

Schools and Land Improvement Act, Amendment, and S. 1893, the Torres-Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians Claims Settlement Act. The markup/hearing will be held in Room 485 of the Russell Senate Office Building.

Those wishing additional information should contact the Committee on Indian Affairs.

COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, NUTRITION AND FORESTRY

Mr. LUGAR. Mr. President, I would like to announce that the Senate Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry will meet on Wednesday, July 24, 1996 at 9:30 a.m. in SR-328A to markup S. 1166, the Food Quality Protection Act.

COMMITTEE ON RULES AND ADMINISTRATION

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I wish to announce that the Committee on Rules and Administration will meet in SR-301, Russell Senate Office Building, on Wednesday, July 24, 1996, at 9:30 a.m. to hold a hearing on Public Access to Government Information in the 21st Century, Title 44/GPO.

For further information concerning this hearing, please contact Joy Wilson of the Rules Committee staff.

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

COMMITTEE ON BANKING, HOUSING, AND URBAN AFFAIRS

Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, July 17, 1996, to conduct a hearing on S. 1009, the Financial Instruments Anti-Fraud Act.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE, SCIENCE, AND TRANSPORTATION

Mr. PRESSLER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation be allowed to meet during the Wednesday, July 17, 1996, session of the Senate for the purpose of conducting a hearing on Federal Aviation Administration safety oversight.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS

Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Foreign Relations be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, July 17, at 10:30 a.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent on behalf of the Governmental Affairs Committee to meet on Wednesday, July 17, at 3 p.m. for a hearing on the National Fine Center.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Com-

mittee on the Judiciary be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, July 17, 1996, at 10 a.m. to hold a hearing on the Development of State Criminal Identification Systems.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON LABOR AND HUMAN RESOURCES

Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Labor and Human Resources be authorized to meet in executive session during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, July 17, 1996, at 9:30 a.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SELECT COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE

Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Select Committee on Intelligence be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, July 17, 1996, at 9:30 a.m. to hold an open hearing on Intelligence Matters and at 2 p.m. to hold a closed hearing on intelligence matters.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT OF GOVERNMENT MANAGEMENT AND THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on Oversight of Government Management and the District of Columbia, Committee on Government Affairs, be permitted to meet during a session of the Senate, Wednesday, July 17, 1996, at 9:30, to hold a hearing on oversight of the implementation of the Information Technology Management Reform Act of 1996.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

A TRIBUTE TO JOHN CHANCELLOR

• Mr. MOYNIHAN. Mr. President, as the Senate knows, John Chancellor died last Friday at age 68. He was so much a part of our lives for over 40 years as an NBC news commentator and anchor. We are diminished by his death, and yet, as Tom Brokaw suggested, enhanced by the realization of just how great a legacy he leaves. A legacy, Mr. Brokaw stated, that "will always be secure."

He was in some measure Irish; at least he once told me of a grandmother who had taught him to hate Oliver Cromwell. Which he must have done, and in so doing, evidently used up all the hate he had in him. For there was nothing else but love: for the life he lived, and the people he lived it with. Most especially, of course, his wife Barbara and their three children. Yeats once wrote of a man who was blessed and had the power to bless. Such a man was John Chancellor.

He was a friend of 30 years and more. From first to last, one sensed in him a

deep confidence that American democracy would prove itself in whatever crisis it faced; just as he would do. He faced many; always with grace and afterward, grand "rollicking" recollections, as Tom Brokaw put it. David Broder captures that quality in his column this morning.

Many of us in print journalism lost a great friend last week in John Chancellor. He hung out with the political reporters who had nowhere near his celebrity because he always thought of himself as a reporter and he wanted to be with people who were more interested in the stories they were covering than in stroking their own reputations. He was modest and funny and generous in his praise. No journalist of his era enjoyed greater trust and affection from his colleagues—or the people he covered. And none deserved it more.

The Senate honors his memory and salutes his legacy. •

KOREA VISA WAIVER PILOT PROGRAM

• Mr. D'AMATO. I am pleased to join as co-sponsor of the Korea Visa Waiver Pilot Program, S. 1616. This bill authorizes the United States to allow tourists from South Korea to enter the United States without a visa. This Korea visa waiver will create a new and easier system for Korean citizens that want to visit the United States. The usual delays that presently accompany a request for a U.S. visa from the U.S. Embassy in Seoul will now be avoided.

The Visa Waiver Pilot Program was first established in 1986 in order to encourage growth in the tourism industry. Since its inception, citizens from certain countries are able to enjoy travel to the United States for short visits without the hassles of waiting for a visa. This legislation will extend this treatment to the Republic of Korea, in addition to the three countries in the Asia-Pacific region.

The bill would allow certain travel agencies in Korea to issue temporary travel permits to tour groups, of stays no longer than 15 days. The visitor must possess a round-trip ticket and certain other requirements are imposed to insure that these visitors return home. These requirements should satisfy the critics who are fearful of the overstayers.

Overseas tourism must be encouraged, for our culture and for our economy. The boost by travelers to the United States will benefit everyone. South Korean travelers will have this positive impact on the travel industry in this country.

When Canada and New Zealand relaxed their visas for South Korean citizens, those nations saw a massive increase in tourism. According to 1994 estimates cited by the American Chamber of Commerce in Korea, Koreans ranked 10th out of all nations in terms of the number of visitors to the United States. This visa-free travel from South Korea will only serve this country's interest.

Korea is important to the United States: Korea has been the 6th largest