Calendar No. 342

104TH CONGRESS S. 942

A BILL

To promote increased understanding of Federal regulations and increased voluntary compliance with such regulations by small entities, to provide for the designation of regional ombudsmen and oversight boards to monitor the enforcement practices of certain Federal agencies with respect to small business concerns, to provide relief from excessive and arbitrary regulatory enforcement actions against small entities, and for other purposes.

March 6, 1996

Reported with an amendment

Calendar No. 342

104th CONGRESS 2D Session

S. 942

To promote increased understanding of Federal regulations and increased voluntary compliance with such regulations by small entities, to provide for the designation of regional ombudsmen and oversight boards to monitor the enforcement practices of certain Federal agencies with respect to small business concerns, to provide relief from excessive and arbitrary regulatory enforcement actions against small entities, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 16 (legislative day, JUNE 5), 1995

Mr. BOND (for himself, Mr. DOMENICI, Mr. WARNER, Mrs. HUTCHISON, Mr. BURNS, Mr. FRIST, Mr. COVERDELL, Mr. DOLE, Mr. LUGAR, Mr. GRAMS, Mr. LOTT, and Mr. GRASSLEY) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Small Business

MARCH 6, 1996

Reported by Mr. BOND, with an amendment [Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

To promote increased understanding of Federal regulations and increased voluntary compliance with such regulations by small entities, to provide for the designation of regional ombudsmen and oversight boards to monitor the enforcement practices of certain Federal agencies with respect to small business concerns, to provide relief from excessive and arbitrary regulatory enforcement actions against small entities, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be eited as the
- 5 "Small Business Regulatory Fairness Act of 1995".
- 6 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents. Sec. 2. Purposes.

TITLE I—REGULATORY SIMPLIFICATION AND VOLUNTARY COMPLIANCE

- Sec. 101. Definitions.
- Sec. 102. Compliance guides.
- Sec. 103. No action letter.
- Sec. 104. Voluntary self-audits.
- Sec. 105. Defense to enforcement actions.

TITLE II—SMALL BUSINESS RESPONSIVENESS OF COVERED AGENCIES

See. 201. Small business and agriculture ombudsman.

See. 202. Small business regulatory fairness boards.

Sec. 203. Services provided by small business development centers.

TITLE III—FINANCIAL ACCOUNTABILITY OF COVERED AGENCIES RELATING TO FEES AND EXPENSES

Sec. 301. Administrative proceedings. Sec. 302. Judicial proceedings.

8 SEC. 2. PURPOSES.

- 9 The purposes of this Act are—
- 10 (1) to change the relationship between regu-
- 11 lators and small entities;

1	(2) to ameliorate the concern of small entities
2	regarding the effects of arbitrary Federal regulatory
3	enforcement actions on small entities;
4	(3) to increase the comprehensibility of Federal
5	regulations affecting small entities;
6	(4) to make Federal regulators accountable for
7	their actions; and
8	(5) to provide small entities with a meaningful
9	opportunity for the redress of arbitrary enforcement
10	actions by Federal regulators.
11	TITLE I-REGULATORY SIM-
12	PLIFICATION AND VOL-
13	UNTARY COMPLIANCE
14	SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.
15	For purposes of this title, the following definitions
16	shall apply:
17	(1) COMPLIANCE GUIDE.—The term "compli-
18	ance guide" means a publication made by a covered
19	agency under section 102(a).
20	(2) COVERED AGENCY.—The term "covered
21	agency" has the same meaning as in section $30(a)$
22	of the Small Business Act (as added by section 201
23	of this Act).
24	(3) No action Letter.—The term "no action
25	letter" means a written determination from a cov-

1	ered agency stating that, based on a no action re-
2	quest submitted to the agency by a small entity, the
3	agency will not take enforcement action against the
4	small entity under the rules of the covered agency.
5	(4) No action request.—The term "no ac-
6	tion request" means a written correspondence sub-
7	mitted by a small entity to a covered agency—
8	(A) stating a set of facts; and
9	(B) requesting a determination by the
10	agency of whether the agency would take an en-
11	forcement action against the small entity based
12	on such facts and the application of any rule of
13	the agency.
14	(5) Rule.—The term "rule" has the same
15	meaning as in section 601(2) of title 5, United
16	States Code.
17	(6) SMALL ENTITY.—The term "small entity"
18	has the same meaning as in section 601(6) of title
19	5, United States Code.
20	(7) Small business concern.—The term
21	"small business concern" has the same meaning as
22	in section 3 of the Small Business Act.
23	(8) Voluntary self-audit.—The term "vol-
24	untary self-audit" means an audit, assessment, or

1	review of any operation, practice, or condition of a
2	small entity that—
3	(Λ) is initiated by an officer, employee, or
4	agent of the small entity; and
5	(B) is not required by law.
6	SEC. 102. COMPLIANCE GUIDES.
7	(a) Compliance Guide.—
8	(1) PUBLICATION.—If a covered agency is re-
9	quired to prepare a regulatory flexibility analysis for
10	a rule or group of related rules under section 603
11	of title 5, United States Code, the agency shall pub-
12	lish a compliance guide for such rule or group of re-
13	lated rules.
14	(2) Requirements.—Each compliance guide
15	published under paragraph (1) shall—
16	(Λ) contain a summary description of the
17	rule or group of related rules;
18	(B) contain a citation to the location of the
19	complete rule or group of related rules in the
20	Federal Register;
21	(C) provide notice to small entities of the
22	requirements under the rule or group of related
23	rules and explain the actions that a small entity
24	is required to take to comply with the rule or
25	group of related rules;

1	(D) be written in a manner to be under-
2	stood by the average owner or manager of a
3	small entity; and
4	(E) be updated as required to reflect
5	changes in the rule.
6	(b) DISSEMINATION.
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—Each covered agency shall
8	establish a system to ensure that compliance guides
9	required under this section are published, dissemi-
10	nated, and made easily available to small entities.
11	(2) Small business development cen-
12	TERS.—In carrying out this subsection, each covered
13	agency shall provide sufficient numbers of compli-
14	ance guides to small business development centers
15	for distribution to small businesses concerns under
16	section $21(c)(3)(R)$ of the Small Business Act (as
17	added by section 202 of this Act).
18	(c) Limitation on Enforcement.
19	(1) IN GENERAL.—No covered agency may
20	bring an enforcement action in any Federal court or
21	in any Federal administrative proceeding against a
22	small entity to enforce a rule for which a compliance
23	guide is not published and disseminated by the cov-
24	ered agency as required under this section.

1	(2) EFFECTIVE DATES.—This subsection shall
2	take effect—
3	(A) 1 year after the date of the enactment
4	of this Act with regard to a final regulation in
5	effect on the date of the enactment of this Act;
6	and
7	(B) on the date of the enactment of this
8	Act with regard to a regulation that takes effect
9	as a final regulation after such date of enact-
10	ment.
11	SEC. 103. NO ACTION LETTER.
12	(a) APPLICATION.—This section applies to all covered
13	agencies, except—
14	(1) the Federal Trade Commission;
15	(2) the Equal Employment Opportunity Com-
16	mission; and
17	(3) the Consumer Product Safety Commission.
18	(b) Issuance of No Action Letter.—Not later
19	than 90 days after the date on which a covered agency
20	receives a no action request, the agency shall—
21	(1) make a determination regarding whether to
22	grant the no action request, deny the no action re-
23	quest, or seek further information regarding the no
24	action request; and

(2) if the agency makes a determination under
 paragraph (1) to grant the no action request, issue
 a no action letter and transmit the letter to the re questing small entity.

(c) RELIANCE ON NO ACTION LETTER OR COMPLI-5 ANCE GUIDE.—In any enforcement action brought by a 6 covered agency in any Federal court, or Federal adminis-7 8 trative proceeding against a small entity, the small entity 9 shall have a complete defense to any allegation of non-10 compliance or violation of a rule if the small entity affirmatively pleads and proves by a preponderance of the evi-11 12 dence that the act or omission constituting the alleged noncompliance or violation was taken in good faith with 13 and in reliance on— 14

15 (1) a no action letter from that agency; or

16 (2) a compliance guide of the applicable rule
17 published by the agency under section 102(a).

18 SEC. 104. VOLUNTARY SELF-AUDITS.

19 (a) INADMISSIBILITY OF EVIDENCE AND LIMITATION
20 ON DISCOVERY.—The evidence described in subsection
21 (b)—

(1) shall not be admissible, unless agreed to by
the small entity, in any enforcement action brought
against a small entity by a Federal agency in any
Federal—

1	(A) court; or
2	(B) administrative proceeding; and
3	(2) may not be the subject of discovery in any
4	enforcement action brought against a small entity by
5	a Federal agency in any Federal—
6	(A) court; or
7	(B) administrative proceeding.
8	(b) Application.—For purposes of subsection (a),
9	the evidence described in this subsection is—
10	(1) a voluntary self-audit made in good faith;
11	and
12	(2) any report, finding, opinion, or any other
13	oral or written communication made in good faith
14	relating to such voluntary self-audit.
15	(c) EXCEPTIONS.—Subsection (a) shall not apply if—
16	(1) the act or omission that forms the basis of
17	the enforcement action is a violation of criminal law;
18	Oľ
19	(2) the voluntary self-audit or the report, find-
20	ing, opinion, or other oral or written communication
21	was prepared for the purpose of avoiding disclosure
22	of information required for an investigative, adminis-
23	trative, or judicial proceeding that, at the time of
24	preparation, was imminent or in progress.

1 SEC. 105. DEFENSE TO ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—No covered agency may impose a
3 fine or penalty on a small entity if the small entity proves
4 by a preponderance of the evidence that—

5 (1) the covered agency rule is vague or ambigu6 ous; and

7 (2) the interpretation by the small entity of the
8 rule is reasonable considering the rule and any appli9 cable compliance guide.

10 (b) INTERPRETATION OF RULE.—In determining 11 whether the interpretation of a rule by a small entity is 12 reasonable, no deference shall be given to any interpreta-13 tion of the rule by the agency that is not included in a 14 compliance guide.

15 TITLE II—SMALL BUSINESS RE16 SPONSIVENESS OF COVERED 17 AGENCIES

18 SEC. 201. SMALL BUSINESS AND AGRICULTURE OMBUDS-

19 **MAN.**

20 The Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 631 et seq.) is 21 amended—

22 (1) by redesignating section 30 as section 31;
23 and

24 (2) by inserting after section 29 the following
25 new section:

1 "SEC. 30. OVERSIGHT OF REGULATORY ENFORCEMENT.

2 "(a) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section, the
3 following definitions shall apply:

4 <u>''(1) BOARD.</u>—The term 'Board' means a Small
5 Business Regulatory Fairness Board established
6 under subsection (e).

7 "(2) COVERED AGENCY.—The term 'covered 8 agency' means any agency that, as of the date of en-9 actment of the Small Business Regulatory Fairness 10 Act of 1995, has promulgated any rule for which a 11 regulatory flexibility analysis was required under 12 section 605 of title 5, United States Code, and any 13 other agency that promulgates any such rule, as of 14 the date of such promulgation.

15 <u>"(3)</u> OMBUDSMAN.—The term 'ombudsman'
16 means a Regional Small Business and Agriculture
17 Ombudsman designated under subsection (b).

18 <u>"(4) REGION.—The term 'region' means any</u>
19 area for which the Administrator has established a
20 regional office of the Administration pursuant to
21 section 4(a).

22 <u>"(5)</u> RULE.—The term 'rule' has the same
23 meaning as in section 601(2) of title 5, United
24 States Code.

25 <u>"(b) OMBUDSMAN.</u>

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days
2	after the date of enactment of the Small Business
3	Regulatory Fairness Act of 1995, the Administrator
4	shall designate in each region a senior employee of
5	the Administration to serve as the Regional Small
6	Business and Agriculture Ombudsman in accordance
7	with this subsection.
8	"(2) DUTIES.—Each ombudsman designated
9	under paragraph (1) shall—
10	"(A) on a confidential basis, solicit and re-
11	ceive comments from small business concerns
12	regarding the enforcement activities of covered
13	agencies;
14	"(B) based on comments received under
15	subparagraph (Λ) , annually assign and publish
16	a small business responsiveness rating to each
17	covered agency;
18	"(C) publish periodic reports compiling the
19	comments received under subparagraph (Λ) ;
20	"(D) coordinate the activities of the Small
21	Business Regulatory Fairness Board estab-
22	lished under subsection (c); and
23	"(E) establish a toll-free telephone number
24	to receive comments from small business con-
25	cerns under subparagraph (A).".

3 Section 30 of the Small Business Act (as added by
4 section 201 of this Act) is amended by adding at the end
5 the following new subsection:

6 ^{"(c)} Small Business Regulatory Fairness</sup> 7 Boards.—

8 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days 9 after the date of enactment of the Small Business 10 Regulatory Fairness Act of 1995, the Administrator 11 shall establish in each region a Small Business Reg-12 ulatory Fairness Board in accordance with this sub-13 section.

14 <u>"(2) DUTIES.—Each Board established under</u>
15 paragraph (1) shall—

16 <u>"(A)</u> advise the ombudsman on matters of
17 concern to small business concerns relating to
18 the enforcement activities of covered agencies;

19"(B) conduct investigations into enforce-20ment activities by covered agencies with respect21to small business concerns;

22 "(C) issue advisory findings and rec23 ommendations regarding the enforcement activi24 ties of covered agencies with respect to small
25 business concerns;

21 <u>"(E) 1 member appointed by the Minority</u>
22 Leader of the Senate.

23	${}$ (4) Period of appointment; vacancies.
24	${(\Lambda)}$ Period of appointment.

1	"(i) Presidential appointees.—
2	Each member of the Board appointed
3	under subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2)
4	shall be appointed for a term of 3 years,
5	except that the initial member appointed
6	under such subparagraph shall be ap-
7	pointed for a term of 1 year.
8	"(ii) House of representatives
9	APPOINTEES.—Each member of the Board
10	appointed under subparagraph (B) or (C)
11	of paragraph (2) shall be appointed for a
12	term of 3 years, except that the initial
13	members appointed under such subpara-
14	graphs shall each be appointed for a term
15	of 2 years.
16	"(iii) Senate Appointees.—Each
17	member of the Board appointed under sub-
18	paragraph (D) or (E) of paragraph (2)
19	shall be appointed for a term of 3 years.
20	"(B) VACANCIES.—Any vacancy on the
21	Board—
22	"(i) shall not affect the powers of the
23	Board; and

1	"(ii) shall be filled in the same man-
2	ner and under the same terms and condi-
3	tions as the original appointment.
4	"(5) CHAIRPERSON.—The Board shall select a
5	Chairperson from among the members of the Board.
6	⁽⁽⁶⁾ MEETINGS.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Board shall meet
8	at the call of the Chairperson.
9	"(B) INITIAL MEETING. Not later than
10	90 days after the date on which all members of
11	the Board have been appointed, the Board shall
12	hold its first meeting.
13	"(7) QUORUM.—A majority of the members of
14	the Board shall constitute a quorum for the conduct
15	of business, but a lesser number may hold hearings.
16	"(8) Powers of the board.
17	"(A) HEARINGS.—The Board or, at its di-
18	rection, any subcommittee or member of the
19	Board, may, for the purpose of carrying out the
20	provisions of this section—
21	"(i) hold such hearings, sit and act at
22	such times and places, take such testi-
23	mony, receive such evidence, administer
24	such oaths; and

1	"(ii) require, by subpoena or other-
2	wise, the attendance and testimony of such
3	witnesses and the production of such
4	books, records, correspondence, memo-
5	randa, papers, documents, tapes, and ma-
6	terials as the Board or such subcommittee
7	or member considers advisable.
8	"(B) Issuance and enforcement of
9	SUBPOENAS.—
10	"(i) Issuance.—Each subpoena is-
11	sued pursuant to subparagraph (Λ) shall
12	bear the signature of the Chairperson and
13	shall be served by any person or class of
14	persons designated by the Chairperson for
15	that purpose.
16	"(ii) Enforcement.—
17	"(I) IN GENERAL.—In the case
18	of contumacy or failure to obey a sub-
19	poena issued under subparagraph (Λ) ,
20	the United States district court for
21	the judicial district in which the sub-
22	poenaed person resides, is served, or
23	may be found may issue an order re-
24	quiring such person to appear at any
25	designated place to testify or to

- 1 produce documentary or other evi-2 dence. 3 "(II) CONTEMPT OF COURT. 4 Any failure to obey the order of the 5 court issued under subclause (I) may 6 be punished by the court as a con-7 tempt of that court. 8 "(C) WITNESS ALLOWANCES AND FEES.-9 Section 1821 of title 28, United States Code, 10 shall apply to witnesses requested or subpoe-11 naed to appear at any hearing of the Board. 12 The per diem and mileage allowances for any 13 witness shall be paid from funds available to 14 pay the expenses of the Board. 15 "(D) INFORMATION FROM FEDERAL AGEN-
- 16 CHES.—Upon the request of the Chairperson, 17 the Board may secure directly from the head 18 any Federal department or agency such infor-19 mation as the Board considers necessary to 20 carry out the provisions of this section.

21 "(E) POSTAL SERVICES. The Board may
 22 use the United States mails in the same man 23 ner and under the same conditions as other de 24 partments and agencies of the Federal Govern 25 ment.

1	"(F) DONATIONS.—The Board may ac-
2	cept, use, and dispose of donations of services
3	or property.
4	"(9) Board personnel matters.
5	"(A) Compensation.—Members of the
6	Board shall serve without compensation.
7	"(B) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—Members of the
8	Board shall be allowed travel expenses, includ-
9	ing per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates au-
10	thorized for employees of agencies under sub-
11	chapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States
12	Code, while away from their homes or regular
13	places of business in the performance of serv-
14	ices for the Board.".
15	SEC. 203. SERVICES PROVIDED BY SMALL BUSINESS DE-
16	VELOPMENT CENTERS.
17	Section $21(c)(3)$ of the Small Business Act (15)
18	U.S.C. 648(e)(3)) is amended—
19	(1) in subparagraph (O) , by striking "and" at
20	the end;
21	(2) in subparagraph (P) , by striking the period
22	at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
23	(3) by inserting immediately after subpara-
24	graph (P) the following new subparagraphs:

1	"(Q) providing assistance to small business
2	concerns regarding regulatory requirements, in-
3	eluding providing training with respect to cost-
4	effective regulatory compliance;
5	"(R) developing informational publications,
6	establishing resource centers of reference mate-
7	rials, and distributing compliance guides pub-
8	lished under section 102(a) of the Small Busi-
9	ness Regulatory Fairness Act of 1995 to small
10	business concerns; and
11	"(S) developing a program to provide con-
12	fidential onsite assessments and recommenda-
13	tions regarding regulatory compliance to small
14	business concerns and assisting small business
15	concerns in analyzing the business development
16	issues associated with regulatory implementa-
17	tion and compliance measures.".
18	TITLE III—FINANCIAL ACCOUNT-
19	ABILITY OF COVERED AGEN-
20	CIES RELATING TO FEES AND
21	EXPENSES
22	SEC. 301. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDINGS.
23	Section 504 of title 5, United States Code, is amend-
24	ed—
25	(1) in subsection $(b)(1)(B)$ —

1	(A) by striking ", or (ii)" and inserting ",
2	(ii)"; and
3	(B) by striking the semicolon at the end of
4	the subparagraph and inserting the following:
5	", or (iii) a small entity as such term is defined
6	in subsection $(g)(1)(D)$;" and
7	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
8	section:
9	$\frac{((g)(1)}{(g)(1)}$ For purposes of this subsection, the term—
10	"(A) 'covered agency' has the same meaning as
11	in section 30(a) of the Small Business Act;
12	"(B) 'fees and other expenses' has the same
13	meaning as in subsection $(b)(1)(A)$, except that—
14	${}$ (i) clause (ii) of such subparagraph (A)
15	shall not apply; and
16	"(ii) attorney's fees shall not be awarded
17	at a rate of pay in excess of \$150 per hour un-
18	less the adjudicative party determines that re-
19	gional costs or other special factors justify a
20	higher fee;
21	"(C) 'prevailing small entity'—
22	"(i) means a small entity that raised a suc-
23	cessful defense to an agency enforcement action
24	by a covered agency in an adversary adjudica-
25	tion; and

1	"(ii) includes a small entity that is a party
2	in an adversary adjudication in which the adju-
3	dicative officer orders a corrective action or
4	penalty against the small entity that is less bur-
5	densome than the corrective action or penalty
6	initially sought or demanded by the covered
7	agency; and
8	"(D) 'small entity' has the same meaning as in
9	section $601(6)$.
10	${}(2)$ For the purpose of making a finding of whether
11	an award under subsection $(a)(1)$ is unjust, in any case
12	in which fees and other expenses would be awarded to a
13	prevailing small entity as a prevailing party—
14	${(\Lambda)}$ the adjudicative officer of the agency shall
15	not consider whether the position of the agency was
16	substantially justified; and
17	"(B) special circumstances shall be limited to
18	circumstances in which—
19	${}$ (i) the matters in the adversary adjudica-
20	tion are matters for which there is little or no
21	legal precedent; or
22	"(ii) findings of fact or conclusions of law
23	are based on inconsistent interpretations of ap-

1 "(3) If a prevailing small entity is awarded fees and 2 other expenses as a prevailing party under subsection 3 (a)(1), such fees and other expenses shall include all fees 4 and expenses incurred by the small entity in appearing 5 in any proceeding the purpose of which is to determine 6 the amount of fees and other expenses.

7 "(4) Fees and other expenses awarded to a prevailing 8 small entity as a prevailing party under this section shall 9 be paid by the covered agency from funds made available 10 to the agency by appropriation or from fees or other 11 amounts charged to the public if authorized by law. A cov-12 ered agency may not increase any such fee or amount 13 charged for the purpose of paying fees and other expenses awarded to a prevailing small entity as a prevailing party 14 15 under this section.".

16 SEC. 302. JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS.

17 Section 2412 of title 28, United States Code, is
18 amended—

- 19 (1) in subsection (d)(2)(B)—
- 20 (A) by striking ", or (ii)" and inserting 21 ", (ii)"; and
- (B) by striking the semicolon at the end of
 the subparagraph and inserting the following:
 ", or (iii) a small entity as defined under subsection (g)(1)(D);" and

1	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
2	section:
3	$\frac{(g)(1)}{(g)(1)}$ For purposes of this subsection, the term—
4	$\frac{((A)}{(A)}$ covered agency' has the same meaning as
5	in section 30(a) of the Small Business Act;
6	"(B) 'fees and other expenses' has the same
7	meaning as in subsection (d)(2)(A), except that—
8	${}$ (i) clause (ii) of such subparagraph (A)
9	shall not apply; and
10	"(ii) attorney's fees shall not be awarded
11	at a rate of pay in excess of \$150 per hour un-
12	less the court determines that regional costs or
13	other special factors justify a higher fee;
14	"(C) 'prevailing small entity'—
15	"(i) means a small entity that raised a suc-
16	cessful defense to an agency enforcement action
17	by a covered agency in a civil action; and
18	"(ii) includes a small entity that is a party
19	in a civil action in which the court orders a cor-
20	rective action or penalty against the small en-
21	tity that is less burdensome than the corrective
22	action or penalty initially sought or demanded
23	by the covered agency; and
24	$\frac{((D)}{(D)}$ 'small entity' has the same meaning as
25	the term 'small entity' in section $601(6)$ of title 5.

1	$\frac{((2))}{(2)}$ For the purpose of making a finding of whether
2	an award under subsection (d)(1)(A) is unjust, in any case
3	in which fees and other expenses would be awarded to a
4	prevailing small entity as a prevailing party—
5	${(A)}$ the court shall not consider whether the
6	position of the United States was substantially justi-
7	fied; and
8	"(B) special circumstances shall be limited to
9	circumstances in which—
10	"(i) the matters in the civil action are mat-
11	ters for which there is little or no legal prece-
12	dent; or
13	"(ii) findings of fact or conclusions of law
14	are based on inconsistent interpretations of ap-
15	plicable law by different courts.
16	(3) If a prevailing small entity is awarded fees and
17	other expenses as a prevailing party under subsection
18	(d)(1)(A), such fees and expenses shall include all fees and
19	expenses incurred by the small entity in appearing in any
20	proceeding the purpose of which is to determine the
21	amount of fees and other expenses.
22	"(4) Fees and other expenses awarded to a prevailing
23	small entity as a prevailing party under this section shall
24	be paid by the covered agency from funds made available

to the agency by appropriation or from fees or other

amounts charged to the public if authorized by law. A cov ered agency may not increase any such fee or amount
 charged for the purpose of paying fees and other expenses
 awarded to a prevailing small entity as a prevailing party
 under this section.".

6 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

7 This Act may be cited as the "Small Business Regu8 latory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996".

9 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

10 Congress finds that—

(1) a vibrant and growing small business sector
is critical to creating jobs in a dynamic economy;

13 (2) small businesses bear a disproportionate
14 share of regulatory costs and burdens;

(3) fundamental changes that are needed in the
regulatory and enforcement culture of federal agencies
to make agencies more responsive to small business
can be made without compromising the statutory missions of the agencies;

20 (4) three of the top recommendations of the
21 White House Conference on Small Business involve
22 reforms to the way government regulations are devel23 oped and enforced, and reductions in government pa24 perwork requirements;

1	(5) the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility
2	Act have too often been ignored by government agen-
3	cies, resulting in greater regulatory burdens on small
4	entities than necessitated by statute; and
5	(6) small entities should be given the opportunity
6	to seek judicial review of agency actions required by
7	the Regulatory Flexibility Act.
8	SEC. 3. PURPOSES.
9	The purposes of this Act are—
10	(1) to implement certain recommendations of the
11	1995 White House Conference on Small Business re-
12	garding the development and enforcement of Federal
13	regulations;
14	(2) to provide for judicial review of the Regu-
15	latory Flexibility Act;
16	(3) to encourage the effective participation of
17	small businesses in the Federal regulatory process;
18	(4) to simplify the language of Federal regula-
19	tions affecting small businesses;
20	(5) to develop more accessible sources of informa-
21	tion on regulatory and reporting requirements for
22	small businesses;
23	(6) to create a more cooperative regulatory envi-
24	ronment among agencies and small businesses that is
25	less punitive and more solution-oriented; and

1 (7) to make Federal regulators more accountable 2 for their enforcement actions by providing small enti-3 ties with a meaningful opportunity for redress of ex-4 cessive enforcement activities. 5 SEC. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE. 6 This Act shall become effective on the date 90 days 7 after enactment. TITLE I-REGULATORY 8 **COMPLIANCE SIMPLIFICATION** 9 10 SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS. 11 For purposes of this Act— 12 (1) the terms "rule" and "small entity" have the 13 same meanings as in section 601 of title 5, United 14 States Code; 15 (2) the term "agency" has the same meaning as 16 in section 551 of title 5, United States Code; and 17 (3) the term "small entity compliance guide" 18 means a document designated as such by an agency. 19 SEC. 102. COMPLIANCE GUIDES. 20 (a) COMPLIANCE GUIDE.—For each rule or group of 21 related rules for which an agency is required to prepare 22 a final regulatory flexibility analysis under section 604 of 23 title 5, United States Code, the agency shall publish one 24 or more guides to assist small entities in complying with

25 the rule, and shall designate such publications as "small

entity compliance guides". The guides shall explain the ac-1 tions a small entity is required to take to comply with a 2 3 rule or group of rules. The agency shall, in its sole discre-4 tion, ensure that the guide is written using sufficiently 5 plain language to be understood by affected small entities. Agencies may prepare separate guides covering groups or 6 7 classes of similarly affected small entities, and may cooper-8 ate with associations of small entities to develop and distribute such quides. 9

(b) SINGLE SOURCE OF INFORMATION.—Agencies shall
cooperate to make available to small entities through a single source of information, the small entity compliance
guides and all other available information on statutory and
regulatory requirements affecting small entities.

15 (c) LIMITATION ON JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Except as provided by this subsection, an agency's designation of a 16 small entity compliance guide shall not be subject to judi-17 18 cial review. In any civil or administrative action against a small entity for a violation occurring after the effective 19 date of this section, the content of the small business guide 20 21 may be considered as evidence of the reasonableness or ap-22 propriateness of any proposed fines, penalties or damages.

23 SEC. 103. INFORMAL SMALL ENTITY GUIDANCE.

24 (a) IN GENERAL.—Whenever appropriate in the inter25 est of administering statutes and regulations within the ju-

risdiction of an agency, it shall be the practice of the agency 1 to answer inquiries by small entities concerning informa-2 3 tion on and advice about compliance with such statutes and 4 regulations, interpreting and applying the law to specific sets of facts supplied by the small entity. In any civil or 5 administrative action against a small entity, guidance pro-6 7 vided by an agency to a small entity may be considered 8 as evidence of the reasonableness or appropriateness of any 9 proposed fines, penalties or damages imposed on such small 10 entity.

(b) PROGRAM.—Each agency shall establish a program
for issuing guidance in response to such inquiries no later
than 1 year after enactment of this section, utilizing existing functions and personnel of the agency to the extent practicable.

16 SEC. 104. SERVICES OF SMALL BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT
17 CENTERS.
18 Section 21(c)(3) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C.

18 Section 21(c)(3) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C.
19 648(c)(3)) is amended—

20 (1) in subparagraph (O), by striking "and" at
21 the end;

(2) in subparagraph (P), by striking the period
at the end and inserting a semicolon; and

24 (3) by inserting after subparagraph (P) the fol25 lowing new subparagraphs:

1	(Q) providing assistance to small business con-
2	cerns regarding regulatory requirements, including
3	providing training with respect to cost-effective regu-
4	latory compliance;
5	``(R) developing informational publications, es-
6	tablishing resource centers of reference materials, and
_	

7 distributing compliance guides published under sec8 tion 102(a) of the Small Business Regulatory En9 forcement Fairness Act of 1996 to small business con10 cerns; and

"(S) developing programs to provide confidential
onsite assessments and recommendations regarding
regulatory compliance to small business concerns and
assisting small business concerns in analyzing the
business development issues associated with regulatory
implementation and compliance measures.".

17 SEC. 105. MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY CENTERS.

18 The Manufacturing Technology Centers and other 19 similar extension centers administered by the National In-20 stitute of Standards and Technology of the Department of 21 Commerce shall, as appropriate, provide the assistance re-22 garding regulatory requirements, develop and distribute in-23 formation and guides and develop the programs to provide 24 confidential onsite assessments and recommendations re-

1 garding regulatory compliance described in Section 104 of this Act. 2 TITLE II—REGULATORY 3 ENFORCEMENT REFORMS 4 5 SEC. 201. SMALL BUSINESS AND AGRICULTURE ENFORCE-6 MENT OMBUDSMAN. 7 The Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 631 et seq.) is 8 amended-9 (1) by redesignating section 30 as section 31; 10 and 11 (2) by inserting after section 29 the following 12 new section: 13 "SEC. 30. OVERSIGHT OF REGULATORY ENFORCEMENT. 14 "(a) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section, the 15 term-"(1) 'Board' means a Regional Small Business 16 17 Regulatory Fairness Board established under sub-18 section (c); and 19 "(2) 'Ombudsman' means the Small Business 20 and Agriculture Regulatory Enforcement Ombudsman 21 designated under subsection (b). 22 "(b) SBA ENFORCEMENT OMBUDSMAN.— 23 "(1) Not later than 180 days after the date of en-24 actment of this section, the Administration shall des-25 ignate a Small Business and Agriculture Regulatory

1	Enforcement Ombudsman utilizing existing personnel
2	to the extent practicable. Other agencies shall assist
3	the Ombudsman and take actions as necessary to en-
4	sure compliance with the requirements of this section.
5	Nothing in this section is intended to replace or di-
6	minish the activities of any Ombudsman or similar
7	office in any other agency.
8	"(2) The Ombudsman shall—
9	"(A) work with each agency with regulatory
10	authority over small businesses to ensure that
11	small business concerns that receive or are sub-
12	ject to an audit, on-site inspection, compliance
13	assistance effort, or other enforcement related
14	communication or contact by agency personnel
15	are provided with a confidential means to com-
16	ment on and rate the performance of such per-
17	sonnel;
18	(B) establish means to solicit and receive
19	comments from small business concerns regard-
20	ing actions by agency employees conducting com-
21	pliance or enforcement related activities with re-
22	spect to the small business concern, and main-
23	tain the identity of the person and small busi-
24	ness concern making such comments on a con-
25	fidential basis; and

1	"(C) based on comments received from small
2	business concerns and the Boards, annually re-
3	port to Congress and affected agencies concerning
4	the enforcement activities of agency personnel in-
5	cluding a rating of the responsiveness to small
6	business of the various regional and program of-
7	fices and personnel of each agency; and
8	``(D) coordinate and report annually on the
9	activities, findings and recommendations of the
10	Boards to the Administration and to the heads
11	of affected agencies.
12	"(c) Regional Small Business Regulatory Fair-
13	NESS BOARDS.—
14	"(1) Not later than 180 days after the date of en-
15	actment of this section, the Administration shall es-
16	tablish a Small Business Regulatory Fairness Board
17	in each regional office of the Small Business Adminis-
18	tration.
19	"(2) Each Board established under paragraph
20	(1) shall—
21	"(A) meet at least annually to advise the
22	Ombudsman on matters of concern to small busi-
23	nesses relating to the enforcement activities of
24	agencies;

1	"(B) report to the Ombudsman on instances
2	of excessive enforcement actions of agencies
3	against small business concerns including any
4	findings or recommendations of the Board as to
5	agency enforcement policy or practice; and
6	"(C) prior to publication, provide comment
7	on the annual report of the Ombudsman pre-
8	pared under subsection (b).
9	"(3) Each Board shall consist of five members
10	appointed by the Administration, after receiving the
11	recommendations of the chair and ranking minority
12	member of the Small Business Committees of the
13	House and Senate.
14	"(4) Members of the Board shall serve for terms
15	of three years or less.
16	"(5) The Administration shall select a chair
17	from among the members of the Board who shall serve
18	for not more than 2 years as chair.
19	"(6) A majority of the members of the Board
20	shall constitute a quorum for the conduct of business,
21	but a lesser number may hold hearings.
22	"(d) Powers of the Boards.—
23	"(1) The Board may hold such hearings and col-
24	lect such information as appropriate for carrying out
25	this section.
1	"(2) The Board may use the United States mails
----------------	---
2	in the same manner and under the same conditions
3	as other departments and agencies of the Federal Gov-
4	ernment.
5	"(3) The Board may accept donations of services
6	necessary to conduct its business.
7	"(4) Members of the Board shall serve without
8	compensation, provided that, members of the Board
9	shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem
10	in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employ-
11	ees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of
12	title 5, United States Code, while away from their
13	homes or regular places of business in the perform-
14	ance of services for the Board.".
15	SEC. 202. RIGHTS OF SMALL ENTITIES IN ENFORCEMENT
16	ACTIONS.
17	
	(a) IN GENERAL.—Each agency regulating the activi-
18	(a) IN GENERAL.—Each agency regulating the activi- ties of small entities shall establish a policy or program
18 19	
	ties of small entities shall establish a policy or program
19	ties of small entities shall establish a policy or program to provide for the reduction, and under appropriate cir-
19 20	ties of small entities shall establish a policy or program to provide for the reduction, and under appropriate cir- cumstances for the waiver, of civil penalties for violations
19 20 21	ties of small entities shall establish a policy or program to provide for the reduction, and under appropriate cir- cumstances for the waiver, of civil penalties for violations of a statutory or regulatory requirement by a small entity.

1	(1) requiring the small entity to correct the vio-
2	lation within a reasonable correction period;
3	(2) limiting the applicability to violations dis-
4	covered by the small entity through participation in
5	a compliance assistance or audit program operated or
6	supported by the agency or a State, or through a com-
7	pliance audit resulting in disclosure of the violation;
8	(3) exempting small entities that have been sub-
9	ject to multiple enforcement actions by the agency;
10	(4) exempting violations involving willful or
11	criminal conduct; and
12	(5) exempting violations that pose serious health,
13	safety or environmental threats or risk of serious in-
14	jury.
15	TITLE III—EQUAL ACCESS TO
16	JUSTICE ACT AMENDMENTS
17	SEC. 301. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDINGS.
18	Section 504(b)(1) of title 5, United States Code, is
19	amended—
20	(1) by striking "\$75" in subparagraph (A) and
21	inserting "\$125";
22	(2) by striking ", or (ii)" in subparagraph (B)
23	and inserting ", (ii)";

1	
1	(3) at the end of subparagraph (B), by striking
2	";" and inserting the following: ", or (iii) a small en-
3	tity as defined in section 601;";
4	(4) by striking "; and" in subparagraph (D) and
5	inserting ";"; and
6	(5) by adding at the end the following new sub-
7	paragraphs:
8	``(F) 'prevailing party' includes a small entity
9	with respect to claims in an adversary adjudication
10	brought by an agency (1) that the small entity has
11	raised a successful defense to, or (2) with respect to
12	which the decision of the adjudicative officer is sub-
13	stantially less than that sought by the agency in the
14	adversary adjudication, provided that such small en-
15	tity has not committed a willful violation of the law
16	or otherwise acted in bad faith, and
17	``(G) in an adversary adjudication brought by
18	an agency against a small entity, in the determina-
19	tion whether the position of the agency, including any
20	citation, assessment, fine, penalty or demand for set-
21	tlement sought by the agency, is 'substantially justi-
22	fied' only if the agency demonstrates that such posi-
23	tion does not substantially exceed the decision of the
24	adjudicative officer in the adversary adjudication,

1	and the position of the agency is consistent with agen-
2	cy policy.".
3	SEC. 302. JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS.
4	Section 2412 of title 28, United States Code, is amend-
5	ed in paragraph (d)(2)—
6	(1) by striking " 75 " in subparagraph (A) and
7	inserting "\$125";
8	(2) by striking ", or (ii)" in subparagraph (B)
9	and inserting ", (ii)";
10	(3) by striking "; and" subparagraph (G) and
11	inserting ";"
12	(4) in subparagraph (H)—
13	(i) after "prevailing party"," by inserting "in-
14	cludes a small entity with respect to a claim in
15	a civil action brought by the United States (1)
16	that the small entity has raised a successful de-
17	fense to, or (2) with respect to which the final
18	judgement in the action is substantially less than
19	that sought by the United States, provided that
20	such small entity has not committed a willful
21	violation of the law or otherwise acted in bad
22	faith, and"; and
23	(ii) at the end of the subparagraph, by
24	striking the period and inserting "; and"; and

(5) by adding at the end the following new sub paragraph:

3 "(I) In a civil action brought by the United 4 States against a small entity, a position of the United 5 States, including any citation, assessment, fine, pen-6 alty or demand for settlement sought by an agency, 7 is "substantially justified" only if the United States 8 demonstrates that such position does not substantially 9 exceed the value of the final judgement in the action, 10 and the position of the United States is consistent 11 with agency policy.".

TITLE IV—REGULATORY FLEXIBILITY ACT AMENDMENTS

14 SEC. 401. REGULATORY FLEXIBILITY ANALYSES.

(a) INITIAL REGULATORY FLEXIBILITY ANALYSIS.—
16 Section 603(a) of title 5, United States Code, is amended—
(1) by inserting after "proposed rule", the phrase
", or publishes a notice of interpretive rule making of
general applicability for any proposed interpretive
rule"; and

(2) by inserting at the end of the subsection, the
following new sentence: "In the case of interpretive
rule making involving the internal revenue laws of
the United States, this section applies only to regulations as that term is used in section 7805 of the Inter-

nal Revenue Code of 1986 that impose a record keep ing, reporting or paperwork requirement on small en tities.".

4 (b) FINAL REGULATORY FLEXIBILITY ANALYSIS.—Sec5 tion 604 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

6 (1) in subsection (a) to read as follows:

7 "(a) When an agency promulgates a final rule under 8 section 553 of this title, after being required by that section 9 or any other law to publish a general notice of proposed 10 rulemaking, or otherwise publishing an initial regulatory 11 flexibility analysis, the agency shall prepare a final regu-12 latory flexibility analysis. Each final regulatory flexibility 13 analysis shall contain—

14 "(1) a succinct statement of the need for, and ob15 jectives of, the rule;

"(2) a summary of the issues raised by the public comments in response to the initial regulatory
flexibility analysis, a summary of the assessment of
the agency of such issues, and a statement of any
changes made in the proposed rule as a result of such
comments;

"(3) a description of, and an estimate of the
number of, small entities to which the rule will apply
or an explanation of why no such estimate is available;

1	"(4) a description of the projected reporting,
2	record keeping and other compliance requirements of
3	the rule, including an estimate of the classes of small
4	entities which will be subject to the requirement and
5	the type of professional skills necessary for prepara-
6	tion of the report or record; and
7	"(5) a description of the steps the agency has
8	taken to minimize the significant economic impact on
9	small entities consistent with the stated objectives of
10	applicable statutes, including a statement of the fac-
11	tual policy, and legal reasons for selecting the alter-
12	native adopted in the final rule and why each one of
13	the other significant alternatives to the rule consid-
14	ered by the agency was rejected."; and
15	(2) in subsection (b), by striking "at the time"
16	and all that follows and inserting "such analysis or
17	a summary thereof.".
18	SEC. 402. JUDICIAL REVIEW.

19 Section 611 of title 5, United States Code, is amended20 to read as follows:

21 "§ 611. Judicial review

"(a)(1) For any rule subject to this chapter, a small
entity that is adversely affected or aggrieved by agency action is entitled to judicial review of agency compliance with

the requirements of this chapter, except the requirements of
 sections 602, 603, 609 and 612.

3 "(2) Each court having jurisdiction to review such rule
4 for compliance with section 553 of this title or under any
5 other provision of law shall have jurisdiction to review any
6 claims of noncompliance with this chapter, except the re7 quirements of sections 602, 603, 609 and 612.

8 "(3)(A) A small entity may seek such review during 9 the period beginning on the date of final agency action and 10 ending one year later, except that where a provision of law 11 requires that an action challenging a final agency action 12 be commenced before the expiration of such one year period, 13 such lesser period shall apply to a petition for judicial re-14 view under this section.

"(B) In the case where an agency delays the issuance
of a final regulatory flexibility analysis pursuant to section
608(b) of this chapter, a petition for judicial review under
this section shall be filed not later than—

19 "(i) one year after the date the analysis is made
20 available to the public, or

21 "(ii) where a provision of law requires that an
22 action challenging a final agency regulation be com23 menced before the expiration of the one year period,
24 the number of days specified in such provision of law

that is after the date the analysis is made available
 to the public.

3 "(4) If the court determines, on the basis of the rule-4 making record, that the agency action under this chapter 5 was arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion or other-6 wise not in accordance with the law, the court shall order 7 the agency to take corrective action consistent with this 8 chapter, which may include—

9 "(A) remanding the rule to the agency, or

"(B) deferring the enforcement of the rule
against small entities, unless the court finds good
cause for continuing the enforcement of the rule pending the completion of the corrective action.

14 "(5) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to
15 limit the authority of any court to stay the effective date
16 of any rule or provision thereof under any other provision
17 of law or to grant any other relief in addition to the re18 quirements of this section.

"(b) In an action for the judicial review of a rule, the
regulatory flexibility analysis for such rule, including an
analysis prepared or corrected pursuant to paragraph
(a)(4), shall constitute part of the entire record of agency
action in connection with such review.

24 "(c) Except as otherwise required by this chapter, the
25 court shall apply the same standards of judicial review that

govern the review of agency findings under the statute
 granting the agency authority to conduct a rule making.
 "(d) Compliance or noncompliance by an agency with
 the provisions of this chapter shall be subject to judicial re view only in accordance with this section.

6 "(e) Nothing in this section bars judicial review of any
7 other impact statement or similar analysis required by any
8 other law if judicial review of such statement or analysis
9 is otherwise permitted by law.".

10 SEC. 403. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

(a) Section 605(b) of title 5, United States Code, is
amended to read as follows:

13 "(b) Sections 603 and 604 of this title shall not apply to any proposed or final rule if the head of the agency cer-14 15 tifies that the rule will not, if promulgated, have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small en-16 tities. If the head of the agency makes a certification under 17 the preceding sentence, the agency shall publish such certifi-18 cation in the Federal Register, at the time of publication 19 of general notice of proposed rule making for the rule or 20 21 at the time of publication of the final rule, along with a 22 statement providing the factual and legal reasons for such 23 certification. The agency shall provide such certification 24 and statement to the Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the Small Business Administration.". 25

1 (b) Section 612 of title 5, United States Code, is 2 amended—

3	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "the committees
4	on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of Rep-
5	resentatives, the Select Committee on Small Business
б	of the Senate, and the Committee on Small Business
7	of the House of Representatives" and inserting "the
8	Committees on the Judiciary and Small Business of
9	the Senate and House of Representatives".
10	(2) in subsection (b), by striking "his views with
11	respect to the" and inserting in lieu thereof, "his or
12	her views with respect to compliance with this chap-
13	ter, the adequacy of the rulemaking record and the".
14	SEC. 404. SMALL BUSINESS ADVOCACY REVIEW PANELS.
15	(a) Small Business Outreach and Interagency
16	COORDINATION.—Section 609 of title 5, United States Code,
17	is amended—
18	(1) before "techniques," by inserting "the reason-
19	able use of";
20	(2) in paragraph (4), after "entities", by insert-
21	ing "including soliciting and receiving comments over
22	computer networks";
23	(3) by designating the current text as subsection
24	(a); and
25	(4) by adding the following new subsection:

"(b) Prior to publication of an initial regulatory flexi bility analysis—

3	"(1) an agency shall notify the Chief Counsel for
4	Advocacy of the Small Business Administration and
5	provide the Chief Counsel with information on the po-
6	tential impacts of the proposed rule on small entities
7	and the type of small entities that might be affected;
8	"(2) the Chief Counsel shall identify individuals
9	representative of affected small entities for the pur-
10	pose of obtaining advice and recommendations from
11	those individuals about the potential impacts of the
12	proposed rule;
13	"(3) the agency shall convene a review panel for
14	such rule consisting wholly of full time federal em-
15	ployees of the office within the agency responsible for
16	carrying out the proposed rule, the Office of Informa-
17	tion and Regulatory Affairs within the Office of Man-
18	agement and Budget, and the Chief Counsel;
19	"(4) the panel shall review any material the
20	agency has prepared in connection with this chapter,
21	collect advice and recommendations of the small en-
22	tity representatives identified by the agency after con-
23	sultation with the Chief Counsel, on issues related to
24	subsection 603(b), paragraphs (3), (4) and (5);

1	"(5) the review panel shall report on the com-
2	ments of the small entity representatives and its find-
3	ings as to issues related to subsection 603(b), para-
4	graphs (3), (4) and (5), provided that such report
5	shall be made public as part of the rulemaking record;
б	and
7	"(6) where appropriate, the agency shall modify
8	the proposed rule or the decision on whether an ini-
9	tial regulatory flexibility analysis is required.
10	"(c) Prior to publication of a final regulatory flexibil-
11	ity analysis—
12	"(1) an agency shall reconvene the review panel
13	established under paragraph (b)(3), or if no initial
14	regulatory flexibility analysis was published, under-
15	take the actions described in paragraphs $(b)(1)$
16	through (3);
17	"(2) the panel shall review any material the
18	agency has prepared in connection with this chapter,
19	collect the advice and recommendations of the small
20	entity representatives identified by the agency after
21	consultation with the Chief Counsel, on issues related
22	to subsection 604(a), paragraphs (3), (4) and (5);
23	"(3) the review panel shall report on the com-
24	ments of the small entity representatives and its find-
25	ings as to issues related to subsection $604(a)$, para-

graphs (3), (4) and (5), provided that such report
 shall be made public as part of the rulemaking record;
 and

4 "(4) where appropriate, the agency shall modify
5 the final rule or the decision on whether a final regu6 latory flexibility analysis is required.

7 "(d) An agency may in its discretion apply subsections
8 (b) and (c) to rules that the agency intends to certify under
9 subsection 605(b), but the agency believes may have a great10 er than de minimis impact on a substantial number of
11 small entities.".

12 (b) SMALL BUSINESS ADVOCACY CHAIRPERSONS.— 13 Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this 14 Act, the head of each agency that has conducted a final reg-15 ulatory flexibility analysis shall designate a small business 16 advocacy chairperson using existing personnel to the extent 17 possible, to be responsible for implementing this section and 18 to act as permanent chair of the agency's review panels es-19 tablished pursuant to this section.

- S 942 RS—2
- S 942 RS-3
- S 942 RS-4