

104TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. CON. RES. 9

Expressing the sense of the Congress regarding a private visit by President Lee Teng-hui of the Republic of China on Taiwan to the United States.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH 6, 1995

Mr. MURKOWSKI (for himself, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mr. BROWN, Mr. ROBB, Mr. D'AMATO, Mr. SIMON, Mr. THOMAS, Mr. HELMS, Mr. COATS, Mr. PELL, Mr. WARNER, Mr. AKAKA, Mr. GRAMS, Mr. DOLE, Mr. KEMPTHORNE, Mr. DORGAN, Mr. SPECTER, Mr. HATFIELD, Mr. LUGAR, Mr. FEINGOLD, Mr. ROTH, Mr. THURMOND, Mr. HATCH, Mr. GORTON, Mr. CAMPBELL, Mr. MACK, Mr. INOUE, Mr. ASHCROFT, Mr. CHAFEE, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, Mr. SIMPSON, Mr. COCHRAN, Mr. CONRAD, Mr. DEWINE, Mr. GREGG, and Mr. CRAIG) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Expressing the sense of the Congress regarding a private visit by President Lee Teng-hui of the Republic of China on Taiwan to the United States.

Whereas United States diplomatic and economic security interests in East Asia have caused the United States to maintain a policy of recognizing the People's Republic of China while maintaining solidarity with the democratic aspirations of the people of Taiwan;

Whereas the Republic of China on Taiwan (known as Taiwan) is the United States' sixth largest trading partner

and an economic powerhouse buying more than twice as much annually from the United States as do the 1,200,000,000 Chinese of the People's Republic of China;

Whereas the American people are eager for expanded trade opportunities with Taiwan, the sixth largest trading partner of the United States and the possessor of the world's second largest foreign exchange reserves;

Whereas the United States interests are served by supporting democracy and human rights abroad;

Whereas Taiwan is a model emerging democracy, with a free press, free elections, stable democratic institutions, and human rights protections;

Whereas vigorously contested elections conducted on Taiwan in December 1994 were extraordinarily free and fair;

Whereas United States interests are best served by policies that treat Taiwan's leaders with respect and dignity;

Whereas President Lee, a Ph.D. graduate of Cornell University, has been invited to pay a private visit to his alma mater and to attend the annual USA-ROC Economic Council Conference in Anchorage, Alaska;

Whereas there is no legitimate policy grounds for excluding the democratic leader of Asia's oldest republic from paying private visits;

Whereas the Senate of the United States voted several times in 1994 to welcome President Lee to visit the United States; and

Whereas Public Law 103-416 provides that the President of Taiwan shall be welcome in the United States at any time to discuss a host of important bilateral issues: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives*
2 *concurring)*, That it is the sense of the Congress that the
3 President should promptly indicate that the United States
4 will welcome a private visit by President Lee Teng-hui to
5 his alma mater, Cornell University, and will welcome a
6 transit stop by President Lee in Anchorage, Alaska, to at-
7 tend the USA-ROC Economic Council Conference.

8 SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Senate shall transmit
9 a copy of this concurrent resolution to the President.

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