Foreign Relations may, during the One Hundred Fourth Congress, also serve as a member of the Committee on labor and Human Resources so long as his service as a member of each such committee is continuous, but in no event may he serve, by reason of this subdivision, as a member of more than three committees listed in paragraph 2.

(3) A Senator who on the last day of the One Hundred Third Congress was serving as a member of the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry and the Committee on Appropriations may, during the One Hundred Fourth Congress, also serve as a member of the Committee on Labor and Human Resources so long as his service as a member of each such committee is continuous, but in no event may he serve, by reason of this subdivision, as a member of more than three

committees list in paragraph 2.

'(4) A Senator who on the last day of the One Hundred Third Congress was serving as a member of the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee on Labor may, during the One Hundred Fourth Congress, also serve as a member of the Committee on Armed Services so long as his service as a member of each such committee is continuous, but in no event may he serve by reason of this subdivision, as a member of more than three committees listed in paragraph 2.

(5) A Senator who on the last day of the One Hundred Third Congress was serving as a member of the Committee on Commerce, Science and Transportation and the Committee on Foreign Relations may, during the One Hundred Fourth Congress, also serve as a member of the Committee on Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs so long as his service as a member of each such committee is continuous, but in no event may he serve. by reason of this subdivision, as a member of more than three committees listed in paragraph 2.

(6) A Senator who on the last day of the One Hundred Third Congress was serving as a member of the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry and the Committee on Appropriations may, during the One Hundred Fourth Congress, also serve as a member of the Committee on the Judiciary so long as his service as a member of each such committee is continuous, but in no event may he serve, by reason of this subdivision as a member of more than three committees

listed in paragraph 2.

(7) A Senator who on the last day of the One Hundred Third Congress was serving as a member of the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry and the Committee on Finance may, during the One Hundred Fourth Congress, also serve as a member of the Committee on Governmental Affairs so long as his service as a member of each such committee is continuous but in no event may he serve, by reason of this subdivision, as a member of more than three committees listed in paragraph 2.

(8) A Senator who on the last day of the One Hundred Third Congress was serving as a member of the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Environment and Public Works may, during the One Hundred Fourth Congress, also serve as a member of the Committee on Governmental Affairs so long as his service as a member of each such committee is continuous, but in no event may he serve, by reason of this subdivision, as a member of more than three committees listed in paragraph 2.

UNANIMOUS-CONSENT REQUESTS

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, the following unanimous-consent requests are those of the standing orders, the setting of the leader's time each day

which are obtained at the beginning of to Senate amendments to House bills each Congress, governing the day-today activity. As in the past these consents have been cleared with the minority leader.

Therefore, I send to the desk 11 unanimous-consent requests and ask for their immediate consideration en bloc and that the motions to reconsider be laid upon the table.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that for the duration of the 104th Congress, the Ethics Committee be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that for the duration of the 104th Congress, there be a limitation of 15 minutes each upon any rollcall vote, with the warning signal to be sounded at the midway point, beginning at the last 7½ minutes, and when rollcall votes are of 10-minute duration, the warning signal be sounded at the beginning of the last 71/2 minutes.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that during the Congress, it be in order for the Secretary of the Senate to receive reports at the desk when presented by a Senator at any time during the day of the session of the Senate.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the majority and minority leaders may daily have up to 10 minutes each on each calendar day following the prayer and disposition of the reading of, or the approval of, the Jour-

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Parliamentarian of the House of Representatives and his three assistants be given the privilege of the floor during the 104th Congress.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that, notwithstanding the provisions of rule XXVIII, conference reports and statements accompanying them not be printed as Senate reports when such conference reports and statements have been printed as a House report unless specific request is made in the Senate in each instance to have such a report printed.

Mr. President. I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Appropriations be authorized during the 104th Congress to file reports during adjournments or recesses of the Senate on appropriation bills, including joint resolutions, together with any accompanying notices of motions to suspend rule XVI, pursuant to rule V, for the purpose of offering certain amendments to such bills or joint resolutions, which proposes amendments shall be printed.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that, for the duration of the 104th Congress, the Secretary of the Senate be authorized to make technical and clerical corrections in engrossments of all Senate-passed bills and resolutions, Senate amendments to House bills and resolutions, Senate amendments to House amendments to Senate bills and resolutions, and Senate amendments to House amendments or resolutions.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that for the duration of the 104th Congress, when the Senate is in recess or adjournment, the Secretary of the Senate be authorized to receive messages from the President of the United States, and-with the exception of House bills, joint resolutions, and concurrent resolutions—messages from the House of Representatives; and that they be appropriately referred; and that the President of the Senate, the President pro tempore, and the Acting President pro tempore be authorized to sign duly enrolled bills and joint resolutions.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that for the duration of the 104th Congress. Senators be allowed to leave at the desk with the Journal clerk the names of two staff members who will be granted the privilege of the floor during the consideration of the specific matter noted, and that the Sergeantat-Arms be instructed to rotate such staff members as space allows.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that for the duration of the 104th Congress, it be in order to refer treaties and nominations on the day when they are received from the President. even when the Senate has no executive session that day.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The unanimous-consent agreements were agreed to en bloc as follows:

UNANIMOUS-CONSENT AGREEMENTS

Select Committee on Ethics: Senate agreed that, for the duration of the 104th Congress. the Select Committee on Ethics be authorized to meet during the session of the Sen-

Time for Rollcall Votes: Senate agreed that, for the duration of the 104th Congress, there be a limitation of 15 minutes each upon any rollcall vote, with the warning signal to be sounded at the midway point, beginning at the last 71/2 minutes, and when rollcall votes are of 10-minute duration, the warning signal be sounded at the beginning of the last 71/2 minutes.

Authority to Receive Reports: Senate agreed that, during the 104th Congress, it be in order for the Secretary of the Senate to receive reports at the desk when presented by a Senator at any time during the day of the session of the Senate.

Recognition of Leadership: Senate agreed that the majority and minority leaders may daily have up to 10 minutes on each calendar day following the prayer and disposition of the reading, or the approval of, the Journal.

House Parliamentarian Floor Privileges: Senate agreed that the Parliamentarian of the House of Representatives and his three assistants be given the privilege of the floor during the 104th Congress.

Printing of Conference Reports: Senate agreed that, notwithstanding the provisions of rule XXVIII, conference reports and statements accompanying them not be printed as Senate reports when such conference reports and statements have been printed as a House report unless specific request is made in the Senate in each instance to have such a report printed.

Authority for Appropriations Committee: Senate agreed that the Committee on Appropriations be authorized during the 104th Congress to file reports during adjournments or recesses of the Senate on appropriation bills, including joint resolutions, together with any accompanying notices of motions to suspend Rule XVI, pursuant to Rule V, for the purpose of offering certain amendments to such bills or joint resolutions, which proposed amendment shall be printed.

Authority for Corrections in Engrossment: Senate agreed that, for the duration of the 104th Congress, the Secretary of the Senate be authorized to make technical and clerical corrections in the engrossment of all Senate-passed bills and resolutions, Senate amendments to House bills and resolutions, Senate amendments to House amendments to Senate bills and resolutions, and Senate amendments to House amendments to Senate amendments to House bills or resolutions.

Authority to Receive Messages and Sign Enrolled Measures: Senate agreed that, for the duration of the 104th Congress, when the Senate is in recess or adjournment, the Secretary of the Senate be authorized to receive messages from the President of the United States and, with the exception of House bills, joint resolutions, and concurrent resolutions-messages from the House of Representatives, that they be appropriately, and that the President of the Senate, the President pro tempore, and the Acting President pro tempore be authorized to sign duly enrolled bills and joint resolutions.

Privileges of the Floor: Senate agreed that, for the duration of the 104th Congress, Senators be allowed to leave at the desk with the Journal Clerk the names of two staff members who will be granted the privilege of the floor during the consideration of the specific matter noted, and that the Sergeant-at-Arms be instructed to rotate such staff members as space allows.

Referral of Treaties and Nominations: Senate agreed that for the duration of the 104th Congress, it be in order to refer treaties and nominations on the day when they are received from the President, even when the Senate has no executive session that day.

APPOINTMENT OF MICHAEL DA-VIDSON AS SENATE LEGAL COUNSEL

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I send a resolution to the desk and ask for its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows: A resolution (S. Res. 18) relating to the reappointment of Michael Davidson as Senate legal counsel.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, the resolution is agreed

The resolution (S. Res. 18) reads as follows:

Resolved, That the reappointment of Michael Davidson to be Senate Legal Counsel made by the President pro tempore of the Senate this day is effective as of January 3, 1995, and the term of service of the appointee shall expire at the end of the One Hundred Fifth Congress.

COMMITTEE FUNDING

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I send a resolution to the desk and ask for its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The clerk will report.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 19) sense of the Senate relative to committee funding.

Mr. BYRD. Mr. President, I object to the consideration of this resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Under the rules, the resolution will go over.

MAJORITY PARTY APPOINTMENTS FOR CERTAIN SENATE COMMIT-TEES

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I send a resolution to the desk and ask for its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows: A resolution (S. Res. 20) making majority party appointments for certain Senate committees for the 104th Congress.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, the resolution is agreed to.

The resolution (S. Res. 20) reads as follows:

Resolved, That the following shall constitute the majority party's membership on the following standing committees for the 104th Congress, or until their successors are chosen:

Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry: Mr. Lugar, Mr. Dole, Mr. Helms, Mr. Cochran, Mr. McConnell, Mr. Craig, Mr. Coverdell, Mr. Santorum, and Mr. Warner.

Committee on Appropriations: Mr. Hatfield, Mr. Stevens, Mr. Cochran, Mr. Specter, Mr. Domenici, Mr. Gramm, Mr. Bond, Mr. Gorton, Mr. McConnell, Mr. Mack, Mr. Burns, Mr. Shelby, Mr. Jeffords, Mr. Gregg, and Mr. Bennett.

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The clerk will call the roll.

The legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

ACTION ON SENATE RESOLUTION 19 VITIATED

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that action on Senate Resolution 19 be vitiated.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

RECESS

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I now ask unanimous consent that the Senate do stand in recess until 2:15; and that at that time, following the leaders' time, there be a period for morning business not to exceed 1½ hours under the control of the majority, to be followed by 1 hour under the control of the minority, 20 minutes specifically for the Senator from West Virginia [Mr. BYRD], with Senators permitted to speak therein for not more than 10 minutes each, with the exception of Senator BYRD who will have the 20 minutes.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Thereupon, at 1:07 p.m., the Senate recessed until 2:15 p.m.; whereupon, the Senate reassembled when called to order by the Presiding Officer (Mr. KEMPTHORNE).

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Chair recognizes the Senator from Mississippi.

UNANIMOUS-CONSENT AGREEMENT

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the previous unanimous-consent request with regard to allocation of time this afternoon be changed to reflect 1 hour and 20 minutes on the majority side and 1 hour and 20 minutes on the minority side, with 20 minutes of the minority side specifically allocated to the Senator from West Virginia [Mr. BYRD].

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. DOLE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

MORNING BUSINESS

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, there will now be a period for the transaction of morning business with the first hour and 20 minutes under the control of the majority leader with Senators permitted to speak therein for up to 10 minutes each.

Mr. DOLE. Leaders' time was reserved, is that correct?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The majority leader retains his leader time as well

SALUTE TO STROM THURMOND

Mr. DOLE. Mr. President, the Framers of the Constitution in 1787 set down only a handful of rules to govern the procedures of Congress. Among them was a provision stating that the Senate could choose its own officers, including a President pro tempore, who would preside in the absence of the Vice President.

And as we begin a new session of Congress, we also begin another chapter in the remarkable life of the colleague who returns today to the position of President pro tempore of the U.S. Senate, Senator STROM THURMOND.

Senator Thurmond's public service career is well known. While some have suggested that he actually attended the Constitutional Convention in 1787, Senator Thurmond's political career actually began 62 short years ago, when he was elected to the South Carolina State senate.