104TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# AN ACT

S. 619

- To phase out the use of mercury in batteries and provide for the efficient and cost-effective collection and recycling or proper disposal of used nickel cadmium batteries, small sealed lead-acid batteries, and certain other batteries, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### **3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the "Mercury-Containing5 and Rechargeable Battery Management Act".

#### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2 The Congress finds that—

3 (1) it is in the public interest to—

4 (A) phase out the use of mercury in bat-5 teries and provide for the efficient and cost-ef-6 fective collection and recycling or proper dis-7 posal of used nickel cadmium batteries, small 8 sealed lead-acid batteries, and other regulated 9 batteries; and

10 (B) educate the public concerning the col11 lection, recycling, and proper disposal of such
12 batteries;

(2) uniform national labeling requirements for
regulated batteries, rechargeable consumer products,
and product packaging will significantly benefit programs for regulated battery collection and recycling
or proper disposal; and

(3) it is in the public interest to encourage persons who use rechargeable batteries to participate in
collection for recycling of used nickel-cadmium,
small sealed lead-acid, and other regulated batteries.

#### 22 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

23 For purposes of this Act:

24 (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Adminis25 trator" means the Administrator of the Environ26 mental Protection Agency.

1	(2) BUTTON CELL.—The term "button cell"
2	means a button- or coin-shaped battery.
3	(3) EASILY REMOVABLE.—The term "easily re-
4	movable", with respect to a battery, means detach-
5	able or removable at the end of the life of the bat-
6	tery—
7	(A) from a consumer product by a
8	consumer with the use of common household
9	tools; or
10	(B) by a retailer of replacements for a bat-
11	tery used as the principal electrical power
12	source for a vehicle.
13	(4) MERCURIC-OXIDE BATTERY.—The term
14	"mercuric-oxide battery" means a battery that uses
15	a mercuric-oxide electrode.
16	(5) RECHARGEABLE BATTERY.—The term "re-
17	chargeable battery''—
18	(A) means 1 or more voltaic or galvanic
19	cells, electrically connected to produce electric
20	energy, that is designed to be recharged for re-
21	peated uses; and
22	(B) includes any type of enclosed device or
23	sealed container consisting of 1 or more such
24	cells, including what is commonly called a bat-
25	tery pack (and in the case of a battery pack, for

	1
1	the purposes of the requirements of easy remov-
2	ability and labeling under section 103, means
3	the battery pack as a whole rather than each
4	component individually); but
5	(C) does not include—
6	(i) a lead-acid battery used to start an
7	internal combustion engine or as the prin-
8	cipal electrical power source for a vehicle,
9	such as an automobile, a truck, construc-
10	tion equipment, a motorcycle, a garden
11	tractor, a golf cart, a wheelchair, or a boat;
12	(ii) a lead-acid battery used for load
13	leveling or for storage of electricity gen-
14	erated by an alternative energy source,
15	such as a solar cell or wind-driven genera-
16	tor;
17	(iii) a battery used as a backup power
18	source for memory or program instruction
19	storage, timekeeping, or any similar pur-
20	pose that requires uninterrupted electrical
21	power in order to function if the primary
22	energy supply fails or fluctuates momen-
23	tarily; or
24	(iv) a rechargeable alkaline battery.

	5
1	(6) Rechargeable consumer product.—
2	The term ''rechargeable consumer product''—
3	(A) means a product that, when sold at re-
4	tail, includes a regulated battery as a primary
5	energy supply, and that is primarily intended
6	for personal or household use; but
7	(B) does not include a product that only
8	uses a battery solely as a source of backup
9	power for memory or program instruction stor-
10	age, timekeeping, or any similar purpose that
11	requires uninterrupted electrical power in order
12	to function if the primary energy supply fails or
13	fluctuates momentarily.
14	(7) REGULATED BATTERY.—The term ''regu-
15	lated battery" means a rechargeable battery that—
16	(A) contains a cadmium or a lead electrode
17	or any combination of cadmium and lead elec-
18	trodes; or
19	(B) contains other electrode chemistries
20	and is the subject of a determination by the Ad-
21	ministrator under section 103(d).
22	(8) Remanufactured product.—The term
23	"remanufactured product" means a rechargeable
24	consumer product that has been altered by the re-

placement of parts, repackaged, or repaired after
 initial sale by the original manufacturer.

#### 3 SEC. 4. INFORMATION DISSEMINATION.

4 The Administrator shall, in consultation with rep-5 resentatives of rechargeable battery manufacturers, re-6 chargeable consumer product manufacturers, and retail-7 ers, establish a program to provide information to the pub-8 lic concerning the proper handling and disposal of used 9 regulated batteries and rechargeable consumer products 10 with nonremovable batteries.

#### 11 SEC. 5. ENFORCEMENT.

(a) CIVIL PENALTY.—When on the basis of any information the Administrator determines that a person has
violated or is in violation of any requirement of this Act,
the Administrator—

(1) in the case of a willful violation, may issue
an order assessing a civil penalty of not more than
\$10,000 for each violation and requiring compliance
immediately or within a reasonable specified time period, or both; or

(2) in the case of any violation, may commence
a civil action in the United States district court in
the district in which the violation occurred for appropriate relief, including a temporary or permanent
injunction.

(b) CONTENTS OF ORDER.—An order under sub section (a)(1) shall state with reasonable specificity the
 nature of the violation.

4 (c) CONSIDERATIONS.—In assessing a civil penalty
5 under subsection (a)(1), the Administrator shall take into
6 account the seriousness of the violation and any good faith
7 efforts to comply with applicable requirements.

8 (d) FINALITY OF ORDER; REQUEST FOR HEARING.— 9 An order under subsection (a)(1) shall become final un-10 less, not later than 30 days after the order is served, a 11 person named in the order requests a hearing on the 12 record.

(e) HEARING.—On receiving a request under subsection (d), the Administrator shall promptly conduct a
hearing on the record.

16 (f) SUBPOENA POWER.—In connection with any 17 hearing on the record under this section, the Adminis-18 trator may issue subpoenas for the attendance and testi-19 mony of witnesses and for the production of relevant pa-20 pers, books, and documents.

(g) CONTINUED VIOLATION AFTER EXPIRATION OF
PERIOD FOR COMPLIANCE.—If a violator fails to take corrective action within the time specified in an order under
subsection (a)(1), the Administrator may assess a civil

penalty of not more than \$10,000 for the continued non compliance with the order.

3 (h) SAVINGS PROVISIONS.—The Administrator may 4 not take any enforcement action against a person for sell-5 ing, offering for sale, or offering for promotional purposes 6 to the final consumer a battery or product governed by 7 this Act that was—

8 (1) purchased ready for final sale; and

9 (2) sold, offered for sale, or offered for pro-10 motional purposes without modification.

#### 11 SEC. 6. INFORMATION GATHERING AND ACCESS.

12 (a) RECORDS AND REPORTS.—A person who is re-13 quired to carry out the objectives of this Act, including—

14 (1) a regulated battery manufacturer;

15 (2) a rechargeable consumer product manufac-16 turer;

17 (3) a mercury-containing battery manufacturer;18 and

(4) an authorized agent of a person describedin paragraph (1), (2), or (3),

shall establish and maintain such records and report such
information as the Administrator may by regulation reasonably require to carry out the objectives of this Act.

24 (b) ACCESS AND COPYING.—The Administrator or 25 the Administrator's authorized representative, on presentation of credentials of the Administrator, may at reason able times have access to and copy any records required
 to be maintained under subsection (a).

4 (c) CONFIDENTIALITY.—The Administrator shall
5 maintain the confidentiality of documents and records that
6 contain proprietary information.

#### 7 SEC. 7. STATE AUTHORITY.

8 Except as provided in sections 103(e) and 104, noth-9 ing in this Act shall be construed to prohibit a State from 10 enacting and enforcing a standard or requirement that is 11 more stringent than a standard or requirement established 12 or promulgated under this Act.

#### 13 SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

14 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums15 as are necessary to carry out this Act.

# 16 **TITLE I—RECHARGEABLE**

## 17 BATTERY RECYCLING ACT

#### 18 SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

19 This title may be cited as the "Rechargeable Battery20 Recycling Act".

#### 21 SEC. 102. PURPOSE.

The purpose of this title is to facilitate the efficient recycling or proper disposal of used nickel-cadmium rechargeable batteries, used small sealed lead-acid rechargeable batteries, other regulated batteries, and such re chargeable batteries in used consumer products, by—

3 (1) providing for uniform labeling requirements
4 and streamlined regulatory requirements for regu5 lated battery collection programs; and

6 (2) encouraging voluntary industry programs by 7 eliminating barriers to funding the collection and 8 recycling or proper disposal of used rechargeable 9 batteries.

 10
 SEC. 103. RECHARGEABLE CONSUMER PRODUCTS AND

 11
 LABELING.

12 (a) PROHIBITION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—No person shall sell for use 13 14 in the United States a regulated battery that is 15 ready for retail sale or a rechargeable consumer 16 product that is ready for retail sale, if the battery 17 or product was manufactured on or after the date 18 that is 12 months after the date of enactment of 19 this Act, unless the labeling requirements of sub-20 section (b) are met and, in the case of a regulated battery, the regulated battery— 21

22 (A) is easily removable from the recharge-23 able consumer product; or

24 (B) is sold separately.

1	(2) APPLICATION.—Paragraph (1) does not
2	apply to any of the following:
3	(A) The sale of a remanufactured product
4	unit unless paragraph (1) applied to the sale of
5	the unit when originally manufactured.
6	(B) The sale of a product unit intended for
7	export purposes only.
8	(b) LABELING.—Each regulated battery or recharge-
9	able consumer product without an easily removable battery
10	manufactured on or after the date that is 1 year after
11	the date of enactment of this Act, whether produced do-
12	mestically or imported, shall bear the following labels:
13	(1) 3 chasing arrows or a comparable recycling
14	symbol.
15	(2)(A) On each regulated battery that is a nick-
16	el-cadmium battery, the chemical name or the abbre-
17	viation "Ni-Cd" and the phrase "BATTERY MUST
18	BE RECYCLED OR DISPOSED OF PROP-
19	ERLY.".
20	(B) On each regulated battery that is a lead-
21	acid batteries, "Pb" or the words "LEAD", "RE-
22	TURN", and "RECYCLE" and if the regulated bat-
23	tery is sealed, the phrase "BATTERY MUST BE
24	RECYCLED.".

(3) On each rechargeable consumer product
 containing a regulated battery that is not easily re movable, the phrase "CONTAINS NICKEL-CAD MIUM BATTERY. BATTERY MUST BE RECY CLED OR DISPOSED OF PROPERLY." or
 "CONTAINS SEALED LEAD BATTERY. BAT TERY MUST BE RECYCLED.", as applicable.

(4) On the packaging of each rechargeable 8 9 consumer product, and the packaging of each regulated battery sold separately from such a product, 10 11 unless the required label is clearly visible through the packaging, the phrase "CONTAINS NICKEL-12 13 CADMIUM BATTERY. BATTERY MUST BE 14 RECYCLED OR DISPOSED OF PROPERLY." or "CONTAINS SEALED LEAD BATTERY. BAT-15 TERY MUST BE RECYCLED.", as applicable. 16

17 (c) EXISTING OR ALTERNATIVE LABELING.—

18 (1) INITIAL PERIOD.—For a period of 2 years 19 after the date of enactment of this Act, regulated batteries, rechargeable consumer products containing 20 regulated batteries, and rechargeable consumer 21 22 product packages that are labeled in substantial 23 compliance with subsection (b) shall be deemed to 24 comply with the labeling requirements of subsection 25 (b).

1 (2) CERTIFICATION.—

2	(A) IN GENERAL.—On application by per-
3	sons subject to the labeling requirements of
4	subsection (b) or the labeling requirements pro-
5	mulgated by the Administrator under sub-
6	section (d), the Administrator shall certify that
7	a different label meets the requirements of sub-
8	section (b) or (d), respectively, if the different
9	label—
10	(i) conveys the same information as
11	the label required under subsection (b) or
12	(d), respectively; or
13	(ii) conforms with a recognized inter-
14	national standard that is consistent with
15	the overall purposes of this title.
16	(B) CONSTRUCTIVE CERTIFICATION.—
17	Failure of the Administrator to object to an ap-
18	plication under subparagraph (A) on the
19	ground that a different label does not meet ei-
20	ther of the conditions described in subpara-
21	graph (A) (i) or (ii) within 120 days after the
22	date on which the application is made shall con-
23	stitute certification for the purposes of this Act.
24	(d) Rulemaking Authority of the Adminis-
25	TRATOR.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Administrator deter-1 2 mines that other rechargeable batteries having elec-3 trode chemistries different from regulated batteries 4 are toxic and may cause substantial harm to human health and the environment if discarded into the 5 6 solid waste stream for land disposal or incineration, the Administrator may, with the advice and counsel 7 of State regulatory authorities and manufacturers of 8 9 rechargeable batteries and rechargeable consumer products, and after public comment— 10

(A) promulgate labeling requirements for
the batteries with different electrode chemistries, rechargeable consumer products containing such batteries that are not easily removable
batteries, and packaging for the batteries and
products; and

17 (B) promulgate requirements for easy re18 movability of regulated batteries from recharge19 able consumer products designed to contain
20 such batteries.

(2) SUBSTANTIAL SIMILARITY.—The regulations promulgated under paragraph (1) shall be substantially similar to the requirements set forth in
subsections (a) and (b).

(e) UNIFORMITY.—After the effective dates of a re-1 quirement set forth in subsection (a), (b), or (c) or a regu-2 3 lation promulgated by the Administrator under subsection 4 (d), no Federal agency, State, or political subdivision of a State may enforce any easy removability or environ-5 mental labeling requirement for a rechargeable battery or 6 rechargeable consumer product that is not identical to the 7 requirement or regulation. 8

9 (f) EXEMPTIONS.—

10 (1) IN GENERAL.—With respect to any re-11 chargeable consumer product, any person may sub-12 mit an application to the Administrator for an ex-13 emption from the requirements of subsection (a) in 14 accordance with the procedures under paragraph 15 (2). The application shall include the following infor-16 mation:

- 17 (A) A statement of the specific basis for18 the request for the exemption.
- 19 (B) The name, business address, and tele-20 phone number of the applicant.

(2) GRANTING OF EXEMPTION.—Not later than
60 days after receipt of an application under paragraph (1), the Administrator shall approve or deny
the application. On approval of the application the
Administrator shall grant an exemption to the appli-

1	cant. The exemption shall be issued for a period of
2	time that the Administrator determines to be appro-
3	priate, except that the period shall not exceed 2
4	years. The Administrator shall grant an exemption
5	on the basis of evidence supplied to the Adminis-
6	trator that the manufacturer has been unable to
7	commence manufacturing the rechargeable consumer
8	product in compliance with the requirements of this
9	section and with an equivalent level of product per-
10	formance without the product—
11	(A) posing a threat to human health, safe-
12	ty, or the environment; or
13	(B) violating requirements for approvals
14	from governmental agencies or widely recog-
15	nized private standard-setting organizations (in-
16	cluding Underwriters Laboratories).
17	(3) RENEWAL OF EXEMPTION.—A person
18	granted an exemption under paragraph (2) may
19	apply for a renewal of the exemption in accordance
20	with the requirements and procedures described in
21	paragraphs (1) and (2). The Administrator may
22	grant a renewal of such an exemption for a period
23	of not more than 2 years after the date of the grant-
24	ing of the renewal.

#### 1 SEC. 104. REQUIREMENTS.

For the purposes of carrying out the collection, stor-2 3 age, transportation, and recycling or proper disposal of used rechargeable batteries, batteries described in section 4 5 3(5)(C) or in title II, and used rechargeable consumer products containing rechargeable batteries that are not 6 7 easily removable rechargeable batteries, persons involved 8 in collecting, storing, or transporting such batteries or 9 products to a facility for recycling or proper disposal shall, notwithstanding any other law, be regulated in the same 10 manner and with the same limitations as if the persons 11 were collecting, storing, or transporting spent lead acid 12 batteries that are recyclable materials subject to regula-13 tions of the Environmental Protection Agency under sub-14 part G of part 266 of title 40, Code of Federal Regula-15 tions, as in effect on January 1, 1995, except that the 16 requirements of title 40 relating to unmanifested waste 17 reports (40 CFR 264.76 and 265.76) and to waste analy-18 sis and recordkeeping (40 CFR 268.7) shall not apply. 19

#### 20 SEC. 105. COOPERATIVE EFFORTS.

Notwithstanding any other law, if 2 or more persons who participate in projects or programs to collect and properly manage used rechargeable batteries or products powered by rechargeable batteries advise the Administrator of their intent, the persons may agree to develop jointly, or to share in the costs of participating in, such

a project or program and to examine and rely on such
 cost information as is collected during the project or pro gram.

### 4 TITLE II—MERCURY-CONTAIN-

# 5 ING BATTERY MANAGEMENT 6 ACT

#### 7 **SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.**

8 This title may be cited as the "Mercury-Containing9 Battery Management Act".

#### 10 SEC. 202. PURPOSE.

11 The purpose of this title is to phase out the use of12 batteries containing mercury.

13 SEC. 203. LIMITATIONS ON THE SALE OF ALKALINE-MAN-

14

#### GANESE BATTERIES CONTAINING MERCURY.

No person shall sell, offer for sale, or offer for promotional purposes any alkaline-manganese battery manufactured on or after January 1, 1996, with a mercury content that was intentionally introduced (as distinguished from mercury that may be incidentally present in other materials), except that the limitation on mercury content in alkaline-manganese button cells shall be 25 milligrams of mercury per button cell.

# 1SEC. 204. LIMITATIONS ON THE SALE OF ZINC-CARBON2BATTERIES CONTAINING MERCURY.

No person shall sell, offer for sale, or offer for promotional purposes any zinc-carbon battery manufactured on or after January 1, 1996, that contains mercury that was intentionally introduced as described in section 203. SEC. 205. LIMITATIONS ON THE SALE OF BUTTON CELL MERCURIC-OXIDE BATTERIES.

9 No person shall sell, offer for sale, or offer for pro10 motional purposes any button cell mercuric-oxide battery
11 for use in the United States on or after January 1, 1996.
12 SEC. 206. LIMITATIONS ON THE SALE OF OTHER MER13 CURIC-OXIDE BATTERIES.

(a) PROHIBITION.—On or after January 1, 1996, no
person shall sell, offer for sale, or offer for promotional
purposes a mercuric-oxide battery for use in the United
States unless the battery manufacturer—

(1) identifies a collection site that has all required Federal, State, and local government approvals, to which persons may send used mercuric-oxide
batteries for recycling or proper disposal;

(2) informs each of its purchasers of mercuricoxide batteries of the collection site identified under
paragraph (1); and

(3) informs each of its purchasers of mercuric-oxide batteries of a telephone number that the pur-

chaser may call to get information about sending
 mercuric-oxide batteries for recycling or proper dis posal.

4 (b) APPLICATION OF SECTION.—This section does
5 not apply to a sale or offer of a mercuric-oxide button
6 cell battery.

7 SEC. 207. NEW PRODUCT OR USE.

On petition of a person that proposes a new use for 8 a battery technology described in this title or the use of 9 10 a battery described in this title in a new product, the Administrator may exempt from this title the new use of the 11 technology or the use of such a battery in the new product 12 on the condition, if appropriate, that there exist reason-13 able safeguards to ensure that the resulting battery or 14 15 product without an easily removable battery will not be disposed of in an incinerator, composting facility, or land-16 fill (other than a facility regulated under subtitle C of the 17 Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6291 et seq.)). 18

Passed the Senate September 21 (legislative day, September 5), 1995.

Attest:

Secretary.

S 619 ES—2

104TH CONGRESS S. 619

# AN ACT

To phase out the use of mercury in batteries and provide for the efficient and cost-effective collection and recycling or proper disposal of used nickel cadmium batteries, small sealed lead-acid batteries, and certain other batteries, and for other purposes.