104TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 3878

To privatize the Federal Power Marketing Administrations and certain facilities of the Tennessee Valley Authority and, in the interim, to provide for a transition to market-based rates for such power, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 23, 1996

Mr. Franks of New Jersey (for himself, Mr. Meehan, Mr. Zimmer, Mr. Martini, Mr. Frelinghuysen, Mr. Saxton, Mr. Foley, Mr. Klug, Mr. Kennedy of Massachusetts, and Mr. Barrett of Wisconsin) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Resources, and in addition to the Committees on Transportation and Infrastructure and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To privatize the Federal Power Marketing Administrations and certain facilities of the Tennessee Valley Authority and, in the interim, to provide for a transition to marketbased rates for such power, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Power Marketing Ad-
- 5 ministration Privatization and Reform Act of 1996".

1 SEC. 2. PURPOSE.

2	The purpose of this Act is to—
3	(1) dispose of, through a competitive bidding
4	procedure, all Federally-owned generation and trans-
5	mission facilities used to generate and transmit
6	power sold by the Federal Power Marketing Admin-
7	istrations and thereafter terminate the Federal
8	Power Marketing Administrations,
9	(2) to dispose of, through a competitive bidding
10	procedure, all the hydroelectric generation facilities
11	of the Tennessee Valley Authority, and
12	(3) in the interim period before full
13	privitazation of the Federally-owned generation and
14	transmission facilities used to generate and transmit
15	power sold by the Federal Power Marketing Admin-
16	istrations, to provide for full cost recovery rates for
17	power sold by Federal Power Marketing Administra-
18	tions and a transition to market-based rates for such
19	power.
20	TITLE I—FULL COST RECOVERY
21	AND MARKET RATES

22 SEC. 101. CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS.

- 23 (a) Existing Under-Allocations and Under-
- 24 Recovery of Costs of Power Marketing.—The Con-
- 25 gress finds that the use of fixed allocations of joint multi-
- 26 purpose project costs and the failure to provide for the

- 1 recovery of actual interest costs and depreciation have re-
- 2 sulted in substantial failures to recover costs properly re-
- 3 coverable through power rates by the Federal Power Mar-
- 4 keting Administrations and have resulted in the imposition
- 5 of unreasonable burdens on the taxpaying public.
- 6 (b) Market Pricing Properly Allocates
- 7 Costs.—The Congress further finds that, with the emer-
- 8 gence of open access to power transmission and competi-
- 9 tive bulk power markets, market prices will provide the
- 10 lowest reasonable rates consistent with sound business
- 11 principles, consistent with maximum recovery of costs
- 12 properly allocated to power production and consistent with
- 13 encouraging the most widespread use of power marketed
- 14 by Federal Power Marketing Administrations.

15 SEC. 102. MODIFICATION OF EXISTING POWER MARKETING

- 16 ADMINISTRATIONS.
- 17 (a) Full Cost Recovery Rates.—The Secretary
- 18 of Energy shall develop and implement interim and final
- 19 rates for power sales by Federal Power Marketing Admin-
- 20 istrations designed to recover all power related operations
- 21 and maintenance expenses and the project investment cost
- 22 pertaining to power production, such project power pro-
- 23 duction investment to include all powerhouse, water con-
- 24 duit, dams and appurtenant works and structures, all stor-
- 25 age, diverting, or forebay reservoirs connected therewith,

- 1 the interconnected transmission system and switchyards,
- 2 all miscellaneous structures used and useful in connection
- 3 with power production and all water rights, rights-of-way,
- 4 ditches, dams, reservoirs, lands, or interests in land there-
- 5 of which are necessary or appropriate to the project power
- 6 production capability, the cost of which is to be deter-
- 7 mined according to generally accepted accounting prin-
- 8 ciples, including the accrual of actual interest costs during
- 9 construction and pending repayment. The Secretary of
- 10 Energy may reallocate project investment previously allo-
- 11 cated as joint costs to other functions in order to imple-
- 12 ment full power production cost recovery and full cost re-
- 13 covery rate schedules. Until market pricing for such power
- 14 sales is fully implemented, such full cost recovery rates
- 15 shall be implemented for all new contracts for power sales
- 16 by the Federal Power Marketing Administrator and for
- 17 existing contracts for power sales by Federal Power Mar-
- 18 keting Administrations.
- 19 (b) Transition to Market-Based Rates.—If the
- 20 transition to full cost recovery rates would result in rates
- 21 that exceed market rates, the Secretary of Energy is au-
- 22 thorized to price power sold by Federal Power Marketing
- 23 Administrations at market rates if—
- 24 (1) operation and maintenance costs are recov-
- 25 ered;

- 1 (2) the contribution toward recovery of invest-2 ment pertaining to power production is maximized; 3 and
- 4 (3) purchasers of power under existing con-5 tracts consent to the remarketing by the relevant 6 Federal Power Marketing Administration of such 7 power not later than 3 years thereafter through 8 competitive bidding. Competitive bidding shall be 9 utilized to remarket power that is not accepted by 10 existing customers under this section.
- 11 (c) Market-Based Pricing.—The Secretary of 12 Energy shall develop and implement procedures to assure that all power sold by Federal Power Marketing Administrations is sold at prices set by demand and supply within 14 15 the relevant bulk power supply market. The Secretary of Energy shall establish through notice and comment rule-16 making bid and auction procedures to implement market-17 based pricing for power marketing, including power that is under contract but which is declined by the party enti-19 20 tled to purchase such power and remarketed and power 21 sold pursuant to any power sales contract entered into by 22 a Federal Power Marketing Administration after the en-23 actment of this Act.
- 24 (d) Accounting.—Federal Power Marketing Admin-25 istrations shall utilize generally accepted accounting prin-

- 1 ciples, including the accrual of actual interest costs during
- 2 construction and pending repayment for any project and
- 3 recognition of depreciation expenses as well as generally
- 4 accepted accounting principles concerning cost recovery by
- 5 electic utilities. The Secretary of Energy may reallocate
- 6 project investment previously allocated as joint costs to
- 7 other functions in order to implement full power produc-
- 8 tion cost recovery and full cost recovery rate schedules,
- 9 and in order to disclose the full costs associated with Fed-
- 10 eral power production and marketing.
- 11 (e) Preference.—Public bodies and cooperatives
- 12 shall be given a preference to future power allocations or
- 13 reallocations of Federal power through a right of first re-
- 14 fusal at market prices. Power obtained through preference
- 15 rights shall be consumed by the preference customer or
- 16 resold for consumption by the constituent end-users of the
- 17 preference customer and may not be resold to other enti-
- 18 ties.
- 19 (f) Reforms.—The Secretary of Energy shall re-
- 20 quire each Federal Power Marketing Administration to
- 21 implement—
- (1) program management in order to assign
- personnel and incur expenses for authorized power
- 24 marketing, reclamation, and flood control activities
- only, and not diversification into ancillary activities

- 1 including consulting or operating services for other
- 2 entities; and
- 3 (2) annual reporting plainly disclosing to the
- 4 American public, the activities of the Power Market-
- 5 ing Administration including, but not limited to, the
- 6 full cost of such power projects and power marketing
- 7 programs.
- 8 (g) Contract Renewal.—After the enactment of
- 9 this Act, no Federal Power Marketing Administration may
- 10 enter into or renew any power marketing contract for a
- 11 term that exceeds 5 years.
- 12 (h) Restrictions.—Excepting only the Bonneville
- 13 Power Administration, each Federal Power Marketing Ad-
- 14 ministration shall be subject to the restrictions on the con-
- 15 struction of transmission and additional facilities estab-
- 16 lished by section 5 of the Flood Control Act of 1944.
- 17 (i) Sunset.—The provisions of this section shall
- 18 cease to apply to a Federal Power Marketing Administra-
- 19 tion immediately following the sale under title II of all
- 20 electric power generation and transmission facilities used
- 21 to generate or transmit power sold by such Administra-
- 22 tion.

1	SEC. 103. FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION
2	JURISDICTION OVER TRANSMISSION SERV-
3	ICE PROVIDED BY POWER MARKETING AD-
4	MINISTRATIONS AND TVA.
5	Transmission service provided by Federal Power
6	Marketing Administrations or the Tennessee Valley Au-
7	thority shall be provided on an open access basis and at
8	just and reasonable rates approved or established by the
9	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission under part II of
10	the Federal Power Act in the same manner as such service
11	is provided pursuant to Commission rules by any public
12	utility subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission under
13	such Part II. The preceding sentence shall not require any
14	Federal Power Marketing Administration to expand trans-
15	mission or interconnection capabilities or transmissions in
16	the absence of other authority of law.
17	SEC. 104. IMPLEMENTATION BY THE FEDERAL ENERGY
18	REGULATORY COMMISSION.
19	Pending the implementation of market-based pricing,
20	the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission shall have au-
21	thority to review and approve, reject, or revise power rate
22	schedules recommended for approval by the Secretary of
23	Energy, and existing rate schedules, for power sales by
24	the Federal Power Marketing Administrations. The Fed-
25	eral Energy Regulatory Commission shall base its ap-
26	proval of final rates upon the protection of the public in-

- 1 terest and shall undertake to protect the interest of the
- 2 taxpaying public as well as the interests of consumers. The
- 3 Federal Energy Regulatory Commission may review the
- 4 factual basis for determinations made by the Secretary of
- 5 Energy and may revise or modify those findings as appro-
- 6 priate and may revise proposed or effective rate schedules
- 7 or remand the rate schedules to the Secretary of Energy
- 8 as the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission determines
- 9 is necessary to protect the public interest until a full tran-
- 10 sition is made to market-based rates for power sold by
- 11 Federal Power Marketing Administrations. The Federal
- 12 Energy Regulatory Commission is authorized to proceed
- 13 pursuant to informal notice and comment rulemaking pur-
- 14 suant to section 553(c) of title 5, United States Code. Any
- 15 affected party, including a taxpayer, bidder, preference
- 16 customer, or affected competitor may seek a rehearing and
- 17 judicial review of a final decision of the Federal Energy
- 18 Regulatory Commission pursuant to section 313 of the
- 19 Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 8251).
- 20 SEC. 105. AMENDMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY ORGA-
- 21 NIZATION ACT.
- The last sentence of section 302(a)(3) of the Depart-
- 23 ment of Energy Organization Act is repealed.

1 SEC. 106. REPEAL.

- 2 Section 505 of Public Law 102–377 is hereby re-
- 3 pealed.
- 4 SEC. 107. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 5 Except as otherwise specifically provided in this title,
- 6 the provisions of this title and the amendments made by
- 7 this title shall take effect on the date of enactment of this
- 8 Act.

9 TITLE II—PRIVATIZATION OF

10 PMA AND TVA ASSETS

- 11 SEC. 201. SALE OF FEDERAL HYDROELECTRIC GENERA-
- 12 TION AND TRANSMISSION FACILITIES.
- 13 (a) SALE OF PMA AND TVA FACILITIES.—
- 14 (1) PMA FACILITIES.—The Secretary of En-
- ergy is authorized and directed to sell the hydro-
- 16 electric power generation facilities used to generate
- the electric power marketed by the Federal Power
- Marketing Administrations, together with all con-
- tracts, marketing agreements, and any and all other
- rights, interests, and obligations held or owed by the
- 21 Federal Power Marketing Administrations and all
- 22 electric power transmission facilities owned by the
- United States and operated by a Federal Power
- 24 Marketing Administrations.
- 25 (2) TVA FACILITIES.—The Tennessee Valley
- Authority is authorized and directed to sell the hy-

- droelectric power generation facilities owned and op-
- 2 erated by the Authority.
- 3 (b) Water Storage Rights.—Each sale under this
- 4 Act shall be subject to all existing water storage rights
- 5 in reservoirs used in connection with such power genera-
- 6 tion facilities which rights have been acquired by local in-
- 7 terests pursuant to the Water Supply Act of 1958 (Public
- 8 Law 85–500; 43 U.S.C. 390b) and sections 1, 2, and 3
- 9 of Public Law 88–140 (43 U.S.C. 390c through 390e) for
- 10 water supply or other purposes and all such rights shall
- 11 survive such sale. All obligations of the United States
- 12 under contracts with such local interests for the use of
- 13 such storage shall be assumed by any purchaser so that
- 14 such local interests may continue to operate and utilize
- 15 their storage in accordance with their existing contracts
- 16 with the United States without entering into an additional
- 17 contract with the United States or the purchaser, notwith-
- 18 standing any provision of law or contract to the contrary.
- 19 (c) Competitive Bidding.—The Secretary and the
- 20 Authority shall restrict the sale of any Federal Power
- 21 Marketing Administration or Tennessee Valley Authority
- 22 asset to only domestic entities or United States citizens
- 23 who reside principally within the United States. In order
- 24 to assure that the facilities are transferred in a manner
- 25 that provides a reasonable payment to the United States,

- 1 sales under this section shall be made through a competi-
- 2 tive bidding process open to all bidders determined by the
- 3 Secretary (or the Authority in the case of facilities sold
- 4 by the Authority) to be financially qualified and who have
- 5 the experience and resources necessary to manage the
- 6 transferred assets. No facility or group of facilities may
- 7 be sold for an amount less than the minimum bid estab-
- 8 lished and published by the Secretary (or the Authority
- 9 in the case of facilities sold by the Authority). The mini-
- 10 mum bid for any facility sold by the Secretary shall be
- 11 equal to the net present value of the outstanding debt re-
- 12 payable to the United States and attributable to the facil-
- 13 ity or group of facilities concerned.
- 14 (d) Cooperation of Other Agencies.—The heads
- 15 of other affected Federal departments and agencies shall
- 16 assist the Secretary and the Authority in implementing
- 17 the sales authorized by this section. Upon receiving a writ-
- 18 ten request from the Secretary or the Authority, the head
- 19 of any such department or agency having administrative
- 20 jurisdiction over any facility to be sold under this section
- 21 shall transfer (at such time as may be specified by the
- 22 Secretary or the Authority in such request) such facility
- 23 to the Secretary or the Authority for purposes of effectuat-
- 24 ing such sale.
- 25 (e) Financial and Bid Management Advisor.—

- (1) Retention of advisor.—Within 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary (or the Authority in the case of facilities sold by the Authority) shall retain an experienced private sector firm to serve as financial, bid management, and technical advisor (hereinafter referred to in this Act as the "advisor") to the Secretary (or the Authority) with respect to such sales. The advisor shall not have any substantial financial interest in the existing assets, their operation or the ultimate purchasers.
 - (2) Notice.—Within 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary and the Authority shall each publish a notice in the Federal Register soliciting all parties which have an operational or ownership interest in facilities to be sold under this Act to provide evidence of such interest within 90 days of the published notice.
 - (3) ADVISOR'S REPORT.—Within 6 months of being retained by the Secretary or the Authority and based on information provided by the Secretary or the Authority and the information obtained in paragraph (2), the advisor shall provide to the Secretary (or the Authority in the case of facilities sold by the Authority) a report containing each of the following:

- 1 (A) A plan for the competitive sale of all 2 facilities and other assets and interests referred 3 to in subsection (a).
 - (B) An estimate of the net present value of the income expected to be derived over the next 50 years from each facility or group of facilities to be sold under this section.
 - (C) An estimate of the net present value of the expenses expected to be incurred over the next 50 years in connection with each facility or group of facilities to be sold under this section.
 - (D) A comparison between the net of subparagraphs (B) and (C) and the net present value of the outstanding debt which the Federal government attributes to the asset being sold.
 - (E) The options for the grouping of facilities to be sold under this section. The transfer shall be structured to transfer assets and interests by watershed or by project unless the Advisor can provide satisfactory information to the Secretary or the Authority that another alternative should be used. Groupings of assets shall specifically be designed to transfer all assets in a manner that provides reasonable payment to the United States for all assets.

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1 (F) A plan that takes into consideration 2 the use of tax exempt and government financ-3 ing for purposes of maximizing the return to 4 the American public

the American public. 5 Proceeds.—The Secretary may use up to \$6,000,000 from unobligated balances available to the De-6 partment of Energy to fund any sale preparation costs 8 provided for in this section, and shall provide an accounting of all sale preparation costs and studies to the Com-10 mittee on Resources and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, and 11 to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources and 12 the Committee on Public Works and the Environment of the Senate within 60 days after completion of the sale. 14 15 The proceeds of any sale by the Secretary of a facility or group of facilities under this section shall be used first 16 17 to offset the costs of carrying out such sale and the remaining net proceeds shall be deemed to extinguish the 18 19 outstanding debt repayable to the United States and at-20 tributable to such facility or group of facilities. Any por-21 tion of such net proceeds which exceeds the net present value of the outstanding debt repayable to the United 23 States and attributable to the facility or group of facilities concerned shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United

States as miscellaneous receipts.

- 1 (g) Treatment of Sales for Purposes of Cer-
- 2 TAIN LAWS.—The sales of assets under this Act shall not
- 3 be considered a disposal of Federal surplus property under
- 4 the following provisions of law:
- 5 (1) Section 203 of the Federal Property and
- 6 Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C.
- 7 484).
- 8 (2) Section 13 of the Surplus Property Act of
- 9 1944 (50 U.S.C. App. 1622).
- 10 (h) Existing Contracts, Uses, Etc.—All sales of
- 11 assets and rights under this section shall be subject to all
- 12 contracts, debt obligations to non-Federal entities, oper-
- 13 ational objectives, and other binding agreements which
- 14 apply, as of the date of such sale, to the facilities con-
- 15 cerned and to the sale of electric power from such facili-
- 16 ties. The purchaser of each such facility shall assume all
- 17 liabilities and obligations of the United States (including
- 18 the Tennessee Valley Authority) under such contracts, ob-
- 19 ligations or other agreements. Neither any Federal Power
- 20 Marketing Administration nor the Authority shall, after
- 21 the date of enactment of this Act, enter into a long-term
- 22 agreement, contract, or other long-term obligation or re-
- 23 sponsibility, except to the extent that such an obligation
- 24 will significantly enhance or maintain the value of a facil-
- 25 ity after it is transferred. The United States (including

1	the Tennessee Valley Authority) shall remain responsible
2	for concluding all lawsuits associated with the assets which
3	are the subject of a transfer and which are extant as of
4	the date of the enactment of this Act, whether in its capac-
5	ity of plaintiff or defendant. Any right, title, or interest
6	of the United States (including the Tennessee Valley Au-
7	thority) which exists at the conclusion of such lawsuits and
8	which would otherwise have been transferred, but for the
9	lawsuit, shall be transferred to the party in interest who
10	acquired the related asset from the United States (includ-
11	ing the Tennessee Valley Authority). The United States
12	shall remain responsible for any outstanding Indian trust
13	responsibilities, unless the transfer in question specifically
14	identifies the obligation being transferred.
15	(i) REPORT TO FERC.—Not later than June 30,
16	1997, the Secretary (or the Authority in the case of facili-
17	ties sold by the Authority) shall provide each of the follow-
18	ing to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission:
19	(1) A description of—
20	(A) all the assets tangible and intangible
21	that comprise each power generation or trans-
22	mission facility or group of power generation or
23	transmission facilities to be sold under this sec-
24	tion;

1	(B) the existing terms of operation with
2	respect to such facilities; and
3	(C) any other interest being proposed for
4	transfer.
5	(2) The information pertaining to such facilities
6	required by title 18 of the Code of Federal Regula-
7	tions, subparts B and F, or G, as appropriate, ex-
8	cept exhibit E.
9	(3) The date when an offer for purchase of the
10	assets must be submitted.
11	(j) Notice of Sale and Solicitation of Bids.—
12	Not later than March 31, 1998, the Secretary (or the Au-
13	thority in the case of facilities sold by the Authority) shall
14	publish a notice in the Federal Register which includes
15	each of the following:
16	(1) A description of—
17	(A) all the assets tangible and intangible
18	that comprise each power generation facility or
19	group of power generation facilities to be sold
20	under this section;
21	(B) the existing terms of operation with
22	respect to such facilities; and
23	(C) any other interest being proposed for
24	transfer.

- (2) The date, time, and conditions of the bids 1 2 that must be met to submit a successful bid for the 3 assets to be sold under this Act.
- (3) The terms and conditions identified in the 5 proposed license provided from the Federal Energy 6 Regulatory Commission to the Secretary (or the Au-7 thority in the case of facilities to be sold by the Au-8 thority) under this Act.
- 9 (k) Date of Sale.—All sales under this section 10 shall be completed between July 1, 1999, and September 11 30, 1999.
- 12 TERMINATION OF THE FEDERAL PMAS AND TVA.—Following the sale of all facilities and other assets referred to in the first sentence of subsection (a), the Sec-14 retary shall complete the business of and close out the Federal Power Marketing Administrations and return the unexpended balances of funds appropriated for the Administrations to the Treasury of the United States. To the 18 extent practical, the purchasers under this section should, 19 20 consistent with good business practices, attempt to offer
- 21 to employ those former employees of the United States
- who are necessary to the continued operation of such fa-
- cilities following the sale of the facilities.

1	SEC. 202. FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION
2	JURISDICTION.
3	(a) REGULATION OF RATES AND CHARGES.—All
4	rates and charges established for the wholesale sale of
5	electric power from facilities sold under section 201 shall
6	be subject to part 2 of the Federal Power Act. This sub-
7	section shall take effect upon the expiration of any con-
8	tract which is applicable to the sale of such electric power
9	on the date of the sale of the facility concerned.
10	(b) Original License.—Not later than January 1,
11	1998, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission shall
12	provide the Secretary (or the Authority in the case of fa-
13	cilities to be sold by the Authority) with a proposed license
14	for each power generation facility to be sold under section
15	1. Not later than September 30, 1999, the Commission
16	shall issue to the purchaser of each power generation facil-
17	ity sold under section 1 a license under part I of the Fed-
18	eral Power Act (16 U.S.C. 791a–823b) authorizing the
19	continued operation and maintenance of such facility for
20	a term of 10 years. Such license shall—
21	(1) be for the project purposes established by
22	the existing terms of operation and shall be consist-
23	ent with the proposed license provided to the Sec-
24	retary or the Authority;
25	(2) be conditioned upon the requirement that
26	the licensed facility continue to be operated and

- maintained in accordance with the existing terms of operation, except that the licensee may make improvements to the project which increase capacity without amendment to the license so long as existing minimum flows are not affected;
 - (3) be subject only to the appropriate standard "L-Form" license conditions, published at 54 FPC 1792–1928 (1975), except that the license may not be reopened for any purpose for the first 10 years of the license;
 - (4) not be subject to: the word "constructed" in section 3(10), the 4 provisos of section 4(e); section 6 to the extent it requires the licensee's acceptance of those terms and conditions of the Act that this subsection waives; section 10(e) as it concerns annual charges for the use and occupancy of Federal lands and facilities; section 10(f), section 10(j), section 18, section 19, section 20, and section 22 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(10), 797(e), 799, 803(e), 803(f), 803(j), 811, 812, 813, and 815); and
 - (5) contain minimum flow restrictions no more restrictive than those currently in effect, if any, such minimum flow restrictions may not be altered during the primary term of the license.

- 1 (c) ACTS APPLICABLE TO LICENSING.—The issuance
- 2 of a license pursuant to subsection (b) shall not be subject
- 3 to the provisions of the Federal Land Policy and Manage-
- 4 ment Act of 1976, section 2402 of the Energy Policy Act
- 5 of 1992, the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969,
- 6 the Endangered Species Act of 1973, the Wild and Scenic
- 7 Rivers Act, the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, the
- 8 National Historic Preservation Act, the Coastal Zone
- 9 Management Act, the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act,
- 10 or any other Act otherwise applicable to the licensing of
- 11 the projects. Subsequent operations shall be consistent
- 12 with all applicable rules and regulations.
- 13 (d) Effect of License.—A license issued under
- 14 subsection (b)—
- 15 (1) shall be deemed to meet the licensing stand-
- ards of the Federal Power Act, including section
- 17 10(a) and the last sentence of section 4(e) (16
- 18 U.S.C. 797(e); and
- 19 (2) shall constitute the sole and exclusive source
- for transferred power generation facilities of author-
- 21 izations and requirements with respect to facility op-
- eration.
- (e) Reservations.—Any power site reservation es-
- 24 tablished by the President, the Department of the Interior,
- 25 or pursuant to section 24 of the Federal Power Act (16

- 1 U.S.C. 818), or any other law, which exists on any lands,
- 2 whether Federally or privately owned, that are included
- 3 within the final project boundaries of a transferred hydro-
- 4 electric project as approved by the Commission shall be
- 5 vacated by operation of law upon issuance of a license for
- 6 such project.
- 7 (f) Relicensing.—All requirements of part I of the
- 8 Federal Power Act and of any other Act applicable to the
- 9 licensing of a hydroelectric project shall apply to a trans-
- 10 ferred power generation facility upon expiration of an
- 11 original license issued under this section.
- 12 (g) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
- 13 (1) The term "Commission" means the Federal
- 14 Energy Regulatory Commission.
- 15 (2) The term "existing terms of operation"
- means any applicable statutes, executive department
- 17 regulations, orders, rule curves and the like, memo-
- 18 randa of agreement, operating manuals, and con-
- 19 tractual arrangements pertaining to a transferred
- 20 power generation facility that were in effect as of
- 21 the date of enactment of this Act.
- 22 (3) The term "power generation facility" means
- 23 the facilities, real property interests, and other as-
- sets sold or to be sold to a transferee under this Act,
- 25 including any such real property interests, facilities,

- 1 or assets that comprise a project as defined in sec-2 tion 3(11) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 3 796(11)). If any portion of a structure or other fa-4 cility is used for flood control, water supply or other 5 purposes in addition to the generation of electric en-6 ergy, such term refers only to that portion of the 7 structure or facility used primarily for the genera-8 tion of electric energy, including turbines, genera-9 tors, controls, substations, and primary lines used 10 for transmitting electric energy therefrom to the 11 point of juncture with the interconnected primary 12 transmission system. Such term shall not include 13 any portion of a facility used for navigation, flood 14 control, irrigation, water supply, or recreation.
 - (4) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Energy.
 - (5) The term "Authority" means the Tennessee Valley Authority.
 - (6) The term "Federal Power Marketing Administration" means the Southeastern Power Administration, the Southwestern Power Administration, the Western Area Power Administration, and the Bonneville Power Administration.

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