104TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1073

To establish a national advisory referendum on limiting the terms of Members of Congress at the general election of 1996.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JULY 26 (legislative day, JULY 10), 1995

Mrs. Hutchison (for herself, Mr. Brown, Mr. Frist, Mr. Inhofe, and Mr. Mack) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration

A BILL

To establish a national advisory referendum on limiting the terms of Members of Congress at the general election of 1996.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "National Voter Oppor-
- 5 tunity To Inform Congress Effectively (V.O.I.C.E.) on
- 6 Term Limits Act of 1995".
- 7 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
- 8 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

- 1 (1) the right of citizens of the United States to 2 vote is a fundamental right;
 - (2) the right of citizens of the United States to have an effective voice in the decisionmaking processes of the Congress is grounded in the right to petition and is a fundamental part of American democracy, and Congress should provide an opportunity for citizens to express their views on important public issues:
 - (3) there is an increasing public sentiment and demand for limiting the terms of Members of Congress; and
 - (4) voters in 23 States have already voted and approved State laws to limit the terms of their congressional delegations, and voters in other States have expressed their interest in having the opportunity to also vote on term limits for Members of Congress.
 - (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—
 - (1) to give the citizens of every State the opportunity to have a voice on whether or not the terms of Members of Congress should be limited; and
 - (2) to conduct a national nonbinding referendum on term limits at the 1996 general election and thereby provide an opportunity to study the feasibil-

ity of conducting national nonbinding referenda onother important issues in the future.

3 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

- As used in this Act—
- (1) the term "nonbinding referendum" means the placing on the general election ballot in every congressional district and delegate or resident commissioner district in 1996 the advisory question, the results of which shall be properly tabulated and certified as provided in this Act, but shall not be legally binding on any person or institution;
 - (2) the term "advisory question" means the National Advisory Referendum on Term Limits, the language of which is contained in section 4(b);
 - (3) the term "general election" means the election at which Federal officers are elected in 1996;
 - (4) the term "Federal office" means Members of the House of Representatives and Senators, Delegates to the Congress, and Resident Commissioners of the territories of the United States; and
 - (5) the term "State election agency" means the official agency of each State and territory charged with the legal responsibility for conducting general elections within that jurisdiction.

1	SEC. 4. PROCEDURES FOR NATIONAL VOTER OPPORTUNITY
2	TO INFORM CONGRESS EFFECTIVELY ON
3	TERM LIMITS NONBINDING REFERENDUM.
4	(a) IN GENERAL.—This Act shall have the effect of
5	placing on the 1996 general election ballot in every con-
6	gressional district, and delegate and resident commis-
7	sioner district, in the United States, the District of Colum-
8	bia, and the territories of the United States, the advisory
9	$question\ concerning\ term\ limits\ for\ Members\ of\ Congress.$
10	(b) Advisory Question; Ballot Title and Lan-
11	GUAGE.—Not later than June 1, 1996, the Clerk of the
12	House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate
13	shall jointly certify to the appropriate State election agen-
14	cies for inclusion on the 1996 general election ballot in
15	each congressional district, the following ballot title and
16	question:
	"NATIONAL ADVISORY REFERENDUM ON TERM LIMITS
	"Should Congress approve a constitutional amend-
n	nent to limit the number of terms that a Member of the
U	Inited States House of Representatives and United
S	tates Senator can serve in office?
	"Yes No".
17	(c) Preparation of Ballots.—
18	(1) PROCEDURES.—The procedures for printing
19	and preparation of the ballots containing the advi-
20	sory question shall be the same as provided in each

State and territory for conducting the elections of the Members of the United States House of Representatives and Senators, and Delegates or Resident Commissioners.

(2) ADVISORY QUESTION.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—In each congressional and delegate district, the general election ballot shall include the advisory question. If there is no general election scheduled to be held in a congressional or delegate district, a ballot shall be prepared for the voters of that district containing the advisory question. The voters in the district shall vote on the nonbinding referendum in the same manner as all other districts where a general election is being held.
- (B) Reimbursement.—States and territories shall be reimbursed at 4 cents per voter, or an estimated \$5,000,000 for the costs incurred in placing the advisory question on ballots in November 1996. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated \$5,000,000 to reimburse costs as provided in this subparagraph. All reimbursements to State election agencies for the costs of conducting the nonbinding referendum shall be made from the franking ac-

counts of the Congress, with equal amounts
drawn from the franking accounts of the House
of Representatives and the Senate to reimburse
the States for such expenses. The Clerk of the
House of Representatives and the Secretary of
the Senate shall be responsible for ensuring the
proper application for and reimbursement of expenses under this subparagraph.

- 9 (d) Tabulation and Certification of Voting
 10 Results.—Each State election agency shall tabulate the
 11 results of the voting on the advisory question in the same
 12 manner as is customary for tabulating the results of elec13 tions of the Members of the House of Representatives and
 14 Senators. The results shall be officially certified pursuant
 15 to the customary laws and procedures of each jurisdiction.
 16 (e) Transmission of Certified Results to the
- 17 Congress, All Members, and Committees on the Judiciary.—The official, certified election results of each jurisdiction's nonbinding referendum on the advisory question shall be certified by the State election agency to the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate in the same manner and at the same time of the certification of election of Members of the House of Representatives and Senate at the 1996 general election. The results shall be certified by county, congressional

- 1 district, and statewide totals. The Clerk and the Secretary
- 2 shall be responsible for transmitting to each Member of
- 3 the respective House of Congress the results of the
- 4 nonbinding referendum from all jurisdictions. The results
- 5 shall also be taken under advisement by the respective
- 6 Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representa-
- 7 tives and the Senate, with recommendations for response
- 8 reported back to the full House and Senate not later than
- 9 6 months after the general election of 1996.
- 10 (f) Comments Regarding Procedures for Fu-
- 11 TURE NONBINDING REFERENDA.—Not later than 90 days
- 12 after the date of the general election of 1996, the State
- 13 election agencies shall forward to the Clerk of the House
- 14 of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate their
- 15 comments or suggestions regarding changes or improve-
- 16 ments in procedures for conducting national nonbinding
- 17 referenda in future general elections. All such comments
- 18 shall be referred to the respective committees on the Judi-
- 19 ciary of the House of Representatives and Senate.

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