulsory license under subsection (a)(1) may submit to the Librarian of Congress licenses covering such activities. The parties to each negotiation proceeding shall bear their own costs.

"(D) In the absence of license agreements negotiated under subparagraphs (B) and (C), upon the filing of a petition in accordance with section 803(a)(1), the Librarian of Congress shall, pursuant to chapter 8, convene a copyright arbitration royalty panel to determine and publish in the Federal Reg-

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ister a schedule of rates and terms which, subject to subparagraph (E), shall be binding on all copyright owners of nondramatic musical works and persons entitled to obtain a compulsory license under subsection (a)(1) during the period beginning January 1, 1998, and ending on the effective date of any new terms and rates established pursuant to subparagraph (C), (D) or (F), or such other date (regarding digital phonorecord deliveries) as may be determined pursuant to subparagraphs (B) and (C). Such terms and rates shall distinguish between (i) digital phonorecord deliveries where the reproduction or distribution of a phonorecord is incidental to the transmission which constitutes the digital phonorecord delivery, and (ii) digital phonorecord deliveries in general. In addition to the objectives set forth in section 801(b)(1), in establishing such rates and terms, the copyright arbitration royalty panel may consider rates and terms under voluntary license agreements negotiated as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C). The royalty rates payable for a compulsory license for a digital phonorecord delivery under this section shall be established de novo and no precedential effect shall be given to the amount of the royalty payable by a compulsory licensee for digital phonorecord deliveries on

or before December 31, 1997. The Librarian of Congress shall also establish requirements by which copyright owners may receive reasonable notice of the use of their works under this section, and under which records of such use shall be kept and made available by persons making digital phonorecord deliveries.

"(E)(i) License agreements voluntarily negotiated at any time between one or more copyright owners of nondramatic musical works and one or more persons entitled to obtain a compulsory license under subsection (a)(1) shall be given effect in lieu of any determination by the Librarian of Congress. Subject to clause (ii), the royalty rates determined pursuant to subparagraph (C), (D) or (F) shall be given effect in lieu of any contrary royalty rates specified in a contract pursuant to which a recording artist who is the author of a nondramatic musical work grants a license under that person's exclusive rights in the musical work under sections 106(1) and (3) or commits another person to grant a license in that musical work under sections 106(1) and (3), to a person desiring to fix in a tangible medium of expression a sound recording embodying the musical work.

"(ii) The second sentence of clause (i) shall not apply to—

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"(I) a contract entered into on or before June 22, 1995, and not modified thereafter for the purpose of reducing the royalty rates determined pursuant to subparagraph (C), (D) or (F) or of increasing the number of musical works within the scope of the contract covered by the reduced rates, except if a contract entered into on or before June 22, 1995, is modified thereafter for the purpose of increasing the number of musical works within the scope of the contract, any contrary royalty rates specified in the contract shall be given effect in lieu of royalty rates determined pursuant to subparagraph (C), (D) or (F) for the number of musical works within the scope of the contract as of June 22, 1995; and

"(II) a contract entered into after the date that the sound recording is fixed in a tangible medium of expression substantially in a form intended for commercial release, if at the time the contract is entered into, the recording artist retains the right to grant licenses as to the musical work under sections 106(1) and 106(3).

"(F) The procedures specified in subparagraphs (C) and (D) shall be repeated and concluded, in accordance with regulations that the Librarian of Congress shall prescribe, in each fifth calendar year after

1997, except to the extent that different years for the

repeating and concluding of such proceedings may be

determined in accordance with subparagraphs (B)

and (C).

"(G) Except as provided in section 1002(e) of this title, a digital phonorecord delivery licensed under this paragraph shall be accompanied by the information encoded in the sound recording, if any, by or under the authority of the copyright owner of that sound recording, that identifies the title of the sound recording, the featured recording artist who performs on the sound recording, and related information, including information concerning the underlying musical work and its writer.

"(H)(i) A digital phonorecord delivery of a sound recording is actionable as an act of infringement under section 501, and is fully subject to the remedies provided by sections 502 through 506 and section 509, unless—

"(I) the digital phonorecord delivery has been authorized by the copyright owner of the sound recording; and

24 "(II) the owner of the copyright in the 25 sound recording or the entity making the digital

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phonorecord delivery has obtained a compulsory license under this section or has otherwise been authorized by the copyright owner of the musical work to distribute or authorize the distribution, by means of a digital phonorecord delivery, of each musical work embodied in the sound recording.

- "(ii) Any cause of action under this subparagraph shall be in addition to those available to the owner of the copyright in the nondramatic musical work under subsection (c)(6) and section 106(4) and the owner of the copyright in the sound recording under section 106(6).
- "(I) The liability of the copyright owner of a sound recording for infringement of the copyright in a nondramatic musical work embodied in the sound recording shall be determined in accordance with applicable law, except that the owner of a copyright in a sound recording shall not be liable for a digital phonorecord delivery by a third party if the owner of the copyright in the sound recording does not license the distribution of a phonorecord of the nondramatic musical work.
- "(J) Nothing in section 1008 shall be construed to prevent the exercise of the rights and remedies al-

lowed by this paragraph, paragraph (6), and chapter 5 in the event of a digital phonorecord delivery, except that no action alleging infringement of copyright may be brought under this title against a manufacturer, importer or distributor of a digital audio recording device, a digital audio recording medium, an analog recording device, or an analog recording medium, or against a consumer, based on the actions described in such section.

"(K) Nothing in this section annuls or limits (i) the exclusive right to publicly perform a sound recording or the musical work embodied therein, including by means of a digital transmission, under sections 106(4) and 106(6), (ii) except for compulsory licensing under the conditions specified by this section, the exclusive rights to reproduce and distribute the sound recording and the musical work embodied therein under sections 106(1) and 106(3), including by means of a digital phonorecord delivery, or (iii) any other rights under any other provision of section 106, or remedies available under this title, as such rights or remedies exist either before or after the date of enactment of the Digital Performance Right in Sound Recordings Act of 1995.

"(L) The provisions of this section concerning 1 2 digital phonorecord deliveries shall not apply to any 3 exempt transmissions or retransmissions under sec-4 tion 114(d)(1). The exemptions created in section 114(d)(1) do not expand or reduce the rights of copy-5 right owners under section 106(1) through (5) with 6 7 respect to such transmissions and retransmissions."; 8 and (5) by adding after subsection (c) the following: 9 10 "(d) Definition.—As used in this section, the following term has the following meaning: A 'digital phonorecord delivery' is each individual delivery of a phonorecord by digital transmission of a sound recording which results in a specifically identifiable reproduction by or for any transmission recipient of a phonorecord of that sound recording, regardless of whether the digital transmission is also a public performance of the sound recording or any nondramatic musical work embodied therein. A digital phonorecord delivery does not result from a real-time, noninteractive subscription transmission of a sound recording where no reproduction of the sound recording or the musical work em-21 bodied therein is made from the inception of the transmission through to its receipt by the transmission recipient in order to make the sound recording audible.".

1 SEC. 5. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

2	(a) Definitions.—Section 101 of title 17, United
3	States Code, is amended by inserting after the definition
4	of "device", "machine", or "process" the following:
5	"A 'digital transmission' is a transmission in
6	whole or in part in a digital or other non-analog for-
7	mat.".
8	(b) Limitations on Exclusive Rights: Secondary
9	Transmissions.—Section 111(c)(1) of title 17, United
10	States Code, is amended in the first sentence by inserting
11	"and section 114(d)" after "of this subsection".
12	(c) Limitations on Exclusive Rights: Secondary
13	Transmissions of Superstations and Network Sta-
14	TIONS FOR PRIVATE HOME VIEWING.—
15	(1) Section 119(a)(1) of title 17, United States
16	Code, is amended in the first sentence by inserting
17	"and section 114(d)" after "of this subsection".
18	(2) Section 119(a)(2)(A) of title 17, United
19	States Code, is amended in the first sentence by in-
20	serting "and section 114(d)" after "of this sub-
21	section".
22	(d) Copyright Arbitration Royalty Panels.—
23	(1) Section 801(b)(1) of title 17, United States
24	Code, is amended in the first and second sentences by
25	striking "115" each place it appears and inserting
26	"114, 115,".

(2) Section 802(c) of title 17, United States 1 2 Code, is amended in the third sentence by striking 3 "section 111, 116, or 119," and inserting "section 4 111, 114, 116, or 119, any person entitled to a com-5 pulsory license under section 114(d), any person entitled to a compulsory license under section 115,". 6 (3) Section 802(g) of title 17, United States 7 8 Code, is amended in the third sentence by inserting "114." after "111.". 9 (4) Section 802(h)(2) of title 17, United States 10 Code, is amended by inserting "114," after "111,". 11 (5) Section 803(a)(1) of title 17, United States 12 13 Code, is amended in the first sentence by striking 14 "115" and inserting "114, 115" and by striking "and (4)" and inserting "(4) and (5)". 15 (6) Section 803(a)(3) of title 17, United States 16 17 Code, is amended by inserting before the period "or 18 as prescribed in section 115(c)(3)(D)". 19 (7) Section 803(a) of title 17, United States 20 Code, is amended by inserting after paragraph (4) the following new paragraph: 21 22 "(5) With respect to proceedings under section 23 801(b)(1) concerning the determination of reasonable

terms and rates of royalty payments as provided in

- 1 section 114, the Librarian of Congress shall proceed
- when and as provided by that section.".

3 SEC. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- 4 This Act and the amendments made by this Act shall
- 5 take effect 3 months after the date of enactment of this Act,
- 6 except that the provisions of sections 114(e) and 114(f) of
- 7 title 17, United States Code (as added by section 3 of this
- 8 Act) shall take effect immediately upon the date of enact-
- 9 *ment of this Act.*

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