105TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H.R. 2110

To require employer health benefit plans to meet standards relating to the nondiscriminatory treatment of neurobiological disorders, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 8, 1997

Ms. Delauro (for herself, Mr. Gejdenson, Mr. Gonzalez, Mr. Evans, Mr. Abercrombie, Ms. Kilpatrick, Mr. Stark, Mr. Dellums, and Ms. Rivers) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committees on Education and the Workforce, and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To require employer health benefit plans to meet standards relating to the nondiscriminatory treatment of neurobiological disorders, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Equitable Health Care
- 5 for Neurobiological Disorders Act of 1997".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds that—

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- (1) there are sufficient neuroscientific data to document that many severe "mental" illnesses are actually physical illnesses known as neurobiological disorders that are characterized by significant neuroanatomical and neurochemical abnormalities;
 - (2) American families should have adequate health insurance protection for the costs of treating neurobiological disorders that is commensurate with the protections provided for other illnesses;
 - (3) currently, many public and private health insurance programs discriminate against persons with neurobiological disorders by providing more restrictive coverage for treatments of those illnesses in comparison to coverage provided for treatments of other medical problems;
 - (4) unequal health insurance coverage contributes to the destructive and unfair stigmatization of persons with neurobiological disorders that are as beyond the control of the individuals as are cancer, diabetes, and other serious physical health problems;
 - (5) about 95 percent of what is known about both normal and abnormal structure and function of the brain has been learned in the last 10 years, but millions of severely mentally ill people have yet to

1	benefit from these startling research advances in
2	clinical and basic neuroscience; and
3	(6) according to the National Institutes of Men-
4	tal Health, equitable insurance coverage for severe
5	mental disorders will yield \$2.2 billion annually in
6	net savings through decreased use of general medical
7	services and a substantial decrease in social costs.
8	SEC. 3. STANDARDS FOR NONDISCRIMINATORY TREAT-
9	MENT OF NEUROBIOLOGICAL DISORDERS
10	FOR EMPLOYER HEALTH BENEFIT PLANS.
11	(a) In General.—The standards for the nondiscrim-
12	inatory and equitable treatment by employer health bene-
13	fit plans of individuals with neurobiological disorders are
14	requirements that such plans (and carriers offering such
15	plans) provide for coverage of services that are essential
16	to the effective treatment of neurobiological disorders in
17	a manner that—
18	(1) is not more restrictive than coverage pro-
19	vided for other major physical illnesses;
20	(2) provides adequate financial protection to the
21	person requiring the medical treatment for a
22	neurobiological disorder; and
23	(3) is consistent with effective and common
24	methods of controlling health care costs for other
25	major physical illnesses.

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(b) Plan Deemed to Meet Standards.—An em-

2	ployer health benefit plan shall be deemed to meet the
3	standards described in subsection (a) if the plan provides
4	for the following:
5	(1) Stop-loss protection for catastrophic ex-
6	penses.
7	(2) Coverage of facility-based care.
8	(3) Coverage of outpatient medical management
9	on a par with other medical procedures to encourage
10	the use of cost-effective ambulatory treatment, in-
11	cluding treatment in non-traditional settings.
12	(4) Coverage of visits for psychological support-
13	ive, therapeutic, and rehabilitative services, with co-
14	insurance and fees set to ensure effective cost con-
15	trol of high demand services.
16	(5) Coverage of prescription drugs essential to
17	the cost effective treatment of neurobiological dis-
18	orders.
19	(6) Coverage of medically necessary services for
20	comorbidity of other disorders.
21	SEC. 4. ENFORCEMENT THROUGH EXCISE TAX.
22	(a) In General.—Chapter 43 of the Internal Reve-
23	nue Code of 1986 (relating to qualified pension, etc.,
24	plans) is amended by adding at the end thereof the follow-
25	ing new section:

1	"SEC. 4980F. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH EMPLOYER
2	HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN STANDARDS FOR
3	NONDISCRIMINATORY TREATMENT FOR
4	NEUROBIOLOGICAL DISORDERS.
5	"(a) Imposition of Tax.—There is hereby imposed
6	a tax on the failure of a carrier or an employer health
7	benefit plan to comply with the standards relating to the
8	nondiscriminatory treatment of neurobiological disorders
9	under section 3 of the Equitable Health Care for
10	Neurobiological Disorders Act of 1997.
11	"(b) Amount of Tax.—
12	"(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2),
13	the tax imposed by subsection (a) shall be an
14	amount not to exceed 25 percent of the amounts re-
15	ceived by the carrier or under the plan for coverage
16	during the period such failure persists.
17	"(2) Limitation in case of individual fail-
18	URES.—In the case of a failure that only relates to
19	specified individuals or employers (and not to the
20	plan generally), the amount of the tax imposed by
21	subsection (a) shall not exceed the aggregate of
22	\$100 for each day during which such failure persists
23	for each individual to which such failure relates. A
24	rule similar to the rule of section 4980B(b)(3) shall
25	apply for purposes of this section.

1	"(c) Liability for Tax.—The tax imposed by this
2	section shall be paid by the carrier.
3	"(d) Exceptions.—
4	"(1) Corrections within 30 days.—No tax
5	shall be imposed by subsection (a) by reason of any
6	failure if—
7	"(A) such failure was due to reasonable
8	cause and not to willful neglect, and
9	"(B) such failure is corrected within the
10	30-day period beginning on earliest date the
11	carrier knew, or exercising reasonable diligence
12	would have known, that such failure existed.
13	"(2) WAIVER BY SECRETARY.—In the case of a
14	failure which is due to reasonable cause and not to
15	willful neglect, the Secretary may waive part or all
16	of the tax imposed by subsection (a) to the extent
17	that payment of such tax would be excessive relative
18	to the failure involved.
19	"(e) Definitions.—For purposes of this section, the
20	terms 'carrier' and 'employer health benefit plan' have the
21	respective meanings given such terms in section 5 of the
22	Equitable Health Care for Neurobiological Disorders Act
23	of 1997."

- 1 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
- 2 for chapter 43 of such Code is amended by adding at the
- 3 end thereof the following new item:

"Sec. 4980F. Failure to comply with employer health benefit plan standards for nondiscriminatory treatment for neurobiological disorders.".

- 4 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 5 this subsection shall apply to plan years beginning after
- 6 December 31, 1998.

7 SEC. 5. DEFINITIONS.

- 8 In this Act, the following definitions shall apply:
- 9 (1) Carrier.—The term "carrier" means any
- entity which provides health insurance or health ben-
- efits in a State, and includes a licensed insurance
- company, a prepaid hospital or medical service plan,
- a health maintenance organization, the plan sponsor
- of a multiple employer welfare arrangement or an
- employee benefit plan (as defined under the Em-
- ployee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974), or
- any other entity providing a plan of health insurance
- subject to State insurance regulation.
- 19 (2) EMPLOYER HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN.—The
- term "employer health benefit plan" means a health
- benefit plan (including an employee welfare benefit
- plan, as defined in section 3(1) of the Employee Re-
- tirement Income Security Act of 1974) which is of-
- fered to employees through an employer and for

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1	which the employer provides for any contribution to
2	such plan or any premium for such plan are de-
3	ducted by the employer from compensation to the
4	employee.
5	(3) HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN.—The term
6	"health benefit plan" means any hospital or medical
7	expense incurred policy or certificate, hospital or
8	medical service plan contract, or health maintenance
9	subscriber contract, or a multiple employer welfare
10	arrangement or employee benefit plan (as defined
11	under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act
12	of 1974) which provides benefits with respect to
13	health care services, but does not include—
14	(A) coverage only for accident, dental, vi-

- sion, disability income, or long-term care insurance, or any combination thereof,
- (B) medicare supplemental health insurance,
- (C) coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance,
- 21 (D) worker's compensation or similar in-22 surance, or
 - (E) automobile medical-payment insurance, or any combination thereof.
- 25 (4) Neurobiological disorder.—

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1	(A) In General.—An individual with a
2	"neurobiological disorder" is an individual diag-
3	nosed with one or more of the following condi-
4	tions:
5	(i) Affective disorders, including bipo-
6	lar disorder and major depressive disorder.
7	(ii) Anxiety disorders, including obses-
8	sive-compulsive disorder and panic dis-
9	order.
10	(iii) Attention deficit disorders.
11	(iv) Autism and other pervasive devel-
12	opmental disorders.
13	(v) Psychotic disorders, including
14	schizophrenia spectrum disorders.
15	(vi) Tourette's disorder.
16	(B) Periodic review of definition.—
17	(i) In general.—Not later than 6
18	months after the date of the enactment of
19	this Act, the Secretary of Health and
20	Human Services shall promulgate regula-
21	tions directing the National Institute of
22	Mental Health to conduct a biannual re-
23	view of the definition of neurobiological
24	disorders under subparagraph (A). In con-
25	ducting such review, the National Institute

1	of Mental Health shall consult with extra-
2	mural researchers to review such definition
3	and make recommendations for necessary
4	revisions.
5	(ii) Review by advisory council
6	REQUIRED.—The Secretary may not pro-

REQUIRED.—The Secretary may not promulgate any regulation modifying the definition of neurobiological disorders under subsection (a) until the recommendations of the National Institute of Mental Health under clause (i) have been reviewed by the National Advisory Mental Health Council.

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