## 104TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

## S. 907

To amend the National Forest Ski Area Permit Act of 1986 to clarify the authorities and duties of the Secretary of Agriculture in issuing ski area permits on National Forest System lands and to withdraw lands within ski area permit boundaries from the operation of the mining and mineral leasing laws.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 9 (legislative day, JUNE 5), 1995

Mr. Murkowski (for himself, Mr. Leahy, Mr. Campbell, Mr. Kyl, Mr. Brown, Mr. Gregg, Mr. Craig, and Mr. Domenici) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources

## A BILL

To amend the National Forest Ski Area Permit Act of 1986 to clarify the authorities and duties of the Secretary of Agriculture in issuing ski area permits on National Forest System lands and to withdraw lands within ski area permit boundaries from the operation of the mining and mineral leasing laws.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
- 4 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:

- 1 (1) Although ski areas occupy less than one2 twentieth of one percent of National Forest System
  3 lands nationwide, in many rural areas of the United
  4 States, ski areas and investments by ski area per5 mittees on National Forest System lands form the
  6 backbone of the local economy and a preponderance
  7 of the employment base.
  - (2) Ski area operations and their attendant communities provide revenues to the United States in the form of permit fees, income taxes, and other revenues which are extremely significant in proportion to the limited Federal acreage and Forest Service administration and contractual obligations required to support such operations.
  - (3) In addition to alpine skiing, many ski area permittees provide multiseason facilities and enhanced access to National Forest System lands that result in greater public use and enjoyment of such lands than would otherwise occur.
  - (4) Unlike many other private sector users of Federal lands, ski areas in almost all cases assume the risk to finance, construct, maintain, and market all recreational facilities and improvements on such lands.

- (5) Many ski areas on National Forest System lands operate in an extremely competitive environment with similar facilities located on private or State lands, which requires ski area permittees to maintain a high level of capital investment to upgrade existing facilities and install new facilities (such as lifts, trails, snowmaking and trail grooming equipment, restaurants, and day care centers) to serve the public.
  - (6) Despite an outward appearance of economic well-being resulting from an intensive capital infrastructure, many ski area operations are marginally profitable due to the competition and capital investments referred to in paragraph (5), weather conditions, insurance premiums, the national economy, and other factors beyond the control of the ski area permittee.
  - (7) Because of the contributions of ski areas to the economies of the United States and the rural communities in which they are located, and the enhanced use and enjoyment of National Forest System lands resulting from ski areas, it is in the national interest for the United States, where consistent with national forest management objectives, to take actions to promote the long-term economic

1	health and stability of ski areas and associated com-
2	munities.
3	(8) The National Forest Ski Area Permit Act
4	of 1986 (16 U.S.C. 497b) has been of assistance to
5	ski area operations on National Forest System lands
6	by providing longer term lease tenure and contrac-
7	tual stability to ski area permittees, but further ad-
8	justments and policy direction are warranted to ad-
9	dress problems related to permit fees and fee cal-
10	culations and conflicts with certain mineral activi-
11	ties.
12	(b) Purpose.—In light of the findings specified in
13	subsection (a), it is the purpose of this Act—
<ul><li>13</li><li>14</li></ul>	subsection (a), it is the purpose of this Act—  (1) to legislate a ski area permit fee that re-
14	(1) to legislate a ski area permit fee that re-
14 15	(1) to legislate a ski area permit fee that re- turns fair market value to the United States and at
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li></ul>	(1) to legislate a ski area permit fee that returns fair market value to the United States and at the same time—
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	(1) to legislate a ski area permit fee that returns fair market value to the United States and at the same time—  (A) provides ski area permittees and the
14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>(1) to legislate a ski area permit fee that returns fair market value to the United States and at the same time—</li> <li>(A) provides ski area permittees and the United States with a simplified, consistent, pre-</li> </ul>
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li><li>18</li><li>19</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(1) to legislate a ski area permit fee that returns fair market value to the United States and at the same time— <ul> <li>(A) provides ski area permittees and the United States with a simplified, consistent, predictable, and equitable fee formula that is com-</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>(1) to legislate a ski area permit fee that returns fair market value to the United States and at the same time— <ul> <li>(A) provides ski area permittees and the United States with a simplified, consistent, predictable, and equitable fee formula that is commensurate with long-term planning, financing,</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(1) to legislate a ski area permit fee that returns fair market value to the United States and at the same time—  (A) provides ski area permittees and the United States with a simplified, consistent, predictable, and equitable fee formula that is commensurate with long-term planning, financing, and operational needs of ski areas; and

1	(2) to prevent future conflicts between ski area
2	operations and mining and mineral leasing programs
3	by withdrawing lands within ski area permit bound-
4	aries from the operation of the mining and mineral
5	leasing laws.
6	SEC. 2. SKI AREA PERMIT FEES AND WITHDRAWAL OF SKI
7	AREAS FROM OPERATION OF MINING LAWS.
8	The National Forest Ski Area Permit Act of 1986
9	(16 U.S.C. 497b) is amended by adding at the end the
10	following new sections:
11	"SEC. 4. SKI AREA PERMIT FEES.
12	"(a) Ski Area Permit Fee.—After the date of the
13	enactment of this section, the fee for all ski area permits
14	on National Forest System lands shall be calculated,
15	charged, and paid only as set forth in subsection (b) in
16	order to—
17	"(1) return fair market value to the United
18	States and at the same time provide ski area permit-
19	tees and the United States with a simplified, consist-
20	ent, predictable, and equitable permit fee;
21	"(2) simplify administrative, bookkeeping, and
22	other requirements currently imposed on the Sec-
23	retary of Agriculture and ski area permittees on na-
24	tional forest lands: and

"(3) save costs associated with the calculation 1 2 of ski area permit fees. 3 "(b) METHOD OF CALCULATION.— "(1) DETERMINATION OF ADJUSTED GROSS 4 5 REVENUE SUBJECT TO FEE.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall calculate the ski area permit fee 6 7 (SAPF) to be charged a ski area permittee by first determining the permittee's adjusted gross revenue 8 9 (AGR) to be subject to the permit fee. The permittee's adjusted gross revenue (AGR) is equal to the 10 11 sum of the following: "(A) The permittee's gross revenues from 12 13 alpine lift ticket and alpine season pass sales 14 plus revenue from alpine ski school operations 15 (LTA+SSA), with such total multiplied by the 16 permittee's slope transport feet percentage 17 (STFP) on National Forest System lands. 18 "(B) The permittee's gross revenues from 19 nordic ski use pass sales and nordic ski school 20 operations (LTN+SSN), with such total multiplied by the permittee's percentage (NR) of 21 22 nordic trails on National Forest System lands. 23 "(C) The permittee's gross revenues from

ancillary facilities (GRAF) physically located on

National Forest System lands, including all per-

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1	mittee or subpermittee lodging, food service,
2	rental shops, parking, and other ancillary oper-
3	ations.
4	"(2) Depiction of Formula.—Utilizing the
5	abbreviations indicated in paragraph (1), the cal-
6	culation of the adjusted gross revenue (AGR) of a
7	ski are permittee is illustrated by the following for-
8	mula:
	"AGR = $((LTA + SSA) \times STFP) + ((LTN + SSN) \times NR) + GRAF$
9	"(3) Determination of ski area permit
10	FEE.—The Secretary shall determine the ski area
11	permit fee (SAPF) to be charged a ski area permit-
12	tee by multiplying adjusted gross revenue deter-
13	mined under paragraph (1) for the permittee by the
14	following percentages for each revenue bracket and
15	adding the total for each revenue bracket:
16	"(A) 1.5 percent of all adjusted gross reve-
17	nue below \$3,000,000.
18	"(B) 2.5 percent for adjusted gross reve-
19	nue between \$3,000,000 and \$15,000,000.
20	"(C) 2.75 percent for adjusted gross reve-
21	nue between \$15,000,000 and \$50,000,000.
22	"(D) 4.0 percent for the amount of ad-
23	justed gross revenue that exceeds \$50,000,000.
24	"(4) Slope transport feet percentage.—
25	In cases where ski areas are only partially located on

National Forest System lands, the slope transport feet percentage on national forest land referred to in paragraph (1) is hereby determined to most accurately reflect the percent of an alpine ski area permittee's total skier service capacity which is located on National Forest System land. It shall be calculated as generally described in the Forest Service Manual in effect as of January 1, 1992.

- "(5) Annual adjustment of adjusted gross revenue.—In order to insure that the ski area permit fee set forth in this subsection remains fair and equitable to both the United States and ski area permittees, the Secretary shall adjust, on an annual basis, the adjusted gross revenue figures for each revenue bracket in subparagraphs (A) through (D) of paragraph (3) by the percent increase or decrease in the national Consumer Price Index for the preceding calendar year.
- "(c) MINIMUM RENTAL FEE.—In cases where an area of National Forest System land is under a ski area permit but the permittee does not have revenue or sales qualifying for fee payment pursuant to subsection (a), the permittee shall pay an annual minimum rental fee of \$2 for each acre of National Forest System land under per-

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- 1 mit. Rental fees imposed under this subsection shall be
- 2 paid at the time specified in subsection (d).
- 3 "(d) Time for Payment.—Unless otherwise mutu-
- 4 ally agreed to by the ski area permittee and the Secretary,
- 5 the ski area permit fee set forth in subsection (b) shall
- 6 be paid by the permittee by August 31 of each year and
- 7 cover all applicable revenues received during the 12-month
- 8 period ending on June 30 of that year. To simplify book-
- 9 keeping and fee calculation burdens on the permittee and
- 10 the Forest Service, the Secretary shall no later than
- 11 March 15 of each year provide each ski area permittee
- 12 with a standardized form and worksheets (including an-
- 13 nual fee calculation brackets and rates) to be utilized for
- 14 fee calculation and submitted with the fee payment.
- 15 "(e) Exclusion of Revenue Obtained Outside
- 16 OF NATIONAL FOREST LANDS.—Under no circumstances
- 17 shall ski area permittee revenue or subpermittee revenue
- 18 (other than lift ticket, area use pass, or ski school sales)
- 19 obtained from operations physically located on nonnational
- 20 forest land be included in the ski area permit fee calcula-
- 21 tion.
- 22 "(f) Definitions.—To simplify bookkeeping and ad-
- 23 ministrative burdens on ski area permittees and the For-
- 24 est Service, as used in this section, the terms 'revenue'
- 25 and 'sales' shall mean actual income from sales. Such

- 1 terms shall not include sales of operating equipment, re-
- 2 funds, rent paid to the permittee by sublessees, sponsor
- 3 contributions to special events or any amounts attrib-
- 4 utable to employee gratuities, discounts, complimentary
- 5 lift tickets, or other goods or services (except for bartered
- 6 goods) for which the permittee does not receive money.
- 7 "(g) Effective Date for Fees.—The ski area
- 8 permit fees required by this section shall become effective
- 9 on July 1, 1995 and cover receipts retroactive to July 1,
- 10 1994. If a ski area permittee has paid fees for the 12-
- 11 month period ending on June 30, 1995, under the grad-
- 12 uated rate fee system formula in effect prior to the date
- 13 of the enactment of this section, such fees shall be credited
- 14 toward the new ski area permit fee due for that period
- 15 under this section.
- 16 "(h) Transitional Ski Area Permit Fees.—
- 17 "(1) DETERMINATION OF AVERAGE FEES.—In
- order to minimize in any one year the effects of con-
- verting individual ski areas from the fee system in
- 20 existence on the date of the enactment of this sec-
- 21 tion to the ski area permit fee required by sub-
- section (a), each ski area permittee subject to the
- new fee shall determine the permittee's average ex-
- isting fees (AEF) for each year of the three-year pe-
- riod ending on June 30, 1994, and the permittee's

proforma average ski area permit fee (ASF) under subsection (a) for each year of that period. Both the AEF and ASF shall be determined by adding together the fee payment made by the ski area or the estimated payment that would have been paid under subsection (a) for each year of that period and dividing by three.

"(2) Determination of transitional fees.—To calculate the ski area permit fee required by subsection (a) for each year in the five-year period ending on June 30, 1999, the Secretary of Agriculture shall divide the ski area permit fee required by subsection (a) by the ASF and then multiply by the AEF. The resulting fee shall be called the Adjusted Base Fee (ABF). After June 30, 1999, all ski areas will pay the ski area permit fee required by subsection (a) without regard to previous fees or rates paid.

"(3) EFFECT OF LOW ABF.—Should the ABF be less than the ski area permit fee required by subsection (a), the ski area permittee shall pay the lesser of the fee required by subsection (a) or the ABF, which shall be adjusted by multiplying the ABF by—

1	"(A) 1.1 for the fee required to be paid by
2	August 31, 1995;
3	"(B) 1.2 for the fee required to be paid by
4	August 31, 1996;
5	"(C) 1.3 for the fee required to be paid by
6	August 31, 1997;
7	"(D) 1.4 for the fee required to be paid by
8	August 31, 1998; and
9	"(E) 1.5 for the fee required to be paid by
10	August 31, 1999.
11	"(3) Effect of high abf.—Should the ABF
12	be greater than the ski area permit fee required by
13	subsection (a), the ski area permittee shall pay the
14	greater of the fee required by subsection (a) or the
15	ABF, which shall be adjusted by multiplying the
16	ABF by—
17	"(A) 0.9 for the fee required to be paid by
18	August 31, 1995;
19	"(B) 0.8 for the fee required to be paid by
20	August 31, 1996;
21	"(C) 0.7 for the fee required to be paid by
22	August 31, 1997;
23	"(D) 0.6 for the fee required to be paid by
24	August 31, 1998; and

1	"(E) 0.5 for the fee required to be paid by
2	August 31, 1999.
3	"SEC. 5. WITHDRAWAL OF SKI AREAS FROM OPERATION OF
4	MINING LAWS.
5	"Subject to valid existing rights, all lands located
6	within the boundaries of ski area permits issued prior to,
7	on, or after the date of the enactment of this section pur-
8	suant to the authority of the Act of March 4, 1915 (16
9	U.S.C. 497), the Act of June 4, 1897 (16 U.S.C. 473 et
10	seq.), or section 3 of this Act are hereby and henceforth
11	automatically withdrawn from all forms of appropriation
12	under the mining laws and from disposition under all laws
13	pertaining to mineral and geothermal leasing and all
14	amendments to such laws. Such withdrawal shall continue
15	for the full term of the permit and any modification,
16	reissuance, or renewal of the permit. Such withdrawal
17	shall be canceled automatically upon expiration or other

termination of the permit unless, at the request of the Sec-

retary of Agriculture, the Secretary of the Interior deter-

withdrawal, the land shall be automatically restored to all

appropriation not otherwise restricted under the public

20 mines to continue the withdrawal. Upon cancellation of the

23 land laws.".