H. R. 1757

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

June 12, 1997

Received; read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

AN ACT

To consolidate international affairs agencies, to authorize appropriations for the Department of State and related agencies for fiscal years 1998 and 1999, and to ensure that the enlargement of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) proceeds in a manner consistent with United States interests, to strengthen relations between the United States and Russia, to preserve the preroga-

tives of the Congress with respect to certain arms control agreements, and for other purposes.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Foreign Relations Au-
5	thorization Act, Fiscal Years 1998 and 1999, and Euro-
6	pean Security Act of 1997".
7	SEC. 2. ORGANIZATION OF ACT INTO DIVISIONS; TABLE OF
8	CONTENTS.
9	(a) Divisions.—This Act is organized into 10 divi-
10	sions as follows:
11	(1) Division A—Consolidation and reinvestment
12	of foreign affairs agencies.
13	(2) Division B—State Department and Related
14	Agencies Authorization Act.
15	(3) Division C—Buy-American requirements.
16	(4) Division D—Foreign Aid Reporting Reform
17	Act of 1997.
18	(5) Division E—Miscellaneous provisions.
19	(6) Division F—Additional miscellaneous provi-
20	sions.
21	(7) Division G—Further additional miscellane-
22	ous provisions.
23	(8) Division H—Arms transfers code of con-
24	duct.

- 1 (9) Division I—Miscellaneous provisions.
- 2 (10) Division J—European Security Act of
- 3 1997.
- 4 (b) Table of Contents for
- 5 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title.
 - Sec. 2. Organization of Act into divisions; table of contents.

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 - Chapter 2—Abolition of United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency and Transfer of Functions
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- Sec. 312. Transfer of functions to Secretary of State.
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- CHAPTER 2—ABOLITION OF INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT COOPERATION AGENCY AND TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS
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- Sec. 512. Transfer of functions.

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- Sec. 1723. Reports and policy concerning human rights violations in Laos.
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 - TITLE XX—INTERNATIONAL ARMS SALES CODE OF CONDUCT WITH ALL WASSENAAR ARRANGEMENT COUNTRIES
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TITLE XXXI—ASSISTANCE FOR THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

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- Sec. 3205. Ballistic missile defense cooperative projects with Russia.
- Sec. 3206. Restriction on entry into force of ABM/TMD demarcation agreements.
- Sec. 3207. Burdensharing.

1 DIVISION A—CONSOLIDATION

2 AND REINVENTION OF FOR-

3 EIGN AFFAIRS AGENCIES

4 TITLE I—GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 5 SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.
- 6 This division may be cited as the "Foreign Affairs
- 7 Agencies Consolidation and Reinvention Act of 1997".
- 8 SEC. 102. CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS.
- 9 Congress makes the following findings:
- 10 (1) With the end of the Cold War, the inter-11 national challenges facing the United States have 12 changed, but the fundamental national interests of 13 the United States have not. The security, economic, 14 and humanitarian interests of the United States re-15 quire continued American engagement in inter-16 national affairs. The leading role of the United 17 States in world affairs will be as important in the 18 twenty-first century as it has been in the twentieth.
 - (2) In this context, the United States has a historic opportunity to continue the reinvention of the agencies primarily responsible for implementing the Nation's foreign policies.
 - (3) The United States budget deficit and the agreement to come to a balanced budget over 5 years requires that the foreign as well as the domes-

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- tic programs and activities of the United States be carefully reviewed. Wherever possible, foreign programs and activities must be streamlined, managed more efficiently, and adapted to the requirements of the post-Cold War era.
 - (4) In order to streamline the foreign programs and activities of the United States without jeopardizing United States interests, strong and effective leadership will be required. In order to promote this streamlining process, the proliferation of foreign affairs agencies that occurred during the Cold War must be reversed by reinventing, streamlining, and reorganizing the foreign affairs structure under the strengthened leadership of the Secretary of State.
 - (5) The continuing reinvention, streamlining, and reorganization of the foreign affairs agencies, the Department of State, the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, the United States Information Agency, the International Development Cooperation Agency, and the United States Agency for International Development, must ensure that these agencies can effectively confront the new and pressing challenges of the post-Cold War world.
 - (6) Any reinvention, streamlining, and reorganization of the foreign affairs agencies must recognize

- nize the fact that arms control and nonproliferation,
 sustainable development, and public diplomacy are
 now more central than ever to the success of the
 United States foreign policy. Any integration of
 these agencies should preserve the unique skills and
 capabilities of each of the agencies in a reinvented
 Department of State.
 - (7) A reinvented, streamlined, reorganized, and more flexible foreign affairs structure under the strengthened leadership of the Secretary of State can more effectively promote the international interests of the United States and enhance the United States' ability to meet the growing foreign policy challenges during the next century.
 - (8) The new foreign affairs structure should be one that will maintain the quality of and strengthen the public diplomacy and arms control functions now performed by the United States Information Agency and the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency.

20 SEC. 103. PURPOSES.

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- 21 The purposes of this division are—
- 22 (1) to provide for the streamlining and reinven-23 tion of the Department of State to enable it better 24 to incorporate additional functions and agencies, 25 manage new responsibilities, make the Department

1	more effective, maximize the efficient use of re-
2	sources, and make it better able to defend American
3	interests and promote American values abroad;
4	(2) to consolidate and integrate certain agencies
5	and certain functions of other agencies of the United
6	States into the reinvented Department of State;
7	(3) to ensure that the United States maintains
8	adequate representation abroad within available
9	budgetary resources;
10	(4) to ensure that programs critical to the pro-
11	motion of United States interests be maintained;
12	and
13	(5) to strengthen—
14	(A) the coordination of United States for-
15	eign policy; and
16	(B) the leading role of the Secretary of
17	State in the formulation and articulation of
18	United States foreign policy.
19	SEC. 104. DEFINITIONS.
20	The following terms have the following meanings for
21	the purposes of this division:
22	(1) The term "ACDA" means the United
23	States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency.
24	(2) The term "agency" means the Department
25	of State, the Arms Control and Disarmament Agen-

1	cy, the United States Information Agency, the Inter-
2	national Development Cooperation Agency, and the
3	Agency for International Development.
4	(3) The term "AID" means the Agency for
5	International Development.
6	(4) The term "Department" means the Depart-
7	ment of State.
8	(5) The term "officer" is not limited by the
9	meaning of such term under section 2104 of title 5,
10	United States Code.
11	(6) The term "reorganization" means integra-
12	tion, transfer, consolidation, coordination, authoriza-
13	tion, or abolition.
14	(7) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary
15	of State.
16	(8) The term "USIA" means the United States
17	Information Agency.
18	TITLE II—PLAN FOR CONSOLI-
19	DATING, STREAMLINING, AND
20	REORGANIZING THE FOR-
21	EIGN AFFAIRS AGENCIES
22	SEC. 201. REORGANIZATION PLAN.
23	(a) Reorganization Authority.—
24	(1) In general.—No later than 60 days after
25	the date of the enactment of this Act, the President

1	shall submit to the Congress a reorganization plan
2	for the foreign affairs agencies specifying, in accord-
3	ance with titles III through VI of this division, the
4	reorganization of the Department of State, the Arms
5	Control and Disarmament Agency, the United
6	States Information Agency, the International Devel-
7	opment Cooperation Agency, and the Agency for
8	International Development.
9	(2) Mandatory Elements.—The plan shall
10	provide for—
11	(A) the transfer of the whole or a part of
12	agencies, or of the whole or a part of the func-
13	tions thereof, to the jurisdiction and control of
14	the Department of State; and
15	(B) the consolidation or coordination of the
16	whole or a part of agencies, or of the whole or
17	a part of the functions thereof, with the whole
18	or a part of another agency or the functions
19	thereof.
20	(3) DISCRETIONARY ELEMENTS.—The plan
21	may provide for—
22	(A) the abolition of all or a part of the
23	functions of an agency, except that no enforce-
24	ment function or statutory program shall be
25	abolished by the plan; and

1	(B) the consolidation or coordination of a
2	part of an agency or the functions thereof with
3	another part of the same agency or the func-
4	tions thereof.
5	(b) Submission of Plan.—
6	(1) In General.—The President shall submit
7	the reorganization plan for the foreign affairs agen-
8	cies under subsection (a) to both Houses of Con-
9	gress on the same day and to each House while it
10	is in session. If on the date that is 60 days after the
11	date of the enactment of this Act, the plan has not
12	been submitted and either House is not in session,
13	the plan shall be submitted on the first day there-
14	after when both Houses are in session.
15	(2) Information regarding implementa-
16	TION.—The message of the President, submitted to-
17	gether with the reorganization plan, shall include in-
18	formation regarding implementation of the plan
19	which shall—
20	(A) describe in detail—
21	(i) the actions necessary or planned to
22	complete the reorganization,
23	(ii) the anticipated nature and sub-
24	stance of any orders, directives, and other
25	administrative and operational actions

1	which are expected to be required for com-
2	pleting or implementing the reorganization
3	and
4	(iii) any preliminary actions which
5	have been taken in the implementation
6	process, and
7	(B) contain a projected timetable for com-
8	pletion of the implementation process.
9	The President shall also provide such further background
10	or other information as the Congress may require for its
11	consideration of the plan.
12	(c) Amendment of Plan.—During the 60 calendar-
13	day period after the date on which the plan is submitted
14	to the Congress, the President may transmit to the Con-
15	gress amendments or modifications to the plan, consistent
16	with this division, which shall be considered as though
17	submitted together with the reorganization plan and shall
18	not affect any effective date or deadline under this divi-
19	sion.
20	SEC. 202. CONTENTS OF REORGANIZATION PLAN.
21	(a) Contents.—A reorganization plan for the for-
22	eign affairs agencies submitted under section 201 of this
23	title—
24	(1) notwithstanding section 1 of the State De-
25	partment Basic Authorities Act of 1956, may pro-

- vide for the appointment and pay of one or more officers of any agency, including appointment of additional Under Secretaries and Assistant Secretaries
 (except that the total number may not exceed the
 total number of officers previously authorized at Executive Schedule levels III and IV of the agencies
 subject to this division), if the President determines,
 and in the President's message submitting the plan
 declares that, by reason of a reorganization made by
 the plan, the provisions are necessary;
 - (2) shall provide for the transfer or other disposition of the records, property, and personnel affected by a reorganization;
 - (3) shall provide for the transfer of such unexpended balances of appropriations, and of other funds, available for use in connection with a function or agency affected by a reorganization, as the President considers necessary by reason of the reorganization for use in connection with the functions affected by the reorganization, or for the use of the agency which shall have the functions after the reorganization plan is effective; and
 - (4) shall provide for terminating the affairs of an agency abolished.

- 1 (b) Transfers of Officials.—If the reorganiza-
- 2 tion plan for the foreign affairs agencies under section 201
- 3 contains provisions pursuant to subsection (a)(1) of this
- 4 section, an individual holding office immediately prior to
- 5 the abolition or transfer of the office by this division who
- 6 was appointed to the office by the President, by and with
- 7 the advice and consent of the Senate, and who performs
- 8 duties substantially similar to the duties of an office pro-
- 9 posed to be created under such plan, may, in the discretion
- 10 of the Secretary of State, assume the duties of such new
- 11 office, and shall not be required to be reappointed by rea-
- 12 son of the abolition or transfer of the individual's previous
- 13 office.
- 14 (c) Limitation on Transfers of Unexpended
- 15 BALANCES.—The reorganization plan for the foreign af-
- 16 fairs agencies may provide for the transfer of unexpended
- 17 balances pursuant to subsection (a)(3) only if such bal-
- 18 ances are used for the purposes for which the appropria-
- 19 tion was originally made or for the purpose of reorganiza-
- 20 tion.

21 SEC. 203. LIMITATION ON POWERS.

- The reorganization plan for the foreign affairs agen-
- 23 cies submitted under this title may not provide for, and
- 24 a reorganization under this title may not have the effect
- 25 of—

1	(1) creating a new executive department, re-
2	naming an existing executive department, or abolish-
3	ing or transferring an executive department or all
4	the functions thereof;
5	(2) authorizing an agency to exercise a function
6	which is not expressly authorized by law at the time
7	the plan is submitted to Congress; or
8	(3) creating a new agency which is not a com-
9	ponent or part of an existing agency.
10	SEC. 204. EFFECTIVE DATE AND PUBLICATION OF REORGA-
11	NIZATION PLAN FOR THE FOREIGN AFFAIRS
12	AGENCIES.
13	(a) Effective Date.—A reorganization plan for the
14	foreign affairs agencies submitted pursuant to section 201
15	shall become effective in accordance with titles III through
16	VI of this division, on the effective date specified in each
17	such title with respect to the agency or agencies subject
18	to each such title.
19	(b) Publication.—A reorganization plan for the
20	foreign affairs agencies which is effective shall be printed
21	(1) in the Statutes at Large, and (2) in the Federal Reg-
22	ister.
23	(c) Authority Prior to Effective Date.—Not-
24	withstanding subsection (a), the reorganization plan for

- 1 201 may provide for the transfer of the whole or part of
- 2 functions prior to the effective dates established in titles
- 3 II through VI, including the transfer of personnel and
- 4 funds associated with such functions.

5 TITLE III—UNITED STATES ARMS

- 6 CONTROL AND DISAR-
- 7 **MAMENT AGENCY**
- 8 CHAPTER 1—GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 9 SEC. 301. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- This title, and the amendments made by this title,
- 11 shall take effect on the earlier of—
- 12 (1) October 1, 1998; or
- 13 (2) the date of abolition of the United States
- 14 Arms Control and Disarmament Agency pursuant to
- the reorganization plan described in section 201.
- 16 CHAPTER 2—ABOLITION OF UNITED
- 17 STATES ARMS CONTROL AND DISAR-
- 18 MAMENT AGENCY AND TRANSFER OF
- 19 **FUNCTIONS**
- 20 SEC. 311. ABOLITION OF UNITED STATES ARMS CONTROL
- 21 AND DISARMAMENT AGENCY.
- The United States Arms Control and Disarmament
- 23 Agency is abolished.

1	SEC. 312. TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS TO SECRETARY OF
2	STATE.
3	There are transferred to the Secretary of State all
4	functions of the Director of the United States Arms Con-
5	trol and Disarmament Agency and all functions of the
6	United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency
7	and any office or component of such agency under any
8	statute, reorganization plan, Executive order, or other pro-
9	vision of law as of the day before the effective date of this
10	title, except as otherwise provided in this division.
11	SEC. 313. UNDER SECRETARY FOR ARMS CONTROL AND
12	INTERNATIONAL SECURITY.
13	(a) Establishment of Under Secretary for
14	ARMS CONTROL AND INTERNATIONAL SECURITY.—Sec-
15	tion 1 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of
16	1956 (22 U.S.C. 2651a) is amended in subsection (b)—
17	(1) by striking "There" and inserting the fol-
18	lowing:
19	"(1) IN GENERAL.—There"; and
20	(2) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(2) Under secretary for arms control
22	AND INTERNATIONAL SECURITY.—There shall be in
23	the Department of State, among the Under Sec-
24	retaries authorized by paragraph (1), an Under Sec-
25	retary for Arms Control and International Security
26	who shall, among other duties, assist the Secretary

- and the Deputy Secretary in matters related to arms
- 2 control and international security policy.".
- 3 (b) Participation in Meetings of National Se-
- 4 CURITY COUNCIL.—Section 101 of the National Security
- 5 Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 402) is amended by adding at
- 6 the end the following new subsection:
- 7 "(i) The Under Secretary for Arms Control and
- 8 International Security may, in the role of advisor to the
- 9 National Security Council on arms control, nonprolifera-
- 10 tion, and disarmament matters, and subject to the direc-
- 11 tion of the President, attend and participate in meetings
- 12 of the National Security Council.".
- 13 SEC. 314. REPEAL RELATING TO INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR
- 14 UNITED STATES ARMS CONTROL AND DISAR-
- 15 MAMENT AGENCY.
- 16 Section 50 of the Arms Control and Disarmament
- 17 Act (22 U.S.C. 2593a), relating to the ACDA Inspector
- 18 General, is repealed.
- 19 CHAPTER 3—CONFORMING AMENDMENTS
- 20 SEC. 321. REFERENCES.
- 21 Any reference in any statute, reorganization plan,
- 22 Executive order, regulation, agreement, determination, or
- 23 other official document or proceeding to—
- 24 (1) the Director of the United States Arms
- 25 Control and Disarmament Agency, or any other offi-

1	cer or employee of the United States Arms Control
2	and Disarmament Agency, shall be deemed to refer
3	to the Secretary of State; and
4	(2) the United States Arms Control and Disar-
5	mament Agency shall be deemed to refer to the De-
6	partment of State.
7	TITLE IV—UNITED STATES
8	INFORMATION AGENCY
9	CHAPTER 1—GENERAL PROVISIONS
10	SEC. 401. EFFECTIVE DATE.
11	This title, and the amendments made by this title,
12	shall take effect on the earlier of—
13	(1) October 1, 1999; or
14	(2) the date of abolition of the United States
15	Information Agency pursuant to the reorganization
16	plan described in section 201.
17	CHAPTER 2—ABOLITION OF UNITED
18	STATES INFORMATION AGENCY AND
19	TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS
20	SEC. 411. ABOLITION OF UNITED STATES INFORMATION
21	AGENCY.
22	The United States Information Agency is abolished.
23	SEC. 412. TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.
24	(a) Transfer to Secretary of State.—There
25	are transferred to the Secretary of State all functions of

- 1 the Director of the United States Information Agency and
- 2 all functions of the United States Information Agency and
- 3 any office or component of such agency under any statute,
- 4 reorganization plan, Executive order, or other provision of
- 5 law as of the day before the effective date of this title,
- 6 except as otherwise provided in this division.
- 7 (b) Preserving the Independence of Inter-
- 8 NATIONAL BROADCASTING.—The Broadcasting Board of
- 9 Governors and the Director of the International Broad-
- 10 casting Bureau shall continue to have the responsibilities
- 11 set forth in title III of the Foreign Relations Authorization
- 12 Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995 (22 U.S.C. 6201 et
- 13 seq.), except that, as further set forth in chapter 3 of this
- 14 title, references in that Act to the United States Informa-
- 15 tion Agency shall be deemed to refer to the Department
- 16 of State, and references to the Director of the United
- 17 States Information Agency shall be deemed to refer to the
- 18 Secretary of the State.
- 19 SEC. 413. UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE FOR PUBLIC DI-
- 20 PLOMACY.
- 21 Section 1(b) of the State Department Basic Authori-
- 22 ties Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2651a(b) is amended—
- 23 (1) by inserting "(1) before "There"; and
- 24 (2) by adding at the end the following new
- paragraph:

1 "(2) Under secretary for public diplo-2 MACY.—There shall be in the Department of State, 3 in addition to the Under Secretaries authorized by paragraph (1), an Under Secretary for Public Diplo-5 macy who shall have responsibility, among other du-6 ties, to assist the Secretary and the Deputy Sec-7 retary in matters related to United States public di-8 plomacy policies and programs, including inter-9 national educational and cultural exchange pro-10 grams, information, and international broadcasting. 11 CHAPTER 3—CONFORMING AMENDMENTS 12 SEC. 421. REFERENCES IN LAW. 13 Any reference in any statute, reorganization plan, 14 Executive order, regulation, agreement, determination, or 15 other official document or proceeding to— 16 (1) the Director of the United States Informa-17 tion Agency or the Director of the International 18 Communication Agency shall be deemed to refer to 19 the Secretary of State; and 20 (2) the United States Information Agency, 21 USIA, or the International Communication Agency 22 shall be deemed to refer to the Department of State. 23 SEC. 422. APPLICATION OF CERTAIN LAWS. 24 (a) Application to Functions of Department

OF STATE.—Section 501 of Public Law 80–402, section

- 1 202 of Public Law 95–426, and section 208 of Public Law
- 2 99–93 shall not apply to public affairs and other informa-
- 3 tion dissemination functions of the Secretary of State as
- 4 carried out prior to any transfer of functions pursuant to
- 5 this division.
- 6 (b) Application to Functions Transferred to
- 7 Department of State.—Section 501 of Public Law
- 8 80–402, section 202 of Public Law 95–426, and section
- 9 208 of Public Law 99–93 shall apply only to overseas pub-
- 10 lie diplomacy programs of the Director of the United
- 11 States Information Agency as carried out prior to any
- 12 transfer of functions pursuant to this division.
- 13 TITLE V—UNITED STATES
- 14 INTERNATIONAL DEVELOP-
- 15 **MENT COOPERATION AGENCY**
- 16 **CHAPTER 1—GENERAL PROVISIONS**
- 17 SEC. 501. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 18 This title, and the amendments made by this title,
- 19 shall take effect on the earlier of—
- 20 (1) October 1, 1998; or
- 21 (2) the date of abolition of the United States
- 22 International Development Cooperation Agency pur-
- suant to the reorganization plan described in section
- 24 201.

- 1 CHAPTER 2—ABOLITION OF INTER-
- 2 NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT COOPERA-
- 3 TION AGENCY AND TRANSFER OF
- 4 **FUNCTIONS**
- 5 SEC. 511. ABOLITION OF UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL
- 6 DEVELOPMENT COOPERATION AGENCY.
- 7 (a) IN GENERAL.—The United States International
- 8 Development Cooperation Agency is abolished.
- 9 (b) AID AND OPIC.—Subsection (a) shall not be in-
- 10 terpreted to apply to the Agency for International Devel-
- 11 opment (AID) or the Overseas Private Investment Cor-
- 12 poration (OPIC).
- 13 SEC. 512. TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.
- The reorganization plan submitted pursuant to sec-
- 15 tion 201 shall provide for the transfer to another agency
- 16 or agencies of all functions of the Director of the United
- 17 States International Development Cooperation Agency
- 18 and all functions of the United States International Devel-
- 19 opment Cooperation Agency and any office or component
- 20 of such agencies under any statute, reorganization plan,
- 21 Executive order, or other provision of law before the effec-
- 22 tive date of this title, except as otherwise provided in this
- 23 division.

TITLE VI—AGENCY FOR 1 INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT 2 3 CHAPTER 1—GENERAL PROVISIONS SEC. 601. EFFECTIVE DATE. 4 5 This title, and the amendments made by this title, shall take effect on the earlier of— 7 (1) October 1, 1999; or 8 (2) the date of reorganization of the Agency for 9 International Development pursuant to the reorga-10 nization plan described in section 201. CHAPTER 2—REORGANIZATION OF AGEN-11 12 CY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOP-MENT AND TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS 13 SEC. 611. REORGANIZATION OF AGENCY FOR INTER-15 NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT. 16 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Agency for International Development shall be reorganized in accordance with this di-18 vision and the reorganization plan submitted pursuant to 19 section 201. 20 (b) AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE.— The Agency for International Development shall report to 22 and be under the direct authority and foreign policy guidance of the Secretary of State. 24 (c) Functions To Be Transferred.—The reorga-

nization of the Agency for International Development shall

- 1 provide, at a minimum, for the transfer to and consolida-
- 2 tion with the Department of State of the following func-
- 3 tions of the agency:
- 4 (1) Press office.
- 5 (2) Certain administrative functions.

6 DIVISION B—STATE DEPART-

- 7 MENT AND RELATED AGEN-
- 8 CIES AUTHORIZATION ACT
- 9 TITLE X—GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 10 SEC. 1001. SHORT TITLE.
- 11 This division may be cited as the "State Department
- 12 and Related Agencies Authorization Act, Fiscal Years
- 13 1998 and 1999" and shall be effective for all purposes
- 14 as if enacted as a separate Act.
- 15 SEC. 1002. STATEMENT OF HISTORY OF LEGISLATION.
- This division consists of H.R. 1253, the Foreign Re-
- 17 lations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1998 and 1999,
- 18 which was introduced by Representative Smith of New
- 19 Jersey on April 9, 1997, and amended and reported by
- 20 the Subcommittee on International Operations and
- 21 Human Rights of the Committee on International Rela-
- 22 tions on April 10, 1997.
- 23 SEC. 1003. DEFINITIONS.
- The following terms have the following meanings for
- 25 the purposes of this division:

1	(1) The term "AID" means the Agency for
2	International Development.
3	(2) The term "ACDA" means the United
4	States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency.
5	(3) The term "appropriate congressional com-
6	mittees" means the Committee on International Re-
7	lations of the House of Representatives and the
8	Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.
9	(4) The term "Department" means the Depart-
10	ment of State.
11	(5) The term "Federal agency" has the mean-
12	ing given to the term "agency" by section 551(1) of
13	title 5, United States Code.
14	(6) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary
15	of State.
16	(7) The term "USIA" means the United States
17	Information Agency.

1	TITLE XI—AUTHORIZATION OF
2	APPROPRIATIONS FOR DE-
3	PARTMENT OF STATE AND
4	CERTAIN INTERNATIONAL AF
5	FAIRS FUNCTIONS AND AC
6	TIVITIES
7	SEC. 1101. ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS.
8	The following amounts are authorized to be appro-
9	priated for the Department of State under "Administra
10	tion of Foreign Affairs" to carry out the authorities, func
11	tions, duties, and responsibilities in the conduct of the for
12	eign affairs of the United States and for other purposes
13	authorized by law, including the diplomatic security pro
14	gram:
15	(1) DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR PROGRAMS.—
16	(A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA
17	TIONS.—For "Diplomatic and Consular Pro
18	grams", of the Department of State
19	\$1,746,977,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and
20	\$1,746,977,000 for the fiscal year 1999.
21	(B) Passport information services.—
22	The Secretary of State shall provide passpor
23	information without charge to citizens of the
24	United States, including—

1	(i) information about who is eligible to
2	receive a United States passport and how
3	and where to apply;
4	(ii) information about the status of
5	pending applications; and
6	(iii) names, addresses, and telephone
7	numbers of State and Federal officials who
8	are authorized to provide passport infor-
9	mation in cooperation with the Department
10	of State.
11	(2) Salaries and expenses.—
12	(A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-
13	TIONS.—For "Salaries and Expenses", of the
14	Department of State \$363,513,000 for the fis-
15	cal year 1998 and \$363,513,000 for the fiscal
16	year 1999.
17	(B) Limitations.—Of the amounts au-
18	thorized to be appropriated by subparagraph
19	(A) $$2,000,000$ for fiscal year 1998 and
20	\$2,000,000 for fiscal year 1999 are authorized
21	to be appropriated only for the recruitment of
22	minorities for careers in the Foreign Service
23	and international affairs.
24	(3) Capital investment fund.—For "Cap-
25	ital Investment Fund", of the Department of State

- 1 \$64,600,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and 2 \$64,600,000 for the fiscal year 1999.
- 3 (4) SECURITY AND MAINTENANCE OF BUILD-4 INGS ABROAD.—For "Security and Maintenance of 5 Buildings Abroad", \$373,081,000 for the fiscal year 6 1998 and \$373,081,000 for the fiscal year 1999.
- 7 (5) REPRESENTATION ALLOWANCES.—For 8 "Representation Allowances", \$4,300,000 for the 9 fiscal year 1998 and \$4,300,000 for the fiscal year 10 1999.
 - (6) Emergencies in the Diplomatic and Consular Service.—For "Emergencies in the Diplomatic and Consular Service", \$5,500,000 for the fiscal 1998 and \$5,500,000 for the fiscal year 1999.
 - (7) OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL.—
 For "Office of the Inspector General", \$28,300,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and \$28,300,000 for the fiscal year 1999.
 - (8) Payment to the American Institute in Taiwan", \$14,490,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and \$14,490,000 for the fiscal year 1999.
- 23 (9) Protection of Foreign Missions and 24 OFFICIALS.—For "Protection of Foreign Missions

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- and Officials", \$7,900,000 for the fiscal year 1998
- 2 and \$7,900,000 for the fiscal year 1999.
- 3 (10) Repatriation loans.—For "Repatri-
- 4 ation Loans", \$1,200,000 for the fiscal year 1998
- 5 and \$1,200,000 for the fiscal year 1999, for admin-
- 6 istrative expenses.

7 SEC. 1102. INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS, PROGRAMS,

- 8 AND CONFERENCES.
- 9 (a) Assessed Contributions to International
- 10 Organizations.—There are authorized to be appro-
- 11 priated for "Contributions to International Organiza-
- 12 tions", \$960,389,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and
- 13 \$987,590,000 for the fiscal year 1999 for the Department
- 14 of State to carry out the authorities, functions, duties, and
- 15 responsibilities in the conduct of the foreign affairs of the
- 16 United States with respect to international organizations
- 17 and to carry out other authorities in law consistent with
- 18 such purposes.
- 19 (b) Voluntary Contributions to Inter-
- 20 NATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.—
- 21 (1) Authorization of appropriations.—
- There are authorized to be appropriated for "Vol-
- 23 untary Contributions to International Organiza-
- 24 tions", \$199,725,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and
- 25 \$199,725,000 for the fiscal year 1999.

(2) Limitations.—

- (A) World Food Program.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated under paragraph (1), \$5,000,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and \$5,000,000 for the fiscal year 1999 are authorized to be appropriated only for a United States contribution to the World Food Program.
- (B) United Nations voluntary fund for Victims of Torture.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated under paragraph (1), \$3,000,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and \$3,000,000 for the fiscal year 1999 are authorized to be appropriated only for a United States contribution to the United Nations Voluntary Fund for Victims of Torture.
- (C) International program on the Elimination of Child Labor.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated under paragraph (1), \$10,000,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and \$10,000,000 for the fiscal year 1999 are authorized to be appropriated only for a United States contribution to the International Labor Organization for the activities of the

- 1 International Program on the Elimination of
- 2 Child Labor.
- 3 (3) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts au-
- 4 thorized to be appropriated under paragraph (1) are
- 5 authorized to remain available until expended.
- 6 (c) Assessed Contributions for International
- 7 Peacekeeping Activities.—There are authorized to be
- 8 appropriated for "Contributions for International Peace-
- 9 keeping Activities", \$240,000,000 for the fiscal year 1998
- 10 and \$240,000,000 for the fiscal year 1999 for the Depart-
- 11 ment of State to carry out the authorities, functions, du-
- 12 ties, and responsibilities in the conduct of the foreign af-
- 13 fairs of the United States with respect to international
- 14 peacekeeping activities and to carry out other authorities
- 15 in law consistent with such purposes.
- 16 (d) Voluntary Contributions to Peacekeeping
- 17 OPERATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated
- 18 for "Peacekeeping Operations", \$87,600,000 for the fiscal
- 19 year 1998 and \$67,000,000 for the fiscal year 1999 for
- 20 the Department of State to carry out section 551 of Public
- 21 Law 87–195.
- 22 (e) International Conferences and Contin-
- 23 GENCIES.—There are authorized to be appropriated for
- 24 "International Conferences and Contingencies",
- 25 \$3,000,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and \$3,000,000 for

- 1 the fiscal year 1999 for the Department of State to carry
- 2 out the authorities, functions, duties, and responsibilities
- 3 in the conduct of the foreign affairs of the United States
- 4 with respect to international conferences and contin-
- 5 gencies and to carry out other authorities in law consistent
- 6 with such purposes.
- 7 (f) Foreign Currency Exchange Rates.—In ad-
- 8 dition to amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated
- 9 by subsections (a) and (b) of this section, there are au-
- 10 thorized to be appropriated such sums as may be nec-
- 11 essary for each of the fiscal years 1998 and 1999 to offset
- 12 adverse fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates.
- 13 Amounts appropriated under this subsection shall be avail-
- 14 able for obligation and expenditure only to the extent that
- 15 the Director of the Office of Management and Budget de-
- 16 termines and certifies to Congress that such amounts are
- 17 necessary due to such fluctuations.
- 18 (g) Limitation on United States Voluntary
- 19 Contributions to United Nations Development
- 20 Program.—
- 21 (1) Of the amounts made available for fiscal
- years 1998 and 1999 for United States voluntary
- 23 contributions to the United Nations Development
- 24 Program an amount equal to the amount the United
- 25 Nations Development Program will spend in Burma

1	during each fiscal year shall be withheld unless dur-
2	ing such fiscal year, the President submits to the ap-
3	propriate congressional committees the certification
4	described in paragraph (2).
5	(2) The certification referred to in paragraph
6	(1) is a certification by the President that all pro-
7	grams and activities of the United Nations Develop-
8	ment Program (including United Nations Develop-
9	ment Program—Administered Funds) in Burma—
10	(A) are focused on eliminating human suf-
11	fering and addressing the needs of the poor;
12	(B) are undertaken only through inter-
13	national or private voluntary organizations that
14	have been deemed independent of the State
15	Law and Order Restoration Council (SLORC),
16	after consultation with the leadership of the
17	National League for Democracy and the leader-
18	ship of the National Coalition Government of
19	the Union of Burma;
20	(C) provide no financial, political, or mili-
21	tary benefit to the SLORC; and
22	(D) are carried out only after consultation
23	with the leadership of the National League for
24	Democracy and the leadership of the National

Coalition Government of the Union of Burma.

1 SEC. 1103. INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS.

2	The following amounts are authorized to be appro-
3	priated under "International Commissions" for the De-
4	partment of State to carry out the authorities, functions,
5	duties, and responsibilities in the conduct of the foreign
6	affairs of the United States and for other purposes author-
7	ized by law:
8	(1) International boundary and water
9	COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND MEXICO.—For
10	"International Boundary and Water Commission,
11	United States and Mexico''—
12	(A) for "Salaries and Expenses"
13	\$18,490,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and
14	\$18,490,000 for the fiscal year 1999; and
15	(B) for "Construction" \$6,493,000 for the
16	fiscal year 1998 and \$6,493,000 for the fiscal
17	year 1999.
18	(2) International boundary commission,
19	UNITED STATES AND CANADA.—For "International
20	Boundary Commission, United States and Canada",
21	\$785,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and $$785,000$ for
22	the fiscal year 1999.
23	(3) International joint commission.—For
24	"International Joint Commission", \$3,225,000 for
25	the fiscal year 1998 and \$3,225,000 for the fiscal
26	year 1999.

41 1 (4)International **FISHERIES** COMMIS-2 SIONS.—For "International Fisheries Commissions", 3 the \$14,549,000 for fiscal 1998 year and 4 \$14,549,000 for the fiscal year 1999. SEC. 1104. MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE. 6 (a) Migration and Refugee Assistance.— 7 AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— 8 There are authorized to be appropriated for "Migra-9 tion and Refugee Assistance" for authorized activi-

ties, \$623,000,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and

12 (2) Limitation regarding tibetan refu-GEES IN INDIA AND NEPAL.—Of the amounts au-13 14 thorized to be appropriated in paragraph (1), 15 \$1,000,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and \$1,000,000 16 for the fiscal year 1999 are authorized to be avail-17 able only for humanitarian assistance, including but 18 not limited to food, medicine, clothing, and medical 19 and vocational training, to Tibetan refugees in India 20 and Nepal who have fled Chinese-occupied Tibet.

\$623,000,000 for the fiscal year 1999.

21 (b) Refugees Resettling in Israel.—There are 22 authorized to be appropriated \$80,000,000 for the fiscal 23 year 1998 and \$80,000,000 for the fiscal year 1999 for 24 assistance for refugees resettling in Israel from other 25 countries.

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- 1 (c) Humanitarian Assistance for Displaced
- 2 Burmese.—There are authorized to be appropriated
- 3 \$1,500,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and \$1,500,000 for
- 4 the fiscal year 1999 for humanitarian assistance, includ-
- 5 ing but not limited to food, medicine, clothing, and medi-
- 6 cal and vocational training, to persons displaced as a re-
- 7 sult of civil conflict in Burma, including persons still with-
- 8 in Burma.
- 9 (d) Availability of Funds.—Funds appropriated
- 10 pursuant to this section are authorized to be available
- 11 until expended.
- 12 SEC. 1105. ASIA FOUNDATION.
- There are authorized to be appropriated for "Asia
- 14 Foundation", \$10,000,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and
- 15 \$10,000,000 for the fiscal year 1999 for the Department
- 16 of State to carry out the authorities, functions, duties, and
- 17 responsibilities in the conduct of the foreign affairs of the
- 18 United States with respect to Asia Foundation and to
- 19 carry out other authorities in law consistent with such
- 20 purposes.
- 21 SEC. 1106. UNITED STATES INFORMATIONAL, EDU-
- 22 CATIONAL, AND CULTURAL PROGRAMS.
- The following amounts are authorized to be appro-
- 24 priated to carry out international information activities
- 25 and educational and cultural exchange programs under

1	the United States Information and Educational Exchange
2	Act of 1948, the Mutual Educational and Cultural Ex-
3	change Act of 1961, Reorganization Plan Number 2 of
4	1977, the United States International Broadcasting Act
5	of 1994, the Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act, the Tele-
6	vision Broadcasting to Cuba Act, the Board for Inter-
7	national Broadcasting Act, the North/South Center Act of
8	1991, the National Endowment for Democracy Act, and
9	to carry out other authorities in law consistent with such
10	purposes:
11	(1) Salaries and expenses.—For "Salaries
12	and Expenses", \$434,097,000 for the fiscal year
13	1998 and \$434,097,000 for the fiscal year 1999.
14	(2) Technology fund.—For "Technology
15	Fund" for the United States Information Agency,
16	\$6,350,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and $$6,350,000$
17	for the fiscal year 1999.
18	(3) Educational and cultural exchange
19	PROGRAMS.—
20	(A) Fulbright academic exchange
21	PROGRAMS.—For the "Fulbright Academic Ex-
22	change Programs", \$94,236,000 for the fiscal
23	year 1998 and \$94,236,000 for the fiscal year
24	1999.

- 1 (B) SOUTH PACIFIC EXCHANGES.—For the
 2 "South Pacific Exchanges", \$500,000 for the
 3 fiscal year 1998 and \$500,000 for the fiscal
 4 year 1999.
 - (C) East Timorese scholarships.—For the "East Timorese Scholarships", \$500,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and \$500,000 for the fiscal year 1999.
 - (D) TIBETAN EXCHANGES.—For the "Educational and Cultural Exchanges with Tibet" under section 236 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995 (Public Law 103–236), \$500,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and \$500,000 for the fiscal year 1999.
 - (E) OTHER PROGRAMS.—For "Hubert H. Humphrey Fellowship Program", "Edmund S. Muskie Fellowship Program", "International Visitors Program", "Mike Mansfield Fellowship Program", "Claude and Mildred Pepper Scholarship Program of the Washington Workshops Foundation", "Citizen Exchange Programs", "Congress-Bundestag Exchange Program", "Newly Independent States and Eastern Europe Training", and "Institute for Representa-

- tive Government", \$97,995,000 for the fiscal
 year 1998 and \$97,995,000 for the fiscal year
 1999.
- 4 (4) International broadcasting activities.—
 - (A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS.—For "International Broadcasting Activities", \$344,655,000 for the fiscal year 1998, and \$341,655,000 for the fiscal year 1999.
 - (B) Allocation.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated under subparagraph (A), the Director of the United States Information Agency and the Board of Broadcasting Governors shall seek to ensure that the amounts made available for broadcasting to nations whose people do not fully enjoy freedom of expression do not decline in proportion to the amounts made available for broadcasting to other nations.
 - (5) RADIO CONSTRUCTION.—For "Radio Construction", \$40,000,000 for the fiscal year 1998, and \$33,000,000 for the fiscal year 1999.
- 23 (6) RADIO FREE ASIA.—For "Radio Free 24 Asia", \$30,000,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and 25 \$30,000,000 for the fiscal year 1999.

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1	(7) Broadcasting to cuba.—
2	(A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-
3	Tions.—For "Broadcasting to Cuba",
4	\$22,095,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and
5	\$22,095,000 for the fiscal year 1999.
6	(B) Limitation.—Of the amounts author-
7	ized to be appropriated under subparagraph
8	(A), no funds shall be used for television broad-
9	casting to Cuba after October 1, 1997, if the
10	President certifies that continued funding is not
11	in the national interest of the United States.
12	(8) CENTER FOR CULTURAL AND TECHNICAL
13	INTERCHANGE BETWEEN EAST AND WEST.—For
14	"Center for Cultural and Technical Interchange be-
15	tween East and West", \$10,000,000 for the fiscal
16	year 1998 and \$10,000,000 for the fiscal year 1999.
17	(9) National endowment for democ-
18	RACY.—For "National Endowment for Democracy"
19	\$30,000,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and
20	\$30,000,000 for the fiscal year 1999.
21	(10) Center for cultural and technical
22	INTERCHANGE BETWEEN NORTH AND SOUTH.—For
23	"Center for Cultural and Technical Interchange be-
24	tween North and South" \$2,000,000 for the fiscal

year 1998 and \$2,000,000 for the fiscal year 1999.

1	SEC. 1107. UNITED STATES ARMS CONTROL AND DISAR
2	MAMENT.
3	There are authorized to be appropriated to carry ou
4	the purposes of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act—
5	(1) \$44,000,000 for the fiscal year 1998 and
6	\$44,000,000 for the fiscal year 1999; and
7	(2) such sums as may be necessary for each o
8	the fiscal years 1998 and 1999 for increases in sal
9	ary, pay, retirement, other employee benefits author
10	ized by law, and to offset adverse fluctuations in for
11	eign currency exchange rates.
12	SEC. 1108. RADIO FREE ASIA AND VOICE OF AMERICA.
13	(a) It is the sense of Congress that the United States
14	broadcasting through Radio Free Asia and Voice of Amer
15	ica increase to continuous, 24-hour broadcasting in Man
16	darin, Cantonese, Tibetan, and that broadcasting in addi
17	tional Chinese dialects be increased.
18	(b) Within 90 days of enactment of this Act, the
19	President shall report to the Congress on a plan to achieve

20 continuous broadcasting in Asia.

1	TITLE XII—DEPARTMENT OF
2	STATE AUTHORITIES AND AC-
3	TIVITIES
4	CHAPTER 1—AUTHORITIES AND
5	ACTIVITIES
6	SEC. 1201. REVISION OF DEPARTMENT OF STATE REWARDS
7	PROGRAM.
8	(a) In General.—Section 36 of the State Depart-
9	ment Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2708) is
10	amended to read as follows:
11	"SEC. 36. DEPARTMENT OF STATE REWARDS PROGRAM.
12	"(a) Establishment.—(1) There is established a
13	program for the payment of rewards to carry out the pur-
14	poses of this section.
15	"(2) The rewards program established by this section
16	shall be administered by the Secretary of State, in con-
17	sultation, where appropriate, with the Attorney General.
18	"(b) Purpose.—(1) The rewards program estab-
19	lished by this section shall be designed to assist in the
20	prevention of acts of international terrorism, international
21	narcotics trafficking, and other related criminal acts.
22	"(2) At the sole discretion of the Secretary of State
23	and in consultation, as appropriate, with the Attorney
24	General, the Secretary may pay a reward to any individual
25	who furnishes information leading to—

1	"(A) the arrest or conviction in any country of
2	any individual for the commission of an act of inter-
3	national terrorism against a United States person or
4	United States property;
5	"(B) the arrest or conviction in any country of
6	any individual conspiring or attempting to commit
7	an act of international terrorism against a United
8	States person or United States property;
9	"(C) the arrest or conviction in any country of
10	any individual for committing, primarily outside the
11	territorial jurisdiction of the United States, any nar-
12	cotics-related offense if that offense involves or is a
13	significant part of conduct that involves—
14	"(i) a violation of United States narcotics
15	laws and which is such that the individual
16	would be a major violator of such laws; or
17	"(ii) the killing or kidnapping of—
18	"(I) any officer, employee, or contract
19	employee of the United States Government
20	while such individual is engaged in official
21	duties, or on account of that individual's
22	official duties, in connection with the en-
23	forcement of United States narcotics laws
24	or the implementing of United States nar-
25	cotics control objectives: or

1	"(II) a member of the immediate fam-
2	ily of any such individual on account of
3	that individual's official duties, in connec-
4	tion with the enforcement of United States
5	narcotics laws or the implementing of
6	United States narcotics control objectives;
7	or
8	"(iii) an attempt or conspiracy to commit
9	any of the acts described in clause (i) or (ii);
10	or
11	"(D) the arrest or conviction in any country of
12	any individual aiding or abetting in the commission
13	of an act described in subparagraphs (A) through
14	(C); or
15	"(E) the prevention, frustration, or favorable
16	resolution of an act described in subparagraphs (A)
17	through (C).
18	"(c) Coordination.—(1) To ensure that the pay-
19	ment of rewards pursuant to this section does not dupli-
20	cate or interfere with the payment of informants or the
21	obtaining of evidence or information, as authorized to the
22	Department of Justice, the offering, administration, and
23	payment of rewards under this section, including proce-
24	dures for—

- 1 "(A) identifying individuals, organizations, and 2 offenses with respect to which rewards will be of-
- 3 fered;
- 4 "(B) the publication of rewards;
- 5 "(C) offering of joint rewards with foreign gov-
- 6 ernments;
- 7 "(D) the receipt and analysis of data; and
- 8 "(E) the payment and approval of payment,
- 9 shall be governed by procedures developed by the Sec-
- 10 retary of State, in consultation with the Attorney General.
- 11 "(2) Before making a reward under this section in
- 12 a matter over which there is Federal criminal jurisdiction,
- 13 the Secretary of State shall advise and consult with the
- 14 Attorney General.
- 15 "(d) Funding.—(1) There is authorized to be appro-
- 16 priated to the Department of State from time to time such
- 17 amounts as may be necessary to carry out the purposes
- 18 of this section, notwithstanding section 102 of the Foreign
- 19 Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1986 and 1987
- 20 (Public Law 99–93).
- 21 "(2) No amount of funds may be appropriated which,
- 22 when added to the amounts previously appropriated but
- 23 not yet obligated, would cause such amounts to exceed
- 24 \$15,000,000.

- 1 "(3) To the maximum extent practicable, funds made
- 2 available to carry out this section should be distributed
- 3 equally for the purpose of preventing acts of international
- 4 terrorism and for the purpose of preventing international
- 5 narcotics trafficking.
- 6 "(4) Amounts appropriated to carry out the purposes
- 7 of this section shall remain available until expended.
- 8 "(e) Limitation and Certification.—(1) A re-
- 9 ward under this section may not exceed \$2,000,000.
- 10 "(2) A reward under this section of more than
- 11 \$100,000 may not be made without the approval of the
- 12 President or the Secretary of State.
- 13 "(3) Any reward granted under this section shall be
- 14 approved and certified for payment by the Secretary of
- 15 State.
- 16 "(4) The authority of paragraph (2) may not be dele-
- 17 gated to any other officer or employee of the United States
- 18 Government.
- 19 "(5) If the Secretary determines that the identity of
- 20 the recipient of a reward or of the members of the recipi-
- 21 ent's immediate family must be protected, the Secretary
- 22 may take such measures in connection with the payment
- 23 of the reward as he considers necessary to effect such pro-
- 24 tection.

- 1 "(f) Ineligibility.—An officer or employee of any
- 2 governmental entity who, while in the performance of his
- 3 or her official duties, furnishes information described in
- 4 subsection (b) shall not be eligible for a reward under this
- 5 section.
- 6 "(g) Reports.—(1) Not later than 30 days after
- 7 paying any reward under this section, the Secretary of
- 8 State shall submit a report to the appropriate congres-
- 9 sional committees with respect to such reward. The report,
- 10 which may be submitted on a classified basis if necessary,
- 11 shall specify the amount of the reward paid, to whom the
- 12 reward was paid, and the acts with respect to which the
- 13 reward was paid. The report shall also discuss the signifi-
- 14 cance of the information for which the reward was paid
- 15 in dealing with those acts.
- 16 "(2) Not later than 60 days after the end of each
- 17 fiscal year, the Secretary of State shall submit an annual
- 18 report to the appropriate congressional committees with
- 19 respect to the operation of the rewards program author-
- 20 ized by this section. Such report shall provide information
- 21 on the total amounts expended during such fiscal year to
- 22 carry out the purposes of this section, including amounts
- 23 spent to publicize the availability of rewards.
- 24 "(h) Publication Regarding Rewards Offered
- 25 By Foreign Governments.—Notwithstanding any other

1	provision of this section, at the sole discretion of the Sec-
2	retary of State the resources of the rewards program au-
3	thorized by this section, shall be available for the publica-
4	tion of rewards offered by foreign governments regarding
5	acts of international terrorism which do not involve United
6	States persons or property or a violation of the narcotics
7	laws of the United States.
8	"(i) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section—
9	"(1) the term 'appropriate congressional com-
10	mittees' means the Committee on International Re-
11	lations of the House of Representatives and the
12	Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate;
13	"(2) the term 'act of international terrorism' in-
14	cludes, but is not limited to—
15	"(A) any act substantially contributing to
16	the acquisition of unsafeguarded special nuclear
17	material (as defined in section 830(8) of the
18	Nuclear Proliferation Prevention Act of 1994)
19	or any nuclear explosive device (as defined in
20	section 830(4) of that Act) by an individual,
21	group, or non-nuclear weapon state (as defined
22	in section 830(5) of that Act); and
23	"(B) any act, as determined by the Sec-
24	retary of State, which materially supports the
25	conduct of international terrorism, including the

1	counterfeiting of United States currency or the
2	illegal use of other monetary instruments by an
3	individual, group, or country supporting inter-
4	national terrorism as determined for purposes
5	of section 6(j) of the Export Administration Act
6	of 1979;
7	"(3) the term 'United States narcotics laws'
8	means the laws of the United States for the preven-
9	tion and control of illicit traffic in controlled sub-
10	stances (as such term is defined for purposes of the
11	Controlled Substances Act); and
12	"(4) the term 'member of the immediate family'
13	includes—
14	"(A) a spouse, parent, brother, sister, or
15	child of the individual;
16	"(B) a person to whom the individual
17	stands in loco parentis; and
18	"(C) any other person living in the individ-
19	ual's household and related to the individual by
20	blood or marriage.
21	"(j) Determinations of the Secretary.—A de-
22	termination made by the Secretary of State under this sec-
23	tion shall be final and conclusive and shall not be subject
24	to judicial review.".

1 (b) Use of Earnings From Frozen Assets for 2 Program.— 3 (1) Amounts to be made available.—Up to 2 percent of the earnings accruing, during periods 5 beginning October 1, 1998, on all assets of foreign 6 countries blocked by the President pursuant to the 7 International Emergency Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 8 1701 and following) shall be available, subject to ap-9 propriations Acts, to carry out section 36 of the 10 State Department Basic Authorities Act, as amend-11 ed by this section, except that the limitation con-12 tained in subsection (d)(2) of such section shall not 13 apply to amounts made available under this para-14 graph. 15 (2) Control of funds by the president.— 16 The President is authorized and directed to take 17 possession and exercise full control of so much of the 18 earnings described in paragraph (1) as are made 19 available under such paragraph. 20 SEC. 1202. CAPITAL INVESTMENT FUND. 21 Section 135 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995 (22 U.S.C. 2684a) is 23 amended— 24 (1) in subsection (a) by inserting "and enhancement" after "procurement"; 25

- 1 (2) in subsection (c) by striking "are authorized
- 2 to" and inserting "shall";
- 3 (3) in subsection (d) by striking "for expendi-
- 4 ture to procure capital equipment and information
- 5 technology" and inserting in lieu thereof "for pur-
- 6 poses of subsection (a)"; and
- 7 (4) by amending subsection (e) to read as fol-
- 8 lows:
- 9 "(e) Reprogramming Procedures.—Funds cred-
- 10 ited to the Capital Investment Fund shall not be available
- 11 for obligation or expenditure except in compliance with the
- 12 procedures applicable to reprogrammings under section 34
- 13 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956
- 14 (22 U.S.C. 2710).".
- 15 SEC. 1203. REDUCTION OF REPORTING.
- 16 (a) Report on Foreign Service Personnel in
- 17 Each Agency.—Section 601(c)(4) of the Foreign Service
- 18 Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4001(c)(4)) is repealed.
- 19 (b) Report on Participation by U.S. Military
- 20 Personnel Abroad in U.S. Elections.—Section
- 21 101(b)(6) of the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absen-
- 22 tee Voting Act (42 U.S.C. 1973ff(b)(6)) is amended by
- 23 striking "of voter participation" and inserting "of uni-
- 24 formed services voter participation, a general assessment
- 25 of overseas nonmilitary participation,".

- 1 (c) Country Reports on Economic Policy and
- 2 Trade Practices.—Section 2202 of the Omnibus Trade
- 3 and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (15 U.S.C. 4711) is re-
- 4 pealed.
- 5 (d) Annual Report on Social and Economic
- 6 Growth.—Section 574 of the Foreign Operations, Ex-
- 7 port Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations
- 8 Act, 1996 (Public Law 104–107) is repealed.
- 9 (e) Report.—Section 308 of the Chemical and Bio-
- 10 logical Weapons and Warfare Elimination Act of 1991 (22)
- 11 U.S.C. 5606) is repealed.
- 12 SEC. 1204. CONTRACTING FOR LOCAL GUARDS SERVICES
- 13 **OVERSEAS.**
- 14 Section 136(c) of the Foreign Relations Authoriza-
- 15 tion Act, Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (22 U.S.C. 4864(c))
- 16 is amended—
- 17 (1) by amending paragraph (3) to read as fol-
- lows:
- "(3) in evaluating proposals for such contracts,
- award contracts to the technically acceptable firm
- offering the lowest evaluated price, except that pro-
- 22 posals of United States persons and qualified United
- 23 States joint venture persons (as defined in sub-
- section (d)) shall be evaluated by reducing the bid
- 25 price by 5 percent;";

1	(2) by inserting "and" at the end of paragraph
2	(5);
3	(3) by striking "; and" at the end of paragraph
4	(6) and inserting a period; and
5	(4) by striking paragraph (7).
6	SEC. 1205. PREADJUDICATION OF CLAIMS.
7	Section 4(a) of the International Claims Settlement
8	Act (22 U.S.C. 1623(a)) is amended—
9	(1) in the first sentence by striking "1948, or"
10	and inserting "1948,";
11	(2) by inserting before the period at the end of
12	the first sentence ", or included in a category of
13	claims against a foreign government which is re-
14	ferred to the Commission by the Secretary of State";
15	and
16	(3) in paragraph (1) by striking "the applica-
17	ble" and inserting "any applicable".
18	SEC. 1206. EXPENSES RELATING TO CERTAIN INTER-
19	NATIONAL CLAIMS AND PROCEEDINGS.
20	(a) Recovery of Certain Expenses.—The De-
21	partment of State Appropriation Act of 1937 (49 Stat.
22	1321, 22 U.S.C. 2661) is amended in the fifth undesig-
23	nated paragraph under the heading entitled "INTER-
24	NATIONAL FISHERIES COMMISSION" by striking "extraor-
25	dinary''.

1 (b) Procurement of Services.—Section 38(c) of 2 the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22) 3 U.S.C. 2710(c)) is amended in the first sentence by inserting "personal and" before "other support services". SEC. 1207. SURCHARGE FOR PROCESSING CERTAIN MA-6 CHINE READABLE VISAS. 7 Section 140(a) of the Foreign Relations Authoriza-8 tion Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995 (Public Law 103– 9 236) is amended— 10 (1) in paragraph (2) by striking "providing con-11 sular services." and inserting "the Department of 12 State's border security program, including the costs 13 of installation and operation of the machine readable 14 visa and automated name-check process, improving 15 the quality and security of the United States pass-16 port, passport and visa fraud investigations, and the 17 technological infrastructure to support the programs 18 referred to in this sentence."; 19 (2) by striking the first sentence of paragraph 20 (3) and inserting "For fiscal years 1998 and 1999, 21 fees deposited under the authority of paragraph (2) 22 may not exceed \$140,000,000 in each fiscal year 23 and, notwithstanding paragraph (2), such fees shall 24 be available only to the extent provided in advance

in appropriations Acts."; and

1	(3) by striking paragraph (5).
2	SEC. 1208. RETENTION OF ADDITIONAL DEFENSE TRADE
3	CONTROLS REGISTRATION FEES.
4	Section 45(a) of the State Department Basic Au-
5	thorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2717(a)) is amended—
6	(1) by striking "\$700,000 of the" and inserting
7	"all";
8	(2) at the end of paragraph (1) by striking
9	"and";
10	(3) in paragraph (2)—
11	(A) by striking "functions" and inserting
12	"functions, including compliance and enforce-
13	ment activities,"; and
14	(B) by striking the period at the end and
15	inserting "; and; and
16	(4) by adding at the end the following new
17	paragraph (3):
18	"(3) the enhancement of defense trade export
19	compliance and enforcement activities to include
20	compliance audits of United States and foreign par-
21	ties, the conduct of administrative proceedings, end-
22	use monitoring of direct commercial arms sales and
23	transfer, and cooperation in criminal proceedings re-
24	lated to defense trade export controls.".

SEC. 1209. TRAINING.

- 2 (a) Institute for Training.—Section 701 of the
- 3 Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4021) is amend-
- 4 ed—
- 5 (1) by redesignating subsection (d)(4) as sub-
- 6 section (g); and
- 7 (2) by inserting after paragraph (3) of sub-
- 8 section (d) the following new subsections:
- 9 "(e)(1) The Secretary of State may, in the discretion
- 10 of the Secretary, provide appropriate training and related
- 11 services through the institution to employees of United
- 12 States companies engaged in business abroad, and to the
- 13 families of such employees.
- 14 "(2) In the case of any company under contract to
- 15 provide services to the Department of State, the Secretary
- 16 of State is authorized to provide job-related training and
- 17 related services to any company employee who is perform-
- 18 ing such services.
- 19 "(3) Training under this subsection shall be on a re-
- 20 imbursable or advance-of-funds basis. Such reimburse-
- 21 ments or advances shall be credited to the currently avail-
- 22 able applicable appropriation account.
- 23 "(4) Training and related services under this sub-
- 24 section is authorized only to the extent that it will not
- 25 interfere with the institution's primary mission of training

- 1 employees of the Department and of other agencies in the
- 2 field of foreign relations.
- 3 "(f)(1) The Secretary of State is authorized to pro-
- 4 vide on a reimbursable basis training programs to Mem-
- 5 bers of Congress or the judiciary.
- 6 "(2) Congressional staff members and employees of
- 7 the judiciary may participate on a reimbursable, space-
- 8 available basis in training programs offered by the institu-
- 9 tion.
- 10 "(3) Reimbursements collected under this subsection
- 11 shall be credited to the currently available applicable ap-
- 12 propriation account.
- 13 "(4) Training under this subsection is authorized
- 14 only to the extent that it will not interfere with the institu-
- 15 tion's primary mission of training employees of the De-
- 16 partment of State and of other agencies in the field of
- 17 foreign relations.".
- 18 (b) Fees for Use of National Foreign Affairs
- 19 Training Center.—The State Department Basic Au-
- 20 thorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2669 et seq.) is amended
- 21 by adding after section 52 the following new section:
- 22 "SEC. 53. FEES FOR USE OF THE NATIONAL FOREIGN AF-
- FAIRS TRAINING CENTER.
- 24 "The Secretary is authorized to charge a fee for use
- 25 of the National Foreign Affairs Training Center Facility

- 1 of the Department of State. Funds collected under the au-
- 2 thority of this section, including reimbursements, sur-
- 3 charges, and fees, shall be deposited as an offsetting col-
- 4 lection to any Department of State appropriation to re-
- 5 cover the costs of such use and shall remain available for
- 6 obligation until expended.".
- 7 SEC. 1210. FEE FOR USE OF DIPLOMATIC RECEPTION
- 8 ROOMS.
- 9 The State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956
- 10 (22 U.S.C. 2651a et seq.) is amended by adding after sec-
- 11 tion 53 (as added by section 1210(b)) the following new
- 12 section:
- 13 "SEC. 54. FEE FOR USE OF DIPLOMATIC RECEPTION
- 14 ROOMS.
- 15 "The Secretary of State is authorized to charge a fee
- 16 for use of the diplomatic reception rooms of the Depart-
- 17 ment of State. Amounts collected under the authority of
- 18 this section (including any reimbursements and sur-
- 19 charges) shall be deposited as an offsetting collection to
- 20 any Department of State appropriation to recover the
- 21 costs of such use and shall remain available for obligation
- 22 until expended.".
- 23 SEC. 1211. FEES FOR COMMERCIAL SERVICES.
- 24 Section 52 of the State Department Basic Authorities
- 25 Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2724) is amended in subsection

- 1 (b) by adding at the end the following: "Funds deposited
- 2 under this subsection shall remain available for obligation
- 3 until expended.".

4 SEC. 1212. BUDGET PRESENTATION DOCUMENTS.

- 5 The Secretary of State shall include in the annual
- 6 Congressional Presentation Document and the Budget in
- 7 Brief, a detailed accounting of the total collections re-
- 8 ceived by the Department of State from all sources, in-
- 9 cluding fee collections. Reporting on total collections shall
- 10 also include the previous year's collection and the pro-
- 11 jected expenditures from all collections accounts.
- 12 SEC. 1213. GRANTS TO OVERSEAS EDUCATIONAL FACILI-
- 13 **TIES.**
- 14 Section 29 of the State Department Basic Authorities
- 15 Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2701) is amended by adding at
- 16 the end the following: "Notwithstanding any other provi-
- 17 sion of law, where the children of United States citizen
- 18 employees of an agency of the United States Government
- 19 who are stationed outside the United States attend edu-
- 20 cational facilities assisted by the Department of State
- 21 under this section, such agency is authorized to make
- 22 grants to, or otherwise to reimburse or credit with advance
- 23 payment, the Department of State for funds used in pro-
- 24 viding assistance to such educational facilities.".

1 SEC. 1214. GRANTS TO REMEDY INTERNATIONAL CHILD AB-

- 2 **DUCTIONS.**
- 3 (a) Grant Authority.—Section 7 of the Inter-
- 4 national Child Abduction Remedies Act (42 U.S.C. 11606;
- 5 Public Law 100–300) is amended by adding at the end
- 6 the following new subsection:
- 7 "(e) Grant Authority.—The United States
- 8 Central Authority is authorized to make grants to, or
- 9 enter into contracts or agreements with, any individual,
- 10 corporation, other Federal, State, or local agency, or pri-
- 11 vate entity or organization in the United States for pur-
- 12 poses of accomplishing its responsibilities under the con-
- 13 vention and this Act.".
- 14 SEC. 1215. NOTIFICATION OF CRIMES COMMITTED BY DIP-
- 15 LOMATS.
- 16 Title II of the State Department Basic Authorities
- 17 Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 4301 et seq.; commonly referred
- 18 to as the "Foreign Missions Act") is amended by inserting
- 19 after section 204A the following:
- 20 "SEC. 204B. CRIMES COMMITTED BY DIPLOMATS.
- 21 "(a) Records.—(1) The Secretary of State shall de-
- 22 velop and maintain records on each incident in which an
- 23 individual with immunity from the criminal jurisdiction of
- 24 the United States under the Vienna Convention who the
- 25 Secretary reasonably believes has committed a serious
- 26 criminal offense within the United States which was not

subject to the criminal jurisdiction of the United States. 2 Each such record shall include— 3 "(A) the identity of such individual; "(B) the nature of the offense committed by 4 5 such individual, including whether against property 6 or persons; 7 "(C) whether such offense involved reckless 8 driving or driving while intoxicated; and 9 "(D) the number and nature of all other crimi-10 nal offenses committed in the United States by such 11 individual. 12 "(2) The Secretary shall submit an annual report to the Congress on the incidents occurring during the preceding year. The report shall include the information main-14 tained under paragraph (1) together with information under section 1706(a). 16 17 "(b) Education and Encouragement of Local LAW ENFORCEMENT INDIVIDUALS.—The Secretary shall 18 take such steps as may be necessary— 19 "(1) to educate local law enforcement officials 20 21 on the extent of the immunity from criminal juris-22 diction provided to members of a foreign mission, 23 and family members of such members, under the Vi-

enna Convention; and

- "(2) to encourage local law enforcement offi-1 2 cials to fully investigate, charge, and prosecute, to 3 the extent consistent with immunity from criminal 4 jurisdiction under the Vienna Convention, any member of a foreign mission, and any family member of 5 6 such a member, who commits a serious criminal of-7 fense within the United States. "(c) Interference With Local Prosecutions.— 8
- No officer or employee of the Department of State may
- interfere with any investigation, charge, or prosecution by 10
- 11 a State or local government of—
- 12 "(1) an alien who is a member of a foreign mis-
- 13 sion,
- "(2) a family member of an alien described in 14
- subparagraph (A), or 15
- "(3) any other alien, 16
- 17 not covered by immunity from the criminal jurisdic-
- 18 tion of the United States under the Vienna Conven-
- 19 tion.
- "(d) Notification of Diplomatic Corps.—The 20
- 21 Secretary shall notify the members of each foreign mission
- 22 of United States policies relating to criminal offenses (par-
- 23 ticularly crimes of violence) committed by such members,
- and the family members of such members, including the
- policy of obtaining criminal indictments, requiring such

- 1 members to leave the country, and declaring such mem-
- 2 bers persona non grata.
- 3 "(e) VIENNA CONVENTION.—For the purposes of this
- 4 section, the term 'Vienna Convention' means the Vienna
- 5 Convention on Diplomatic Relations of April 18, 1961
- 6 (TIAS numbered 7502; 23 UST 3227), entered into force
- 7 with respect to the United States on December 13,
- 8 1972.".

9 SEC. 1216. REPORT ON OVERSEAS SURPLUS PROPERTIES.

- 10 (a) Report to Congress.—Not later than March
- 11 1 of each year, the Secretary of State shall submit to the
- 12 Congress a report listing overseas United States surplus
- 13 properties for sale.
- 14 (b) Use of Funds Received From Sale of Over-
- 15 SEAS SURPLUS PROPERTIES.—Notwithstanding any other
- 16 provision of law, amounts received by the United States
- 17 from the sale of any overseas United States surplus prop-
- 18 erty shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United
- 19 States to be used to reduce the deficit.

20 CHAPTER 2—CONSULAR AUTHORITIES OF

21 THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE

- 22 SEC. 1241. USE OF CERTAIN PASSPORT PROCESSING FEES
- FOR ENHANCED PASSPORT SERVICES.
- 24 For each of the fiscal years 1998 and 1999, of the
- 25 fees collected for expedited passport processing and depos-

- 1 ited to an offsetting collection pursuant to the Department
- 2 of State and Related Agencies Appropriations Act for Fis-
- 3 cal Year 1995 (Public Law 103–317; 22 U.S.C. 214), 30
- 4 percent shall be available only for enhancing passport
- 5 services for United States citizens, improving the integrity
- 6 and efficiency of the passport issuance process, improving
- 7 the secure nature of the United States passport, inves-
- 8 tigating passport fraud, and deterring entry into the Unit-
- 9 ed States by terrorists, drug traffickers, or other crimi-
- 10 nals.

11 SEC. 1242. CONSULAR OFFICERS.

- 12 (a) Persons Authorized to Issue Reports of
- 13 Births Abroad.—Section 33 of the State Department
- 14 Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2705) is amend-
- 15 ed in paragraph (2) by adding at the end the following:
- 16 "For purposes of this paragraph, a consular officer shall
- 17 include any United States citizen employee of the Depart-
- 18 ment of State designated by the Secretary of State to ad-
- 19 judicate nationality abroad pursuant to such regulations
- 20 as he may prescribe.".
- 21 (b) Provisions Applicable to Consular Offi-
- 22 CERS.—Section 1689 of the Revised Statutes of the Unit-
- 23 ed States (22 U.S.C. 4191), is amended by inserting "and
- 24 to such other United States citizen employees of the De-
- 25 partment of State as may be designated by the Secretary

- 1 of State pursuant to such regulations as the Secretary
- 2 may prescribe" after "such officers".
- 3 (c) Persons Authorized to Authenticate For-
- 4 EIGN DOCUMENTS.—Section 3492(c) of title 18, United
- 5 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
- 6 ing: "For purposes of this section and sections 3493
- 7 through 3496 of this title, a consular officer shall include
- 8 any United States citizen employee of the Department of
- 9 State designated to perform notarial functions pursuant
- 10 to section 24 of the Act of August 18, 1856 (Rev. Stat.
- 11 1750, 22 U.S.C. 4221).".
- 12 (d) Persons Authorized to Administer
- 13 Oaths.—Section 115 of title 35, United States Code, is
- 14 amended by adding at the end the following: "For pur-
- 15 poses of this section a consular officer shall include any
- 16 United States citizen employee of the Department of State
- 17 designated to perform notarial functions pursuant to sec-
- 18 tion 24 of the Act of August 18, 1856 (Rev. Stat. 1750,
- 19 22 U.S.C. 4221).".
- 20 (e) Definition of Consular Officer.—Section
- 21 101(a)(9) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
- 22 U.S.C. 1101(a)(9)) is amended by—
- (1) inserting "or employee" after "officer"; and

- 1 (2) inserting before the period at the end of the
- 2 sentence "or, when used in title III, for the purpose
- of adjudicating nationality".
- 4 (f) Training for Employees Performing Con-
- 5 Sular Functions.—Section 704 of the Foreign Service
- 6 Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4024) is amended by adding at
- 7 the end the following new subsection:
- 8 "(d) Prior to designation by the Secretary of State
- 9 pursuant to regulation to perform a consular function
- 10 abroad, a United States citizen employee (other than a
- 11 diplomatic or consular officer of the United States) shall
- 12 be required to complete successfully a program of training
- 13 essentially equivalent to the training that a consular offi-
- 14 cer who is a member of the Foreign Service would receive
- 15 for purposes of performing such function and shall be cer-
- 16 tified by an appropriate official of the Department of
- 17 State to be qualified by knowledge and experience to per-
- 18 form such function. As used in this subsection, the term
- 19 'consular function' includes the issuance of visas, the per-
- 20 formance of notarial and other legalization functions, the
- 21 adjudication of passport applications, the adjudication of
- 22 nationality, and the issuance of citizenship documenta-
- 23 tion.".

	• •						
1	SEC. 1243. REPEAL OF OUTDATED CONSULAR RECEIPT RE-						
2	QUIREMENTS.						
3	Sections 1726, 1727, and 1728 of the Revised Stat-						
4	utes of the United States (22 U.S.C. 4212, 4213, and						
5	4214) (concerning accounting for consular fees) are re-						
6	pealed.						
7	SEC. 1244. ELIMINATION OF DUPLICATE PUBLICATION RE-						
8	QUIREMENTS.						
9	(a) Federal Register Publication of Travel						
10	Advisories.—Section 44908(a) of title 49, United States						
11	Code, is amended—						
12	(1) by striking paragraph (2); and						
13	(2) by redesignating paragraph (3) as para-						
14	graph (2).						
15	(b) Publication in the Federal Register of						
16	TRAVEL ADVISORIES CONCERNING SECURITY AT FOR-						
17	EIGN PORTS.—Section 908(a) of the International Mari-						
18	time and Port Security Act of 1986 (Public Law 99–399;						
19	100 Stat. 891; 46 U.S.C. App. 1804(a)) is amended by						
20	striking the second sentence.						
21	CHAPTER 3—REFUGEES AND MIGRATION						
22	SEC. 1261. REPORT TO CONGRESS CONCERNING CUBAN						
23	EMIGRATION POLICIES.						
24	Beginning 3 months after the date of the enactment						
25	of this Act and every subsequent 6 months, the Secretary						

of State shall include in the monthly report to Congress

- 1 entitled "Update on Monitoring of Cuban Migrant Return-
- 2 ees" additional information concerning the methods em-
- 3 ployed by the Government of Cuba to enforce the United
- 4 States-Cuba agreement of September 1994 to restrict the
- 5 emigration of the Cuban people from Cuba to the United
- 6 States and the treatment by the Government of Cuba of
- 7 persons who have returned to Cuba pursuant to the Unit-
- 8 ed States-Cuba agreement of May 1995.
- 9 SEC. 1262. REPROGRAMMING OF MIGRATION AND REFU-
- 10 GEE ASSISTANCE FUNDS.
- 11 Section 34 of the State Department Basic Authorities
- 12 Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2706) is amended by adding at
- 13 the end the following new subsection:
- 14 "(c) Emergency Waiver of Notification Re-
- 15 QUIREMENT.—The Secretary of State may waive the noti-
- 16 fication requirement of subsection (a), if the Secretary de-
- 17 termines that failure to do so would pose a substantial
- 18 risk to human health or welfare. In the case of any waiver
- 19 under this subsection, notification to the appropriate con-
- 20 gressional committees shall be provided as soon as prac-
- 21 ticable, but not later than 3 days after taking the action
- 22 to which the notification requirement was applicable, and
- 23 shall contain an explanation of the emergency cir-
- 24 cumstances.".

1	TITLE XIII—ORGANIZATION OF
2	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE;
3	DEPARTMENT OF STATE PER-
4	SONNEL; THE FOREIGN SERV-
5	ICE
6	CHAPTER 1—ORGANIZATION OF THE
7	DEPARTMENT OF STATE
8	SEC. 1301. COORDINATOR FOR COUNTERTERRORISM.
9	(a) Establishment.—Section 1(e) of the State De-
10	partment Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C.
11	2651a(e)) is amended—
12	(1) by striking "In" and inserting the following
13	"(1) In"; and
14	(2) by inserting at the end the following:
15	"(2) Coordinator for counterterrorism.—
16	"(A) There shall be within the office of the Sec-
17	retary of State a Coordinator for Counterterrorism
18	(hereafter in this paragraph referred to as the 'Coor-
19	dinator') who shall be appointed by the President, by
20	and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
21	"(B)(i) The Coordinator shall perform such du-
22	ties and exercise such power as the Secretary of
23	State shall prescribe.
24	"(ii) The principal duty of the Coordinator shall
25	be the overall supervision (including policy oversight

- 1 of resources) of international counterterrorism ac-
- 2 tivities. The Coordinator shall be the principal ad-
- 3 viser to the Secretary of State on international
- 4 counterterrorism matters. The Coordinator shall be
- 5 the principal counterterrorism official within the
- 6 senior management of the Department of State and
- 7 shall report directly to the Secretary of State.
- 8 "(C) The Coordinator shall have the rank and
- 9 status of Ambassador-at-Large. The Coordinator
- shall be compensated at the annual rate of basic pay
- in effect for a position at level IV of the Executive
- 12 Schedule under section 5314 of title 5, United
- 13 States Code, or, if the Coordinator is appointed from
- the Foreign Service, the annual rate of pay which
- the individual last received under the Foreign Serv-
- ice Schedule, whichever is greater.".
- 17 (b) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
- 18 Section 161 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act,
- 19 Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995 (Public Law 103–236) is
- 20 amended by striking subsection (e).
- 21 (c) Transition Provision.—The individual serving
- 22 as Coordinator for Counterterrorism of the Department
- 23 of State on the day before the effective date of this division
- 24 may continue to serve in that position.

- 1 SEC. 1302. ELIMINATION OF STATUTORY ESTABLISHMENT
- 2 OF CERTAIN POSITIONS OF THE DEPART-
- 3 **MENT OF STATE.**
- 4 (a) Assistant Secretary of State for South
- 5 Asian Affairs.—Section 122 of the Foreign Relations
- 6 Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (22)
- 7 U.S.C. 2652b) is repealed.
- 8 (b) Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for
- 9 Burdensharing.—Section 161 of the Foreign Relations
- 10 Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995 (22)
- 11 U.S.C. 2651a note) is amended by striking subsection (f).
- 12 (c) Assistant Secretary for Oceans and Inter-
- 13 NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL AND SCIENTIFIC AFFAIRS.—
- 14 Section 9 of the Department of State Appropriations Au-
- 15 thorization Act of 1973 (22 U.S.C. 2655a) is repealed.
- 16 SEC. 1303. PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT.
- 17 The official with primary responsibility for matters
- 18 relating to personnel in the Department of State, or that
- 19 person's principal deputy, shall have substantial profes-
- 20 sional qualifications in the field of human resource policy
- 21 and management.
- 22 SEC. 1304. DIPLOMATIC SECURITY.
- 23 Any Assistant Secretary with primary responsibility
- 24 for diplomatic security, or that person's principal deputy,
- 25 shall have substantial professional qualifications in the

- 1 fields of (1) management, and (2) Federal law enforce-
- 2 ment, intelligence, or security.
- 3 SEC. 1305. SPECIAL ENVOY FOR TIBET.
- 4 (a) United States Special Envoy for Tibet.—
- 5 The President should appoint within the Department of
- 6 State a United States Special Envoy for Tibet, who shall
- 7 hold office at the pleasure of the President.
- 8 (b) Rank.—A United States Special Envoy for Tibet
- 9 appointed under subsection (a) shall have the personal
- 10 rank of ambassador and shall be appointed by and with
- 11 the advice and consent of the Senate.
- 12 (c) Special Functions.—The United States Special
- 13 Envoy for Tibet should be authorized and encouraged—
- 14 (1) to promote substantive negotiations between
- the Dalai Lama or his representatives and senior
- members of the Government of the People's Republic
- of China;
- 18 (2) to promote good relations between the Dalai
- 19 Lama and his representatives and the United States
- Government, including meeting with members or
- 21 representatives of the Tibetan government-in-exile;
- 22 and
- 23 (3) to travel regularly throughout Tibet and Ti-
- betan refugee settlements.

1	(d) Duties and Responsibilities.—The United							
2	States Special Envoy for Tibet should—							
3	(1) consult with the Congress on policies rel-							
4	evant to Tibet and the future and welfare of all Ti-							
5	betan people;							
6	(2) coordinate United States Government poli-							
7	cies, programs, and projects concerning Tibet; and							
8	(3) report to the Secretary of State regarding							
9	the matters described in section 536(a)(2) of the							
10	Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years							
11	1994 and 1995 (Public Law 103–236).							
12	CHAPTER 2—PERSONNEL OF THE DE-							
13	PARTMENT OF STATE; THE FOREIGN							
13 14	PARTMENT OF STATE; THE FOREIGN SERVICE							
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
14	SERVICE							
14 15	SERVICE SEC. 1321. AUTHORIZED STRENGTH OF THE FOREIGN SERV-							
141516	SERVICE SEC. 1321. AUTHORIZED STRENGTH OF THE FOREIGN SERVICE.							
14 15 16 17	SERVICE SEC. 1321. AUTHORIZED STRENGTH OF THE FOREIGN SERV- ICE. (a) END FISCAL YEAR 1998 LEVELS.—The number							
14 15 16 17 18	SERVICE SEC. 1321. AUTHORIZED STRENGTH OF THE FOREIGN SERV- ICE. (a) END FISCAL YEAR 1998 LEVELS.—The number of members of the Foreign Service authorized to be em-							
14 15 16 17 18	SERVICE SEC. 1321. AUTHORIZED STRENGTH OF THE FOREIGN SERV- ICE. (a) END FISCAL YEAR 1998 LEVELS.—The number of members of the Foreign Service authorized to be employed as of September 30, 1998—							
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SERVICE SEC. 1321. AUTHORIZED STRENGTH OF THE FOREIGN SERV- ICE. (a) END FISCAL YEAR 1998 LEVELS.—The number of members of the Foreign Service authorized to be employed as of September 30, 1998— (1) for the Department of State, shall not ex-							
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SERVICE SEC. 1321. AUTHORIZED STRENGTH OF THE FOREIGN SERV- ICE. (a) END FISCAL YEAR 1998 LEVELS.—The number of members of the Foreign Service authorized to be employed as of September 30, 1998— (1) for the Department of State, shall not exceed 8,700, of whom not more than 750 shall be							
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SERVICE SEC. 1321. AUTHORIZED STRENGTH OF THE FOREIGN SERV- ICE. (a) End Fiscal Year 1998 Levels.—The number of members of the Foreign Service authorized to be employed as of September 30, 1998— (1) for the Department of State, shall not exceed 8,700, of whom not more than 750 shall be members of the Senior Foreign Service;							

1	(3) for the Agency for International Develop-
2	ment, not to exceed 1,210, of whom not more than
3	150 shall be members of the Senior Foreign Service.
4	(b) End Fiscal Year 1999 Levels.—The number
5	of members of the Foreign Service authorized to be em-
6	ployed as of September 30, 1999—
7	(1) for the Department of State, shall not ex-
8	ceed 8,800, of whom not more than 750 shall be
9	members of the Senior Foreign Service;
10	(2) for the United States Information Agency
11	not to exceed 1,000, of whom not more than 140
12	shall be members of the Senior Foreign Service; and
13	(3) for the Agency for International Develop-
14	ment, not to exceed 1,182, of whom not more than
15	147 shall be members of the Senior Foreign Service.
16	(c) Definition.—For the purposes of this section,
17	the term "members of the Foreign Service" is used within
18	the meaning of such term under section 103 of the For-
19	eign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C 3903), except that
20	such term does not include—
21	(1) members of the Service under paragraphs
22	(6) and (7) of such section;
23	(2) members of the Service serving under tem-
24	porary resident appointments abroad;

1	(3) members of the Service employed on less								
2	than a full-time basis;								
3	(4) members of the Service subject to involun-								
4	tary separation in cases in which such separation								
5	has been suspended pursuant to section 1106(8) of								
6	the Foreign Service Act of 1980; and								
7	(5) members of the Service serving under non-								
8	career limited appointments.								
9	(d) Waiver Authority.—(1) Subject to paragraph								
10	(2), the President may waive any limitation under sub-								
11	section (a) or (b) to the extent that such waiver is nec-								
12	essary to carry on the foreign affairs functions of the								
13	United States.								
14	(2) Not less than 15 days before the President exer-								
15	cises a waiver under paragraph (1), such agency head								
16	shall notify the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign								
17	Relations of the Senate and the Chairman of the Commit-								
18	tee on International Relations of the House of Representa-								
19	tives. Such notice shall include an explanation of the cir-								
20	cumstances and necessity for such waiver.								
21	SEC. 1322. NONOVERTIME DIFFERENTIAL PAY.								
22	Title 5 of the United States Code is amended—								
23	(1) in section 5544(a), by inserting after the								
24	fourth sentence the following new sentence: "For								
25	employees serving outside the United States in areas								

- where Sunday is a routine workday and another day
 of the week is officially recognized as the day of rest
 and worship, the Secretary of State may designate
 the officially recognized day of rest and worship as
 the day with respect to which the preceding sentence
 shall apply instead of Sunday."; and
- 7 (2) at the end of section 5546(a), by adding the 8 following new sentence: "For employees serving out-9 side the United States in areas where Sunday is a 10 routine workday and another day of the week is offi-11 cially recognized as the day of rest and worship, the 12 Secretary of State may designate the officially recog-13 nized day of rest and worship as the day with re-14 spect to which the preceding sentence shall apply in-15 stead of Sunday.".

16 SEC. 1323. AUTHORITY OF SECRETARY TO SEPARATE CON-

17 VICTED FELONS FROM SERVICE.

- 18 Section 610(a)(2) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980
- 19 (22 U.S.C. 4010(a)(2)) is amended in the first sentence
- 20 by striking "A member" and inserting "Except in the case
- 21 of an individual who has been convicted of a crime for
- 22 which a sentence of imprisonment of more than 1 year
- 23 may be imposed, a member".

1 SEC. 1324. CAREER COUNSELING.

- 2 (a) In General.—Section 706(a) of the Foreign
- 3 Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4026(a)) is amended by
- 4 adding at the end the following sentence: "Career counsel-
- 5 ing and related services provided pursuant to this Act shall
- 6 not be construed to permit an assignment to training or
- 7 to another assignment that consists primarily of paid time
- 8 to conduct a job search and without other substantive du-
- 9 ties, except that career members of the Service who upon
- 10 their separation are not eligible to receive an immediate
- 11 annuity and have not been assigned to a post in the Unit-
- 12 ed States during the 12 months prior to their separation
- 13 from the Service may be permitted up to 2 months of paid
- 14 time to conduct a job search.".
- 15 (b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
- 16 subsection (a) shall be effective 180 days after the date
- 17 of the enactment of this Act.
- 18 SEC. 1325. REPORT CONCERNING MINORITIES AND THE
- 19 **FOREIGN SERVICE.**
- The Secretary of State shall annually submit a report
- 21 to the Congress concerning minorities and the Foreign
- 22 Service officer corps. In addition to such other information
- 23 as is relevant to this issue, the report shall include the
- 24 following data (reported in terms of real numbers and per-
- 25 centages and not as ratios):

1	(1) The numbers and percentages of all minori-
2	ties taking the written foreign service examination
3	(2) The numbers and percentages of all minori-
4	ties successfully completing and passing the writter
5	foreign service examination.
6	(3) The numbers and percentages of all minori-
7	ties successfully completing and passing the oral for-
8	eign service examination.
9	(4) The numbers and percentages of all minori-
10	ties entering the junior officers class of the Foreign
11	Service.
12	(5) The numbers and percentages of all minori-
13	ties in the Foreign Service officer corps.
14	(6) The numbers and percentages of all minor-
15	ity Foreign Service officers at each grade, particu-
16	larly at the senior levels in policy directive positions
17	(7) The numbers of and percentages of minori-
18	ties promoted at each grade of the Foreign Service
19	officer corps.
20	SEC. 1326. RETIREMENT BENEFITS FOR INVOLUNTARY SEP
21	ARATION.
22	(a) Benefits.—Section 609 of the Foreign Service
23	Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4009) is amended—

1	(1) in subsection (a)(2)(A) by inserting "or any									
2	other applicable provision of chapter 84 of title 5									
3	United States Code," after "section 811,";									
4	(2) in subsection (a) by inserting "or section									
5	855, as appropriate" after "section 806"; and									
6	(3) in subsection $(b)(2)$ —									
7	(A) by inserting "(A) for those partic									
8	pants in the Foreign Service Retirement and									
9	Disability System," before "a refund"; and									
10	(B) by inserting before the period at the									
11	end "; and (B) for those participants in the									
12	Foreign Service Pension System, benefits as									
13	provided in section 851".									
14	(4) in subsection (b) in the matter following									
15	paragraph (2) by inserting "(for participants in the									
16	Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System)									
17	or age 62 (for participants in the Foreign Service									
18	Pension System)" after "age 60".									
19	(b) Entitlement to Annuity.—Section 855(b) of									
20	the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4071d(b)) is									
21	amended—									
22	(1) in paragraph (1) by inserting "611," after									
23	"608,";									
24	(2) in paragraph (1) by inserting "and for par-									
25	ticipants in the Foreign Service Pension System"									

1	after "for participants in the Foreign Service Retire-
2	ment and Disability System"; and
3	(3) in paragraph (3) by striking "or 610" and
4	inserting "610, or 611".
5	(c) Effective Dates.—
6	(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the
7	amendments made by this section shall take effect
8	on the date of the enactment of this Act.
9	(2) The amendments made by paragraphs (2)
10	and (3) of subsection (a) and paragraphs (1) and
11	(3) of subsection (b) shall apply with respect to any
12	actions taken under section 611 of the Foreign Serv-
13	ice Act of 1980 after January 1, 1996.
14	SEC. 1327. AVAILABILITY PAY FOR CERTAIN CRIMINAL IN-
15	VESTIGATORS WITHIN THE DIPLOMATIC SE-
16	CURITY SERVICE.
17	(a) In General.—Section 5545a of title 5, United
18	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
19	ing:
20	"(k)(1) For purposes of this section, the term 'crimi-
21	nal investigator' includes an officer occupying a position
22	under title II of Public Law 99–399 if—
23	"(A) subject to subparagraph (C), such officer

1	(2) of subsection (a) (applied disregarding the par-
2	enthetical matter before subparagraph (A) thereof);
3	"(B) the primary duties of the position held by
4	such officer consist of performing—
5	"(i) protective functions; or
6	"(ii) criminal investigations; and
7	"(C) such officer satisfies the requirements of
8	subsection (d) without taking into account any hours
9	described in paragraph (2)(B) thereof.
10	"(2) In applying subsection (h) with respect to an
11	officer under this subsection—
12	"(A) any reference in such subsection to 'basic
13	pay' shall be considered to include amounts des-
14	ignated as 'salary';
15	"(B) paragraph (2)(A) of such subsection shall
16	be considered to include (in addition to the provi-
17	sions of law specified therein) sections 609(b)(1),
18	805, 806, and 856 of the Foreign Service Act of
19	1980; and
20	"(C) paragraph (2)(B) of such subsection shall
21	be applied by substituting for 'Office of Personnel
22	Management' the following: 'Office of Personnel
23	Management or the Secretary of State (to the extent
24	that matters exclusively within the jurisdiction of the
25	Secretary are concerned)'.''.

- 1 (b) IMPLEMENTATION.—Not later than the date on
- 2 which the amendments made by this section take effect,
- 3 each special agent of the Diplomatic Security Service who
- 4 satisfies the requirements of subsection (k)(1) of section
- 5 5545a of title 5, United States Code, as amended by this
- 6 section, and the appropriate supervisory officer, to be des-
- 7 ignated by the Secretary of State, shall make an initial
- 8 certification to the Secretary of State that the special
- 9 agent is expected to meet the requirements of subsection
- 10 (d) of such section 5545a. The Secretary of State may
- 11 prescribe procedures necessary to administer this sub-
- 12 section.
- 13 (c) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
- 14 (1) Paragraph (2) of section 5545a(a) of title 5, United
- 15 States Code, is amended (in the matter before subpara-
- 16 graph (A)) by striking "Public Law 99-399" and insert-
- 17 ing "Public Law 99–399, subject to subsection (k))".
- 18 (2) Section 5542(e) of such title is amended by strik-
- 19 ing "title 18, United States Code," and inserting "title
- 20 18 or section 37(a)(3) of the State Department Basic Au-
- 21 thorities Act of 1956,".
- (d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 23 this section shall take effect on the first day of the first
- 24 applicable pay period—

- 1 (1) which begins on or after the 90th day fol-2 lowing the date of the enactment of this Act; and
- 3 (2) on which date all regulations necessary to
- 4 carry out such amendments are (in the judgment of
- 5 the Director of the Office of Personnel Management
- 6 and the Secretary of State) in effect.

7 SEC. 1328. LABOR MANAGEMENT RELATIONS.

- 8 Section 1017(e)(2) of the Foreign Service Act of
- 9 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4117(e)(2)) is amended to read as fol-
- 10 lows:
- 11 "(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(A)(ii) and
- 12 paragraph (1)(B), the term 'management official' does not
- 13 include chiefs of mission, principal officers or their depu-
- 14 ties, administrative and personnel officers abroad, or indi-
- 15 viduals described in section 1002(12)(B), (C), and (D)
- 16 who are not involved in the administration of this chapter
- 17 or in the formulation of the personnel policies and pro-
- 18 grams of the Department.".

1 TITLE XIV—UNITED STATES

- 2 PUBLIC DIPLOMACY: AU-
- 3 THORITIES AND ACTIVITIES
- 4 FOR UNITED STATES INFOR-
- 5 MATIONAL, EDUCATIONAL,
- 6 AND CULTURAL PROGRAMS
- 7 SEC. 1401. EXTENSION OF AU PAIR PROGRAMS.
- 8 Section 1(b) of the Act entitled "An Act to extend
- 9 au pair programs." (Public Law 104-72; 109 Stat.
- 10 1065(b)) is amended by striking ", through fiscal year
- 11 1997".
- 12 SEC. 1402. RETENTION OF INTEREST.
- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, with the
- 14 approval of the National Endowment for Democracy,
- 15 grant funds made available by the National Endowment
- 16 for Democracy may be deposited in interest-bearing ac-
- 17 counts pending disbursement and any interest which ac-
- 18 crues may be retained by the grantee without returning
- 19 such interest to the Treasury of the United States and
- 20 interest earned by be obligated and expended for the pur-
- 21 poses for which the grant was made without further ap-
- 22 propriation.

1	SEC. 1403. CENTER FOR CULTURAL AND TECHNICAL INTER-							
2	CHANGE BETWEEN NORTH AND SOUTH.							
3	Section 208(e) of the Foreign Relations Authoriza							
4	tion Act, Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (22 U.S.C. 2075(e))							
5	is amended by striking "\$10,000,000" and inserting							
6	"\$4,000,000".							
7	SEC. 1404. USE OF SELECTED PROGRAM FEES.							
8	Section 810 of the United States Information and							
9	Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1475e) is							
10	amended by inserting "educational advising and counsel-							
11	ing, exchange visitor program services, advertising sold by							
12	the Voice of America, receipts from cooperating inter-							
13	national organizations and from the privatization of VOA							
14	Europe," after "library services,".							
15	SEC. 1405. MUSKIE FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.							
16	(a) Guidelines .—Section 227(c)(5) of the Foreign							
17	Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993							
18	(22 U.S.C. 2452 note) is amended—							
19	(1) in the first sentence by inserting "journal-							
20	ism and communications, education administration,							
21	public policy, library and information science," after							
22	"business administration,"; and							
23	(2) in the second sentence by inserting "jour-							
24	nalism and communications, education administra-							
25	tion, public policy, library and information science,"							
26	after "business administration,".							

- 1 (b) Redesignation of Soviet Union.—Section
- 2 227 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal
- 3 Years 1992 and 1993 (22 U.S.C. 2452 note) is amend-
- 4 ed—
- 5 (1) by striking "Soviet Union" each place it ap-
- 6 pears and inserting "Independent States of the
- 7 Former Soviet Union"; and
- 8 (2) in the section heading by inserting "**INDE-**
- 9 **PENDENT STATES OF THE FORMER**" after
- 10 **"FROM THE"**.
- 11 SEC. 1406. WORKING GROUP ON UNITED STATES GOVERN-
- 12 MENT SPONSORED INTERNATIONAL EX-
- 13 CHANGES AND TRAINING.
- 14 Section 112 of the Mutual Educational and Cultural
- 15 Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2460) is amended by
- 16 adding at the end the following new subsection:
- 17 "(g) Working Group on United States Govern-
- 18 MENT SPONSORED INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGES AND
- 19 Training.—(1) In order to carry out the purposes of sub-
- 20 section (f) and to improve the coordination, efficiency, and
- 21 effectiveness of United States Government sponsored
- 22 international exchanges and training, there is established
- 23 within the United States Information Agency a senior-
- 24 level interagency working group to be known as the Work-
- 25 ing Group on United States Government Sponsored Inter-

- national Exchanges and Training (hereinafter in this section referred to as 'the Working Group').
 "(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'Government sponsored international exchanges and training'
- 5 means the movement of people between countries to pro-
- 6 mote the sharing of ideas, to develop skills, and to foster
- 7 mutual understanding and cooperation, financed wholly or
- 8 in part, directly or indirectly, with United States Govern-
- 9 ment funds.
- 10 "(3) The Working Group shall be composed as fol-11 lows:
- 12 "(A) The Associate Director for Educational
- and Cultural Affairs of the United States Informa-
- tion Agency, who shall act as Chair.
- 15 "(B) A senior representative designated by the
- Secretary of State.
- 17 "(C) A senior representative designated by the
- 18 Secretary of Defense.
- 19 "(D) A senior representative designated by the
- 20 Secretary of Education.
- 21 "(E) A senior representative designated by the
- 22 Attorney General.
- 23 "(F) A senior representative designated by the
- 24 Administrator of the Agency for International Devel-
- opment.

- 1 "(G) Senior representatives of other depart-2 ments and agencies as the Chair determines to be 3 appropriate.
- 4 "(4) Representatives of the National Security Adviser
- 5 and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget
- 6 may participate in the Working Group at the discretion
- 7 of the adviser and the director, respectively.
- 8 "(5) The Working Group shall be supported by an
- 9 interagency staff office established in the Bureau of Edu-
- 10 cational and Cultural Affairs of the United States Infor-
- 11 mation Agency.
- 12 "(6) The Working Group shall have the following
- 13 purposes and responsibilities:
- 14 "(A) To collect, analyze, and report data pro-
- vided by all United States Government departments
- and agencies conducting international exchanges and
- training programs.
- 18 "(B) To promote greater understanding and co-
- operation among concerned United States Govern-
- 20 ment departments and agencies of common issues
- and challenges in conducting international exchanges
- and training programs, including through the estab-
- lishment of a clearinghouse for information on inter-
- 24 national exchange and training activities in the gov-
- ernmental and nongovernmental sectors.

"(C) In order to achieve the most efficient and cost-effective use of Federal resources, to identify administrative and programmatic duplication and overlap of activities by the various United States Government departments and agencies involved in Government sponsored international exchange and training programs, to identify how each Government sponsored international exchange and training program promotes United States foreign policy, and to report thereon.

"(D) Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1998 and 1999, to develop and thereafter assess, annually, a coordinated and cost-effective strategy for all United States Government sponsored international exchange and training programs, and to issue a report on such strategy. This strategy will include an action plan for consolidating United States Government sponsored international exchange and training programs with the objective of achieving a minimum 10 percent cost saving through consolidation or the elimination of duplication.

"(E) Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of the Foreign Relations Authoriza-

- tion Act, Fiscal Years 1998 and 1999, to develop recommendations on common performance measures for all United States Government sponsored international exchange and training programs, and to issue a report.
 - "(F) To conduct a survey of private sector international exchange activities and develop strategies for expanding public and private partnerships in, and leveraging private sector support for, United States Government sponsored international exchange and training activities.
 - "(G) Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1998 and 1999, to report on the feasibility of transferring funds and program management for the ATLAS and/or the Mandela Fellows programs in South Africa from the Agency for International Development to the United States Information Agency. The report shall include an assessment of the capabilities of the South African Fulbright Commission to manage such programs and the cost advantages of consolidating such programs under one entity.

- 1 "(7) All reports prepared by the Working Group shall
- 2 be submitted to the President, through the Director of the
- 3 United States Information Agency.
- 4 "(8) The Working Group shall meet at least on a
- 5 quarterly basis.
- 6 "(9) All decisions of the Working Group shall be by
- 7 majority vote of the members present and voting.
- 8 "(10) The members of the Working Group shall serve
- 9 without additional compensation for their service on the
- 10 Working Group. Any expenses incurred by a member of
- 11 the Working Group in connection with service on the
- 12 Working Group shall be compensated by that member's
- 13 department or agency.
- 14 "(11) With respect to any report promulgated pursu-
- 15 ant to paragraph (6), a member may submit dissenting
- 16 views to be submitted as part of the report of the Working
- 17 Group.".
- 18 SEC. 1407. EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL EXCHANGES AND
- 19 SCHOLARSHIPS FOR TIBETANS AND BUR-
- 20 MESE.
- 21 (a) Establishment of Educational and Cul-
- 22 TURAL EXCHANGE FOR TIBETANS.—The Director of the
- 23 United States Information Agency shall establish pro-
- 24 grams of educational and cultural exchange between the
- 25 United States and the people of Tibet. Such programs

- 1 shall include opportunities for training and, as the Direc-
- 2 tor considers appropriate, may include the assignment of
- 3 personnel and resources abroad.

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- 4 (b) Scholarships for Tibetans and Burmese.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—For each of the fiscal years
 1998 and 1999, at least 30 scholarships shall be
 made available to Tibetan students and professionals
 who are outside Tibet, and at least 15 scholarships
 shall be made available to Burmese students and

professionals who are outside Burma.

- (2) Waiver.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to the extent that the Director of the United States Information Agency determines that there are not enough qualified students to fulfill such allocation requirement.
- (3) SCHOLARSHIP DEFINED.—For the purposes of this section, the term "scholarship" means an amount to be used for full or partial support of tuition and fees to attend an educational institution, and may include fees, books, and supplies, equipment required for courses at an educational institution, living expenses at a United States educational institution, and travel expenses to and from, and within, the United States.

SEC. 1408. UNITED STATES-JAPAN COMMISSION.

- 2 (a) Relief From Restriction of Interchange-
- 3 ABILITY OF FUNDS.—

- 4 (1) Section 6(4) of the Japan-United States 5 Friendship Act (22 U.S.C. 2905(4)) is amended by 6 striking "needed, except" and all that follows 7 through "United States" and inserting "needed".
 - (2) The second sentence of section 7(b) of the Japan-United States Friendship Act (22 U.S.C. 2906(b)) is amended to read as follows: "Such investment may be made only in interest-bearing obligations of the United States, in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States, in interest-bearing obligations of Japan, or in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by Japan.".

(b) Revision of Name of Commission.—

(1) After the date of the enactment of this Act, the Japan-United States Friendship Commission shall be designated as the "United States-Japan Commission". Any reference in any provision of law, Executive order, regulation, delegation of authority, or other document to the Japan-United States Friendship Commission shall be considered to be a reference to the United States-Japan Commission.

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1	(2) The heading of section 4 of the Japan-Unit-
2	ed States Friendship Act (22 U.S.C. 2903) is
3	amended to read as follows:
4	"UNITED STATES-JAPAN COMMISSION".
5	(3) The Japan-United States Friendship Act is
6	amended by striking "Japan-United States Friend-
7	ship Commission" each place such term appears and
8	inserting "United States-Japan Commission".
9	(c) REVISION OF NAME OF TRUST FUND.—
10	(1) After the date of the enactment of this Act,
11	the Japan-United States Friendship Trust Fund
12	shall be designated as the "United States-Japan
13	Trust Fund". Any reference in any provision of law,
14	Executive order, regulation, delegation of authority,
15	or other document to the Japan-United States
16	Friendship Trust Fund shall be considered to be a
17	reference to the United States-Japan Trust Fund.
18	(2) Section 3(a) of the Japan-United States
19	Friendship Act (22 U.S.C. 2902(a)) is amended by
20	striking "Japan-United States Friendship Trust
21	Fund" and inserting "United States-Japan Trust
22	Fund".
23	SEC. 1409. SURROGATE BROADCASTING STUDIES.
24	(a) Radio Free Africa.—Not later than 6 months
25	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the United

26 States Information Agency and the Board of Broadcasting

- 1 Governors should conduct and complete a study of the ap-
- 2 propriateness, feasibility, and projected costs of providing
- 3 surrogate broadcasting service to Africa and transmit the
- 4 results of the study to the appropriate congressional com-
- 5 mittees.
- 6 (b) Radio Free Iran.—Not later than 6 months
- 7 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the United
- 8 States Information Agency and the Board of Broadcasting
- 9 Governors should conduct and complete a study of the ap-
- 10 propriateness, feasibility, and projected costs of a Radio
- 11 Free Europe/Radio Liberty broadcasting service to Iran
- 12 and transmit the results of the study to the appropriate
- 13 congressional committees.
- 14 SEC. 1410. AUTHORITY TO ADMINISTER SUMMER TRAVEL/
- WORK PROGRAMS.
- 16 The Director of the United States Information Agen-
- 17 cy is authorized to administer summer travel/work pro-
- 18 grams without regard to preplacement requirements.
- 19 SEC. 1411. PERMANENT ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITIES
- 20 REGARDING APPROPRIATIONS.
- 21 Section 701(f) of the United States Information and
- 22 Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1476(f))
- 23 is amended by striking paragraph (4).

1	SEC.	1412.	AUTHORITIES	OF 7	THE	BROADCASTING	BOARD

- 2 **OF GOVERNORS.**
- 3 (a) AUTHORITIES.—Section 305(a)(1) of the United
- 4 States International Broadcasting Act of 1994 (22 U.S.C.
- 5 6204(a)(1)) is amended by striking "direct and".
- 6 (b) DIRECTOR OF THE BUREAU.—The first sentence
- 7 of section 307(b)(1) of the United States International
- 8 Broadcasting Act of 1994 (22 U.S.C. 6206(b)(1)) is
- 9 amended to read as follows: "The Director of the Bureau
- 10 shall be appointed by the Board with the concurrence of
- 11 the Director of the United States Information Agency.".
- 12 (c) Responsibilities of the Director.—Section
- 13 307 of the United States International Broadcasting Act
- 14 of 1994 (22 U.S.C. 6206) is amended by adding at the
- 15 end the following new subsection:
- 16 "(c) Responsibilities of the Director.—The
- 17 Director shall organize and chair a coordinating commit-
- 18 tee to examine long-term strategies for the future of inter-
- 19 national broadcasting, including the use of new tech-
- 20 nologies, further consolidation of broadcast services, and
- 21 consolidation of currently existing public affairs and legis-
- 22 lative relations functions in the various international
- 23 broadcasting entities. The coordinating committee shall
- 24 include representatives of RFA, RFE/RL, the Broadcast-
- 25 ing Board of Governors, and, as appropriate, from the Of-

- 1 fice of Cuba Broadcasting, the Voice of America, and
- 2 WorldNet.".
- 3 (d) Radio Broadcasting to Cuba.—Section 4 of
- 4 the Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act (22 U.S.C. 1465b)
- 5 is amended by striking "of the Voice of America" and in-
- 6 serting "of the International Broadcasting Bureau".
- 7 (e) Television Broadcasting to Cuba.—Section
- 8 244(a) of the Television Broadcasting to Cuba Act (22
- 9 U.S.C. 1465cc(a)) is amended in the third sentence by
- 10 striking "of the Voice of America" and inserting "of the
- 11 International Broadcasting Bureau".
- 12 TITLE XV—INTERNATIONAL OR-
- 13 GANIZATIONS; UNITED NA-
- 14 TIONS AND RELATED AGEN-
- 15 **CIES**
- 16 **CHAPTER 1—GENERAL PROVISIONS**
- 17 SEC. 1501. SERVICE IN INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.
- 18 (a) In General.—Section 3582(b) of title 5, United
- 19 States Code, is amended by striking all after the first sen-
- 20 tence and inserting the following: "On reemployment, he
- 21 is entitled to the rate of basic pay to which he would have
- 22 been entitled had he remained in the civil service. On re-
- 23 employment, the agency shall restore his sick leave ac-
- 24 count, by credit or charge, to its status at the time of
- 25 transfer. The period of separation caused by his employ-

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1	ment with the international organization and the period
2	necessary to effect reemployment are deemed creditable
3	service for all appropriate civil service employment pur-
4	poses. This subsection does not apply to a congressional
5	employee.".
6	(b) APPLICATION.—The amendment made by sub-
7	section (a) shall apply with respect transfers which take
8	effect on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.
9	SEC. 1502. ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES.
10	Taking into consideration the long-term commitment
11	by the United States to the affairs of this hemisphere and
12	the need to build further upon the linkages between the
13	United States and its neighbors, it is the sense of the Con-
14	gress that the Secretary of State should make every effort
15	to pay the United States assessed funding levels for the
16	Organization of American States, which is uniquely de-
17	pendent on United States contributions and is continuing
18	fundamental reforms in its structure and its agenda.
19	CHAPTER 2—UNITED NATIONS AND
20	RELATED AGENCIES
21	SEC. 1521. REFORM IN BUDGET DECISIONMAKING PROCE-
22	DURES OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND ITS

(a) Assessed Contributions.—Of amounts au-thorized to be appropriated for "Assessed Contributions

SPECIALIZED AGENCIES.

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- 1 to International Organizations" by this Act, the President
- 2 may withhold 20 percent of the funds appropriated for the
- 3 United States assessed contribution to the United Nations
- 4 or to any of its specialized agencies for any calendar year
- 5 if the Secretary of State determines that the United Na-
- 6 tions or any such agency has failed to implement or to
- 7 continue to implement consensus-based decisionmaking
- 8 procedures on budgetary matters which assure that suffi-
- 9 cient attention is paid to the views of the United States
- 10 and other member states that are the major financial con-
- 11 tributors to such assessed budgets.
- 12 (b) Notice to Congress.—The President shall no-
- 13 tify the Congress when a decision is made to withhold any
- 14 share of the United States assessed contribution to the
- 15 United Nations or its specialized agencies pursuant to
- 16 subsection (a) and shall notify the Congress when the deci-
- 17 sion is made to pay any previously withheld assessed con-
- 18 tribution. A notification under this subsection shall include
- 19 appropriate consultation between the President (or the
- 20 President's representative) and the Committee on Inter-
- 21 national Relations of the House of Representatives and
- 22 the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.
- 23 (c) Contributions for Prior Years.—Subject to
- 24 the availability of appropriations, payment of assessed
- 25 contributions for prior years may be made to the United

- 1 Nations or any of its specialized agencies notwithstanding
- 2 subsection (a) if such payment would further United
- 3 States interests in that organization.
- 4 (d) Report to Congress.—Not later than Feb-
- 5 ruary 1 of each year, the President shall submit to the
- 6 appropriate congressional committees a report concerning
- 7 the amount of United States assessed contributions paid
- 8 to the United Nations and each of its specialized agencies
- 9 during the preceding calendar year.
- 10 SEC. 1522. REPORTS ON EFFORTS TO PROMOTE FULL
- 11 EQUALITY AT THE UNITED NATIONS FOR IS-
- 12 RAEL.
- 13 (a) Congressional Statement.—It is the sense of
- 14 the Congress that the United States must help promote
- 15 an end to the persistent inequity experienced by Israel in
- 16 the United Nations whereby Israel is the only longstand-
- 17 ing member of the organization to be denied acceptance
- 18 into any of the United Nation's regional blocs.
- 19 (b) Reports to Congress.—Not later than 90 days
- 20 after the date of the enactment of this Act and on a quar-
- 21 terly basis thereafter, the Secretary of State shall submit
- 22 to the appropriate congressional committees a report
- 23 which includes the following information (in classified or
- 24 unclassified form as appropriate):

- 1 (1) Actions taken by representatives of the 2 United States to encourage the nations of the West-3 ern Europe and Others Group (WEOG) to accept Is-4 rael into their regional bloc.
 - (2) Efforts undertaken by the Secretary General of the United Nations to secure Israel's full and equal participation in that body.
- 8 (3) Specific responses received by the Secretary 9 of State from each of the nations of the Western 10 Europe and Others Group (WEOG) on their position 11 concerning Israel's acceptance into their organiza-12 tion.
- 13 (4) Other measures being undertaken, and 14 which will be undertaken, to ensure and promote Is-15 rael's full and equal participation in the United Na-16 tions.

17 SEC. 1523. UNITED NATIONS POPULATION FUND.

- 18 (a) LIMITATION.—Subject to subsections (b), (c), and
- 19 (d)(2), of the amounts made available for each of the fiscal
- 20 years 1998 and 1999 to carry out part I of the Foreign
- 21 Assistance Act of 1961, not more than \$25,000,000 shall
- 22 be available for each such fiscal year for the United Na-
- 23 tions Population Fund.

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- 24 (b) Prohibition on Use of Funds in China.—
- 25 None of the funds made available under this section shall

1	be made available for a country program in the People's
2	Republic of China.
3	(c) Conditions on Availability of Funds.—
4	(1) Not more than one-half of the amount made
5	available to the United Nations Population Fund
6	under this section may be provided to the Fund be-
7	fore March 1 of the fiscal year for which funds are
8	made available.
9	(2) Amounts made available for each of the fis-
10	cal years 1998 and 1999 under part I of the Foreign
11	Assistance Act of 1961 for the United Nations Pop-
12	ulation Fund may not be made available to the
13	Fund unless—
14	(A) the Fund maintains amounts made
15	available to the Fund under this section in an
16	account separate from accounts of the Fund for
17	other funds; and
18	(B) the Fund does not commingle amounts
19	made available to the Fund under this section
20	with other funds.
21	(d) Reports.—
22	(1) Not later than February 15, 1998, and
23	February 15, 1999, the Secretary of State shall sub-
24	mit a report to the appropriate congressional com-
25	mittees indicating the amount of funds that the

1	United Nations Population Fund is budgeting for
2	the year in which the report is submitted for a coun-
3	try program in the People's Republic of China.
4	(2) If a report under paragraph (1) indicates
5	that the United Nations Population Fund plans to
6	spend China country program funds in the People's
7	Republic of China in the year covered by the report,
8	then the amount of such funds that the Fund plans
9	to spend in the People's Republic of China shall be
10	deducted from the funds made available to the Fund
11	after March 1 for obligation for the remainder of the
12	fiscal year in which the report is submitted.
13	SEC. 1524. CONTINUED EXTENSION OF PRIVILEGES, EXEMP-
14	TIONS, AND IMMUNITIES OF THE INTER-
15	NATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS IMMUNITIES ACT
16	TO UNIDO.
17	Section 12 of the International Organizations Immu-
18	nities Act (22 U.S.C. 288f-2) is amended by inserting
19	"and the United Nations Industrial Development Organi-
20	zation" after "International Labor Organization".
21	SEC. 1525. PROHIBITION ON FUNDING FOR UNESCO WORLD
22	HERITAGE AND MAN AND BIOSPHERE PRO-
23	GRAMS.

None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by

25 this Act may be made available to the Man and Biosphere

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1	(MAB) Program or the World Heritage Program adminis-
2	tered by the United Nations Educational, Scientific, and
3	Cultural Organization (UNESCO).
4	TITLE XVI—ARMS CONTROL AND
5	DISARMAMENT AGENCY
6	SEC. 1601. COMPREHENSIVE COMPILATION OF ARMS CON-
7	TROL AND DISARMAMENT STUDIES.
8	Section 39 of the Arms Control and Disarmament
9	Act (22 U.S.C. 2579) is repealed.
10	SEC. 1602. USE OF FUNDS.
11	Section 48 of the Arms Control and Disarmament
12	Act (22 U.S.C. 2588) is amended by striking "section 11
13	of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U.S.C. 111)" and insert-
14	ing "any other Act".
15	TITLE XVII—FOREIGN POLICY
16	PROVISIONS
17	SEC. 1701. UNITED STATES POLICY REGARDING THE INVOL-
18	UNTARY RETURN OF REFUGEES.
19	(a) In General.—No funds authorized to be appro-
20	priated by this division shall be available to effect the in-
21	voluntary return by the United States of any person to
22	a country in which the person has a well founded fear of

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23 persecution on account of race, religion, nationality, mem-

24 bership in a particular social group, or political opinion,

25 except on grounds recognized as precluding protection as

- 1 a refugee under the United Nations Convention Relating
- 2 to the Status of Refugees of July 28, 1951, and the Proto-
- 3 col Relating to the Status of Refugees of January 31,
- 4 1967.
- 5 (b) Migration and Refugee Assistance.—No
- 6 funds authorized to be appropriated by section 1104 of
- 7 this Act or by section 2(c) of the Migration and Refugee
- 8 Assistance Act of 1962 (22 U.S.C. 2601(c)) shall be avail-
- 9 able to effect the involuntary return of any person to any
- 10 country unless the Secretary of State first notifies the ap-
- 11 propriate congressional committees, except that in the
- 12 case of an emergency involving a threat to human life the
- 13 Secretary of State shall notify the appropriate congres-
- 14 sional committees as soon as practicable.
- 15 (c) Involuntary Return Defined.—As used in
- 16 this section, the term "to effect the involuntary return"
- 17 means to require, by means of physical force or cir-
- 18 cumstances amounting to a threat thereof, a person to re-
- 19 turn to a country against the person's will, regardless of
- 20 whether the person is physically present in the United
- 21 States and regardless of whether the United States acts
- 22 directly or through an agent.

1	SEC. 1702. UNITED STATES POLICY WITH RESPECT TO THE
2	INVOLUNTARY RETURN OF PERSONS IN DAN
3	GER OF SUBJECTION TO TORTURE.
4	(a) Policy.—It shall be the policy of the United
5	States that the United States shall not expel, extradite
6	or otherwise effect the involuntary return of any person
7	to a country in which there are substantial grounds for
8	believing that the person would be in danger of being sub-
9	jected to torture, regardless of whether the person is phys-
10	ically present in the United States.
11	(b) Definitions.—Except as otherwise provided
12	terms used in this section have the meanings assigned
13	under the United Nations Convention Against Torture
14	and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or
15	Punishment, subject to any reservations, understandings
16	declarations and provisos contained in the United States
17	resolution of advice and consent to ratification of such
18	Convention.
19	(c) Procedures.—Procedures shall be established to
20	ensure compliance with subsection (a) in the cases of
21	aliens who are arriving in the United States or who are
22	physically present in the United States and who are sub-
23	ject to removal.
24	(d) REVIEW AND CONSTRUCTION.—Notwithstanding
25	any other provision of law, no court shall have jurisdiction

26 to review the procedures adopted to implement this sec-

- 1 tion, and nothing in this section shall be construed as pro-
- 2 viding any court jurisdiction to review claims raised under
- 3 the Convention or this section, or any other determination
- 4 made with respect to the application of the policy set forth
- 5 in subsection (a), except as part of the review of a final
- 6 order of removal pursuant to section 242 of the Immigra-
- 7 tion and Nationality Act, as amended.
- 8 SEC. 1703. REPORTS ON CLAIMS BY UNITED STATES FIRMS
- 9 AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT OF SAUDI ARA-
- 10 **BIA.**
- 11 (a) In General.—Within 60 days after the date of
- 12 the enactment of this Act and every 120 days thereafter,
- 13 the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary
- 14 of Defense and the Secretary of Commerce, shall report
- 15 to the appropriate congressional committees on specific ac-
- 16 tions taken by the Department of State, the Department
- 17 of Defense, and the Department of Commerce toward
- 18 progress in resolving the commercial disputes between
- 19 United States firms and the Government of Saudi Arabia
- 20 that are described in the June 30, 1993, report by the
- 21 Secretary of Defense pursuant to section 9140(c) of the
- 22 Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1993 (Public
- 23 Law 102–396), including the additional claims noticed by
- 24 the Department of Commerce on page 2 of that report.

1	(b) Termination.—Subsection (a) shall cease to
2	have effect when the Secretary of State, in coordination
3	with the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Com-
4	merce, certifies in writing to the appropriate congressional
5	committees that the commercial disputes referred to in
6	subsection (a) have been resolved satisfactorily.
7	SEC. 1704. HUMAN RIGHTS REPORTS.
8	Section 116(d) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961
9	(22 U.S.C. 2151n) is amended—
10	(1) by striking "January 31" and inserting
11	"February 25";
12	(2) redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), and (5)
13	as paragraphs (4), (5), and (6), respectively; and
14	(3) by inserting after paragraph (2) the follow-
15	ing new paragraph (3):
16	"(3) the status of child labor practices in each
17	country, including—
18	"(A) whether such country has adopted
19	policies to protect children from exploitation in
20	the workplace, including a prohibition of forced
21	and bonded labor and policies regarding accept-
22	able working conditions; and
23	"(B) the extent to which each country en-
24	forces such policies, including the adequacy of

1	resources and oversight dedicated to such poli-
2	cies;".
3	SEC. 1705. REPORTS ON DETERMINATIONS UNDER TITLE IV
4	OF THE LIBERTAD ACT.
5	Section 401 of the Cuban Liberty and Democratic
6	Solidarity (LIBERTAD) Act of 1996 (22 U.S.C. 6091)
7	is amended by adding at the end the following:
8	"(e) Reports to Congress.—The Secretary of
9	State shall, not later than 30 days after the date of the
10	enactment of this subsection and every 3 months there-
11	after, submit to the Committee on International Relations
12	of the House of Representatives and the Committee on
13	Foreign Relations of the Senate a report on the implemen-
14	tation of this section. Each report shall include—
15	"(1) an unclassified list, by economic sector, of
16	the number of entities then under review pursuant
17	to this section;
18	"(2) an unclassified list of all entities and a
19	classified list of all individuals that the Secretary of
20	State has determined to be subject to this section;
21	"(3) an unclassified list of all entities and a
22	classified list of all individuals that the Secretary of
23	State has determined are no longer subject to this
24	section;

1	"(4) an explanation of the status of the review
2	under way for the cases referred to in paragraph
3	(1); and
4	"(5) an unclassified explanation of each deter-
5	mination of the Secretary of State under subsection
6	(a) and each finding of the Secretary under sub-
7	section (c)—
8	"(A) since the date of the enactment of
9	this Act, in the case of the first report under
10	this subsection; and
11	"(B) in the preceding 3-month period, in
12	the case of each subsequent report.".
13	SEC. 1706. REPORTS AND POLICY CONCERNING DIPLO-
14	MATIC IMMUNITY.
14 15	MATIC IMMUNITY. (a) Annual Report Concerning Diplomatic Im-
15	(a) Annual Report Concerning Diplomatic Im-
15 16	(a) Annual Report Concerning Diplomatic Immunity.—
15 16 17	(a) Annual Report Concerning Diplomatic Immunity.— (1) Report to congress.—The Secretary of
15 16 17 18	(a) Annual Report Concerning Diplomatic Immunity.— (1) Report to congress.—The Secretary of State shall prepare and submit to the Congress, an-
15 16 17 18 19	 (a) Annual Report Concerning Diplomatic Immunity.— (1) Report to congress.—The Secretary of State shall prepare and submit to the Congress, annually, a report concerning diplomatic immunity en-
15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Annual Report Concerning Diplomatic Immunity.— (1) Report to congress.—The Secretary of State shall prepare and submit to the Congress, annually, a report concerning diplomatic immunity entitled "Report on Cases Involving Diplomatic Immunity Cases Involving Cases Involving Diplomatic Immunity Cases Involving Dip
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Annual Report Concerning Diplomatic Immunity.— (1) Report to congress.—The Secretary of State shall prepare and submit to the Congress, annually, a report concerning diplomatic immunity entitled "Report on Cases Involving Diplomatic Immunity".
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 (a) Annual Report Concerning Diplomatic Immunity.— (1) Report to congress.—The Secretary of State shall prepare and submit to the Congress, annually, a report concerning diplomatic immunity entitled "Report on Cases Involving Diplomatic Immunity". (2) Content of Report.—In addition to such

1	(A) The number of persons residing in the
2	United States who enjoy full immunity from the
3	criminal jurisdiction of the United States under
4	laws extending diplomatic privileges and immu-
5	nities.
6	(B) Each case involving an alien described
7	in subparagraph (A) in which the appropriate
8	authorities of a State, a political subdivision of
9	a State, or the United States reported to the
10	Department of State that the authority had
11	reasonable cause to believe the alien committed
12	a serious criminal offense within the United
13	States.
14	(C) Each case in which the United States
15	has certified that a person enjoys full immunity
16	from the criminal jurisdiction of the United
17	States under laws extending diplomatic privi-
18	leges and immunities.
19	(D) The number of United States citizens
20	who are residing in a receiving state and who
21	enjoy full immunity from the criminal jurisdic-
22	tion of such state under laws extending diplo-
23	matic privileges and immunities.
24	(E) Each case involving a United States

citizen under subparagraph (D) in which the

1	United States has been requested by the gov-
2	ernment of a receiving state to waive the immu-
3	nity from criminal jurisdiction of the United
4	States citizen.
5	(3) Serious criminal offense defined.—
6	The term "serious criminal offense" means—
7	(A) any felony under Federal, State, or
8	local law;
9	(B) any Federal, State, or local offense
10	punishable by a term of imprisonment of more
11	than 1 year;
12	(C) any crime of violence as defined for
13	purposes of section 16 of title 18, United States
14	Code; or
15	(D) driving under the influence of alcohol
16	or drugs or driving while intoxicated if the case
17	involves personal injury to another individual.
18	(b) United States Policy Concerning Reform
19	OF DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITY.—It is the sense of the Con-
20	gress that the Secretary of State should explore, in appro-
21	priate fora, whether states should enter into agreements
22	and adopt legislation—
23	(1) to provide jurisdiction in the sending state
24	to prosecute crimes committed in the receiving state
25	by persons entitled to immunity from criminal juris-

- diction under laws extending diplomatic privileges
 and immunities; and
- 2) to provide that where there is probable cause to believe that an individual who is entitled to immunity from the criminal jurisdiction of the receiving state under laws extending diplomatic privileges and immunities committed a serious crime, the sending state will waive such immunity or the sending state will prosecute such individual.

10 SEC. 1707. CONGRESSIONAL STATEMENT CONCERNING

11 RADIO FREE EUROPE/RADIO LIBERTY.

12 It is the sense of the Congress that Radio Free Europe/Radio Liberty should continue surrogate broadcasting beyond the year 2000 to countries whose people do not yet fully enjoy freedom of expression. Recent events in Serbia, Belarus, and Slovakia, among other nations, demonstrate that even after the end of communist rule in such nations, tyranny under other names still threatens 19 the freedom of their peoples, and hence the stability of 20 Europe and the national security interest of the United 21 States. The Broadcasting Board of Governors should therefore continue to allocate sufficient funds to Radio Free Europe/Radio Liberty to continue broadcasting at current levels to target countries and to increase these levels in response to renewed threats to freedom.

1	SEC. 1708. PROGRAMS OR PROJECTS OF THE INTER-
2	NATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY IN
3	CUBA.
4	(a) Withholding of United States Propor-
5	TIONAL SHARE OF ASSISTANCE.—
6	(1) In general.—Section 307(c) of the For-
7	eign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2227(c)) is
8	amended—
9	(A) by striking "The limitations" and in-
10	serting "(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the limi-
11	tations"; and
12	(B) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(2)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B),
14	with respect to funds authorized to be appropriated by this
15	chapter and available for the International Atomic Energy
16	Agency, the limitations of subsection (a) shall apply to
17	programs or projects of such Agency in Cuba.
18	"(B)(i) Subparagraph (A) shall not apply with re-
19	spect to programs or projects of the International Atomic
20	Energy Agency that provide for the discontinuation, dis-
21	mantling, or safety inspection of nuclear facilities or relat-
22	ed materials, or for inspections and similar activities de-
23	signed to prevent the development of nuclear weapons by
24	a country described in subsection (a)

- 1 "(ii) Clause (i) shall not apply with respect to the
- 2 Juragua Nuclear Power Plant near Cienfuegos, Cuba, or
- 3 the Pedro Pi Nuclear Research Center unless Cuba—
- 4 "(I) ratifies the Treaty on the Non-Prolifera-
- 5 tion of Nuclear Weapons (21 UST 483) or the Trea-
- 6 ty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin
- 7 America (commonly known as the Treaty of
- 8 Tlatelolco);
- 9 "(II) negotiates full-scope safeguards of the
- 10 International Atomic Energy Agency not later than
- two years after ratification by Cuba of such Treaty;
- 12 and
- 13 "(III) incorporates internationally accepted nu-
- clear safety standards.".
- 15 (2) Effective date.—The amendments made
- by paragraph (1) shall take effect on October 1,
- 17 1997, or the date of the enactment of this Act,
- whichever occurs later.
- 19 (b) Opposition to Certain Programs or
- 20 Projects.—The Secretary of State shall direct the Unit-
- 21 ed States representative to the International Atomic En-
- 22 ergy Agency to oppose the following:
- 23 (1) Technical assistance programs or projects of
- the Agency at the Juragua Nuclear Power Plant

- near Cienfuegos, Cuba, and at the Pedro Pi Nuclear
 Research Center.
- 3 (2) Any other program or project of the Agency 4 in Cuba that is, or could become, a threat to the se-5 curity of the United States.

(c) Reporting Requirements.—

- (1) REQUEST FOR IAEA REPORTS.—The Secretary of State shall direct the United States representative to the International Atomic Energy Agency to request the Director-General of the Agency to submit to the United States all reports prepared with respect to all programs or projects of the Agency that are of concern to the United States, including the programs or projects described in subsection (b).
- (2) Annual reports to the congress.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and on an annual basis thereafter, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the United States representative to the International Atomic Energy Agency, shall prepare and submit to the Congress a report containing a description of all programs or projects of the Agency in each country described in section 307(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2227(a)).

1	SEC.	1709.	UNITED	STATES	POLICY	WITH	RESPECT	TO	JE

- 2 RUSALEM AS THE CAPITAL OF ISRAEL.
- 3 (a) LIMITATION.—Of the amounts authorized to be
- 4 appropriated by section 1101(4) for "Acquisition and
- 5 Maintenance of Buildings Abroad" \$25,000,000 for the
- 6 fiscal year 1998 and \$75,000,000 for the fiscal year 1999
- 7 is authorized to be appropriated for the construction of
- 8 a United States Embassy in Jerusalem, Israel.
- 9 (b) Limitation on Use of Funds for Consulate
- 10 IN JERUSALEM.—None of the funds authorized to be ap-
- 11 propriated by this division may be expended for the oper-
- 12 ation of a United States consulate or diplomatic facility
- 13 in Jerusalem unless such consulate or diplomatic facility
- 14 is under the supervision of the United States Ambassador
- 15 to Israel.
- 16 (c) Limitation on Use of Funds for Publica-
- 17 Tions.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated
- 18 by this division may be available for the publication of any
- 19 official government document which lists countries and
- 20 their capital cities unless the publication identifies Jerusa-
- 21 lem as the capital of Israel.
- 22 (d) Record of Place of Birth.—For purposes of
- 23 the registration of birth, certification of nationality, or is-
- 24 suance of a passport of a United States citizen born in
- 25 the city of Jerusalem, upon request, the Secretary of State

1	shall permit the place of birth to be recorded as Jerusa				
2	lem, Israel.				
3	SEC. 1710. REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE HAGU				
4	CONVENTION ON INTERNATIONAL CHILD AB-				
5	DUCTION.				
6	Beginning 6 months after the date of the enactment				
7	of this Act and every 12 months thereafter during the fis-				
8	cal years 1998 and 1999, the Secretary shall provide to				
9	the appropriate congressional committees a report on the				
10	compliance with the provisions of The Hague Convention				
11	on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction by				
12	the signatories to such convention. Each such report shall				
13	include the following information:				
14	(1) The number of applications for the return				
15	of children submitted by United States citizens to				
16	the Central Authority for the United States that re-				
17	main unresolved more than 18 months after the date				
18	of filing.				
19	(2) A list of the countries to which children in				
20	unresolved applications described in paragraph (1)				
21	are alleged to have been abducted.				
22	(3) A list of the countries that have dem-				
23	onstrated a pattern of noncompliance with the obli-				
24	gations of such convention with respect to applica-				
25	tions for the return of children submitted by United				

1	States citizens to the Central Authority for the Unit-
2	ed States.
3	(4) Detailed information on each unresolved
4	case described in paragraph (1) and on actions
5	taken by the Department of State to resolve each
6	such case.
7	SEC. 1711. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS RELATING TO REC
8	OGNITION OF THE ECUMENICAL PATRIARCH
9	ATE BY THE GOVERNMENT OF TURKEY.
10	It is the sense of the Congress that the United States
11	should use its influence with the Turkish Government and
12	as a permanent member of the United Nations Security
13	Council to suggest that the Turkish Government—
14	(1) recognize the Ecumenical Patriarchate and
15	its nonpolitical, religious mission;
16	(2) ensure the continued maintenance of the in-
17	stitution's physical security needs, as provided for
18	under Turkish and international law, including but
19	not limited to, the Treaty of Lausanne, the 1968
20	Protocol, the Helsinki Final Act (1975), and the
21	Charter of Paris;
22	(3) provide for the proper protection and safety
23	of the Ecumenical Patriarch and Patriarchate per-
24	sonnel; and

1	(4) reopen the Ecumenical Patriarchate's Halk
2	Patriarchal School of Theology.
3	SEC. 1712. RETURN OF HONG KONG TO PEOPLE'S REPUB
4	LIC OF CHINA.
5	It is the sense of the Congress that—
6	(1) the return of Hong Kong to the People's
7	Republic of China should be carried out in a peace-
8	ful manner, with respect for the rule of law and re-
9	spect for human rights, freedom of speech, freedom
10	of the press, freedom of association, freedom of
11	movement; and
12	(2) these basic freedoms are not incompatible
13	with the rich culture and history of the People's Re-
14	public of China.
15	SEC. 1713. DEVELOPMENT OF DEMOCRACY IN THE REPUB
16	LIC OF SERBIA.
17	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:
18	(1) The United States stands as a beacon of de-
19	mocracy and freedom in the world.
20	(2) A stable and democratic Republic of Serbia
21	is important to the interests of the United States,
22	the international community, and to peace in the
23	Balkans.
24	(3) Democratic forces in the Republic of Serbia
25	are beginning to emerge, notwithstanding the efforts

- of Europe's longest-standing communist dictator,
 Slobodan Milosevic.
 - (4) The Republic of Serbia completed municipal elections on November 17, 1996.
 - (5) In 14 of Serbia's 18 largest cities, and in a total of 42 major municipalities, candidates representing parties in opposition to the Socialist Party of President Milosevic and the Yugoslav United Left Party of his wife Mirjana Markovic won a majority of the votes cast.
 - (6) Socialist Party-controlled election commissions and government authorities thwarted the people's will by annulling free elections in the cities of Belgrade, Nis, Smederevska Palanka, and several other cities where opposition party candidates won fair elections.
 - (7) Countries belonging to the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) on January 3, 1997, called upon President Milosevic and all the political forces in the Republic of Serbia to honor the people's will and honor the election results.
 - (8) Hundreds of thousands of Serbs marched in the streets of Belgrade on a daily basis from November 20, 1996, through February 1997, demanding

- the implementation of the election results and greater democracy in the country.
- 9 The partial reinstatement of opposition party victories in January 1997 and the subsequent enactment by the Serbian legislature of a special law implementing the results of all the 1996 municipal elections does not atone for the Milosevic regime's trampling of rule of law, orderly succession of power, and freedom of speech and of assembly.
- 10 (10) The Serbian authorities have sought to 11 continue to hinder the growth of a free and inde-12 pendent news media in the Republic of Serbia, in 13 particular the broadcast news media, and harassed 14 journalists performing their professional duties.
- (b) Sense of the Congress.—It is the sense ofthe Congress that—
- (1) the United States, the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE), and the international community should continue to press the Government of the Republic of Serbia to ensure the implementation of free, fair, and honest presidential and parliamentary elections in 1997, and to fully abide by their outcome;
- 24 (2) the United States, the OSCE, the inter-25 national community, nongovernmental organizations,

1	and the private sector should continue to promote
2	the building of democratic institutions and civic soci-
3	ety in the Republic of Serbia, help strengthen the
4	independent news media, and press for the Govern-
5	ment of the Republic of Serbia to respect the rule
6	of law; and
7	(3) the normalization of relations between the
8	Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the United
9	States requires, among other things, that President
10	Milosevic and the leadership of Serbia—
11	(A) ensure the implementation of free, fair,
12	and honest presidential and parliamentary elec-
13	tions in 1997;
14	(B) abide by the outcome of such elections;
15	and
16	(C) promote the building of democratic in-
17	stitutions, including strengthening the inde-
18	pendent news media and respecting the rule of
19	law.
20	SEC. 1714. RELATIONS WITH VIETNAM.
21	(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of the Con-
22	gress that—
23	(1) the development of a cooperative bilateral
24	relationship between the United States and the So-
25	cialist Republic of Vietnam should facilitate maxi-

- mum progress toward resolving outstanding POW/
 MIA issues, promote the protection of human rights
 including universally recognized religious, political,
 and other freedoms, contribute to regional stability,
- 6 beneficial economic relations;

(2) the satisfactory resolution of United States concerns with respect to outstanding POW/MIA, human rights, and refugee issues is essential to the full normalization of relations between the United States and Vietnam;

and encourage continued development of mutually

- (3) the United States should upgrade the priority afforded to the ongoing bilateral human rights dialog between the United States and Vietnam by requiring the Department of State to schedule the next dialog with Vietnam, and all subsequent dialogs, at a level no lower than that of Assistant Secretary of State;
- (4) during any future negotiations regarding the provision of Overseas Private Investment Corporation insurance to American companies investing in Vietnam and the granting of Generalized System of Preference status for Vietnam, the United States Government should strictly hold the Government of Vietnam to internationally recognized worker rights

- standards, including the right of association, the right to organize and bargain collectively, and the prohibition on the use of any forced or compulsory labor; and
- 5 (5) the Department of State should consult
 6 with other governments to develop a coordinated
 7 multilateral strategy to encourage Vietnam to invite
 8 the United Nations Special Rapporteur on Religious
 9 Intolerance to visit Vietnam to carry out inquiries
 10 and make recommendations.
- 11 (b) Report to Congress.—In order to provide
 12 Congress with the necessary information by which to
 13 evaluate the relationship between the United States and
 14 Vietnam, the Secretary shall report to the appropriate
 15 congressional committees, not later than 90 days after the
 16 enactment of this Act and every 180 days thereafter dur17 ing fiscal years 1998 and 1999, on the extent to which—
 18 (1) the Government of the Socialist Republic of
 - (1) the Government of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam is cooperating with the United States in providing the fullest possible accounting of all unresolved POW/MIA cases through the provision of records and the unilateral and joint recovery and repatriation of American remains;
- (2) the Government of the Socialist Republic of
 Vietnam has made progress toward the release of all

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- political and religious prisoners, including but not
 limited to Catholic, Protestant, and Buddhist clergy;
- 3 (3) the Government of the Socialist Republic of
 4 Vietnam is cooperating with requests by the United
 5 States to obtain full and free access to persons of
 6 humanitarian interest to the United States for inter7 views under the Orderly Departure (ODP) and Re8 settlement Opportunities for Vietnamese Refugees
 9 (ROVR) programs, and in providing exit visas for
 10 such persons;
 - (4) the Government of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam has taken vigorous action to end extortion, bribery, and other corrupt practices in connection with such exit visas; and
 - (5) the Government of the United States is making vigorous efforts to interview and resettle former reeducation camp victims, their immediate families including, but not limited to, unmarried sons and daughters, former United States Government employees, and other persons eligible for the ODP program, and to give such persons the full benefit of all applicable United States laws including, but not limited to, sections 599D and 599E of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Re-

1	lated Programs Appropriations Act of 1990 (Public
2	Law 101–167).
3	SEC. 1715. STATEMENT CONCERNING RETURN OF OR COM-
4	PENSATION FOR WRONGLY CONFISCATED
5	FOREIGN PROPERTIES.
6	The Congress—
7	(1) welcomes the efforts of many post-Com-
8	munist countries to address the complex and dif-
9	ficult question of the status of plundered properties;
10	(2) urges countries which have not already done
11	so to return plundered properties to their rightful
12	owners or, as an alternative, pay compensation, in
13	accordance with principles of justice and in a man-
14	ner that is just, transparent, and fair;
15	(3) calls for the urgent return of property for-
16	merly belonging to Jewish communities as a means
17	of redressing the particularly compelling problems of
18	aging and destitute survivors of the Holocaust;
19	(4) calls on the Czech Republic, Latvia, Lithua-
20	nia, Romania, Slovakia, and any other country with
21	restrictions which require those whose properties
22	have been wrongly plundered by Nazi or Communist
23	regimes to reside in or have the citizenship of the
24	country from which they now seek restitution or

1	compensation to remove such restrictions from their
2	restitution or compensation laws;
3	(5) calls upon foreign financial institutions, and
4	the states having legal authority over their oper-
5	ation, that possess wrongfully and illegally obtained
6	property confiscated from Holocaust victims, from
7	residents of former Warsaw Pact states who were
8	forbidden by Communist law from obtaining restitu-
9	tion of such property, and from states that were oc-
10	cupied by Nazi, Fascist, or Communist forces, to as-
11	sist and to cooperate fully with efforts to restore this
12	property to its rightful owners; and
13	(6) urges post-Communist countries to pass and
14	effectively implement laws that provide for restitu-
15	tion of, or compensation for, plundered property.
16	SEC. 1716. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING UNITED
17	STATES CITIZENS HELD IN PRISONS IN PERU.
18	(a) Findings.—The Congress finds the following:
19	(1) The Government of Peru has made substan-
20	tial progress in the effort to restrict the flow of illicit
21	drugs from Peru to the United States.
22	(2) The Government of Peru has cooperated
23	greatly with the United States Government to stop

individuals and organizations seeking to transport il-

- licit drugs from Peru to the United States and to
 jail such drug exporters.
- 3 (3) Any individual engaging in such exporting 4 of illicit drugs and convicted in a court of law should 5 face stiff penalties.
- (4) Any such individual should also have a right
 to timely legal procedures.
 - (5) Two United States citizens, Jennifer Davis and Krista Barnes, were arrested in Peru on September 25, 1996, for attempting to transport illicit drugs from Peru to the United States.
 - (6) Ms. Davis and Ms. Barnes have admitted their guilt upon arrest and to an investigative judge.
 - (7) Ms. Davis and Ms. Barnes have volunteered to cooperate fully with Peruvian judicial authorities in naming individuals responsible for drug trafficking and several have been arrested.
 - (8) More than seven months after their arrest,
 Ms. Davis and Ms. Barnes have not yet been formally charged with a crime.
- 21 (9) Peruvian domestic law mandates that for-22 mal charges be brought within four to six months 23 after arrest.
- 24 (b) Sense of the Congress.—It is the sense of 25 the Congress that the Government of Peru should respect

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- 1 the rights of prisoners to timely legal procedures, includ-
- 2 ing the rights of all United States citizens held in prisons
- 3 in Peru.

4 SEC. 1717. ASSISTANCE FOR ETHIOPIA.

- 5 The Department of State should closely monitor and
- 6 take into account human rights progress in Ethiopia as
- 7 it obligates fiscal year 1998 and 1999 funds for Ethiopia
- 8 authorized to be appropriated by this Act.

9 SEC. 1718. SPECIAL ENVOYS FOR MUTUAL DISARMAMENT.

- The President shall instruct the United States Am-
- 11 bassador to the United Nations to support in the Security
- 12 Council, the General Assembly, and other United Nations
- 13 bodies, resolutions and other efforts to—
- 14 (1) appoint special envoys for conflict preven-
- tion to organize and conduct, in cooperation with ap-
- propriate multilateral institutions, mutual disar-
- mament talks in every region of the world in which
- all nations would participate, and to report to inter-
- national financial institutions on the degree of co-
- operation of governments with these talks;
- 21 (2) commit each member state to agree to meet
- with its regional special envoy within 3 months of
- appointment to deliver and discuss its proposal for
- regional (and, where appropriate, international) con-
- 25 fidence-building measures, including mutual reduc-

1	tions in the size, proximity, and technological sophis-
2	tication of its and other nations' armed forces, that
3	would lead to significant cuts in threat levels and
4	military spending; and
5	(3) commit each member state to agree to con-
6	tinue meeting with the special envoy and such re-
7	gional bodies and states as the special envoy shall
8	suggest to complete negotiations on such confidence-
9	building measures, with the goal of making signifi-
10	cant cuts in military spending by the year 2000.
11	SEC. 1719. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS RELATING TO THE
12	TRANSFER OF NUCLER WASTE FROM TAIWAN
13	TO NORTH KOREA.
14	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following
15	findings:
16	(1) The Republic of China on Taiwan (Taiwan)
17	is considering transferring low-level nuclear waste to
18	the Democratic People's Republic of Korea (North
19	Korea) and paying North Korea an amount in ex-
20	cess of $$220,000,000$ to accept the nuclear waste.
21	(2) The transfer of nuclear waste across inter-
22	national barndarias anatas marldrida ancironnantal
23	national boundaries creates worldwide environmental
23	safety concerns.
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- spect 2 nuclear facilities at Yongbyon in March 1993, in violation of Article III of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, to which North Korea is a signatory.
 - (4) North Korea has historically been unwilling to allow any third party investigators to inspect its nuclear waste storage facilities.
 - (5) The failure of North Korea to store nuclear waste safely raises environmental concerns on the Korean peninsula.
 - (6) The United States has in excess of 37,000 military personnel, plus their families, on the Korean peninsula.
 - (7) The current North Korean regime has been linked to numerous terrorist activities, including the bombing in 1987 of a Korean Airline aircraft, and the bombing in 1983 in Rangoon, Burma, which killed 4 South Korean Government and 13 diplomatic officials.
 - (8) North Korea continues to be listed by the United States Department of State as a state supporting international terrorism.
 - (9) The several hundred million dollars of hard currency generated by this transaction could be used by the militarist regime in North Korea to continue

1	their	reign	of	terror	over	their	own	people	and	the

- 2 sovereign nations of the Pacific Rim.
- 3 (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of the
- 4 Congress that the Government of Taiwan should refrain
- 5 from issuing an export license for the transfer of nuclear
- 6 waste to North Korea until all parties on the Korean pe-
- 7 ninsula can be assured that—
- 8 (1) North Korea can safely handle this nuclear
- 9 waste;
- 10 (2) North Korea will submit to independent
- third party inspection of their nuclear storage facili-
- ties; and
- 13 (3) North Korea indicates a willingness to com-
- ply with the commitments it made in the "Agreed
- 15 Framework", entered into in 1994 between North
- 16 Korea, South Korea, Japan, and the United States,
- 17 relating to nuclear materials and facilities in North
- 18 Korea, and meet International Atomic Energy Agen-
- 19 cy safeguards with respect to North Korea's nuclear
- program.
- 21 SEC. 1720. CONGRESSIONAL STATEMENT REGARDING
- 22 PRIME MINISTER GUJRAL OF INDIA.
- (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following
- 24 findings:

1	(1) Prime Minister Gujral of India has recently
2	received a vote of confidence from the Indian par-
3	liament.

- (2) Prime Minister Gujral is committed to strengthening ties between the United States and India through the continuation of free market reforms and initiatives.
 - (3) The Gujral government is on the verge of passing a budget package that will carry forward economic reforms initiated in 1991 that have opened India to foreign investment and trade.
- (4) Prime Minister Gujral has made it a priority to improve relations with Pakistan and has recently met with the Prime Minister of Pakistan, Nawaz Sharif, to better relations between the two countries.
- 17 (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of the 18 Congress that the Clinton Administration should support
- 19 and work closely with Indian Prime Minister Gujral in
- 20 strengthening relations between the United States and
- 21 India and improving relations in the South Asia region.
- 22 SEC. 1721. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING THE SOV-
- 23 EREIGNTY OF BELARUS.
- It is the sense of the Congress that the President
- 25 should strongly urge the Government of President Alek-

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1	sandr Lukashenka of the Republic of Belarus to defend
2	the sovereignty of Belarus, maintain its independence
3	from the Russian Federation, abide by the provisions of
4	the Helsinki Accords and guarantee freedom of the press,
5	allow for the flowering of the Belarusan language and cul-
6	ture, and enforce the separation of powers.
7	SEC. 1722. CONGRESSIONAL STATEMENT REGARDING THE
8	ACCESSION OF TAIWAN TO THE WORLD
9	TRADE ORGANIZATION.
10	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following
11	findings:
12	(1) The people of the United States and the
13	people of the Republic of China on Taiwan have long
14	enjoyed extensive ties.
15	(2) Taiwan is currently the 8th largest trading
16	partner of the United States, and exports from the
17	United States to Taiwan total more than
18	\$18,000,000 annually, substantially more than the
19	United States exports to the People's Republic of
20	China.
21	(3) The executive branch has committed pub-
22	licly to support Taiwan's bid to join the World

Trade Organization and has declared that the Unit-

ed States will not oppose this bid solely on the

grounds that the People's Republic of China, which

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- also seeks membership in the World Trade Organization, is not yet eligible because of its unacceptable trade practices.
 - (4) The United States and Taiwan have concluded discussions on a variety of outstanding trade is ues that remain unresolved with the People's Republic of China and that are necessary for the United States to support Taiwan's membership in the World Trade Organization.
 - a member of the World Trade Organization—to the People's Republic of China, scheduled by treaty to occur on July 1, 1997, will, in many respects, afford to the People's Republic of China the practical benefit of membership in the World Trade Organization for the substantial portion of its trade in goods—despite the fact that the trade practices of the People's Republic of China currently fall far short of what the United States expects for membership in the World Trade Organization.
 - (6) The executive branch has announced its interest in the admission of the People's Republic of China to the World Trade Organization; the fundamental sense of fairness of the people of the United States warrants the United States Government's

1	support for Taiwan's relatively more meritorious ap-
2	plication for membership in the World Trade Orga-
3	nization.
4	(7) It is in the economic interest of United
5	States consumers and exporters for Taiwan to com-
6	plete the requirements for accession to the World
7	Trade Organization at the earliest possible moment
8	(b) Congressional Statement.—The Congress fa-
9	vors public support by officials of the Department of State
10	for the accession of Taiwan to the World Trade Organiza-
11	tion.
12	SEC. 1723. REPORTS AND POLICY CONCERNING HUMAN
13	RIGHTS VIOLATIONS IN LAOS.
13	
14	Within 180 days after the enactment of this Act, the
14	Within 180 days after the enactment of this Act, the
14 15	Within 180 days after the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Sate shall report to the appropriate congress
141516	Within 180 days after the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Sate shall report to the appropriate congressional committees on the allegations of persecution and
14151617	Within 180 days after the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Sate shall report to the appropriate congressional committees on the allegations of persecution and abuse of the Hmong and Laotian refugees who have re-
14 15 16 17 18	Within 180 days after the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Sate shall report to the appropriate congressional committees on the allegations of persecution and abuse of the Hmong and Laotian refugees who have returned to Laos. The report shall include:
14 15 16 17 18 19	Within 180 days after the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Sate shall report to the appropriate congressional committees on the allegations of persecution and abuse of the Hmong and Laotian refugees who have returned to Laos. The report shall include: (1) A full investigation, including full documents.
14151617181920	Within 180 days after the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Sate shall report to the appropriate congressional committees on the allegations of persecution and abuse of the Hmong and Laotian refugees who have returned to Laos. The report shall include: (1) A full investigation, including full documentation of individual cases of persecution, of the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Within 180 days after the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Sate shall report to the appropriate congressional committees on the allegations of persecution and abuse of the Hmong and Laotian refugees who have returned to Laos. The report shall include: (1) A full investigation, including full documentation of individual cases of persecution, of the Lao Government's treatment of Hmong and Laotian
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Within 180 days after the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Sate shall report to the appropriate congressional committees on the allegations of persecution and abuse of the Hmong and Laotian refugees who have returned to Laos. The report shall include: (1) A full investigation, including full documentation of individual cases of persecution, of the Lao Government's treatment of Hmong and Laotian refugees who have returned to Laos.

1	(3) The actions which the State Department
2	will take to ensure the cessation of human rights
3	violations.
4	SEC. 1724. REPORT ON BORDER CLOSURES OR ECONOMIC
5	OR COMMERCIAL BLOCKADES AFFECTING IN
6	THE INDEPENDENT STATES OF THE FORMER
7	SOVIET UNION.
8	(a) Report.—
9	(1) In general.—Not later than 60 days after
10	the date of the enactment of this Act the President
11	shall prepare and transmit to the Congress a report
12	on any border closure or use of an economic or com-
13	mercial blockade by or against any independent state
14	of the former Soviet Union against any other coun-
15	try.
16	(2) Contents of Report.—Such report shall
17	contain a description of the extent to which such a
18	closure or blockade restricts, directly or indirectly,
19	the transport or delivery of United States humani-
20	tarian assistance, and whether such closure or block-
21	ade is considered to restrict, directly or indirectly,
22	the transport or delivery of such assistance for pur-
23	poses of section 620I of the Foreign Assistance Act
24	of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2379).

1	(b) Definition.—The term "independent states of
2	the former Soviet Union" has the meaning given such
3	term in section 3 of the Freedom for Russia and Emerging
4	Eurasian Democracies and Open Markets Support Act of
5	1992 (22 U.S.C. 5801).
6	SEC. 1725. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING THE
7	NAGORNO-KARABAGH CONFLICT.
8	(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of the Con-
9	gress that—
10	(1) the United States shouls take a greater
11	leadership role in working for a negotiated settle-
12	ment of the Nagorno-Karabagh conflict;
13	(2) the Secretary of State should consider the
14	participation of the United States as a co-chair of
15	the OSCE's Minsk Group a priority of the Depart-
16	ment of State; and
17	(3) the United States reaffirms its neutrality in
18	the conflict.
19	(b) Congressional Statement.—The Congress
20	urges the President of the United States and the Sec-
21	retary of State to encourage direct talks between the par-
22	ties to the Nagorno-Karabagh conflict.

- 23 SEC. 1726. CRISIS IN ALBANIA.
- 24 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:

1	(1) During March 1997 United States Armed
2	Forces personnel evacuated approximately 500
3	Americans from Albania.
4	(2) No Americans were injured in the evacu-
5	ation.
6	(3) The military operation was at times risky
7	and dangerous, with helicopters of the United States
8	Armed Forces occasionally receiving fire.
9	(4) Several United States diplomats, including
10	Ambassador Marissa Lino, remained in Tirana dur-
11	ing these unsettled and perilous times.
12	(5) The evacuation is the result of a rebellion
13	in Albania which followed the collapse of several pyr-
14	amid investment schemes.
15	(6) Hundreds of thousands of Albanian citizens
16	lost large portions of their life savings in the pyra-
17	mid investment schemes.
18	(7) Hundreds of Albanians have been killed
19	since the crisis began.
20	(8) The almost complete collapse of central gov-
21	ernmental authority left Albania in a state of near-
22	anarchy.
23	(9) Many weapons depots were raided by the
24	general population of Albania and many small arms
25	were taken by the citizenry.

1	(10) The proliferation of weapons in Albania
2	has made the situation very dangerous.
3	(11) On March 9, 1997, Albania's political par-
4	ties agreed to a nine-point agreement on political
5	reconciliation.
6	(12) Under the nine-point agreement, President
7	Sali Berisha, a member of the ruling Democratic
8	Party, appointed a broadly based unity government,
9	led by an opposition socialist, former mayor of
10	Gjirokaster Bashkim Fino.
11	(13) Under the nine-point agreement, President
12	Berisha and opposition parties have agreed to hold
13	general elections by June 1997.
14	(14) More than 5,500 multinational troops, led
15	by Italy, have entered Albania in order to stabilize
16	the nation and to create a safe security environment
17	for the distribution of humanitarian assistance.
18	(b) Declaration of Policy.—The Congress de-
19	clares the following:
20	(1) United States Armed Forces personnel are
21	to be commended for the evacuation operations in
22	Albania.
23	(2) United States diplomats are to be com-
24	mended for their service in Albania during these
25	dangerous times.

- 1 (3) The nine-point agreement of March 9, 2 1997, among all Albanian political parties represents 3 a key step toward lifting Albania out of the current 4 crisis.
 - (4) Albania's new multiparty leadership is strongly urged to implement in good faith the terms of the nine-point agreement of March 9, 1997, and to do all possible to reinspire the trust of the Albanian people.
 - (5) The Albanian people are strongly urged to afford their new government an opportunity to govern by laying down weapons and making any changes to the government through peaceful means, particularly the upcoming elections.
 - (6) The United States should support the new Albanian Government as it attempts to reestablish calm and achieve political reconciliation and should urge the new government to guarantee human rights, free and fair elections, and freedom of expression.
 - (7) The United States must remain closely engaged in the diplomatic efforts to ease Albania's crisis and should strongly support similar efforts by the Organization for Security and Cooperation in

1	Europe and the multinational force, led by Italy,
2	seeking to stabilize Albania.
3	(8) The United States and the international
4	community should work with the new Albanian Gov-
5	ernment to ensure that upcoming elections will be
6	free and fair by supplying political inducement, tech-
7	nical advice, and large numbers of observers.
8	(9) The United States should support the con-
9	vening of a multinational conference, possibly in
10	Rome, Italy, to consider options for assisting Alba-
11	nia recover from the political and economic crisis.
12	(10) The United States should oppose any chal-
13	lenge to Albania's international borders or territorial
14	integrity offered as a potential solution to the con-
15	flict.
16	SEC. 1727. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS CONCERNING ASSIST-
17	ANCE FOR UKRAINE.
18	(a) In General.—It is the sense of the Congress
19	that—
20	(1) the Government and nation of Ukraine are
21	to be commended for their decision to relinquish the
22	nuclear weapons in the possession of Ukraine after
23	the demise of the former Soviet Union;
24	(2) the Government of Ukraine is to be com-
25	mended for its recent announcement that Ukrainian

- enterprises will not participate in the construction of
 nuclear reactors in Iran;
- 3 (3) the Government of Ukraine is to be com4 mended for taking a positive and cooperative posi5 tion with regard to the admission into the NATO al6 liance of new member-states in Central and Eastern
 7 Europe, particularly Ukraine's willingness to nego8 tiate a bilateral charter with that alliance;
 - (4) the Government of Ukraine is to be commended for its efforts to ensure that the Russian-dominated Commonwealth of Independent States organization does not serve as a means to reintegrate the independent states of the former Soviet Union into a new political entity under Russian leadership and occupying the territory that comprised the former Soviet Union;
 - (5) the Government of Ukraine should immediately move to ensure that United States investors who have been subjected to extortion, fraud, or other criminal activity, or to inappropriate, corrupt activities carried out by officials or representatives of the Ukrainian Government, are provided with full restitution or compensation for their losses;
 - (6) the nation and Government of Ukraine are to be commended for the adoption of a democratic

1	constitution, the conduct of free and fair elections,
2	and the peaceful transfer of executive power since
3	Ukraine gained its independence in 1991; and

- (7) the President should respond positively to any request made by the government of Ukraine for United States government agencies assistance and involvement in the implementation of additional programs to fight corruption in Ukraine and to ensure that American investors in that country are not subjected to unfair, inappropriate, or criminal practices on the part of officials of the Government of Ukraine or any citizens of Ukraine.
- 13 (b) AVAILABILITY OF AMOUNTS FOR UKRAINE.—It 14 is further the sense of the Congress that the President 15 should ensure that Ukraine receives assistance for fiscal 16 years 1998 and 1999 for political and economic reforms 17 at a level equal to that allocated to Ukraine for fiscal year 18 1997.
- 19 SEC. 1728. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING COMPLI-
- 20 ANCE WITH CHILD AND SPOUSAL SUPPORT
- 21 OBLIGATIONS BY UNITED NATIONS PERSON-
- 22 **NEL.**
- (a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of the Con-
- 24 gress that—

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1	(1) all United Nations staff, including dip-
2	lomats, should comply with binding United States
3	Federal, State, and local court orders regarding
4	child and spousal support obligations;
5	(2) the internal regulations of the United Na-
6	tions allows—
7	(A) the United Nations to release staff sal-
8	ary information to the courts in spousal and
9	child support cases;
10	(B) the Secretary General to authorize de-
11	duction of dependency related allowances from
12	staff salary;
13	(C) the United Nations to cooperate with
14	appropriate authorities to facilitate proper legal
15	or judicial resolution of the family's claim.
16	(b) Congressional Statement.—The Secretary of
17	State should urge the United Nations to fully comply with
18	regulations regarding compliance with child and spousal
19	support obligations by United Nations personnel, in a
20	timely manner and to the fullest extent possible.
21	(c) Limitation on Payment of Arrearages to
22	THE UNITED NATIONS.—Notwithstanding any other pro-
23	vision of this Act, of funds appropriated for the payment
24	of United States arrearages to the United Nations out of
25	funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act,

1	\$10,000,000 shall not be available until the Secretary of
2	State certifies that—
3	(1) the United Nations is actively enforcing
4	child and spousal support payments in compliance
5	with Federal, State, and local court orders; and
6	(2) the United Nations is actively reforming its
7	pension policy, making the United Nations pension
8	fund subject to Federal, State, or local court orders
9	of spousal or child support.
10	SEC. 1729. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING DEVEL-
11	OPMENT OF AZERBAIJAN'S CASPIAN SEA PE-
12	TROLEUM RESERVES.
13	It is the sense of the Congress that—
14	(1) the President should seek cooperation from
15	the governments of Armenia, Azerbaijan, and Tur-
16	key, as well as private companies with an interest in
17	developing Azerbaijan's Caspian Sea petroleum re-
18	serves, to encourage the construction of a pipeline
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20	route from Azerbaijan through Armenia that could
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21	route from Azerbaijan through Armenia that could
	route from Azerbaijan through Armenia that could reach Turkey and Mediterranean sea ports; and
21	route from Azerbaijan through Armenia that could reach Turkey and Mediterranean sea ports; and (2) such a route for a pipeline should in no way
21 22	route from Azerbaijan through Armenia that could reach Turkey and Mediterranean sea ports; and (2) such a route for a pipeline should in no way prejudice other trans-Caucasus pipeline routes, but

1	SEC. 1730. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS CONCERNING THE
2	RIGHTS OF PRISONERS IN ANDEAN COUN-
3	TRIES.
4	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following
5	findings:
6	(1) Several American prisoners have spent years in
7	Ecuadorian prisons on drug-related offenses without hav-
8	ing received a trial.
9	(2) The prisoners include James Williams, a
10	United States citizen who has been held for 9
11	months without any findings, and Sandra Chase
12	who has been held for more than 18 months and has
13	never seen a judge.
14	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of the
15	Congress that the Governments of the Andean countries
16	of Peru, Ecuador, Bolivia, Columbia, and Venezuela,
17	should respect the rights of prisoners, including United
18	States citizens, to timely legal procedures and abide by
19	international standards of due process.
20	SEC. 1731. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO AS
21	SISTANCE.
22	(a) In General.—Section 481(e)(4) of the Foreign
23	Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2291(e)(4)) is amend-
24	ed—

1	(1) in subparagraph (A)(ii), inserting "or under
2	chapter 5 of part II" after "(including chapter 4 of
3	part II)"; and

- (2) in subparagraph (B), by inserting before the semicolon at the end the following: ", other than sales or financing provided for narcotics-related purposes following notification in accordance with procedures applicable to reprogramming notifications under section 634A of this Act.".
- 10 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by 11 subsection (a) shall apply with respect to assistance pro-12 vided on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- 13 SEC. 1732. SCHOLARSHIPS TO TIBETAN AND BURMESE STU-
- 14 DENTS.

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- Notwithstanding section 1407(b)(1) of this Act, for
- 16 each of the fiscal years 1998 and 1999 at least 30 scholar-
- 17 ships shall be made available to Tibetan students and pro-
- 18 fessionals who are outside of Tibet (if practicable, includ-
- 19 ing individuals active in the preservation of Tibet's unique
- 20 culture, religion, and language), and at least 15 scholar-
- 21 ships shall be made available to Burmese students and
- 22 professionals who are outside of Burma.

1	SEC. 1733. UNITED STATES POLICY REGARDING RELIGIOUS
2	PERSECUTION AND SUPPORT OF TERRORISM
3	BY SUDAN.
4	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:
5	(1) Continued disregard of the freedom of reli-
6	gion by Sudan is unacceptable.
7	(2) Continued support of terrorist activities by
8	Sudan is of deepest concern and shall not be toler-
9	ated.
10	(b) Financial Transactions With Terrorists.—
11	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the exception
12	with respect to Sudan under section 2332(a) of title 18,
13	United States Code (provided in regulations issued in Au-
14	gust 1996 by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the
15	Department of the Treasury) shall cease to be effective
16	on the date of the enactment of this Act. No such excep-
17	tion under this section may be issued with respect to
18	Sudan until the President certifies to the Congress that
19	Sudan is no longer sponsoring or supporting terrorism.
20	This restriction shall not be interpreted to restrict human-
21	itarian assistance or transactions relating to normal diplo-
22	matic activities.
23	SEC. 1734. SANCTIONS AGAINST SYRIA.
24	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:

- 1 (1) Syria remains in a state of war with Israel 2 and maintains large numbers of heavily armed forces 3 near the border with Israel.
 - (2) Syria occupies Lebanon with almost 40,000 troops and maintains undue influence on all aspects of the Lebanese Government and society.
 - (3) Syria continues to provide safe haven and support for several groups that engage in terrorism, according to the Department of State's "Patterns of Global Terrorism" report for 1996.
 - (4) Syria was listed by the Department of State as a country that does not cooperate in the war on drugs.
 - (5) Syria has not signed the Chemical Weapons Convention, and numerous reports indicate that Syria has increased the production and level of sophistication of chemical weapons. Reports also indicate that such unconventional warheads have been loaded on SCUD-type ballistic missiles with the range to reach numerous targets in friendly nations, such as Israel, Turkey, and Jordan.
 - (6) Syria routinely commits a wide array of serious human rights violations, and according to a recent Human Rights Watch report, is engaging in the

- abduction of Lebanese citizens and Palestinian refugees in Lebanon.
- (7) Several reports indicate that Syria know ingly allowed the explosives used in the June 1996
 Dharan bombing, which killed 19 United States
 service personnel, to pass through Syria from Leb anon to Saudi Arabia.
 - (8) More than 20 trips by former Secretary of State Christopher to Damascus, a meeting between President Clinton and Syrian President Hafez Assad, and a Department of State-sponsored intensive negotiation session at Wye Plantation were all unsuccessful in convincing Syria to make peace with Israel. At the same time, most reports indicated that Israel was prepared to make substantial concessions of land in exchange for peace.
 - (9) According to the Central Intelligence Agency World Fact Book of 1995, petroleum comprises 53 percent of Syrian exports.
 - (10) By imposing sanctions against the Syrian petroleum industry, the United States can apply additional pressure against Syria to press the Assad regime to change its dangerous and destabilizing policies.

1	(b) Policy.—It is the sense of the Congress that the
2	United States should consider applying to Syria sanctions
3	which are currently enforced against Iran and Libya under
4	the Iran and Libya Sanctions Act of 1996 if the Govern-
5	ment of Syria does not eliminate its dangerous and desta-
6	bilizing policies.
7	SEC. 1735. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS RELATING TO THE AB
8	DUCTION AND DETAINMENT OF DONALD
9	HUTCHINGS OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON
10	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following
11	findings:
12	(1) Al-Faran, a militant organization that seeks
13	to merge Kashmir with Pakistan, has waged a war
14	against the Government of India.
15	(2) During the week of July 2, 1995, Al-Faran
16	abducted Donald Hutchings of the State of Wash-
17	ington, another American John Childs, and 4 West-
18	ern Europeans in the State of Jammu and Kashmir
19	John Childs has since escaped.
20	(3) Al-Faran has executed one hostage and
21	threatened to kill Donald Hutchings and the remain-
22	ing Western European hostages unless the Govern-
23	ment of India agrees to release suspected guerrillas
24	from its jails.

(4) Several militants have been captured by the

2	Indian Government and have given conflicting and
3	unconfirmed reports about the hostages.
4	(5) Donald Hutchings and the 3 remaining
5	Western European hostages have been held against
6	their will by Al-Faran for nearly 2 years.
7	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of the
8	Congress that—
9	(1) the militant organization Al-Faran should
10	release, immediately, Donald Hutchings and 3 West-
11	ern Europeans from captivity;
12	(2) Al-Faran and their supporters should cease
13	and desist from all acts of hostage-taking and other
14	violent acts within the State of Jammu and Kash-
15	mir.
16	(3) the State Department Rewards Program
17	should be used to the greatest extent possible to so-
18	licit new information pertaining to hostages; and
19	(4) the governments of the United States, the
20	United Kingdom, Germany, Norway, India, and
21	Pakistan should share and investigate all informa-
22	tion relating to these hostages as quickly as possible.
23	SEC. 1736. CUBAN CIGARS.
24	It is the sense of Congress that the United States
25	should not prohibit the importation into the United States,

1	or the sale or distribution in the United States, of cigars
2	that are the product of Cuba at such time as the Govern-
3	ment of Cuba has—
4	(1) freed all political prisoners;
5	(2) legalized all political activity; and
6	(3) agreed to hold free and fair elections.
7	SEC. 1737. INTERNATIONAL FUND FOR IRELAND.
8	(a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
9	"MacBride Principles of Economic Justice Act of 1997".
10	(b) Additional Requirements.—
11	(1) Purposes.—Section 2(b) of the Anglo-Irish
12	Agreement Support Act of 1986 (Public Law 99-
13	415; 100 Stat. 947) is amended by adding at the
14	end the following new sentences: "United States con-
15	tributions shall be used in a manner that effectively
16	increases employment opportunities in communities
17	with rates of unemployment significantly higher than
18	the local or urban average of unemployment in
19	Northern Ireland. In addition, such contributions
20	shall be used to benefit individuals residing in such
21	communities.".
22	(2) Conditions and understandings.—Sec-
23	tion 5(a) of such Act is amended—
24	(A) in the first sentence—

1	(i) by striking "The United States"
2	and inserting the following:
3	"(1) In general.—The United States";
4	(ii) by striking "in this Act may be
5	used" and inserting the following: "in this
6	Act—
7	"(A) may be used";
8	(iii) by striking the period and insert-
9	ing "; and; and
10	(iv) by adding at the end the follow-
11	ing:
12	"(B) may be provided to an individual or
13	entity in Northern Ireland only if such individ-
14	ual or entity is in compliance with the prin-
15	ciples of economic justice."; and
16	(B) in the second sentence, by striking
17	"The restrictions" and inserting the following:
18	"(2) Additional requirements.—The re-
19	strictions".
20	(3) Prior certifications.—Section 5(e)(2) of
21	such Act is amended—
22	(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking
23	"principle of equality" and all that follows and
24	inserting "principles of economic justice; and";
25	and

1	(B) in subparagraph (B), by inserting be-
2	fore the period at the end the following: "and
3	will create employment opportunities in regions
4	and communities of Northern Ireland suffering
5	the highest rates of unemployment".
6	(4) Annual Reports.—Section 6 of such Act
7	is amended—
8	(A) in paragraph (2), by striking "and" at
9	the end;
10	(B) in paragraph (3), by striking the pe-
11	riod and inserting "; and"; and
12	(C) by adding at the end the following new
13	paragraph:
14	"(4) each individual or entity receiving assist-
15	ance from United States contributions to the Inter-
16	national Fund has agreed in writing to comply with
17	the principles of economic justice.".
18	(5) Requirements relating to funds.—
19	Section 7 of such Act is amended by adding at the
20	end the following:
21	"(c) Prohibition.—Nothing included herein shall
22	require quotas or reverse discrimination or mandate their
23	use.".
24	(6) Definitions.—Section 8 of such Act is
25	amended—

1	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "and" at
2	the end;
3	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking the pe-
4	riod at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
5	(C) by adding at the end the following new
6	paragraphs:
7	"(3) the term 'Northern Ireland' includes the
8	counties of Antrim, Armagh, Derry, Down, Tyrone,
9	and Fermanagh; and
10	"(4) the term 'principles of economic justice'
11	means the following principles:
12	"(A) Increasing the representation of indi-
13	viduals from underrepresented religious groups
14	in the workforce, including managerial, super-
15	visory, administrative, clerical, and technical
16	jobs.
17	"(B) Providing adequate security for the
18	protection of minority employees at the work-
19	place.
20	"(C) Banning provocative sectarian or po-
21	litical emblems from the workplace.
22	"(D) Providing that all job openings be ad-
23	vertised publicly and providing that special re-
24	cruitment efforts be made to attract applicants
25	from underrepresented religious groups.

1	"(E) Providing that layoff, recall, and ter-
2	mination procedures do not favor a particular
3	religious group.
4	"(F) Abolishing job reservations, appren-
5	ticeship restrictions, and differential employ-
6	ment criteria which discriminate on the basis of
7	religion.
8	"(G) Providing for the development of
9	training programs that will prepare substantial
10	numbers of minority employees for skilled jobs,
11	including the expansion of existing programs
12	and the creation of new programs to train, up-
13	grade, and improve the skills of minority em-
14	ployees.
15	"(H) Establishing procedures to assess,
16	identify, and actively recruit minority employees
17	with the potential for further advancement.
18	"(I) Providing for the appointment of a
19	senior management staff member to be respon-
20	sible for the employment efforts of the entity
21	and, within a reasonable period of time, the im-
22	plementation of the principles described in sub-

paragraphs (A) through (H).".

1	(7) Effective date.—The amendments made
2	by this subsection shall take effect 180 days after
3	the date of the enactment of this Act.
4	SEC. 1738. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING ASSIST-
5	ANCE TO LITHUANIA AND LATVIA.
6	It is the sense of the United States House of Rep-
7	resentatives that—
8	(1) adequate assistance should be provided to
9	Lithuania and Latvia in fiscal year 1998;
10	(2) assistance to Lithuania should be continued
11	beyond fiscal year 1998 as it continues to build
12	democratic and free market institutions; and
13	(3) the President should consider continuing as-
14	sistance to Latvia beyond fiscal year 1998, as appro-
15	priate, to build democratic and free market institu-
16	tions.
17	SEC. 1739. STATEMENT CONCERNING CONFLICT IN EAST
18	TIMOR.
19	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:
20	(1) Indonesia invaded East Timor in 1975 and
21	has since systematically oppressed the people of East
22	Timor.
23	(2) Since 1975 one-third of the population of
24	East Timor is estimated to have perished of starva-
25	tion, war, and terror.

1	(3) Indonesia's invasion was condemned by the
2	United Nations, as was its subsequent occupation of
3	East Timor.
4	(4) On November 12, 1991, Indonesian troops
5	opened fire on thousands of peaceful mourners and
6	demonstrators at the Santa Cruz cemetery in Dili,
7	the capital of East Timor, killing hundreds and
8	wounding hundreds.
9	(5) Bishop Carlos Felipe Ximenes Belo has
10	been the preeminent representative of the people of
11	East Timor, and has at great risk to his own life
12	fought for the human and civil rights of the people
13	of East Timor, while also being a steadfast advocate
14	for nonviolence and dialogue between the people of
15	East Timor and the Indonesian authorities.
16	(b) Declaration of Policy.—The Congress af-
17	firms its support for a just and peaceful solution to the
18	conflict in East Timor.
19	SEC. 1740. DESIGNATION OF ROMANIA AS ELIGIBLE FOR
20	ASSISTANCE UNDER THE NATO PARTICIPA-
21	TION ACT OF 1994.
22	(a) Sense of the Congress.—It is the sense of the
23	Congress that—
24	(1) Romania has made tremendous progress to-
25	ward meeting the criteria for accession into the

- North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) by establishing a mature and functioning democracy, a free market economy, civilian control of the armed forces, respect for the rule of law, respect for human rights and civil liberties, and by implementing a strong economic reform;
 - (2) Romania has further exhibited its strong commitment to contribute to the stability, reconciliation, and cooperation among the nations of the region by the very significant signing of the basic political bilateral Treaty with Hungary and recent initialing of a similar document with Ukraine;
 - (3) Romania has already demonstrated its will-ingness and ability to contribute as a future NATO ally to strengthening the military capabilities and strategic cohesiveness of the Alliance by joining, first among Central and Eastern European countries, the Partnership for Peace Program and by actively participating alongside NATO allies in Bosnia, Angola, Somalia, and Albania;
 - (4) due to its size, geo-strategic location, economic and military potential, and huge popular support for NATO integration, Romania is of immense and key strategic importance to European stability; and

1	(5) Romania qualifies under section 203 of the
2	NATO Participation Act of 1994 to receive assist-
3	ance in making the transition to a full NATO mem-
4	bership and should be invited to start accession ne-
5	gotiations at the earliest stage.
6	(b) Designation.—Not later than 180 days after
7	the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall,
8	pursuant to section 203(d)(2) of the NATO Participation
9	Act of 1994, designate Romania as eligible to receive as-
10	sistance under the program established under section
11	203(a) of such Act.
12	TITLE XVIII—WITHHOLDING OF
13	ASSISTANCE TO COUNTRIES
13 14	ASSISTANCE TO COUNTRIES THAT PROVIDE NUCLEAR
14	THAT PROVIDE NUCLEAR
14 15	THAT PROVIDE NUCLEAR FUEL TO CUBA
14 15 16 17	THAT PROVIDE NUCLEAR FUEL TO CUBA SEC. 1801. AMENDMENT TO SECTION 620 OF THE FOREIGN
14 15 16 17	THAT PROVIDE NUCLEAR FUEL TO CUBA SEC. 1801. AMENDMENT TO SECTION 620 OF THE FOREIGN ASSISTANCE ACT OF 1961.
14 15 16 17 18	THAT PROVIDE NUCLEAR FUEL TO CUBA SEC. 1801. AMENDMENT TO SECTION 620 OF THE FOREIGN ASSISTANCE ACT OF 1961. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 620 of the Foreign Assist-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	THAT PROVIDE NUCLEAR FUEL TO CUBA SEC. 1801. AMENDMENT TO SECTION 620 OF THE FOREIGN ASSISTANCE ACT OF 1961. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 620 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2370), as amended by this
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	THAT PROVIDE NUCLEAR FUEL TO CUBA SEC. 1801. AMENDMENT TO SECTION 620 OF THE FOREIGN ASSISTANCE ACT OF 1961. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 620 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2370), as amended by this Act, is further amended by adding at the end the follow-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	THAT PROVIDE NUCLEAR FUEL TO CUBA SEC. 1801. AMENDMENT TO SECTION 620 OF THE FOREIGN ASSISTANCE ACT OF 1961. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 620 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2370), as amended by this Act, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

try for a fiscal year an amount equal to the aggregate

- 1 value of nuclear fuel and related assistance and credits
- 2 provided by that country, or any entity of that country,
- 3 to Cuba during the preceding fiscal year.
- 4 "(2) The requirement to withhold assistance for a
- 5 country for a fiscal year under paragraph (1) shall not
- 6 apply if Cuba—
- 7 "(A) has ratified the Treaty on the Non-Pro-
- 8 liferation of Nuclear Weapons (21 UST 483) or the
- 9 Treaty of Tlatelelco, and Cuba is in compliance with
- the requirements of either such Treaty;
- 11 "(B) has negotiated and is in compliance with
- 12 full-scope safeguards of the International Atomic
- Energy Agency not later than two years after ratifi-
- cation by Cuba of such Treaty; and
- 15 "(C) incorporates and is in compliance with
- internationally accepted nuclear safety standards.
- 17 "(3) The Secretary of State shall prepare and submit
- 18 to the Congress each year a report containing a descrip-
- 19 tion of the amount of nuclear fuel and related assistance
- 20 and credits provided by any country, or any entity of a
- 21 country, to Cuba during the preceding year, including the
- 22 terms of each transfer of such fuel, assistance, or cred-
- 23 its.".
- 24 (b) Effective Date.—Section 620(y) of the For-
- 25 eign Assistance Act of 1961, as added by subsection (a),

- 1 shall apply with respect to assistance provided in fiscal
- 2 years beginning on or after the date of the enactment of
- 3 this Act.
- 4 TITLE XIX—AVAILABILITY OF
- 5 AMOUNTS FOR CUBAN LIB-
- 6 ERTY AND DEMOCRATIC SOL-
- 7 IDARITY ACT OF 1996 AND
- 8 THE CUBAN DEMOCRACY ACT
- 9 **OF 1992**
- 10 SEC. 1901. FUNDS MADE AVAILABLE UNDER CHAPTER 4 OF
- 11 PART II OF THE FOREIGN ASSISTANCE ACT
- 12 **OF 1961.**
- Not less than \$2,000,000 shall be made available
- 14 under chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act
- 15 of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2346; relating to the economic support
- 16 fund), for fiscal years 1998 and 1999 to carry out the
- 17 programs and activities under the Cuban Liberty and
- 18 Democratic Solidarity (LIBERTAD) Act of 1996 (22
- 19 U.S.C. 6021 et seq.) and the Cuban Democracy Act of
- 20 1992 (22 U.S.C. 6001 et seq.).

1	TITLE XX—INTERNATIONAL
2	ARMS SALES CODE OF CON-
3	DUCT WITH ALL WASSENAAR
4	ARRANGEMENT COUNTRIES
5	SEC. 2001. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.
6	It is the sense of the Congress that the President of
7	the United States should attempt to achieve the foreign
8	policy goal of an international arms sales code of conduct
9	with all Wassenaar Arrangement countries. The purpose
10	of this goal shall be to achieve an agreement on restricting
11	or prohibiting arms transfers to countries that—
12	(1) do not respect democratic processes and the
13	rule of law;
14	(2) do not adhere to internationally-recognized
15	norms on human rights; or
16	(3) are engaged in acts of armed aggression.

1	TITLE XXI—UNITED STATES POL-
2	ICY WITH RESPECT TO
3	FORCED ABORTION AND FOR-
4	EIGN ORGANIZATIONS THAT
5	PERFORM OR PROMOTE
6	ABORTION
7	SEC. 2101. FOREIGN ORGANIZATIONS THAT PERFORM OR
8	PROMOTE ABORTION.
9	Section 104 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961
10	(Public Law 87–195), is amended by adding the following
11	new subsection:
12	"(h) RESTRICTION ON ASSISTANCE TO FOREIGN OR-
13	GANIZATIONS THAT PERFORM OR ACTIVELY PROMOTE
14	Abortions.—
15	"(1) Performance of abortions.—
16	"(A) Notwithstanding section 614 of this
17	Act or any other provision of law, no funds ap-
18	propriated for population planning activities or
19	other population assistance may be made avail-
20	able for any foreign private, nongovernmental,
21	or multilateral organization until the organiza-
22	tion certifies that it will not, during the period
23	for which the funds are made available, perform
24	abortions in any foreign country, except where
25	the life of the mother would be endangered if

the pregnancy were carried to term or in cases of forcible rape or incest.

"(B) Paragraph (A) may not be construed to apply to the treatment of injuries or illnesses caused by legal or illegal abortions or to assistance provided directly to the government of a foreign country.

"(2) Lobbying activities.—

"(A) Notwithstanding section 614 of this Act or any other provision of law, no funds appropriated for population planning activities or other population assistance may be made available for any foreign private, nongovernmental, or multilateral organization until the organization certifies that it will not, during the period for which the funds are made available, violate the laws of any foreign country concerning the circumstances under which abortion is permitted, regulated, or prohibited, or engage in any activity or effort to alter the laws or governmental policies of any foreign country concerning the circumstances under which abortion is permitted, regulated, or prohibited.

1	"(B) Paragraph (A) shall not apply to ac-
2	tivities in opposition to coercive abortion or in-
3	voluntary sterilization.
4	"(3) Prohibitions.—
5	"(A) The prohibitions of this subsection
6	apply to funds made available to a foreign orga-
7	nization either directly or as a subcontractor or
8	sub-grantee, and the required certifications
9	apply to activities in which the organization en-
10	gages either directly or through a subcontractor
11	or sub-grantee.".
12	SEC. 2102. FORCED ABORTION IN THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC
13	OF CHINA.
14	Section 301 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961
	Section 301 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (Public Law 87–195), is amended by adding the following
14 15 16	
15	(Public Law 87–195), is amended by adding the following
15 16 17	(Public Law 87–195), is amended by adding the following new subsection:
15 16 17	(Public Law 87–195), is amended by adding the following new subsection: "(i) LIMITATION RELATING TO FORCED ABORTIONS
15 16 17 18	(Public Law 87–195), is amended by adding the following new subsection: "(i) Limitation Relating to Forced Abortions In the People's Republic of China.—Notwithstand-
15 16 17 18	(Public Law 87–195), is amended by adding the following new subsection: "(i) Limitation Relating to Forced Abortions In the People's Republic of China.—Notwithstanding section 614 of this Act or any other provision of law,
15 16 17 18 19	(Public Law 87–195), is amended by adding the following new subsection: "(i) Limitation Relating to Forced Abortions in the People's Republic of China.—Notwithstanding section 614 of this Act or any other provision of law, no funds may be made available for the United Nations
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(Public Law 87–195), is amended by adding the following new subsection: "(i) LIMITATION RELATING TO FORCED ABORTIONS IN THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.—Notwithstanding section 614 of this Act or any other provision of law, no funds may be made available for the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) in any fiscal year unless the
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(Public Law 87–195), is amended by adding the following new subsection: "(i) LIMITATION RELATING TO FORCED ABORTIONS IN THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.—Notwithstanding section 614 of this Act or any other provision of law, no funds may be made available for the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) in any fiscal year unless the President certifies that (1) UNFPA has terminated all ac-

1	are to be made available; or (2) during the 12 months
2	preceding such certification there have been no abortions
3	as the result of coercion associated with the family plan-
4	ning policies of the national government or other govern-
5	mental entities within the People's Republic of China. As
6	used in this section the term 'coercion' includes physical
7	duress or abuse, destruction or confiscation of property,
8	loss of means of livelihood, or severe psychological pres-
9	sure.".
10	TITLE XXII—OTHER FOREIGN
11	POLICY PROVISIONS
12	SEC. 2201. CONDEMNATION OF PALESTINIAN DEATH PEN-
13	ALTY FOR LAND SALES.
13	ALTY FOR LAND SALES.
13 14	ALTY FOR LAND SALES. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:
131415	ALTY FOR LAND SALES. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following: (1) In recent weeks, senior officials of the Pal-
13 14 15 16	ALTY FOR LAND SALES. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following: (1) In recent weeks, senior officials of the Palestinian Authority have announced that the death
13 14 15 16 17	ALTY FOR LAND SALES. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following: (1) In recent weeks, senior officials of the Palestinian Authority have announced that the death penalty will be imposed on anyone who sells land to
13 14 15 16 17 18	ALTY FOR LAND SALES. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following: (1) In recent weeks, senior officials of the Palestinian Authority have announced that the death penalty will be imposed on anyone who sells land to a Jew, based on a now-repealed Jordanian law, even
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	ALTY FOR LAND SALES. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following: (1) In recent weeks, senior officials of the Palestinian Authority have announced that the death penalty will be imposed on anyone who sells land to a Jew, based on a now-repealed Jordanian law, even in Israel.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	ALTY FOR LAND SALES. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following: (1) In recent weeks, senior officials of the Palestinian Authority have announced that the death penalty will be imposed on anyone who sells land to a Jew, based on a now-repealed Jordanian law, even in Israel. (2) Palestinian Authority Chairman Yasser
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	ALTY FOR LAND SALES. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following: (1) In recent weeks, senior officials of the Palestinian Authority have announced that the death penalty will be imposed on anyone who sells land to a Jew, based on a now-repealed Jordanian law, even in Israel. (2) Palestinian Authority Chairman Yasser Arafat stated on May 21, 1997, "Our law is a Jor-

- implement against them what is written in the lawbooks.".
- Palestinian Authority Justice (3)Minister Freih Abu Middein stated on May 5, 1997, "I warned the land dealers several times through the media not to play with fire. For us, whoever sells land to Jews and settlers is more dangerous than collaborators. Therefore, they must be put on trial and sentenced to death * * * they are traitors.".
 - (4) Palestinian Authority Justice Minister Freih Abu Middein stated on May 28, 1997, "it is obligatory to forbid the sale of land in Ramle, Lod, the Negev, and everywhere else * * *. There are many [land dealers] who have fled from Palestine, but anyone who has broken this serious law will remain a wanted fugitive by the Palestinian people, wherever he may go.".
 - (5) Legislation implementing the death penalty was prepared for consideration by the Palestinian Legislative Council, but has not yet been considered.
 - (6) Since the pronouncement of senior Palestinian leaders, at least three Palestinians have been killed for selling land to Israelis, some after visits or other scrutiny by Palestinian security officials.

- There is further evidence that the killings were committed by Palestinian security officials.
 - (7) Three Palestinians were extrajudicially executed following their sale of land to Israelis.
 - (8) The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, to which the United States is a party, states, "sentence of death may be imposed only for the most serious crimes in accordance with the law in force at the time of commission of the crime * * *. This penalty can only be carried out pursuant to a final judgement rendered by a competent court.".
 - (9) The United States has made a financial commitment to the Palestinian Authority with the understanding that the rule of law would prevail, that there would be no official sanction to extrajudicial killings or violations of human rights, and that basic principles of peaceful and normal relations would be upheld.
 - (10) Despite claims to the contrary, there is no law in Israel forbidding the sale of land to Arabs or people of other ethnicities or nationalities.
- 23 (b) Declarations of Policy.—The Congress de-24 clares the following:

- (1) The Congress condemns in the strongest possible terms the abhorrent policy and practice of murdering Palestinians for sales of land to Jews. Such actions are violations of international law and the spirit of the Oslo agreements, casting strong doubt as to whether the Palestinians are in compliance with their commitments to Israel. The Congress finds the endorsement and encouragement of this practice by the most senior leadership of the Palestinian Authority to be reprehensible.
 - (2) The Congress demands that this practice of murder and racism be condemned and renounced by the Palestinian leadership and that it will end immediately. If it does not, the Congress should not permit the provision of direct aid to the Palestinian Authority when the Middle East Peace Facilitation Act of 1995 is considered for reauthorization. The Congress urges the President to take this practice fully into account as he now determines whether the Palestinian Authority is in compliance with its commitments to Israel, which he must do in accordance with the Middle East Peace Facilitation Act of 1995.
 - (3) The Congress strongly urges the Palestinian Legislative Council to reject categorically legislation

1	imposing the penalty of death on those who sell land
2	to Israelis.
3	(c) Transmission of Copies.—The Clerk of the
4	House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate
5	are directed to transmit copies of this section to the Presi-
6	dent of the United States, the Secretary of State, the
7	United Nations Secretary General, the United States Am-
8	bassador to Israel, the Consul General of the United
9	States in Jerusalem, Israel, the Rais of the Palestinian
10	Authority, all members of Palestinian Legislative Council
11	and the office of the Palestine Liberation Organization in
12	Washington, District of Columbia.
13	TITLE XXIII—MISCELLANEOUS
14	PROVISIONS
15	SEC. 2301. ASSISTANCE TO THE DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF
16	CONGO.
17	Notwithstanding section 620(q) of the Foreign As-
18	sistance Act of 1961 or any other provision of law, assist-
19	ance under chapter 1 of part I of the Foreign Assistance
20	Act of 1961 (relating to development assistance) and
21	under chapter 10 of part I of such Act (relating to the
22	Development Fund for Africa) may be made available for

1	TITLE XXIV—SENSE OF THE
2	CONGRESS REGARDING THE
3	IMPRISONMENT OF
4	NGAWANG CHOEPHEL IN
5	CHINA.
6	SEC. 2401. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING THE IM-
7	PRISONMENT OF NGAWANG CHOEPHEL IN
8	CHINA.
9	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following
10	findings:
11	(1) The Chinese Government sentenced Ngawa-
12	ng Choephel to an 18-year prison term plus 4 years
13	subsequent deprivation of his political rights on De-
14	cember 26, 1996, following a secret trial.
15	(2) Mr. Choephel is a Tibetan national whose
16	family fled Chinese oppression to live in exile in
17	India in 1968.
18	(3) Mr. Choephel studied ethnomusicology at
19	Middlebury College in Vermont as a Fulbright
20	Scholar, and at the Tibetan Institute of Performing
21	Arts in Dharamsala, India.
22	(4) Mr. Choephel returned to Tibet in July
23	1995 to prepare a documentary film about tradi-
24	tional Tibetan performing arts.

- (5) Mr. Choephel was detained in August 1995 by the Chinese authorities and held incommunicado for over a year before the Government of the People's Republic of China admitted to holding him, and finally charged him with espionage in October 1996.
 - (6) There is no evidence that Mr. Choephel's activities in Tibet involved anything other than purely academic research.
 - (7) The Government of the People's Republic of China denies Tibetans their fundamental human rights, as reported in the State Department's Country Reports on Human Rights Practices, and by human rights organizations, including Amnesty International and Human Rights Watch, Asia.
 - (8) The Government of the People's Republic of China is responsible for the destruction of much of Tibetan civilization since its invasion of Tibet in 1949.
 - (9) The arrest of a Tibetan scholar such as Mr. Choephel, who worked to preserve Tibetan culture, reflects the systematic attempt by the Government of the People's Republic of China to repress cultural expression in Tibet.
- 24 (10) The Government of the People's Republic 25 of China, through direct and indirect incentives, has

- established discriminatory development programs
 which have resulted in an overwhelming flow of Chinese immigrants into Tibet, including those areas incorporated into the Chinese provinces of Sichuan,
 Yunnan, Gansu, and Quinghai, and have excluded
 Tibetans from participation in important policy decisions, which further threatens traditional Tibetan
 life.
 - (11) The Government of the People's Republic of China withholds meaningful participation in the governance of Tibet from Tibetans and has failed to abide by its own constitutional guarantee of autonomy for Tibetans.
 - (12) The Dalai Lama of Tibet has stated his willingness to enter into negotiations with the Chinese and has repeatedly accepted the framework Deng Xiaoping proposed for such negotiations in 1979.
 - (13) The Chinese have displayed provocative disregard for the concerns of the United States by arresting and sentencing prominent dissidents in close proximity to visits to China by senior United States Government officials.
 - (14) The United States Government policy seeks to foster negotiations between the Government

1	of the People's Republic of China and the Dalai
2	Lama, and presses China to respect Tibet's unique
3	religious, linguistic, and cultural traditions.
1	(h) SENSE OF CONCRESS. It is the sense of the

- 4 (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of the 5 Congress that—
 - (1) Ngawang Choephel and other prisoners of conscience in Tibet, as well as in China, should be released immediately and unconditionally;
 - (2) to underscore the gravity of this matter, in all appropriate official meetings with representatives of the Government of the People's Republic of China, United States officials should request Mr. Choephel's immediate and unconditional release;
 - (3) the United States Government should sponsor and promote a resolution at future meetings of the United Nations Commission on Human Rights and other appropriate international fora regarding China and Tibet which specifically addresses political prisoners and negotiations with the Dalai Lama, until those situations in China and Tibet improve substantially;
 - (4) the United States Department of State should advise American citizens that Tibet is not currently a safe destination for American travelers;

1	(5) an exchange program should be established
2	in honor of Ngawang Choephel, involving students of
3	the Tibetan Institute of Performing Arts and appro-
4	priate educational institutions in the United States;
5	and
6	(6) the United States Government should seek
7	access for internationally recognized human rights
8	groups to monitor human rights in Tibet.
9	DIVISION C—BUY-AMERICAN
10	REQUIREMENTS
11	TITLE XXV—COMPLIANCE WITH
12	BUY-AMERICAN ACT
13	SEC. 2501. BUY-AMERICAN REQUIREMENTS.
14	(a) Compliance With Buy American Act.—None
15	of the funds made available in this Act may be expended
16	by an entity unless the entity agrees that in expending
17	the funds the entity will, consistent with international
18	trade agreements implemented in U.S. law, comply with
19	the Buy American Act (41 U.S.C. 10a–10c).
20	(b) Sense of Congress; Requirement Regard-
21	ING NOTICE.—
22	(1) Purchase of American-Made equipment
23	AND PRODUCTS.—In the case of any equipment or
24	product that may be authorized to be purchased
25	with financial assistance provided using funds made

- 1 available in this Act, it is the sense of the Congress
- 2 that entities receiving the assistance should, in ex-
- 3 pending the assistance, purchase only American-
- 4 made equipment and products.
- 5 (2) Notice to recipients of assistance.—
- 6 In providing financial assistance using funds made
- 7 available in this Act, the head of each Federal agen-
- 8 cy shall provide to each recipient of the assistance
- 9 a notice describing the statement made in paragraph
- 10 (1) by the Congress.
- 11 (c) Prohibition of Contracts With Persons
- 12 Falsely Labeling Products as Made in America.—
- 13 If it has been finally determined by a court or Federal
- 14 agency that any person intentionally affixed a label bear-
- 15 ing a "Made in America" inscription, or any inscription
- 16 with the same meaning, to any product sold in or shipped
- 17 to the United States that is not made in the United
- 18 States, the person shall be ineligible to receive any con-
- 19 tract or subcontract made with funds made available in
- 20 this Act, pursuant to the debarment, suspension, and ineli-
- 21 gibility procedures described in sections 9.400 through
- 22 9.409 of title 48, Code of Federal Regulations.

1	DIVISION D—FOREIGN AID RE-
2	PORTING REFORM ACT OF
3	1997
4	TITLE XXVI—FOREIGN AID
5	REPORTING REFORM
6	SEC. 2601. SHORT TITLE.
7	This division may be cited as the "Foreign Aid Re-
8	porting Reform Act of 1997".
9	SEC. 2602. ANNUAL FOREIGN ASSISTANCE JUSTIFICATION
10	REPORT.
11	(a) In General.—In conjunction with the submis-
12	sion of the annual requests for enactment of authoriza-
13	tions and appropriations for foreign assistance programs
14	for each fiscal year, the President shall submit to the Con-
15	gress a single report containing—
16	(1) an integrated justification for all foreign as-
17	sistance programs proposed by the President for the
18	coming fiscal year; and
19	(2) an assessment of when the objectives of
20	those programs will be achieved so that the assist-
21	ance can be terminated.
22	(b) Specific Information To Be Provided.—
23	Each such report shall include the following:

1	(1) Information regarding a foreign as-
2	SISTANCE PROGRAM GENERALLY.—For each foreign
3	assistance program taken as a whole—
4	(A) the total amount of assistance pro-
5	posed to be provided under that program;
6	(B) the justification for that amount;
7	(C) the objectives that assistance under
8	that program is intended to achieve;
9	(D) an explanation of the relationship of
10	assistance under that program to assistance
11	under other foreign assistance programs; and
12	(E) the President's estimation of the date
13	by which the objectives of that program will be
14	achieved and the program terminated.
15	(2) Information regarding specific assist-
16	ANCE RECIPIENTS.—For each country or organiza-
17	tion which is a proposed recipient of assistance
18	under any foreign assistance program—
19	(A) the amount of each type of assistance
20	proposed;
21	(B) the justification for providing each
22	such type of assistance;
23	(C) the objectives that each such type of
24	assistance is intended to achieve:

1	(D) an explanation of the relationship of
2	each type of assistance proposed to other types
3	of assistance proposed for that recipient; and
4	(E) the President's estimation of the date
5	by which the objectives of assistance for such
6	recipient under each foreign assistance program
7	will be achieved and assistance under that pro-
8	gram to that recipient terminated.
9	The information required by subparagraphs (A)
10	through (E) shall be provided on a recipient-by-re-
11	cipient basis.
12	(3) Information regarding centrally-
13	FUNDED PROGRAMS.—For each centrally-funded
14	program under a foreign assistance program—
15	(A) the amount proposed for such pro-
16	gram;
17	(B) the justification for such program;
18	(C) the objectives each such program is in-
19	tended to achieve;
20	(D) an explanation of the relationship of
21	such program to other types of assistance pro-
22	posed under that foreign assistance program
23	and under other foreign assistance programs;
24	and

1	(E) the President's estimation of the date
2	by which the objectives of such program will be
3	achieved and such program terminated.
4	SEC. 2603. REQUIREMENT FOR CONGRESSIONAL EXPLA-
5	NATION OF PROPOSED CHANGES TO THE
6	PRESIDENT'S FOREIGN ASSISTANCE BUDGET.
7	Any committee of the House of Representatives or
8	any committee of the Senate reporting legislation author-
9	izing the enactment of new budget authority for, or provid-
10	ing new budget authority for, foreign assistance programs
11	shall, to the maximum extent feasible, include in the re-
12	port accompanying that legislation an explanation for any
13	change proposed by that committee—
14	(1) in the total amount of new budget authority
15	authorized or provided (as the case may be) for any
16	foreign assistance program as compared to the
17	amount proposed by the President; or
18	(2) in the amount of assistance for any specific
19	recipient of assistance, or for any centrally-funded
20	program, under any foreign assistance program as
21	compared to the amount proposed by the President.
22	SEC. 2604. DEFINITION OF FOREIGN ASSISTANCE PRO-
23	GRAMS.
24	As used in this chapter, the term "foreign assistance
25	program" includes—

1	(1) any program of assistance authorized by the
2	Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (such as the devel-
3	opment assistance program, the economic support
4	fund program, and the international military edu-
5	cation and training program) or authorized by the
6	African Development Foundation Act, section 401 of
7	the Foreign Assistance Act of 1969 (relating to the
8	Inter-American Development Foundation), or any
9	other foreign assistance legislation;
10	(2) any program of grant, credit, or guaranty
11	assistance under the Arms Export Control Act;
12	(3) assistance under the Migration and Refugee
13	Assistance Act of 1962;
14	(4) assistance under any title of the Agricul-
15	tural Trade Development and Assistance Act of
16	1954;
17	(5) contributions to the International Monetary
18	Fund;
19	(6) contributions to the International Bank for
20	Reconstruction and Development, the International
21	Development Association, or any other institution
22	within the World Bank group; and
23	(7) contributions to any regional multilateral
24	development bank.

1	DIVISION E—MISCELLANEOUS
2	PROVISIONS
3	TITLE XXVII—FUNDS MADE
4	AVAILABLE UNDER SECTIONS
5	103 THROUGH 106 OF THE
6	FOREIGN ASSISTANCE ACT OF
7	1961
8	SEC. 2701. ACTIVITIES AND PROGRAMS IN LATIN AMERICA
9	AND THE CARIBBEAN REGION AND THE ASIA
10	AND THE PACIFIC REGION.
11	Of the amount made available for assistance for a
12	fiscal year under sections 103 through 106 of the Foreign
13	Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151a through 2151d),
14	including assistance under section 104(c) of such Act (22
15	U.S.C. 2151b(c)), the amount made available for activities
16	and programs in Latin America and the Caribbean region
17	and the Asia and the Pacific region should be in at least
18	the same proportion to the total amount of such assistance
19	made available as the amount identified in the congres-
20	sional presentation documents for development assistance
21	for the fiscal year for each such region is to the total
22	amount requested for development assistance for the fiscal
23	vear.

1	DIVISION F—ADDITIONAL
2	MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
3	TITLE XXVIII—INDONESIA
4	MILITARY ASSISTANCE
5	SEC. 2801. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS RELATING TO INDO-
6	NESIA MILITARY ASSISTANCE.
7	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:
8	(1)(A) Despite a surface adherence to demo-
9	cratic forms, the Indonesian political system remains
10	strongly authoritarian.
11	(B) The government is dominated by an elite
12	comprising President Soeharto (now in his sixth 5-
13	year term), his close associates, and the military.
14	(C) The government requires allegiance to a
15	state ideology known as "Pancasila", which stresses
16	consultation and consensus, but is also used to limit
17	dissent, to enforce social and political cohesion, and
18	to restrict the development of opposition elements.
19	(2) The Government of Indonesia recognizes
20	only one official trade union, has refused to register
21	independent trade unions such as the Indonesian
22	Prosperity Trade Union (SBSI), has arrested
23	Muchtar Pakpahan, the General Chairman of the
24	SBSI, on charges of subversion, and other labor ac-

- tivists, and has closed the offices and confiscated
 materials of the SBSI.
 - (3) Civil society organizations in Indonesia, such as environmental organizations, election-monitoring organizations, legal aid organizations, student organizations, trade union organizations, and community organizations, have been harassed by the Government of Indonesia through such means as detentions, interrogations, denial of permission for meetings, banning of publications, repeated orders to report to security forces or judicial courts, and illegal seizure of documents.
 - (4)(A) The armed forces of Indonesia continue to carry out torture and other severe violations of human rights in East Timor, Irian Jaya, and other parts of Indonesia, to detain and imprison East Timorese and others for nonviolent expression of political views, and to maintain unjustifiably high troop levels in East Timor.
 - (B) From May 27 to May 31, the East Timorses resistance forces carried out deplorable human rights violations, including the reported killing of over two dozen persons in an apparent attempt to disrupt national elections. A resistance attack on a truck resulted in the deaths of 16 police-

- 1 men and one soldier. Attacks on polling places also 2 resulted in the deaths of two election officials.
 - (C) Violence on the part of either the Indonesian military or the East Timorese resistance forces is not conducive to the just and peaceful solution to the conflict in East Timor.
 - (D) Indonesian civil authorities must improve their human rights performance in East Timor, Irian Jaya, and elsewhere in Indonesia, and aggressively prosecute violations.
 - (E) The Indonesian authorities and the resistance forces in East Timor must refrain from human rights violations, including attacks on civilians and non-combatants.
 - (5) The Nobel Prize Committee awarded the 1996 Nobel Peace Prize to Bishop Carlos Felipe Ximenes Belo and Jose Ramos Horta for their tireless efforts to find a just and peaceful solution to the conflict in East Timor.
 - (6) In 1992, the Congress suspended the international military and education training (IMET) program for Indonesia in response to a November 12, 1991, shooting incident in East Timor by Indonesian security forces against peaceful Timorese demonstrators in which no progress has been made

- in accounting for the missing persons either in that incident or others who disappeared in 1995–96.
- Warren Christopher stated in testimony before the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, "I think there's a strong interest in seeing an orderly transition of power there [in Indonesia] that will recognize the pluralism that should exist in a country of that magnitude and importance.".
 - (8) The United States has important economic, commercial, and security interests in Indonesia because of its growing economy and markets and its strategic location astride a number of key international straits which will only be strengthened by democratic development in Indonesia and a policy which promotes political pluralism and respect for universal human rights.
- 18 (b) Sense of the Congress.—It is the sense of
 19 the Congress that the United States should not provide
 20 military assistance and arms transfers for a fiscal year
 21 to the Government of Indonesia unless the President de22 termines and certifies to the Congress for that fiscal year
 23 that the Government of Indonesia meets the following re24 quirements:

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- 1 (1) Domestic monitoring of elections.—
 2 (A) The Government of Indonesia provides official
 3 accreditation to independent election-monitoring or4 ganizations, including the Independent Election
 5 Monitoring Committee (KIPP), to observe national
 6 elections without interference by personnel of the
 7 Government or of the armed forces.
 - (B) In addition, such organizations are allowed to assess such elections and to publicize or otherwise disseminate the assessments throughout Indonesia.
 - (2) Protection of nongovernmental organizations,—The police or military of Indonesia do not confiscate materials from or otherwise engage in illegal raids on the offices or homes of members of both domestic or international nongovernmental organizations, including election-monitoring organizations, legal aid organizations, student organizations, trade union organizations, community organizations, environmental organizations, and religious organizations.
 - (3) ACCOUNTABILITY FOR ATTACK ON PDI HEADQUARTERS.—As recommended by the Government of Indonesia's National Human Rights Commission, the Government of Indonesia has investigated the attack on the headquarters of the Demo-

1	cratic Party of Indonesia (PDI) on July 27, 1996,
2	prosecuted individuals who planned and carried out
3	the attack, and made public the postmortem exam-
4	ination of the five individuals killed in the attack.
5	(4) Resolution of conflict in east
6	TIMOR.—
7	(A) ESTABLISHMENT OF DIALOGUE.—The
8	Government of Indonesia is doing everything
9	possible to enter into a process of dialogue,
10	under the auspices of the United Nations, with
11	Portugal and East Timorese leaders of various
12	viewpoints to discuss ideas toward a resolution
13	of the conflict in East Timor and the political
14	status of East Timor.
15	(B) REDUCTION OF TROOPS.—The Gov-
16	ernment of Indonesia has established and im-
17	plemented a plan to reduce the number of Indo-
18	nesian troops in East Timor.
19	(C) Release of Political Prisoners.—
20	Individuals detained or imprisoned for the non-
21	violent expression of political views in East
22	Timor have been released from custody.
23	(5) Improvement in labor rights.—The
24	Government of Indonesia has taken the following ac-

tions to improve labor rights in Indonesia:

1	(A) The Government has dropped charges
2	of subversion, and previous charges against the
3	General Chairman of the SBSI trade union,
4	Muchtar Pakpahan, and released him from cus-
5	tody.
6	(B) The Government has substantially re-
7	duced the requirements for legal recognition of
8	the SBSI or other legitimate worker organiza-
9	tions as a trade union.
10	(c) Sense of the Congress.—It also is the sense
11	of the Congress that the violent acts of the resistance in
12	East Timor should be condemned, as they discredit the
13	East Timorese cause, and could result in additional violent
14	reprisals by the Indonsian armed forces.
15	(d) United States Military Assistance and
16	ARMS TRANSFERS DEFINED.—As used in this section, the
17	term "military assistance and arms transfers" means—
18	(1) small arms, crowd control equipment, ar-
19	mored personnel carriers, and such other items that
20	can commonly be used in the direct violation of
21	human rights; and
22	(2) assistance under chapter 5 of part II of the
23	Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2347 et
24	seq.; relating to international military education and

training or "IMET"), except such term shall not in-

1	clude Expanded IMET, pursuant to section 541 of
2	such Act.
3	DIVISION G—FURTHER ADDI-
4	TIONAL MISCELLANEOUS
5	PROVISIONS
6	TITLE XXIX—PROHIBITION ON
7	FUNDS TO FOREIGN COUN-
8	TRIES THAT ASSIT THE GOV-
9	ERNMENT OF LIBYA
10	SEC. 2901. PROHIBITION ON FOREIGN ASSISTANCE TO ANY
11	COUNTRY THAT ASSISTS LIBYA IN CIR-
12	CUMVENTING UNITED NATIONS SANCTIONS.
13	(a) In General.—None of the funds made available
14	in this Act and the amendments made by this Act shall
15	be made available for assistance to any government if the
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15	be made available for assistance to any government if the
15 16 17	be made available for assistance to any government if the President determines that such country has assisted the
15 16 17	be made available for assistance to any government if the President determines that such country has assisted the Government of Libya in violating sanctions imposed by
15 16 17 18	be made available for assistance to any government if the President determines that such country has assisted the Government of Libya in violating sanctions imposed by United Nations Security Council Resolution 748 (1992).
15 16 17 18	be made available for assistance to any government if the President determines that such country has assisted the Government of Libya in violating sanctions imposed by United Nations Security Council Resolution 748 (1992). (b) Exception.—This section shall not apply if the

1	DIVISION H—ARMS TRANSFERS
2	CODE OF CONDUCT
3	TITLE XXX—ARMS TRANSFERS
4	CODE OF CONDUCT
5	SEC. 3001. SHORT TITLE.
6	This division may be cited as the "Code of Conduct
7	on Arms Transfers Act of 1997".
8	SEC. 3002. FINDINGS.
9	The Congress finds the following:
10	(1) Approximately 40,000,000 people, over 75
11	percent civilians, died as a result of civil and inter-
12	national wars fought with conventional weapons dur-
13	ing the 45 years of the cold war, demonstrating that
14	conventional weapons can in fact be weapons of
15	mass destruction.
16	(2) Conflict has actually increased in the post
17	cold war era, with 30 major armed conflicts in
18	progress during 1995.
19	(3) War is both a human tragedy and an ongo-
20	ing economic disaster affecting the entire world, in-
21	cluding the United States and its economy, because
22	it decimates both local investment and potential ex-
23	port markets.
24	(4) International trade in conventional weapons
25	increases the risk and impact of war in an already

- over-militarized world, creating far more costs than benefits for the United States economy through increased United States defense and foreign assistance spending and reduced demand for United States civilian exports.
 - (5) The United Nations Register of Conventional Arms can be an effective first step in support of limitations on the supply of conventional weapons to developing countries and compliance with its reporting requirements by a foreign government can be an integral tool in determining the worthiness of such government for the receipt of United States military assistance and arms transfers.
 - (6) It is in the national security and economic interests of the United States to reduce dramatically the \$840,000,000,000 that all countries spend on armed forces every year, \$191,000,000,000 of which is spent by developing countries, an amount equivalent to 4 times the total bilateral and multilateral foreign assistance such countries receive every year.
 - (7) According to the Congressional Research Service, the United States supplies more conventional weapons to developing countries than all other countries combined, averaging \$11,889,000,000 a year in agreements to supply such weapons to develop

- oping countries for the six years since the end of the cold war, 58 percent higher than the \$7,515,000,000 a year in such agreements for the six years prior to the dissolution of the Soviet Union.
 - (8) Since the end of the cold war, 84 percent of United States arms transfers have been to developing countries are to countries with an undemocratic form of government whose citizens, according to the Department of State Country Reports on Human Rights Practices do not have the ability to peaceably change their form of government.
 - (9) Although a goal of United States foreign policy should be to work with foreign governments and international organizations to reduce militarization and dictatorship and therefore prevent conflicts before they arise, during 4 recent deployments of United States Armed Forces—to the Republic of Panama, the Persian Gulf, Somalia, and Haiti—such Armed Forces faced conventional weapons that had been provided or financed by the United States to undemocratic governments.
 - (10) The proliferation of conventional arms and conflicts around the globe are multilateral problems, and the fact that the United States has emerged as the world's primary seller of conventional weapons,

- combined with the world leadership role of the United States, signifies that the United States is in a position to seek multilateral restraints on the competition for and transfers of conventional weapons.
 - (11) The Congress has the constitutional responsibility to participate with the executive branch in decisions to provide military assistance and arms transfers to a foreign government, and in the formulation of a policy designed to reduce dramatically the level of international militarization.
 - and arms transfers to a government that is undemocratic, does not adequately protect human rights, is currently engaged in acts of armed aggression, or is not fully participating in the United Nations Register of Conventional Arms, should require a higher level of scrutiny than does a decision to provide such assistance and arms transfers to a government to which these conditions do not apply.

20 **SEC. 3003. PURPOSE.**

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- 21 The purpose of this title is to provide clear policy
- 22 guidelines and congressional responsibility for determining
- 23 the eligibility of foreign governments to be considered for
- 24 United States military assistance and arms transfers.

1	SEC. 3004. PROHIBITION OF UNITED STATES MILITARY AS-
2	SISTANCE AND ARMS TRANSFERS TO CER-
3	TAIN FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.
4	(a) Prohibition.—Except as provided in subsections
5	(b) and (c), beginning on and after October 1, 1998, Unit-
6	ed States military assistance and arms transfers may not
7	be provided to a foreign government for a fiscal year un-
8	less the President certifies to the Congress for that fiscal
9	year that such government meets the following require-
10	ments:
11	(1) Promotes Democracy.—Such govern-
12	ment—
13	(A) was chosen by and permits free and
14	fair elections;
15	(B) promotes civilian control of the mili-
16	tary and security forces and has civilian institu-
17	tions controlling the policy, operation, and
18	spending of all law enforcement and security in-
19	stitutions, as well as the armed forces;
20	(C) promotes the rule of law, equality be-
21	fore the law, and respect for individual and mi-
22	nority rights, including freedom to speak, pub-
23	lish, associate, and organize; and
24	(D) promotes the strengthening of politi-
25	cal, legislative, and civil institutions of democ-
26	racy, as well as autonomous institutions to

1	monitor the conduct of public officials and to
2	combat corruption.
3	(2) Respects human rights.—Such govern-
4	ment—
5	(A) does not engage in gross violations of
6	internationally recognized human rights, includ-
7	ing—
8	(i) extra judicial or arbitrary execu-
9	tions;
10	(ii) disappearances;
11	(iii) torture or severe mistreatment;
12	(iv) prolonged arbitrary imprisonment
13	(v) systematic official discrimination
14	on the basis of race, ethnicity, religion,
15	gender, national origin, or political affili-
16	ation; and
17	(vi) grave breaches of international
18	laws of war or equivalent violations of the
19	laws of war in internal conflicts;
20	(B) vigorously investigates, disciplines, and
21	prosecutes those responsible for gross violations
22	of internationally recognized human rights;
23	(C) permits access on a regular basis to
24	political prisoners by international humani-

1	tarian organizations such as the International
2	Committee of the Red Cross;
3	(D) promotes the independence of the judi-
4	ciary and other official bodies that oversee the
5	protection of human rights;
6	(E) does not impede the free functioning of
7	domestic and international human rights orga-
8	nizations; and
9	(F) provides access on a regular basis to
10	humanitarian organizations in situations of con-
11	flict or famine.
12	(3) Not engaged in certain acts of armed
13	AGGRESSION.—Such government is not currently en-
14	gaged in acts of armed aggression in violation of
15	international law.
16	(4) Full participation in u.n. register of
17	CONVENTIONAL ARMS.—Such government is fully
18	participating in the United Nations Register of Con-
19	ventional Arms.
20	(b) Requirement for Continuing Compli-
21	ANCE.—Any certification with respect to a foreign govern-
22	ment for a fiscal year under subsection (a) shall cease to
23	be effective for that fiscal year if the President certifies
24	to the Congress that such government has not continued

1	to comply with the requirements contained in paragraphs
2	(1) through (4) of such subsection.
3	(c) Exemptions.—
4	(1) In general.—The prohibition contained in
5	subsection (a) shall not apply with respect to a for-
6	eign government for a fiscal year if—
7	(A) subject to paragraph (2), the President
8	submits a request for an exemption to the Con-
9	gress containing a determination that it is in
10	the national security interest of the United
11	States to provide military assistance and arms
12	transfers to such government; or
13	(B) the President determines that an
14	emergency exists under which it is vital to the
15	interest of the United States to provide military
16	assistance and arms transfers to such govern-
17	ment.
18	(2) DISAPPROVAL.—A request for an exemption
19	to provide military assistance and arms transfers to
20	a foreign government shall not take effect, or shall
21	cease to be effective, if a law is enacted disapproving
22	such request.
23	(d) Notifications to Congress.—
24	(1) In general.—The President shall submit
25	to the Congress initial certifications under sub-

section (a) and requests for exemptions under subsection (c)(1)(A) in conjunction with the submission
of the annual request for enactment of authorizations and appropriations for foreign assistance programs for a fiscal year and shall, where appropriate,
submit additional or amended certifications and requests for exemptions at any time thereafter in the
fiscal year.

- (2) DETERMINATION WITH RESPECT TO EMERGENCY SITUATIONS.—The President, when, in his determination, it is not contrary to the national interest to do so, shall submit to the Congress at the earliest possible date reports containing determinations with respect to emergencies under subsection (c)(1)(B). Each such report shall contain a description of—
- 17 (A) the nature of the emergency;
- 18 (B) the type of military assistance and
 19 arms transfers provided to the foreign govern20 ment; and
- 21 (C) the cost to the United States of such 22 assistance and arms transfers.

23 SEC. 3005. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.

It is the sense of the Congress that the Committee 25 on International Relations of the House of Representa-

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1	tives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Sen-
2	ate should hold hearings on—
3	(1) controversial certifications submitted under
4	section 2004(a);
5	(2) all requests for exemptions submitted under
6	section $2004(c)(1)(A)$; and
7	(3) all determinations with respect to emer-
8	gencies under section $2004(c)(1)(B)$.
9	SEC. 3006. UNITED STATES MILITARY ASSISTANCE AND
10	ARMS TRANSFERS DEFINED.
11	For purposes of this title, the terms "United States
12	military assistance and arms transfers" and "military as-
13	sistance and arms transfers" mean—
14	(1) assistance under chapter 2 of part II of the
15	Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to military
16	assistance), including the transfer of excess defense
17	articles under section 516 of that Act;
18	(2) assistance under chapter 5 of part II of the
19	Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (relating to inter-
20	national military education and training); or
21	(3) the transfer of defense articles, defense
22	services, or design and construction services under
23	the Arms Export Control Act (excluding any trans-
24	fer or other assistance under section 23 of such
25	Act), including defense articles and defense services

1	licensed or approved for export under section 38 of
2	that Act.
3	DIVISION I—MISCELLANEOUS
4	PROVISIONS
5	TITLE XXXI—MISCELLANEOUS
6	PROVISIONS
7	SEC. 3101. ASSISTANCE FOR THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION.
8	None of the funds made available to carry out chap-
9	ter 11 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961
10	(22 U.S.C. 2295 et seq.) for fiscal years 1998 and 1999
11	may be made available for the Russian Federation if the
12	Russian Federation, on or after the date of the enactment
13	of this Act, transfers an SS-N-22 missile system to the
14	People's Republic of China.
15	DIVISION J—EUROPEAN
16	SECURITY ACT OF 1997
17	TITLE XXXII—NORTH ATLANTIC
18	TREATY ORGANIZATION (NATO)
19	SEC. 3201. SHORT TITLE.
20	This division may be cited as the "European Security
21	Act of 1997".
22	SEC. 3202. STATEMENTS OF POLICY.
23	The Congress declares the following to be the policy
24	of the United States:

- 1 (1) Policy with respect to Nato enlarge2 Ment.—(A) The emerging democracies in Central
 3 and Eastern Europe that will be invited to begin ac4 cession negotiations with the North Atlantic Treaty
 5 Organization (NATO) at the NATO summit in Ma6 drid on July 8 and 9, 1997, should not be the last
 7 such countries invited to join NATO.
 - (B) The United States should seek to ensure that the NATO leaders assembled in Madrid agree on a process whereby all other emerging democracies in Central and Eastern Europe that wish to join NATO will be considered for membership in NATO as soon as they meet the criteria for such membership.
 - (2) Policy with respect to Negotiations with Russia.—(A) NATO enlargement should be carried out in such a manner as to underscore the Alliance's defensive nature and demonstrate to Russia that NATO enlargement will enhance the security of all countries in Europe, including Russia. Accordingly, the United States and its NATO Allies should make this intention clear in the negotiations with Russia, including those regarding adaptation of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe (CFE) Treaty of November 19, 1990.

- 1 (B) In seeking to demonstrate to Russia 2 NATO's defensive and security-enhancing intentions, it is essential that neither fundamental United 3 States security interests in Europe nor the effectiveness and flexibility of NATO as a defensive alliance 5 6 jeopardized. In particular, no commitments 7 should be made to Russia that would have the effect of— 8
 - (i) extending rights or imposing responsibilities on new NATO members different from those applicable to current NATO members, including with respect to the deployment of nuclear weapons and the stationing of troops and equipment from other NATO members;
 - (ii) limiting the ability of NATO to defend the territory of new NATO members by, for example, restricting the construction of defense infrastructure or limiting the ability of NATO to deploy necessary reinforcements;
 - (iii) providing any international organization, or any country that is not a member of NATO, with authority to review, delay, veto, or otherwise impede deliberations and decisions of the North Atlantic Council or the implementation of such decisions, including with respect to

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1	the deployment of NATO forces or the admis-
2	sion of additional members to NATO; or
3	(iv) impeding the development of enhanced
4	relations between NATO and other European
5	countries that do not belong to the Alliance.
6	(C) In order to enhance security and stability in
7	Europe, the United States should seek commitments
8	from the Russian Federation—
9	(i) to demarcate and respect all its borders
10	with neighboring states;
11	(ii) to station its armed forces on the terri-
12	tory of other states only with the consent of
13	such states and in strict accordance with inter-
14	national law; and
15	(iii) to take steps to reduce nuclear and
16	conventional forces in Kaliningrad.
17	(D) As negotiations on adaptation of the Con-
18	ventional Armed Forces in Europe (CFE) Treaty
19	proceed, the United States should engage in close
20	and continuous consultations not only with its
21	NATO allies, but also with the emerging democ-
22	racies of Central and Eastern Europe, Ukraine, and
23	the newly independent states of the Caucasus region.
24	(3) Policy with respect to ballistic mis-
25	SILE DEFENSE COOPERATION WITH BUSSIA —(A) As

- the United States proceeds with efforts to develop
 defenses against ballistic missile attack, it should
 seek to foster a climate of cooperation with Russia
 on matters related to missile defense. In particular,
 the United States and its NATO allies should seek
 to cooperate with Russia in such areas as early
 warning and technical aspects of ballistic missile defense.
- 9 (B) Even as the Congress seeks to promote bal10 listic missile defense cooperation with Russia, it
 11 must insist on its constitutional prerogatives regard12 ing consideration of arms control agreements with
 13 Russia that bear on ballistic missile defense.
- 14 SEC. 3203. AUTHORITIES RELATING TO NATO ENLARGE-
- 15 MENT.
- 16 (a) POLICY OF SECTION.—This section is enacted in 17 order to implement the policy set forth in section 2(1).
- 18 (b) Designation of Additional Countries Eli-19 Gible for NATO Enlargement Assistance.—
- 20 (1)DESIGNATION OF ADDITIONAL COUN-21 TRIES.—Effective 180 days after the date of the en-22 actment of this Act, Romania, Estonia, Latvia, and 23 Lithuania are each designated as eligible to receive 24 assistance under the program established under sec-25 tion 203(a) of the NATO Participation Act of 1994

1 and shall be deemed to have been so designated pur-2 suant to section 203(d)(1) of such Act, except that 3 any such country shall not be so designated if, prior to such effective date, the President certifies to the 5 Committee on International Relations of the House 6 of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign 7 Relations of the Senate that the country fails to 8 meet the criteria under section 203(d)(3) of the 9 NATO Participation Act of 1994.

- (2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—The designation of countries pursuant to paragraph (1) as eligible to receive assistance under the program established under section 203(a) of the NATO Participation Act of 1994—
 - (A) is in addition to the designation of other countries by law or pursuant to section 203(d)(2) of such Act as eligible to receive assistance under the program established under section 203(a) of such Act; and
 - (B) shall not preclude the designation by the President of other emerging democracies in Central and Eastern Europe pursuant to section 203(d)(2) of such Act as eligible to receive assistance under the program established under section 203(a) of such Act.

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1	(3) Sense of the congress.—It is the sense
2	of the Congress that Romania, Estonia, Latvia, and
3	Lithuania—
4	(A) are to be commended for their
5	progress toward political and economic reform
6	and meeting the guidelines for prospective
7	NATO members;
8	(B) would make an outstanding contribu-
9	tion to furthering the goals of NATO and en-
10	hancing stability, freedom, and peace in Europe
11	should they become NATO members; and
12	(C) upon complete satisfaction of all rel-
13	evant criteria should be invited to become full
14	NATO members at the earliest possible date.
15	(c) REGIONAL AIRSPACE INITIATIVE AND PARTNER-
16	SHIP FOR PEACE INFORMATION MANAGEMENT SYS-
17	TEM.—
18	(1) In general.—Funds described in para-
19	graph (2) are authorized to be made available to
20	support the implementation of the Regional Airspace
21	Initiative and the Partnership for Peace Information
22	Management System, including—
23	(A) the procurement of items in support of
24	these programs; and

1	(B) the transfer of such items to countries
2	participating in these programs.
3	(2) Funds described in
4	this paragraph are funds that are available—
5	(A) during any fiscal year under the
6	NATO Participation Act of 1994 with respect
7	to countries eligible for assistance under that
8	Act; or
9	(B) during fiscal year 1998 under any Act
10	to carry out the Warsaw Initiative.
11	(d) Extension of Authority Regarding Excess
12	Defense Articles.—Section 105 of Public Law 104-
13	164 (110 Stat. 1427) is amended by striking "1996 and
14	1997" and inserting "1997, 1998, and 1999".
15	(e) Conforming Amendments to the NATO Par-
16	TICIPATION ACT OF 1994.—Section 203(c) of the NATO
17	Participation Act of 1994 is amended—
18	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking ", without re-
19	gard to the restrictions" and all that follows and in-
20	serting a period;
21	(2) by striking paragraph (2);
22	(3) in paragraph (6), by striking "appropriated
23	under the 'Nonproliferation and Disarmament Fund'
24	account" and inserting "made available for the
25	'Nonproliferation and Disarmament Fund'";

1	(4) in paragraph (8)—
2	(A) by striking "any restrictions in sec-
3	tions 516 and 519" and inserting "section
4	516(e)";
5	(B) by striking "as amended,"; and
6	(C) by striking "paragraphs (1) and (2)"
7	and inserting "paragraph (1)"; and
8	(5) by redesignating paragraphs (3) through
9	(8) as paragraphs (2) through (7), respectively.
10	SEC. 3204. AUTHORITIES RELATING TO THE TREATY ON
11	CONVENTIONAL ARMED FORCES IN EUROPE.
12	(a) Policy of Section.—This section is enacted in
13	order to implement the policy set forth in section $2(2)$.
14	(b) AUTHORITY TO APPROVE THE CFE FLANK
15	AGREEMENT.—The President is authorized to approve on
16	behalf of the United States the Document Agreed Among
17	States Parties to the Treaty on Conventional Armed
18	Forces in Europe of November 19, 1990, adopted in Vi-
19	enna, Austria on May 31, 1996, concerning the resolution
20	of issues related to the Conventional Armed Forces in Eu-
21	rope (CFE) Treaty flank zone.
22	(c) Sense of Congress With Respect to CFE
23	ADAPTATION.—It is the sense of Congress that any revi-
24	sions to the Treaty on Conventional Armed Forces in Eu-
25	rope that may be agreed in the ongoing CFE adaptation

- 1 negotiations can enter into force only if those revisions are
- 2 specifically approved in a manner described in section
- 3 33(b) of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act (22
- 4 U.S.C. 2573(b)), and no such approval will be provided
- 5 to any revisions to that Treaty that jeopardize fundamen-
- 6 tal United States security interests in Europe or the effec-
- 7 tiveness and flexibility of NATO as a defensive alliance
- 8 by—
- 9 (1) extending rights or imposing responsibilities
- on new NATO members different from those appli-
- cable to current NATO members, including with re-
- spect to the deployment of nuclear weapons and the
- stationing of troops and equipment from other
- 14 NATO members;
- 15 (2) limiting the ability of NATO to defend the
- territory of new NATO members by, for example, re-
- stricting the construction of defense infrastructure
- or limiting the ability of NATO to deploy necessary
- reinforcements;
- 20 (3) providing any international organization, or
- any country that is not a member of NATO, with
- authority to review, delay, veto, or otherwise impede
- deliberations and decisions of the North Atlantic
- Council or the implementation of such decisions, in-
- cluding with respect to the deployment of NATO

1	forces or the admission of additional members to
2	NATO; or
3	(4) impeding the development of enhanced rela-
4	tions between NATO and other European countries
5	that do not belong to the Alliance by, for example,
6	recognizing spheres of influence in Europe.
7	SEC. 3205. BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE COOPERATIVE
8	PROJECTS WITH RUSSIA.
9	(a) Policy of Section.—This section is enacted in
10	order to implement the policy set forth in section $2(3)(A)$.
11	(b) Establishment of Program of Ballistic
12	MISSILE DEFENSE COOPERATION WITH RUSSIA.—The
13	Secretary of Defense is authorized to carry out a program
14	of cooperative ballistic missile defense-related projects
15	with the Russian Federation.
16	(c) CONDUCT OF PROGRAM.—The program of coop-
17	erative ballistic missile defense-related projects with the
18	Russian Federation under subsection (b) may include (but
19	is not limited to) projects in the following areas:
20	(1) Cooperation between the United States and
21	the Russian Federation with respect to early warn-
22	ing of ballistic missile launches, including the shar-
23	ing of information on ballistic missile launches de-
24	tected by either the United States or the Russian
25	Federation, formalization of an international launch

- notification regime, and development of a joint global warning center.
- 3 (2) Technical cooperation in research, develop-4 ment, test, and production of technology and sys-5 tems for ballistic missile defense.
- 6 (3) Conduct of joint ballistic missile defense ex-7 ercises.
- 8 (4) Planning for cooperation in defense against
 9 ballistic missile threats aimed at either the United
 10 States or the Russian Federation.
- 11 (d) DIALOGUE WITH RUSSIA.—The President should 12 seek to initiate a dialogue with the Russian Federation 13 aimed at exploring the potential for mutual accommoda-14 tion of outstanding issues between the two nations on mat-
- 15 ters relating to ballistic missile defense and the Anti-Bal-
- 16 listic Missile Treaty of 1972, including the possibility of
- 17 developing a strategic relationship not based on mutual
- 18 nuclear threats.
- 19 (e) Annual Report.—Not later than January 1,
- 20 1998, January 1, 1999, and January 1, 2000, the Presi-
- 21 dent shall submit to the Congress a report on the coopera-
- 22 tive program under this section. Each such report shall
- 23 include the following:

1	(1) A description of the conduct of the program
2	during the preceding fiscal year, including a descrip-
3	tion of the projects carried out under the program.
4	(2) A description of the status of the dialogue
5	under subsection (d) during the preceding fiscal
6	year.
7	(3) A description of the funding for the pro-
8	gram during the preceding fiscal year and the year
9	during which the report is submitted and the pro-
10	posed funding for the program for the next fiscal
11	year.
12	SEC. 3206. RESTRICTION ON ENTRY INTO FORCE OF ABM
13	TMD DEMARCATION AGREEMENTS.
13 14	TMD DEMARCATION AGREEMENTS. (a) POLICY OF SECTION.—This section is enacted in
14	(a) Policy of Section.—This section is enacted in
14 15	(a) Policy of Section.—This section is enacted in order to implement the policy set forth in section 2(3)(B).
14151617	 (a) Policy of Section.—This section is enacted in order to implement the policy set forth in section 2(3)(B). (b) Restriction.—An ABM/TMD demarcation
14151617	 (a) Policy of Section.—This section is enacted in order to implement the policy set forth in section 2(3)(B). (b) Restriction.—An ABM/TMD demarcation agreement shall not be binding on the United States, and
1415161718	(a) Policy of Section.—This section is enacted in order to implement the policy set forth in section 2(3)(B). (b) Restriction.—An ABM/TMD demarcation agreement shall not be binding on the United States, and shall not enter into force with respect to the United
141516171819	(a) Policy of Section.—This section is enacted in order to implement the policy set forth in section 2(3)(B). (b) Restriction.—An ABM/TMD demarcation agreement shall not be binding on the United States, and shall not enter into force with respect to the United States, unless, after the date of the enactment of this Act,
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Policy of Section.—This section is enacted in order to implement the policy set forth in section 2(3)(B). (b) Restriction.—An ABM/TMD demarcation agreement shall not be binding on the United States, and shall not enter into force with respect to the United States, unless, after the date of the enactment of this Act, that agreement is specifically approved in a manner de-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Policy of Section.—This section is enacted in order to implement the policy set forth in section 2(3)(B). (b) Restriction.—An ABM/TMD demarcation agreement shall not be binding on the United States, and shall not enter into force with respect to the United States, unless, after the date of the enactment of this Act, that agreement is specifically approved in a manner described in section 33(b) of the Arms Control and Disar-

(1) Opposition to multilateralization of ABM treaty.—It is the sense of the Congress that until the United States has taken the steps necessary to ensure that the ABM Treaty remains a bilateral treaty between the United States and the Russian Federation (such state being the only successor state of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics that has deployed or realistically may deploy an anti-ballistic missile defense system) no ABM/TMD demarcation agreement will be considered for approval for entry into force with respect to the United States (any such approval, as stated in subsection (b), to be effective only if provided in a manner described in section 33(b) of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act (22 U.S.C. 2573(b))).

(2) Preservation of U.S. Theater Ballistic Missile defense Potential.—It is the sense of the Congress that no ABM/TMD demarcation agreement that would reduce the potential of United States theater missile defense systems to defend the Armed Forces of the United States abroad or the armed forces or population of allies of the United States will be approved for entry into force with respect to the United States (any such approval, as stated in subsection (b), to be effective only if pro-

- 1 vided in a manner described in section 33(b) of the
- 2 Arms Control and Disarmament Act (22 U.S.C.
- 3 2573(b)).
- 4 (d) ABM/TMD Demarcation Agreement De-
- 5 FINED.—For the purposes of this section, the term
- 6 "ABM/TMD demarcation agreement" means an agree-
- 7 ment that establishes a demarcation between theater bal-
- 8 listic missile defense systems and strategic anti-ballistic
- 9 missile defense systems for purposes of the ABM Treaty,
- 10 including the following:
- 11 (1) The agreement concluded by the Standing
- 12 Consultative Commission on June 24, 1996, con-
- cerning lower velocity theater missile defense sys-
- tems.
- 15 (2) The agreement concluded (or to be con-
- 16 cluded) by the Standing Consultative Commission
- 17 concerning higher velocity theater missile defense
- systems, based on the Joint Statement Concerning
- 19 the Anti-Ballistic Missile Treaty issued on March
- 20 21, 1997, at the conclusion of the Helsinki Summit.
- 21 (3) Any agreement similar to the agreements
- identified in paragraphs (1) and (2).
- 23 (e) ABM TREATY DEFINED.—For purposes of this
- 24 section, the term "ABM Treaty" means the Treaty Be-
- 25 tween the United States of America and the Union of So-

- 1 viet Socialist Republics on the Limitation of Anti-Ballistic
- 2 Missile Systems, signed at Moscow on May 26, 1972 (23)
- 3 UST 3435), and includes the Protocols to that Treaty,
- 4 signed at Moscow on July 3, 1974 (27 UST 1645).
- 5 SEC. 3207. BURDENSHARING.
- 6 It is the sense of the Congress that the United States
- 7 already pays more than a proportionate share of the costs
- 8 of the common defense of Europe, and that the European
- 9 members of NATO should pay the bulk of the costs of
- 10 NATO expansion which are incurred by existing NATO
- 11 members.

Passed the House of Representatives June 11, 1997.

Attest:

ROBIN H. CARLE,

Clerk.

By Julie Perrier,

Assistant to the Clerk.