## 104TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

## H. RES. 282

Supporting the International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia and expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that war criminals from the conflict among republics of the former Yugoslavia should be brought to justice.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

November 20, 1995

Mr. Kennedy of Rhode Island submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on International Relations

## **RESOLUTION**

Supporting the International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia and expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that war criminals from the conflict among republics of the former Yugoslavia should be brought to justice.

Whereas the world community should not tolerate crimes against humanity or any other serious violations of international humanitarian law;

Whereas war criminals who were responsible for the most horrendous crimes against humanity that the world has ever witnessed were brought to justice with trials in Nuremberg, Germany; Whereas the world community has recently witnessed genocide, systematic mass killings, ethic cleansing, concentration camps, forced movement of people, violations of the laws or customs of war, and many other crimes against humanity;

Whereas there is no place in the world community for persons who perpetrate, order, or condone crimes against humanity, or provide refuge for persons who commit crimes against humanity;

Whereas swift and effective justice is the only acceptable action for, and the most effective deterrent against, the recurrence of crimes against humanity; and

Whereas justice is the only foundation for a lasting peace: Now, therefore, be it

- 1 Resolved, That it is the sense of the House of Rep-
- 2 resentatives that—
- (1) the perpetrators of crimes against humanity
  and violations of the laws or customs of war in the
  conflict among republics of the former Yugoslavia
  and persons in positions of authority in the republics
  of the former Yugoslavia who are responsible for
  crimes against humanity should be condemned;
  - (2) persons who are indicted by the International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia should not occupy positions of authority in any government or entity in the republics of the former Yugoslavia;

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- (3) the United States should insist upon the full cooperation of the republics of the former Yugo-slavia in bringing indicted individuals to justice;
  - (4) future support for the reintegration of the republics of the former Yugoslavia into the international community should be dependent on their full cooperation and support of the International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia;
  - (5) investigators for the International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia should be given full access to all sites, witnesses, and evidence of alleged and suspected war crimes; and
  - (6) the United States should oppose amnesty for any indicted war criminals from the conflict among republics of the former Yugoslavia.

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