104TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 309

To require the Congress to comply with the laws which it requires others to comply with.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 4, 1995

Mr. KLINK introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Economic and Educational Opportunities and, in addition, to the Committees on House Oversight, Government Reform and Oversight, the Judiciary, and Rules, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To require the Congress to comply with the laws which it requires others to comply with.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Equity for Congress5 Act".

6 SEC. 2. COVERAGE OF CONGRESS IN MATTERS INVOLVING

7 **EMPLOYMENT.**

8 (a) APPLICATION.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The rights and protections
2	provided pursuant to this Act and the provisions of
3	law specified in paragraph (2) shall apply with re-
4	spect to employment by the Congress.
5	(2) PROVISIONS.—The provisions of law that
6	shall apply with respect to employment by Congress
7	are—
8	(A) title VII of the Civil Rights Act of
9	1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.),
10	(B) the Age Discrimination in Employment
11	Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 621 et seq.),
12	(C) the National Labor Relations Act (29
13	U.S.C. 151 et seq.),
14	(D) section 1977 of the Revised Statutes
15	(42 U.S.C. 1881),
16	(E) section 1977A of the Revised Statutes
17	(42 U.S.C. 1881a),
18	(F) the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938
19	(29 U.S.C. 201 et seq.),
20	(G) the Occupational Safety and Health
21	Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 651 et seq.), and
22	(H) the Family and Medical Leave Act of
23	1993.
24	(b) Enforcement by Administrative Action.—

1 (1) IN GENERAL.—A congressional employee, 2 including a class or organization acting on behalf of 3 a congressional employee, may bring an administra-4 tive action in accordance with paragraph (2) before an administrative agency to enforce the application 5 6 of a law set out in subsection (a)(2) by the Congress 7 or the congressional employer of such employee to such employee if a similarly situated complaining 8 9 party may bring such an action before such agency.

10 (2) REQUIREMENTS.—An administrative action 11 described in paragraph (1) shall be commenced in 12 accordance with the statutory and procedural re-13 quirements of the law which is sought to be en-14 forced.

(3) ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION.—An administrative agency before which is brought an action described in paragraph (1) may take such action
against the Congress or congressional employer sited
in the action as the agency could take in an action
brought by a similarly situated complaining party.

21 (c) ENFORCEMENT BY CIVIL ACTION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—A congressional employee,
including a class or organization acting on behalf of
a congressional employee, may bring a civil action to
enforce a provision of law set out in subsection

(a) (2) in a court authorized by paragraph (3) against the Congress or the congressional employer of such employee if a similarly situated complaining party could bring such a civil action.
(2) REQUIREMENTS.—A civil action described

6 in paragraph (1) shall be commenced in accordance 7 with the statutory and procedural requirements of 8 the law which is sought to be enforced.

9 (3) VENUE.—An action may be brought under 10 paragraph (1) to enforce a provision of law set out 11 in subsection (a)(2) in any court of competent juris-12 diction in which a similarly situated complaining 13 party may otherwise bring a civil action to enforce 14 such provision.

15 (4) RELIEF.—In any civil action brought under
paragraph (1) to enforce a provision of law set out
in subsection (a)(2), the court—

(A) may grant as relief against the Congress or congressional employer any equitable
relief otherwise available to a similarly situated
complaining party bringing a civil action to enforce such provision,

(B) may grant as relief against the Congress any damages that would otherwise be
available to such a complaining party, and

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(C) allow such fees and costs as would be
 allowed in such an action by such a party.

3 SEC. 3. MATTERS OTHER THAN EMPLOYMENT.

4 (a) RIGHTS AND PROTECTIONS.—In accordance with 5 paragraph (6) of section 509(a) of the Americans with 6 Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12209), the rights and 7 protections provided under such Act shall apply with re-8 spect to the conduct of the Congress regarding matters 9 other than employment.

10 (b) ENFORCEMENT.—To enforce paragraph (1), any11 person may—

12 (1) bring an administrative action described in13 section 2(b), or

14 (2) a civil action described in section 2(c).

15 SEC. 4. INFORMATION.

(a) APPLICATION.—The rights and protections provided under section 552a of title 5, United States Code,
shall apply with respect to information in the possession
of the Congress.

20 (b) ENFORCEMENT.—To enforce subsection (a), any 21 person may—

(1) bring an administrative action described insection 2(b), or

24 (2) a civil action described in section 2(c),

against Congress or a congressional employer in posses sion of information.

3 SEC. 5. INDEPENDENT COUNSEL.

4 (a) APPLICATION.—The rights and protections pro5 vided pursuant to chapter 40 of title 28, United States
6 Code, shall apply with respect to investigations of congres7 sional improprieties.

8 (b) ENFORCEMENT.—To enforce subsection (a), any9 person may—

10 (1) bring an administrative action described in11 section 2(b), or

12 (2) a civil action described in section 2(c),

13 against any party with a duty under such chapter 40.

14 SEC. 6. AMENDMENT TO THE RULES OF THE SENATE.

15 Rule XIV of the Standing Rules of the Senate is 16 amended by adding at the appropriate place the following: 17 "No bill, resolution, or amendment which creates a re-18 quirement of general applicability but which exempts the 19 Congress of the United States from its provisions may be 20 considered except by a vote of three-fifths of Senators duly 21 chosen and sworn.".

22 SEC. 7. AMENDMENT TO THE RULES OF THE HOUSE OF 23 REPRESENTATIVES.

Rule XXIV of the House of Representatives isamended by adding at the end the following:

"(9) No bill, resolution, or amendment which creates
 a requirement of general applicability but which exempts
 the Congress of the United States from its provisions may
 be considered except by a vote of three-fifths of the Mem bers duly chosen and sworn.".

6 SEC. 8. DEFINITIONS.

7 For purposes of this Act:

8 (1) The term "congressional employer"9 means—

10 (A) a supervisor as described in paragraph
11 12 of rule XXXVII of the Rules of the Senate;
12 (B)(i) a Member of the House of Rep13 resentatives with respect to the administrative,
14 clerical, and other assistants of a Member;

(ii) a Member who is the chairman of a
committee with respect to the professional, clerical, and other assistants to the committee;

(iii) the ranking minority Member of a
committee with respect to the minority staff
members of the committee;

(iv) a Member who is the chairman of a
subcommittee which has its own staff and financial authorization with respect to the professional, clerical, and other assistants to the subcommittee;

1	(v) the ranking minority Member of a sub-
2	committee with respect to the minority staff
3	members of the subcommittee;
4	(vi) the Majority and Minority Leaders of
5	the House of Representatives and the Majority
6	and Minority Whips with respect to the re-
7	search, clerical, and other assistants to their re-
8	spective offices; and
9	(vii) the other officers of the House of
10	Representatives with respect to the employees
11	of such officers;
12	(C) the Architect of the Capitol with re-
13	spect to the employees of the Architect of the
14	Capitol;
15	(D) the Director of the Congressional
16	Budget Office with respect to the employees of
17	such office;
18	(E) the Comptroller General with respect
19	to the employees of the General Accounting Of-
20	fice;
21	(F) the Public Printer with respect to the
22	employees of the Government Printing Office;
23	(G) the Librarian of Congress with respect
24	to employees of the Library of Congress;

1	(H) the Director of the Office of Tech-
2	nology Assessment with respect to employees of
3	such office; and
4	(I) the Director of the United States Bo-
5	tanic Gardens with respect to the employees of
6	such gardens.
7	(2) The term "congressional employee" means
8	an employee who is employed by, or an applicant for
9	employment with, a congressional employer.
10	(3) The term ''similarly situated complaining
11	party'' means—
12	(A) in the case of a party seeking to en-
13	force a provision with a separate enforcement
14	mechanism for governmental complaining par-
15	ties, a governmental complaining party, or
16	(B) in the case of a party seeking to en-
17	force a provision with no such separate mecha-
18	nism, a complaining party.
19	SEC. 9. EFFECTIVE DATE.
20	This Act shall take effect one hundred twenty days
21	after the date of its enactment.

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