#### 104TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 2586

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

NOVEMBER 9, 1995 Received

## **AN ACT**

To provide for a temporary increase in the public debt limit, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### 1 SECTION 1. TEMPORARY INCREASE IN PUBLIC DEBT LIMIT.

Subsection (b) of section 3101 of title 31, United
States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: "During the period after the date of
the enactment of this sentence, the preceding sentence
shall be applied by substituting for the dollar amount contained therein—

8 "(1) '\$4,950,000,000' for the portion of
9 such period before December 13, 1995, and

 10
 "(2) '\$4,800,000,000' after December 12,

 11
 1995."

 12 SEC. 2. APPLICABILITY OF PUBLIC DEBT LIMIT TO FED 

 13
 ERAL TRUST FUNDS AND OTHER FEDERAL

 14
 ACCOUNTS.

15 (a) PROTECTION OF FEDERAL FUNDS.—Notwith-16 standing any other provision of law—

17 (1) no officer or employee of the United States18 may—

(A) delay the deposit of any amount into
(or delay the credit of any amount to) any Federal fund or otherwise vary from the normal
terms, procedures, or timing for making such
deposits or credits, or

24 (B) refrain from the investment in public
25 debt obligations of amounts in any Federal
26 fund,

if a purpose of such action or inaction is to not in crease the amount of outstanding public debt obliga tions, and

4 (2) no officer or employee of the United States
5 may disinvest amounts in any Federal fund which
6 are invested in public debt obligations if a purpose
7 of the disinvestment is to reduce the amount of out8 standing public debt obligations.

9 (b) PROTECTION OF BENEFITS AND EXPENDITURES
10 FOR ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—

11 (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection 12 (a), during any period for which cash benefits or ad-13 ministrative expenses would not otherwise be payable 14 from a covered benefits fund by reason of an inabil-15 ity to issue further public debt obligations because 16 of the applicable public debt limit, public debt obli-17 gations held by such covered benefits fund shall be 18 sold or redeemed only for the purpose of making 19 payment of such benefits or administrative expenses 20 and only to the extent cash assets of the covered 21 benefits fund are not available from month to month 22 for making payment of such benefits or administra-23 tive expenses.

24 (2) ISSUANCE OF CORRESPONDING DEBT.—For
25 purposes of undertaking the sale or redemption of

public debt obligations held by a covered benefits
fund pursuant to paragraph (1), the Secretary of the
Treasury may issue corresponding public debt obligations to the public, in order to obtain the cash
necessary for payment of benefits or administrative
expenses from such covered benefits fund, notwithstanding the public debt limit.

8 (3) Advance notice of sale or redemp-9 TION.—Not less than 3 days prior to the date on 10 which, by reason of the public debt limit, the Sec-11 retary of the Treasury expects to undertake a sale 12 or redemption authorized under paragraph (1), the 13 Secretary of the Treasury shall report to each House 14 of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of 15 the United States regarding the expected sale or re-16 demption. Upon receipt of such report, the Comp-17 troller General shall review the extent of compliance 18 with subsection (a) and paragraphs (1) and (2) of 19 this subsection and shall issue such findings and rec-20 ommendations to each House of the Congress as the 21 Comptroller General considers necessary and appro-22 priate.

23 (c) PUBLIC DEBT OBLIGATION.—For purposes of24 this section, the term "public debt obligation" means any

obligation subject to the public debt limit established
 under section 3101 of title 31, United States Code.

3 (d) FEDERAL FUND.—For purposes of this section, the term "Federal fund" means any Federal trust fund 4 5 or Government account established pursuant to Federal law to which the Secretary of the Treasury has issued or 6 7 is expressly authorized by law directly to issue obligations 8 under chapter 31 of title 31, United States Code, in re-9 spect of public money, money otherwise required to be de-10 posited in the Treasury, or amounts appropriated.

(e) COVERED BENEFITS FUND.—For purposes of
subsection (b), the term "covered benefits fund" means
any Federal fund from which cash benefits are payable
by law in the form of retirement benefits, separation payments, life or disability insurance benefits, or dependent's
or survivor's benefits, including (but not limited to) the
following:

18 (1) the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insur-19 ance Trust Fund;

20 (2) the Federal Disability Insurance Trust
21 Fund;

22 (3) the Civil Service Retirement and Disability23 Fund;

24 (4) the Government Securities Investment25 Fund;

1 (5) the Department of Defense Military Retire-2 ment Fund; 3 (6) the Unemployment Trust Fund; 4 (7) each of the railroad retirement funds and 5 accounts; 6 (8) the Department of Defense Education Ben-7 efits Fund and the Post-Vietnam Era Veterans Edu-8 cation Fund; and 9 (9) the Black Lung Disability Trust Fund. 10 **SEC. 3. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.** 11 Subsections (j), (k), and (l) of section 8348 of title 12 5, United States Code, and subsections (g) and (h) of sec-13 tion 8438 of such title are hereby repealed. SEC. 4. COMMITMENT TO A SEVEN-YEAR BALANCED BUDG-14 15 ET. 16 (a) With the enactment of this Act the President 17 and the Congress commit to enacting legislation in calendar year 1995 to achieve a balanced budget, as scored 18 by the non-partisan Congressional Budget Office, not 19 20 later than the fiscal year 2002. 21 (b) The Congress affirms that it will not enact legis-22 lation providing for a further increase in the permanent 23 statutory limit on the public debt unless the President 24 signs into law the balanced budget legislation referred to

in subsection (a).

25

# 1SEC. 5. MEDICARE COVERAGE OF CERTAIN ANTI-CANCER2DRUG TREATMENTS.

3 (a) COVERAGE OF CERTAIN SELF-ADMINISTERED
4 ANTICANCER DRUGS.—Section 1861(s)(2)(Q) of the So5 cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x(s)(2)(Q)) is amend6 ed—

7 (1) by striking "(Q)" and inserting "(Q)(i)"; and
8 (2) by striking the semicolon at the end and in9 serting ", and"; and

10 (3) by adding at the end the following:

"(ii) an oral drug (which is approved by the Federal Food and Drug Administration) prescribed for use as an anticancer nonsteroidal antiestrogen for the treatment of breast cancer or nonsteroidal antiandrogen agent for the treatment of prostate cancer;".

(b) UNIFORM COVERAGE OF ANTICANCER DRUGS IN
ALL SETTINGS.—Section 1861(t)(2)(A) of such Act (42
U.S.C. 1395x(t)(2)(A)) is amended by adding (including
a nonsteroidal antiestrogen or nonsteroidal antiandrogen
regimen)" after "regimen".

21 (c)CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 22 1834(j)(5)(F)(iv)of such Act (42)U.S.C. 23 1395m(j)(5)(F)(iv) is amended by striking "prescribed for use" and all that follows through "1861(s)(2)(Q))" 24 and inserting "described in section 1861(s)(2)(Q)". 25

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
 this section shall apply to drugs furnished on or after the
 date of the enactment of this section.

## 4 TITLE I—HABEAS CORPUS REFORM

#### 5 SEC. 101. FILING DEADLINES.

6 Section 2244 of title 28, United States Code, is7 amended by adding at the end the following new sub-8 section:

9 "(d)(1) A 1-year period of limitation shall apply to
10 an application for a write of habeas corpus by a person
11 in custody pursuant to the judgment of a State court. The
12 limitation period shall run from the latest of—

13 "(A) the date on which the judgment became
14 final by the conclusion of direct review or the expira15 tion of the time for seeking such review;

"(B) the date on which the impediment to filing
an application created by State action in violation of
the Constitution or laws of the United States is removed, if the applicant was prevented from filing by
such State action;

"(C) the date on which the constitutional right
asserted was initially recognized by the Supreme
Court, if the right has been newly recognized by the
Supreme Court and made retroactively applicable to
cases on collateral review; or

"(D) the date on which the factual predicate of
 the claim or claims presented could have been dis covered through the exercise of due diligence.

4 "(2) The time during which a properly filed applica5 tion for State post-conviction or other collateral review
6 with respect to the pertinent judgment or claim shall not
7 be counted toward any period of limitation under this sub8 section.".

#### 9 SEC. 102. APPEAL.

10 Section 2253 of title 28, United States Code, is11 amended to read as follows:

#### 12 "§ 2253. Appeal

"(a) In a habeas corpus proceeding or a proceeding
under section 2255 before a district judge, the final order
shall be subject to review, on appeal, by the court of appeals for the circuit in which the proceeding is held.

"(b) There shall be no right of appeal from a final
order in a proceeding to test the validity of a warrant to
remove to another district or place for commitment or trial
a person charged with a criminal offense against the United States, or to test the validity of such person's detention
pending removal proceedings.

23 "(c)(1) Unless a circuit justice or judge issues a cer24 tificate of appealability, an appeal may not be taken to
25 the court of appeals from—

1	"(A) the final order in a habeas corpus proceed-
2	ing in which the detention complained of arises out
3	of process issued by a State court; or
4	"(B) the final order in a proceeding under sec-
5	tion 2255.
6	((2) A certificate of appealability may issue under
7	paragraph (1) only if the applicant has made a substantial
8	showing of the denial of a constitutional right.
9	"(3) The certificate of appealability under paragraph
10	(1) shall indicate which specific issue or issues satisfy the
11	showing required by paragraph (2).".
12	SEC. 103. AMENDMENT OF FEDERAL RULES OF APPELLATE
13	PROCEDURE.
	<b>PROCEDURE.</b> Rule 22 of the Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure
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14 15 16 17 18 19	Rule 22 of the Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure is amended to read as follows: <b>"Rule 22. Habeas corpus and section 2255 proceed- ings</b> "(a) APPLICATION FOR THE ORIGINAL WRIT.—An application for a writ of habeas corpus shall be made to
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	Rule 22 of the Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure is amended to read as follows: <b>"Rule 22. Habeas corpus and section 2255 proceed-</b> ings "(a) APPLICATION FOR THE ORIGINAL WRIT.—An application for a writ of habeas corpus shall be made to the appropriate district court. If application is made to
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	Rule 22 of the Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure is amended to read as follows: <b>"Rule 22. Habeas corpus and section 2255 proceed-</b> <i>ings</i> "(a) APPLICATION FOR THE ORIGINAL WRIT.—An application for a writ of habeas corpus shall be made to the appropriate district court. If application is made to a circuit judge, the application shall be transferred to the
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	Rule 22 of the Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure is amended to read as follows: <b>"Rule 22. Habeas corpus and section 2255 proceed-</b> <i>ings</i> "(a) APPLICATION FOR THE ORIGINAL WRIT.—An application for a writ of habeas corpus shall be made to the appropriate district court. If application is made to a circuit judge, the application shall be transferred to the appropriate district court. If an application is made to or

25 The applicant may, pursuant to section 2253 of title 28,

United States Code, appeal to the appropriate court of ap-1 2 peals from the order of the district court denying the writ. 3 "(b) CERTIFICATE OF APPEALABILITY.—In a habeas 4 corpus proceeding in which the detention complained of 5 arises out of process issued by a State court, an appeal by the applicant for the writ may not proceed unless a 6 7 district or a circuit judge issues a certificate of 8 appealability pursuant to section 2253(c) of title 28, Unit-9 ed States Code. If an appeal is taken by the applicant, 10 the district judge who rendered the judgment shall either issue a certificate of appealability or state the reasons why 11 12 such a certificate should not issue. The certificate or the 13 statement shall be forwarded to the court of appeals with the notice of appeal and the file of the proceedings in the 14 15 district court. If the district judge has denied the certificate, the applicant for the writ may then request issuance 16 17 of the certificate by a circuit judge. If such a request is 18 addressed to the court of appeals, it shall be deemed ad-19 dressed to the judges thereof and shall be considered by 20a circuit judge or judges as the court deems appropriate. 21 If no express request for a certificate is filed, the notice 22 of appeal shall be deemed to constitute a request ad-23 dressed to the judges of the court of appeals. If an appeal 24 is taken by a State or its representative, a certificate of 25 appealability is not required.".

#### 1 SEC. 104. SECTION 2254 AMENDMENTS.

2 Section 2254 of title 28, United States Code, is
3 amended—

4 (1) by amending subsection (b) to read as fol-5 lows:

6 "(b)(1) An application for a writ of habeas corpus
7 on behalf of a person in custody pursuant to the judgment
8 of a State court shall not be granted unless it appears
9 that—

10 "(A) the applicant has exhausted the remedies11 available in the courts of the State; or

12 "(B)(i) there is an absence of available State13 corrective process; or

14 "(ii) circumstances exist that render such proc-

15 ess ineffective to protect the rights of the applicant.

"(2) An application for a writ of habeas corpus may
be denied on the merits, notwithstanding the failure of the
applicant to exhaust the remedies available in the courts
of the State.

"(3) A State shall not be deemed to have waived the
exhaustion requirement or be estopped from reliance upon
the requirement unless the State, through counsel, expressly waives the requirement.";

(2) by redesignating subsections (d), (e), and
(f) as subsections (e), (f), and (g), respectively;

(3) by inserting after subsection (c) the follow ing new subsection:

"(d) An application for a writ of habeas corpus on
behalf of a person in custody pursuant to the judgment
of a State court shall not be granted with respect to any
claim that was adjudicated on the merits in State court
proceedings unless the adjudication of the claim—

8 "(1) resulted in a decision that was contrary to,
9 or involved an unreasonable application of, clearly
10 established Federal law, as determined by the Su11 preme Court of the United States; or

"(2) resulted in a decision that was based on an
unreasonable determination of the facts in light of
the evidence presented in the State court proceeding.";

16 (4) by amending subsection (e), as redesignated17 by paragraph (2), to read as follows:

18 "(e)(1) In a proceeding instituted by an application 19 for a writ of habeas corpus by a person in custody pursu-20 ant to the judgment of a State court, a determination of 21 a factual issue made by a State court shall be presumed 22 to be correct. The applicant shall have the burden of re-23 butting the presumption of correctness by clear and con-24 vincing evidence.

1	((2) If the applicant has failed to develop the factual
2	basis of a claim in State court proceedings, the court shall
3	not hold an evidentiary hearing on the claim unless the
4	applicant shows that—
5	"(A) the claim relies on—
6	"(i) a new rule of constitutional law, made
7	retroactive to cases on collateral review by the
8	Supreme Court, that was previously unavail-
9	able; or
10	"(ii) a factual predicate that could not
11	have been previously discovered through the ex-
12	ercise of due diligence; and
13	"(B) the facts underlying the claim would be
14	sufficient to establish by clear and convincing evi-
15	dence that but for constitutional error, no reasonable
16	factfinder would have found the applicant guilty of
17	the underlying offense."; and
18	(5) by adding at the end the following new sub-
19	sections:
20	"(h) Except as provided in title 21, United States
21	Code, section 848, in all proceedings brought under this
22	section, and any subsequent proceedings on review, the
23	court may appoint counsel for an applicant who is or be-
24	comes financially unable to afford counsel, except as pro-
25	vided by a rule promulgated by the Supreme Court pursu-

ant to statutory authority. Appointment of counsel under
 this section shall be governed by section 3006A of title
 18.

4 "(i) The ineffectiveness or incompetence of counsel
5 during Federal or State collateral post-conviction proceed6 ings shall not be a ground for relief in a proceeding arising
7 under section 2254.".

#### 8 SEC. 105. SECTION 2255 AMENDMENTS.

9 Section 2255 of title 28, United States Code, is10 amended—

(1) by striking the second and fifth undesig-nated paragraphs; and

13 (2) by adding at the end the following new un-14 designated paragraphs:

15 "A 1-year period of limitation shall apply to a motion
16 under this section. The limitation period shall run from
17 the latest of—

18 "(1) the date on which the judgment of convic-19 tion becomes final;

"(2) the date on which the impediment to making a motion created by governmental action in violation of the Constitution or laws of the United
States is removed, if the movant was prevented from
making a motion by such governmental action;

"(3) the date on which the right asserted was
 initially recognized by the Supreme Court, if that
 right has been newly recognized by the Supreme
 Court and made retroactively applicable to cases on
 collateral review; or

6 "(4) the date on which the facts supporting the
7 claim or claims presented could have been discovered
8 through the exercise of due diligence.

9 "Except as provided in title 21, United States Code, 10 section 848, in all proceedings brought under this section, 11 and any subsequent proceedings on review, the court may 12 appoint counsel for a movant who is or becomes financially unable to afford counsel shall be in the discretion of the 13 14 court, except as provided by a rule promulgated by the 15 Supreme Court pursuant to statutory authority. Appointment of counsel under this section shall be governed by 16 17 section 3006A of title 18.

18 "A second or successive motion must be certified as
19 provided in section 2244 by a panel of the appropriate
20 court of appeals to contain—

"(1) newly discovered evidence that, if proven
and viewed in light of the evidence as a whole, would
be sufficient to establish by clear and convincing evidence that no reasonable factfinder would have
found the movant guilty of the offense; or

"(2) a new rule of constitutional law, made ret roactive to cases on collateral review by the Supreme
 Court, that was previously unavailable.".

### 4 SEC. 106. LIMITS ON SECOND OR SUCCESSIVE APPLICA-5 TIONS.

6 (a) CONFORMING AMENDMENT TO SECTION
7 2244(a).—Section 2244(a) of title 28, United States
8 Code, is amended by striking "and the petition" and all
9 that follows through "by such inquiry." and inserting ",
10 except as provided in section 2255.".

(b) LIMITS ON SECOND OR SUCCESSIVE APPLICATIONS.—Section 2244(b) of title 28, United States Code,
is amended to read as follows:

14 "(b)(1) A claim presented in a second or successive
15 habeas corpus application under section 2254 that was
16 presented in a prior application shall be dismissed.

17 "(2) A claim presented in a second or successive ha18 beas corpus application under section 2254 that was not
19 presented in a prior application shall be dismissed un20 less—

"(A) the applicant shows that the claim relies
on a new rule of constitutional law, made retroactive
to cases on collateral review by the Supreme Court,
that was previously unavailable; or

"(B)(i) the factual predicate for the claim could
 not have been discovered previously through the ex ercise of due diligence; and

4 "(ii) the facts underlying the claim, if proven
5 and viewed in light of the evidence as a whole, would
6 be sufficient to establish by clear and convincing evi7 dence that, but for constitutional error, no reason8 able factfinder would have found the applicant guilty
9 of the underlying offense.

10 "(3)(A) Before a second or successive application per-11 mitted by this section is filed in the district court, the ap-12 plicant shall move in the appropriate court of appeals for 13 an order authorizing the district court to consider the ap-14 plication.

"(B) A motion in the court of appeals for an order
authorizing the district court to consider a second or successive application shall be determined by a three-judge
panel of the court of appeals.

19 "(C) The court of appeals may authorize the filing 20 of a second or successive application only if it determines 21 that the application makes a prima facie showing that the 22 application satisfies the requirements of this subsection.

"(D) The court of appeals shall grant or deny the
authorization to file a second or successive application not
later than 30 days after the filing of the motion.

"(E) The grant or denial of an authorization by a
 court of appeals to file a second or successive application
 shall not be appealable and shall not be the subject of a
 petition for rehearing or for a writ of certiorari.

5 "(4) A district court shall dismiss any claim pre-6 sented in a second or successive application that the court 7 of appeals has authorized to be filed unless the applicant 8 shows that the claim satisfies the requirements of this sec-9 tion.".

#### 10 SEC. 107. DEATH PENALTY LITIGATION PROCEDURES.

(a) ADDITION OF CHAPTER TO TITLE 28, UNITED
STATES CODE.—Title 28, United States Code, is amended
by inserting after chapter 153 the following new chapter:

# 14 "CHAPTER 154—SPECIAL HABEAS CORPUS 15 PROCEDURES IN CAPITAL CASES

#### "Sec.

- "2261. Prisoners in State custody subject to capital sentence; appointment of counsel; requirement of rule of court or statute; procedures for appointment.
- "2262. Mandatory stay of execution; duration; limits on stays of execution; successive petitions.
- "2263. Filing of habeas corpus application; time requirements; tolling rules.
- "2264. Scope of Federal review; district court adjudications.
- "2265. Application to State unitary review procedure.
- "2266. Limitation periods for determining applications and motions.

5 "(a) This chapter shall apply to cases arising under 6 section 2254 brought by prisoners in State custody who 7 are subject to a capital sentence. It shall apply only if the 8 provisions of subsections (b) and (c) are satisfied.

9 "(b) This chapter is applicable if a State establishes 10 by statute, rule of its court of last resort, or by another agency authorized by State law, a mechanism for the ap-11 pointment, compensation, and payment of reasonable liti-12 13 gation expenses of competent counsel in State post-convic-14 tion proceedings brought by indigent prisoners whose cap-15 ital convictions and sentences have been upheld on direct 16 appeal to the court of last resort in the State or have otherwise become final for State law purposes. The rule of 17 18 court or statute must provide standards of competency for 19 the appointment of such counsel.

20 "(c) Any mechanism for the appointment, compensa-21 tion, and reimbursement of counsel as provided in sub-22 section (b) must offer counsel to all State prisoners under 23 capital sentence and must provide for the entry of an 24 order by a court of record—

25 "(1) appointing one or more counsels to rep26 resent the prisoner upon a finding that the prisoner
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is indigent and accepted the offer or is unable com petently to decide whether to accept or reject the
 offer;

4 "(2) finding, after a hearing if necessary, that
5 the prisoner rejected the offer of counsel and made
6 the decision with an understanding of its legal con7 sequences; or

8 "(3) denying the appointment of counsel upon9 a finding that the prisoner is not indigent.

10 "(d) No counsel appointed pursuant to subsections 11 (b) and (c) to represent a State prisoner under capital 12 sentence shall have previously represented the prisoner at 13 trial or on direct appeal in the case for which the appoint-14 ment is made unless the prisoner and counsel expressly 15 request continued representation.

"(e) The ineffectiveness or incompetence of counsel 16 17 during State or Federal post-conviction proceedings in a 18 capital case shall not be a ground for relief in a proceeding 19 arising under section 2254. This limitation shall not pre-20 clude the appointment of different counsel, on the court's 21 own motion or at the request of the prisoner, at any phase 22 of State or Federal post-conviction proceedings on the 23 basis of the ineffectiveness or incompetence of counsel in 24 such proceedings.

# 1 "§ 2262. Mandatory stay of execution; duration; limits 2 on stays of execution; successive peti 3 tions

"(a) Upon the entry in the appropriate State court 4 5 of record of an order under section 2261(c), a warrant or order setting an execution date for a State prisoner 6 7 shall be stayed upon application to any court that would 8 have jurisdiction over any proceedings filed under section 9 2254. The application shall recite that the State has in-10 voked the post-conviction review procedures of this chapter and that the scheduled execution is subject to stay. 11

12 "(b) A stay of execution granted pursuant to sub-13 section (a) shall expire if—

"(1) a State prisoner fails to file a habeas corpus application under section 2254 within the time
required in section 2263;

"(2) before a court of competent jurisdiction, in
the presence of counsel, unless the prisoner has competently and knowingly waived such counsel, and
after having been advised of the consequences, a
State prisoner under capital sentence waives the
right to pursue habeas corpus review under section
22254; or

24 "(3) a State prisoner files a habeas corpus peti25 tion under section 2254 within the time required by
26 section 2263 and fails to make a substantial showing
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of the denial of a Federal right or is denied relief
 in the district court or at any subsequent stage of
 review.

4 "(c) If one of the conditions in subsection (b) has 5 occurred, no Federal court thereafter shall have the au-6 thority to enter a stay of execution in the case, unless the 7 court of appeals approves the filing of a second or succes-8 sive application under section 2244(b).

#### 9 "§2263. Filing of habeas corpus application; time re-

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#### quirements; tolling rules

"(a) Any application under this chapter for habeas corpus relief under section 2254 must be filed in the appropriate district court not later than 180 days after final State court affirmance of the conviction and sentence on direct review or the expiration of the time for seeking such review.

17 "(b) The time requirements established by subsection18 (a) shall be tolled—

19 "(1) from the date that a petition for certiorari 20 is filed in the Supreme Court until the date of final 21 disposition of the petition if a State prisoner files 22 the petition to secure review by the Supreme Court 23 of the affirmance of a capital sentence on direct re-24 view by the court of last resort of the State or other 25 final State court decision on direct review;

((2)) from the date on which the first petition
for post-conviction review or other collateral relief is
filed until the final State court disposition of such
petition; and
"(3) during an additional period not to exceed
30 days, if—
"(A) a motion for an extension of time is
filed in the Federal district court that would
have jurisdiction over the case upon the filing
of a habeas corpus application under section
2254; and
"(B) a showing of good cause is made for
the failure to file the habeas corpus application
within the time period established by this sec-
tion.
"§2264. Scope of Federal review; district court adju-
dications
"(a) Whenever a State prisoner under capital sen-
tence files a petition for habeas corpus relief to which this
chapter applies, the district court shall only consider a
claim or claims that have been raised and decided on the
merits in the State courts, unless the failure to raise the
claim properly is—
"(1) the result of State action in violation of

25 the Constitution or laws of the United States;

"(2) the result of the Supreme Court recogni tion of a new Federal right that is made retro actively applicable; or

4 "(3) based on a factual predicate that could not
5 have been discovered through the exercise of due
6 diligence in time to present the claim for State or
7 Federal post-conviction review.

8 "(b) Following review subject to subsections (a), (d),
9 and (e) of section 2254, the court shall rule on the claims
10 properly before it.

# 11 "§2265. Application to State unitary review proce-12 dure

13 "(a) For purposes of this section, a 'unitary review' procedure means a State procedure that authorizes a per-14 15 son under sentence of death to raise, in the course of direct review of the judgment, such claims as could be raised 16 on collateral attack. This chapter shall apply, as provided 17 in this section, in relation to a State unitary review proce-18 dure if the State establishes by rule of its court of last 19 20 resort or by statute a mechanism for the appointment, 21 compensation, and payment of reasonable litigation ex-22 penses of competent counsel in the unitary review proceed-23 ings, including expenses relating to the litigation of collat-24 eral claims in the proceedings. The rule of court or statute

must provide standards of competency for the appoint ment of such counsel.

3 "(b) To qualify under this section, a unitary review 4 procedure must include an offer of counsel following trial 5 for the purpose of representation on unitary review, and entry of an order, as provided in section 2261(c), concern-6 7 ing appointment of counsel or waiver or denial of appoint-8 ment of counsel for that purpose. No counsel appointed 9 to represent the prisoner in the unitary review proceedings 10 shall have previously represented the prisoner at trial in the case for which the appointment is made unless the 11 prisoner and counsel expressly request continued represen-12 13 tation.

"(c) Sections 2262, 2263, 2264, and 2266 shall apply 14 15 in relation to cases involving a sentence of death from any State having a unitary review procedure that qualifies 16 under this section. References to State 'post-conviction re-17 18 view' and 'direct review' in such sections shall be under-19 stood as referring to unitary review under the State proce-20dure. The reference in section 2262(a) to 'an order under 21 section 2261(c)' shall be understood as referring to the 22 post-trial order under subsection (b) concerning represen-23 tation in the unitary review proceedings, but if a tran-24 script of the trial proceedings is unavailable at the time of the filing of such an order in the appropriate State 25

court, then the start of the 180-day limitation period
 under section 2263 shall be deferred until a transcript is
 made available to the prisoner or counsel of the prisoner.

## 4 "§2266. Limitation periods for determining applica5 tions and motions

6 "(a) The adjudication of any application under sec-7 tion 2254 that is subject to this chapter, and the adjudica-8 tion of any motion under section 2255 by a person under 9 sentence of death, shall be given priority by the district 10 court and by the court of appeals over all noncapital mat-11 ters.

12 "(b)(1)(A) A district court shall render a final deter-13 mination and enter a final judgment on any application 14 for a writ of habeas corpus brought under this chapter 15 in a capital case not later than 180 days after the date 16 on which the application is filed.

"(B) A district court shall afford the parties at least
120 days in which to complete all actions, including the
preparation of all pleadings and briefs, and if necessary,
a hearing, prior to the submission of the case for decision.

21 "(C)(i) A district court may delay for not more than 22 one additional 30-day period beyond the period specified 23 in subparagraph (A), the rendering of a determination of 24 an application for a writ of habeas corpus if the court is-25 sues a written order making a finding, and stating the reasons for the finding, that the ends of justice that would
 be served by allowing the delay outweigh the best interests
 of the public and the applicant in a speedy disposition of
 the application.

5 "(ii) The factors, among others, that a court shall
6 consider in determining whether a delay in the disposition
7 of an application is warranted are as follows:

8 "(I) Whether the failure to allow the delay9 would be likely to result in a miscarriage of justice.

"(II) Whether the case is so unusual or so complex, due to the number of defendants, the nature of
the prosecution, or the existence of novel questions
of fact or law, that it is unreasonable to expect adequate briefing within the time limitations established
by subparagraph (A).

"(III) Whether the failure to allow a delay in 16 17 a case, that, taken as a whole, is not so unusual or 18 so complex as described in subclause (II), but would 19 otherwise deny the applicant reasonable time to ob-20 tain counsel, would unreasonably deny the applicant 21 or the government continuity of counsel, or would 22 deny counsel for the applicant or the government the 23 reasonable time necessary for effective preparation, 24 taking into account the exercise of due diligence.

1 "(iii) No delay in disposition shall be permissible be-2 cause of general congestion of the court's calendar. 3 "(iv) The court shall transmit a copy of any order 4 issued under clause (i) to the Director of the Administra-5 tive Office of the United States Courts for inclusion in the report under paragraph (5). 6 7 "(2) The time limitations under paragraph (1) shall 8 apply to— 9 "(A) an initial application for a writ of habeas 10 corpus; "(B) any second or successive application for a 11 12 writ of habeas corpus; and 13 "(C) any redetermination of an application for 14 a writ of habeas corpus following a remand by the 15 court of appeals or the Supreme Court for further 16 proceedings, in which case the limitation period shall 17 run from the date the remand is ordered. 18 ((3)(A) The time limitations under this section shall not be construed to entitle an applicant to a stay of execu-19 tion, to which the applicant would otherwise not be enti-20 21 tled, for the purpose of litigating any application or ap-22 peal. "(B) No amendment to an application for a writ of 23

habeas corpus under this chapter shall be permitted after

24

the filing of the answer to the application, except on the
 grounds specified in section 2244(b).

3 "(4)(A) The failure of a court to meet or comply with
4 a time limitation under this section shall not be a ground
5 for granting relief from a judgment of conviction or sen6 tence.

7 "(B) The State may enforce a time limitation under
8 this section by petitioning for a writ of mandamus to the
9 court of appeals. The court of appeals shall act on the
10 petition for a writ or mandamus not later than 30 days
11 after the filing of the petition.

"(5)(A) The Administrative Office of United States
Courts shall submit to Congress an annual report on the
compliance by the district courts with the time limitations
under this section.

16 "(B) The report described in subparagraph (A) shall
17 include copies of the orders submitted by the district
18 courts under paragraph (1)(B)(iv).

19 "(c)(1)(A) A court of appeals shall hear and render 20 a final determination of any appeal of an order granting 21 or denying, in whole or in part, an application brought 22 under this chapter in a capital case not later than 120 23 days after the date on which the reply brief is filed, or 24 if no reply brief is filed, not later than 120 days after 25 the date on which the answering brief is filed. "(B)(i) A court of appeals shall decide whether to
grant a petition for rehearing or other request for rehearing en banc not later than 30 days after the date on which
the petition for rehearing is filed unless a responsive
pleading is required, in which case the court shall decide
whether to grant the petition not later than 30 days after
the date on which the responsive pleading is filed.

8 "(ii) If a petition for rehearing or rehearing en banc 9 is granted, the court of appeals shall hear and render a 10 final determination of the appeal not later than 120 days 11 after the date on which the order granting rehearing or 12 rehearing en banc is entered.

13 "(2) The time limitations under paragraph (1) shall14 apply to—

15 "(A) an initial application for a writ of habeas16 corpus;

17 "(B) any second or successive application for a18 writ of habeas corpus; and

"(C) any redetermination of an application for
a writ of habeas corpus or related appeal following
a remand by the court of appeals en banc or the Supreme Court for further proceedings, in which case
the limitation period shall run from the date the remand is ordered.

"(3) The time limitations under this section shall not
 be construed to entitle an applicant to a stay of execution,
 to which the applicant would otherwise not be entitled, for
 the purpose of litigating any application or appeal.

5 "(4)(A) The failure of a court to meet or comply with 6 a time limitation under this section shall not be a ground 7 for granting relief from a judgment of conviction or sen-8 tence.

9 "(B) The State may enforce a time limitation under
10 this section by applying for a writ of mandamus to the
11 Supreme Court.

"(5) The Administrative Office of United States
Courts shall submit to Congress an annual report on the
compliance by the courts of appeals with the time limitations under this section.".

(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The part analysis for
part IV of title 28, United States Code, is amended by
adding after the item relating to chapter 153 the following
new item:

20 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Chapter 154 of title 28,
21 United States Code (as added by subsection (a)) shall
22 apply to cases pending on or after the date of enactment
23 of this Act.

#### 1 SEC. 108. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.

2 Section 408(q) of the Controlled Substances Act (21
3 U.S.C. 848(q)) is amended by amending paragraph (9)
4 to read as follows:

"(9) Upon a finding that investigative, expert, or 5 other services are reasonably necessary for the representa-6 tion of the defendant, whether in connection with issues 7 8 relating to guilt or the sentence, the court may authorize 9 the defendant's attorneys to obtain such services on behalf of the defendant and, if so authorized, shall order the pay-10 ment of fees and expenses therefor under paragraph (10). 11 No exparte proceeding, communication, or request may 12 13 be considered pursuant to this section unless a proper showing is made concerning the need for confidentiality. 14 Any such proceeding, communication, or request shall be 15 16 transcribed and made a part of the record available for appellate review.". 17

#### 18 SEC. 109. SEVERABILITY.

19 If any provision of this title, an amendment made 20 by this title, or the application of such provision or 21 amendment to any person or circumstance is held to be 22 unconstitutional, the remainder of this title, the amend-23 ments made by this title, and the application of the provi-24 sions of such to any person or circumstances shall not be 25 affected thereby.

## 1 TITLE II—ABOLISHMENT OF 2 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### 3 SEC. 2001. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This title may be cited as the "Department of Com-
- 5 merce Dismantling Act".

#### 6 SEC. 2002. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

7 The table of contents for this title is as follows:

#### TITLE II—ABOLISHMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

- Sec. 2001. Short title.
- Sec. 2002. Table of contents.

#### Subtitle A—Abolishment of Department of Commerce

- Sec. 2101. Abolishment of Department of Commerce.
- Sec. 2102. Resolution and termination of Department functions.
- Sec. 2103. Responsibilities of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.
- Sec. 2104. Personnel.
- Sec. 2105. Plans and reports.
- Sec. 2106. GAO audit and access to records.
- Sec. 2107. Conforming amendments.
- Sec. 2108. Privatization framework.
- Sec. 2109. Priority placement programs for Federal employees affected by a reduction in force attributable to this title.
- Sec. 2110. Funding reductions for transferred functions.
- Sec. 2111. Definitions.

Subtitle B—Disposition of Various Programs, Functions, and Agencies of Department of Commerce

- Sec. 2201. Abolishment of Economic Development Administration and transfer of functions.
- Sec. 2202. Technology Administration.
- Sec. 2203. Reorganization of the Bureau of the Census and the Bureau of Economic Analysis.
- Sec. 2204. Terminated functions of NTIA.
- Sec. 2205. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.
- Sec. 2206. National Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric Administration.
- Sec. 2207. Miscellaneous terminations; moratorium on program activities.
- Sec. 2208. Effective date.

Subtitle C—Office of United States Trade Representative

#### Chapter 1—General Provisions

Sec. 2301. Definitions.

#### 35

#### Chapter 2—Office Of United States Trade Representative

#### SUBCHAPTER A—ESTABLISHMENT

Sec. 2311. Establishment of the Office.

Sec. 2312. Functions of the USTR.

#### SUBCHAPTER B—OFFICERS

- Sec. 2321. Deputy Administrator of the Office.
- Sec. 2322. Deputy United States Trade Representatives.
- Sec. 2323. Assistant administrators.
- Sec. 2324. Director General for Export Promotion.
- Sec. 2325. General Counsel.
- Sec. 2326. Inspector General.
- Sec. 2327. Chief Financial Officer.

#### SUBCHAPTER C—TRANSFERS TO THE OFFICE

- Sec. 2331. Office of the United States Trade Representative.
- Sec. 2332. Transfers from the Department of Commerce.
- Sec. 2333. Trade and Development Agency.
- Sec. 2334. Export-Import Bank.
- Sec. 2335. Overseas Private Investment Corporation.
- Sec. 2336. Consolidation of export promotion and financing activities.
- Sec. 2337. Additional trade functions.

#### SUBCHAPTER D—ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

- Sec. 2341. Personnel provisions.
- Sec. 2342. Delegation and assignment.
- Sec. 2343. Succession.
- Sec. 2344. Reorganization.
- Sec. 2345. Rules.
- Sec. 2346. Funds transfer.
- Sec. 2347. Contracts, grants, and cooperative agreements.
- Sec. 2348. Use of facilities.
- Sec. 2349. Gifts and bequests.
- Sec. 2350. Working capital fund.
- Sec. 2351. Service charges.
- Sec. 2352. Seal of office.

#### SUBCHAPTER E—RELATED AGENCIES

- Sec. 2361. Interagency Trade Organization.
- Sec. 2362. National Security Council.
- Sec. 2363. International Monetary Fund.

#### SUBCHAPTER F—CONFORMING AMENDMENTS

- Sec. 2371. Amendments to general provisions.
- Sec. 2372. Repeals.
- Sec. 2373. Conforming amendments relating to Executive Schedule positions.

#### SUBCHAPTER G-MISCELLANEOUS

- Sec. 2381. Effective date.
- Sec. 2382. Interim appointments.
- Sec. 2383. Funding reductions resulting from reorganization.

#### Subtitle D—Patent and Trademark Office Corporation

Sec. 2401. Short title.

#### CHAPTER 1—PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

- Sec. 2411. Establishment of Patent and Trademark Office as a Corporation.
- Sec. 2412. Powers and duties.
- Sec. 2413. Organization and management.
- Sec. 2414. Management Advisory Board.
- Sec. 2415. Independence from Department of Commerce.
- Sec. 2416. Trademark Trial and Appeal Board.
- Sec. 2417. Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences.
- Sec. 2418. Suits by and against the Corporation.
- Sec. 2419. Annual report of Commissioner.
- Sec. 2420. Suspension or exclusion from practice.
- Sec. 2421. Funding.
- Sec. 2422. Audits.
- Sec. 2423. Transfers.

#### CHAPTER 2—EFFECTIVE DATE; TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS

- Sec. 2431. Effective date.
- Sec. 2432. Technical and conforming amendments.

#### Subtitle E—Miscellaneous Provisions

- Sec. 2501. References.
- Sec. 2502. Exercise of authorities.
- Sec. 2503. Savings provisions.
- Sec. 2504. Transfer of assets.
- Sec. 2505. Delegation and assignment.
- Sec. 2506. Authority of Director of the Office of Management and Budget with respect to functions transferred.
- Sec. 2507. Certain vesting of functions considered transfers.
- Sec. 2508. Availability of existing funds.
- Sec. 2509. Definitions.

#### Subtitle F-Citizens Commission on 21st Century Government

- Sec. 2601. Short title and purpose.
- Sec. 2602. Citizens Commission on 21st Century Government.
- Sec. 2603. Department and agency cooperation.
- Sec. 2604. Hearings.
- Sec. 2605. Commission procedures.
- Sec. 2606. Framework for the Federal Government in the 21st century.
- Sec. 2607. Proposal for reorganizing the executive branch.
- Sec. 2608. Procedures for making recommendations.
- Sec. 2609. Congressional consideration of reform proposals.
- Sec. 2610. Distribution of assets.
- Sec. 2611. Agency defined.
# Subtitle A—Abolishment of Department of Commerce

3 SEC. 2101. ABOLISHMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

4 (a) ABOLISHMENT OF DEPARTMENT.—The Depart5 ment of Commerce is abolished effective on the abolish6 ment date specified in subsection (c).

7 (b) TRANSFER OF DEPARTMENT FUNCTIONS TO 8 OMB.—Except as otherwise provided in this title, all func-9 tions that immediately before the abolishment date speci-10 fied in subsection (c) are authorized to be performed by 11 the Secretary of Commerce, any other officer or employee 12 of the Department acting in that capacity, or any agency or office of the Department, are transferred to the Direc-13 14 tor of the Office of Management and Budget effective on that abolishment date. 15

(c) ABOLISHMENT DATE.—The abolishment date referred to in subsections (a) and (b) is the earlier of—

18 (1) the last day of the 6-month period begin-19 ning on the date of the enactment of this Act; or

20 (2) September 30, 1996.

21 SEC. 2102. RESOLUTION AND TERMINATION OF DEPART22 MENT FUNCTIONS.

23 (a) RESOLUTION OF FUNCTIONS.—During the period24 beginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending

on the functions termination date specified in subsection
 (c)—

3 (1) the disposition and resolution of functions
4 of the Department of Commerce shall be completed
5 in accordance with this title; and

6 (2) the Director shall resolve all functions that
7 are transferred to the Director under section
8 2101(b) and are not otherwise continued under this
9 title.

10 (b) TERMINATION OF FUNCTIONS.—All functions 11 that are transferred to the Director under section 2101(b) 12 that are not otherwise continued by this title shall termi-13 nate on the functions termination date specified in sub-14 section (c).

(c) FUNCTIONS TERMINATION DATE.—The functions
termination date referred to in subsections (a) and (b) is
the last day of the 3-year period beginning on the date
of the enactment of this Act.

# 19sec. 2103. Responsibilities of the director of the20office of management and budget.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Office of
Management and Budget shall be responsible for the implementation of this subtitle, including—

(1) the administration and wind-up, during the
 wind-up period, of all functions transferred to the
 Director under section 2101(b);

4 (2) the administration and wind-up, during the
5 wind-up period, of any outstanding obligations of the
6 Federal Government under any programs terminated
7 by this title; and

8 (3) taking such other actions as may be nec9 essary to wind-up any outstanding affairs of the De10 partment of Commerce before the end of the wind11 up period.

12 (b) DELEGATION OF FUNCTIONS.—The Director may 13 delegate to any officer of the Office of Management and Budget or to any other Federal department or agency 14 15 head the performance of the Director's functions under this subtitle, except the Director's planning and reporting 16 responsibilities under section 2105, to the extent that the 17 Director determines that such delegation would further 18 the purposes of this subtitle. 19

(c) TRANSFER OF ASSETS AND PERSONNEL.—In
connection with any delegation of functions under subsection (b), the Director may transfer within the Office
or to the department or agency concerned such assets,
funds, personnel, records, and other property relating to

the delegated function as the Director determines to be
 appropriate.

3 (d) AUTHORITIES OF THE DIRECTOR.—For purposes
4 of performing the functions of the Director under this sub5 title and subject to the availability of appropriations, the
6 Director may—

7 (1) enter into contracts;

8 (2) employ experts and consultants in accord-9 ance with section 3109 of title 5, United States 10 Code, at rates for individuals not to exceed the per 11 diem rate equivalent to the rate for level IV of the 12 Executive Schedule; and

13 (3) utilize, on a reimbursable basis, the services,14 facilities, and personnel of other Federal agencies.

#### 15 SEC. 2104. PERSONNEL.

16 Effective on the abolishment date specified in section
17 2101(c), there are transferred to the Office all individuals
18 who—

(1) immediately before the abolishment date,
were officers or employees of the Department of
Commerce; and

(2) in their capacity as such an officer or employee, performed functions that are transferred to
the Director under section 2101(b).

1	SEC. 2105. PLANS AND REPORTS.
2	(a) INITIAL IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.—
3	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after
4	the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall
5	submit a report, through the President, to the Con-
6	gress specifying those actions taken and necessary to
7	be taken—
8	(A) to resolve those programs and func-
9	tions terminated on the date of enactment of
10	this Act; and
11	(B) to implement the additional transfers
12	and other program dispositions provided for in
13	this title.
14	(2) CONTENTS.—The report shall include—
15	(A) recommendations for additional legisla-
16	tion, if any, needed to reflect or otherwise to
17	implement the abolishments, transfers, termi-
18	nations, and other dispositions of programs and
19	functions under this title; and
20	(B) a description of actions planned and
21	taken to comply with limitations imposed by
22	this Act on future spending for continued func-
23	tions.
24	(b) ANNUAL STATUS REPORTS.—At the end of each
25	of the first second and third years following the date of

of the first, second, and third years following the date of

enactment of this Act, the Director shall submit a report,
through the President, to the Congress which—
(1) specifies the status and progress of actions
taken to implement this title and to wind-up the af-
fairs of the Department of Commerce by the func-
tions termination date specified in section 2102(c);
(2) includes any recommendations the Director
may have for additional legislation; and
(3) describes actions taken to comply with limi-
tations imposed by this Act on future spending for
continued functions.
(c) GAO REPORTS.—Not later than 60 days after is-
suance of each report under subsections (a) and (b), the
Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to
the Congress a report which—
(1) evaluates the report under that subsection;
and
(2) includes any recommendations the Comp-
troller General considers appropriate.
SEC. 2106. GAO AUDIT AND ACCESS TO RECORDS.
(a) Audit of Persons Performing Functions
PURSUANT TO THIS ACT.—All agencies, corporations, or-
ganizations, and other persons of any description which
under the authority of the United States perform any
function or activity pursuant to this title shall be subject

to audit by the Comptroller General of the United States
 with respect to such function or activity.

3 (b) AUDIT OF PERSONS PROVIDING CERTAIN GOODS 4 OR SERVICES.—All persons and organizations which, by 5 contract, grant, or otherwise, provide goods or services to, or receive financial assistance from, any agency or other 6 7 person performing functions or activities under or referred 8 to by this title shall be subject to audit by the Comptroller 9 General of the United States with respect to such provi-10 sion of goods or services or receipt of financial assistance.

11 (c) PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO AUDITS UNDER12 THIS SECTION.—

(1) NATURE AND SCOPE OF AUDIT.—The
Comptroller General of the United States shall determine the nature, scope, terms, and conditions of
audits conducted under this section.

17 (2) COORDINATION WITH OTHER PROVISIONS
18 OF LAW.—The authority of the Comptroller General
19 of the United States under this section shall be in
20 addition to any audit authority available to the
21 Comptroller General under other provisions of this
22 title or any other law.

(3) RIGHTS OF ACCESS, EXAMINATION, AND
COPYING.—The Comptroller General of the United
States, and any duly authorized representative of the

1	Comptroller General, shall have access to, and the
2	right to examine and copy, all records and other re-
3	corded information in any form, and to examine any
4	property within the possession or control of any
5	agency or person which is subject to audit under this
6	section, which the Comptroller General considers rel-
7	evant to an audit conducted under this section.
8	(4) Enforcement of right of access.—The
9	right of access of the Comptroller General of the
10	United States to information under this section shall
11	be enforceable under section 716 of title 31, United
12	States Code.
13	(5) Maintenance of confidential
14	RECORDS.—Section 716(e) of title 31, United States
15	Code, shall apply to information obtained by the
16	Comptroller General under this section.
17	SEC. 2107. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

18 (a) PRESIDENTIAL SUCCESSION.—Section 19(d)(1)
19 of title 3, United States Code, is amended by striking
20 "Secretary of Commerce,".

(b) EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS.—Section 101 of title
5, United States Code, is amended by striking the following item: "The Department of Commerce.".

1 (c) Secretary's Compensation.—Section 5312 of 2 title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking the following item: "Secretary of Commerce.". 3 4 (d) Compensation for Positions at Level III.— 5 Section 5314 of title 5, United States Code, is amended— 6 (1) by striking the following item: "Under Secretary of Commerce, Under Secretary of 7 8 Commerce for Economic Affairs, Under Secretary of Com-9 merce for Export Administration and Under Secretary of 10 Commerce for Travel and Tourism."; 11 (2) by striking the following item: "Under Secretary of Commerce for Oceans and At-12 13 mosphere, the incumbent of which also serves as Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Adminis-14 15 tration."; and 16 (3) by striking the following item: 17 "Under Secretary of Commerce for Technology.". 18 (e) Compensation for Positions at Level IV.— 19 Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended— 20 (1) by striking the following item: "Assistant Secretaries of Commerce (11)."; 21 22 (2) by striking the following item: 23 "General Counsel of the Department of Commerce.";

24 (3) by striking the following item:

1	"Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Oceans and
2	Atmosphere, the incumbent of which also serves as Deputy
3	Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
4	Administration.";
5	(4) by striking the following item:
6	"Director, National Institute of Standards and Tech-
7	nology, Department of Commerce.";
8	(5) by striking the following item:
9	"Inspector General, Department of Commerce.";
10	(6) by striking the following item:
11	"Chief Financial Officer, Department of Com-
12	merce."; and
13	(7) in the item relating to the Bureau of the
14	Census, by striking ", Department of Commerce".
15	(f) Compensation for Positions at Level V.—
16	Section 5316 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—
17	(1) by striking the following item:
18	"Director, United States Travel Service, Department
19	of Commerce."; and
20	(2) by striking the following item:
21	"National Export Expansion Coordinator, Depart-
22	ment of Commerce.".
23	(g) INSPECTOR GENERAL ACT OF 1978.—The In-
24	spector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amend-
25	ed—

(1) in section 9(a)(1), by striking subparagraph
 (B);

3 (2) in section 11(1), by striking "Commerce,";4 and

5 (3) in section 11(2), by striking "Commerce,".
6 (h) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
7 this section shall be effective on the abolishment date spec8 ified in section 2101(c).

#### 9 SEC. 2108. PRIVATIZATION FRAMEWORK.

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Office of Management and Budget shall privatize each function designated for privat-11 ization under subtitle B within 18 months of the date of 12 13 the transfer of such function to the Office. The Office shall pursue such forms of privatization arrangements as 14 15 the Office considers appropriate to best serve the interests of the United States. If the Office is unable to privatize 16 a function within 18 months, the Office shall report its 17 inability to the Congress with its recommendations as to 18 the appropriate disposition of the function and its assets. 19 20 (b) ROLE OF THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.-No pri-21 vatization arrangement made under subsection (a) shall 22 include any future role for, or accountability to, the Fed-23 eral Government unless it is necessary to assure the con-24 tinued accomplishment of a specific Federal objective. The

Federal role should be the minimum necessary to accom plish Federal objectives.

3 (c) ASSETS.—In privatizing a function, the Office of
4 Management and Budget shall take any action necessary
5 to preserve the value of the assets of a function during
6 the period the Office holds such assets and to continue
7 the performance of the function to the extent necessary
8 to preserve the value of the assets or to accomplish core
9 Federal objectives.

 10
 SEC. 2109. PRIORITY PLACEMENT PROGRAMS FOR FED 

 11
 ERAL EMPLOYEES AFFECTED BY A REDUC 

 12
 TION IN FORCE ATTRIBUTABLE TO THIS

 13
 TITLE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter I of chapter 33 of title
5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
the following:

17 "§ 3329b. Priority placement programs for employees
18 affected by a reduction in force attrib19 utable to the Department of Commerce
20 Dismantling Act

21 "(a)(1) For the purpose of this section, the term 'af22 fected agency'—

23 "(A) except as provided in subparagraph (B),
24 means an Executive agency to which personnel are
25 transferred in connection with a transfer of function

under the Department of Commerce Dismantling
 Act, and

3 "(B) with respect to employees of the Depart-4 ment of Commerce in general administration, the In-5 spector General's office, or the General Counsel's of-6 fice, or who provided overhead support to other com-7 ponents of the Department on a reimbursable basis, 8 means all agencies to which functions of those em-9 ployees are transferred under the Department of 10 Commerce Dismantling Act.

11 "(2) This section applies with respect to any reduc-12 tion in force that—

13 "(A) occurs within 12 months after the date of14 the enactment of this section; and

15 "(B) is due to—

16 "(i) the termination of any function of the17 Department of Commerce; or

18 "(ii) the agency's having excess personnel
19 as a result of a transfer of function described
20 in paragraph (1), as determined by—

21 "(I) the Director of the Office of
22 Management and Budget, in the case of a
23 function transferred to the Office of Man24 agement and Budget; or

1	"(II) the head of the agency, in the
2	case of any other function.
3	"(b) As soon as practicable after the date of the en-
4	actment of this section, each affected agency shall estab-
5	lish an agencywide priority placement program to facili-
6	tate employment placement for employees who—
7	((1)) are scheduled to be separated from service
8	due to a reduction in force described in subsection
9	(a)(2); or
10	((2)) are separated from service due to such a
11	reduction in force.
12	(c)(1) Each agencywide priority placement program
13	shall include provisions under which a vacant position
14	shall not be filled by the appointment or transfer of any
15	individual from outside of that agency if—
16	"(A) there is then available any individual de-
17	scribed in paragraph (2) who is qualified for the po-
18	sition; and
19	"(B) the position—
20	"(i) is at the same grade (or pay level) or
21	not more than 1 grade (or pay level) below that
22	of the position last held by such individual be-
23	fore placement in the new position; and

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1	"(ii) is within the same commuting area as
2	the individual's last-held position (as referred to
3	in clause (i)) or residence.
4	((2) For purposes of an agencywide priority place-
5	ment program, an individual shall be considered to be de-
6	scribed in this paragraph if such individual's most recent
7	performance evaluation was at least fully successful (or
8	the equivalent), and such individual is either—
9	"(A) an employee of such agency who is sched-
10	uled to be separated, as described in subsection
11	(b)(1); or
12	"(B) an individual who became a former em-
13	ployee of such agency as a result of a separation, as
14	described in subsection $(b)(2)$ .
15	((d)(1) Nothing in this section shall affect any prior-
16	ity placement program of the Department of Defense
17	which is in operation as of the date of the enactment of
18	this section.
19	((2) Nothing in this section shall impair placement
20	programs within agencies subject to reductions in force re-
21	sulting from causes other than the Department of Com-
22	merce Dismantling Act.

23 "(e) An individual shall cease to be eligible to partici-24 pate in a program under this section on the earlier of—

"(1) the conclusion of the 12-month period beginning on the date on which that individual first became eligible to participate under subsection

4 (c)(2); or

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5 "(2) the date on which the individual declines
6 a bona fide offer (or if the individual does not act
7 on the offer, the last day for accepting such offer)
8 from the affected agency of a position described in
9 subsection (c)(1)(B).".

(b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—
(1) Title 5, United States Code, is amended by redesignating the second section which is designated as section 3329
as section 3329a.

(2) The table of sections for chapter 33 of title 5,
United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to the second section which is designated as section
3329 and inserting the following:

"3329a. Government-wide list of vacant positions.
"3329b. Priority placement programs for employees affected by a reduction in force attributable to the Department of Commerce Dismantling Act.".

## 18 SEC. 2110. FUNDING REDUCTIONS FOR TRANSFERRED 19 FUNCTIONS.

(a) FUNDING REDUCTIONS.—Except as provided in
subsection (b), the total amount obligated or expended by
the United States in performing functions transferred
under this title to the Director or to the Office from the

Department of Commerce, or any of its officers or compo nents, shall not exceed—

3 (1) for the first fiscal year that begins after the
4 abolishment date specified in section 2101(c), 75
5 percent of the total amount appropriated to the De6 partment of Commerce for the performance of such
7 functions in fiscal year 1995; and

8 (2) for the second fiscal year that begins after 9 the abolishment date specified in section 2101(c) 10 and for each fiscal year thereafter, 65 percent of the 11 total amount appropriated to the Department of 12 Commerce for the performance of such functions in 13 fiscal year 1995.

(b) EXCEPTION.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to
obligations or expenditures incurred as a direct consequence of the termination, transfer, or other disposition
of functions described in subsection (a) pursuant to this
title.

(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—This section shall
take precedence over any other provision of law unless
such provision explicitly refers to this section and makes
an exception to it.

23 (d) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTOR.—The Di-24 rector shall—

(1) ensure compliance with the requirements of
 this section; and

3 (2) include in each report under sections
4 2105(a) and (b) a description of actions taken to
5 comply with such requirements.

#### 6 SEC. 2111. DEFINITIONS.

7 For purposes of this subtitle, the following definitions8 apply:

9 (1) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means
10 the Director of the Office of Management and Budg11 et.

12 (2) OFFICE.—The term "Office" means the Of-13 fice of Management and Budget.

(3) WIND-UP PERIOD.—The term "wind-up period" means the period beginning on the date of the
enactment of this Act and ending on the functions
termination date specified in section 2102(c).

# Subtitle B—Disposition of Various Programs, Functions, and Agen cies of Department of Com merce sec. 2201. ABOLISHMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION AND TRANSFER OF FUNC-

#### TIONS.

7

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Public Works and Economic 9 Development Act of 1965 (40 U.S.C. 3131 et seq.) is 10 amended by striking all after the first section and insert-11 ing the following:

#### 12 "SEC. 2. Administrator defined.

13 "In this Act, the term 'Administrator' means the Ad-14 ministrator of the Small Business Administration.

# 15 **"TITLE I—STATEMENT OF** 16 **PURPOSE**

#### 17 "SEC. 101. FINDINGS AND DECLARATION.

18 "(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

19 "(1) the maintenance of the national economy 20 at a high level is vital to the best interests of the 21 United States, but that some of our regions, coun-22 ties, and communities are suffering substantial and 23 persistent unemployment and underemployment that 24 cause hardship to many individuals and their fami-25 lies, and waste invaluable human resources; "(2) to overcome this problem the Federal Government, in cooperation with the States, should help
areas and regions of substantial and persistent unemployment and underemployment to take effective
steps in planning and financing their public works
and economic development;

7 "(3) Federal financial assistance, including 8 grants for public works and development facilities to 9 communities, industries, enterprises, and individuals 10 in areas needing development should enable such 11 areas to help themselves achieve lasting improve-12 ment and enhance the domestic prosperity by the es-13 tablishment of stable and diversified local economies 14 and improved local conditions, if such assistance is 15 preceded by and consistent with sound, long-range 16 economic planning; and

"(4) under the provisions of this Act, new employment opportunities should be created by developing and expanding new and existing public works
and other facilities and resources rather than by
merely transferring jobs from one area of the United
States to another.

23 "(b) DECLARATION.—Congress declares that, in fur24 therance of maintaining the national economy at a high
25 level—

"(1) the assistance authorized by this Act should be made available to both rural and urban areas;

4 "(2) such assistance should be made available 5 for planning for economic development prior to the 6 actual occurrences of economic distress in order to 7 avoid such condition; and

8 "(3) such assistance should be used for long-9 term economic rehabilitation in areas where long-10 term economic deterioration has occurred or is tak-11 ing place.

# 12 "TITLE II—GRANTS FOR PUBLIC 13 WORKS AND DEVELOPMENT 14 FACILITIES

#### 15 "SEC. 201. DIRECT AND SUPPLEMENTARY GRANTS.

16 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Upon the application of any eli-17 gible recipient, the Administrator may—

18 "(1) make direct grants for the acquisition or 19 development of land and improvements for public 20 works, public service, or development facility usage, 21 and the acquisition, design and engineering, con-22 struction, rehabilitation, alteration, expansion, or im-23 provement of such facilities, including related ma-24 chinery and equipment, within an area described in 25 section 502(a), if the Administrator finds that—

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1	"(A) the project for which financial assist-
2	ance is sought will directly or indirectly—
3	"(i) tend to improve the opportunities,
4	in the area where such project is or will be
5	located, for the successful establishment or
6	expansion of industrial or commercial
7	plants or facilities;
8	"(ii) otherwise assist in the creation
9	of additional long-term employment oppor-
10	tunities for such area; or
11	"(iii) primarily benefit the long-term
12	unemployed and members of low-income
13	families;
14	"(B) the project for which a grant is re-
15	quested will fulfill a pressing need of the area,
16	or part thereof, in which it is, or will be, lo-
17	cated; and
18	"(C) the area for which a project is to be
19	undertaken has an approved investment strat-
20	egy as provided by section 503 and such project
21	is consistent with such strategy;
22	"(2) make supplementary grants in order to en-
23	able the States and other entities within areas de-
24	scribed in section 502(a) to take maximum advan-
25	tage of designated Federal grant-in-aid programs (as

1 defined in subsection (c)(4), direct grants-in-aid au-2 thorized under this section, and Federal grant-in-aid 3 programs authorized by the Watershed Protection 4 and Flood Prevention Act (68 Stat. 666), and the 5 11 watersheds authorized by the Flood Control Act 6 of December 22, 1944 (58 Stat. 887), for which 7 they are eligible but for which, because of their eco-8 nomic situation, they cannot supply the required 9 matching share.

"(b) COST SHARING.—Subject to subsection (c), the
amount of any direct grant under this subsection for any
project shall not exceed 50 percent of the cost of such
project.

14 "(c) REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO SUPPLE-15 MENTARY GRANTS.—

16 "(1) Amount of supplementary grants.— 17 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided by 18 subparagraph (B), the amount of any supple-19 mentary grant under this section for any 20 project shall not exceed the applicable percent-21 age established by regulations promulgated by 22 the Administrator, but in no event shall the 23 non-Federal share of the aggregate cost of any 24 such project (including assumptions of debt) be 25 less than 20 percent of such cost.

"(B) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding sub-1 2 paragraph (A), in the case of an Indian tribe, 3 a State (or a political subdivision of the State), 4 or a community development corporation which 5 the Administrator determines has exhausted its 6 effective taxing and borrowing capacity, the Ad-7 ministrator shall reduce the non-Federal share 8 below the percentage specified in subparagraph 9 (A) or shall waive the non-Federal share in the 10 case of such a grant for a project in an area 11 described in section 502(a)(4).

12 "(2) FORM OF SUPPLEMENTARY GRANTS.— 13 Supplementary grants shall be made by the Admin-14 istrator, in accordance with such regulations as the 15 Administrator may prescribe, by increasing the 16 amounts of direct grants authorized under this sec-17 tion or by the payment of funds appropriated under 18 this Act to the heads of the departments, agencies, 19 and instrumentalities of the Federal Government re-20 sponsible for the administration of the applicable Federal programs. 21

"(3) FEDERAL SHARE LIMITATIONS SPECIFIED
IN OTHER LAWS.—Notwithstanding any requirement
as to the amount or sources of non-Federal funds
that may otherwise be applicable to the Federal pro-

gram involved, funds provided under this subsection
 shall be used for the sole purpose of increasing the
 Federal contribution to specific projects in areas de scribed in section 502(a) under such programs above
 the fixed maximum portion of the cost of such
 project otherwise authorized by the applicable law.

7 **(**(4) DESIGNATED FEDERAL **GRANT-IN-AID** 8 PROGRAMS DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term 9 'designated Federal grant-in-aid programs' means 10 such existing or future Federal grant-in-aid pro-11 grams assisting in the construction or equipping of facilities as the Administrator may, in furtherance of 12 13 the purposes of this Act, designate as eligible for al-14 location of funds under this section.

15 "(5) CONSIDERATION OF RELATIVE NEED IN 16 DETERMINING AMOUNT.—In determining the 17 amount of any supplementary grant available to any 18 project under this section, the Administrator shall 19 take into consideration the relative needs of the area 20 and the nature of the projects to be assisted.

"(d) REGULATIONS.—The Administrator shall prescribe rules, regulations, and procedures to carry out this
section which will assure that adequate consideration is
given to the relative needs of eligible areas. In prescribing

such rules, regulations, and procedures the Administrator
 shall consider among other relevant factors—

3 "(1) the severity of the rates of unemployment
4 in the eligible areas and the duration of such unem5 ployment; and

6 "(2) the income levels of families and the extent
7 of underemployment in eligible areas.

8 "(e) REVIEW AND COMMENT UPON PROJECTS BY 9 LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITIES.—The Adminis-10 trator shall prescribe regulations which will assure that 11 appropriate local governmental authorities have been given 12 a reasonable opportunity to review and comment upon 13 proposed projects under this section.

#### 14 "SEC. 202. CONSTRUCTION COST INCREASES.

15 "In any case where a grant (including a supplemental grant) has been made by the Administrator under this 16 title for a project and after such grant has been made 17 but before completion of the project, the cost of such 18 project based upon the designs and specifications which 19 were the basis of the grant has been increased because 20 21 of increases in costs, the amount of such grant may be 22 increased by an amount equal to the percentage increase, 23 as determined by the Administrator, in such costs, but in 24 no event shall the percentage of the Federal share of such project exceed that originally provided for in such grant. 25

### 1 "SEC. 203. USE OF FUNDS IN PROJECTS CONSTRUCTED2UNDER PROJECTED COST.

3 "In any case where a grant (including a supplemental grant) has been made by the Administrator under this 4 5 title for a project, and after such grant has been made but before completion of the project, the cost of such 6 7 project based upon the designs and specifications which 8 were the basis of the grant has decreased because of de-9 creases in costs, such underrun funds may be used to improve the project either directly or indirectly as deter-10 11 mined by the Administrator.

#### 12 "SEC. 204. CHANGED PROJECT CIRCUMSTANCES.

"In any case where a grant (including a supplemental 13 14 grant) has been made by the Administrator under this title for a project, and after such grant has been made 15 16 but before completion of the project, the purpose or scope 17 of such project based upon the designs and specifications which were the basis of the grant has changed, the Admin-18 19 istrator may approve the use of grant funds on such 20 changed project if the Administrator determines that such 21 changed project meets the requirements of this title and that such changes are necessary to enhance economic de-22 23 velopment in the area.

# TITLE III—SPECIAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND ADJUST MENT ASSISTANCE

#### 4 "SEC. 301. STATEMENT OF PURPOSE.

5 "The purpose of this title to provide special economic development and adjustment assistance programs to help 6 State and local areas meet special needs arising from ac-7 8 tual or threatened severe unemployment arising from eco-9 nomic dislocation (including unemployment arising from 10 actions of the Federal Government, from defense base clo-11 sures and realignments, and from compliance with envi-12 ronmental requirements which remove economic activities from a locality) and economic adjustment problems result-13 14 ing from severe changes in economic conditions (including 15 long-term economic deterioration), and to encourage cooperative intergovernmental action to prevent or solve eco-16 nomic adjustment problems. Nothing in this title is in-17 tended to replace the efforts of the economic adjustment 18 19 program of the Department of Defense.

# 20 "SEC. 302. SPECIAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND AD-21JUSTMENT ASSISTANCE.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator is authorized
to make grants directly to any eligible recipient in an area
which the Administrator determines, in accordance with

criteria to be established by the Administrator by regula tion—

3	"(1) has experienced, or may reasonably be
4	foreseen to be about to experience, a special need to
5	meet an expected rise in unemployment, or other
6	economic adjustment problems (including those
7	caused by any action or decision of the Federal Gov-
8	ernment); or
9	"(2) has demonstrated long-term economic de-
10	terioration.
11	"(b) Purposes.—Amounts from grants under sub-
12	section (a) shall be used by an eligible recipient to carry
13	out or develop an investment strategy which—
14	((1) meets the requirements of section 503; and
15	"(2) is approved by the Administrator.
16	"(c) Types of Assistance.—In carrying out an in-
17	vestment strategy using amounts from grants under sub-
18	section (a), an eligible recipient may provide assistance for
19	any of the following:
20	"(1) Public facilities.
21	"(2) Public services.
22	"(3) Business development.
23	"(4) Planning.
24	"(5) Research and technical assistance.

24 "(5) Research and technical assistance.

25 "(6) Administrative expenses.

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1 "(7) Training.

2 "(8) Relocation of individuals and businesses.

3 "(9) Other assistance which demonstrably fur4 there the economic adjustment objectives of this
5 title.

6 "(d) DIRECT EXPENDITURE OR REDISTRIBUTION BY RECIPIENT.—Amounts from grants under subsection (a) 7 8 may be used in direct expenditures by the eligible recipient 9 or through redistribution by the eligible recipient to public 10 and private entities in grants, loans, loan guarantees, payments to reduce interest on loan guarantees, or other ap-11 12 propriate assistance, but no grant shall be made by an 13 eligible recipient to a private profit-making entity.

14 "(e) COORDINATION.—The Administrator to the ex-15 tent practicable shall coordinate the activities relating to 16 the requirements for investment strategies and making 17 grants and loans under this title with other Federal pro-18 grams, States, economic development districts, and other 19 appropriate planning and development organizations.

20 "(f) Base Closings and Realignments.—

21 "(1) LOCATION OF PROJECTS.—In any case in 22 which the Administrator determines a need for as-23 sistance under subsection (a) due to the closure or 24 realignment of a military installation, the Adminis-25 trator may make such assistance available for projects to be carried out on the military installation
 and for projects to be carried out in communities ad versely affected by the closure or realignment.

"(2) INTEREST IN PROPERTY.—Notwithstand-4 5 ing any other provision of law, the Administrator 6 may provide to an eligible recipient any assistance 7 available under this Act for a project to be carried 8 out on a military installation that is closed or sched-9 uled for closure or realignment without requiring 10 that the eligible recipient have title to the property 11 or a leasehold interest in the property for any speci-12 fied term.

#### 13 "SEC. 303. ANNUAL REPORTS BY RECIPIENT.

14 "Each eligible recipient which receives assistance 15 under this title from the Administrator shall annually during the period such assistance continue to make a full and 16 complete report to the Administrator, in such manner as 17 the Administrator shall prescribe, and such report shall 18 19 contain an evaluation of the effectiveness of the economic 20 assistance provided under this title in meeting the need 21 it was designed to alleviate and the purposes of this title. 22 "SEC. 304. SALE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS IN REVOLV-23 ING LOAN FUNDS.

24 "Any loan, loan guarantee, equity, or other financial25 instrument in the portfolio of a revolving loan fund, in-

cluding any financial instrument made available using 1 2 amounts from a grant made before the effective date speci-3 fied in section 802, may be sold, encumbered, or pledged 4 at the discretion of the grantee of the Fund, to a third 5 party provided that the net proceeds of the transaction— 6 "(1) shall be deposited into the Fund and may 7 only be used for activities which are consistent with 8 the purposes of this title; and 9 "(2) shall be subject to the financial management, accounting, reporting, and auditing standards 10 11 which were originally applicable to the grant. 12 **"SEC. 305. TREATMENT OF REVOLVING LOAN FUNDS.** 13 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Amounts from grants made under this title which are used by an eligible recipient to 14 15 establish a revolving loan fund shall not be treated, except as provided by subsection (b), as amounts derived from 16 Federal funds for the purposes of any Federal law after 17 such amounts are loaned from the fund to a borrower and 18 19 repaid to the fund. 20 "(b) EXCEPTIONS.—Amounts described in subsection 21 (a) which are loaned from a revolving loan fund to a bor-22 rower and repaid to the fund—

23 "(1) may only be used for activities which are24 consistent with the purposes of this title; and

"(2) shall be subject to the financial manage ment, accounting, reporting, and auditing standards
 which were originally applicable to the grant.

4 "(c) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 30 days after
5 the effective date specified in section 802, the Adminis6 trator shall issue regulations to carry out subsection (a).

7 "(d) PUBLIC REVIEW AND COMMENT.—Before issu-8 ing any final guidelines or administrative manuals govern-9 ing the operation of revolving loan funds established using 10 amounts from grants under this title, the Administrator 11 shall provide reasonable opportunity for public review of 12 and comment on such guidelines and administrative 13 manuals.

14 "(e) APPLICABILITY TO PAST GRANTS.—The re-15 quirements of this section applicable to amounts from 16 grants made under this title shall also apply to amounts 17 from grants made, before the effective date specified in 18 section 802, under title I of this Act, as in effect on the 19 day before such effective date.

#### 20 "TITLE IV—TECHNICAL ASSIST-

# 21 ANCE, RESEARCH, AND IN22 FORMATION

#### 23 "SEC. 401. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.

24 "(a) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out its duties under
25 this Act, the Administrator may provide technical assist-

ance which would be useful in alleviating or preventing 1 2 conditions of excessive unemployment or underemployment to areas which the Administrator finds 3 have substantial need for such assistance. Such assistance 4 5 shall include project planning and feasibility studies, management and operational assistance, establishment of busi-6 7 ness outreach centers, and studies evaluating the needs 8 of, and development potentialities for, economic growth of 9 such areas.

10 "(b) PROCEDURES AND TERMS.—

11 "(1) MANNER OF PROVIDING ASSISTANCE.—As12 sistance may be provided by the Administrator
13 through—

14 "(A) members of the Administrator's staff;
15 "(B) the payment of funds authorized for
16 this section to departments or agencies of the
17 Federal Government;

18 "(C) the employment of private individ19 uals, partnerships, firms, corporations, or suit20 able institutions under contracts entered into
21 for such purposes; or

22 "(D) grants-in-aid to appropriate public or
23 private nonprofit State, area, district, or local
24 organizations.

"(2) REPAYMENT TERMS.—The Administrator,
 in the Administrator's discretion, may require the
 repayment of assistance provided under this sub section and prescribe the terms and conditions of
 such repayment.

6 "(c) Grants Covering Administrative Ex-7 penses.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may 8 9 make grants to defray not to exceed 50 percent of 10 the administrative expenses of organizations which 11 the Administrator determines to be qualified to re-12 ceive grants-in-aid under subsections (a) and (b); ex-13 cept that in the case of a grant under this sub-14 section to an Indian tribe, the Administrator is au-15 thorized to defray up to 100 percent of such ex-16 penses.

17 (2)DETERMINATION OF NON-FEDERAL 18 SHARE.—In determining the amount of the non-Fed-19 eral share of such costs or expenses, the Adminis-20 trator shall give due consideration to all contribu-21 tions both in cash and in kind, fairly evaluated, in-22 cluding contributions of space, equipment, and serv-23 ices.

24 "(3) USE OF GRANTS WITH PLANNING
25 GRANTS.—Where practicable, grants-in-aid author-

ized under this subsection shall be used in conjunc tion with other available planning grants to assure
 adequate and effective planning and economical use
 of funds.

5 "(d) AVAILABILITY OF TECHNICAL INFORMATION; FEDERAL PROCUREMENT.—The Administrator shall aid 6 7 areas described in section 502(a) and other areas by fur-8 nishing to interested individuals, communities, industries, 9 and enterprises within such areas any assistance, technical information, market research, or other forms of assist-10 ance, information, or advice which would be useful in alle-11 12 viating or preventing conditions of excessive unemployment or underemployment within such areas. The Admin-13 istrator may furnish the procurement divisions of the var-14 15 ious departments, agencies, and other instrumentalities of the Federal Government with a list containing the names 16 17 and addresses of business firms which are located in areas described in section 502(a) and which are desirous of ob-18 taining Government contracts for the furnishing of sup-19 20plies or services, and designating the supplies and services 21 such firms are engaged in providing.

#### 22 "SEC. 402. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PLANNING.

23 "(a) DIRECT GRANTS.—

24 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may
25 make, upon application of any State, or city, or
other political subdivision of a State, or sub-State
planning and development organization (including an
area described in section 502(a) or an economic development district), direct grants to such State, city,
or other political subdivision, or organization to pay
up to 50 percent of the cost for economic development planning.

8 "(2) PLANNING PROJECTS SPECIFICALLY IN-9 CLUDED.—The planning for cities, other political 10 subdivisions, and sub-State planning and develop-11 ment organizations (including areas described in sec-12 tion 502(a) and economic development districts) as-13 sisted under this section shall include systematic ef-14 forts to reduce unemployment and increase incomes.

15 "(3) PLANNING PROCESS.—The planning shall
16 be a continuous process involving public officials and
17 private citizens in analyzing local economies, defin18 ing development goals, determining project opportu19 nities, and formulating and implementing a develop20 ment program.

21 "(4) COORDINATION OF ASSISTANCE UNDER
22 SECTION 401(c).—The assistance available under
23 this section may be provided in addition to assist24 ance available under section 401(c) but shall not
25 supplant such assistance.

"(b) COMPLIANCE WITH REVIEW PROCEDURE.—The
 planning assistance authorized under this title shall be
 used in conjunction with any other available Federal plan ning assistance to assure adequate and effective planning
 and economical use of funds.

# 6 **"TITLE V—ELIGIBILITY AND**7 **INVESTMENT STRATEGIES**8 **"PART A—ELIGIBILITY**

#### 9 "SEC. 501. ELIGIBLE RECIPIENT DEFINED.

10 "In this Act, the term 'eligible recipient' means an 11 area described in section 502(a), an economic development 12 district designated under section 510, an Indian tribe, a 13 State, a city or other political subdivision of a State, or 14 a consortium of such political subdivisions, or a public or 15 private nonprofit organization or association acting in co-16 operation with officials of such political subdivisions.

#### 17 "SEC. 502. AREA ELIGIBILITY.

18 "(a) CERTIFICATION.—In order to be eligible for as-19 sistance under title II, an applicant seeking assistance to 20 undertake a project in an area shall certify, as part of 21 an application for such assistance, that the area on the 22 date of submission of such application meets 1 or more 23 of the following criteria:

24 "(1) The area has a per capita income of 8025 percent or less of the national average.

	10
1	"(2) The area has an unemployment rate 1 per-
2	cent above the national average percentage for the
3	most recent 24-month period for which statistics are
4	available.
5	"(3) The area has experienced or is about to
6	experience a sudden economic dislocation resulting
7	in job loss that is significant both in terms of the
8	number of jobs eliminated and the effect upon the
9	employment rate of the area.
10	"(4) The area is a community or neighborhood
11	(defined without regard to political or other subdivi-
12	sions or boundaries) which the Administrator deter-
13	mines has one or more of the following conditions:
14	"(A) A large concentration of low-income
15	persons.
16	"(B) Rural areas having substantial out-
17	migration.
18	"(C) Substantial unemployment.
19	"(b) Documentation.—A certification made under
20	subsection (a) shall be supported by Federal data, when
21	available, and in other cases by data available through the
22	State government. Such documentation shall be accepted
23	by the Administrator unless it is determined to be inac-
24	curate. The most recent statistics available shall be used.

"(c) PRIOR DESIGNATIONS.—Any designation of a
 redevelopment area made before the effective date speci fied in section 802 shall not be effective after such effec tive date.

#### 5 "SEC. 503. INVESTMENT STRATEGY.

6 "The Administrator may provide assistance under ti-7 tles II and III to an applicant for a project only if the 8 applicant submits to the Administrator, as part of an ap-9 plication for such assistance, and the Administrator ap-10 proves an investment strategy which—

11 "(1) identifies the economic development prob12 lems to be addressed using such assistance;

"(2) identifies past, present, and projected future economic development investments in the area
receiving such assistance and public and private participants and sources of funding for such investments;

"(3) sets forth a strategy for addressing the
economic problems identified pursuant to paragraph
(1) and describes how the strategy will solve such
problems;

"(4) provides a description of the project necessary to implement the strategy, estimates of costs,
and timetables; and

25	be wholly or partially located, if—
24	concurrence of the States in which such districts will
23	ment districts' within the United States with the
22	"(1) designate appropriate 'economic develop-
21	planned and carried out, the Administrator may—
20	ment projects of broader geographic significance may be
19	"(a) IN GENERAL.—In order that economic develop-
18	CENTERS.
17	DISTRICTS AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
16	"SEC. 510. DESIGNATION OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
15	<b>"PART B—ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS</b>
14	sistance under this Act.
13	"(3) to otherwise meet the requirements for as-
12	maintained; and
11	project will be properly administered, operated, and
10	((2)) to have adequate assurance that the
9	egy;
8	"(1) to be included in a State investment strat-
7	determined by the Administrator—
6	are certified by the State representing such applicant and
5	under this Act for specific projects shall be approved which
4	"Only applications for grants or other assistance
3	"SEC. 504. APPROVAL OF PROJECTS.
2	resources expected to be available for the project.
1	"(5) provides a summary of public and private
1	

1	"(A) the proposed district is of sufficient
2	size or population, and contains sufficient re-
3	sources, to foster economic development on a
4	scale involving more than a single area de-
5	scribed in section 502(a);
6	"(B) the proposed district contains at least
7	1 area described in section 502(a);
8	"(C) the proposed district contains 1 or
9	more areas described in section 502(a) or eco-
10	nomic development centers identified in an ap-
11	proved district investment strategy as having
12	sufficient size and potential to foster the eco-
13	nomic growth activities necessary to alleviate
14	the distress of the areas described in section
15	502(a) within the district; and
16	"(D) the proposed district has a district
17	investment strategy which includes adequate
18	land use and transportation planning and con-
19	tains a specific program for district cooperation,
20	self-help, and public investment and is approved
21	by the State or States affected and by the Ad-
22	ministrator;
23	((2) designate as 'economic development cen-
24	ters', in accordance with such regulations as the Ad-

1	ministrator shall prescribe, such areas as the Admin-
2	istrator may deem appropriate, if—
3	"(A) the proposed center has been identi-
4	fied and included in an approved district invest-
5	ment strategy and recommended by the State
6	or States affected for such special designation;
7	"(B) the proposed center is geographically
8	and economically so related to the district that
9	its economic growth may reasonably be expected
10	to contribute significantly to the alleviation of
11	distress in the areas described in section 502(a)
12	of the district; and
13	"(C) the proposed center does not have a
14	population in excess of 250,000 according to
15	the most recent Federal census.
16	"(3) provide financial assistance in accordance
17	with the criteria of this Act, except as may be herein
18	otherwise provided, for projects in economic develop-
19	ment centers designated under subsection $(a)(2)$ ,
20	if—
21	"(A) the project will further the objectives
22	of the investment strategy of the district in
23	which it is to be located;
24	"(B) the project will enhance the economic
25	growth potential of the district or result in ad-

1	ditional long-term employment opportunities
2	commensurate with the amount of Federal fi-
3	nancial assistance requested; and
4	"(C) the amount of Federal financial as-
5	sistance requested is reasonably related to the
б	size, population, and economic needs of the dis-
7	trict;
8	((4) subject to the 50 percent non-Federal
9	share required for any project by section 201(c), in-
10	crease the amount of grant assistance authorized by
11	section 201 for projects within areas described in
12	section 502(a), by an amount not to exceed 10 per-
13	cent of the aggregate cost of any such project, in ac-
14	cordance with such regulations as the Administrator
15	shall prescribe if—
16	"(A) the area described in section $502(a)$
17	is situated within a designated economic devel-
18	opment district and is actively participating in
19	the economic development activities of the dis-
20	trict; and
21	"(B) the project is consistent with an ap-
22	proved investment strategy.
23	"(b) AUTHORITIES.—In designating economic devel-
24	opment districts and approving district investment strate-

1	gies under subsection (a), the Administrator may, under
2	regulations prescribed by the Administrator—
3	"(1) invite the several States to draw up pro-
4	posed district boundaries and to identify potential
5	economic development centers;
6	"(2) cooperate with the several States—
7	"(A) in sponsoring and assisting district
8	economic planning and development groups;
9	and
10	"(B) in assisting such district groups to
11	formulate district investment strategies; and
12	"(3) encourage participation by appropriate
13	local governmental authorities in such economic de-
14	velopment districts.
15	"(c) Termination or Modification of Designa-
16	TIONS.—The Administrator shall by regulation prescribe
17	standards for the termination or modification of economic
18	development districts and economic development centers
19	designated under the authority of this section.
20	"(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this Act, the following defini-
21	tions apply:
22	"(1) Economic development district.—The
23	term 'economic development district' refers to any
24	area within the United States composed of cooperat-
25	ing areas described in section 502(a) and, where ap-

propriate, designated economic development centers and neighboring counties or communities, which has been designated by the Administrator as an economic development district. Such term includes any economic development district designated under section 403 of this Act, as in effect on the day before the effective date specified in section 802.

8 "(2) ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CENTER.—The 9 term 'economic development center' refers to any 10 area within the United States which has been identi-11 fied as an economic development center in an ap-12 proved investment strategy and which has been des-13 ignated by the Administrator as eligible for financial 14 assistance under this Act in accordance with the 15 provisions of this section.

16 "(3) LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The term 'local
17 government' means any city, county, town, parish,
18 village, or other general-purpose political subdivision
19 of a State.

"(e) PARTS OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS
NOT WITHIN AREAS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 502(a).—
The Administrator is authorized to provide the financial
assistance which is available to an area described in section 502(a) under this Act to those parts of an economic
development district which are not within an area de-

scribed in section 502(a), when such assistance will be of 1 2 a substantial direct benefit to an area described in section 3 502(a) within such district. Such financial assistance shall be provided in the same manner and to the same extent 4 5 as is provided in this Act for an area described in section 502(a); except that nothing in this subsection shall be con-6 7 strued to permit such parts to receive the increase in the 8 amount of grant assistance authorized in subsection 9 (a)(4).

#### 10 **"TITLE VI—ADMINISTRATION**

#### 11 "SEC. 601. APPOINTMENT OF ASSOCIATE ADMINISTRATOR;

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#### FULL TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES.

13 "(a) APPOINTMENT.—The Administrator shall carry out the duties vested in the Administrator by this Act act-14 15 ing through an Associate Administrator of the Small Business Administration, who shall be appointed by the Presi-16 dent by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. 17 18 "(b) PAY.—The Associate Administrator shall be compensated by the Federal Government at the rate pre-19 20scribed for level V of the Executive Schedule under section 21 5316 of title 5, United States Code.

"(c) FULL TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES.—The
Administrator shall assign not to exceed 25 full time
equivalent employees of the Small Business Administration (excluding the Associate Administrator) to assist the

Administrator in the carrying out the duties vested in the
 Administrator by this Act.

#### 3 "SEC. 602. REGIONAL COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.

4 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall make 5 grants and carry out such other functions under this Act 6 as the Administrator considers appropriate by entering 7 into cooperative agreements with 1 or more States on a 8 regional basis. Each State entering into such an agree-9 ment shall be represented by the chief executive officer 10 of the State.

11 "(b) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—A cooperative agree-12 ment entered into under subsection (a) shall include such terms and conditions as the Administrator determines are 13 necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act. Such 14 15 terms and conditions at a minimum shall provide that no decision concerning regional policies or approval of project 16 or grant applications may be made without the consent 17 of the Administrator and a majority of the States partici-18 19 pating in the cooperative agreement.

"(c) PARTICIPATION NOT REQUIRED.—No State
shall be required to enter into a cooperative agreement
under this section or to participate in any program established by this Act.

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#### 1 "SEC. 603. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.

2 "(a) PAYMENT BY STATES.—Fifty percent of the ad3 ministrative expenses incurred by States in participating
4 in a cooperative agreement entered into under section 602
5 shall be paid by such States and the remaining 50 percent
6 of such expenses shall be paid by the Federal Government.

7 "(b) DETERMINATION OF STATE SHARE.—The share
8 of the administrative expenses to be paid by each State
9 participating in a cooperative agreement shall be deter10 mined by a majority vote of such States. The Adminis11 trator may not participate or vote in such determination.

12 "(c) DELINQUENT PAYMENTS.—No assistance au-13 thorized by this Act shall be furnished to any State or 14 to any political subdivision or resident of a State, nor shall 15 the State participate or vote in any decision described in 16 section 602(b), while such State is delinquent in the pay-17 ment of such State's share of the administrative expenses 18 described in subsection (a).

#### 19 "SEC. 604. FEDERAL SHARE.

20 "Except as otherwise expressly provided by this Act,
21 the Federal share of the cost of any project funded with
22 amounts made available under this Act shall not exceed
23 50 percent of such cost.

#### 24 "SEC. 605. COOPERATION OF FEDERAL AGENCIES.

25 "Each Federal department and agency, in accordance
26 with applicable laws and within the limits of available
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funds, shall cooperate with the Administrator in order to
 assist the Administrator in carrying out the functions of
 the Administrator.

### 4 "SEC. 606. CONSULTATION WITH OTHER PERSONS AND 5 AGENCIES.

6 "(a) CONSULTATION ON PROBLEMS RELATING TO 7 EMPLOYMENT.—The Administrator is authorized from 8 time to time to call together and confer with any persons, 9 including representatives of labor, management, agri-10 culture, and government, who can assist in meeting the 11 problems of area and regional unemployment or 12 underemployment.

"(b) CONSULTATION ON ADMINISTRATION OF ACT.—
The Administrator may make provisions for such consultation with interested departments and agencies as the Administrator may deem appropriate in the performance of
the functions vested in the Administrator by this Act.

18 "SEC. 607. ADMINISTRATION, OPERATION, AND MAINTE-19 NANCE.

"No Federal assistance shall be approved under this
Act unless the Administrator is satisfied that the project
for which Federal assistance is granted will be properly
and efficiently administered, operated, and maintained.

**"TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS** 

#### 2 "SEC. 701. POWERS OF ADMINISTRATOR.

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3 "(a) IN GENERAL.—In performing the Administra4 tor's duties under this Act, the Administrator is author5 ized to—

6 "(1) adopt, alter, and use a seal, which shall be
7 judicially noticed;

8 "(2) subject to the civil-service and classifica-9 tion laws, select, employ, appoint, and fix the com-10 pensation of such personnel as may be necessary to 11 carry out the provisions of this Act;

"(3) hold such hearings, sit and act at such
times and places, and take such testimony, as the
Administrator may deem advisable;

"(4) request directly from any executive depart-15 16 ment, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, 17 independent establishment, or instrumentality infor-18 mation, suggestions, estimates, and statistics needed 19 to carry out the purposes of this Act; and each de-20 partment, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, 21 establishment, or instrumentality is authorized to 22 furnish such information, suggestions, estimates, 23 and statistics directly to the Administrator;

24 "(5) under regulations prescribed by the Ad25 ministrator, assign or sell at public or private sale,

1 or otherwise dispose of for cash or credit, in the Ad-2 ministrator's discretion and upon such terms and conditions and for such consideration as the Admin-3 4 istrator determines to be reasonable, any evidence of 5 debt, contract, claim, personal property, or security 6 assigned to or held by the Administrator in connec-7 tion with assistance extended under this Act. and 8 collect or compromise all obligations assigned to or 9 held by the Administrator in connection with such 10 assistance until such time as such obligations may 11 be referred to the Attorney General for suit or col-12 lection;

13 "(6) deal with, complete, renovate, improve, 14 modernize, insure, rent, or sell for cash or credit, 15 upon such terms and conditions and for such consid-16 eration as the Administrator determines to be rea-17 sonable, any real or personal property conveyed to, 18 or otherwise acquired by the Administrator in con-19 nection with assistance extended under this Act;

"(7) pursue to final collection, by way of compromise or other administrative action, prior to reference to the Attorney General, all claims against
third parties assigned to the Administrator in connection with assistance extended this Act;

"(8) acquire, in any lawful manner and in accordance with the requirements of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, any property (real, personal, or mixed, tangible or intangible), whenever necessary or appropriate to the conduct of the activities authorized under this Act;

7 "(9) in addition to any powers, functions, privi-8 leges, and immunities otherwise vested in the Ad-9 ministrator, take any action, including the procure-10 ment of the services of attorneys by contract, deter-11 mined by the Administrator to be necessary or desir-12 able in making, purchasing, servicing, compromising, 13 modifying, liquidating, or otherwise administratively 14 dealing with assets held in connection with financial 15 assistance extended under this Act;

"(10) employ experts and consultants or organi-16 17 zations as authorized by section 3109 of title 5, 18 United States Code, compensate individuals so em-19 ployed at rates not in excess of \$100 per diem, in-20 cluding travel time, and allow them, while away from 21 their homes or regular places of business, travel ex-22 penses (including per diem in lieu of subsistence) as 23 authorized by section 5703 of title 5, United States 24 Code, for persons in the Government service em-25 ployed intermittently, while so employed, except that

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contracts for such employment may be renewed an nually;

3 "(11) sue and be sued in any court of record 4 of a State having general jurisdiction or in any Unit-5 ed States district court, and jurisdiction is conferred 6 upon such district court to determine such con-7 troversies without regard to the amount in con-8 troversy; but no attachment, injunction, garnish-9 ment, or other similar process, mesne or final, shall 10 be issued against the Administrator or the Adminis-11 trator's property;

"(12) make discretionary grants, pursuant to 12 13 authorities otherwise available to the Administrator 14 under this Act and without regard to the require-15 ments of section 504, to implement significant re-16 gional initiatives, to take advantage of special devel-17 opment opportunities, or to respond to emergency 18 economic distress in a region from the funds with-19 held from distribution by the Administrator; except 20 that the aggregate amount of such discretionary 21 grants in any fiscal year may not exceed 10 percent 22 of the amounts appropriated under title VIII for 23 such fiscal year;

24 "(13) allow a State to use not to exceed 5 per-25 cent of the total of amounts received by the State

in a fiscal year in grants under this Act for reason able expenses incurred by the State in administering
 such amounts; and

4 "(14) establish such rules, regulations, and pro5 cedures as the Administrator considers appropriate
6 in carrying out the provisions of this Act.

7 "(b) DEFICIENCY JUDGMENTS.—The authority
8 under subsection (a)(7) to pursue claims shall include the
9 authority to obtain deficiency judgments or otherwise in
10 the case of mortgages assigned to the Administrator.

11 "(c) INAPPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN OTHER RE-12 QUIREMENTS.—Section 3709 of the Revised Statutes of 13 the United States shall not apply to any contract of hazard insurance or to any purchase or contract for services 14 15 or supplies on account of property obtained by the Administrator as a result of assistance extended under this Act 16 if the premium for the insurance or the amount of the 17 insurance does not exceed \$1,000. 18

19 "(d) POWERS OF CONVEYANCE AND EXECUTION.— 20 The power to convey and to execute, in the name of the 21 Administrator, deeds of conveyance, deeds of release, as-22 signments and satisfactions of mortgages, and any other 23 written instrument relating to real or personal property 24 or any interest therein acquired by the Administrator pur-25 suant to the provisions of this Act may be exercised by the Administrator, or by any officer or agent appointed
 by the Administrator for such purpose, without the execu tion of any express delegation of power or power of attor ney.

#### 5 "SEC. 702. ESTABLISHMENT OF CLEARINGHOUSE.

6 "In carrying out the Administrator's duties under
7 this Act, the Administrator shall ensure that the Small
8 Business Administration—

9 "(1) serves as a central information clearing-10 house on matters relating to economic development, 11 economic adjustment, disaster recovery, and defense 12 conversion programs and activities of the Federal 13 and State governments, including political subdivi-14 sions of the States; and

"(2) helps potential and actual applicants for
economic development, economic adjustment, disaster recovery, and defense conversion assistance
under Federal, State, and local laws in locating and
applying for such assistance, including financial and
technical assistance.

#### 21 "SEC. 703. PERFORMANCE MEASURES.

22 "The Administrator shall establish performance
23 measures for grants and other assistance provided under
24 this Act. Such performance measures shall be used to

evaluate project proposals and conduct evaluations of
 projects receiving such assistance.

#### 3 "SEC. 704. MAINTENANCE OF STANDARDS.

4 "The Administrator shall continue to implement and
5 enforce the provisions of section 712 of this Act, as in
6 effect on the day before the effective date specified in sec7 tion 802.

#### 8 "SEC. 705. TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.

9 "The functions, powers, duties, and authorities and 10 the assets, funds, contracts, loans, liabilities, commitments, authorizations, allocations, and records which are 11 12 vested in or authorized to be transferred to the Secretary 13 of the Treasury under section 29(b) of the Area Redevelopment Act, and all functions, powers, duties, and authori-14 15 ties under section 29(c) of such Act are hereby vested in the Administrator. 16

#### 17 "SEC. 706. DEFINITION OF STATE.

"In this Act, the terms 'State', 'States', and 'United
States' include the several States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa,
Guam, the Marshall Islands, Micronesia, and the Northern Mariana Islands.

#### 23 "SEC. 707. ANNUAL REPORT TO CONGRESS.

24 "The Administrator shall transmit to Congress a25 comprehensive and detailed annual report of the Adminis-

trator's operations under this Act for each fiscal year be ginning with the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996.
 Such report shall be printed and shall be transmitted to
 Congress not later than April 1 of the year following the
 fiscal year with respect to which such report is made.

#### 6 "SEC. 708. USE OF OTHER FACILITIES.

7 "(a) Delegation of Functions to Other Fed-8 ERAL DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES.—The Adminis-9 trator may delegate to the heads of other departments and 10 agencies of the Federal Government any of the Administrator's functions, powers, and duties under this Act as 11 the Administrator may deem appropriate, and to authorize 12 13 the redelegation of such functions, powers, and duties by the heads of such departments and agencies. 14

15 "(b) DEPARTMENT AND AGENCY EXECUTION OF
16 DELEGATED AUTHORITY.—Departments and agencies of
17 the Federal Government shall exercise their powers, du18 ties, and functions in such manner as will assist in carry19 ing out the objectives of this Act.

"(c) TRANSFER BETWEEN DEPARTMENTS.—Funds
authorized to be appropriated under this Act may be
transferred between departments and agencies of the Government, if such funds are used for the purposes for which
they are specifically authorized and appropriated.

1 "(d) Funds Transferred From Other Depart-2 MENTS AND AGENCIES.—In order to carry out the objectives of this Act, the Administrator may accept transfers 3 4 of funds from other departments and agencies of the Fed-5 eral Government if the funds are used for the purposes for which (and in accordance with the terms under which) 6 7 the funds are specifically authorized and appropriated. 8 Such transferred funds shall remain available until ex-9 pended, and may be transferred to and merged with the 10 appropriations under the heading 'salaries and expenses' by the Administrator to the extent necessary to administer 11 12 the program.

### 13 "SEC. 709. EMPLOYMENT OF EXPEDITERS AND ADMINIS14 TRATIVE EMPLOYEES.

15 "No financial assistance shall be extended by the Ad16 ministrator under this Act to any business enterprise un17 less the owners, partners, or officers of such business en18 terprise—

19 "(1) certify to the Administrator the names of 20 any attorneys, agents, and other persons engaged by 21 or on behalf of such business enterprise for the pur-22 pose of expediting applications made to the Adminis-23 trator for assistance of any sort, under this Act, and 24 the fees paid or to be paid to any such person; and

1 "(2) execute an agreement binding such busi-2 ness enterprise, for a period of 2 years after such 3 assistance is rendered by the Administrator to such 4 business enterprise, to refrain from employing, ten-5 dering any office or employment to, or retaining for 6 professional services, any person who, on the date 7 such assistance or any part thereof was rendered, or 8 within the 1-year period ending on such date, shall 9 have served as an officer, attorney, agent, or em-10 ployee, occupying a position or engaging in activities 11 which the Administrator determines involves discre-12 tion with respect to the granting of assistance under 13 this Act.

## 14 "SEC. 710. MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS OF APPROVED AP15 PLICATIONS FOR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE; 16 PUBLIC INSPECTION.

"(a) MAINTENANCE OF RECORD REQUIRED.—The
Administrator shall maintain as a permanent part of the
records of the Small Business Administration a list of applications approved for financial assistance under this Act,
which shall be kept available for public inspection during
the regular business hours of the Small Business Administration.

"(b) POSTING TO LIST.—The following information
 shall be posted in such list as soon as each application
 is approved:

4 "(1) The name of the applicant and, in the case
5 of corporate applications, the names of the officers
6 and directors thereof.

7 "(2) The amount and duration of the financial8 assistance for which application is made.

9 "(3) The purposes for which the proceeds of the10 financial assistance are to be used.

#### 11 "SEC. 711. RECORDS AND AUDIT.

12 "(a) Recordkeeping and Disclosure Require-MENTS.—Each recipient of assistance under this Act shall 13 keep such records as the Administrator shall prescribe, in-14 15 cluding records which fully disclose the amount and the disposition by such recipient of the proceeds of such assist-16 ance, the total cost of the project or undertaking in con-17 nection with which such assistance is given or used, and 18 the amount and nature of that portion of the cost of the 19 project or undertaking supplied by other sources, and such 20 21 other records as will facilitate an effective audit.

"(b) ACCESS TO BOOKS FOR EXAMINATION AND
AUDIT.—The Administrator and the Comptroller General
of the United States, or any of their duly authorized representatives, shall have access for the purpose of audit and

examination to any books, documents, papers, and records
 of the recipient that are pertinent to assistance received
 under this Act.

## 4 "SEC. 712. PROHIBITION AGAINST A STATUTORY CON5 STRUCTION WHICH MIGHT CAUSE DIMINU6 TION IN OTHER FEDERAL ASSISTANCE.

7 "All financial and technical assistance authorized 8 under this Act shall be in addition to any Federal assist-9 ance previously authorized, and no provision of this Act 10 shall be construed as authorizing or permitting any reduction or diminution in the proportional amount of Federal 11 12 assistance to which any State or other entity eligible under this Act would otherwise be entitled under the provisions 13 of any other Act. 14

#### 15 "SEC. 713. ACCEPTANCE OF APPLICANTS' CERTIFICATIONS.

16 "The Administrator may accept, when deemed appro-17 priate, the applicants' certifications to meet the require-18 ments of this Act.

## 19 **"TITLE VIII—FUNDING;**20 **EFFECTIVE DATE**

#### 21 "SEC. 801. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

"There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
this Act \$340,000,000 per fiscal year for each of fiscal
years 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, and 2000. Such sums shall
remain available until expended.

#### 1 "SEC. 802. EFFECTIVE DATE.

2 "The effective date specified in this section is the
3 abolishment date specified in section 2101(c) of the De4 partment of Commerce Dismantling Act.".

5 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 5.—Sec6 tion 5316 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—
7 (1) by striking "Associate Administrators of the
8 Small Business Administration (4)" and inserting
9 "Associate Administrators of the Small Business
10 Administration (5)"; and

11 (2) by striking "Administrator for Economic12 Development.".

13 (c) GAO STUDY.—On or before December 30, 1996, the Comptroller General shall submit to Congress a plan 14 15 or plans for consolidating economic development programs 16 throughout the Federal Government. The plan or plans 17 shall focus on, but not be limited to, consolidating programs included in the Catalogue of Federal Domestic As-18 19 sistance with similar purposes and target populations. The 20plan or plans shall detail how consolidation can lead to improved grant or program management, improvements in 21 22 achieving program goals, and reduced costs.

#### 23 SEC. 2202. TECHNOLOGY ADMINISTRATION.

24 (a) TECHNOLOGY ADMINISTRATION.—

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(1) GENERAL RULE.—Except as otherwise pro vided in this section, the Technology Administration
 is terminated.

4 (2) OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY POLICY.—The Of5 fice of Technology Policy is terminated.

6 (b) NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND7 TECHNOLOGY.—

8 (1) REDESIGNATION.—The National Institute 9 of Standards and Technology is hereby redesignated 10 as the National Bureau of Standards, and all ref-11 erences to the National Institute of Standards and 12 Technology in Federal law or regulations are deemed 13 to be references to the National Bureau of Stand-14 ards.

(2) GENERAL RULE.—The National Bureau of
Standards (in this subsection referred to as the
"Bureau") is transferred to the National Scientific,
Oceanic, and Atmospheric Administration, established under section 2206.

(3) FUNCTIONS OF DIRECTOR.—Except as otherwise provided in this section or section 2207, upon
the transfer under paragraph (2), the Director of
the Bureau shall perform all functions relating to
the Bureau that, immediately before the effective
date specified in section 2208(a), were functions of

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the Secretary of Commerce or the Under Secretary
 of Commerce for Technology.

3 (c) NATIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION SERV-4 ICE.—

5 (1) PRIVATIZATION.—All functions of the Na-6 tional Technical Information Service are transferred 7 to the Director of Office of Management and Budget 8 for privatization in accordance with section 2108 be-9 fore the end of the 18-month period beginning on 10 the date of the enactment of this Act.

11 (2) TRANSFER TO NATIONAL SCIENTIFIC, OCE-12 ANIC, AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION.-If an 13 appropriate arrangement for the privatization of 14 functions of the National Technical Information 15 Service under paragraph (1) has not been made be-16 fore the end of the period described in that para-17 graph, the National Technical Information Service 18 shall be transferred as of the end of such period to 19 the National Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric 20 Administration established by section 2206.

(3) GOVERNMENT CORPORATION.—If an appropriate arrangement for the privatization of functions
of the National Technical Information Service under
paragraph (1) has not been made before the end of
the period described in that paragraph, the Director

1	of the Office of Management and Budget shall, with-
2	in 6 months after the end of such period, submit to
3	Congress a proposal for legislation to establish the
4	National Technical Information Service as a wholly
5	owned Government corporation. The proposal should
6	provide for the corporation to perform substantially
7	the same functions that, as of the date of enactment
8	of this Act, are performed by the National Technical
9	Information Service.
10	(4) FUNDING.—No funds are authorized to be
11	appropriated for the National Technical Information
12	Service or any successor corporation established pur-
13	suant to a proposal under paragraph (3).
14	(d) Amendments.—
15	(1) NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND
16	TECHNOLOGY ACT.—The National Institute of
17	Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 271 et
18	seq.) is amended—
19	(A) in section 2(b), by striking paragraph
20	(1) and redesignating paragraphs $(2)$ through
21	(11) as paragraphs $(1)$ through $(10)$ , respec-
22	tively;
23	(B) in section 2(d), by striking ", including
24	the programs established under sections 25, 26,
25	and 28 of this Act";

1	(C) in section 10, by striking "Advanced"
2	in both the section heading and subsection (a),
3	and inserting in lieu thereof "Standards and";
4	and
5	(D) by striking sections 24, 25, 26, and
6	28.
7	(2) Stevenson-wydler technology innova-
8	TION ACT OF 1980.—The Stevenson-Wydler Tech-
9	nology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3701 et
10	seq.) is amended—
11	(A) in section 3, by striking paragraph $(2)$
12	and redesignating paragraphs $(3)$ through $(5)$
13	as paragraphs (2) through (4), respectively;
14	(B) in section 4, by striking paragraphs
15	(1), (4), and (13) and redesignating paragraphs
16	(2), (3), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), and
17	(12) as paragraphs $(1)$ through $(10)$ , respec-
18	tively;
19	(C) by striking sections $5, 6, 7, 8, 9$ , and
20	10;
21	(D) in section 11—
22	(i) by striking ", the Federal Labora-
23	tory Consortium for Technology Transfer,"
24	in subsection $(c)(3)$ ;

1	(ii) by striking "and the Federal Lab-
2	oratory Consortium for Technology Trans-
-	fer" in subsection $(d)(2)$ ;
4	
	(iii) by striking ", and refer such re-
5	quests" and all that follows through "avail-
6	able to the Service" in subsection $(d)(3)$ ;
7	and
8	(iv) by striking subsection (e); and
9	(E) in section 17—
10	(i) by striking "Subject to paragraph
11	(2), separate'' in subsection $(c)(1)$ and in-
12	serting in lieu thereof "Separate";
13	(ii) by striking paragraph (2) of sub-
14	section (c) and redesignating paragraph
15	(3) as paragraph $(2)$ ;
16	(iii) by striking "funds to carry out"
17	in subsection (f), and inserting in lieu
18	thereof "funds only to pay the salary of
19	the Director of the Office of Quality Pro-
20	grams, who shall be responsible for carry-
21	ing out"; and
22	(iv) by adding at the end the following
23	new subsection:
24	"(h) Voluntary and Uncompensated Serv-
25	ICES.—The Director of the Office of Quality Programs

1	may accept voluntary and uncompensated services not-
2	withstanding the provisions of section 1342 of title 31,
3	United States Code.".
4	(3) Miscellaneous Amendments.—Section 3
5	of Public Law 94–168 (15 U.S.C. 205b) is amend-
6	ed—
7	(A) by striking paragraph (2);
8	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and
9	(4) as paragraphs $(2)$ and $(3)$ , respectively; and
10	(C) in paragraph (3), as so redesignated
11	by subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by
12	striking "in nonbusiness activities".
14	sering in nonsubinoss doutities .
12	SEC. 2203. REORGANIZATION OF THE BUREAU OF THE CEN-
13	SEC. 2203. REORGANIZATION OF THE BUREAU OF THE CEN-
13 14	SEC. 2203. REORGANIZATION OF THE BUREAU OF THE CEN- SUS AND THE BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALY-
13 14 15	SEC. 2203. REORGANIZATION OF THE BUREAU OF THE CEN- SUS AND THE BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALY- SIS.
13 14 15 16	SEC. 2203. REORGANIZATION OF THE BUREAU OF THE CEN- SUS AND THE BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALY- SIS. (a) TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.—All functions of the
13 14 15 16 17	SEC. 2203. REORGANIZATION OF THE BUREAU OF THE CEN- SUS AND THE BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALY- SIS. (a) TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.—All functions of the Secretary of Commerce relating to the Bureau of the Cen-
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> </ol>	SEC. 2203. REORGANIZATION OF THE BUREAU OF THE CEN- SUS AND THE BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALY- SIS. (a) TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.—All functions of the Secretary of Commerce relating to the Bureau of the Cen- sus and the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the Depart-
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> </ol>	SEC. 2203. REORGANIZATION OF THE BUREAU OF THE CEN- SUS AND THE BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALY- SIS. (a) TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.—All functions of the Secretary of Commerce relating to the Bureau of the Cen- sus and the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the Depart- ment of Commerce are transferred to the Secretary of
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	SEC. 2203. REORGANIZATION OF THE BUREAU OF THE CEN- SUS AND THE BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALY- SIS. (a) TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.—All functions of the Secretary of Commerce relating to the Bureau of the Cen- sus and the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the Depart- ment of Commerce are transferred to the Secretary of Labor.
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>SEC. 2203. REORGANIZATION OF THE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS AND THE BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALY-SUS AND THE BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALY-SUS.</li> <li>(a) TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.—All functions of the Secretary of Commerce relating to the Bureau of the Census and the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the Department of Commerce are transferred to the Secretary of Labor.</li> <li>(b) TRANSFER OF BUREAUS.—The Bureau of the Census and the Secretary of Commerce Analysis.</li> </ul>

24 Labor.

(c) CONSOLIDATION WITH THE BUREAU OF LABOR
 STATISTICS.—The Secretary of Labor shall consolidate
 the Bureaus transferred under subsection (b) with the Bu reau of Labor Statistics within the Department of Labor.
 (d) REFERENCES TO SECRETARY.—Section 1(2) of
 the title 13, United States Code, is amended by striking

7 out "Secretary of Commerce" and inserting in lieu thereof8 "Secretary of Labor".

9 (e) REFERENCES TO DEPARTMENT.—Section 2 of 10 title 13, United States Code, is amended by striking out 11 "Department of Commerce" and inserting in lieu thereof 12 "Department of Labor".

(f) GENERAL REFERENCES TO SECRETARY AND DEPARTMENT.—The provisions of title 13, United States
Code, are further amended—

16 (1) by striking out "Secretary of Commerce"
17 each place such term appears and insert in lieu
18 thereof "Secretary of Labor"; and

19 (2) by striking out "Department of Commerce"
20 each place such term appears and inserting in lieu
21 thereof "Department of Labor".

(g) SUBMISSION OF PLAN.—Within 180 days after
the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall
transmit to the Congress—

1 (1) a determination of the feasibility and poten-2 tial savings resulting from the further consolidation 3 of statistical functions throughout the Government 4 into a single agency; and 5 (2) draft legislation under which the provisions 6 of title 13, United States Code, relating to confiden-7 tiality (including offenses and penalties) shall be ap-8 plied after the consolidation under subsection (c) has been effected. 9 10 (h) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the Congress that the Bureau of the Census or the agency 11 12 established as a result of the consolidation under sub-13 section (c) should— 14 (1) make appropriate use of any authority af-15 forded to it by the Census Address List Improve-16 ment Act of 1994 (Public Law 103–430; 108 Stat. 17 4393), and take measures to ensure the timely im-18 plementation of such Act; and 19 (2) streamline census questionnaires to promote 20 savings in the collection and tabulation of data. 21 SEC. 2204. TERMINATED FUNCTIONS OF NTIA. 22 (a) REPEALS.—The following provisions of law are 23 repealed: 24 (1) Subpart A of part IV of title III of the 25 Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 390 et seq.), relating to assistance for public telecommuni cations facilities.

3 (2) Subpart B of part IV of title III of the
4 Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 394 et
5 seq.), relating to the Endowment for Children's
6 Educational Television.

7 (3) Subpart C of part IV of title III of the
8 Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 395 et
9 seq.), relating to Telecommunications Demonstration
10 grants.

11 (b) DISPOSAL OF NTIA LABORATORIES.—

(1) PRIVATIZATION.—All laboratories of the
National Telecommunications and Information Administration are transferred to the Director of the
Office of Management and Budget for privatization
in accordance with section 2108 before the end of
the 18-month period beginning on the date of the
enactment of this Act.

(2) TRANSFER TO NATIONAL SCIENTIFIC, OCEANIC, AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION.—If an
appropriate arrangement for the privatization of
functions of the laboratories of the National Telecommunications and Information Administration
under paragraph (1) has not been made before the
end of the period described in that paragraph, the
laboratories of the National Telecommunications and Information Administration shall be transferred as of the end of such period to the National Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric Administration established by section 2206. (3) TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.—The functions of the National Telecommunications and Information Administration concerning research and analysis of the electromagnetic spectrum described in section 5112(b) of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (15 U.S.C. 1532) are transferred to the Director of the National Bureau of Standards. (c) TRANSFER OF NATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION FUNCTIONS.— (1) TRANSFER TO USTR.—Except as provided

16 17 in subsection (b)(2), the functions of the National 18 Telecommunications and Information Administra-19 tion, and of the Secretary of Commerce and the As-20 sistant Secretary for Communications and Informa-21 tion of the Department of Commerce with respect to 22 the National Telecommunications and Information 23 Administration, are transferred to the United States 24 Trade Representative. The functions transferred by 25 this paragraph shall be placed in an organizational

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1	component that is independent from all USTR func-
2	tions directly related to the negotiation of trade
3	agreements. Such functions shall be supervised by
4	an individual whose principal professional expertise
5	is in the area of telecommunications. The position to
6	which such individual is appointed shall be graded at
7	a level sufficiently high to attract a highly qualified
8	individual, while ensuring autonomy in the conduct
9	of such functions from all activities and influences
10	associated with trade negotiations.
11	(2) References.—References in any provision
12	of law (including the National Telecommunications
13	and Information Administration Organization Act)
14	to the Secretary of Commerce or the Assistant Sec-
15	retary for Communications and Information of the
16	Department of Commerce—
17	(A) with respect to a function vested pur-
18	suant to this section in the United States Trade
19	Representative shall be deemed to refer to the
20	United States Trade Representative; and
21	(B) with respect to a function vested pur-
22	suant to this section in the Director of the Na-
23	tional Bureau of Standards shall be deemed to
24	refer to the Director of the National Bureau of
25	Standards.

1	(3) TERMINATION OF NTIA.—Effective on the
2	abolishment date specified in section 2101(c), the
3	National Telecommunications and Information Ad-
4	ministration is abolished.
5	SEC. 2205. NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMIN-
6	ISTRATION.
7	(a) Termination of Miscellaneous Research
8	PROGRAMS AND ACCOUNTS.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—No funds may be appro-
10	priated in any fiscal year for the following programs
11	and accounts of the National Scientific, Oceanic,
12	and Atmospheric Administration:
13	(A) The National Undersea Research Pro-
14	gram.
15	(B) The Fleet Modernization Program.
16	(C) The Charleston, South Carolina, Spe-
17	cial Management Plan.
18	(D) Chesapeake Bay Observation Buoys
19	(as of September 30, 1996).
20	(E) Federal/State Weather Modification
21	Grants.
22	(F) The Southeast Storm Research Ac-
23	count.

1	(G) The Southeast United States Carib-
2	bean Fisheries Oceanographic Coordinated In-
3	vestigations Program.
4	(H) National Institute for Environmental
5	Renewal.
6	(I) The Lake Champlain Study.
7	(J) The Maine Marine Research Center.
8	(K) The South Carolina Cooperative Geo-
9	detic Survey Account.
10	(L) Pacific Island Technical Assistance.
11	(M) Sea Grant Oyster Disease Account.
12	(N) Sea Grant Zebra Mussel Account.
13	(O) VENTS program.
14	(P) National Weather Service non-Federal,
15	non-wildfire Weather Service.
16	(Q) National Weather Service Regional
17	Climate Centers.
18	(R) National Weather Service Samoa
19	Weather Forecast Office Repair and Upgrade
20	Account.
21	(S) Dissemination of Weather Charts (Ma-
22	rine Facsimile Service).
23	(T) The Climate and Global Change Ac-
24	count.

1	(U) The Global Learning and Observations
2	to Benefit the Environment Program.
3	(V) Great Lakes nearshore research.
4	(W) Mussel watch.
5	(2) Repeals.—The following provisions of law
б	are repealed:
7	(A) The Ocean Thermal Conversion Act of
8	1980 (42 U.S.C. 9101 et seq.).
9	(B) Title IV of the Marine Protection, Re-
10	search, and Sanctuaries Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C.
11	1447 et seq.).
12	(C) Title V of the Marine Protection, Re-
13	search, and Sanctuaries Act of 1972 (33 U.S.C.
14	2801 et seq.).
15	(D) The Great Lakes Shoreline Mapping
16	Act of 1987 (33 U.S.C. 883a note).
17	(E) The Great Lakes Fish and Wildlife
18	Tissue Bank Act (16 U.S.C. 943 et seq.).
19	(F) The Nonindigenous Aquatic Nuisance
20	Prevention and Control Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C.
21	4701 et seq.), except for those provisions affect-
22	ing the Assistant Secretary of the Army (civil
23	works) and the Secretary of the department in
24	which the Coast Guard is operating.

1	(G) Section 3 of the Sea Grant Program
2	Improvement Act of 1976 (33 U.S.C. 1124a).
3	(H) Section 208(c) of the National Sea
4	Grant College Program Act (33 U.S.C.
5	1127(c)).
6	(I) Section 305 of the Coastal Zone Man-
7	agement Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1454) is re-
8	pealed effective October 1, 1998.
9	(J) The NOAA Fleet Modernization Act
10	(33 U.S.C. 891 et seq.).
11	(K) Public Law 85–342 (72 Stat. 35; 16
12	U.S.C. 778 et seq.), relating to fish research
13	and experimentation.
14	(L) The first section of the Act of August
15	8, 1956 (70 Stat. 1126; 16 U.S.C. 760d), relat-
16	ing to grants for commercial fishing education.
17	(M) Public Law 86–359 (16 U.S.C. 760e
18	et seq.), relating to the study of migratory ma-
19	rine gamefish.
20	(N) The Act of August 15, 1914 (Chapter
21	253; 38 Stat. 692; 16 U.S.C. 781 et seq.), pro-
22	hibiting the taking of sponges in the Gulf of
23	Mexico and the Straits of Florida.
24	(b) AERONAUTICAL MAPPING AND CHARTING.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The aeronautical mapping
2	and charting functions of the National Oceanic and
3	Atmospheric Administration are transferred to the
4	Defense Mapping Agency.
5	(2) TERMINATION OF CERTAIN FUNCTIONS.—
6	The Defense Mapping Agency shall terminate any
7	functions transferred under paragraph $(1)$ that are
8	performed by the private sector.
9	(3) Functions requested by federal avia-
10	TION ADMINISTRATION.—(A) Notwithstanding para-
11	graph (2), the Director of the Defense Mapping
12	Agency shall carry out such aeronautical charting
13	functions as may be requested by the Administrator
14	of the Federal Aviation Administration.
15	(B) In carrying out aeronautical mapping func-
16	tions requested by the Administrator under subpara-
17	graph (A), the Director shall—
18	(i) publish and distribute to the public and
19	to the Administrator any aeronautical charts re-
20	quested by the Administrator; and
21	(ii) provide to the Administrator such
22	other air traffic control products and services as
23	may be requested by the Administrator,
24	in such manner and including such information as
25	the Administrator determines is necessary for, or

will promote, the safe and efficient movement of air craft in air commerce.

(4) CONTINUING APPLICABILITY.—The require-3 4 ments of section 1307 of title 44, United States 5 Code, shall continue to apply with respect to all 6 aeronautical products created or published by the 7 Director of the Defense Mapping Agency in carrying out the functions transferred to the Director under 8 9 this paragraph; except that the prices for such prod-10 ucts shall be established jointly by the Director and 11 the Secretary of Transportation on an annual basis. 12 (c) TRANSFER OF MAPPING, CHARTING, AND GEOD-13 ESY FUNCTIONS TO THE UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL 14 SURVEY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), there are hereby transferred to the Director of the United States Geological Survey the
functions relating to mapping, charting, and geodesy
authorized under the Act of August 7, 1947 (61
Stat. 787; 33 U.S.C. 883a).

(2) TERMINATION OF CERTAIN FUNCTIONS.—
The Director of the United States Geological Survey
shall terminate any functions transferred under
paragraph (1) that are performed by the private sector.

1 (d) NESDIS.—There are transferred to the National 2 Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric Administration all 3 functions and assets of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration that on the date immediately before 4 5 the effective date of this section were authorized to be performed by the National Environmental Satellite, Data, 6 7 and Information System.

8 (e) OAR.—There are transferred to the National Sci-9 entific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric Administration all func-10 tions and assets of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (including global programs) that on the 11 12 date immediately before the effective date of this section 13 were authorized to be performed by the Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research. 14

15 (f) NWS.—

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(1) IN GENERAL.—There are transferred to the 17 National Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric Ad-18 ministration all functions and assets of the National 19 Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration that on the 20 date immediately before the effective date of this 21 section were authorized to be performed by the Na-22 tional Weather Service.

23 (2) DUTIES.—To protect life and property and enhance the national economy, the Administrator of 24 25 Science, Oceans, and the Atmosphere, through the

1	National Weather Service, except as outlined in
2	paragraph (3), shall be responsible for the following:
3	(A) Forecasts. The Administrator of
4	Science, Oceans, and the Atmosphere, through
5	the National Weather Service, shall serve as the
6	sole official source of severe weather warnings.
7	(B) Issuance of storm warnings.
8	(C) The collection, exchange, and distribu-
9	tion of meteorological, hydrological, climatic,
10	and oceanographic data and information.
11	(D) The preparation of hydro-meteorologi-
12	cal guidance and core forecast information.
13	(3) Limitations on competition.—The Na-
14	tional Weather Service may not compete, or assist
15	other entities to compete, with the private sector to
16	provide a service when that service is currently pro-
17	vided or can be provided by a commercial enterprise
18	unless—
19	(A) the Administrator of Science, Oceans,
20	and the Atmosphere finds that the private sec-
21	tor is unwilling or unable to provide the service;
22	or
23	(B) the Administrator of Science, Oceans,
24	and the Atmosphere finds that the service pro-
25	vides vital weather warnings and forecasts for

1	the protection of lives and property of the gen-
2	eral public.
3	(4) Organic act amendments.—
4	(A) Amendments.—The Act of 1890 is
5	amended—
6	(i) by striking section 3 (15 U.S.C.
7	313); and
8	(ii) in section 9 (15 U.S.C. 317), by
9	striking "Department of" and all that fol-
10	lows thereafter and inserting "National
11	Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric Ad-
12	ministration.".
13	(B) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this
14	paragraph, the term "Act of 1890" means the
15	Act entitled "An Act to increase the efficiency
16	and reduce the expenses of the Signal Corps of
17	the Army, and to transfer the Weather Bureau
18	to the Department of Agriculture", approved
19	October 1, 1890 (26 Stat. 653).
20	(5) REPEAL.—Sections 706 and 707 of the
21	Weather Service Modernization Act (15 U.S.C. 313
22	note) are repealed.
23	(6) Conforming Amendments.—The Weather
24	Service Modernization Act (15 U.S.C. 313 note) is
25	amended—

1	(A) in section 702, by striking paragraph
2	(3) and redesignating paragraphs (4) through
3	(10) as paragraphs $(3)$ through $(9)$ , respec-
4	tively; and
5	(B) in section 703—
6	(i) by striking "(a) NATIONAL IMPLE-
7	MENTATION PLAN.—";
8	(ii) by striking paragraph (3) and re-
9	designating paragraphs $(4)$ , $(5)$ , and $(6)$ as
10	paragraphs $(3)$ , $(4)$ , and $(5)$ , respectively;
11	and
12	(iii) by striking subsections (b) and
13	(c).
14	(g) Termination of the National Oceanic and
15	Atmospheric Administration Corps of Commis-
16	SIONED OFFICERS.—
17	(1) NUMBER OF OFFICERS.—Notwithstanding
18	section 8 of the Act of June 3, 1948 (33 U.S.C.
19	853g), the total number of commissioned officers on
20	the active list of the National Scientific, Oceanic,
21	and Atmospheric Administration shall not exceed—
22	(A) 358 as of September 30, 1996;
23	(B) 180 as of September 30, 1997; and
24	(C) 0 for any fiscal year beginning after
25	September 30, 1998.

(2) SEPARATION PAY.—(A) Commissioned offi-1 2 cers may be separated from the active list of the Na-3 tional Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric Adminis-4 tration. Any officer so separated because of para-5 graph (1) shall, subject to subparagraph (B) and the 6 availability of appropriations, be eligible for separa-7 tion pay under section 9 of the Act of June 3, 1948 8 (33 U.S.C. 853h) to the same extent as if such offi-9 cer had been separated under section 8 of such Act 10 (33 U.S.C. 853g).

(B) Any officer who, under paragraph (4),
transfers to another of the uniformed services or becomes employed in a civil service position shall not
be eligible for separation pay under this paragraph.

15 (C)(i) Any officer who receives separation pay 16 under this paragraph shall be required to repay the 17 amount received if, within 1 year after the date of 18 the separation on which the payment is based, such 19 officer is reemployed in a civil service position in the 20 National Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric Ad-21 ministration, the duties of which position would for-22 merly have been performed by a commissioned offi-23 cer, as determined by the Administrator of Science, 24 Oceans, and the Atmosphere.

1	(ii) A repayment under this subparagraph shall
2	be made in a lump sum or in such installments as
3	the Administrator may specify.
4	(D) In the case of any officer who makes a re-
5	payment under subparagraph (C)—
6	(i) the National Scientific, Oceanic, and
7	Atmospheric Administration shall pay into the
8	Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund,
9	on such officer's behalf, any deposit required
10	under section $8422(e)(1)$ of title 5, United
11	States Code, with respect to any prior service
12	performed by that individual as such an officer;
13	and
14	(ii) if the amount paid under clause (i) is
15	less than the amount of the repayment under
16	subparagraph (C), the National Scientific, Oce-
17	anic, and Atmospheric Administration shall pay
18	into the Government Securities Investment
19	Fund (established under section $8438(b)(1)(A)$
20	of title 5, United States Code), on such individ-
21	ual's behalf, an amount equal to the difference.
22	The provisions of paragraph $(5)(C)(iv)$ shall apply
23	with respect to any contribution to the Thrift Sav-

1 (3) Priority placement program.—A prior-2 ity placement program similar to the programs de-3 scribed in section 3329b of title 5, United States 4 Code, as amended by section 2109, shall be estab-5 lished by the National Scientific, Oceanic, and At-6 mospheric Administration to assist commissioned of-7 ficers who are separated from the active list of the 8 National Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric Ad-9 ministration because of paragraph (1).

(4) TRANSFER.—(A) Subject to the approval of
the Secretary of Defense and under terms and conditions specified by the Secretary, commissioned officers subject to paragraph (1) may transfer to the
Armed Forces under section 716 of title 10, United
States Code.

(B) Subject to the approval of the Secretary of
Transportation and under terms and conditions
specified by the Secretary, commissioned officers
subject to paragraph (1) may transfer to the United
States Coast Guard under section 716 of title 10,
United States Code.

(C) Subject to the approval of the Administrator of Science, Oceans, and the Atmosphere and
under terms and conditions specified by that Administrator, commissioned officers subject to paragraph

(1) may be employed by the National Scientific, Oce anic, and Atmospheric Administration as members
 of the civil service.

4 (5) RETIREMENT PROVISIONS.—(A) For com-5 missioned officers who transfer under paragraph 6 (4)(A) to the Armed Forces, the National Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric Administration shall pav 7 8 into the Department of Defense Military Retirement 9 Fund an amount, to be calculated by the Secretary 10 of Defense in consultation with the Secretary of the 11 Treasury, equal to the actuarial present value of any 12 retired or retainer pay they will draw upon retire-13 ment, including full credit for service in the NOAA 14 Corps. Any payment under this subparagraph shall, 15 for purposes of paragraph (2) of section 2206(g), be 16 considered to be an expenditure described in such 17 paragraph.

18 (B) For commissioned officers who transfer 19 under paragraph (4)(B) to the United States Coast 20 Guard, full credit for service in the NOAA Corps 21 shall be given for purposes of any annuity or other 22 similar benefit under the retirement system for 23 members of the United States Coast Guard, entitle-24 ment to which is based on the separation of such of-25 ficer.

1	(C)(i) For a commissioned officer who becomes
2	employed in a civil service position pursuant to para-
3	graph $(4)(C)$ and the reupon becomes subject to the
4	Federal Employees' Retirement System, the Na-
5	tional Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric Adminis-
6	tration shall pay, on such officer's behalf—
7	(I) into the Civil Service Retirement and
8	Disability Fund, the amounts required under
9	clause (ii); and
10	(II) into the Government Securities Invest-
11	ment Fund, the amount required under clause
12	(iii).
13	(ii)(I) The amount required under this
14	subclause is the amount of any deposit required
15	under section $8422(e)(1)$ of such title 5 with respect
16	to any prior service performed by the individual as
17	a commissioned officer of the National Oceanic and
18	Atmospheric Administration.
19	(II) To determine the amount required under
20	this subclause, first determine, for each year of serv-
21	ice with respect to which the deposit under subclause
22	(I) relates, the product of the normal-cost percent-
23	age for such year (as determined under the last sen-
24	tence of this subclause) multiplied by basic pay re-
25	ceived by the individual for any such service per-

formed in such year. Second, take the sum of the 1 2 amounts determined for the respective years under 3 the first sentence. Finally, subtract from such sum 4 the amount of the deposit under subclause (I). For 5 purposes of the first sentence, the normal-cost per-6 centage for any year shall be as determined for such 7 year under the provisions of section 8423(a)(1) of 8 title 5, United States Code, except that, in the case 9 of any year before the first year for which any nor-10 mal-cost percentage was determined under such pro-11 visions, the normal-cost percentage for such first 12 year shall be used.

(iii) The amount required under this clause is
the amount by which the separation pay to which
the officer would have been entitled under the second sentence of paragraph (2)(A) (assuming the
conditions for receiving such separation pay have
been met) exceeds the amount of the deposit under
clause (ii)(I), if at all.

(iv)(I) Any contribution made under this subparagraph to the Thrift Savings Plan shall not be
subject to any otherwise applicable limitation on contributions contained in the Internal Revenue Code of
1986, and shall not be taken into account in applying any such limitation to other contributions or

1	benefits under the Thrift Savings Plan, with respect
2	to the year in which the contribution is made.
3	(II) Such plan shall not be treated as failing to
4	meet any nondiscrimination requirement by reason
5	of the making of such contribution.
6	(6) REPEALS.—(A) The following provisions of
7	law are repealed:
8	(i) The Coast and Geodetic Survey Com-
9	missioned Officers' Act of 1948 (33 U.S.C.
10	853a–853o, 853p–853u).
11	(ii) The Act of February 16, 1929 (Chap-
12	ter 221, section 5; 45 Stat. 1187; 33 U.S.C.
13	852a).
14	(iii) The Act of January 19, 1942 (Chap-
15	ter 6; 56 Stat. 6).
16	(iv) Section 9 of Public Law 87–649 (76
17	Stat. 495).
18	(v) The Act of May 22, 1917 (Chapter 20,
19	section 16; 40 Stat. 87; 33 U.S.C. 854 et seq.).
20	(vi) The Act of December 3, 1942 (Chap-
21	ter 670; 56 Stat. 1038.
22	(vii) Sections 1 through 5 of Public Law
23	91–621 (84 Stat. 1863; 33 U.S.C. 857–1 et
24	seq.).

1	(viii) The Act of August 10, 1956 (Chapter
2	1041, section 3; 70A Stat. 619; 33 U.S.C.
3	857a).
4	(ix) The Act of May 18, 1920 (Chapter
5	190, section 11; 41 Stat. 603; 33 U.S.C. 864).
6	(x) The Act of July 22, 1947 (Chapter
7	286; 61 Stat. 400; 33 U.S.C. 873, 874).
8	(xi) The Act of August 3, 1956 (Chapter
9	932; 70 Stat. 988; 33 U.S.C. 875, 876).
10	(xii) All other Acts inconsistent with this
11	subsection.
12	No repeal under this subparagraph shall affect any
13	annuity or other similar benefit payable, under any
14	provision of law so repealed, based on the separation
15	of any individual from the NOAA Corps or its suc-
16	cessor on or before September 30, 1998. Any au-
17	thority exercised by the Secretary of Commerce or
18	his designee with respect to any such benefits shall
19	be exercised by the Administrator of Science,
20	Oceans, and the Atmosphere, and any authorization
21	of appropriations relating to those benefits, which is
22	in effect as of September 30, 1998, shall be consid-
23	ered to have remained in effect.
24	(B) The effective date of the repeals under sub-

25 paragraph (A) shall be October 1, 1998.

(C)(i) All laws relating to the retirement of
 commissioned officers of the Navy shall apply to
 commissioned officers of the former Commissioned
 Officers Corps of the National Oceanic and Atmos pheric Administration and its predecessors.

6 (ii) Active service of officers of the former Com-7 missioned Officers Corps of the National Oceanic 8 and Atmospheric Administration and its prede-9 cessors who have retired from the Commissioned Of-10 ficers Corps shall be deemed to be active military 11 service in the United States Navy for purposes of all 12 rights, privileges, immunities, and benefits provided 13 to retired commissioned officers of the Navy by the 14 laws and regulations of the United States and any 15 agency thereof. In the Administration of those laws 16 and regulations with respect to retired officers of the 17 former Commissioned Officers Corps of the National 18 Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and its 19 predecessors, the authority of the Secretary of the 20 Navy shall be exercised by the Administrator of 21 Science, Oceans, and the Atmosphere.

(iii) For purposes of this subparagraph, the
term "its predecessors" means the former Commissioned Officers Corps of the Environmental Science
Services Administration and the former Commis-

sioned Officers Corps of the Coast and Geodetic
 Survey.

3 (7)CREDITABILITY OF NOAA SERVICE FOR 4 PURPOSES RELATING TO REDUCTIONS IN FORCE.-A commissioned officer who is separated from the 5 6 active list of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric 7 Administration or its successor because of paragraph 8 (1) shall, for purposes of any subsequent reduction 9 in force, receive credit for any period of service per-10 formed as such an officer before separation from 11 such list to the same extent and in the same manner 12 as if it had been a period of active service in the 13 Armed Forces.

14 (8) ABOLITION.—The Office of the National
15 Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Corps of
16 Operations or its successor and the Commissioned
17 Personnel Center are abolished effective September
18 30, 1998.

19 (h) NOAA FLEET.—

20 (1) SERVICE CONTRACTS.—Notwithstanding
21 any other provision of law and subject to the avail22 ability of appropriations, the Administrator of
23 Science, Oceans, and the Atmosphere shall enter
24 into contracts, including multiyear contracts, subject
25 to paragraph (3), for the use of vessels to conduct

1	oceanographic research and fisheries research, mon-
2	itoring, enforcement, and management, and to ac-
3	quire other data necessary to carry out the missions
4	of the National Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric
5	Administration. The Administrator of Science,
6	Oceans, and the Atmosphere shall enter into these
7	contracts unless—
8	(A) the cost of the contract is more than
9	the cost (including the cost of vessel operation,
10	maintenance, and all personnel) to the National
11	Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric Adminis-
12	tration of obtaining those services on vessels of
13	the National Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmos-
14	pheric Administration;
15	(B) the contract is for more than 7 years;
16	OF
17	(C) the data is acquired through a vessel
18	agreement pursuant to paragraph (4).
19	(2) VESSELS.—The Administrator of Science,
20	Oceans, and the Atmosphere may not enter into any
21	contract for the construction, lease-purchase, up-
22	grade, or service life extension of any vessel.
23	(3) Multiyear contracts.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subpara-
25	graphs (B) and (C), and notwithstanding sec-

tion 1341 of title 31, United States Code, and
section 11 of title 41, United States Code, the
Administrator of Science, Oceans, and the Atmosphere may acquire data under multiyear
contracts.

6 (B) REQUIRED FINDINGS.—The Adminis-7 trator of Science, Oceans, and the Atmosphere 8 may not enter into a contract pursuant to this 9 paragraph unless such Administrator finds with 10 respect to that contract that there is a reason-11 able expectation that throughout the con-12 templated contract period the Administrator 13 will request from Congress funding for the con-14 tract at the level required to avoid contract ter-15 mination.

16 (C) REQUIRED PROVISIONS.—The Admin17 istrator of Science, Oceans, and the Atmosphere
18 may not enter into a contract pursuant to this
19 paragraph unless the contract includes—

20 (i) a provision under which the obliga21 tion of the United States to make pay22 ments under the contract for any fiscal
23 year is subject to the availability of appro24 priations provided in advance for those
25 payments;

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1	(ii) a provision that specifies the term
2	of effectiveness of the contract; and
3	(iii) appropriate provisions under
4	which, in case of any termination of the
5	contract before the end of the term speci-
6	fied pursuant to clause (ii), the United
7	States shall only be liable for the lesser
8	of—
9	(I) an amount specified in the
10	contract for such a termination; or
11	(II) amounts that were appro-
12	priated before the date of the termi-
13	nation for the performance of the con-
14	tract or for procurement of the type
15	of acquisition covered by the contract
16	and are unobligated on the date of the
17	termination.
18	(4) Vessel Agreements.—The Administrator
19	of Science, Oceans, and the Atmosphere shall use ex-
20	cess capacity of University National Oceanographic
21	Laboratory System vessels where appropriate and
22	may enter into memoranda of agreement with the
23	operators of these vessels to carry out this require-
24	ment.

(5) TRANSFER OF EXCESS VESSELS.—The Ad-1 2 ministrator of Science, Oceans, and the Atmosphere 3 shall transfer any vessels over 1,500 gross tons that 4 are excess to the needs of the National Scientific, 5 Oceanic, and Atmospheric Administration to the Na-6 tional Defense Reserve Fleet. Notwithstanding any 7 other provision of law, these vessels may be scrapped 8 in accordance with section 510(i) of the Merchant 9 Marine Act, 1936 (46 App. U.S.C. 1160(i)).

(i) NATIONAL MARINE FISHERIES SERVICE.—(1)
There are transferred to the National Scientific, Oceanic,
and Atmospheric Administration all functions that on the
day before the effective date of this section were authorized by law to be performed by the National Marine Fisheries Service.

16 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
17 National Marine Fisheries Service may not affect on-land
18 activities under the Endangered Species Act of 1973 for
19 salmon recovery in the State of Idaho (16 U.S.C. 1531)
20 et seq.).

(j) NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE.—Except as otherwise
provided in this title, there are transferred to the National
Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric Administration all
functions and assets of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration that on the date immediately before

the effective date of this section were authorized to be per formed by the National Ocean Service (including the
 Coastal Ocean Program).

4 (k) TRANSFER OF COASTAL NONPOINT POLLUTION
5 CONTROL FUNCTIONS.—There are transferred to the Ad6 ministrator of the Environmental Protection Agency the
7 functions under section 6217 of the Omnibus Budget Rec8 onciliation Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C. 1455b) that on the day
9 before the effective date of this section were vested in the
10 Secretary of Commerce.

## 11 SEC. 2206. NATIONAL SCIENTIFIC, OCEANIC, AND ATMOS 12 PHERIC ADMINISTRATION.

13 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established as an independent agency in the Executive Branch the National 14 15 Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric Administration (in this section referred to as the "NSOAA"). The NSOAA, 16 17 and all functions and offices transferred to it under this title, shall be administered under the supervision and di-18 rection of an Administrator of Science, Oceans, and the 19 Atmosphere. The Administrator of Science, Oceans, and 20 21 the Atmosphere shall be appointed by the President, by 22 and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall 23 receive basic pay at the rate payable for level II of the 24 Executive Schedule under section 5313 of title 5, United States Code. The Administrator of Science, Oceans, and 25

the Atmosphere shall additionally perform the functions
 previously performed by the Administrator of the National
 Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

4 (b) PRINCIPAL OFFICER.—There shall be in the NSOAA, on the transfer of functions and offices under 5 this title, a Director of the National Bureau of Standards, 6 7 who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the 8 advice and consent of the Senate, and who shall receive 9 basic pay at the rate payable for level IV of the Executive 10 Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States 11 Code.

12 (c) ADDITIONAL OFFICERS.—There shall be in the13 NSOAA—

(1) a Chief Financial Officer of the NSOAA, to
be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate;

17 (2) a Chief of External Affairs, to be appointed
18 by the President, by and with the advice and consent
19 of the Senate;

20 (3) a General Counsel, to be appointed by the
21 President, by and with the advice and consent of the
22 Senate; and

(4) an Inspector General, to be appointed in ac-cordance with the Inspector General Act of 1978.

Each Officer appointed under this subsection shall receive
 basic pay at the rate payable for level IV of the Executive
 Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States
 Code.

5 (d) TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS AND OFFICES.—Ex6 cept as otherwise provided in this title, there are trans7 ferred to the NSOAA—

8 (1) the functions and offices of the National
9 Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, as pro10 vided in section 2205;

(2) the National Bureau of Standards, along
with its functions and offices, as provided in section
2202; and

14 (3) the Office of Space Commerce, along with15 its functions and offices.

(e) ELIMINATION OF POSITIONS.—The Administrator of Science, Oceans, and the Atmosphere may eliminate positions that are no longer necessary because of the
termination of functions under this section, section 2202,
and section 2205.

21 (f) AGENCY TERMINATIONS.—

(1) TERMINATIONS.—On the date specified in
section 2208(a), the following shall terminate:

1	(A) The Office of the Deputy Adminis-
2	trator and Assistant Secretary of the National
3	Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.
4	(B) The Office of the Deputy Under Sec-
5	retary of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
6	Administration.
7	(C) The Office of the Chief Scientist of the
8	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administra-
9	tion.
10	(D) The position of Deputy Assistant Sec-
11	retary for Oceans and Atmosphere.
12	(E) The position of Deputy Assistant Sec-
13	retary for International Affairs.
14	(F) Any office of the National Oceanic and
15	Atmospheric Administration or the National
16	Bureau of Standards whose primary purpose is
17	to perform high performance computing com-
18	munications, legislative, personnel, public rela-
19	tions, budget, constituent, intergovernmental,
20	international, policy and strategic planning,
21	sustainable development, administrative, finan-
22	cial, educational, legal and coordination func-
23	tions. These functions shall, as necessary, be
24	performed only by officers described in sub-
25	section (c).

(G) The position of Associate Director of
 the National Institute of Standards and Tech nology.

4 (2) TERMINATION OF EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE 5 POSITIONS.—Each position which was expressly au-6 thorized by law, or the incumbent of which was au-7 thorized to receive compensation at the rate pre-8 scribed for levels I through V of the Executive 9 Schedule under sections 5312 through 5315 of title 10 5, United States Code, in an office terminated pur-11 suant to this section, section 2202, and section 2205 12 shall also terminate.

(g) FUNDING REDUCTIONS RESULTING FROM REORGANIZATION.—

15 (1) FUNDING REDUCTIONS.—Notwithstanding 16 the transfer of functions under this subtitle, the 17 total amount obligated or expended by the United 18 States in performing all functions vested in the Na-19 tional Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric Adminis-20 tration pursuant to this subtitle shall not exceed—

(A) for the first fiscal year that begins
after the abolishment date specified in section
2101(c), 75 percent of the total amount appropriated for fiscal year 1995 for the performance
of all functions vested in the National Oceanic

1 and Atmospheric Administration, the National 2 Institute of Standards and Technology, and the 3 Office of Space Commerce, except for those 4 functions transferred under section 2205 to 5 agencies or departments other than the Na-6 tional Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric Ad-7 ministration; and 8 (B) for the second fiscal year that begins 9 after the abolishment date specified in section

10 2101(c) and for each fiscal year thereafter, 65 11 percent of the total amount appropriated for 12 fiscal year 1995 for the performance of all func-13 tions vested in the National Oceanic and At-14 mospheric Administration, the National Insti-15 tute of Standards and Technology, and the Of-16 fice of Space Commerce, except for those func-17 tions transferred under section 22045 to agen-18 cies or departments other than the National 19 Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric Adminis-20 tration.

(2) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) shall not
apply to obligations or expenditures incurred as a direct consequence of the termination, transfer, or
other disposition of functions described in paragraph
(1) pursuant to this subtitle.

1 (3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—This subsection 2 shall take precedence over any other provision of law 3 unless such provision explicitly refers to this section 4 and makes an exception to it. 5 (4) Responsibility of National Scientific, 6 OCEANIC, AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION.-7 The National Scientific, Oceanic, and Atmospheric 8 Administration, in consultation with the Director of 9 the Office of Management and Budget, shall make 10 such modifications in programs as are necessary to 11 carry out the reductions in appropriations set forth 12 in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1). 13 (5) Responsibilities of the director of

(5) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTOR OF
THE OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET.—The
Director of the Office of Management and Budget
shall include in each report under sections 2105(a)
and (b) a description of actions taken to comply with
the requirements of this subsection.

## 19 SEC. 2207. MISCELLANEOUS TERMINATIONS; MORATORIUM 20 ON PROGRAM ACTIVITIES.

(a) TERMINATIONS.—The following agencies and programs of the Department of Commerce are terminated:
(1) The Minority Business Development Administration.

1	(2) The United States Travel and Tourism Ad-
2	ministration.
3	(3) The programs and activities of the National
4	Telecommunications and Information Administration
5	referred to in section 2204(a).
6	(4) The Advanced Technology Program under
7	section 28 of the National Institute of Standards
8	and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278n).
9	(5) The Manufacturing Extension Programs
10	under sections 25 and 26 of the National Institute
11	of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k
12	and 278l).
13	(6) The National Institute of Standards and
14	Technology METRIC Program.
15	(b) Moratorium on Program Activities.—The
16	authority to make grants, enter into contracts, provide as-
17	sistance, incur obligations, or provide commitments (in-
18	cluding any enlargement of existing obligations or commit-
19	ments, except if required by law) with respect to the agen-
20	cies and programs described in subsection (a) is termi-
21	nated effective on the date of the enactment of this title.
22	
	SEC. 2208. EFFECTIVE DATE.
23	<b>SEC. 2208. EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection

specified in section 2101(c).

1	(b) Provisions Effective on Date of Enact-
2	MENT.—The following provisions of this subtitle shall take
3	effect on the date of the enactment of this Act:
4	(1) Section 2201.
5	(2) Section 2205(g), except as otherwise pro-
6	vided in that section.
7	(3) Section 2207(b).
8	(4) This section.
9	Subtitle C—Office of United States
10	<b>Trade Representative</b>
11	<b>CHAPTER 1—GENERAL PROVISIONS</b>
12	SEC. 2301. DEFINITIONS.
13	For purposes of this subtitle—
14	(1) the term "Office" means the Office of the
15	United States Trade Representative;
16	(2) the term "Federal agency" has the meaning
17	given to the term "agency" by section $551(1)$ of title
18	5, United States Code; and
19	(3) the term "USTR" means the United States
20	Trade Representative as provided for under section
21	2311.

## CHAPTER 2—OFFICE OF UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE Subchapter A—Establishment sec. 2311. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE OFFICE.

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Office of the United States 6 Trade Representative is established as an independent es-7 tablishment in the executive branch of Government as de-8 fined under section 104 of title 5, United States Code. 9 The United States Trade Representative shall be the head 10 of the Office and shall be appointed by the President, by 11 and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

(b) AMBASSADOR STATUS.—The USTR shall have
the rank and status of Ambassador and shall represent
the United States in all trade negotiations conducted by
the Office.

(c) CONTINUED SERVICE OF CURRENT USTR.—The
individual serving as United States Trade Representative
on the date immediately preceding the effective date of
this subtitle may continue to serve as USTR under subsection (a).

21 (d) SUCCESSOR TO THE DEPARTMENT OF COM22 MERCE.—The Office shall be the successor to the Depart23 ment of Commerce for purposes of protocol.
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#### 1 SEC. 2312. FUNCTIONS OF THE USTR.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In addition to the functions transferred to the USTR by this subtitle, such other functions
as the President may assign or delegate to the USTR, and
such other functions as the USTR may, after the effective
date of this subtitle, be required to carry out by law, the
USTR shall—

8 (1) serve as the principal advisor to the Presi9 dent on international trade policy and advise the
10 President on the impact of other policies of the
11 United States Government on international trade;

12 (2) exercise primary responsibility, with the ad-13 vice of the interagency organization established 14 under section 242 of the Trade Expansion Act of 15 1962, for developing and implementing international 16 trade policy, including commodity matters and, to 17 the extent related to international trade policy, di-18 rect investment matters and, in exercising such re-19 sponsibility, advance and implement, as the primary 20 mandate of the Office, the goals of the United 21 States to—

(A) maintain United States leadership in
international trade liberalization and expansion
efforts;

25 (B) reinvigorate the ability of the United
26 States economy to compete in international

1	markets and to respond flexibly to changes in
2	international competition; and
3	(C) expand United States participation in
4	international trade through aggressive pro-
5	motion and marketing of goods and services
6	that are products of the United States;
7	(3) exercise lead responsibility for the conduct
8	of international trade negotiations, including nego-
9	tiations relating to commodity matters and, to the
10	extent that such negotiations are related to inter-
11	national trade, direct investment negotiations;
12	(4) exercise lead responsibility for the establish-
13	ment of a national export strategy, including policies
14	designed to implement such strategy;
15	(5) with the advice of the interagency organiza-
16	tion established under section 242 of the Trade Ex-
17	pansion Act of 1962, issue policy guidance to other
18	Federal agencies on international trade, commodity,
19	and direct investment functions to the extent nec-
20	essary to assure the coordination of international
21	trade policy;
22	(6) seek and promote new opportunities for
23	United States products and services to compete in
24	the world marketplace;

1	(7) assist small businesses in developing export
2	markets;
3	(8) enforce the laws of the United States relat-
4	ing to trade;
5	(9) analyze economic trends and developments;
6	(10) report directly to the Congress—
7	(A) on the administration of, and matters
8	pertaining to, the trade agreements program
9	under the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness
10	Act of 1988, the Trade Act of 1974, the Trade
11	Expansion Act of 1962, section 350 of the Tar-
12	iff Act of 1930, and any other provision of law
13	enacted after this Act; and
14	(B) with respect to other important issues
15	pertaining to international trade;
16	(11) keep each official adviser to the United
17	States delegations to international conferences,
18	meetings, and negotiation sessions relating to trade
19	agreements who is appointed from the Committee on
20	Finance of the Senate or the Committee on Ways
21	and Means of the House of Representatives under
22	section 161 of the Trade Act of 1974 currently in-
23	formed on United States negotiating objectives with
24	respect to trade agreements, the status of negotia-
25	tions in progress with respect to such agreements,

and the nature of any changes in domestic law or
 the administration thereof which the USTR may
 recommend to the Congress to carry out any trade
 agreement;

5 (12) consult and cooperate with State and local
6 governments and other interested parties on inter7 national trade matters of interest to such govern8 ments and parties, and to the extent related to inter9 national trade matters, on investment matters, and,
10 when appropriate, hold informal public hearings;

(13) serve as the principal advisor to the President on Government policies designed to contribute
to enhancing the ability of United States industry
and services to compete in international markets;

(14) develop recommendations for national
strategies and specific policies intended to enhance
the productivity and international competitiveness of
United States industries;

(15) serve as the principal advisor to the President in identifying and assessing the consequences
of any Government policies that adversely affect, or
have the potential to adversely affect, the international competitiveness of United States industries
and services;

1 (16) promote cooperation between business, 2 labor, and Government to improve industrial per-3 formance and the ability of United States industries 4 to compete in international markets and to facilitate 5 consultation and communication between the Gov-6 ernment and the private sector about domestic in-7 dustrial performance and prospects and the perform-8 ance and prospects of foreign competitors; and

9 (17) monitor and enforce foreign government
10 compliance with international trade agreements to
11 protect United States interests.

(b) INTERAGENCY ORGANIZATION.—The USTR shall
be the chairperson of the interagency organization established under section 242 of the Trade Expansion Act of
1962.

16 (c) NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL.—The USTR17 shall be a member of the National Security Council.

(d) ADVISORY COUNCIL.—The USTR shall be Deputy Chairman of the National Advisory Council on International Monetary and Financial Policies established
under Executive Order 11269, issued February 14, 1966.

(e) AGRICULTURE.—(1) The USTR shall consult
with the Secretary of Agriculture or the designee of the
Secretary of Agriculture on all matters that potentially involve international trade in agricultural products.

1 (2) If an international meeting for negotiation or con-2 sultation includes discussion of international trade in agri-3 cultural products, the USTR or the designee of the USTR 4 shall be Chairman of the United States delegation to such 5 meeting and the Secretary of Agriculture or the designee of such Secretary shall be Vice Chairman. The provisions 6 7 of this paragraph shall not limit the authority of the 8 USTR under subsection (h) to assign to the Secretary of 9 Agriculture responsibility for the conduct of, or participa-10 tion in, any trade negotiation or meeting.

(f) TRADE PROMOTION.—The USTR shall be the
chairperson of the Trade Promotion Coordinating Committee.

(g) NATIONAL ECONOMIC COUNCIL.—The USTR
shall be a member of the National Economic Council established under Executive Order No. 12835, issued January 25, 1993.

18 (h) INTERNATIONAL TRADE NEGOTIATIONS.—Ex-19 cept where expressly prohibited by law, the USTR, at the 20 request or with the concurrence of the head of any other 21 Federal agency, may assign the responsibility for conduct-22 ing or participating in any specific international trade ne-23 gotiation or meeting to the head of such agency whenever 24 the USTR determines that the subject matter of such international trade negotiation is related to the functions
 carried out by such agency.

#### 3 Subchapter B—Officers

#### 4 SEC. 2321. DEPUTY ADMINISTRATOR OF THE OFFICE.

5 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There shall be in the Office
6 the Deputy Administrator of the Office of the United
7 States Trade Representative, who shall be appointed by
8 the President, by and with the advice and consent of the
9 Senate.

10 (b)ABSENCE, DISABILITY, OR VACANCY OF USTR.—The Deputy Administrator of the Office of the 11 United States Trade Representative shall act for and exer-12 13 cise the functions of the USTR during the absence or disability of the USTR or in the event the office of the USTR 14 15 becomes vacant. The Deputy Administrator shall act for and exercise the functions of the USTR until the absence 16 17 or disability of the USTR no longer exists or a successor to the USTR has been appointed by the President and 18 19 confirmed by the Senate.

(c) FUNCTIONS OF DEPUTY ADMINISTRATOR.—The
Deputy Administrator of the Office of the United States
Trade Representative shall exercise all functions, under
the direction of the USTR, transferred to or established
in the Office, except those functions exercised by the Deputy United States Trade Representatives, the Director

General for Export Promotion, the Inspector General, and
 the General Counsel of the Office, as provided by this sub title.

# 4 SEC. 2322. DEPUTY UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTA5 TIVES.

6 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There shall be in the Office 7 2 Deputy United States Trade Representatives, who shall 8 be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and 9 consent of the Senate. The Deputy United States Trade 10 Representatives shall exercise all functions under the di-11 rection of the USTR, and shall include—

12 (1) the Deputy United States Trade Represent-13 ative for Negotiations; and

14 (2) the Deputy United States Trade Represent-15 ative to the World Trade Organization.

(b) FUNCTIONS OF DEPUTY UNITED STATES TRADE
REPRESENTATIVES.—(1) The Deputy United States
Trade Representative for Negotiations shall exercise all
functions transferred under section 2331 and shall have
the rank and status of Ambassador.

(2) The Deputy United States Trade Representative
to the World Trade Organization shall exercise all functions relating to representation to the World Trade Organization and shall have the rank and status of Ambassador.

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### 1 SEC. 2323. ASSISTANT ADMINISTRATORS.

2	(a) Establishment.—There shall be in the Office
3	3 Assistant Administrators, who shall be appointed by the
4	President, by and with the advice and consent of the Sen-
5	ate. The Assistant Administrators shall exercise all func-
6	tions under the direction of the Deputy Administrator of
7	the Office of the United States Trade Representative and
8	include—
9	(1) the Assistant Administrator for Export Ad-
10	ministration;
11	(2) the Assistant Administrator for Import Ad-
12	ministration; and
13	(3) the Assistant Administrator for Trade and
14	Policy Analysis.
15	(b) Functions of Assistant Administrators.—
16	(1) The Assistant Administrator for Export Administra-
17	tion shall exercise all functions transferred under section
18	2332(1)(C).
19	(2) The Assistant Administrator for Import Adminis-
20	tration shall exercise all functions transferred under sec-
21	tion $2332(1)(D)$ .
22	(3) The Assistant Administrator for Trade and Policy
23	Analysis shall exercise all functions transferred under sec-
24	tion $2332(1)(B)$ and all functions transferred under sec-
25	tion $2332(2)$ .

#### 1 SEC. 2324. DIRECTOR GENERAL FOR EXPORT PROMOTION.

2 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There shall be a Director
3 General for Export Promotion, who shall be appointed by
4 the President, by and with the advice and consent of the
5 Senate.

(b) FUNCTIONS.—The Director General for Export 6 7 Promotion shall exercise, under the direction of the 8 USTR. all functions transferred under sections 9 2332(1)(A) (relating to functions of the United States and Foreign Commercial Service) and 2333 and shall have the 10 11 rank and status of Ambassador.

#### 12 SEC. 2325. GENERAL COUNSEL.

13 There shall be in the Office a General Counsel, who
14 shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice
15 and consent of the Senate. The General Counsel shall pro16 vide legal assistance to the USTR concerning the activi17 ties, programs, and policies of the Office.

#### 18 SEC. 2326. INSPECTOR GENERAL.

There shall be in the Office an Inspector General who
shall be appointed in accordance with the Inspector General Act of 1978, as amended by section 2371(b) of this
Act.

#### 23 SEC. 2327. CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER.

There shall be in the Office a Chief Financial Officer
who shall be appointed in accordance with section 901 of
title 31, United States Code, as amended by section
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2371(e) of this Act. The Chief Financial Officer shall per form all functions prescribed by the Deputy Administrator
 of the Office of the United States Trade Representative,
 under the direction of the Deputy Administrator.

# 5 Subchapter C—Transfers to the Office 6 SEC. 2331. OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REP7 RESENTATIVE.

8 There are transferred to the USTR all functions of 9 the United States Trade Representative and the Office of 10 the United States Trade Representative in the Executive 11 Office of the President and all functions of any officer or 12 employee of such Office.

# 13 SEC. 2332. TRANSFERS FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF COM 14 MERCE.

15 There are transferred to the USTR the following16 functions:

17 (1) All functions of, and all functions performed
18 under the direction of, the following officers and em19 ployees of the Department of Commerce:

20 (A) The Under Secretary of Commerce for
21 International Trade, and the Director General
22 of the United States and Foreign Commercial
23 Service, relating to all functions exercised by
24 the Service.

1	(B) The Assistant Secretary of Commerce
2	for International Economic Policy and the As-
3	sistant Secretary of Commerce for Trade Devel-
4	opment.
5	(C) The Under Secretary of Commerce for
6	Export Administration.
7	(D) The Assistant Secretary of Commerce
8	for Import Administration.
9	(2) All functions of the Secretary of Commerce
10	relating to the National Trade Data Bank.
11	(3) All functions of the Secretary of Commerce
12	under the Tariff Act of 1930, the Uruguay Round
13	Agreements Act, the Trade Act of 1974, and other
14	trade-related Acts for which responsibility is not oth-
15	erwise assigned under this subtitle.
16	SEC. 2333. TRADE AND DEVELOPMENT AGENCY.
17	There are transferred to the Director General for Ex-
18	port Promotion all functions of the Director of the Trade
19	and Development Agency. There are transferred to the Of-
20	fice of the Director General for Export Promotion all func-
21	tions of the Trade and Development Agency.
22	SEC. 2334. EXPORT-IMPORT BANK.
23	(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) There are transferred to the
24	USTR all functions of the Secretary of Commerce relating
25	to the Export-Import Bank of the United States.

(2) Section 3(c)(1) of the Export-Import Bank Act
 of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635a(c)(1)) is amended to read as fol lows:

4 "(c)(1) There shall be a Board of Directors of the 5 Bank consisting of the United States Trade Representative (who shall serve as Chairman), the President of the 6 7 Export-Import Bank of the United States (who shall serve 8 as Vice Chairman), the first Vice President, and 2 addi-9 tional persons appointed by the President of the United 10 States, by and with the advice and consent of the Sen-11 ate.".

(b) EX OFFICIO MEMBER OF EXPORT-IMPORT BANK
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—The Director General for Export
Promotion shall serve as an ex officio nonvoting member
of the Board of Directors of the Export-Import Bank.

(c) AMENDMENTS TO RELATED BANKING AND
TRADE ACTS.—Section 2301(h) of the Omnibus Trade
and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (15 U.S.C. 4721(h)) is
amended to read as follows:

"(h) ASSISTANCE TO EXPORT-IMPORT BANK.—The
Commercial Service shall provide such services as the Director General for Export Promotion of the Office of the
United States Trade Representative determines necessary
to assist the Export-Import Bank of the United States to

carry out the lending, loan guarantee, insurance, and
 other activities of the Bank.".

### 3 SEC. 2335. OVERSEAS PRIVATE INVESTMENT CORPORA-4 TION.

5 (a) BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—The second and third 6 sentences of section 233(b) of the Foreign Assistance Act 7 of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2193(b)) are amended to read as fol-8 lows: "The United States Trade Representative shall be 9 the Chairman of the Board. The Administrator of the 10 Agency for International Development (who shall serve as 11 Vice Chairman) shall serve on the Board.".

(b) EX OFFICIO MEMBER OF OVERSEAS PRIVATE IN13 VESTMENT CORPORATION BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—The
14 Director General for Export Promotion shall serve as an
15 ex officio nonvoting member of the Board of Directors of
16 the Overseas Private Investment Corporation.

# 17SEC. 2336. CONSOLIDATION OF EXPORT PROMOTION AND18FINANCING ACTIVITIES.

(a) SUBMISSION OF PLAN.—Within 180 days after
the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall
transmit to the Congress a comprehensive plan to consolidate Federal nonagricultural export promotion activities
and export financing activities and to transfer those functions to the Office. The plan shall provide for—

1	(1) the elimination of the overlap and duplica-
2	tion among all Federal nonagricultural export pro-
3	motion activities and export financing activities;
4	(2) a unified budget for Federal nonagricultural
5	export promotion activities which eliminates funding
6	for the areas of overlap and duplication identified
7	under paragraph (1); and
8	(3) a long-term agenda for developing better co-
9	operation between local, State and Federal programs
10	and activities designed to stimulate or assist United
11	States businesses in exporting nonagricultural goods
12	or services that are products of the United States,
13	including sharing of facilities, costs, and export mar-
14	ket research data.
15	(b) PLAN ELEMENTS.—The plan under subsection
16	(a) shall—
17	(1) place all Federal nonagricultural export pro-
18	motion activities and export financing activities with-
19	in the Office;
20	(2) provide clear authority for the USTR to use
21	the expertise and assistance of other United States
22	Government agencies;
23	(3) achieve an overall 25 percent reduction in
24	the amount of funding for all Federal non-

1	agricultural export promotion activities within $2$
2	years after the enactment of this Act;
3	(4) include any functions of the Department of
4	Commerce not transferred by this subtitle, or of
5	other Federal departments the transfer of which to
6	the Office would be necessary to the competitiveness
7	of the United States in international trade; and
8	(5) assess the feasibility and potential savings
9	resulting from—
10	(A) the consolidation of the Export-Import
11	Bank of the United States and the Overseas
12	Private Investment Corporation;
13	(B) the consolidation of the Boards of Di-
14	rectors of the Export-Import Bank and the
15	Overseas Private Investment Corporation; and
16	(C) the consolidation of the Trade and De-
17	velopment Agency with the consolidations under
18	subparagraphs (A) and (B).
19	(c) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the term
20	"Federal nonagricultural export promotion activities"
21	means all programs or activities of any department or
22	agency of the Federal Government (including, but not lim-
23	ited to, departments and agencies with representatives on
24	the Trade Promotion Coordinating Committee established
25	under section 2312 of the Export Enhancement Act of

1 1988 (15 U.S.C. 4727)) that are designed to stimulate
 2 or assist United States businesses in exporting non 3 agricultural goods or services that are products of the
 4 United States, including trade missions.

#### 5 SEC. 2337. ADDITIONAL TRADE FUNCTIONS.

6 (a) TERMINATION OF AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPRO-7 PRIATIONS.—

8 (1) NAFTA SECRETARIAT.—Section 105(b) of 9 the North American Free Trade Agreement Imple-10 mentation Act (19 U.S.C. 3315(b)) is amended by 11 striking "each fiscal year after fiscal year 1993" and 12 inserting "each of fiscal years 1994 and 1995".

(2) BORDER ENVIRONMENT COOPERATION COMMISSION.—Section 533(a)(2) of the North American
Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (19
U.S.C. 3473(a)(2)) is amended by striking "and
each fiscal year thereafter" and inserting "fiscal
year 1995".

19 (b) FUNCTIONS RELATED TO TEXTILE AGREE-20 MENTS.—

(1) FUNCTIONS OF CITA.—(A) Subject to subparagraph (B), those functions delegated to the
Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements established under Executive Order 11651 (7)

1 U.S.C. 1854 note) (hereafter in this subsection re-2 ferred to as "CITA") are transferred to the USTR. 3 (B) Those functions delegated to CITA that re-4 late to the assessment of the impact of textile im-5 ports on domestic industry are transferred to the 6 International Trade Commission. The International 7 Trade Commission shall make a determination pur-8 suant to the preceding sentence within 60 days after 9 receiving a complaint or request for an investigation. (2) ABOLITION OF CITA.—CITA is abolished. 10 Subchapter D—Administrative Provisions 11

### Subchapter D—Administrative Provision sec. 2341. PERSONNEL PROVISIONS.

13 (a) APPOINTMENTS.—The USTR may appoint and fix the compensation of such officers and employees, in-14 15 cluding investigators, attorneys, and administrative law judges, as may be necessary to carry out the functions 16 17 of the USTR and the Office. Except as otherwise provided by law, such officers and employees shall be appointed in 18 19 accordance with the civil service laws and their compensation fixed in accordance with title 5, United States Code. 20 21 (b) Positions Above GS-15.—(1) At the request 22 of the USTR, the Director of the Office of Personnel Man-23 agement shall, under section 5108 of title 5, United States 24 Code, provide for the establishment in a grade level above

25 GS–15 of the General Service, and in the Senior Executive

Service, of a number of positions in the Office equal to
 the number of positions in that grade level which were
 used primarily for the performance of functions and of fices transferred by this subtitle and which were assigned
 and filled on the day before the effective date of this sub title.

7 (2) Appointments to positions provided for under this 8 subsection may be made without regard to the provisions 9 of section 3324 of title 5, United States Code, if the indi-10 vidual appointed in such position is an individual who is transferred in connection with the transfer of functions 11 12 and offices under this subtitle and, on the day before the 13 effective date of this subtitle, holds a position and has duties comparable to those of the position to which appointed 14 15 under this subsection.

(3) The authority under this subsection with respect
to any position established at a grade level above GS-15
shall terminate when the person first appointed to fill such
position ceases to hold such position.

(4) For purposes of section 414(a)(3)(A) of the Civil
21 Service Reform Act of 1978, an individual appointed
22 under this subsection shall be deemed to occupy the same
23 position as the individual occupied on the day before the
24 effective date of this subtitle.

1 (c) EXPERTS AND CONSULTANTS.—The USTR may 2 obtain the services of experts and consultants in accord-3 ance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, and 4 compensate such experts and consultants for each day (in-5 cluding traveltime) at rates not in excess of the maximum rate of pay for a position above GS-15 of the General 6 7 Schedule under section 5332 of such title. The USTR may 8 pay experts and consultants who are serving away from 9 their homes or regular place of business travel expenses 10 and per diem in lieu of subsistence at rates authorized by sections 5702 and 5703 of such title for persons in 11 Government service employed intermittently. 12

(d) VOLUNTARY SERVICES.—(1)(A) The USTR is
authorized to accept voluntary and uncompensated services without regard to the provisions of section 1342 of
title 31, United States Code, if such services will not be
used to displace Federal employees employed on a fulltime, part-time, or seasonal basis.

(B) The USTR is authorized to accept volunteer service in accordance with the provisions of section 3111 of
title 5, United States Code.

(2) The USTR is authorized to provide for incidental
expenses, including but not limited to transportation, lodging, and subsistence for individuals who provide voluntary
services under subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1).

(3) An individual who provides voluntary services
 under paragraph (1)(A) shall not be considered a Federal
 employee for any purpose other than for purposes of chap ter 81 of title 5, United States Code, relating to com pensation for work injuries, and chapter 171 of title 28,
 United States Code, relating to tort claims.

7 (e) FOREIGN SERVICE POSITIONS.—In order to as-8 sure United States representation in trade matters at a 9 level commensurate with the level of representation main-10 tained by industrial nations which are major trade competitors of the United States, the Secretary of State shall 11 12 classify certain positions at Foreign Service posts as com-13 mercial minister positions and shall assign members of the Foreign Service performing functions of the Office, with 14 the concurrence of the USTR, to such positions in nations 15 which are major trade competitors of the United States. 16 17 The Secretary of State shall obtain and use the recommendations of the USTR with respect to the number 18 of positions to be so classified under this subsection. 19

#### 20 SEC. 2342. DELEGATION AND ASSIGNMENT.

Except where otherwise expressly prohibited by law or otherwise provided by this subtitle, the USTR may delegate any of the functions transferred to the USTR by this subtitle and any function transferred or granted to the USTR after the effective date of this subtitle to such officers and employees of the Office as the USTR may des ignate, and may authorize successive redelegations of such
 functions as may be necessary or appropriate. No delega tion of functions by the USTR under this section or under
 any other provision of this subtitle shall relieve the USTR
 of responsibility for the administration of such functions.

#### 7 SEC. 2343. SUCCESSION.

8 (a) ORDER OF SUCCESSION.—Subject to the author-9 ity of the President, and except as provided in section 10 2321(b), the USTR shall prescribe the order by which officers of the Office who are appointed by the President, by 11 and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall act 12 for, and perform the functions of, the USTR or any other 13 officer of the Office appointed by the President, by and 14 15 with the advice and consent of the Senate, during the absence or disability of the USTR or such other officer, or 16 17 in the event of a vacancy in the office of the USTR or 18 such other officer.

(b) CONTINUATION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and unless the President directs otherwise,
an individual acting for the USTR or another officer of
the Office pursuant to subsection (a) shall continue to
serve in that capacity until the absence or disability of
the USTR or such other officer no longer exists or a suc-

cessor to the USTR or such other officer has been ap pointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate.

#### 3 SEC. 2344. REORGANIZATION.

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), the
5 USTR is authorized to allocate or reallocate functions
6 among the officers of the Office, and to establish, consoli7 date, alter, or discontinue such organizational entities in
8 the Office as may be necessary or appropriate.

9 (b) EXCEPTION.—The USTR may not exercise the 10 authority under subsection (a) to establish, consolidate, 11 alter, or discontinue any organizational entity in the Office 12 or allocate or reallocate any function of an officer or em-13 ployee of the Office that is inconsistent with any specific 14 provision of this subtitle.

#### 15 SEC. 2345. RULES.

16 The USTR is authorized to prescribe, in accordance 17 with the provisions of chapters 5 and 6 of title 5, United 18 States Code, such rules and regulations as the USTR de-19 termines necessary or appropriate to administer and man-20 age the functions of the USTR or the Office.

#### 21 SEC. 2346. FUNDS TRANSFER.

The USTR may, when authorized in an appropriation Act in any fiscal year, transfer funds from one appropriation to another within the Office, except that no appropriation for any fiscal year shall be either increased or decreased by more than 10 percent and no such transfer
 shall result in increasing any such appropriation above the
 amount authorized to be appropriated therefor.

### 4 SEC. 2347. CONTRACTS, GRANTS, AND COOPERATIVE 5 AGREEMENTS.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the provisions of the 7 Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 8 1949, the USTR may make, enter into, and perform such 9 contracts, leases, cooperative agreements, grants, or other 10 similar transactions with public agencies, private organizations, and persons, and make payments (in lump sum or 11 installments, and by way of advance or reimbursement, 12 13 and, in the case of any grant, with necessary adjustments on account of overpayments and underpayments) as the 14 15 USTR considers necessary or appropriate to carry out the functions of the USTR or the Office. 16

17 (b) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding any other provi-18 sion of this subtitle, the authority to enter into contracts 19 or to make payments under this subchapter shall be effec-20 tive only to such extent or in such amounts as are provided 21 in advance in appropriation Acts. This subsection does not 22 apply with respect to the authority granted under section 23 2349.

#### 1 SEC. 2348. USE OF FACILITIES.

2 (a) USE BY USTR.—With their consent, the USTR,
3 with or without reimbursement, may use the research,
4 services, equipment, and facilities of—

5 (1) an individual,

6 (2) any public or private nonprofit agency or 7 organization, including any agency or instrumental-8 ity of the United States or of any State, the District 9 of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or 10 any territory or possession of the United States,

(3) any political subdivision of any State, the
District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto
Rico, or any territory or possession of the United
States, or

15 (4) any foreign government,

in carrying out any function of the USTR or the Office. 16 17 (b) USE OF USTR FACILITIES.—The USTR, under 18 terms, at rates, and for periods that the USTR considers 19 to be in the public interest, may permit the use by public 20 and private agencies, corporations, associations or other 21 organizations, or individuals, of any real property, or any 22 facility, structure or other improvement thereon, under the custody of the USTR. The USTR may require permittees 23 24 under this section to maintain or recondition, at their own expense, the real property, facilities, structures, and im-25 26 provements used by such permittees.

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#### 1 SEC. 2349. GIFTS AND BEQUESTS.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—The USTR is authorized to ac-3 cept, hold, administer, and utilize gifts and bequests of property, both real and personal, for the purpose of aiding 4 5 or facilitating the work of the Office. Gifts and bequests of money and the proceeds from sales of other property 6 7 received as gifts or bequests shall be deposited in the Unit-8 ed States Treasury in a separate fund and shall be dis-9 bursed on order of the USTR. Property accepted pursuant 10 to this subsection, and the proceeds thereof, shall be used 11 as nearly as possible in accordance with the terms of the 12 gift or bequest.

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(b) TAX TREATMENT.—For the purpose of Federal
income, estate, and gift taxes, and State taxes, property
accepted under subsection (a) shall be considered a gift
or bequest to or for the use of the United States.

17 (c) INVESTMENT.—Upon the request of the USTR, 18 the Secretary of the Treasury may invest and reinvest in 19 securities of the United States or in securities guaranteed 20 as to principal and interest by the United States any moneys contained in the fund provided for in subsection (a). 21 22 Income accruing from such securities, and from any other 23 property held by the USTR pursuant to subsection (a), 24 shall be deposited to the credit of the fund, and shall be 25 disbursed upon order of the USTR.

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#### 1 SEC. 2350. WORKING CAPITAL FUND.

2	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The USTR is authorized to
3	establish for the Office a working capital fund, to be avail-
4	able without fiscal year limitation, for expenses necessary
5	for the maintenance and operation of such common ad-
6	ministrative services as the USTR shall find to be desir-
7	able in the interest of economy and efficiency, including—
8	(1) a central supply service for stationery and
9	other supplies and equipment for which adequate
10	stocks may be maintained to meet in whole or in
11	part the requirements of the Office and its compo-
12	nents;
13	(2) central messenger, mail, and telephone serv-
14	ice and other communications services;
15	(3) office space and central services for docu-
16	ment reproduction and for graphics and visual aids;
17	(4) a central library service; and
18	(5) such other services as may be approved by
19	the Director of the Office of Management and Budg-
20	et.
21	(b) Operation of Fund.—The capital of the fund
22	shall consist of any appropriations made for the purpose
23	of providing working capital and the fair and reasonable
24	value of such stocks of supplies, equipment, and other as-
25	sets and inventories on order as the USTR may transfer
26	to the fund, less the related liabilities and unpaid obliga-
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tions. The fund shall be reimbursed in advance from avail-1 2 able funds of agencies and offices in the Office, or from 3 other sources, for supplies and services at rates which will 4 approximate the expense of operation, including the ac-5 crual of annual leave and the depreciation of equipment. The fund shall also be credited with receipts from sale or 6 7 exchange of property and receipts in payment for loss or 8 damage to property owned by the fund. There shall be cov-9 ered into the United States Treasury as miscellaneous re-10 ceipts any surplus of the fund (all assets, liabilities, and prior losses considered) above the amounts transferred or 11 12 appropriated to establish and maintain the fund. There 13 shall be transferred to the fund the stocks of supplies, equipment, other assets, liabilities, and unpaid obligations 14 15 relating to those services which the USTR determines will be performed. 16

#### 17 SEC. 2351. SERVICE CHARGES.

(a) AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the USTR may establish reasonable fees and
commissions with respect to applications, documents,
awards, loans, grants, research data, services, and assistance administered by the Office, and the USTR may
change and abolish such fees and commissions. Before establishing, changing, or abolishing any schedule of fees or

commissions under this section, the USTR may submit
 such schedule to the Congress.

3 (b) DEPOSITS.—The USTR is authorized to require
4 a deposit before the USTR provides any item, information,
5 service, or assistance for which a fee or commission is re6 quired under this section.

7 (c) DEPOSIT OF MONEYS.—Moneys received under
8 this section shall be deposited in the Treasury in a special
9 account for use by the USTR and are authorized to be
10 appropriated and made available until expended.

(d) FACTORS IN ESTABLISHING FEES AND COMMIS12 SIONS.—In establishing reasonable fees or commissions
13 under this section, the USTR may take into account—

14 (1) the actual costs which will be incurred in
15 providing the items, information, services, or assist16 ance concerned;

17 (2) the efficiency of the Government in provid-18 ing such items, information, services, or assistance;

(3) the portion of the cost that will be incurred
in providing such items, information, services, or assistance which may be attributed to benefits for the
general public rather than exclusively for the person
to whom the items, information, services, or assistance is provided;

(4) any public service which occurs through the
 provision of such items, information, services, or as sistance; and

4 (5) such other factors as the USTR considers
5 appropriate.

6 (e) REFUNDS OF EXCESS PAYMENTS.—In any case 7 in which the USTR determines that any person has made 8 a payment which is not required under this section or has 9 made a payment which is in excess of the amount required 10 under this section, the USTR, upon application or other-11 wise, may cause a refund to be made from applicable 12 funds.

#### 13 SEC. 2352. SEAL OF OFFICE.

14 The USTR shall cause a seal of office to be made15 for the Office of such design as the USTR shall approve.16 Judicial notice shall be taken of such seal.

#### 17 Subchapter E—Related Agencies

#### 18 SEC. 2361. INTERAGENCY TRADE ORGANIZATION.

19 Section 242(a)(3) of the Trade Expansion Act of
20 1962 (19 U.S.C. 1872(a)(3)) is amended to read as fol21 lows:

"(3)(A) The interagency organization established under subsection (a) shall be composed of—
"(i) the United States Trade Representative, who shall be the chairperson,

1	"(ii) the Secretary of Agriculture,
2	"(iii) the Secretary of the Treasury,
3	"(iv) the Secretary of Labor,
4	"(v) the Secretary of State, and
5	"(vi) the representatives of such other de-
6	partments and agencies as the United States
7	Trade Representative shall designate.
8	"(B) The United States Trade Representative
9	may invite representatives from other agencies, as
10	appropriate, to attend particular meetings if subject
11	matters of specific functional interest to such agen-
12	cies are under consideration. It shall meet at such
13	times and with respect to such matters as the Presi-
14	dent or the chairperson shall direct.".
15	SEC. 2362. NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL.
16	The fourth paragraph of section 101(a) of the Na-
17	tional Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 402(a)) is amend-
18	ed—
19	(1) by redesignating clauses $(5)$ , $(6)$ , and $(7)$ as
20	clauses (6), (7), and (8), respectively; and
21	(2) by inserting after clause $(4)$ the following
22	new clause:
23	"(5) the United States Trade Representative;".

#### 1 SEC. 2363. INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND.

2 Section 3 of the Bretton Woods Agreement Act is3 amended by adding at the end the following new sub-4 section:

5 "(e) The United States executive director of the Fund
6 shall consult with the United States Trade Representative
7 with respect to matters under consideration by the Fund
8 which relate to trade.".

### 9 Subchapter F—Conforming Amendments

#### 10 SEC. 2371. AMENDMENTS TO GENERAL PROVISIONS.

11 (a) INSPECTOR GENERAL.—The Inspector General12 Act of 1978 is amended—

(1) in subsection 9(a)(1) by inserting after sub-paragraph (W) the following:

15 "(X) of the United States Trade Rep-16 resentative, all functions of the Inspector General of the Department of Commerce and the 17 18 Office of the Inspector General of the Depart-19 ment of Commerce relating to the functions 20 transferred to the United States Trade Rep-21 resentative by section 2332 of the Department 22 of Commerce Dismantling Act; and"; and

- 23 (2) in section 11-
- 24 (A) in paragraph (1) by inserting "the
  25 United States Trade Representative;" after
  26 "the Attorney General;"; and

(B) in paragraph (2) by inserting "the Of fice of the United States Trade Representa tive," after "Treasury;".
 (b) AMENDMENT TO THE TRADE ACT OF 1974.—(1)

5 Chapter 4 of title I of the Trade Act of 1974 is amended6 to read as follows:

# 7 "CHAPTER 4—REPRESENTATION IN 8 TRADE NEGOTIATIONS

9 "SEC. 141. FUNCTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REP-

#### 10 **RESENTATIVE.**

11 "The United States Trade Representative established
12 under section 2311 of the Department of Commerce Dis13 mantling Act shall—

14 "(1) be the chief representative of the United 15 States for each trade negotiation under this title or 16 chapter 1 of title III of this Act, or subtitle A of 17 title I of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness 18 Act of 1988, or any other provision of law enacted 19 after the Department of Commerce Dismantling Act; 20 "(2) report directly to the President and the 21 Congress, and be responsible to the President and 22 the Congress for the administration of trade agree-23 ments programs under this Act, the Omnibus Trade 24 and Competitiveness Act of 1988, the Trade Expan-25 sion Act of 1962, section 350 of the Tariff Act of

1	1930, and any other provision of law enacted after
2	the Department of Commerce Dismantling Act;
3	"(3) advise the President and the Congress
4	with respect to nontariff barriers to international
5	trade, international commodity agreements, and
6	other matters which are related to the trade agree-
7	ments programs; and
8	"(4) be responsible for making reports to Con-
9	gress with respect to the matters set forth in para-
10	graphs $(1)$ and $(2)$ .".
11	(2) The table of contents in the first section of the
12	Trade Act of 1974 is amended by striking the items relat-
13	ing to chapter 4 and section 141 and inserting the follow-
14	ing:
	"Chapter 4—Representation in Trade Negotiations
	"Sec. 141. Functions of the United States Trade Representative.".
15	(d) FOREIGN SERVICE PERSONNEL.—The Foreign
16	Service Act of 1980 is amended by striking paragraph (3)
17	of section 202(a) (22 U.S.C. 3922(a)) and inserting the
18	following:
19	"(3) The United States Trade Representative
20	may utilize the Foreign Service personnel system in
21	accordance with this Act—
22	"(A) with respect to the personnel per-
23	forming functions—

"(i) which were transferred to the De-1 2 partment of Commerce from the Department of State by Reorganization Plan No. 3 4 3 of 1979; and "(ii) which were subsequently trans-5 6 ferred to the United States Trade Rep-7 resentative by section 2332 of the Depart-8 ment of Commerce Dismantling Act; and 9 "(B) with respect to other personnel of the Office of United States Trade Representative to 10 11 the extent the President determines to be nec-12 essary in order to enable the Office of the Unit-13 ed States Trade Representative to carry out 14 functions which require service abroad.". 15 (e) CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICERS.—Section 901(b)(1) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by adding at 16 the end the following: 17 18 "(Q) The Office of the United States 19 Trade Representative.". 20 SEC. 2372. REPEALS. 21 Sections 1 and 2 of the Act of June 5, 1939 (15) 22 U.S.C. 1502 and 1503; 53 Stat. 808), relating to the 23 Under Secretary of Commerce, are repealed.

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1	SEC. 2373. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS RELATING TO EX-
2	ECUTIVE SCHEDULE POSITIONS.
3	(a) Positions at Level I.—Section 5312 of title
4	5, United States Code, is amended by amending the item
5	relating to the United States Trade Representative to read
6	as follows:
7	"United States Trade Representative, Office of
8	the United States Trade Representative.".
9	(b) Positions at Level II.—Section 5313 of title
10	5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
11	the following:
12	"Deputy Administrator of the Office of the
13	United States Trade Representative.
14	"Deputy United States Trade Representatives,
15	Office of the United States Trade Representative
16	(2).".
17	(c) Positions at Level III.—Section 5314 of title
18	5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
19	the following:
20	"Assistant Administrators, Office of the United

- 21 States Trade Representative (3).
- 22 "Director General for Export Promotion, Office of the United States Trade Representative.". 23
- (d) Positions at Level IV.—Section 5315 of title 24 5, United States Code, is amended— 25
| 1  | (1) by striking the item relating to the Assist-         |
|----|--|
| 2  | ant Secretary of Commerce and Director General of        |
| 3  | the United States and Foreign Commercial Service;        |
| 4  | and  |
| 5  | (2) by adding at the end the following:                  |
| 6  | "General Counsel, Office of the United States            |
| 7  | Trade Representative.                                    |
| 8  | "Inspector General, Office of the United States          |
| 9  | Trade Representative.                                    |
| 10 | "Chief Financial Officer, Office of the United           |
| 11 | States Trade Representative.".                           |
| 12 | Subchapter G—Miscellaneous                               |
| 13 | SEC. 2381. EFFECTIVE DATE.                               |
| 14 | (a) IN GENERAL.—This subtitle shall take effect on       |
| 15 | the effective date specified in section 2208(a), except  |
| 16 | that—  |
| 17 | (1) section 2336 shall take effect on the date of        |
| 18 | the enactment of this Act; and                           |
| 19 | (2) at any time after the date of the enactment          |
| 20 | of this Act the officers provided for in subchapter B    |
| 21 | may be nominated and appointed, as provided in           |
| 22 | such subchapter.   |
| 23 | (b) INTERIM COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES.—                  |
| 24 | Funds available to the Department of Commerce or the     |
| 25 | Office of the United States Trade Representative (or any |

official or component thereof), with respect to the func tions transferred by this subtitle, may be used, with ap proval of the Director of the Office of Management and
 Budget, to pay the compensation and expenses of an offi cer appointed under subsection (a) who will carry out such
 functions until funds for that purpose are otherwise avail able.

#### 8 SEC. 2382. INTERIM APPOINTMENTS.

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—If one or more officers required 10 by this subtitle to be appointed by and with the advice and consent of the Senate have not entered upon office 11 12 on the effective date of this subtitle and notwithstanding 13 any other provision of law, the President may designate any officer who was appointed by and with the advice and 14 15 consent of the Senate, and who was such an officer on the day before the effective date of this subtitle, to act 16 17 in the office until it is filled as provided by this subtitle. 18 (b) COMPENSATION.—Any officer acting in an office pursuant to subsection (a) shall receive compensation at 19 20 the rate prescribed by this subtitle for such office.

#### 21 SEC. 2383. FUNDING REDUCTIONS RESULTING FROM REOR-

22 GANIZATION.

(a) FUNDING REDUCTIONS.—Notwithstanding the
transfer of functions under this subtitle, and except as
provided in subsection (b), the total amount appropriated

by the United States in performing all functions vested
 in the USTR and the Office pursuant to this subtitle shall
 not exceed—

4 (1) for the first fiscal year that begins after the
5 abolishment date specified in section 2101(c), 75
6 percent of the total amount appropriated in fiscal
7 year 1995 for the performance of all such functions;
8 and

9 (2) for the second fiscal year that begins after 10 the abolishment date specified in section 2101(c) 11 and for each fiscal year thereafter, 65 percent of the 12 total amount appropriated in fiscal year 1995 for 13 the performance of all such functions.

(b) EXCEPTION.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to
obligations or expenditures incurred as a direct consequence of the termination, transfer, or other disposition
of functions described in subsection (a) pursuant to this
title.

(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—This section shall
take precedence over any other provision of law unless
such provision explicitly refers to this section and makes
an exception to it.

23 (d) RESPONSIBILITY OF USTR.—The USTR, in con24 sultation with the Director of the Office of Management
25 and Budget, shall make such modifications in programs

as are necessary to carry out the reductions in appropria-1 2 tions set forth in paragraph (1) and (2) of subsection (a). 3 (e) Responsibilities of the Director of the 4 Office of Management and Budget.—The Director 5 of the Office of Management and Budget shall include in each report under sections 2105(a) and (b) a description 6 7 of actions taken to comply with the requirements of this 8 section.

# 9 Subtitle D—Patent and Trademark 10 Office Corporation

#### 11 SEC. 2401. SHORT TITLE.

12 This subtitle may be cited as the "Patent and Trade-13 mark Office Corporation Act of 1995".

## 14 CHAPTER 1—PATENT AND TRADEMARK 15 OFFICE

#### 16 SEC. 2411. ESTABLISHMENT OF PATENT AND TRADEMARK

#### 17 **OFFICE AS A CORPORATION.**

- 18 Section 1 of title 35, United States Code, is amended
- 19 to read as follows:

#### 20 "§ 1. Establishment

21 "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Patent and Trademark
22 Office is established as a wholly owned Government cor23 poration subject to chapter 91 of title 31, except as other24 wise provided in this title.

1 "(b) OFFICES.—The Patent and Trademark Office 2 shall maintain an office in the District of Columbia, or 3 the metropolitan area thereof, for the service of process 4 and papers and shall be deemed, for purposes of venue 5 in civil actions, to be a resident of the district in which its principal office is located. The Patent and Trademark 6 7 Office may establish offices in such other places as it con-8 siders necessary or appropriate in the conduct of its busi-9 ness.

10 "(c) REFERENCE.—For purposes of this title, the
11 Patent and Trademark Office shall also be referred to as
12 the 'Office'.".

#### 13 SEC. 2412. POWERS AND DUTIES.

Section 2 of title 35, United States Code, is amendedto read as follows:

#### 16 **"§2. Powers and Duties**

17 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Patent and Trademark Of-18 fice shall be responsible for—

19 "(1) the granting and issuing of patents and20 the registration of trademarks;

21 "(2) conducting studies, programs, or ex-22 changes of items or services regarding domestic and 23 international patent and trademark law or the ad-24 ministration of the Office, including programs to 25 recognize, identify, assess, and forecast the tech1

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dustry;

nology of patented inventions and their utility to in-

3	"(3) authorizing or conducting studies and pro-
4	grams cooperatively with foreign patent and trade-
5	mark offices and international organizations, in con-
6	nection with the granting and issuing of patents and
7	the registration of trademarks; and
8	"(4) disseminating to the public information
9	with respect to patents and trademarks.
10	"(b) Specific Powers.—The Office—
11	"(1) shall have perpetual succession;
12	((2) shall adopt and use a corporate seal, which
13	shall be judicially noticed and with which letters pat-
14	ent, certificates of trademark registrations, and pa-
15	pers issued by the Office shall be authenticated;
16	"(3) may sue and be sued in its corporate name
17	and be represented by its own attorneys in all judi-
18	cial and administrative proceedings, subject to the
19	provisions of section 8 of this title;
20	"(4) may indemnify the Commissioner of Pat-
21	ents and Trademarks, and other officers, attorneys,
22	agents, and employees (including members of the
23	Management Advisory Board established in section
24	5) of the Office for liabilities and expenses incurred
25	within the scope of their employment;

1 "(5) may adopt, amend, and repeal bylaws, 2 rules, and regulations, governing the manner in 3 which its business will be conducted and the powers 4 granted to it by law will be exercised; 5 "(6) may acquire, construct, purchase, lease, 6 hold, manage, operate, improve, alter, and renovate 7 any real, personal, or mixed property, or any interest 8 therein, as it considers necessary to carry out its 9 functions; 10 ((7)(A) may make such purchases, contracts 11 for the construction, maintenance, or management 12 and operation of facilities, and contracts for supplies 13 or services, without regard to section 111 of the 14 Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 15 1949 (40 U.S.C. 759); and "(B) may enter into and perform such pur-16 17 chases and contracts for printing services, including 18 the process of composition, platemaking, presswork, 19 silk screen processes, binding, microform, and the 20 products of such processes, as it considers necessary 21 to carry out the functions of the Office, without re-22 gard to sections 501 through 517 and 1101 through

23 1123 of title 44;

24 "(8) may use, with their consent, services,25 equipment, personnel, and facilities of other depart-

1 ments, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Fed-2 eral Government, on a reimbursable basis, and co-3 operate with such other departments, agencies, and 4 instrumentalities in the establishment and use of 5 services, equipment, and facilities of the Office; 6 "(9) may obtain from the Administrator of 7 General Services such services as the Administrator 8 is authorized to provide to other agencies of the 9 United States, on the same basis as those services 10 are provided to other agencies of the United States; 11 "(10) may use, with the consent of the United 12 States and the agency, government, or international

12 organization concerned, the services, records, facili14 ties, or personnel of any State or local government
15 agency or instrumentality or foreign government or
16 international organization to perform functions on
17 its behalf;

"(11) may determine the character of and the
necessity for its obligations and expenditures and
the manner in which they shall be incurred, allowed,
and paid, subject to the provisions of this title and
the Act of July 5, 1946 (commonly referred to as
the 'Trademark Act of 1946');

24 "(12) may retain and use all of its revenues25 and receipts, including revenues from the sale, lease,

1	or disposal of any real, personal, or mixed property,
2	or any interest therein, of the Office, in carrying out
3	the functions of the Office, including for research
4	and development and capital investment, subject to
5	the provisions of section 10101 of the Omnibus
6	Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990 (35 U.S.C. 41
7	note);
8	"(13) shall have the priority of the United
9	States with respect to the payment of debts from
10	bankrupt, insolvent, and decedents' estates;
11	"(14) may accept monetary gifts or donations
12	of services, or of real, personal, or mixed property,
13	in order to carry out the functions of the Office;
14	((15) may execute, in accordance with its by-
15	laws, rules, and regulations, all instruments nec-
16	essary and appropriate in the exercise of any of its
17	powers;
18	"(16) may provide for liability insurance and
19	insurance against any loss in connection with its
20	property, other assets, or operations either by con-
21	tract or by self-insurance; and
22	"(17) shall pay any settlement or judgment en-
23	tered against it from the funds of the Office and not
24	from amounts available under section 1304 of title
25	31.".

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#### 1 SEC. 2413. ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT.

2 Section 3 of title 35, United States Code, is amended3 to read as follows:

#### 4 **"§3. Officers and employees**

5 "(a) COMMISSIONER.—

6 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The management of the 7 Patent and Trademark Office shall be vested in a 8 Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks (hereafter 9 in this title referred to as the 'Commissioner'), who 10 shall be a citizen of the United States and who shall 11 be appointed by the President, by and with the ad-12 vice and consent of the Senate. The Commissioner 13 shall be a person who, by reason of professional 14 background and experience in patent and trademark law, is especially qualified to manage the Office. 15

- 16 "(2) DUTIES.—
- 17 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Commissioner
  18 shall be responsible for the management and di19 rection of the Office, including the issuance of
  20 patents and the registration of trademarks.

21 "(B) ADVISING THE PRESIDENT.—The
22 Commissioner shall advise the President of all
23 activities of the Patent and Trademark Office
24 undertaken in response to obligations of the
25 United States under treaties and executive
26 agreements, or which relate to cooperative pro-

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1 grams with those authorities of foreign govern-2 ments that are responsible for granting patents or registering trademarks. The Commissioner 3 4 shall also recommend to the President changes 5 in law or policy which may improve the ability 6 of United States citizens to secure and enforce 7 patent rights or trademark rights in the United 8 States or in foreign countries. 9 "(C) CONSULTING WITH THE MANAGE-

10 MENT ADVISORY BOARD.—The Commissioner 11 shall consult with the Management Advisory 12 Board established in section 5 on a regular 13 basis on matters relating to the operation of the 14 Patent and Trademark Office, and shall consult 15 with the Board before submitting budgetary 16 proposals to the Office of Management and 17 Budget or changing or proposing to change pat-18 ent or trademark user fees or patent or trade-19 mark regulations.

20 "(D) SECURITY CLEARANCES.—The Com21 missioner, in consultation with the Director of
22 the Office of Personnel Management, shall
23 maintain a program for identifying national se24 curity positions and providing for appropriate
25 security clearances.

1	"(3) TERM.—The Commissioner shall serve a
2	term of 5 years, and may continue to serve after the
3	expiration of the Commissioner's term until a suc-
4	cessor is appointed and assumes office. The Com-
5	missioner may be reappointed to subsequent terms.
6	"(4) OATH.—The Commissioner shall, before
7	taking office, take an oath to discharge faithfully the
8	duties of the Office.
9	"(5) Compensation.—The Commissioner shall
10	receive compensation at the rate of pay in effect for
11	Level III of the Executive Schedule under section
12	5314 of title 5.
13	"(6) Removal.—The Commissioner may be re-
14	moved from office by the President only for cause.
15	"(7) Designee of commissioner.—The Com-
16	missioner shall designate an officer of the Office who
17	shall be vested with the authority to act in the ca-
18	pacity of the Commissioner in the event of the ab-
19	sence or incapacity of the Commissioner.
20	"(b) Officers and Employees of the Office.—
21	"(1) Deputy commissioners.—The Commis-
22	sioner shall appoint a Deputy Commissioner for Pat-
23	ents and a Deputy Commissioner for Trademarks
24	for terms that shall expire on the date on which the
25	Commissioner's term expires. The Deputy Commis-

sioner for Patents shall be a person with dem-
onstrated experience in patent law and the Deputy
Commissioner for Trademarks shall be a person with
demonstrated experience in trademark law. The
Deputy Commissioner for Patents and the Deputy

5	Deputy Commissioner for Patents and the Deputy
6	Commissioner for Trademarks shall be the principal
7	policy advisors to the Commissioner on all aspects of
8	the activities of the Office that affect the adminis-
9	tration of patent and trademark operations, respec-

10 tively.

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"(2) OTHER OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.—The 11 12 Commissioner shall—

"(A) appoint an Inspector General and 13 14 such other officers, employees (including attor-15 neys), and agents of the Office as the Commissioner considers necessary to carry out its func-16 17 tions;

18 "(B) fix the compensation of such officers 19 and employees; and

"(C) define the authority and duties of 20 21 such officers and employees and delegate to 22 them such of the powers vested in the Office as 23 the Commissioner may determine.

24 The Office shall not be subject to any administra-25 tively or statutorily imposed limitation on positions or personnel, and no positions or personnel of the
 Office shall be taken into account for purposes of
 applying any such limitation, except to the extent
 otherwise specifically provided by statute with re spect to the Office.

6 "(c) LIMITS ON COMPENSATION.—Except as other-7 wise provided in this title or any other provision of law, 8 the basic pay of an officer or employee of the Office for 9 any calendar year may not exceed the annual rate of basic 10 pay in effect for level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5. The Commissioner shall by regula-11 12 tion establish a limitation on the total compensation pay-13 able to officers or employees of the Office, which may not exceed the annual rate of basic pay in effect for level I 14 15 of the Executive Schedule under section 5312 of title 5. "(d) INAPPLICABILITY OF TITLE 5 GENERALLY.— 16 Except as otherwise provided in this section, officers and 17 employees of the Office shall not be subject to the provi-18 sions of title 5 relating to Federal employees. 19

20 "(e) CONTINUED APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN PRO21 VISION OF TITLE 5.—The following provisions of title 5
22 shall apply to the Office and its officers and employees:
23 "(1) Section 3110 (relating to employment of
24 relatives; restrictions).

"(2) Subchapter II of chapter 55 (relating to
 withholding pay).

3 "(3) Subchapter II of chapter 73 (relating to
4 employment limitations).

5 "(f) PROVISIONS OF TITLE 5 RELATING TO CERTAIN6 BENEFITS.—

7 "(1) RETIREMENT.—(A)(i) Any individual who 8 becomes an officer or employee of the Office pursu-9 ant to subsection (h) shall, if such individual has at 10 least 3 years of creditable service (within the mean-11 ing of section 8332 or 8411 of title 5) as of the ef-12 fective date of the Patent and Trademark Office 13 Corporation Act of 1995, remain subject to sub-14 chapter III of chapter 83 or chapter 84 of such title, 15 as the case may be, so long as such individual con-16 tinues to hold an office or position in or under the 17 Office without a break in service.

18 "(ii)(I) Except as provided in subclause (II), 19 with respect to an individual described in clause (i), 20 the Office shall make the appropriate withholding 21 from pay and shall pay the contributions required of 22 an employing agency into the Civil Service Retire-23 ment and Disability Fund and, if applicable, the 24 Thrift Savings Fund in accordance with applicable provisions of subchapter III of chapter 83 or chapter
 84 of title 5, as the case may be.

3 "(II) In the case of an officer or employee who 4 remains subject to subchapter III of chapter 83 of 5 such title by virtue of this subparagraph, the Office 6 shall, instead of the amount which would otherwise 7 be required under the second sentence of section 8 8334(a)(1) of title 5, contribute an amount equal to 9 the normal-cost percentage (determined with respect 10 to officers and employees of the Office using dy-11 namic assumptions, as defined by section 8401(9) of 12 such title) of the individual's basic pay, minus the 13 amount required to be withheld from such pay under 14 such section 8334(a)(1).

15 "(B)(i) Notwithstanding subsection (d), the 16 provisions of subchapter III of chapter 83 or chapter 17 84 of title 5 (as applicable) which relate to disability 18 shall be considered to remain in effect, with respect 19 to an individual who becomes an officer or employee 20 of the Office pursuant to subsection (h), until the 21 end of the 2-year period beginning on the effective 22 date of the Patent and Trademark Office Corpora-23 tion Act of 1995 or, if earlier, until such individual 24 satisfies the prerequisites for coverage under any 25 program offered by the Office to replace the disability retirement program under chapter 83 or 84 of
 title 5.

3 "(ii) This clause applies with respect to any of-4 ficer or employee of the Office who is receiving dis-5 ability coverage under this subparagraph and has 6 completed the service requirement specified in the 7 first sentence of section 8337(a) or 8451(a)(1)(A) of 8 title 5 (as applicable), but who is not described in 9 subparagraph (A)(i). In the case of any individual to 10 whom this clause applies, the Office shall pay into 11 the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund an 12 amount equal to that portion of the normal-cost per-13 centage (determined in the same manner as under 14 subparagraph (A)(ii)(II) of the basic pay of such 15 individual (for service performed during the period 16 during which such individual is receiving such cov-17 erage) allocable to such coverage. Any amounts pay-18 able under this clause shall be paid at such time and 19 in such manner as mutually agreed to by the Office 20 and the Office of Personnel Management, and shall 21 be in lieu of any individual or agency contributions 22 otherwise required.

23 "(2) HEALTH BENEFITS.—(A) Officers and em24 ployees of the Office shall not become ineligible to
25 participate in the health benefits program under

chapter 89 of title 5 by reason of subsection (d)
 until the effective date of elections made during the
 first election period (under section 8905(f) of title 5)
 beginning after the end of the 2-year period begin ning on the effective date of the Patent and Trade mark Office Corporation Act of 1995.

"(B)(i) With respect to any individual who be-7 8 comes an officer or employee of the Office pursuant 9 to subsection (h), the eligibility of such individual to 10 participate in such program as an annuitant (or of 11 any other person to participate in such program as 12 an annuitant based on the death of such individual) 13 shall be determined disregarding the requirements of 14 section 8905(b) of title 5. The preceding sentence 15 shall not apply if the individual ceases to be an offi-16 cer or employee of the Office for any period of time 17 after becoming an officer or employee of the Office 18 pursuant to subsection (h) and before separation.

"(ii) The Government contributions authorized
by section 8906 for health benefits for anyone participating in the health benefits program pursuant to
this subparagraph shall be made by the Office in the
same manner as provided under section 8906(g)(2)
of title 5 with respect to the United States Postal
Service for individuals associated therewith.

"(iii) For purposes of this subparagraph, the
 term 'annuitant' has the meaning given such term
 by section 8901(3) of title 5.

4 "(3) LIFE INSURANCE.—(A) Officers and em5 ployees of the Office shall not become ineligible to
6 participate in the life insurance program under
7 chapter 87 of title 5 by reason of subsection (d)
8 until the first day after the end of the 2-year period
9 beginning on the effective date of the Patent and
10 Trademark Office Corporation Act of 1995.

11 "(B)(i) Eligibility for life insurance coverage 12 after retirement or while in receipt of compensation 13 under subchapter I of chapter 81 of title 5 shall be 14 determined, in the case of any individual who be-15 comes an officer or employee of the Office pursuant 16 to subsection (h), without regard to the require-17 ments of section 8706(b) (1) or (2), but subject to 18 the condition specified in the last sentence of para-19 graph (2)(B)(i) of this subsection.

"(ii) Government contributions under section
8708(d) on behalf of any such individual shall be
made by the Office in the same manner as provided
under paragraph (3) thereof with respect to the
United States Postal Service for individuals associated therewith.

"(4) Employees' compensation fund.—The 1 2 Office shall remain responsible for reimbursing the 3 Employees' Compensation Fund, pursuant to section 4 8147 of title 5, for compensation paid or payable 5 after the effective date of the Patent and Trademark 6 Office Corporation Act of 1995 in accordance with 7 chapter 81 of title 5 with regard to any injury, dis-8 ability, or death due to events arising before such 9 date, whether or not a claim has been filed or is 10 final on such date.

11 "(5) Requirement that the office offer 12 CERTAIN MINIMUM NUMBER OF LIFE AND HEALTH 13 INSURANCE POLICIES.—The Office shall offer at 14 least 1 life insurance policy and at least 3 health in-15 surance policies to its officers and employees, com-16 parable to existing Federal benefits, beginning on 17 the first day after the end of the 2-year period be-18 ginning on the effective date of the Patent and 19 Trademark Office Corporation Act of 1995.

20 "(g) Labor-Management Relations.—

21 "(1) LABOR RELATIONS AND EMPLOYEE RELA22 TIONS PROGRAMS.—The Office shall develop labor
23 relations and employee relations programs with the
24 objective of improving productivity and efficiency, in25 corporating the following principles:

1	"(A) Such programs shall be consistent
2	with the merit principles in section 2301(b) of
3	title 5.
4	"(B) Such programs shall provide veterans
5	preference protections equivalent to those estab-
6	lished by sections 2801, 3308–3318, and 3320
7	of title 5.
8	"(C)(i) In order to maximize individual
9	freedom of choice in the pursuit of employment
10	and to encourage an economic climate condu-
11	cive to economic growth, the right to work shall
12	not be subject to undue restraint or coercion.
13	The right to work shall not be infringed or re-
14	stricted in any way based on membership in, af-
15	filiation with, or financial support of a labor or-
16	ganization.
17	"(ii) No person shall be required, as a con-
18	dition of employment or continuation of employ-
19	ment:
20	"(I) To resign or refrain from vol-
21	untary membership in, voluntary affiliation
22	with, or voluntary financial support of a
23	labor organization.
24	"(II) To become or remain a member
25	of a labor organization.

of a labor organization.

	<b>_</b> ` <b>_</b>
1	"(III) To pay any dues, fees, assess-
2	ments, or other charges of any kind or
3	amount to a labor organization.
4	"(IV) To pay to any charity or other
5	third party, in lieu of such payments, any
6	amount equivalent to or a pro-rata portion
7	of dues, fees, assessments, or other charges
8	regularly required of members of a labor
9	organization.
10	"(V) To be recommended, approved,
11	referred, or cleared by or through a labor
12	organization.
13	"(iii) This subparagraph shall not apply to
14	a person described in section $7103(a)(2)(v)$ of
15	title 5 or a 'supervisor', 'management official',
16	or 'confidential employee' as those terms are
17	defined in $7103(a)(10)$ , (11), and (13) of such
18	title.
19	"(iv) Any labor organization recognized by
20	the Office as the exclusive representative of a
21	unit of employees of the Office shall represent
22	the interests of all employees in that unit with-
23	out discrimination and without regard to labor

organization membership.

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1 "(2) Adoption of existing labor agree-2 MENTS.—The Office shall adopt all labor agreements 3 which are in effect, as of the day before the effective 4 date of the Patent and Trademark Office Corpora-5 tion Act of 1995, with respect to such Office (as 6 then in effect). Each such agreement shall remain in 7 effect for the 2-year period commencing on such 8 date, unless the agreement provides for a shorter du-9 ration or the parties agree otherwise before such pe-10 riod ends. 11 "(h) CARRYOVER OF PERSONNEL.— 12 "(1) FROM PTO.—Effective as of the effective date of the Patent and Trademark Office Corpora-13 14 tion Act of 1995, all officers and employees of the 15 Patent and Trademark Office on the day before 16 such effective date shall become officers and employ-17 ees of the Office, without a break in service. 18 "(2) OTHER PERSONNEL.—Any individual who, 19 on the day before the effective date of the Patent 20 and Trademark Office Corporation Act of 1995, is 21 an officer or employee of the Department of Com-22 merce (other than an officer or employee under 23 paragraph (1)) shall be transferred to the Office if— "(A) such individual serves in a position 24

25 for which a major function is the performance

1	of work reimbursed by the Patent and Trade-
2	mark Office, as determined by the Secretary of
3	Commerce;
4	"(B) such individual serves in a position
5	that performed work in support of the Patent
6	and Trademark Office during at least half of
7	the incumbent's work time, as determined by
8	the Secretary of Commerce; or
9	"(C) such transfer would be in the interest
10	of the Office, as determined by the Secretary of
11	Commerce in consultation with the Commis-
12	sioner of Patents and Trademarks.
13	Any transfer under this paragraph shall be effective
14	as of the same effective date as referred to in para-
15	graph (1), and shall be made without a break in
16	service.
17	"(3) Accumulated leave.—The amount of
18	sick and annual leave and compensatory time accu-
19	mulated under title 5 before the effective date de-
20	scribed in paragraph (1), by officers or employees of
21	the Patent and Trademark Office who so become of-
22	ficers or employees of the Office, are obligations of
23	the Office.
24	"(4) TERMINATION RIGHTS.—Any employee re-
25	ferred to in paragraph $(1)$ or $(2)$ of this subsection

1 whose employment with the Office is terminated 2 during the 2-year period beginning on the effective 3 date of the Patent and Trademark Office Corporation Act of 1995 shall be entitled to rights and bene-4 5 fits, to be afforded by the Office, similar to those 6 such employee would have had under Federal law if 7 termination had occurred immediately before such 8 date. An employee who would have been entitled to 9 appeal any such termination to the Merit Systems 10 Protection Board, if such termination had occurred 11 immediately before such effective date, may appeal 12 any such termination occurring within this 2-year 13 period to the Board under such procedures as it may 14 prescribe.

15 "(5) CONTINUATION IN OFFICE OF CERTAIN 16 OFFICERS.—(A) The individual serving as the Com-17 missioner of Patents and Trademarks on the day be-18 fore the effective date of the Patent and Trademark 19 Office Corporation Act of 1995 may serve as the 20 Commissioner until the earlier of 1 year after the ef-21 fective date of that Act or the date on which a Com-22 missioner is appointed under subsection (a).

23 "(B) The individual serving as the Assistant
24 Commissioner for Patents on the day before the ef25 fective date of the Patent and Trademark Office

Corporation Act of 1995 may serve as the Deputy
 Commissioner for Patents until the earlier of 1 year
 after the effective date of that Act or the date on
 which a Deputy Commissioner for Patents is appointed under subsection (b).

6 "(C) The individual serving as the Assistant 7 Commissioner for Trademarks on the day before the 8 effective date of the Patent and Trademark Office 9 Corporation Act of 1995 may serve as the Deputy Commissioner for Trademarks until the earlier of 1 10 11 year after the effective date of that Act or the date 12 on which a Deputy Commissioner for Trademarks is 13 appointed under subsection (b).

14 "(i) Competitive Status.—For purposes of ap-15 pointment to a position in the competitive service for which an officer or employee of the Office is qualified, 16 17 such officer or employee shall not forfeit any competitive status, acquired by such officer or employee before the ef-18 fective date of the Patent and Trademark Office Corpora-19 tion Act of 1995, by reason of becoming an officer or em-20 21 ployee of the Office pursuant to subsection (h).

"(j) SAVINGS PROVISIONS.—All orders, determinations, rules, and regulations regarding compensation and
benefits and other terms and conditions of employment,
in effect for the Office and its officers and employees im-

mediately before the effective date of the Patent and
 Trademark Office Corporation Act of 1995, shall continue
 in effect with respect to the Office and its officers and
 employees until modified, superseded, or set aside by the
 Office or a court of appropriate jurisdiction or by oper ation of law.".

#### 7 SEC. 2414. MANAGEMENT ADVISORY BOARD.

8 Chapter 1 of part I of title 35, United States Code,9 is amended by inserting after section 4 the following:

## 10 "§ 5. Patent and Trademark Office Management Advi sory Board

12 "(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF MANAGEMENT ADVISORY13 BOARD.—

"(1) APPOINTMENT.—The Patent and Trade-14 15 mark Office shall have a Management Advisory 16 Board (hereafter in this title referred to as the 17 'Board') of 12 members, 4 of whom shall be ap-18 pointed by the President, 4 of whom shall be ap-19 pointed by the Speaker of the House of Representa-20 tives, and 4 of whom shall be appointed by the 21 President pro tempore of the Senate. Not more than 22 3 of the 4 members appointed by each appointing 23 authority shall be members of the same political 24 party.

1	"(2) TERMS.—Members of the Board shall be
2	appointed for a term of 4 years each, except that of
3	the members first appointed by each appointing au-
4	thority, 1 shall be for a term of 1 year, 1 shall be
5	for a term of 2 years, and 1 shall be for a term of
6	3 years. No member may serve more than 1 term.
7	"(3) CHAIR.—The President shall designate the
8	chair of the Board, whose term as chair shall be for
9	3 years.
10	"(4) TIMING OF APPOINTMENTS.—Initial ap-
11	pointments to the Board shall be made within 3
12	months after the effective date of the Patent and
13	Trademark Office Corporation Act of 1995, and va-
14	cancies shall be filled within 3 months after they
15	occur.
16	"(5) VACANCIES.—Vacancies shall be filled in
17	the manner in which the original appointment was
18	made under this subsection. Members appointed to
19	fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration of the
20	term for which the member's predecessor was ap-
21	pointed shall be appointed only for the remainder of
22	that term. A member may serve after the expiration
23	of that member's term until a successor is ap-
24	pointed.

1 "(b) BASIS FOR APPOINTMENTS.—Members of the 2 Board shall be citizens of the United States who shall be 3 chosen so as to represent the interests of diverse users 4 of the Patent and Trademark Office, and shall include in-5 dividuals with substantial background and achievement in 6 corporate finance and management.

7 "(c) APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN ETHICS LAWS.—
8 Members of the Board shall be special Government em9 ployees within the meaning of section 202 of title 18.

10 "(d) MEETINGS.—The Board shall meet at the call11 of the chair to consider an agenda set by the chair.

12 "(e) DUTIES.—The Board shall—

"(1) review the policies, goals, performance,
budget, and user fees of the Patent and Trademark
Office, and advise the Commissioner on these matters; and

17 "(2) within 60 days after the end of each fiscal 18 year, prepare an annual report on the matters re-19 ferred to in paragraph (1), transmit the report to 20 the President and the Committees on the Judiciary 21 of the Senate and the House of Representatives, and 22 publish the report in the Patent and Trademark Of-53 fice Official Gazette.

24 "(f) STAFF.—The Board shall employ a staff of not25 more than 10 members and shall procure support services

1 for the staff adequate to enable the Board to carry out 2 its functions, using funds available to the Commissioner 3 under section 42 of this title. The Board shall ensure that 4 members of the staff, other than clerical staff, are espe-5 cially qualified in the areas of patents, trademarks, or management of public agencies. Persons employed by the 6 7 Board shall receive compensation as determined by the 8 Board, which may not exceed the limitations set forth in 9 section 3(c) of this title, shall serve in accordance with 10 terms and conditions of employment established by the 11 Board, and shall be subject solely to the direction of the Board, notwithstanding any other provision of law. 12

13 "(g) COMPENSATION.—Members of the Board shall be compensated for each day (including travel time) dur-14 ing which they are attending meetings or conferences of 15 the Board or otherwise engaged in the business of the 16 17 Board, at the rate which is the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay in effect for level III of the Execu-18 19 tive Schedule under section 5314 of title 5, and while away 20 from their homes or regular places of business they may 21 be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of 22 subsistence, as authorized by section 5703 of title 5.

23 "(h) ACCESS TO INFORMATION.—Members of the
24 Board shall be provided access to records and information
25 in the Patent and Trademark Office, except for personnel

or other privileged information and information concern ing patent applications required to be kept in confidence
 by section 122 of this title.".

### 4 SEC. 2415. INDEPENDENCE FROM DEPARTMENT OF COM-5 MERCE.

6 (a) DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER.—Section 6 of title
7 35, United States Code, is amended—

8 (1) by striking ", under the direction of the
9 Secretary of Commerce," each place it appears; and
10 (2) by striking ", subject to the approval of the
11 Secretary of Commerce,".

(b) REGULATIONS FOR AGENTS AND ATTORNEYS.—
13 Section 31 of title 35, United States Code, is amended
14 by striking ", subject to the approval of the Secretary of
15 Commerce,".

#### 16 SEC. 2416. TRADEMARK TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD.

Section 17 of the Act of July 5, 1946 (commonly referred to as the "Trademark Act of 1946") (15 U.S.C.
1067) is amended to read as follows:

20 "SEC. 17. (a) In every case of interference, opposition 21 to registration, application to register as a lawful concur-22 rent user, or application to cancel the registration of a 23 mark, the Commissioner shall give notice to all parties and 24 shall direct a Trademark Trial and Appeal Board to deter-25 mine and decide the respective rights of registration. "(b) The Trademark Trial and Appeal Board shall
 include the Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner for
 Patents, the Deputy Commissioner for Trademarks, and
 members competent in trademark law who are appointed
 by the Commissioner.".

### 6 SEC. 2417. BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS AND INTER-7 FERENCES.

8 Section 7 of title 35, United States Code, is amended9 to read as follows:

#### 10 "§7. Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences

11 "(a) Establishment and Composition.—There 12 shall be in the Patent and Trademark Office a Board of 13 Patent Appeals and Interferences. The Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner for Patents, the Deputy Commis-14 15 sioner for Trademarks, and the examiners-in-chief shall constitute the Board. The examiners-in-chief shall be per-16 sons of competent legal knowledge and scientific ability. 17 18 "(b) DUTIES.—The Board of Patent Appeals and

19 Interferences shall, on written appeal of an applicant, re20 view adverse decisions of examiners upon applications for
21 patents and shall determine priority and patentability of
22 invention in interferences declared under section 135(a)
23 of this title. Each appeal and interference shall be heard
24 by at least 3 members of the Board, who shall be des-

ignated by the Commissioner. Only the Board of Patent 1 2 Appeals and Interferences may grant rehearings.". 3 SEC. 2418. SUITS BY AND AGAINST THE CORPORATION. 4 Chapter 1 of part I of title 35, United States Code, 5 is amended— 6 (1) by redesignating sections 8 through 14 as 7 sections 9 through 15; and 8 (2) by inserting after section 7 the following 9 new section: 10 "§8. Suits by and against the Corporation 11 "(a) IN GENERAL.— 12 "(1) ACTIONS UNDER UNITED STATES LAW.— 13 Any civil action or proceeding to which the Patent 14 and Trademark Office is a party is deemed to arise 15 under the laws of the United States. The Federal 16 courts shall have exclusive jurisdiction over all civil 17 actions by or against the Office. 18 "(2) CONTRACT CLAIMS.—Any action or pro-19 ceeding against the Office in which any claim is cog-20 nizable under the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (41 21 U.S.C. 601 and following) shall be subject to that 22 Act. For purposes of that Act, the Commissioner 23 shall be deemed to be the agency head with respect 24 to contract claims arising with respect to the Office. 25 Any other action or proceeding against the Office

founded upon contract may be brought in an appro priate district court, notwithstanding any provision
 of title 28.

4 "(3) TORT CLAIMS.—(A) Any action or pro5 ceeding against the Office in which any claim is cog6 nizable under the provisions of section 1346(b) and
7 chapter 171 of title 28, shall be governed by those
8 provisions.

9 "(B) Any other action or proceeding against the
10 Office founded upon tort may be brought in an ap11 propriate district court without regard to the provi12 sions of section 1346(b) and chapter 171 of title 28.
13 "(4) PROHIBITION ON ATTACHMENT, LIENS,

ETC.—No attachment, garnishment, lien, or similar
process, intermediate or final, in law or equity, may
be issued against property of the Office.

17 "(5) Substitution of office as party.--18 The Office shall be substituted as defendant in any 19 civil action or proceeding against an officer or em-20 ployee of the Office, if the Office determines that the 21 officer or employee was acting within the scope of his or her employment with the Office. If the Office 22 23 refuses to certify scope of employment, the officer or 24 employee may at any time before trial petition the 25 court to find and certify that the officer or employee

1	was acting within the scope of his or her employ-
2	ment. Upon certification by the court, the Office
3	shall be substituted as the party defendant. A copy
4	of the petition shall be served upon the Office. In
5	any such civil action or proceeding to which para-
6	graph (3)(A) applies, the provisions of section
7	1346(b) and chapter 171 of title 28 shall apply in
8	lieu of this paragraph.
9	"(b) Relationship With Justice Department.—
10	"(1) EXERCISE BY OFFICE OF ATTORNEY GEN-
11	ERAL'S AUTHORITIES.—Except as provided in this
12	section, with respect to any action or proceeding in
13	which the Office is a party or an officer or employee
14	thereof is a party in his or her official capacity, the
15	Office, officer, or employee may exercise, without
16	prior authorization from the Attorney General, the
17	authorities and duties that otherwise would be exer-
18	cised by the Attorney General on behalf of the Of-
19	fice, officer, or employee under title 28 and other
20	laws.
21	"(2) Appearances by attorney general.—

21 "(2) APPEARANCES BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.—
22 Notwithstanding paragraph (1), at any time the At23 torney General may, in any action or proceeding de24 scribed in paragraph (1), file an appearance on be25 half of the Office or the officer or employee involved,

1	without the consent of the Office or the officer or
2	employee. Upon such filing, the Attorney General
3	shall represent the Office or such officer or employee
4	with exclusive authority in the conduct, settlement,
5	or compromise of that action or proceeding.
6	"(3) Consultations with and assistance
7	BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The Office may consult
8	with the Attorney General concerning any legal mat-
9	ter, and the Attorney General shall provide advice
10	and assistance to the Office, including representing
11	the Office in litigation, if requested by the Office.
12	"(4) Representation before supreme
13	COURT.—The Attorney General shall represent the
14	Office in all cases before the United States Supreme
15	Court.
16	"(5) Qualifications of attorneys.—An at-
17	torney admitted to practice to the bar of the highest
18	court of at least one State in the United States or
19	the District of Columbia and employed by the Office
20	may represent the Office in any legal proceeding in
21	which the Office or an officer or employee of the Of-
22	fice is a party or interested, regardless of whether
23	the attorney is a resident of the jurisdiction in which
24	the proceeding is held and notwithstanding any
25	other prerequisites of qualification or appearance re-
quired by the court or administrative body before
 which the proceeding is conducted.".

#### **3 SEC. 2419. ANNUAL REPORT OF COMMISSIONER.**

4 Section 15 of title 35, United States Code, as redesig5 nated by section 2418 of this Act, is amended to read as
6 follows:

#### 7 "§15. Annual report to Congress

"The Commissioner shall report to the Congress, not 8 9 later than 180 days after the end of each fiscal year, the 10 moneys received and expended by the Office, the purposes 11 for which the moneys were spent, the quality and quantity of the work of the Office, and other information relating 12 13 to the Office. The report under this section shall also meet the requirements of section 9106 of title 31, to the extent 14 15 that such requirements are not inconsistent with the preceding sentence. The report required under this section 16 17 shall be deemed to be the report of the Patent and Trademark Office under section 9106 of title 31, and the Com-18 missioner shall not file a separate report under such sec-19 20 tion.".

#### 21 SEC. 2420. SUSPENSION OR EXCLUSION FROM PRACTICE.

Section 32 of title 35, United States Code, is amended by inserting before the last sentence the following: "The
Commissioner shall have the discretion to designate any
attorney who is an officer or employee of the Patent and

Trademark Office to conduct the hearing required by this
 section.".

#### 3 SEC. 2421. FUNDING.

4 Section 42 of title 35, United States Code, is amend-5 ed to read as follows:

#### 6 "§ 42. Patent and Trademark Office funding

7 "(a) FEES PAYABLE TO THE OFFICE.—All fees for
8 services performed by or materials furnished by the Patent
9 and Trademark Office shall be payable to the Office.

10 "(b) USE OF MONEYS.—Moneys of the Patent and Trademark Office not otherwise used to carry out the 11 12 functions of the Office shall be kept in cash on hand or 13 on deposit, or invested in obligations of the United States or guaranteed by the United States, or in obligations or 14 15 other instruments which are lawful investments for fiduciary, trust, or public funds. Fees available to the Commis-16 17 sioner under this title shall be used exclusively for the processing of patent applications and for other services 18 19 and materials relating to patents. Fees available to the 20 Commissioner under section 31 of the Act of July 5, 1946 21 (commonly referred to as the 'Trademark Act of 1946'; 22 15 U.S.C. 1113), shall be used exclusively for the process-23 ing of trademark registrations and for other services and 24 materials relating to trademarks.

1 "(c) BORROWING AUTHORITY.—The Patent and 2 Trademark Office is authorized to issue from time to time 3 for purchase by the Secretary of the Treasury its deben-4 tures, bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness 5 (hereafter in this subsection referred to as 'obligations') to assist in financing its activities. Borrowing under this 6 7 subsection shall be subject to prior approval in appropria-8 tion Acts. Such borrowing shall not exceed amounts ap-9 proved in appropriation Acts. Any such borrowing shall 10 be repaid only from fees paid to the Office and surcharges appropriated by the Congress. Such obligations shall be 11 12 redeemable at the option of the Office before maturity in 13 the manner stipulated in such obligations and shall have such maturity as is determined by the Office with the ap-14 15 proval of the Secretary of the Treasury. Each such obligation issued to the Treasury shall bear interest at a rate 16 17 not less than the current yield on outstanding marketable 18 obligations of the United States of comparable maturity 19 during the month preceding the issuance of the obligation as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury. The Sec-2021 retary of the Treasury shall purchase any obligations of 22 the Office issued under this subsection and for such pur-23 pose the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to use 24 as a public-debt transaction the proceeds of any securities 25 issued under chapter 31 of title 31, and the purposes for which securities may be issued under that chapter are ex tended to include such purpose. Payment under this sub section of the purchase price of such obligations of the
 Patent and Trademark Office shall be treated as public
 debt transactions of the United States.".

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#### 6 SEC. 2422. AUDITS.

7 Chapter 4 of part I of title 35, United States Code,8 is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

#### 9 "§43. Audits

10 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Financial statements of the Patent and Trademark Office shall be prepared on an annual 11 basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting 12 13 principles. Such statements shall be audited by an independent certified public accountant chosen by the Com-14 15 missioner. The audit shall be conducted in accordance with standards that are consistent with generally accepted Gov-16 ernment auditing standards and other standards estab-17 lished by the Comptroller General, and with the generally 18 19 accepted auditing standards of the private sector, to the extent feasible. The Commissioner shall transmit to the 20 21 Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representa-22 tives and the Senate the results of each audit under this 23 subsection.

24 "(b) REVIEW BY COMPTROLLER GENERAL.—The25 Comptroller General may review any audit of the financial

statement of the Patent and Trademark Office that is con ducted under subsection (a). The Comptroller General
 shall report to the Congress and the Office the results of
 any such review and shall include in such report appro priate recommendations.

6 "(c) AUDIT BY COMPTROLLER GENERAL.—The 7 Comptroller General may audit the financial statements 8 of the Office and such audit shall be in lieu of the audit 9 required by subsection (a). The Office shall reimburse the 10 Comptroller General for the cost of any audit conducted 11 under this subsection.

12 "(d) ACCESS TO OFFICE RECORDS.—All books, fi-13 nancial records, report files, memoranda, and other prop-14 erty that the Comptroller General deems necessary for the 15 performance of any audit shall be made available to the 16 Comptroller General.

17 "(e) APPLICABILITY IN LIEU OF TITLE 31 PROVI18 SIONS.—This section applies to the Office in lieu of the
19 provisions of section 9105 of title 31.".

#### 20 SEC. 2423. TRANSFERS.

(a) TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.—Except as otherwise
provided in this Act, there are transferred to, and vested
in, the Patent and Trademark Office all functions, powers,
and duties vested by law in the Secretary of Commerce
or the Department of Commerce or in the officers or com-

ponents in the Department of Commerce with respect to
 the authority to grant patents and register trademarks,
 and in the Patent and Trademark Office, as in effect on
 the day before the effective date of this subtitle, and in
 the officers and components of such Office.

6 (b) TRANSFER OF FUNDS AND PROPERTY.—The 7 Secretary of Commerce shall transfer to the Patent and 8 Trademark Office, on the effective date of this subtitle, 9 so much of the assets, liabilities, contracts, property, 10 records, and unexpended and unobligated balances of appropriations, authorizations, allocations, and other funds 11 employed, held, used, arising from, available to, or to be 12 13 made available to the Department of Commerce, including funds set aside for accounts receivable which are related 14 15 to functions, powers, and duties which are vested in the Patent and Trademark Office by this subtitle. 16

#### 17 CHAPTER 2—EFFECTIVE DATE;

#### 18 TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS

#### 19 SEC. 2431. EFFECTIVE DATE.

20 This subtitle shall take effect 6 months after the date21 of the enactment of this Act.

#### 22 SEC. 2432. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

23 (a) Amendments to Title 35.—

1	(1) The table of contents for part I of title 35,
2	United States Code, is amended by amending the
3	item relating to chapter 1 to read as follows:
	"1. Establishment, Officers and Employees, Functions 1."
4	(2) The table of sections for chapter 1 of title
5	35, United States Code, is amended to read as fol-
6	lows:
7	"CHAPTER 1-ESTABLISHMENT, OFFICERS
8	AND EMPLOYEES, FUNCTIONS
	<ul> <li>"See.</li> <li>"1. Establishment.</li> <li>"2. Powers and duties.</li> <li>"3. Officers and employees.</li> <li>"4. Restrictions on officers and employees as to interest in patents.</li> <li>"5. Patent and Trademark Office Management Advisory Board.</li> <li>"6. Duties of Commissioner.</li> <li>"7. Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences.</li> <li>"8. Suits by and against the Corporation.</li> <li>"9. Library.</li> <li>"10. Classification of patents.</li> <li>"11. Certified copies of records.</li> <li>"12. Publications.</li> <li>"13. Exchange of copies of patents with foreign countries.</li> <li>"14. Copies of patents for public libraries.</li> <li>"15. Annual report to Congress.".</li> </ul>
9	(3) The table of contents for chapter 4 of part
10	I of title 35, United States Code, is amended by
11	adding at the end the following new item:
	"43. Audits.".
12	(b) Other Provisions of Law.—
13	(1) Section 9101(3) of title 31, United States
14	Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
15	ing:

1	"(O) the Patent and Trademark Office.".
2	(2) Section 500(e) of title 5, United States
3	Code, is amended by striking "Patent Office" and
4	inserting "Patent and Trademark Office".
5	(3) Section $5102(c)(23)$ of title 5, United
6	States Code, is amended by striking ", Department
7	of Commerce".
8	(4) Section 5316 of title 5, United States Code,
9	is amended by striking "Commissioner of Patents,
10	Department of Commerce.", "Deputy Commissioner
11	of Patents and Trademarks.", "Assistant Commis-
12	sioner for Patents.", and "Assistant Commissioner
13	for Trademarks.".
14	(5) Section 12 of the Act of February 14, 1903
15	(15 U.S.C. 1511) is amended by striking "(d) Pat-
16	ent and Trademark Office;" and redesignating sub-
17	sections (a) through (g) as paragraphs (1) through
18	(6), respectively.
19	(6) The Act of April 12, 1892 (27 Stat. 395;
20	20 U.S.C. 91) is amended by striking "Patent Of-
21	fice" and inserting "Patent and Trademark Office".
22	(7) Sections $505(m)$ and $512(o)$ of the Federal
23	Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355(m)
24	and 360b(o)) are each amended by striking "of the
25	Department of Commerce".

1	(8) Section 105(e) of the Federal Alcohol Ad-
2	ministration Act (27 U.S.C. 205(e)) is amended by
3	striking "Patent Office" and inserting "Patent and
4	Trademark Office''.
5	(9) Section 1744 of title 28, United States
6	Code is amended—
7	(A) by striking "Patent Office" each place
8	it appears and inserting "Patent and Trade-
9	mark Office"; and
10	(B) by striking "Commissioner of Patents"
11	and inserting "Commissioner of Patents and
12	Trademarks''.
13	(10) Section 1745 of title 28, United States
14	Code, is amended by striking "United States Patent
15	Office" and inserting "Patent and Trademark Of-
16	fice''.
17	(11) Section 1928 of title 28, United States
18	Code, is amended by striking "Patent Office" and
19	inserting "Patent and Trademark Office".
20	(12) Section 160 of the Atomic Energy Act of
21	1954 (42 U.S.C. 2190) is amended—
22	(A) by striking "United States Patent Of-
23	fice" and inserting "Patent and Trademark Of-
24	fice''; and

	220
1	(B) by striking "Commissioner of Patents"
2	and inserting "Commissioner of Patents and
3	Trademarks''.
4	(13) Section 305(c) of the National Aeronautics
5	and Space Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2457(c)) is
6	amended by striking "Commissioner of Patents" and
7	inserting "Commissioner of Patents and Trade-
8	marks''.
9	(14) Section 12(a) of the Solar Heating and
10	Cooling Demonstration Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C.
11	5510(a)) is amended by striking "Commissioner of
12	the Patent Office" and inserting "Commissioner of
13	Patents and Trademarks''.
14	(15) Section 1111 of title 44, United States
15	Code, is amended by striking "the Commissioner of
16	Patents,".
17	(16) Section 1114 of title 44, United States
18	Code, is amended by striking "the Commissioner of
19	Patents,".
20	(17) Section 1123 of title 44, United States
21	Code, is amended by striking "the Patent Office,".
22	(18) Sections 1337 and 1338 of title 44, United
23	States Code, and the items relating to those sections
24	in the table of contents for chapter 13 of such title,
25	are repealed.

1 (19) Section 10(i) of the Trading With the 2 Enemy Act (50 U.S.C. App. 10(i)) is amended by striking "Commissioner of Patents" and inserting 3 "Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks". 4 5 (20) Section 8G(a)(2) of the Inspector General 6 Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended by inserting 7 "the Patent and Trademark Office,", after "the 8 Panama Canal Commission,".

# 9 Subtitle E—Miscellaneous 10 Provisions

#### 11 SEC. 2501. REFERENCES.

12 Any reference in any other Federal law, Executive 13 order, rule, regulation, or delegation of authority, or any 14 document of or pertaining to a department or office from 15 which a function is transferred by this title—

16 (1) to the head of such department or office is
17 deemed to refer to the head of the department or of18 fice to which such function is transferred; or

19 (2) to such department or office is deemed to
20 refer to the department or office to which such func21 tion is transferred.

#### 22 SEC. 2502. EXERCISE OF AUTHORITIES.

Except as otherwise provided by law, a Federal official to whom a function is transferred by this title may,
for purposes of performing the function, exercise all au-

thorities under any other provision of law that were avail able with respect to the performance of that function to
 the official responsible for the performance of the function
 immediately before the effective date of the transfer of the
 function under this title.

#### 6 SEC. 2503. SAVINGS PROVISIONS.

7 (a) LEGAL DOCUMENTS.—All orders, determinations,
8 rules, regulations, permits, grants, loans, contracts, agree9 ments, certificates, licenses, and privileges—

10 (1) that have been issued, made, granted, or al-11 lowed to become effective by the President, the Sec-12 retary of Commerce, the United States Trade Rep-13 resentative, any officer or employee of any office 14 transferred by this title, or any other Government 15 official, or by a court of competent jurisdiction, in 16 the performance of any function that is transferred 17 by this title, and

18 (2) that are in effect on the effective date of
19 such transfer (or become effective after such date
20 pursuant to their terms as in effect on such effective
21 date),

shall continue in effect according to their terms untilmodified, terminated, superseded, set aside, or revoked inaccordance with law by the President, any other author-

ized official, a court of competent jurisdiction, or operation
 of law.

3 (b) PROCEEDINGS.—This title shall not affect any 4 proceedings or any application for any benefits, service, 5 license, permit, certificate, or financial assistance pending on the date of the enactment of this Act before an office 6 7 transferred by this title, but such proceedings and applica-8 tions shall be continued. Orders shall be issued in such 9 proceedings, appeals shall be taken therefrom, and pay-10 ments shall be made pursuant to such orders, as if this Act had not been enacted, and orders issued in any such 11 proceeding shall continue in effect until modified, termi-12 nated, superseded, or revoked by a duly authorized official, 13 by a court of competent jurisdiction, or by operation of 14 15 law. Nothing in this subsection shall be considered to prohibit the discontinuance or modification of any such pro-16 17 ceeding under the same terms and conditions and to the same extent that such proceeding could have been discon-18 19 tinued or modified if this title had not been enacted.

(c) SUITS.—This title shall not affect suits commenced before the date of the enactment of this Act, and
in all such suits, proceeding shall be had, appeals taken,
and judgments rendered in the same manner and with the
same effect as if this title had not been enacted.

1 (d) NONABATEMENT OF ACTIONS.—No suit, action, 2 or other proceeding commenced by or against the Depart-3 ment of Commerce or the Secretary of Commerce, or by 4 or against any individual in the official capacity of such 5 individual as an officer or employee of an office trans-6 ferred by this title, shall abate by reason of the enactment 7 of this title.

8 (e) CONTINUANCE OF SUITS.—If any Government of-9 ficer in the official capacity of such officer is party to a 10 suit with respect to a function of the officer, and under 11 this title such function is transferred to any other officer 12 or office, then such suit shall be continued with the other 13 officer or the head of such other office, as applicable, sub-14 stituted or added as a party.

15 (f) Administrative Procedure and Judicial Re-VIEW.—Except as otherwise provided by this title, any 16 17 statutory requirements relating to notice, hearings, action upon the record, or administrative or judicial review that 18 19 apply to any function transferred by this title shall apply 20 to the exercise of such function by the head of the Federal 21 agency, and other officers of the agency, to which such 22 function is transferred by this title.

#### 23 SEC. 2504. TRANSFER OF ASSETS.

Except as otherwise provided in this title, so much of the personnel, property, records, and unexpended bal-

ances of appropriations, allocations, and other funds em-1 2 ployed, used, held, available, or to be made available in 3 connection with a function transferred to an official or 4 agency by this title shall be available to the official or the 5 head of that agency, respectively, at such time or times as the Director of the Office of Management and Budget 6 7 directs for use in connection with the functions trans-8 ferred.

#### 9 SEC. 2505. DELEGATION AND ASSIGNMENT.

10 Except as otherwise expressly prohibited by law or otherwise provided in this title, an official to whom func-11 12 tions are transferred under this title (including the head 13 of any office to which functions are transferred under this title) may delegate any of the functions so transferred to 14 15 such officers and employees of the office of the official as the official may designate, and may authorize successive 16 17 redelegations of such functions as may be necessary or appropriate. No delegation of functions under this section 18 or under any other provision of this title shall relieve the 19 official to whom a function is transferred under this title 20 of responsibility for the administration of the function. 21

# 1SEC. 2506. AUTHORITY OF DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE OF2MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET WITH RESPECT3TO FUNCTIONS TRANSFERRED.

4 (a) DETERMINATIONS.—If necessary, the Director
5 shall make any determination of the functions that are
6 transferred under this title.

7 (b) INCIDENTAL TRANSFERS.—The Director, at such 8 time or times as the Director shall provide, may make 9 such determinations as may be necessary with regard to the functions transferred by this title, and to make such 10 11 additional incidental dispositions of personnel, assets, li-12 abilities, grants, contracts, property, records, and unex-13 pended balances of appropriations, authorizations, allocations, and other funds held, used, arising from, available 14 to, or to be made available in connection with such func-15 16 tions, as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this title. The Director shall provide for the termination 17 18 of the affairs of all entities terminated by this title and 19 for such further measures and dispositions as may be nec-20 essary to effect the purposes of this title.

# 21 SEC. 2507. CERTAIN VESTING OF FUNCTIONS CONSIDERED 22 TRANSFERS.

For purposes of this title, the vesting of a function in a department or office pursuant to reestablishment of an office shall be considered to be the transfer of the function. 233

#### 1 SEC. 2508. AVAILABILITY OF EXISTING FUNDS.

Existing appropriations and funds available for the performance of functions, programs, and activities terminated pursuant to this title shall remain available, for the duration of their period of availability, for necessary expenses in connection with the termination and resolution of such functions, programs, and activities.

#### 8 SEC. 2509. DEFINITIONS.

9 For purposes of this title—

10 (1) the term "function" includes any duty, obli11 gation, power, authority, responsibility, right, privi12 lege, activity, or program; and

(2) the term 'office' includes any office, administration, agency, bureau, institute, council, unit, organizational entity, or component thereof.

### 16 Subtitle F—Citizens Commission

17 on 21st Century Government

18 SEC. 2601. SHORT TITLE AND PURPOSE.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This subtitle may be cited as the"21st Century Government Act".

(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this subtitle is to es-tablish a bipartisan commission to—

(1) identify and analyze the current functionsand missions of the Federal Government; and

1	(2) based on that analysis, develop rec-
2	ommendations to restructure the executive branch of
3	the Federal Government, in order to—
4	(A) focus Federal efforts on those core
5	functions and missions that the Federal Gov-
6	ernment must perform in the 21st Century;
7	(B) ensure that the Federal Government
8	performs those functions as effectively and effi-
9	ciently as possible;
10	(C) consolidate executive organizations
11	around clear, specific missions reflecting cur-
12	rent national priorities;
13	(D) eliminate functions that do not ad-
14	vance current national priorities;
15	(E) eliminate duplication of functions and
16	activities within and among departments and
17	agencies;
18	(F) streamline organizational hierarchy so
19	as to reduce costs and increase accountability
20	for performance; and
21	(G) provide a basis for—
22	(i) the subsequent implementation of
23	operational reforms for Federal agencies,
24	including administrative consolidation and

	200
1	the provision of 1-stop services for citizens;
2	and
3	(ii) more detailed structural improve-
4	ments within each agency.
5	SEC. 2602. CITIZENS COMMISSION ON 21ST CENTURY GOV-
6	ERNMENT.
7	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the
8	legislative branch an independent commission to be known
9	as the Citizens Commission on 21st Century Government
10	(in this subtitle referred to as the "Commission").
11	(b) Appointment of Commissioners.—
12	(1) Composition.—The Commission shall be a
13	bipartisan body composed of 11 members, who shall
14	be appointed as follows:
15	(A) Three members shall be appointed by
16	the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
17	(B) Three members shall be appointed by
18	the majority leader of the Senate.
19	(C) Two members shall be appointed by
20	the minority leader of the House of Representa-
21	tives.
22	(D) Two members shall be appointed by
23	the minority leader of the Senate.
24	(E) One member appointed jointly by the
25	Speaker of the House of Representatives and

1	the majority leader of the Senate, in consulta-
2	tion with the minority leaders of the House of
3	Representatives and the Senate, who shall be
4	the Chairman of the Commission.
5	(2) Membership qualifications.—Any citi-
6	zen of the United States is eligible to be appointed
7	as a member of the Commission, except an individ-
8	ual serving as a Member of Congress or an elected
9	or appointed official of the executive branch of the
10	Federal Government.
11	(3) Conflict of interests.—For purposes of
12	chapter 11 of title 18, United States Code, a mem-
13	ber of the Commission shall be a special Government
14	employee.
15	(4) DATE OF APPOINTMENTS.—All members of
16	the Commission shall be appointed no later than 30
17	days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
18	(c) TERMS.—Each member of the Commission shall
19	serve until the termination of the Commission.
20	(d) VACANCIES.—A vacancy on the Commission shall
21	be filled in the same manner as was the original appoint-
22	ment.
23	(e) MEETINGS.—The Commission shall meet as nec-

essary to carry out its responsibilities.

1 (f) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—Members of the Commis-2 sion shall receive travel expenses, including per diem in 3 lieu of subsistence, in accordance with sections 5702 and 4 5703 of title 5, United States Code.

5 (g) DIRECTOR.—

6 (1) APPOINTMENT.—The Chairman, in con7 sultation with the other members of the Commission,
8 shall appoint a Director of the Commission.

9 (2) PAY.—The Director shall be paid at the 10 rate of basic pay payable for level IV of the Execu-11 tive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United 12 States Code.

13 (h) Staff.—

14 (1) APPOINTMENT.—The Director may, with 15 the approval of the Chairman, appoint and fix the 16 pay of employees of the Commission without regard 17 to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, gov-18 erning appointment in the competitive service, and 19 any Commission employee may be paid without re-20 gard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter 21 III of chapter 53 of that title relating to classifica-22 tion and General Schedule pay rates, except that a 23 Commission employee may not receive pay in excess 24 of the annual rate of basic pay payable for level V

of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title
 5, United States Code.

(2) DETAIL.—(A) Upon request of the Direc-3 4 tor, the head of any Federal department or agency 5 may detail any of the personnel of the department 6 or agency to the Commission to assist the Commis-7 sion in carrying out its duties under this subtitle. 8 Such details may be made with or without reim-9 bursement, and shall be without interruption or loss 10 of civil service status or privilege.

11 (B) Upon request of the Director, a Member of 12 Congress or an officer who is the head of an office or committee of the Senate or House of Representa-13 14 tives or of an agency within the legislative branch 15 may detail an employee of the office or committee of 16 which such Member or officer is the head to the 17 Commission to assist the Commission in carrying 18 out its duties under this subtitle.

(i) SUPPORT SERVICES.—The Comptroller General of
the United States shall provide support services to the
Commission in accordance with an agreement entered into
with the Commission.

(j) OTHER AUTHORITIES.—The Commission may
procure by contract, to the extent funds are available, the
temporary or intermittent services of experts or consult-

ants pursuant to section 3109 of title 5, United States
 Code. The Commission shall give public notice of any such
 contract before entering into such contract.

4 (k) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 5 are authorized to be appropriated to the Commission 6 \$1,250,000 for fiscal year 1996 to carry out its respon-7 sibilities under this subtitle, to remain available until De-8 cember 31, 1996.

9 (1) TERMINATION.—The Commission shall terminate10 December 31, 1996.

#### 11 SEC. 2603. DEPARTMENT AND AGENCY COOPERATION.

12 All Federal agencies and employees of all Federal 13 agencies shall cooperate fully with all requests for infor-14 mation from the Commission and shall respond to any 15 such request for information within 30 days or such other 16 time as is agreed upon by the requesting and requested 17 persons.

#### 18 SEC. 2604. HEARINGS.

The Commission shall hold such hearings as it considers appropriate. The Chairman of the Commission shall
designate a member of the Commission to preside at any
hearing in the absence of the Chairman.

#### 1 SEC. 2605. COMMISSION PROCEDURES.

2 (a) STARTUP.—The Commission may conduct busi3 ness at any time after at least 6 of its members have been
4 appointed in accordance with section 2602.

5 (b) VOTING.—A majority of those members of the Commission who have been appointed in accordance with 6 7 section 2602 shall constitute a quorum for purposes of 8 conducting Commission business. Any recommendation of 9 the Commission shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of Commission members who have been appointed 10 in accordance with section 2602. Members of the Commis-11 12 sion may not vote by proxy.

# 13 SEC. 2606. FRAMEWORK FOR THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT 14 IN THE 21ST CENTURY.

(a) ANALYSIS OF CURRENT FEDERAL FUNCTIONS.—
The Commission shall conduct a comprehensive review of
the functions currently performed by the Federal Government, and shall analyze each such function under the following criteria:

20 (1) Does the function have clearly defined mis-21 sions and objectives.

(2) Do those missions and objectives serve a
currently valid and important Federal role, including
analysis of whether—

25 (A) there is a need for governmental ac-26 tion;

1	(B) the Federal Government has exclusive
2	constitutional authority to perform the function;
3	(C) the Federal Government is otherwise
4	uniquely positioned to perform the function;
5	and
6	(D) there is a clear need for or advantage
7	to performing the function at the Federal level
8	versus at the State or local level.
9	(3) Does the current Federal role constitute the
10	most effective and efficient means of achieving the
11	objectives of the function.
12	(4) Does the current Federal role constitute the
13	least intrusive means of achieving the objectives with
14	respect to individual liberty and principles of Fed-
15	eralism.
16	(5) Is there a need to enhance Federal perform-
17	ance of the function, including analysis of whether—
18	(A) the Federal Government requires
19	greater resources or authority to perform that
20	function;
21	(B) there are other ways of consolidating
22	Federal resources and activities directed to the
23	function; and

1	(C) there are opportunities for participa-
2	tion by the private sector or other levels of gov-
3	ernment.
4	(b) Commission Reports and Recommenda-
5	TIONS.—
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall pre-
7	pare and submit to the Congress a report or reports
8	on the results of its analysis. Each report shall be
9	made public and shall include—
10	(A) the Commission's findings and conclu-
11	sions;
12	(B) the Commission's recommendations for
13	the restructuring or termination of current
14	functions;
15	(C) the reasons for such findings, conclu-
16	sions, and recommendations; and
17	(D) a complete description of the Commis-
18	sion's deliberations, including a discussion of
19	any major points on which the members had
20	significant disagreements.
21	(2) Report on matters of highest prior-
22	ITY.—Not later than July 31, 1996, the Commission
23	shall submit a report containing those findings, con-
24	clusions, and recommendations that the Commission
25	considers to be of highest priority.

1	(3) Additional reports.—The Commission
2	may submit such additional reports under this sec-
3	tion as it considers appropriate, and at such times
4	on or before December 31, 1996, as it considers ap-
5	propriate.
6	SEC. 2607. PROPOSAL FOR REORGANIZING THE EXECUTIVE
7	BRANCH.
8	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall—
9	(1) examine all significant issues related to the
10	organization of the executive branch of the Federal
11	Government; and
12	(2) develop organizational recommendations to
13	eliminate duplication, reduce costs, streamline oper-
14	ations, and improve performance and accountability
15	in Federal departments and agencies.
16	(b) LEGISLATIVE PROPOSAL.—The recommendations
17	of the Commission under this section shall be encompassed
18	in a single legislative proposal under section 2608 which
19	implements a comprehensive reorganization and restruc-
20	turing plan for the executive branch and which addresses,
21	among other issues, the following:
22	(1) Whether the Federal Government should in-
23	clude fewer departments, each with clear, specific
24	missions and goals, and if so, what those depart-
25	ments should be.

1 (2) Whether and how to ensure that similar 2 functions of Government, such as statistical, science, 3 or trade functions, are consolidated within a single 4 department or agency. (3) Whether and how significant common ad-5 6 ministrative functions should be consolidated within 7 one executive organization. (4) Whether a single department-level office 8 9 should be designated with responsibility for rep-10 resentation and oversight within the White House of 11 all independent agencies of the executive branch. 12 (5) Whether and how a streamlined hierarchical 13 structure can be provided within each department 14 and agency. 15 (c) OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS.—The Commission may also make additional recommendations which it deter-16 17 mines will enhance the operational effectiveness of the or-18 ganizational recommendations. Such recommendations 19 shall not be included in any draft implementation bill to 20 be considered under section 2609, but may be submitted 21 separately to the Congress. 22 SEC. 2608. PROCEDURES FOR MAKING RECOMMENDA-

23 TIONS.

(a) COMMISSION REPORT.—No later than December31, 1996, the Commission shall prepare and submit to the

Congress a single report, which shall be made public, and
 which shall include—

- 3 (1) a description of the Commission's findings
  4 and recommendations pursuant to section 2607;
- 5 (2) the reasons for such recommendations; and
  6 (3) a single proposal consisting of draft legisla7 tion to implement those recommendations for which
  8 legislation is appropriate.

9 (b) REVIEW AND COMMENT BY THE PRESIDENT.— 10 No later than March 31, 1997, the President shall submit 11 to the Congress an evaluation of the Commission's report 12 under this section, together with any recommendations 13 that the President considers appropriate.

### 14 SEC. 2609. CONGRESSIONAL CONSIDERATION OF REFORM

15

#### PROPOSALS.

16 (a) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—

(1) the term "implementation bill" means only
a bill which is introduced as provided under subsection (b), and consists of the draft legislation contained in the report submitted to Congress under
section 2608; and

(2) the term "calendar day of session" means
a calendar day other than one on which either
House is not in session because of an adjournment
of more than 3 days to a date certain.

(b) INTRODUCTION, REFERRAL, AND REPORT OR
 DISCHARGE.—

3	(1) INTRODUCTION.—On the first calendar day
4	of session on which both Houses are in session im-
5	mediately following April 15, 1997, a bill consisting
6	of the draft legislation contained in the report sub-
7	mitted to Congress under section 2608 shall be in-
8	troduced (by request)—
9	(A) in the Senate by the majority leader or
10	by any Member designated by the majority
11	leader; and
12	(B) in the House of Representatives by the
13	majority leader or by any Member designated
14	by the majority.
15	If such a bill is not introduced in either House as
16	provided in the preceding session within 3 calendar
17	days of session after such first calendar day of ses-
18	sion, then any Member of that House may introduce
19	such a bill.
20	(2) REFERRAL.—The implementation bill intro-
21	duced in the Senate under paragraph (1) shall be re-
22	ferred concurrently to the Committee on Govern-
23	mental Affairs of the Senate and other committees
24	with jurisdiction.

1 (3) REPORT OR DISCHARGE.—If any committee 2 to which an implementation bill is referred has not 3 reported such bill by the end of the 15th calendar 4 day of session after the date of introduction of such 5 bill, such committee shall be immediately discharged 6 from further consideration of such bill, and upon 7 being reported or discharged from all committees, 8 such bill shall be placed on the appropriate calendar 9 of the House involved.

10 (c) PROCEDURES FOR CONSIDERATION BY THE SEN11 ATE.—

12 (1) IN GENERAL.—On or after the second cal-13 endar day of session after the date on which an im-14 plementation bill is placed on the Senate calendar, 15 it is in order (even though a previous motion to the 16 same effect has been disagreed to) for any Senator 17 to move to proceed to the consideration of the imple-18 mentation bill (but only on the day after the cal-19 endar day of session on which such Senator an-20 nounces on the floor of the Senate the Senator's in-21 tention to do so). All points of order against the im-22 plementation bill (and against consideration of the 23 implementation bill) are waived. The motion is privi-24 leged and is not debatable. The motion is not subject 25 to amendment, or to a motion to postpone, or to a

1 motion to proceed to the consideration of other business. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the 2 3 motion is agreed to or disagreed to shall not be in 4 order. If a motion to proceed to the consideration of 5 the implementation bill is agreed to, the Senate shall 6 immediately proceed to consideration of the imple-7 mentation bill without intervening motion, order, or 8 other business, and the implementation bill shall re-9 main the unfinished business of the Senate until dis-10 posed of.

11 (2) DEBATE.—Debate on the implementation 12 bill, and on all debatable motions and appeals in 13 connection therewith, shall be limited to not more 14 than 10 hours, which shall be divided equally be-15 tween the majority leader and the minority leader or 16 their designees. An amendment to the implementa-17 tion bill is not in order. A motion further to limit 18 debate is in order and not debatable. A motion to 19 postpone, or a motion to proceed to the consider-20 ation of other business, or a motion to recommit the 21 implementation bill is not in order. A motion to re-22 consider the vote by which the implementation bill is 23 agreed to or disagreed to is not in order.

24 (3) MOTION TO SUSPEND OR WAIVE APPLICA25 TION.—No motion to suspend or waive the applica-

tion of this subsection shall be in order, except by 2 unanimous consent. (4) APPEALS FROM CHAIR.—Appeals from the 3 4 decisions of the Chair relating to the application of 5 the rules of the Senate to the procedure relating to 6 an implementation bill shall be decided without de-7 bate. 8 (5)FINAL PASSAGE.—Immediately following 9 the conclusion of the debate on an implementation 10 bill and a single quorum call at the conclusion of the 11 debate if requested in accordance with the rules of 12 the Senate, the vote on final passage of the imple-13 mentation bill shall occur. 14 (d) CONSIDERATION BY OTHER HOUSE.— 15 (1) IN GENERAL.—If, before the passage by the 16 Senate of an implementation bill, the Senate receives 17 from the House of Representatives an implementa-18 tion bill, then the following procedures shall apply: 19 (A) The implementation bill of the House

20 of Representatives shall not be referred to a 21 committee and may not be considered in the 22 Senate except in the case of final passage as 23 provided in subparagraph (B)(ii).

24 (B) With respect to an implementation bill 25 of the Senate—

1

1	(i) the procedure in the Senate shall
2	be the same as if no implementation bill
3	had been received from the House of Rep-
4	resentatives; but
5	(ii) the vote on final passage shall be
6	on the implementation bill of the House of
7	Representatives.
8	(2) FINAL DISPOSITION.—Upon disposition of
9	the implementation bill received from the House of
10	Representatives, it shall no longer be in order to
11	consider the implementation bill that originated in
12	the Senate.
13	(f) Rules of the Senate and House.—This sec-
14	tion is enacted by Congress—
15	(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of
16	the Senate and House of Representatives, respec-
17	tively, and as such it is deemed a part of the rules
18	of each House, respectively, but applicable only with
19	respect to the procedure to be followed in that
20	House in the case of an implementation bill, and it
21	supersedes other rules only to the extent that it is
22	inconsistent with such rules; and
23	(2) with full recognition of the constitutional
24	right of either House to change its rules (so far as
25	relating to the procedure of that House) at any time,

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1	in the same manner, and to the same extent as in
2	the case of any other rule of that House.
3	SEC. 2610. DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS.
4	Any proceeds from the sale of assets of any depart-
5	ment or agency resulting from the enactment of an imple-
6	mentation bill under section 2609 shall be—
7	(1) applied to reduce the Federal deficit; and
8	(2) deposited in the Treasury and treated as
9	general receipts.
10	SEC. 2611. AGENCY DEFINED.
11	For purposes of this subtitle, the term "agency"
12	means each authority of the Federal Government, includ-

12 means each authority of the Federal Government, includ-13 ing all departments, independent agencies, government-14 sponsored enterprises, and Government corporations, ex-15 cept the legislative branch, judicial branch, the govern-16 ments of the territories or possessions of the United 17 States, or the District of Columbia.

### TITLE III—REGULATORY REFORM

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#### 3 SEC. 3001. SHORT TITLE.

1

2

4 This title may be cited as the "Comprehensive Regu-5 latory Reform Act of 1995".

#### 6 SEC. 3002. ANALYSIS OF AGENCY RULES.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—(1) Section 551 of title 5, United
8 States Code, is amended by striking "and" at the end of
9 paragraph (13), by striking the period at the end of para10 graph (14) and inserting a semicolon, and by adding at
11 the end the following:

12	"(15) "major rule" means any rule subject to
13	section 553(c) that is likely to result in—

14 "(A) an annual effect on the economy of15 \$100,000,000 or more;

16 "(B) a major increase in costs or prices for
17 consumers, individual industries, Federal,
18 State, or local government agencies, or geo19 graphic regions, or

20 "(C) significant adverse effects on competi21 tion, employment, investment, productivity, in-
1	novation, or on the ability of United States-based
2	enterprises to compete with foreign-based enterprises
3	in domestic and export markets;
4	"(16) 'Director' means the Director of the Of-
5	fice of Management and Budget;
6	((17)) (cost' means the reasonably identifiable
7	significant adverse effects, quantifiable and
8	nonquantifiable, including social, environmental,
9	health, and economic effects that are expected to re-
10	sult directly or indirectly from implementation of a
11	rule or other agency action;
12	"(18) 'cost-benefit analysis' means an evalua-
13	tion of the costs and benefits of a rule, quantified
14	to the extent feasible and appropriate and otherwise
15	qualitatively described, that is prepared in accord-
16	ance with the requirements of this subchapter at the
17	level of detail appropriate and practicable for rea-
18	soned decision making on the matter involved, tak-
19	ing into consideration the significance and complex-
20	ity of the decision and any need for expedition; and
21	"(19) 'reasonable alternatives' means the range
22	of reasonable regulatory options that the agency has
23	authority to consider under the statute granting
24	rulemaking authority, including flexible regulatory

options, unless precluded by the statute granting the
 rulemaking authority.".

3 (2) Section 553 of title 5, United States Code, is4 amended by adding at the end the following:

5 "(f)(1) Each agency shall for a proposed major rule 6 publish in the Federal Register, at least 90 days before 7 the date of publication of the general notice required 8 under subsection (b), a notice of intent to engage in rule-9 making.

10 "(2) A notice under paragraph (1) for a proposed major rule shall include, to the extent possible, the infor-11 12 mation required to be included in a regulatory impact analysis for the rule under subsection (i)(4)(B) and (D). 13 14 "(3) For a major rule proposed by an agency, the 15 head of the agency shall include in a general notice under subsection (b), a preliminary regulatory impact analysis 16 17 for the rule prepared in accordance with subsection (i). 18 "(4) For a final major rule, the agency shall include 19 with the statement of basis and purpose—

20 "(A) a summary of a final regulatory impact
21 analysis of the rule in accordance with subsection
22 (i); and

23 "(B) a clear delineation of all changes in the in24 formation included in the final regulatory impact
25 analysis under subsection (i) from any such informa-

tion that was included in the notice for the ruleunder subsection (b).

3 The agency shall provide the complete text of a final regu-4 latory impact analysis upon request.

5 "(5) The issuance of a notice of intent to engage in 6 rulemaking under paragraph (1) and the issuance of a 7 preliminary regulatory impact analysis under paragraph 8 (3) shall not be considered final agency action for pur-9 poses of section 704.

10 "(6) In a rulemaking involving a major rule, the 11 agency conducting the rulemaking shall make a written 12 record describing the subject of all contacts the agency 13 made with persons outside the agency relating to such 14 rulemaking. If the contact was made with a non-govern-15 mental person, the written record of such contact shall be 16 made available, upon request to the public.".

17 (3)(A) HEARING REQUIREMENT.—Section 553 of
18 title 5, United States Code, is further amended by adding
19 after subsection (f) the following:

"(g) If more than 100 interested persons acting individually submit requests for a hearing to an agency regarding any major rule proposed by the agency, the agency shall hold such a hearing on the proposed rule.".

(B) EXTENSION OF COMMENT PERIOD.—Section
 2 553 of title 5, United States Code is further amended by
 3 adding after subsection (g) the following:

"(h) If during the 90-day period beginning on the 4 5 date of publication of a notice under subsection (f) for a proposed major rule, or if during the period beginning on 6 7 the date of publication or service of notice required by sub-8 section (b) for a proposed major rule, more than 100 per-9 sons individually contact the agency to request an exten-10 sion of the period for making submissions under subsection (c) pursuant to the notice, the agency-11

12 "(1) shall provide an additional 30-day period13 for making those submissions; and

14 "(2) may not adopt the rule until after the ad-15 ditional period.".

16 (C) RESPONSE TO COMMENTS.—Section 553(c) of
17 title 5, United States Code, is amended—

18 (i) by inserting "(1)" after "(c)"; and

19 (ii) by adding at the end the following:

"(2) Each agency shall publish in the Federal Register, with each rule published under section 552(a)(1)(D),
responses to the substance of the comments received by
the agency regarding the rule.".

24 (4) Section 553 of title 5, United States Code, is fur-25 ther amended by adding after subsection (h) the following:

"(i)(1) Each agency shall, in connection with every
 major rule, prepare, and, to the extent permitted by law,
 consider, a regulatory impact analysis. Such analysis may
 be combined with any regulatory flexibility analysis per formed under sections 603 and 604.

6 "(2) Each agency shall initially determine whether a 7 rule it intends to propose or issue is a major rule. The 8 Director shall have authority to order a rule to be treated 9 as a major rule and to require any set of related rules 10 to be considered together as a major rule.

11 "(3) Except as provided in subsection (j), agencies12 shall prepare—

"(A) a preliminary regulatory impact analysis,
which shall be transmitted, along with a notice of
proposed rulemaking, to the Director at least 60
days prior to the publication of notice of proposed
rulemaking, and

"(B) a final regulatory impact analysis, which
shall be transmitted along with the final rule at least
30 days prior to the publication of a major rule.

21 "(4) Each preliminary and final regulatory impact22 analysis shall contain the following information:

23 "(A) A description of the potential benefits of24 the rule, including any beneficial effects that cannot

1	be quantified in monetary terms and the identifica-
2	tion of those likely to receive the benefits.
3	"(B) An explanation of the necessity, legal au-
4	thority, and reasonableness of the rule and a de-
5	scription of the condition that the rule is to address.
6	"(C) A description of the potential costs of the
7	rule, including any adverse effects that cannot be
8	quantified in monetary terms, and the identification
9	of those likely to bear the costs.
10	"(D) An analysis of alternative approaches, in-
11	cluding market based mechanisms or other flexible
12	regulatory options that could substantially achieve
13	the same regulatory goal at a lower cost and an ex-
14	planation of the reasons why such alternative ap-
15	proaches were not adopted, together with a dem-
16	onstration that the rule provides for the least costly
17	approach.
18	"(E) A statement that the rule does not conflict
19	with, or duplicate, any other rule or a statement of
20	the reasons why such a conflict or duplication exists.
21	"(F) A statement of whether the rule will re-
22	quire on-site inspections or whether persons will be
23	required by the rule to maintain any records which
24	will be subject to inspection, and a statement of
25	whether the rule will require persons to obtain li-

1	censes, permits, or other certifications, including
2	specification of any associated fees or fines.
3	"(G) An estimate of the costs to the agency for
4	implementation and enforcement of the rule and of
5	whether the agency can be reasonably expected to
6	implement the rule with the current level of appro-
7	priations.
8	"(5)(A) the Director is authorized to review and pre-
0	

9 pare comments on any preliminary or final regulatory im-10 pact analysis, notice of proposed rulemaking, or final rule11 based on the requirements of this subsection.

"(B) Upon the request of the Director, an agency 12 shall consult with the Director concerning the review of 13 a preliminary impact analysis or notice of proposed rule-14 15 making and shall refrain from publishing its preliminary regulatory impact analysis or notice of proposed rule-16 17 making until such review is concluded. The Director's review may not take longer than 90 days after the date of 18 19 the request of the Director.

"(6)(A) An agency may not adopt a major rule unless
the final regulatory impact analysis for the rule is approved or commented upon in writing by the Director or
by an individual designated by the Director for that purpose.

"(B) Upon receiving notice that the Director intends
to comment in writing with respect to any final regulatory
impact analysis or final rule, the agency shall refrain from
publishing its final regulatory impact analysis or final rule
until the agency has responded to the Director's comments
and incorporated those comments in the agency's response
in the rulemaking file.

8 "(7)(A) Except as provided in subparagrph (B), no
9 final major rule subject to this section shall be promul10 gated unless the agency head publishes in the Federal
11 Register a finding that—

12 "(i) the benefits of the rule justify the costs of13 the rule; and

14 "(ii) the rule employs to the extent practicable 15 flexible alternatives as set forth in paragraph (4)(D) 16 and adopts the reasonable alternative which has the 17 greater net benefits and achieves the objectives of 18 the statute.

"(B) If, applying the statutory requirements upon
which the rule is based, a rule cannot satisfy the criteria
of subparagraph (A), the agency head may promulgate the
rule if the agency head finds that—

23 "(i) the rule employs to the extent practicable
24 flexible reasonable alternatives of the type described
25 in paragraph (4)(D); and

"(ii) the rule adopts the alternative with the
 least net cost of the reasonable alternatives that
 achieve the objectives of the statute.

4 "(8) Notwithstanding section 551(16), for purposes 5 of this subsection with regard to any rule proposed or issued by an appropriate Federal banking agency (as that 6 term is defined in section 3(q) of the Federal Deposit In-7 8 surance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813(q)), the National Credit 9 Union Administration, or the Office of Federal Housing 10 Enterprise Oversight, the term 'Director' means the head of such agency, Administration, or Office.". 11

12 (5) Section 553 of title 5, United States Code, is fur-13 ther amended by adding after subsection (i) the following: 14 "(j) To the extent practicable, the head of an agency 15 shall seek to ensure that any proposed major rule or regulatory impact analysis of such a rule is written in a reason-16 17 ably simple and understandable manner and provides adequate notice of the content of the rule to affected per-18 sons.". 19

20 (6) Section 553 of title 5, United States Code, is fur21 ther amended by adding after subsection (j) the following:
22 "(k)(1) The provisions of this section regarding
23 major rules shall not apply if—

24 "(A) the agency for good cause finds that con-25 ducting cost-benefit analysis is impracticable due to

an emergency, or health or safety threat, or a food 1 2 safety threat that is likely to result in significant 3 harm to the public or natural resources; and 4 "(B) the agency publishes in the Federal Reg-5 ister, together with such finding, a succinct state-6 ment of the basis for the finding. 7 "(2) Not later than one year after the promulgation 8 of a final major rule to which paragraph (1) applies, the 9 agency shall comply with the provisions of this subchapter 10 and, as thereafter necessary, revise the rule. 11 (7) Section 553 of title 5, United States Code, is fur-12 ther amended by adding after subsection (k) the following: 13 "(1) The provisions of this section regarding major 14 rules shall not apply to— 15 "(1) any regulation proposed or issued in con-16 nection with the implementation of monetary policy 17 or to ensure the safety and soundness of federally 18 insured depository institutions, any affiliate of such 19 institution, credit unions, or government sponsored 20 housing enterprises regulated by the Office of Fed-21 eral Housing Enterprise Oversight;

"(2) any agency action that the head of the agency certifies is limited to interpreting, implementing, or administering the internal revenue laws of the United States, including any regulation proposed or issued in connection with ensuring the collection
 of taxes from a subsidiary of a foreign company
 doing business in the United States; and

4 "(3) any regulation proposed or issued pursu5 ant to section 553 of title 5, United States Code, in
6 connection with imposing trade sanctions against
7 any country that engages in illegal trade activities
8 against the United States that are injurious to
9 American technology, jobs, pensions, or general eco10 nomic well-being.".

(8) The Director of the Office of Management and
Budget shall submit a report to the Congress no later than
24 months after the date of the enactment of this Act containing an analysis of rulemaking procedures of Federal
agencies and an analysis of the impact of those rulemaking procedures on the regulated public and regulatory
process.

(9) The amendments made by this subsection shallapply only to final agency rules issued after rulemakingbegun after the date of enactment of this Act.

## 21 SEC. 3003. RISK ASSESSMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 6 of title 5, United
States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

1	"SUBCHAPTER III—RISK ASSESSMENTS
2	"§631. Short title
3	"This subchapter may be cited as the 'Risk Assess-
4	ment and Communication Act of 1995'.
5	"§632. Purposes
6	"The purposes of this subchapter are—
7	"(1) to present the public and executive branch
8	with the most scientifically objective and unbiased
9	information concerning the nature and magnitude of
10	health, safety, and environmental risks in order to
11	provide for sound regulatory decisions and public
12	education;
13	((2) to provide for full consideration and dis-
14	cussion of relevant data and potential methodologies;
15	"(3) to require explanation of significant
16	choices in the risk assessment process which will
17	allow for better peer review and public understand-
18	ing; and
19	"(4) to improve consistency within the executive
20	branch in preparing risk assessments and risk char-
21	acterizations.
22	"§633. Effective date; applicability; savings provi-
23	sions
24	"(a) Effective Date.—Except as otherwise specifi-
25	cally provided in this subchapter, the provisions of this

subchapter shall take effect 18 months after the date of
 enactment of this subchapter.

3 "(b) Applicability.—

4 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para5 graph (3), this subchapter applies to all significant
6 risk assessment documents and significant risk char7 acterization documents, as defined in paragraph (2).

"(2) SIGNIFICANT RISK ASSESSMENT DOCU-8 9 MENT OR SIGNIFICANT RISK CHARACTERIZATION 10 DOCUMENT.—(A) As used in this subchapter, the 11 terms 'significant risk assessment document' and 12 'significant risk characterization document' include, at a minimum, risk assessment documents or risk 13 14 characterization documents prepared by or on behalf 15 of a covered Federal agency in the implementation 16 of a regulatory program designed to protect human 17 health, safety, or the environment, used as a basis 18 for one of the items referred to in subparagraph (B), 19 and-

20 "(i) included by the agency in that item; or
21 "(ii) inserted by the agency in the adminis22 trative record for that item.

23 "(B) The items referred to in subparagraph (A)24 are the following:

"(i) Any proposed or final major rule, including any analysis or certification under subchapter II, promulgated as part of any Federal regulatory program designed to protect human health, safety, or the environment.

6 "(ii) Any proposed or final environmental 7 clean-up plan for a facility or Federal guidelines 8 for the issuance of any such plan. As used in 9 this clause, the term 'environmental clean-up' 10 means a corrective action under the Solid 11 Waste Disposal Act, a removal or remedial ac-12 tion under the Comprehensive Environmental 13 Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 14 1980, and any other environmental restoration 15 and waste management carried out by or on be-16 half of a covered Federal agency with respect to 17 any substance other than municipal waste.

"(iii) Any proposed or final permit condition placing a restriction on facility siting or
operation under Federal laws administered by
the Environmental Protection Agency or the
Department of the Interior. Nothing in this section (iii) shall apply to the requirements of section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

25 "(iv) Any report to Congress.

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1	"(v) Any regulatory action to place a sub-
2	stance on any official list of carcinogens or
3	toxic or hazardous substances or to place a new
4	health effects value on such list, including the
5	Integrated Risk Information System Database
6	maintained by the Environmental Protection
7	Agency.
8	"(vi) Any guidance, including protocols of
9	general applicability, establishing policy regard-
10	ing risk assessment or risk characterization.
11	"(C) The terms 'significant risk assessment
12	document' and 'significant risk characterization doc-
13	ument' shall also include the following:
14	"(i) Any such risk assessment and risk
15	characterization documents provided by a cov-
16	ered Federal agency to the public and which are
17	likely to result in an annual effect on the econ-
18	omy of \$75,000,000 or more.
19	"(ii) Environmental restoration and waste
20	management carried out by or on behalf of the
21	Department of Defense with respect to any sub-
22	stance other than municipal waste.
23	"(D) Within 15 months after the date of the
24	enactment of this subchapter, each covered Federal
25	agency administering a regulatory program designed

1	to protect human health, safety, or the environment
2	shall promulgate a rule establishing those additional
3	categories, if any, of risk assessment and risk char-
4	acterization documents prepared by or on behalf of
5	the covered Federal agency that the agency will con-
6	sider significant risk assessment documents or sig-
7	nificant risk characterization documents for pur-
8	poses of this subchapter. In establishing such cat-
9	egories, the head of the agency shall consider each
10	of the following:
11	"(i) The benefits of consistent compliance
12	by documents of the covered Federal agency in
13	the categories.
14	"(ii) The administrative burdens of includ-
15	ing documents in the categories.
16	"(iii) The need to make expeditious admin-
17	istrative decisions regarding documents in the
18	categories.
19	"(iv) The possible use of a risk assessment
20	or risk characterization in any compilation of
21	risk hazards or health or environmental effects
22	prepared by an agency and commonly made
23	available to, or used by, any Federal, State, or
24	local government agency.

"(v) Such other factors as may be appro priate.

"(E)(i) Not later than 18 months after the date 3 4 of the enactment of this subchapter, the President, 5 acting through the Director of the Office of Manage-6 ment and Budget, shall determine whether any other 7 Federal agencies should be considered covered Fed-8 eral agencies for purposes of this subchapter. Such 9 determination, with respect to a particular Federal 10 agency, shall be based on the impact of risk assess-11 ment documents and risk characterization docu-12 ments on-

13 "(I) regulatory programs administered by14 that agency; and

15 "(II) the communication of risk informa-16 tion by that agency to the public.

17 The effective date of such a determination shall be18 no later than 6 months after the date of the deter-19 mination.

"(ii) Not later than 15 months after the President, acting through the Director of the Office of
Management and Budget, determines pursuant to
clause (i) that a Federal agency should be considered a covered Federal agency for purposes of this
subchapter, the head of that agency shall promul-

gate a rule pursuant to subparagraph (D) to estab-
lish additional categories of risk assessment and risk
characterization documents described in that sub-
paragraph.
"(3) EXCEPTIONS.—(A) This subchapter does
not apply to risk assessment or risk characterization
documents containing risk assessments or risk char-
acterizations performed with respect to the follow-
ing:
"(i) A screening analysis, where appro-
priately labeled as such, including a screening
analysis for purposes of product regulation or
premanufacturing notices.
"(ii) Any health, safety, or environmental
inspections.
"(iii) The sale or lease of Federal re-
sources or regulatory activities that directly re-
sult in the collection of Federal receipts.
"(B) No analysis shall be treated as a screening
analysis for purposes of subparagraph (A) if the re-
sults of such analysis are used as the basis for im-
posing restrictions on substances or activities.
"(C) The risk assessment principle set forth in
this 634(b)(1) need not apply to any risk assessment
or risk characterization document described in

clause (iii) of paragraph (2)(B). The risk character ization and communication principle set forth in sec tion 635(4) need not apply to any risk assessment
 or risk characterization document described in
 clause (v) or (vi) of paragraph (2)(B).

6 "(c) SAVINGS PROVISIONS.—The provisions of this 7 subchapter shall be supplemental to any other provisions 8 of law relating to risk assessments and risk characteriza-9 tions, except that nothing in this subchapter shall be con-10 strued to modify any statutory standard or statutory requirement designed to protect health, safety, or the envi-11 12 ronment. Nothing in this subchapter shall be interpreted 13 to preclude the consideration of any data or the calculation of any estimate to more fully describe risk or provide ex-14 15 amples of scientific uncertainty or variability. Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed to require the disclosure 16 of any trade secret or other confidential information. 17

### 18 **"§634. Principles for risk assessment**

19 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The head of each covered Fed-20 eral agency shall apply the principles set forth in sub-21 section (b) in order to assure that significant risk assess-22 ment documents and all of their components distinguish 23 scientific findings from other considerations and are, to 24 the extent feasible, scientifically objective, unbiased, and 25 inclusive of all relevant data and rely, to the extent available and practicable, on scientific findings. Discussions or
 explanations required under this section need not be re peated in each risk assessment document as long as there
 is a reference to the relevant discussion or explanation in
 another agency document which is available to the public.

6 "(b) PRINCIPLES.—The principles to be applied are7 as follows:

8 "(1) When discussing human health risks, a 9 significant risk assessment document shall contain a 10 discussion of both relevant laboratory and relevant 11 epidemiological data of sufficient quality which finds, 12 or fails to find, a correlation between health risks 13 and a potential toxin or activity. Where conflicts 14 among such data appear to exist, or where animal 15 data is used as a basis to assess human health, the 16 significant risk assessment document shall, to the 17 extent feasible and appropriate, include discussion of 18 possible reconciliation of conflicting information, and 19 as relevant, differences in study designs, compara-20 tive physiology, routes of exposure, bioavailability, 21 pharmacokinetics, and any other relevant factor, in-22 cluding the sufficiency of basic data for review. The 23 discussion of possible reconciliation should indicate 24 whether there is a biological basis to assume a re-

1	sulting harm in humans. Animal data shall be re-
2	viewed with regard to its relevancy to humans.
3	"(2) Where a significant risk assessment docu-
4	ment involves selection of any significant assump-
5	tion, inference, or model, the document shall, to the
6	extent feasible—
7	"(A) present a representative list and ex-
8	planation of plausible and alternative assump-
9	tions, inferences, or models;
10	"(B) explain the basis for any choices;
11	"(C) identify any policy or value judg-
12	ments;
13	"(D) fully describe any model used in the
14	risk assessment and make explicit the assump-
15	tions incorporated in the model; and
16	"(E) indicate the extent to which any sig-
17	nificant model has been validated by, or con-
18	flicts with, empirical data.
19	"§635. Principles for risk characterization and com-
20	munication
21	"Each significant risk characterization document
22	shall meet each of the following requirements:
23	"(1) ESTIMATES OF RISK.—The risk character-
24	ization shall describe the populations or natural re-
25	sources which are the subject of the risk character-

1	ization. If a numerical estimate of risk is provided,
2	the agency shall, to the extent feasible, provide—
3	"(A) the best estimate or estimates for the
4	specific populations or natural resources which
5	are the subject of the characterization (based
6	on the information available to the Federal
7	agency); and
8	"(B) a statement of the reasonable range
9	of scientific uncertainties.
10	In addition to such best estimate or estimates, the
11	risk characterization document may present plau-
12	sible upper-bound or conservative estimates in con-
13	junction with plausible lower bound estimates.
14	Where appropriate, the risk characterization docu-
15	ment may present, in lieu of a single best estimate,
16	multiple best estimates based on assumptions, infer-
17	ences, or models which are equally plausible, given
18	current scientific understanding. To the extent prac-
19	tical and appropriate, the document shall provide de-
20	scriptions of the distribution and probability of risk
21	estimates to reflect differences in exposure varia-
22	bility or sensitivity in populations and attendant un-
23	certainties. Sensitive subpopulations or highly ex-
24	posed subpopulations include, where relevant and

appropriate, children, the elderly, pregnant women,
 and disabled persons.

"(2) EXPOSURE SCENARIOS.—The risk characterization document shall explain the exposure scenarios used in any risk assessment, and, to the extent feasible, provide a statement of the size of the
corresponding population at risk and the likelihood
of such exposure scenarios.

9 "(3) COMPARISONS.—The document shall con-10 tain a statement that places the nature and mag-11 nitude of risks to human health, safety, or the envi-12 ronment in context. Such statement shall, to the ex-13 tent feasible, provide comparisons with estimates of 14 greater, lesser, and substantially equivalent risks 15 that are familiar to and routinely encountered by the 16 general public as well as other risks, and, where ap-17 propriate and meaningful, comparisons of those risks 18 with other similar risks regulated by the Federal 19 agency resulting from comparable activities and ex-20 posure pathways. Such comparisons should consider 21 relevant distinctions among risks, such as the vol-22 untary or involuntary nature of risks and the pre-23 ventability or nonpreventability of risks.

24 "(4) SUBSTITUTION RISKS.—Each significant
25 risk assessment or risk characterization document

1	shall include a statement of any significant substi-
2	tution risks to human health, where information on
3	such risks has been provided to the agency.
4	"(5) Summaries of other risk esti-
5	MATES.—If—
6	"(A) a commenter provides a covered Fed-
7	eral agency with a relevant risk assessment doc-
8	ument or a risk characterization document, and
9	a summary thereof, during a public comment
10	provided by the agency for a significant risk as-
11	sessment document or a significant risk charac-
12	terization document, or, where no comment pe-
13	riod is provided but a commenter provides the
14	covered Federal agency with the relevant risk
15	assessment document or risk characterization
16	document, and a summary thereof, in a timely
17	fashion, and
18	"(B) the risk assessment document or risk
19	characterization document is consistent with the
20	principles and the guidance provided under this
21	subchapter,
22	the agency shall, to the extent feasible, present such
23	summary in connection with the presentation of the
24	agency's significant risk assessment document or
25	significant risk characterization document. Nothing

in this paragraph shall be construed to limit the in clusion of any comments or material supplied by any
 person to the administrative record of any proceed ing.

5 A document may satisfy the requirements of paragraph
6 (3), (4) or (5) by reference to information or material oth7 erwise available to the public if the document provides a
8 brief summary of such information or material.

## 9 "§636. Recommendations or classifications by a non-

10

# United States-based entity

11 "No covered Federal agency shall automatically in-12 corporate or adopt any recommendation or classification 13 made by a non-United States-based entity concerning the health effects value of a substance without an opportunity 14 15 for notice and comment, and any risk assessment document or risk characterization document adopted by a cov-16 17 ered Federal agency on the basis of such a recommendation or classification shall comply with the provisions of 18 19 this subchapter. For the purposes of this section, the term 20 'non-United States-based entity' means—

21 "(1) any foreign government and its agencies;
22 "(2) the United Nations or any of its subsidiary
23 organizations;

24 "(3) any other international governmental body25 or international standards-making organization; or

"(4) any other organization or private entity
 without a place of business located in the United
 States or its territories.

## 4 **"§637. Guidelines and report**

"(a) GUIDELINES.—Within 15 months after the date 5 of enactment of this subchapter, the President shall issue 6 7 guidelines for Federal agencies consistent with the risk as-8 sessment and characterization principles set forth in sec-9 tions 634 and 635 and shall provide a format for summa-10 rizing risk assessment results. In addition, such guidelines shall include guidance on at least the following subjects: 11 12 criteria for scaling animal studies to assess risks to human 13 health; use of different types of dose-response models; thresholds; definitions, use, and interpretations of the 14 15 maximum tolerated dose; weighting of evidence with respect to extrapolating human health risks from sensitive 16 17 species; evaluation of benign tumors, and evaluation of dif-18 ferent human health endpoints.

"(b) REPORT.—Within 3 years after the date of the
enactment of this subchapter, each covered Federal agency
shall provide a report to the Congress evaluating the categories of policy and value judgments identified under subparagraph (C) of section 634(b)(2).

24 "(c) PUBLIC COMMENT AND CONSULTATION.—The25 guidelines and report under this section, shall be developed

after notice and opportunity for public comment, and after
 consultation with representatives of appropriate State,
 local, and tribal governments, and such other departments
 and agencies, offices, organizations, or persons as may be
 advisable.

6 "(d) REVIEW.—The President shall review and,
7 where appropriate, revise the guidelines published under
8 this section at least every 4 years.

## 9 "§638. Research and training in risk assessment

"(a) EVALUATION.—The head of each covered agency
shall regularly and systematically evaluate risk assessment
research and training needs of the agency, including,
where relevant and appropriate, the following:

"(1) Research to reduce generic data gaps, to
address modelling needs (including improved model
sensitivity), and to validate default options, particularly those common to multiple risk assessments.

18 "(2) Research leading to improvement of meth19 ods to quantify and communicate uncertainty and
20 variability among individuals, species, populations,
21 and, in the case of ecological risk assessment, eco22 logical communities.

23 "(3) Emerging and future areas of research, in24 cluding research on comparative risk analysis, expo25 sure to multiple chemicals and other stressors,

noncancer endpoints, biological markers of exposure
 and effect, mechanisms of action in both mammalian
 and nonmammalian species, dynamics and prob abilities of physiological and ecosystem exposures,
 and prediction of ecosystem-level responses.

6 "(4) Long-term needs to adequately train indi-7 viduals in risk assessment and risk assessment appli-8 cation. Evaluations under this paragraph shall in-9 clude an estimate of the resources needed to provide 10 necessary training.

"(b) STRATEGY AND ACTIONS TO MEET IDENTIFIED
NEEDS.—The head of each covered agency shall develop
a strategy and schedule for carrying out research and
training to meet the needs identified in subsection (a).

"(c) REPORT.—Not later than 6 months after the 15 date of the enactment of this subchapter, the head of each 16 17 covered agency shall submit to the Congress a report on the evaluations conducted under subsection "(a) and the 18 19 strategy and schedule developed under subsection "(b). 20 The head of each covered agency shall report to the Con-21 gress periodically on the evaluations, strategy, and sched-22 ule.

## 23 "§639. Study of comparative risk analysis

24 "(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) The Director of the Office25 of Management and Budget, in consultation with the Of-

fice of Science and Technology Policy, shall conduct, or
 provide for the conduct of, a study using comparative risk
 analysis to rank health, safety, and environmental risks
 and to provide a common basis for evaluating strategies
 for reducing or preventing those risks. The goal of the
 study shall be to improve methods of comparative risk
 analysis.

8 "(2) Not later than 90 days after the date of the en-9 actment of this subchapter, the Director, in collaboration 10 with the heads of appropriate Federal agencies, shall enter into a contract with the National Research Council to pro-11 vide technical guidance on approaches to using compara-12 13 tive risk analysis and other considerations in setting health, safety, and environmental risk reduction priorities. 14 15 "(b) SCOPE OF STUDY.—The study shall have sufficient scope and breadth to evaluate comparative risk anal-16 ysis and to test approaches for improving comparative risk 17 analysis and its use in setting priorities for health, safety, 18 19 and environmental risk reduction. The study shall com-20 pare and evaluate a range of diverse health, safety, and 21 environmental risks.

"(c) STUDY PARTICIPANTS.—In conducting the
study, the Director shall provide for the participation of
a range of individuals with varying backgrounds and ex-

pertise, both technical and nontechnical, comprising broad
 representation of the public and private sectors.

3 "(d) DURATION.—The study shall begin within 180
4 days after the date of the enactment of this subchapter
5 and terminate within 2 years after the date on which it
6 began.

7 "(e) Recommendations for Improving Compara-8 TIVE RISK ANALYSIS AND ITS USE.—Not later than 90 9 days after the termination of the study, the Director shall 10 submit to the Congress the report of the National Research Council with recommendations regarding the use 11 12 of comparative risk analysis and ways to improve the use 13 of comparative risk analysis for decision-making in appropriate Federal agencies. 14

#### 15 **"§639a. Definitions**

16 "For purposes of this subchapter:

"(1) RISK ASSESSMENT DOCUMENT.—The term
"risk assessment document' means a document containing the explanation of how hazards associated
with a substance, activity, or condition have been
identified, quantified, and assessed. The term also
includes a written statement accepting the findings
of any such document.

24 "(2) RISK CHARACTERIZATION DOCUMENT.—
25 The term 'risk characterization document' means a

1	document quantifying or describing the degree of
2	toxicity, exposure, or other risk posed by hazards as-
3	sociated with a substance, activity, or condition to
4	which individuals, populations, or resources are ex-
5	posed. The term also includes a written statement
6	accepting the findings of any such document.
7	"(3) BEST ESTIMATE.—The term 'best esti-
8	mate' means a scientifically appropriate estimate
9	which is based, to the extent feasible, on one of the
10	following:
11	"(A) Central estimates of risk using the
12	most plausible assumptions.
13	"(B) An approach which combines multiple
14	estimates based on different scenarios and
15	weighs the probability of each scenario.
16	"(C) Any other methodology designed to
17	provide the most unbiased representation of the
18	most plausible level of risk, given the current
19	scientific information available to the Federal
20	agency concerned.
21	"(4) Substitution RISK.—The term 'substi-
22	tution risk' means a potential risk to human health,
23	safety, or the environment from a regulatory alter-
24	native designed to decrease other risks.

1	"(5) COVERED FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term
2	'covered Federal agency' means each of the follow-
3	ing:
4	"(A) The Environmental Protection Agen-
5	cy.
6	"(B) The Occupational Safety and Health
7	Administration.
8	"(C) The Department of Transportation
9	(including the National Highway Transpor-
10	tation Safety Administration).
11	"(D) The Food and Drug Administration.
12	"(E) The Department of Energy.
13	"(F) The Department of the Interior.
14	"(G) The Department of Agriculture.
15	"(H) The Consumer Product Safety Com-
16	mission.
17	"(I) The National Oceanic and Atmos-
18	pheric Administration.
19	"(J) The United States Army Corps of
20	Engineers.
21	"(K) The Mine Safety and Health Admin-
22	istration.
23	"(L) The Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

"(M) Any other Federal agency considered
 a covered Federal agency pursuant to section
 413(b)(2)(E).

4 "(6) FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term 'Federal
5 agency' means an executive department, military de6 partment, or independent establishment as defined
7 in part I of title 5 of the United States Code, except
8 that such term also includes the Office of Tech9 nology Assessment.

10 "(7) DOCUMENT.—The term 'document' in-11 cludes material stored in electronic or digital form.

# 12 **"§639b. Peer review program**

13 "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—For regulatory programs de-14 signed to protect human health, safety, or the environ-15 ment, the head of each Federal agency shall develop a sys-16 tematic program for independent and external peer review 17 required by subsection (b). Such program shall be applica-18 ble across the agency and—

19 "(1) shall provide for the creation of peer re-20 view panels consisting of experts and shall be broad-21 ly representative and balanced and to the extent rel-22 evant and appropriate, may include representatives 23 of State, local, and tribal governments, small busi-24 nesses, other representatives of industry, univer-25 sities, agriculture, labor, consumers, conservation organizations, or other public interest groups and or ganizations;

3 "(2) may provide for differing levels of peer re4 view and differing numbers of experts on peer review
5 panels, depending on the significance or the com6 plexity of the problems or the need for expeditious7 ness;

"(3) shall not exclude peer reviewers with sub-8 9 stantial and relevant expertise merely because they 10 represent entities that may have a potential interest 11 in the outcome, provided that interest is fully dis-12 closed to the agency and in the case of a regulatory 13 decision affecting a single entity, no peer reviewer 14 representing such entity may be included on the 15 panel;

16 "(4) may provide specific and reasonable dead17 lines for peer review panels to submit reports under
18 subsection (c); and

"(5) shall provide adequate protections for confidential business information and trade secrets, including requiring peer reviewers to enter into confidentiality agreements.

23 "(b) REQUIREMENT FOR PEER REVIEW.—In connec24 tion with any rule that is likely to result in an annual
25 increase in costs of \$100,000,000 or more (other than any

rule or other action taken by an agency to authorize or 1 2 approve any individual substance or product), each Fed-3 eral agency shall provide for peer review in accordance 4 with this section of any risk assessment or cost analysis 5 which forms the basis for such rule or of any analysis under section 431(a). In addition, the Director of the Of-6 7 fice of Management and Budget may order that peer re-8 view be provided for any major risk assessment or cost 9 assessment that is likely to have a significant impact on 10 public policy decisions.

"(c) CONTENTS.—Each peer review under this section shall include a report to the Federal agency concerned
with respect to the scientific and economic merit of data
and methods used for the assessments and analyses.

15 "(d) RESPONSE TO PEER REVIEW.—The head of the
16 Federal agency shall provide a written response to all sig17 nificant peer review comments.

18 "(e) AVAILABILITY TO PUBLIC.—All peer review
19 comments or conclusions and the agency's responses shall
20 be made available to the public and shall be made part
21 of the administrative record.

22 "(f) PREVIOUSLY REVIEWED DATA AND ANALY23 SIS.—No peer review shall be required under this section
24 for any data or method which has been previously sub-

jected to peer review or for any component of any analysis
 or assessment previously subjected to peer review.

"(g) NATIONAL PANELS.—The President shall appoint National Peer Review Panels to annually review the
risk assessment and cost assessment practices of each
Federal agency for programs designed to protect human
health, safety, or the environment. The Panel shall submit
a report to the Congress no less frequently than annually
containing the results of such review.

# 10 "§639c. Petition for review of a major free-standing 11 risk assessment

12 "(a) Any interested person may petition an agency 13 to conduct a scientific review of a risk assessment con-14 ducted or adopted by the agency, except for a risk assess-15 ment used as the basis for a major rule or a site-specific 16 risk assessment.

"(b) The agency shall utilize external peer review, as
appropriate, to evaluate the claims and analyses in the petition, and shall consider such review in making its determination of whether to grant the petition.

21 "(c) The agency shall grant the petition if the peti-22 tion establishes that there is a reasonable likelihood that—

23 "(1)(A) the risk assessment that is the subject
24 of the petition was carried out in a manner substan-
tially inconsistent with the principles in section 633;
 or

3 "(B) the risk assessment that is the subject of
4 the petition does not take into account material sig5 nificant new scientific data and scientific under6 standing;

7 "(2) the risk assessment that is the subject of
8 the petition contains significantly different results
9 than if it had been properly conducted pursuant to
10 subchapter III; and

11 "(3) a revised risk assessment will provide the 12 basis for reevaluating an agency determination of 13 risk, and such determination currently has an effect 14 on the United States economy equivalent to that of 15 major rule.

16 "(d) A decision to grant, or final action to deny, a
17 petition under this subsection shall be made not later than
180 days after the petition is submitted.

"(e) If the agency grants the petition, it shall complete its review of the risk assessment not later than 1
year after its decision to grant the petition. If the agency
revises the risk assessment, in response to its review, it
shall do so in accordance with section 633.

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### 1 "§639d. Risk-based priorities

2 "(a) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this section are3 to—

4 "(1) encourage Federal agencies engaged in
5 regulating risks to human health, safety, and the en6 vironment to achieve the greatest risk reduction at
7 the least cost practical;

8 "(2) promote the coordination of policies and
9 programs to reduce risks to human health, safety,
10 and the environment; and

"(3) promote open communication among Federal agencies, the public, the President, and Congress regarding environmental, health, and safety
risks, and the prevention and management of those
risks.

"(b) DEFINITIONS.—For the purposes of this section:
"(1) COMPARATIVE RISK ANALYSIS.—The term
'comparative risk analysis' means a process to systematically estimate, compare, and rank the size and
severity of risks to provide a common basis for evaluating strategies for reducing or preventing those
risks.

23 "(2) COVERED AGENCY.—The term 'covered
24 agency' means each of the following:

25 "(A) The Environmental Protection Agen-26 cy.

1	"(B) The Department of Labor.
2	"(C) The Department of Transportation.
3	"(D) The Food and Drug Administration.
4	"(E) The Department of Energy.
5	"(F) The Department of the Interior.
6	"(G) The Department of Agriculture.
7	"(H) The Consumer Product Safety Com-
8	mission.
9	"(I) The National Oceanic and Atmos-
10	pheric Administration.
11	"(J) The United States Army Corps of
12	Engineers.
13	"(K) The Nuclear Regulatory Commission.
14	"(3) Effect.—The term 'effect' means a dele-
15	terious change in the condition of—
16	"(A) a human or other living thing (includ-
17	ing death, cancer, or other chronic illness, de-
18	creased reproductive capacity, or disfigure-
19	ment); or
20	"(B) an inanimate thing important to
21	human welfare (including destruction, degenera-
22	tion, the loss of intended function, and in-
23	creased costs for maintenance).
24	"(4) IRREVERSIBILITY.—The term
25	'irreversibility' means the extent to which a return

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1	to conditions before the occurrence of an effect are
2	either very slow or will never occur.
3	"(5) LIKELIHOOD.—The term 'likelihood'
4	means the estimated probability that an effect will
5	occur.
6	"(6) MAGNITUDE.—The term 'magnitude'
7	means the number of individuals or the quantity of
8	ecological resources or other resources that contrib-
9	ute to human welfare that are affected by exposure
10	to a stressor.
11	"(7) Seriousness.—The term 'seriousness'
12	means the intensity of effect, the likelihood, the
13	irreversibility, and the magnitude.
14	"(c) Department and Agency Program Goals.—
15	"(1) Setting priorities.—In exercising au-
16	thority under applicable laws protecting human
17	health, safety, or the environment, the head of each
18	covered agency shall set priorities for the use of re-
19	sources available under those laws to address those
20	risks to human health, safety, and the environment
21	that—
22	"(A) the covered agency determines to be
23	most serious; and
24	"(B) can be addressed in a cost-effective
25	manner, with the goal of achieving the greatest

1	overall net reduction in risks with the public
2	and private sector resources expended.
3	"(2) Determining the most serious
4	RISKS.—In identifying the greatest risks under para-
5	graph (1) of this subsection, each covered agency
6	shall consider, at a minimum—
7	"(A) the likelihood, irreversibility, and se-
8	verity of the effect; and
9	"(B) the number and classes of individuals
10	potentially affected,
11	and shall explicitly take into account the results of
12	the comparative risk analysis conducted under sub-
13	section (d) of this section.
14	"(3) OMB REVIEW.—The covered agency's de-
15	terminations of the most serious risks for purposes
16	of setting priorities shall be reviewed and approved
17	by the Director of the Office of Management and
18	Budget before submission of the covered agency's
19	annual budget requests to Congress.
20	"(4) Incorporating RISK-BASED PRIORITIES
21	INTO BUDGET AND PLANNING.—The head of each
22	covered agency shall incorporate the priorities identi-
23	fied under paragraph (1) into the agency budget,
24	strategic planning, regulatory agenda, enforcement,
25	and research activities. When submitting its budget

1	request to Congress and when announcing its regu-
2	latory agenda in the Federal Register, each covered
3	agency shall identify the risks that the covered agen-
4	cy head has determined are the most serious and
5	can be addressed in a cost-effective manner under
6	paragraph (1), the basis for that determination, and
7	explicitly identify how the covered agency's requested
8	budget and regulatory agenda reflect those prior-
9	ities.
10	"(5) Effective date.—This subsection shall
11	take effect 12 months after the date of enactment
12	of this Act.
13	"(d) Comparative Risk Analysis.—
14	"(1) REQUIREMENT.—
14 15	"(1) REQUIREMENT.— "(A)(i) No later than 6 months after the
15	"(A)(i) No later than 6 months after the
15 16	"(A)(i) No later than 6 months after the effective date of this Act, the Director of the
15 16 17	"(A)(i) No later than 6 months after the effective date of this Act, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall enter
15 16 17 18	"(A)(i) No later than 6 months after the effective date of this Act, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall enter into appropriate arrangements with a nationally
15 16 17 18 19	"(A)(i) No later than 6 months after the effective date of this Act, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall enter into appropriate arrangements with a nationally recognized scientific institution or scholarly or-
15 16 17 18 19 20	"(A)(i) No later than 6 months after the effective date of this Act, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall enter into appropriate arrangements with a nationally recognized scientific institution or scholarly or- ganization—
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(A)(i) No later than 6 months after the effective date of this Act, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall enter into appropriate arrangements with a nationally recognized scientific institution or scholarly or- ganization— "(I) to conduct a study of the meth-
<ol> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	"(A)(i) No later than 6 months after the effective date of this Act, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall enter into appropriate arrangements with a nationally recognized scientific institution or scholarly or-ganization— "(I) to conduct a study of the methodologies for using comparative risk to

1	"(II)	to	conduct	a	comparative	risk
2	analysis.					

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"(ii) The comparative risk analysis shall compare and rank, to the extent feasible, human health, safety, and environmental risks potentially regulated across the spectrum of programs administered by all covered agencies. "(B) The Director shall consult with the

8 "(B) The Director shall consult with the
9 Office of Science and Technology Policy regard10 ing the scope of the study and the conduct of
11 the comparative risk analysis.

"(C) Nothing in this subsection should be
construed to prevent the Director from entering
into a sole-source arrangement with a nationally
recognized scientific institution or scholarly organization.

17 "(2) CRITERIA.—The Director shall ensure that
18 the arrangement under paragraph (1) provides
19 that—

20 "(A) the scope and specificity of the analy21 sis are sufficient to provide the President and
22 agency heads guidance in allocating resources
23 across agencies and among programs in agen24 cies to achieve the greatest degree of risk pre-

vention and reduction for the public and private resources expended;

"(B) the analysis is conducted through an open process, including opportunities for the public to submit views, data, and analyses and to provide public comment on the results before making them final;

8 "(C) the analysis is conducted by a bal-9 anced group of individuals with relevant exper-10 tise, including toxicologists, biologists, engi-11 neers, and experts in medicine, industrial hy-12 giene, and environmental effects, and the selec-13 tion of members for such study shall be at the 14 sole discretion of the scientific institution or 15 scholarly organization;

"(D) the analysis is conducted, to the extent feasible and relevant, consistent with the risk assessment and risk characterization principles in section 633 of this subchapter;

20 "(E) the methodologies and principal sci21 entific determinations made in the analysis are
22 subjected to independent peer review consistent
23 with section 633(g), and the conclusions of the
24 peer review are made publicly available as part

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of the final report required under subsection (e); and "(F) the results are presented in a manner

that distinguishes between the scientific conclusions and any policy or value judgments embodied in the comparisons.

7 "(3) COMPLETION AND REVIEW.—No later than 8 3 years after the effective date of this Act, the com-9 parative risk analysis required under paragraph (1)10 shall be completed. The comparative risk analysis 11 shall be reviewed and revised at least every 5 years 12 thereafter for a minimum of 15 years following the 13 release of the first analysis. The Director shall ar-14 range for such review and revision by an accredited 15 scientific body in the same manner as provided 16 under paragraphs (1) and (2).

17 "(4) STUDY.—The study of methodologies pro-18 vided under paragraph (1) shall be conducted as 19 part of the first comparative risk analysis and shall 20 be completed no later than 180 days after the com-21 pletion of that analysis. The goal of the study shall 22 be to develop and rigorously test methods of com-23 parative risk analysis. The study shall have suffi-24 cient scope and breadth to test approaches for im-25 proving comparative risk analysis and its use in set-

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ting priorities for human health, safety, and environ mental risk prevention and reduction.

"(5) TECHNICAL GUIDANCE.—No later than 3 4 180 days after the effective date of this Act, the Di-5 rector, in collaboration with other heads of covered 6 agencies shall enter into a contract with the Na-7 tional Research Council to provide technical guid-8 ance to agencies on approaches to using comparative 9 risk analysis in setting human health, safety, and 10 environmental priorities to assist agencies in comply-11 ing with subsection (c) of this section.

"(e) REPORTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS TO CONGRESS AND THE PRESIDENT.—No later than 24 months
after the effective date of this Act, each covered agency
shall submit a report to Congress and the President—

"(1) detailing how the agency has complied
with subsection (c) and describing the reason for
any departure from the requirement to establish priorities to achieve the greatest overall net reduction
in risk;

21 "(2) recommending—

"(A) modification, repeal, or enactment of
laws to reform, eliminate, or enhance programs
or mandates relating to human health, safety,
or the environment; and

1	"(B) modification or elimination of statu-
2	tory or judicially mandated deadlines,that would
3	assist the covered agency to set priorities in ac-
4	tivities to address the risks to human health,
5	safety, or the environment in a manner consist-
6	ent with the requirements of subsection $(c)(1)$ ;
7	"(3) evaluating the categories of policy and
8	value judgment used in risk assessment, risk charac-
9	terization, or cost-benefit analysis; and
10	"(4) discussing risk assessment research and
11	training needs, and the agency's strategy and sched-
12	ule for meeting those needs.
13	"(f) Savings Provision and Judicial Review.—
14	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this section
15	shall be construed to modify any statutory standard
16	or requirement designed to protect human health,
17	safety, or the environment.
18	"(2) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Compliance or non-
19	compliance by an agency with the provisions of this
20	section shall not be subject to judicial review.
21	"(3) AGENCY ANALYSIS.—Any analysis pre-
22	pared under this section shall not be subject to judi-
23	cial consideration separate or apart from the re-
24	quirement, rule, program, or law to which it relates.
25	When an action for judicial review of a covered

1	agency action is instituted, any analysis for, or relat-
2	ing to, the action shall constitute part of the whole
3	record of agency action for the purpose of judicial
4	review of the action and shall, to the extent relevant,
5	be considered by a court in determining the legality
6	of the covered agency action.".
7	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections
8	appearing at the beginning of chapter 6 of title 5, United
9	States Code, is amended—
10	(1) by inserting immediately below the chapter
11	heading the following:
	"SUBCHAPTER I—REGULATORY ANALYSIS"; and
12	(2) by adding at the end the following:

#### "SUBCHAPTER III—RISK ASSESSMENTS

- "631. Short title.
- "632. Purposes.
- "633. Effective date; applicability; savings provisions.
- "634. Principles for risk assessment.
- "635. Principles for risk characterization and communication.
- "636. Recommendations or classifications by a non-United States-based entity.
- "637. Guidelines and report.
- "638. Research and training in risk assessment.
- "639. Study of comparative risk analysis.
- "639a. Definitions.
- "639b. Peer review program.
- "639c. Petition for review of a major free-standing risk assessment.
- "639d. Risk-based priorities.".

### 13 SEC. 3004. REGULATORY FLEXIBILITY ANALYSIS.

- 14 (a) IN GENERAL.—
- 15 (1) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—

(A) AMENDMENT.—Section 611 of title 5,
 United States Code, is amended to read as fol lows:

### 4 "§611. Judicial review

5 "(a)(1) Not later than one year, notwithstanding any
6 other provision of law, after the effective date of a final
7 rule with respect to which an agency—

8 "(A) certified, pursuant to section 605(b), that 9 such rule would not have a significant economic im-10 pact on a substantial number of small entities; or

11 "(B) prepared a final regulatory flexibility anal-12 ysis pursuant to section 604,

an affected small entity may petition for the judicial re-13 view of such certification or analysis in accordance with 14 15 the terms of this subsection. A court having jurisdiction to review such rule for compliance with the provisions of 16 section 553 or under any other provision of law shall have 17 jurisdiction to review such certification or analysis. In the 18 case where an agency delays the issuance of a final regu-19 20 latory flexibility analysis pursuant to section 608(b), a pe-21 tition for judicial review under this subsection shall be 22 filed not later than one year, notwithstanding any other 23 provision of law, after the date the analysis is made avail-24 able to the public.

"(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'af fected small entity' means a small entity that is or will
 be adversely affected by the final rule.

4 "(3) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to
5 affect the authority of any court to stay the effective date
6 of any rule or provision thereof under any other provision
7 of law.

8 ((4)(A) In the case where the agency certified that 9 such rule would not have a significant economic impact 10 on a substantial number of small entities, the court may order the agency to prepare a final regulatory flexibility 11 12 analysis pursuant to section 604 if the court determines, 13 on the basis of the rulemaking record, that the certification was arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, 14 15 or otherwise not in accordance with law.

16 "(B) In the case where the agency prepared a final 17 regulatory flexibility analysis, the court may order the 18 agency to take corrective action consistent with the re-19 quirements of section 604 if the court determines, on the 20 basis of the rulemaking record, that the final regulatory 21 flexibility analysis was prepared by the agency without ob-22 servance of procedure required by section 604.

23 "(5) If, by the end of the 90-day period beginning24 on the date of the order of the court pursuant to para-

1 graph (4) (or such longer period as the court may pro-2 vide), the agency fails, as appropriate—

3 "(A) to prepare the analysis required by section
4 604; or

5 "(B) to take corrective action consistent with6 the requirements of section 604,

7 the court may stay the rule or grant such other relief as8 it deems appropriate.

9 "(6) In making any determination or granting any
10 relief authorized by this subsection, the court shall take
11 due account of the rule of prejudicial error.

"(b) In an action for the judicial review of a rule,
any regulatory flexibility analysis for such rule (including
an analysis prepared or corrected pursuant to subsection
(a)(4)) shall constitute part of the whole record of agency
action in connection with such review.

"(c) Nothing in this section bars judicial review of
any other impact statement or similar analysis required
by any other law if judicial review of such statement or
analysis is otherwise provided by law.".

(B) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment
made by subsection (a) shall apply only to final
agency rules issued after the date of enactment
of this Act.

1	(2) Rules commented on by sba chief
2	COUNSEL FOR ADVOCACY.—
3	(A) IN GENERAL.—Section 612 of title 5,
4	United States Code, is amended by adding at
5	the end the following new subsection:
6	"(d) Action by the SBA Chief Counsel for Ad-
7	VOCACY.—
8	"(1) TRANSMITTAL OF PROPOSED RULES AND
9	INITIAL REGULATORY FLEXIBILITY ANALYSIS TO
10	SBA CHIEF COUNSEL FOR ADVOCACY.—On or before
11	the 30th day preceding the date of publication by an
12	agency of general notice of proposed rulemaking for
13	a rule, the agency shall transmit to the Chief Coun-
14	sel for Advocacy of the Small Business Administra-
15	tion—
16	"(A) a copy of the proposed rule; and
17	"(B)(i) a copy of the initial regulatory
18	flexibility analysis for the rule if required under
19	section 603; or
20	"(ii) a determination by the agency that an
21	initial regulatory flexibility analysis is not re-
22	quired for the proposed rule under section $603$
23	and an explanation for the determination.
24	"(2) STATEMENT OF EFFECT.—On or before
25	the 15th day following receipt of a proposed rule and

1	initial regulatory flexibility analysis from an agency
2	under paragraph (1), the Chief Counsel for Advo-
3	cacy may transmit to the agency a written statement
4	of the effect of the proposed rule on small entities.
5	"(3) RESPONSE.—If the Chief Counsel for Ad-
6	vocacy transmits to an agency a statement of effect
7	on a proposed rule in accordance with paragraph
8	(2), the agency shall publish the statement, together
9	with the response of the agency to the statement, in
10	the Federal Register at the time of publication of
11	general notice of proposed rulemaking for the rule.
12	"(4) Special Rule.—Any proposed rules is-
13	sued by an appropriate Federal banking agency (as
14	that term is defined in section 3(q) of the Federal
15	Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813(q)), the Na-
16	tional Credit Union Administration, or the Office of
17	Federal Housing Enterprise Oversight, in connection
18	with the implementation of monetary policy or to en-
19	sure the safety and soundness of federally insured
20	depository institutions, any affiliate of such an insti-
21	tution, credit unions, or government sponsored hous-
22	ing enterprises or to protect the Federal deposit in-
23	surance funds shall not be subject to the require-
24	ments of this subsection.".

1	(B) Conforming Amendment.—Section
2	603(a) of title 5, United States Code, is amend-
3	ed by inserting "in accordance with section
4	612(d)" before the period at the end of the last
5	sentence.
6	(3) SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING SBA
7	CHIEF COUNSEL FOR ADVOCACY.—It is the sense of
8	Congress that the Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the
9	Small Business Administration should be permitted
10	to appear as amicus curiae in any action or case
11	brought in a court of the United States for the pur-
12	pose of reviewing a rule.
13	(b) SUBCHAPTER HEADING.—Chapter 6 of title 5,
14	United States Code, is amended by inserting immediately
15	before section 601, the following subchapter heading:
16	"SUBCHAPTER I—REGULATORY ANALYSIS".
17	SEC. 3005. GUIDANCE FOR JUDICIAL INTERPRETATION.
18	(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 7 of title 5, United
19	States Code, is amended—
20	(1) by striking section 706; and
21	(2) by adding at the end the following new sec-
22	tions:
23	"§ 706. Scope of review

24 "(a) To the extent necessary to reach a decision and25 when presented, the reviewing court shall decide all rel-

1	evant questions of law, interpret constitutional and statu-
2	tory provisions, and determine the meaning or applicabil-
3	ity of the terms of an agency action. The reviewing court
4	shall—
5	"(1) compel agency action unlawfully withheld
6	or unreasonably delayed; and
7	"(2) hold unlawful and set aside agency action,
8	findings and conclusions found to be—
9	"(A) arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of dis-
10	cretion, or otherwise not in accordance with
11	law;
12	"(B) contrary to constitutional right,
13	power, privilege, or immunity;
14	"(C) in excess of statutory jurisdiction, au-
15	thority, or limitations, or short of statutory
16	right;
17	"(D) without observance of procedure re-
18	quired by law;
19	((E) unsupported by substantial evidence
20	in a proceeding subject to sections $556$ and $557$
21	or otherwise reviewed on the record of an agen-
22	cy hearing provided by statute; or
23	"(F) unwarranted by the facts to the ex-
24	tent that the facts are subject to trial de novo
25	by the reviewing court.

"(b) In making the determinations set forth in sub section (a), the court shall review the whole record or
 those parts of it cited by a party, and due account shall
 be taken of the rule of prejudicial error.

### 5 "§ 707. Consent decrees

6 "In interpreting any consent decree in effect on or 7 after the date of enactment of this section that imposes 8 on an agency an obligation to initiate, continue, or com-9 plete rulemaking proceedings, the court shall not enforce 10 the decree in a way that divests the agency of discretion clearly granted to the agency by statute to respond to 11 12 changing circumstances, make policy or managerial 13 choices, or protect the rights of third parties.

### 14 **"§ 708. Affirmative defense**

15 "Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it shall be an affirmative defense in any enforcement action 16 brought by an agency that the regulated person or entity 17 reasonably relied on and is complying with a rule, regula-18 tion, adjudication, directive, or order of such agency or 19 20 any other agency that is incompatible, contradictory, or 21 otherwise cannot be reconciled with the agency rule, regulation, adjudication, directive, or order being enforced. 22

3 "(a) No civil or criminal penalty shall be imposed by
4 a court, and no civil administrative penalty shall be im5 posed by an agency, for the violation of a rule—

6 "(1) if the court or agency, as appropriate,
7 finds that the rule failed to give the defendant fair
8 warning of the conduct that the rule prohibits or re9 quires; or

"(2) if the court or agency, as appropriate,
finds that the defendant acted reasonably in good
faith based upon the language of the rule as published in the Federal Register.

14 "(b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to pre-15 clude an agency:

"(1) from revising a rule or changing its inter-16 17 pretation of a rule in accordance with sections 552 18 and 553 of this title, and subject to the provisions 19 of this section, prospectively enforcing the require-20 ments of such rule as revised or reinterpreted and 21 imposing or seeking a civil or criminal penalty for 22 any subsequent violation of such rule as revised or 23 reinterpreted;

24 "(2) from making a new determination of fact,
25 and based upon such determination, prospectively
26 applying a particular legal requirement.

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"(c) This section shall apply to any action filed after
 the date of the enactment of the Comprehensive Regu latory Reform Act of 1995.".

4 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for
5 chapter 7 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by
6 striking the item relating to section 706 and inserting the
7 following new items:

"706. Scope of review."707. Consent decrees."708. Affirmative defense."709. Agency interpretations in civil and criminal actions.".

### 8 SEC. 3006. CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW.

9 (a) FINDING.—The Congress finds that effective 10 steps for improving the efficiency and proper management 11 of Government operations will be promoted if a morato-12 rium on the implementation of certain major final and 13 proposed rules is imposed in order to provide Congress 14 an opportunity for review.

(b) IN GENERAL.—Title 5, United States Code, is
amended by inserting immediately after chapter 7 the following new chapter:"

# 18 CHAPTER 8—CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW OF 19 AGENCY RULEMAKING

### "Sec.

"801. Congressional review.

- "802. Congressional disapproval procedure.
- "803. Special rule on statutory, regulatory, and judicial deadlines.
- "804. Definitions.
- "805. Judicial review.
- "806. Applicability; severability.
- "807. Exemption for monetary policy.

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## 1 "§ 801. Congressional review

2	((a)(1)(A) Before a rule can take effect as a final
3	rule, the Federal agency promulgating such rule shall sub-
4	mit to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller
5	General a report containing—
6	"(i) a copy of the rule;
7	"(ii) a concise general statement relating to the
8	rule; and
9	"(iii) the proposed effective date of the rule.
10	"(B) The Federal agency promulgating the rule shall
11	make available to each House of Congress and the Comp-
12	troller General, upon request—
13	"(i) a complete copy of the cost-benefit analysis
14	of the rule, if any;
15	"(ii) the agency's actions relevant to sections
16	603, 604, 605, 607, and 609;
17	"(iii) the agency's actions relevant to sections
18	202, 203, 204, and 205 of the Unfunded Mandates
19	Reform Act of 1995; and
20	"(iv) any other relevant information or require-
21	ments under any other Act and any relevant Execu-
22	tive orders, such as Executive Order No. 12866.
23	"(C) Upon receipt, each House shall provide copies
24	to the Chairman and Ranking Member of each committee
25	with jurisdiction.

1 "(2)(A) The Comptroller General shall provide a report on each major rule to the committees of jurisdiction 2 3 to each House of the Congress by the end of 12 calendar 4 days after the submission or publication date as provided 5 in section 802(b)(2). The report of the Comptroller General shall include an assessment of the agency's compli-6 7 ance with procedural steps required by paragraph (1)(B). 8 "(B) Federal agencies shall cooperate with the Comp-9 troller General by providing information relevant to the 10 Comptroller General's report under subparagraph (A).

"(3) A major rule relating to a report submitted
under paragraph (1) shall take effect as a final rule, the
latest of—

"(A) the later of the date occurring 60 days
(excluding days either House of Congress is adjourned for more than 3 days during a session of
Congress) after the date on which—

18 "(i) the Congress receives the report sub-19 mitted under paragraph (1); or

20 "(ii) the rule is published in the Federal
21 Register;

"(B) if the Congress passes a joint resolution of
disapproval described under section 802 relating to
the rule, and the President signs a veto of such resolution, the earlier date—

1	"(i) on which either House of Congress
2	votes and fails to override the veto of the Presi-
3	dent; or
4	"(ii) occurring 30 session days after the
5	date on which the Congress received the veto
6	and objections of the President; or
7	"(C) the date the rule would have otherwise
8	taken effect, if not for this section (unless a joint
9	resolution of disapproval under section 802 is en-
10	acted).
11	"(4) Except for a major rule, a rule shall take effect
12	as otherwise provided by law after submission to Congress
13	under paragraph (1).
14	((5) Notwithstanding paragraph $(3)$ , the effective
15	date of a rule shall not be delayed by operation of this
16	chapter beyond the date on which either House of Con-
17	gress votes to reject a joint resolution of disapproval under
18	section 802.
19	$``(\mathbf{b})(1)$ A rule or proposed rule shall not take effect
20	(or continue) as a final rule, if the Congress passes a joint
21	resolution of disapproval described under section 802.
22	$\ensuremath{^{\prime\prime}(2)}$ A rule or proposed rule that does not take effect
23	(or does not continue) under paragraph (1) may not be
24	reissued in substantially the same form, and a new rule
25	that is substantially the same as such a rule or proposed

rule may not be issued, unless the reissued or new rule
 is specifically authorized by a law enacted after the date
 of the joint resolution disapproving the original rule.

4 "(c)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 5 section (except subject to paragraph (3)), a rule that 6 would not take effect by reason of this chapter may take 7 effect, if the President makes a determination under para-8 graph (2) and submits written notice of such determina-9 tion to the Congress.

10 "(2) Paragraph (1) applies to a determination made
11 by the President by Executive order that the rule should
12 take effect because such rule is—

13 "(A) necessary because of an imminent threat
14 to health or safety or other emergency;

- 15 "(B) necessary for the enforcement of criminal16 laws;
  - "(C) necessary for national security; or

18 "(D) issued pursuant to a statute implementing19 an international trade agreement.

"(3) An exercise by the President of the authority
under this subsection shall have no effect on the procedures under section 802 or the effect of a joint resolution
of disapproval under this section.

24 "(d)(1) In addition to the opportunity for review oth-25 erwise provided under this chapter, in the case of any rule

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1 that is published in the Federal Register (as a rule that
2 shall take effect as a final rule) during the period begin3 ning on the date occurring 60 days before the date the
4 Congress adjourns a session of Congress through the date
5 on which the same or succeeding Congress first convenes
6 its next session, section 802 shall apply to such rule in
7 the succeeding session of Congress.

8 "(2)(A) In applying section 802 for purposes of such
9 additional review, a rule described under paragraph (1)
10 shall be treated as though—

"(i) such rule were published in the Federal
Register (as a rule that shall take effect as a final
rule) on the 15th session day after the succeeding
Congress first convenes; and

15 "(ii) a report on such rule were submitted to16 Congress under subsection (a)(1) on such date.

"(B) Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed
to affect the requirement under subsection (a)(1) that a
report shall be submitted to Congress before a final rule
can take effect.

21 "(3) A rule described under paragraph (1) shall take
22 effect as a final rule as otherwise provided by law (includ23 ing other subsections of this section).

24 "(e)(1) Section 802 shall apply in accordance with25 its terms to any major rule that was published in the Fed-

eral Register (as a rule that shall take effect as a final
 rule) in the period beginning on November 20, 1994,
 through the date of enactment of the Comprehensive Reg ulatory Reform Act of 1995.

5 "(2) In applying section 802 for purposes of Congres6 sional review, a rule described under paragraph (1) shall
7 be treated as though—

8 "(A) such rule were published in the Federal 9 Register (as a rule that shall take effect as a final 10 rule) on the date of enactment of the Comprehensive 11 Regulatory Reform Act of 1995; and

12 "(B) a report on such rule were submitted to13 Congress under subsection (a)(1) on such date.

14 "(3) The effectiveness of a rule described under para15 graph (1) shall be as otherwise provided by law, unless
16 the rule is made of no force or effect under section 802.

"(f) Any rule that takes effect and later is made of
no force or effect by enactment of a joint resolution under
section 802 shall be treated as though such rule had never
taken effect.

21 "(g) If the Congress does not enact a joint resolution 22 of disapproval under section 802, no court or agency may 23 infer any intent of the Congress from any action or inac-24 tion of the Congress with regard to such rule, related stat-25 ute, or joint resolution of disapproval. 317

### 1 "§ 802. Congressional disapproval procedure

2 "(a) JOINT RESOLUTION DEFINED.—For purposes 3 of this section, the term 'joint resolution' means only-"(1) a joint resolution introduced in the period 4 5 beginning on the date on which the report referred 6 to in section 801(a) is received by Congress and end-7 ing 60 days thereafter (excluding days either House 8 of Congress is adjourned for more than 3 days dur-9 ing a session of Congress), the matter after the re-10 solving clause of which is as follows: 'That Congress disapproves the rule submitted by the \_\_\_\_\_ relating 11 12 to \_\_\_\_\_, and such rule shall have no force or effect.' 13 (The blank spaces being appropriately filled in); or 14 "(2) a joint resolution the matter after the re-15 solving clause of which is as follows: 'That the Con-16 gress disapproves the proposed rule published by the \_\_\_\_\_ relating to \_\_\_\_\_, and such proposed 17 rule shall not be issued or take effect as a final 18 19 rule.' (the blank spaces being appropriately filled in) 20 "(b)(1) A joint resolution described in subsection (a) 21 shall be referred to the committees in each House of Con-22 gress with jurisdiction. 23 "(2) For purposes of this section, the term 'submis-

24 sion or publication date' means—

25 "(A) in the case of a joint resolution described
26 in subsection (a)(1) the later of the date on which—
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1	"(i) the Congress receives the report sub-
2	mitted under section $801(a)(1)$ ; or
3	"(ii) the rule is published in the Federal
4	Register; or
5	"(B) in the case of a joint resolution described
6	in subsection $(a)(2)$ , the date of introduction of the
7	joint resolution.
8	"(c) In the Senate, if the committee to which is re-
9	ferred a joint resolution described in subsection (a) has

9 ferred a joint resolution described in subsection (a) has 10 not reported such joint resolution (or an identical joint 11 resolution) at the end of 20 calendar days after the sub-12 mission or publication date defined under subsection 13 (b)(2), such committee may be discharged from further 14 consideration of such joint resolution upon a petition sup-15 ported in writing by 30 Members of the Senate, and such 16 joint resolution shall be placed on the appropriate cal-17 endar.

18 ((d)(1)) In the Senate, when the committee to which 19 a joint resolution is referred has reported, or when a com-20 mittee is discharged (under subsection (c)) from further 21 consideration of, a joint resolution described in subsection 22 (a), it is at any time thereafter in order (even though a 23 previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to) 24 for a motion to proceed to the consideration of the joint 25 resolution, and all points of order against the joint resolu-

tion (and against consideration of the joint resolution) are 1 2 waived. The motion is not subject to amendment, or to 3 a motion to postpone, or to a motion to proceed to the 4 consideration of other business. A motion to reconsider the 5 vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to shall not be in order. If a motion to proceed to the consideration 6 7 of the joint resolution is agreed to, the joint resolution 8 shall remain the unfinished business of the Senate until 9 disposed of.

10 "(2) In the Senate, debate on the joint resolution, and on all debatable motions and appeals in connection 11 12 therewith, shall be limited to not more than 10 hours, 13 which shall be divided equally between those favoring and those opposing the joint resolution. A motion further to 14 15 limit debate is in order and not debatable. An amendment to, or a motion to postpone, or a motion to proceed to 16 the consideration of other business, or a motion to recom-17 mit the joint resolution is not in order. 18

"(3) In the Senate, immediately following the conclusion of the debate on a joint resolution described in subsection (a), and a single quorum call at the conclusion of
the debate if requested in accordance with the rules of the
Senate, the vote on final passage of the joint resolution
shall occur.

"(4) Appeals from the decisions of the Chair relating
 to the application of the rules of the Senate to the proce dure relating to a joint resolution described in subsection
 (a) shall be decided without debate.

- 5 "(e) If, before the passage by one House of a joint
  6 resolution of that House described in subsection (a), that
  7 House receives from the other House a joint resolution
  8 described in subsection (a), then the following procedures
  9 shall apply:
- 10 "(1) The joint resolution of the other House11 shall not be referred to a committee.

12 "(2) With respect to a joint resolution described
13 in subsection (a) of the House receiving the joint
14 resolution—

15 "(A) the procedure in that House shall be
16 the same as if no joint resolution had been re17 ceived from the other House; but

18 "(B) the vote on final passage shall be on19 the joint resolution of the other House.

20 "(f) This section is enacted by Congress—

21 "(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of 22 the Senate and House of Representatives, respec-23 tively, and as such it is deemed a part of the rules 24 of each House, respectively, but applicable only with 25 respect to the procedure to be followed in that 1 House in the case of a joint resolution described in 2 subsection (a), and it supersedes other rules only to 3 the extent that it is inconsistent with such rules; and 4 "(2) with full recognition of the constitutional right of either House to change the rules (so far as 5 6 relating to the procedure of that House) at any time, 7 in the same manner, and to the same extent as in 8 the case of any other rule of that House.

## 9 "§803. Special rule on statutory, regulatory, and judi-

### cial deadlines

10

11 "(a) In the case of any deadline for, relating to, or 12 involving any rule which does not take effect (or the effec-13 tiveness of which is terminated) because of enactment of a joint resolution under section 802, that deadline is ex-14 15 tended until the date 1 year after the date of the joint resolution. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed 16 to affect a deadline merely by reason of the postponement 17 of a rule's effective date under section 801(a). 18

"(b) The term 'deadline' means any date certain for
fulfilling any obligation or exercising any authority established by or under any Federal statute or regulation, or
by or under any court order implementing any Federal
statute or regulation.

### 24 **"§ 804. Definitions**

25 "(a) For purposes of this chapter—

"(1) the term 'Federal agency' means any agen-1 2 cy as that term is defined in section 551(1) (relating 3 to administrative procedure); "(2) the term 'major rule' has the same mean-4 ing given such term in section 621(5); and 5 "(3) the term 'final rule' means any final rule 6 7 or interim final rule. "(b) As used in subsection (a)(3), the term 'rule' has 8 9 the meaning given such term in section 551, except that 10 such term does not include any rule of particular applica-11 bility including a rule that approves or prescribes for the 12 future rates, wages, prices, services, or allowances there-13 for, corporate or financial structures, reorganizations, mergers, or acquisitions thereof, or accounting practices 14 15 or disclosures bearing on any of the foregoing or any rule of agency organization, personnel, procedure, practice or 16 17 any routine matter. 18 "§ 805. Judicial review

19 "No determination, finding, action, or omission under20 this chapter shall be subject to judicial review.

### 21 "§ 806. Applicability; severability

22 "(a) This chapter shall apply notwithstanding any23 other provision of law.

24 "(b) If any provision of this chapter or the applica-25 tion of any provision of this chapter to any person or cir-

cumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provi sion to other persons or circumstances, and the remainder
 of this chapter, shall not be affected thereby.

### 4 "§807. Exemption for monetary policy

5 "Nothing in this chapter shall apply to rules that con6 cern monetary policy proposed or implemented by the
7 Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System or the
8 Federal Open Market Committee.".

9 (c) Effective Date.—The amendment made by sub10 section (b) shall take effect on the date of enactment of
11 this Act.

(d) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of chapters
for part I of title 5, United States Code, is amended by
inserting immediately after the item relating to chapter
7 the following:

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### 16 SEC. 3007. REGULATORY ACCOUNTING STATEMENT.

17 (a) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section, the18 following definitions apply:

(1) MAJOR RULE.—The term "major rule" has
the same meaning as defined in section 621(5)(A)(i)
of title 5, United States Code. The term shall not
include—

23 (A) administrative actions governed by sec24 tions 556 and 557 of title 5, United States
25 Code;

	021
1	(B) regulations issued with respect to a
2	military or foreign affairs function of the Unit-
3	ed States or a statute implementing an inter-
4	national trade agreement; or
5	(C) regulations related to agency organiza-
6	tion, management, or personnel.
7	(2) AGENCY.—The term "agency" means any
8	executive department, military department, Govern-
9	ment corporation, Government controlled corpora-
10	tion, or other establishment in the executive branch
11	of the Government (including the Executive Office of
12	the President), or any independent regulatory agen-
13	cy, but shall not include—
14	(A) the General Accounting Office;
15	(B) the Federal Election Commission;
16	(C) the governments of the District of Co-
17	lumbia and of the territories and possessions of
18	the United States, and their various subdivi-
19	sions; or
20	(D) Government-owned contractor-oper-
21	ated facilities, including laboratories engaged in
22	national defense research and production activi-
23	ties.
24	(b) Accounting Statement.—
25	(1) IN GENERAL.—

(A) The President shall be responsible for
 implementing and administering the require ments of this section.
 (B) Not later than June 1, 1997, and each
 June 1 thereafter, the President shall prepare
 and submit to Congress an accounting state-

ment that estimates the annual costs of major rules and corresponding benefits in accordance with this subsection.

10 (2) YEARS COVERED BY ACCOUNTING STATE-11 MENT.—Each accounting statement shall cover, at a 12 minimum, the 5 fiscal years beginning on October 1 13 of the year in which the report is submitted and may 14 cover any fiscal year preceding such fiscal years for 15 purpose of revising previous estimates.

16 (3) TIMING AND PROCEDURES.—

(A) The President shall provide notice and
opportunity for comment for each accounting
statement. The President may delegate to an
agency the requirement to provide notice and
opportunity to comment for the portion of the
accounting statement relating to that agency.

(B) The President shall propose the first
accounting statement under this subsection not
later than 2 years after the date of enactment

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1	of this Act and shall issue the first accounting
2	statement in final form not later than 3 years
3	after such effective date. Such statement shall
4	cover, at a minimum, each of the fiscal years
5	beginning after the date of enactment of this
6	Act.
7	(4) Content of accounting statement.—
8	(A) Each accounting statement shall con-
9	tain estimates of costs and benefits with respect
10	to each fiscal year covered by the statement in
11	accordance with this paragraph. For each such
12	fiscal year for which estimates were made in a
13	previous accounting statement, the statement
14	shall revise those estimates and state the rea-
15	sons for the revisions.
16	(B)(i) An accounting statement shall esti-
17	mate the costs of major rules by setting forth,
18	for each year covered by the statement—
19	(I) the annual expenditure of national
20	economic resources for major rules,
21	grouped by regulatory program; and
22	(II) such other quantitative and quali-
23	tative measures of costs as the President
24	considers appropriate.

1	(ii) For purposes of the estimate of costs
2	in the accounting statement, national economic
3	resources shall include, and shall be listed
4	under, at least the following categories:
5	(I) Private sector costs.
6	(II) Federal sector costs.
7	(III) State and local government ad-
8	ministrative costs.
9	(C) An accounting statement shall estimate the
10	benefits of major rules by setting forth, for each
11	year covered by the statement, such quantitative and
12	qualitative measures of benefits as the President
13	considers appropriate. Any estimates of benefits con-
14	cerning reduction in health, safety, or environmental
15	risks shall present the most plausible level of risk
16	practical, along with a statement of the reasonable
17	degree of scientific certainty.
18	(c) Associated Report to Congress.—
19	(1) IN GENERAL.—At the same time as the
20	President submits an accounting statement under
21	subsection (b), the President, acting through the Di-
22	rector of the Office of Management and Budget,
23	shall submit to Congress a report associated with
24	the accounting statement (hereinafter referred to as

1	an "associated report"). The associated report shall
2	contain, in accordance with this subsection—
3	(A) analyses of impacts; and
4	(B) recommendations for reform.
5	(2) ANALYSES OF IMPACTS.—The President
6	shall include in the associated report the following:
7	(A) Analyses prepared by the President of
8	the cumulative impact of major rules in Federal
9	regulatory programs covered in the accounting
10	statement on the following:
11	(i) The ability of State and local gov-
12	ernments to provide essential services, in-
13	cluding police, fire protection, and edu-
14	cation.
15	(ii) Small business.
16	(iii) Productivity.
17	(iv) Wages.
18	(v) Economic growth.
19	(vi) Technological innovation.
20	(vii) Consumer prices for goods and
21	services.
22	(viii) Such other factors considered
23	appropriate by the President.
24	(B) A summary of any independent analy-
25	ses of impacts prepared by persons commenting

1	during the comment period on the accounting
2	statement.
3	(3) Recommendations for reform.—The
4	President shall include in the associated report the
5	following:
6	(A) A summary of recommendations of the
7	President for reform or elimination of any Fed-
8	eral regulatory program or program element
9	that does not represent sound use of national
10	economic resources or otherwise is inefficient.
11	(B) A summary of any recommendations
12	for such reform or elimination of Federal regu-
13	latory programs or program elements prepared
14	by persons commenting during the comment pe-
15	riod on the accounting statement.
16	(d) Guidance From Office of Management and
17	BUDGET.—The Director of the Office of Management and
18	Budget shall, in consultation with the Council of Economic
19	Advisers, provide guidance to agencies—
20	(1) to standardize measures of costs and bene-
21	fits in accounting statements prepared pursuant to
22	sections 3 and 7 of this Act, including—
23	(A) detailed guidance on estimating the
24	costs and benefits of major rules; and

1 (B) general guidance on estimating the 2 costs and benefits of all other rules that do not 3 meet the thresholds for major rules; and 4 (2) to standardize the format of the accounting 5 statements. 6 From CONGRESSIONAL (e)RECOMMENDATIONS 7 BUDGET OFFICE.—After each accounting statement and 8 associated report submitted to Congress, the Director of 9 the Congressional Budget Office shall make recommendations to the President— 10 11 (1) for improving accounting statements pre-12 pared pursuant to this section, including rec-13 ommendations on level of detail and accuracy; and 14 (2) for improving associated reports prepared 15 pursuant to this section, including recommendations 16 on the quality of analysis. 17 (f) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—No requirements under this 18 section shall be subject to judicial review in any manner. 19 SEC. 3008. STUDIES AND REPORTS. 20 (a) RISK ASSESSMENTS.—The Administrative Con-21 ference of the United States shall— 22 (1) develop and carry out an ongoing study of 23 the operation of the risk assessment requirements of 24 subchapter III of chapter 6 of title 5, United States 25 Code (as added by section 4 of this Act); and

1 (2) submit an annual report to the Congress on 2 the findings of the study. 3 (b) Administrative Procedure Act.—Not later than December 31, 1996, the Administrative Conference 4 of the United States shall— 5 6 (1) carry out a study of the operation of the 7 Administrative Procedure Act (as amended by sec-8 tion 3 of this Act); and 9 (2) submit a report to the Congress on the find-10 ings of the study, including proposals for revision, if 11 any. 12 SEC. 3009. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS. 13 (a) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Except as otherwise provided, this Act and the amendments made by this Act shall 14 15 take effect on the date of enactment. 16 (b) SEVERABILITY.—If any provision of this Act, an amendment made by this Act, or the application of such 17 provision or amendment to any person or circumstance is 18 held to be unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act, the 19

21 provisions of such to any person or circumstance shall not

amendments made by this Act, and the application of the

22 be affected thereby.

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Passed the House of Representatives November 9, 1995.

Attest: ROBIN H. CARLE, Clerk.

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