Union Calendar No. 247

104TH CONGRESS H. R. 2747

[Report No. 104–515]

A BILL

To direct the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to make grants to States for the purpose of financing the construction, rehabilitation, and improvement of water supply systems, and for other purposes.

March 29, 1996

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

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[Report No. 104–515]

To direct the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to make grants to States for the purpose of financing the construction, rehabilitation, and improvement of water supply systems, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

DECEMBER 7, 1995

Mr. SHUSTER (for himself, Mr. OBERSTAR, Mr. BOEHLERT, Mr. BORSKI, Mr. CLINGER, Mr. RAHALL, Mr. PETRI, Mr. LIPINSKI, Mr. WISE, Mr. TRAFI-CANT, Mr. HAYES, Mr. COBLE, Mr. ZELIFF, Mr. COSTELLO, Mr. POSHARD, Mr. HUTCHINSON, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. BAKER of California, Miss Collins of Michigan, Ms. NORTON, Mr. HORN, Mr. FRANKS of New Jersey, Ms. DANNER, Mr. BLUTE, Mr. QUINN, Mrs. FOWLER, Mr. BARCIA, Mr. EHLERS, Mr. BACHUS, Mr. TUCKER, MS. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. WAMP, Mr. BREWSTER, Mr. LATHAM, Mr. LATOURETTE, Mr. MASCARA, Mrs. SEASTRAND, Mr. LAHOOD, Mr. MAR-TINI, and Mr. MCHALE) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure

March 29, 1996

Additional sponsors: Mrs. KELLY, Mr. CLYBURN, Mr. YOUNG of Alaska, Mr. MINGE, and Mr. WELLER

March 29, 1996

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on December 7, 1995]

A BILL

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- To direct the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to make grants to States for the purpose of financing the construction, rehabilitation, and improvement of water supply systems, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Water Supply Infra5 structure Assistance Act of 1996".

6 SEC. 2. PURPOSES.

7 The purposes of this Act are as follows:

8 (1) To provide grants for establishment of State 9 revolving funds for the purpose of providing financial 10 and technical assistance for the construction, rehabili-11 tation, and improvement of water supply systems, in-12 cluding treatment to remove pollutants from navi-13 gable waters for the purpose of making such waters 14 usable by water supply systems and for source water 15 quality protection programs.

16 (2) To provide for administrative efficiencies
17 through implementation of this Act relying on exist18 ing mechanisms of State water pollution control re19 volving loan fund programs established pursuant to
20 title VI of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act.

1 SEC. 3. LIMITATION ON STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.

Nothing in this Act shall be construed as affecting the
requirements of title XIV of the Public Health Service Act
(42 U.S.C. 300f–300j–9), commonly referred to as the Safe
Drinking Water Act.

6 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.

7 In this Act, the following definitions apply:

8 (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Adminis9 trator" means the Administrator of the Environ10 mental Protection Agency.

11 DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITY.—The term (2)12 "disadvantaged community" means the service area 13 of a water supply system with respect to which the 14 average annual residential charges for a user of the 15 water supply system meet affordability criteria established by the State in which the water supply system 16 17 is located (after providing for public review and com-18 ment) in accordance with guidelines to be established 19 by the Administrator, in cooperation with the States. 20 (3) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian tribe" has 21 the meaning such term has under section 518 of the 22 Federal Water Pollution Control Act and includes 23 Alaska Native Villages and former Indian reserva-24 tions in Oklahoma.

1	(4) Small water supply system.—The term
2	"small water supply system" means a water supply
3	system that serves a population of 10,000 or fewer.
4	(5) STATE.—The term "State" means a State,
5	the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puer-
6	to Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa,
7	the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands,
8	and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.
9	(6) WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM.—The term "water
10	supply system" means a system for the provision to
11	the public of piped water for human consumption if
12	such system has at least 15 service connections or reg-
13	ularly serves at least 25 individuals and a draw and
14	fill system for the provision to the public of water for
15	human consumption. Such term does not include a
16	for-profit system that has fewer than 15 service con-
17	nections used by year-round residents of the area
18	served by the system or a for-profit system that regu-
19	larly serves fewer than 25 year-round residents and
20	does not include a system owned by a Federal agency.
21	Such term includes (A) any collection, treatment,
22	storage, and distribution facilities under control of
23	the operator of such system and used primarily in
24	connection with such system, and (B) any collection

or pretreatment facilities not under such control that
 are used primarily in connection with such system.

3 SEC. 5. GRANTS TO STATES.

4 Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Administrator shall make grants to each State for the purpose of establish-5 ing a water supply infrastructure account in the State 6 7 water pollution control revolving loan fund programs estab-8 lished pursuant to title VI of the Federal Water Pollution 9 Control Act, if any, to provide assistance (1) for the construction, rehabilitation, and improvement of water supply 10 systems, and (2) consistent with nonpoint source manage-11 ment programs established under section 319 of the Federal 12 13 Water Pollution Control Act, for source water quality protection programs to address pollutants in navigable waters 14 15 for the purpose of making such waters usable by water sup-16 ply systems.

17 SEC. 6. GRANT AGREEMENTS.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—To receive a grant with funds
made available under section 13, a State shall enter into
an agreement with the Administrator which shall include,
but not be limited to, the specifications set forth in subsection (b) of this section.

23 (b) SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS.—The Administrator
24 shall enter into an agreement under this section with a

State only after the State has established to the satisfaction
 of the Administrator that—

3 (1) the State will accept grant payments with
4 funds to be made available under this Act and will
5 deposit all such payments in the water supply infra6 structure account established by the State in accord7 ance with this Act;

8 (2) if the State has a water pollution control re-9 volving fund established in accordance with title VI 10 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, the State 11 will establish the water supply infrastructure account 12 as a separate account in such fund;

13 (3) the State will deposit in the water supply in-14 frastructure account from State moneys an amount 15 equal to at least 20 percent of the total amount of all 16 grants which will be made to the State with funds to 17 be made available under section 13 on or before (A) 18 the date on which each grant payment will be made 19 to the State under this Act (other than sections 14) 20 and 15), or (B) September 30, 1998, in the case of 21 grant payments made from funds appropriated for 22 fiscal years 1995, 1996, and 1997;

(4) the State will enter into binding commitments to provide assistance in accordance with this
Act in an amount equal to 120 percent of the amount

1	of each such grant payment within 1 year after the
2	receipt of such grant payment;
3	(5) the State will not make available any assist-
4	ance from the account unless the State has first deter-
5	mined that the applicant—
6	(A) has adopted or will adopt a system of
7	charges, policies, and procedures to ensure that
8	recipients of financial assistance from the ac-
9	count are reasonably likely to repay the assist-
10	ance and will have adequate resources to pay the
11	cost of operation and maintenance (including re-
12	placement) of the water supply system; and
13	(B) has or will have legal, institutional,
14	technical, managerial, and financial capability
15	to ensure adequate construction, operation, and
16	maintenance of water supply systems throughout
17	the applicant's jurisdiction;
18	(6) the State will take such action as may be
19	necessary to ensure that construction, rehabilitation,
20	and improvement of a water supply system under-
21	taken with funds directly made available by grants
22	under section 5 are carried out in the most cost-effec-
23	tive manner, as determined by the State;
24	(7) the State will take such action as may be
25	necessary to ensure that, after construction, rehabili-

tation, and improvement of a water supply system
undertaken with funds directly made available by
grants under section 5, such system will provide
water supply services at the most economical cost, including consideration of water conservation measures,
as determined by the applicant; and
(8) the State will make annual reports to the Ad-

8 ministrator on the actual use of funds in accordance
9 with section 606(d) of the Federal Water Pollution
10 Control Act.

11 SEC. 7. INCORPORATION OF FWPCA BY REFERENCE.

12 (a) GENERAL RULE.—The provisions of title VI of the 13 Federal Water Pollution Control Act shall apply as pro-14 vided in this Act to accounts established by States under 15 this Act. For purposes of this Act, any reference to the Fed-16 eral Water Pollution Control Act and to any section thereof 17 shall be treated as a reference to such Act or section as in 18 effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

19 (b) TYPES OF ASSISTANCE.—

20 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 603(d) of the Federal
21 Water Pollution Control Act shall apply to accounts
22 established by States under this Act to the same extent
23 and in the same manner as such section applies to
24 water pollution control revolving funds under such
25 Act.

1 (2) EXCEPTIONS FOR DISADVANTAGED COMMU-2 NITIES.—

3 (A)Term OFLOAN.—Notwithstanding 4 paragraph (1), the repayment period referred to 5 in section 603(d)(1)(A) of the Federal Water Pol-6 lution Control Act for a loan made from a State 7 water supply infrastructure account to a dis-8 advantaged community shall be the lesser of 40 9 years or the expected life of the project to be fi-10 nanced with the proceeds of the loan and the 11 date for full loan amortization referred to in sec-12 tion 603(d)(1)(B) of such Act shall be the date 13 of the expiration of the term of the loan.

14 (B) NEGATIVE INTEREST RATES.—In any 15 case in which the State is making a loan from 16 its water supply infrastructure account to a dis-17 advantaged community, the State may charge a 18 negative annual interest rate of not to exceed 2 19 percent to reduce the unpaid principal of the 20 loan. The aggregate amount of all such negative 21 interest rate loans the State makes in a fiscal 22 year shall not exceed 20 percent of the funds in 23 the water supply infrastructure account of the State. 24

1 (3) Exception for district of columbia and 2 TERRITORIES.—In the case of a water supply infra-3 structure account established by the District of Co-4 lumbia, American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the Commonwealth 5 6 of Puerto Rico, the Pacific Trust Territories, or the 7 Virgin Islands, the account may be used directly by 8 the State for construction, rehabilitation, and im-9 provement of a water supply system.

10 (c) CORRECTIVE ACTION.—Section 605 of the Federal 11 Water Pollution Control Act shall apply to a State's agree-12 ment with the Administrator under this Act and to require-13 ments of this Act to the same extent and in the same man-14 ner as such section applies to a State's agreement under 15 section 602 of such Act and the requirements of title VI of 16 such Act.

(d) AUDITS, REPORTS, AND FISCAL CONTROLS.—Subsections (a), (b), (d), and (e) of section 606 of the Federal
Water Pollution Control Act shall apply to a State establishing an account under this Act and to such account to
the same extent and in the same manner as such subsections
apply to a State establishing a water pollution control revolving fund under title VI of such Act and to such fund.

3 (a) REQUIREMENTS FOR OBLIGATION OF GRANT
4 FUNDS.—Before a State may receive a grant with funds
5 made available under section 13, the State shall first estab6 lish a water supply infrastructure account which complies
7 with the requirements of this Act.

8 (b) ADMINISTRATOR.—Each State water supply infra-9 structure account shall be administered by an instrumental-10 ity of the State with such powers and limitations as may 11 be required to operate such account in accordance with the 12 requirements and purposes of this Act.

13 PROJECTS ELIGIBLE FOR ASSISTANCE.—The (c)amounts of funds available to each State water supply in-14 frastructure account shall be used only for providing finan-15 cial assistance (1) for construction, rehabilitation, and im-16 provement of water supply systems, and (2) consistent with 17 18 nonpoint source management programs established under 19 section 319 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act and 20 subject to subsection (d)(3), for source water quality protection programs to address pollutants in navigable waters for 21 22 the purpose of making such waters usable by water supply 23 systems. In addition, amounts in such account may be used 24 to provide assistance to undertake feasible and appropriate changes in operations of the water supply system (including 25 26 ownership, management, accounting, rates, maintenance, •HR 2747 RH

consolidation, alternative water supply, or other proce dures) if the State determines that such measures are nec essary to ensure adequate construction, operation, and
 maintenance of the water supply system. The account shall
 be established, maintained, and credited with repayments,
 and the account balance shall be available in perpetuity
 for providing such assistance.

8 (d) TYPES OF ASSISTANCE.—In addition to the types 9 of assistance which may be made available under section 10 603(d) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act from a 11 water supply infrastructure account of a State under this 12 Act—

(1) up to 2 percent of the funds in such account
may be used to provide technical assistance with respect to construction, rehabilitation, and improvement of water supply systems;

17 (2) up to 10 percent of the funds in such account
18 may be used to provide technical and financial assist19 ance described in subsection (c)(2);

20 (3) up to ¹/₄ of the 10 percent set-aside under
21 paragraph (2) may be used to make grants to pay 50
22 percent of the cost of the source water quality protec23 tion programs described in subsection (c)(2); and

(4) such account may be used to provide loan
 guarantees for developing and implementing innova tive technologies.

4 (e) ACQUISITION OF LANDS.—Assistance provided with
5 funds made available under section 13 may be used for the
6 acquisition of lands and other interests in lands; however,
7 nothing in this Act authorizes the acquisition of lands or
8 other interests in lands from other than willing sellers.

9 SEC. 9. ALLOTMENT OF FUNDS.

10 (a) FISCAL YEAR 1996.—Sums authorized to be ap-11 propriated pursuant to section 13 for fiscal year 1996 shall 12 be allotted for such year by the Administrator not later than 13 the 10th day which begins after the date of the enactment 14 of this Act. Sums authorized for such fiscal year shall be 15 allotted in accordance with the following table:

States:	Percentages:
Alabama	. 0.98
Alaska	
Arizona	. 1.36
Arkansas	
California	
Colorado	
Connecticut	
Delaware	
District of Columbia	. 0.52
Florida	
Georgia	
Hawaii	
Idaho	
Illinois	
Indiana	
Iowa	
Kansas	
Kentucky	
Louisiana	
Maine	
Maryland	

Massachusetts	1.15
Michigan	4.93
Minnesota	3.47
Mississippi	1.32
Missouri	1.77
Montana	1.19
Nebraska	1.02
Nevada	0.85
New Hampshire	1.09
New Jersey	2.28
New Mexico	1.01
New York	4.90
North Carolina	3.80
North Dakota	0.76
Ohio	3.55
Oklahoma	1.41
Oregon	1.53
Pennsylvania	4.41
Rhode Island	0.61
South Carolina	1.18
South Dakota	0.82
Tennessee	1.01
Texas	5.81
Utah	0.87
Vermont	0.81
Virginia	2.41
Washington	2.55
West Virginia	0.98
Wisconsin	3.42
Wyoming	0.81
American Samoa	0.18
Guam	0.17
Northern Marianas	0.17
Puerto Rico	0.81
Pacific Trust Territories	0.17
Virgin Islands	0.31.

(b) FISCAL YEARS 1997 THROUGH 2000.—Sums au thorized to be appropriated pursuant to section 13 for each
 of fiscal years 1997 through 2000 shall be allotted by the
 Administrator in accordance with the relative needs of the
 States for construction, rehabilitation, and improvement of
 water supply systems and for source water quality protec tion programs described in section 5, as determined by the
 Administrator, in consultation with the States.

1	(c) Reservation of Funds for Indian Tribes.—
2	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsections
3	(a) and (b), the Administrator shall reserve for each
4	fiscal year not to exceed 1.5 percent of the amount
5	made available to carry out section 13 for such fiscal
6	year for the purpose of making grants to Indian
7	tribes for construction, rehabilitation, and improve-
8	ment of water supply systems.
9	(2) Alaska native villages.—In the case of a
10	grant under this subsection for a project in an Alaska
11	Native village, the Administrator is also authorized to
12	make grants to the State of Alaska for the benefit of
13	Native villages. An amount not to exceed 4 percent of
14	the grant amount may be used by the State of Alaska
15	for project management.
16	(d) Allotment Period.—
17	(1) PERIOD OF AVAILABILITY FOR GRANT
18	AWARD.—Sums allotted to a State under this section
19	for a fiscal year shall be available for obligation by
20	the State during the fiscal year for which sums are
21	authorized and during the following fiscal year; ex-
22	cept that for sums allotted in fiscal year 1996, such
23	period of availability shall be fiscal years 1996
24	through 1998.

1 (2) Reallotment of unobligated funds.— 2 The amount of any allotment not obligated by the 3 State by the last day of the period of availability es-4 tablished by paragraph (1) shall be immediately real-5 lotted by the Administrator on the basis of the same 6 ratio as is applicable to sums allotted under this sec-7 tion for the second fiscal year of such period. None of 8 the funds reallotted by the Administrator shall be re-9 allotted to any State which has not obligated all sums 10 allotted to such State in the first fiscal year of such 11 period.

12 SEC. 10. INTENDED USE PLANS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—After providing for public review
and comment, each State establishing a water supply infrastructure account under this Act shall annually prepare a
plan that identifies the intended uses of the amounts in the
account.

(b) CONTENTS.—An intended use plan shall include—
(1) a list of the projects to be assisted in the first
fiscal year that begins after the date of the plan, including a description of the project, the expected terms
of financial assistance, and the size of the service
area;

24 (2) a determination of the priority to be given
25 to such projects, taking into account the relative fi-

1	nancial and other needs for construction, rehabilita-
2	tion, and improvement of water supply systems and
3	for source water quality protection within the bound-
4	aries of the State;
5	(3) the criteria and methods established for the
6	distribution of funds; and
7	(4) a description of the financial status of the
8	water supply infrastructure account.
9	SEC. 11. NEEDS SURVEY.
10	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, in cooperation
11	with the States and Indian tribes, shall make—
12	(1) a detailed estimate, biennially revised, of the
13	cost of needed construction, rehabilitation, and im-
14	provement of water supply systems in the States and
15	Indian tribes and of the cost of needed construction
16	in each of the States and Indian tribes; and
17	(2) a comprehensive study of the economic im-
18	pact on affected units of government of the costs of in-
19	stallation of water supply systems and parts thereof.
20	(b) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—The Administrator
21	shall submit the detailed estimate and the comprehensive
22	study of costs under subsection (a) to Congress no later than
23	January 1, 1998, and January 1 of each even-numbered
24	year thereafter. The Administrator shall also submit rec-
25	ommendations for allotment of funds under section 9 to the

States based on such estimates and on such additional fac tors as the Administrator deems appropriate, including fi nancial need. Whenever the Administrator, pursuant to this
 section, requests and receives an estimate of costs from a
 State, the Administrator shall furnish copies of such esti mate together with such detailed estimate to Congress.

7 SEC. 12. BUY AMERICAN.

8 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress
9 that a recipient of assistance under this Act should purchase
10 American-made equipment and products.

(b) NOTICE.—The Administrator shall provide to each
recipient of assistance under this Act a notice describing
the sense of Congress set forth in subsection (a).

14 SEC. 13. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

15 There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
16 this Act (other than sections 14 and 15)—

- 17 (1) \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 1996;
- 18 (2) \$750,000,000 for fiscal year 1997;
- 19 (3) \$1,000,000,000 for fiscal year 1998;
- 20 (4) \$1,000,000,000 for fiscal year 1999; and
- 21 (5) \$1,000,000 for fiscal year 2000.
- 22 Such sums shall remain available until expended.

1 SEC. 14. TECHNICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL FINANCING AS-2 SISTANCE. 3 (a) Technical Assistance for Small Water Sup-4 PLY SYSTEMS.— 5 (1)GRANTS.—The Administrator may make 6 grants to States, local governments, and nonprofit or-7 ganizations to provide technical assistance and train-8 ing to owners and operators of small water supply 9 systems (including systems that utilize an alternative 10 treatment technology) to enable the systems to achieve 11 the purposes of this Act. 12 (2) DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION.—The Ad-13 ministrator may disseminate information to commu-14 nities with respect to the planning, design, construc-15 tion, and operation of water supply systems. 16 (3)AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

10 (3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— 17 There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out 18 this subsection \$13,000,000 for each of fiscal years 19 1996 through 2000. Such sums shall remain available 20 until expended.

21 (b) Environmental Finance Centers.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall support the network of university-based Environmental
Finance Centers in providing technical assistance to
State and local officials to enable water supply systems to meet the purposes of this Act.

1	(2) Emphasis.—Assistance authorized under
2	this subsection shall be used by Environmental Fi-
3	nance Centers to increase the capabilities of State and
4	local officials to fund, operate, and maintain water
5	supply systems and source water quality protection
6	programs, as described in section 5 of this Act, with
7	greater involvement of private sector and public, non-
8	Federal sector participants.
9	(3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
10	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
11	this subsection \$2,000,000 for each of fiscal years
12	1996 through 2000. Such funds shall remain available
13	until expended.
14	SEC. 15. ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR WATER INFRA-
15	STRUCTURE AND WATERSHEDS.
16	(a) GENERAL PROGRAM.—
17	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may pro-
18	wide technical and financial assistance in the form of
19	vide technical and financial assistance in the form of
17	grants to States (A) for the construction, rehabilita-
20	
	grants to States (A) for the construction, rehabilita-
20	grants to States (A) for the construction, rehabilita- tion, and improvement of water supply systems, and

24 protection programs to address pollutants in navi-

2	usable by water supply systems.
3	(2) LIMITATION.—Not more than 30 percent of
4	the amounts appropriated to carry out this subsection
5	in a fiscal year may be used for source water quality
6	protection programs described in paragraph $(1)(B)$.
7	(3) CONDITION.—As a condition to receiving as-
8	sistance under this subsection, a State shall ensure
9	that such assistance is carried out in the most cost-
10	effective manner, as determined by the State.
11	(4) Authorization of Appropriations.—
12	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
13	this subsection \$50,000,000 for each of fiscal years
14	1996 through 2000. Such sums shall remain available
15	until expended.
16	(b) New York City Watershed, New York.—
17	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may pro-
18	vide technical and financial assistance in the form of
19	grants for a source water quality protection program
20	described in subsection (a) for the New York City Wa-
21	tershed in the State of New York.
22	(2) Authorization of Appropriations.—
23	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
24	this subsection \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years

1996 through 2000. Such sums shall remain available
 until expended.

3 (c) RURAL AND NATIVE VILLAGES, ALASKA.—

4 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may provide technical and financial assistance in the form of 5 6 grants to the State of Alaska for the benefit of rural 7 and Alaska Native villages for the development and 8 construction of water systems to improve conditions 9 in such villages and to provide technical assistance 10 relating to construction and operation of such sys-11 tems.

(2) CONSULTATION.—The Administrator shall
consult the State of Alaska on methods of prioritizing
the allocation of grants made to such State under this
subsection.

16 (3) ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—The State of
17 Alaska may use not to exceed 4 percent of the amount
18 granted to such State under this section for adminis19 trative expenses necessary to carry out the activities
20 for which the grant is made.

21 (4) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
22 There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
23 this subsection \$25,000,000. Such sums shall remain
24 available until expended.

(d) ACQUISITION OF LANDS.—Assistance provided
 with funds made available under this section may be used
 for the acquisition of lands and other interests in lands;
 however, nothing in this Act authorizes the acquisition of
 lands or other interests in lands from other than willing
 sellers.

7 (e) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share of the cost
8 of activities for which grants are made under this section
9 shall be 50 percent.

(f) CONDITION ON AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.—An authorization of appropriations under this section shall be in effect for a fiscal year only if at least 75
percent of the total amount of funds authorized to be appropriated for such fiscal year by section 13 are appropriated.