when, despite an individual's best efforts, living is a daily struggle. Work is a benefit when enough is earned to pay for what we need.

Reward work, and pass the minimum wage increase.

THE 10TH ANNIVERSARY OF VIETNAM WAR MUSEUM IN CHICAGO

(Mr. FLANAGAN asked and was given permission to address the House fore 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. FLANAGAN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize the Vietnam Memorial Museum, in the heart of the Vietnamese community in Chicago, for its commitment to uniting both American and Vietnamese veterans on issues relating to Vietnam and veterans' affairs.

The museum was founded 10 years ago with the intent of honoring those who participated and served in the Vietnam war and educating future generations about personal experiences of those who performed such service. It contains a fascinating exhibit of various memorabilia, artifacts, photographs, artwork, and period publications, reminding us all of the sacrifices made by our veterans during the Vietnam war.

The Vietnam Memorial Museum of Chicago is not a war museum. It is a memorial, a place where those who survived the hardships of the Vietnam war can meet, reflect on their personal experiences and share memories and emotions.

The museum also serves the community by housing a drop-off center where American and Vietnamese veterans channel valuable goods to needy Vietnamese refugees living in the Chicago area. This museum is truly a community based and community oriented operation.

The Vietnam War Museum is a tribute to Vietnam veterans and their families and all veterans. It is a valuable resource to the Chicagoland community that honors all, veterans and civilians alike, who served our country during the Vietnam era on behalf of the cause of freedom.

THE MINIMUM WAGE

(Mrs. KENNELLY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mrs. KENNELLY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to talk about increasing the minimum wage. I would like to focus on one particular type of low-wage worker—women. Almost 60 percent of those making minimum wage are female. Many times, these are women with children to support—women whose alternative would be to go on welfare. As one who has participated in the debate on welfare reform for many years, I can tell you this: The single best way to keep people off welfare is to make work pay.

Raising the minimum wage will make an enormous difference for many of these families. For them, it would mean an extra $1,800 a year to put in the family bank account. This one increase equates to an average spent for 7 months of groceries, or 4 months of housing, or 9 months of utility bills. This is no time for political games—raising the minimum wage is long overdue. The wage earners struggling to support their families know it. The President has said and I agree: if you work full-time, year-round, you shouldn't be poor. Raising the minimum wage takes us toward that goal. I believe we should raise it now.

IMPROVING THE NATION

(Mr. FRANKS of Connecticut asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. FRANKS of Connecticut. Mr. Speaker, like a chain, in order to improve our Nation we must strengthen even the weakest links in our society. By doing so it would make it more likely that under known or unknown pressures, we would be able to pull together rather than fall apart as a nation.

Hope and opportunity are key elements. They go hand in hand with success. It is hard to have one without the other. However, for many in our inner cities, opportunities seem limited. Thus hopelessness often creeps into their lives, and the prospect of success becomes nothing more than a pipe dream. We as leaders owe our society much more, but, unlike the beliefs of many, we do not have to throw taxpayers' dollars at the problem. There are other solutions.

Mr. Speaker, I will soon be offering initiatives that in a meaningful way will attempt to address these grave concerns.

SOMETHING IS WRONG

(Mr. TRAFICANT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. TRAFICANT. Mr. Speaker, Rodney Hamrick, who is in prison for threatening the life of Ronald Reagan, threatened to blow up a Federal courthouse, a judge, the NAACP headquarters, and an airplane. Then he went beyond and he sent a bomb in the mail, that did not explode, to the U.S. attorney that had convicted him. He was naturally convicted.

But a three-judge panel at the Fourth Circuit Court overturned the decision by saying, since the bomb did not detonate, it was not deadly. Beam me up, Mr. Speaker. I believe that these three judges must have received a defective mail-order law degree from Sears Roebuck. Something is wrong when Gorbachev gets slapped in the face in Russia while campaigning and they call it an assassination. In America, a prisoner sends a mail bomb and it is treated like a misdemeanor. If that does not explain it all, I do not know what does.

MORE MEDICARE

(Mr. HAYWORTH asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. HAYWORTH. Mr. Speaker, I come to the well once again heartened by the remarks of my colleague from the great State of Ohio. I just wish we could get past some of the name calling and some of the, to be frank, disinformation that has infested itself here on the banks of the Potomac; to wit, fact, yesterday the Treasury Department reports that Medicare is losing money, $4.2 billion in the first 6 months of this year.

Yet what does the minority leader say on television? Last summer, when queried about allowing Medicare to grow at a rate less than 10 percent a year, he says, and I am quoting him, the reforms the majority tried to make amounted to this, ''This is a hoax.''

Mr. Speaker, it is no hoax. The hoax comes when those on the left would deliberately employ medi-scare tactics to try and get through the next election rather than to save and transform Medicare for the next generation. We are all to be held accountable. Let us deal with the truth.

ALCOHOL AND CHILDREN

(Mr. KENNEDY of Massachusetts asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. KENNEDY of Massachusetts. Mr. Speaker, we in this country, every one of us understands what this sign says. It is three frogs saying Budweiser. The trouble is that if you ask the average fourth and fifth graders in this country, they also know what it says. They know what it says more than they know what Tony the Tiger says. They know more about Budweiser than they know about Smokey Bear or the Mighty Morphin Power Rangers.

People that do not think there is a problem with young people drinking alcohol in this country do not understand the facts. Alcohol abuse kills more young people in America than all other drugs combined. Junior high school and high school students drink 1.1 billion cans of beer each year, and Anheuser Busch's market share of this number is 70 million 6-packs of Budweiser, equaling $200 million of sales to children.

Let us put an end to trying to market to children a drug that unnecessarily kills far too many of our Nation's most vital natural resources.

APPRECIATING BALANCE

(Mr. TAUZIN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)