105TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 4717

To provide Outer Continental Shelf Impact Assistance to State and local governments, to amend the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965, the Urban Park and Recreation Recovery Act of 1978, and the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act (commonly referred to as the Pittman-Robertson Act) to establish a fund to meet the outdoor conservation and recreation needs of the American people, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

October 7, 1998

Mr. Young of Alaska (for himself, Mr. Dingell, Mr. Tauzin, Mr. Baker, Mr. John, Mr. Chambliss, Mr. Bob Schaffer of Colorado, Mr. Lampson, Mr. Barcia, and Mr. Jefferson) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Resources

A BILL

To provide Outer Continental Shelf Impact Assistance to State and local governments, to amend the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965, the Urban Park and Recreation Recovery Act of 1978, and the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act (commonly referred to as the Pittman-Robertson Act) to establish a fund to meet the outdoor conservation and recreation needs of the American people, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 2 This Act may be cited as the "Conservation and Rein-
- 3 vestment Act of 1998".

4 TITLE I—OUTER CONTINENTAL

5 SHELF IMPACT ASSISTANCE

6 SEC. 101. FINDINGS.

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- 7 The Congress finds and declares that—
- 8 (1) the Nation owns valuable mineral assets
 9 that are located both onshore and on the Federal
 10 Outer Continental Shelf and the policy of the Fed11 eral Government is to develop those resources for
 12 the benefit of the Nation, under certain restrictions
 13 that are designed to prevent environmental damage
 14 and other adverse impacts;
 - (2) development of these resources of the Nation is accompanied by unavoidable environmental impacts and public service impacts in the States that host this development whether the development occurs onshore or on the Federal Outer Continental Shelf;
 - (3) the Federal Government has a responsibility to assist States that host the development of Federal mineral assets to mitigate adverse environmental and public service impacts incurred due to that development;

- 1 (4) the Federal Government discharges its re2 sponsibility to States that host onshore Federal min3 eral development by sharing 50 percent of the reve4 nue derived from the mineral development with the
 5 host State pursuant to section 35 of the Mineral
 6 Leasing Act;
 - (5) today Federal mineral development is occurring as far as 200 miles offshore and occurs off the coasts of only 6 States and section 8(g) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act does not adequately compensate these States for the onshore impacts of the offshore Federal mineral development;
 - (6) Federal Outer Continental Shelf mineral development is an important and secure source of our Nation's supply of oil and natural gas;
 - (7) the Outer Continental Shelf Advisory Committee of the Department of the Interior, consisting of representatives of coastal States, recommended in October 1997, that Federal mineral revenue derived from the entire Outer Continental Shelf be shared with all coastal States and territories to mitigate onshore impacts from Federal offshore mineral development and for other environmental mitigation;
 - (8) Federal mineral assets are a nonrenewable, capital asset of the Nation; the production and sale

- of this asset produces revenue to the Nation that is also a capital asset of the Nation; thus, a portion of the revenue derived from the production and sale of Federal mineral should be reinvested in the Nation through environmental mitigation and public service improvements; and
 - (9) it is fair to share a portion of the revenue derived from Federal Outer Continental Shelf production with the impacted States; an emphasis on where this production takes place should not be construed as incentive for development.

12 SEC. 102. DEFINITIONS.

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- 13 For purposes of this title:
 - (1) The term "allocable share" means, for a coastal State, that portion of revenue that is available to be distributed to that coastal State under this title. For an eligible political subdivision of a coastal State, such term means that portion of revenue that is available to be distributed to that political subdivision under this title.
 - (2) The term "coastal population" means the population of all political subdivisions, as determined by the most recent official data of the Census Bureau, contained in whole or in part within the designated coastal boundary of a State as defined in a

- State's coastal zone management program under the Coastal Zone Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1455).
- 3 (3) The term "coastline" has the same meaning 4 that it has in the Submerged Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 5 1301 et seq.).
 - (4) The term "eligible political subdivision" means a political subdivision of a coastal State which political subdivision has a seaward boundary that lies within a distance of 200 miles from the geographic center of any leased tract. The Secretary shall annually provide a list of all eligible political subdivisions of each coastal State to the Governor of such State.
 - (5) The term "political subdivision" means the local political jurisdiction immediately below the level of State government, including counties, parishes, and boroughs. If State law recognizes an entity of general government that functions in lieu of, and is not within, a county, parish, or borough, the Secretary may recognize an area under the jurisdiction of such other entities of general government as a political subdivision for purposes of this title.
 - (6) The term "coastal State" means any State of the United States bordering on the Atlantic Ocean, the Pacific Ocean, the Arctic Ocean, the Ber-

- 1 ing Sea, the Gulf of Mexico, or any of the Great
- 2 Lakes, Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the
- Wirgin Islands, and the Commonwealth of the North-
- 4 ern Mariana Islands.

- (7) The term "distance" means minimum great
 circle distance, measured in statute miles.
 - (8) The term "fiscal year" means the Federal Government's accounting period which begins on October 1st and ends on September 30th, and is designated by the calendar year in which it ends.
 - (9) The term "Governor" means the highest elected official of a coastal State.
 - (10) The term "leased tract" means a tract, leased under section 8 of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1337) for the purpose of drilling for, developing and producing oil and natural gas resources, which is a unit consisting of either a block, a portion of a block, a combination of blocks and/or portions of blocks, as specified in the lease, and as depicted on an Outer Continental Shelf Official Protraction Diagram.
 - (11) The term "qualified Outer Continental Shelf revenues" means all moneys received by the United States from each leased tract or portion of a leased tract lying seaward of the zone defined and

- 1 governed by section 8(g) of the Outer Continental 2 Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1337(g)), or lying with-3 in such zone but to which section 8(g) does not apply, the geographic center of which lies within a 5 distance of 200 miles from any part of the coastline 6 of any coastal State, including bonus bids, rents, 7 royalties (including payments for royalty taken in 8 kind and sold), net profit share payments, and relat-9 ed late-payment interest from natural gas and oil 10 leases issued pursuant to the Outer Continental 11 Shelf Lands Act.
 - (12) The term "Outer Continental Shelf" means all submerged lands lying seaward and outside of the area of "lands beneath navigable waters" as defined in section 2(a) of the Submerged lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1301(a)), and of which the subsoil and seabed appertain to the United States and are subject to its jurisdiction and control.
- (13) The term "Secretary" means the Secretaryof the Interior or the Secretary's designee.

21 SEC. 103. IMPACT ASSISTANCE FORMULA AND PAYMENTS.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND.—(1) There is established in the Treasury of the United States a fund which shall be known as the "Outer Continental Shelf Impact Assistance Fund" (referred to in this Act as "the Fund").

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- 1 The Secretary shall deposit in the Fund in this section
- 2 27 percent of the qualified Outer Continental Shelf reve-
- 3 nues.
- 4 (2) The Secretary of the Treasury shall invest mon-
- 5 eys in the Fund that are excess to expenditures at the
- 6 written request of the Secretary, in public debt securities
- 7 with maturities suitable to the needs of the Fund, as de-
- 8 termined by the Secretary, and bearing interest at rates
- 9 determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, taking into
- 10 consideration current market yields on outstanding mar-
- 11 ketable obligations of the United States of comparable ma-
- 12 turity.
- 13 (b) Payment to States.—Notwithstanding section
- 14 9 of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C.
- 15 1338), the Secretary shall, without further appropriation,
- 16 make payments in each fiscal year to coastal States and
- 17 to eligible political subdivisions equal to the amount depos-
- 18 ited in the Fund for the prior fiscal year, together with
- 19 the portion of interest earned from investment of the
- 20 funds which corresponds to that amount (reduced by any
- 21 refunds paid under section 107(b)). Such payments shall
- 22 be allocated among the coastal States and eligible political
- 23 subdivisions as provided in this section.
- 24 (c) Determination of States' Allocable
- 25 Shares.—

- (1) Allocable share for each state.—For each coastal State, the Secretary shall determine the State's allocable share of the total amount of the revenues deposited in the Fund for each fiscal year using the following weighted formula:
 - (A) 50 percent of each State's allocable share shall be computed as provided in paragraph (2).
 - (B) 25 percent of each State's allocable share shall be based on the ratio of each State's shoreline miles to the shoreline miles of all coastal States.
 - (C) 25 percent of the States allocable share shall be based on the ratio of each State's coastal population to the coastal population of all coastal States.
 - (2) Offshore outer continental shelf production share.—If any portion of a coastal State lies within a distance of 200 miles from the geographic center of any leased tract, such State shall receive part of its allocable share under paragraph (1)(A) based on the Outer Continental Shelf oil and gas production offshore of such State. Such part of its allocable share shall be inversely proportional to the distance between the nearest point on

the coastline of such State and the geographic center of each leased tract or portion of the leased tract (to the nearest whole mile), as determined by the Secretary.

(3) MINIMUM STATE SHARE.—

(A) In General.—The allocable share of revenues determined by the Secretary under this subsection for each coastal State with an approved coastal management program (as defined by the Coastal Zone Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1451)) or which is making satisfactory progress toward one shall not be less than 0.50 percent of the total amount of the revenues deposited in the Fund for each fiscal year. For any other coastal State the allocable share of such revenues shall not be less than 0.25 percent of such revenues.

(B) RECOMPUTATION.—Where one or more coastal States' allocable shares, as computed under paragraph (1) and (2), are increased by any amount under this paragraph, the allocable share for all other coastal States shall be recomputed and reduced by the same amount so that not more than 100 percent of the amount deposited in the fund is allocated to

- all coastal States. The reduction shall be di-
- 2 vided pro rata among such other coastal States.
- 3 (d) Payments to State.—50 percent of each
- 4 State's allocable share, as determined under subsection
- 5 (c), shall be paid to the State, except that in the case of
- 6 a coastal State in which there is no eligible political sub-
- 7 division, 100 percent of the State's allocable share, as de-
- 8 termined under subsection (c), shall be paid to the State.
- 9 (e) Payments to Political Subdivisions.—50
- 10 percent of each State's allocable share, as determined
- 11 under subsection (c), shall be paid to the eligible political
- 12 subdivisions in such State. Such payments shall be allo-
- 13 cated among the eligible political subdivisions of the State
- 14 according to ratios that are inversely proportional to the
- 15 distance between the nearest point on the seaward bound-
- 16 ary of each such eligible political subdivision and the geo-
- 17 graphic center of each leased tract or portion of the leased
- 18 tract (to the nearest whole mile), as determined by the
- 19 Secretary.
- 20 (f) Time of Payment.—(1) Payments to coastal
- 21 States and eligible political subdivisions under this section
- 22 shall be made not later than December 31 of each year
- 23 from revenues received and interest earned thereon during
- 24 the immediately preceding fiscal year. Payment shall not

- 1 commence before the date 12 months following the date
- 2 of enactment of this Act.
- 3 (2) Any amount in the Fund not paid to coastal
- 4 States and eligible political subdivisions under this section
- 5 in any fiscal year shall be disposed of according to the
- 6 law otherwise applicable to receipts from leases on the
- 7 Outer Continental Shelf.
- 8 SEC. 104. USES OF FUNDS.
- 9 Funds received pursuant to this title shall be used
- 10 by the coastal States and eligible political subdivisions for
- 11 projects and activities, including but not limited to the fol-
- 12 lowing:
- 13 (1) Air quality, water quality, fish and wildlife,
- wetlands, or other coastal resources.
- 15 (2) Other activities of such State or political
- subdivision, authorized by the Coastal Zone Manage-
- 17 ment Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.), the pro-
- visions of subtitle B of title IV of the Oil Pollution
- 19 Act of 1990 (104 Stat. 523), or the Federal Water
- Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.).
- 21 (3) Administrative costs of complying with the
- 22 provisions of this subtitle.
- 23 (4) Uses related to the Outer Continental Shelf
- Lands Act.

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| 1 | (5) Mitigating impacts of Outer Continental |
| 2 | Shelf activities including onshore infrastructure and |
| 3 | public service needs. |
| 4 | SEC. 105. OBLIGATIONS OF ELIGIBLE POLITICAL SUBDIVI- |
| 5 | SIONS AND STATES. |
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| 6 | (a) Project Submission.—Prior to the receipt of |
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| | funds pursuant to this title for any fiscal year, an eligible |

division proposes to expend such funds. Such plan shall

projects and activities for which the eligible political sub-

- 12 state the amounts proposed to be expended for each
- 13 project or activity during the upcoming fiscal year.
- 14 (b) Project Approval.—Prior to the payment of
- 15 funds pursuant to this title to any eligible political subdivi-
- sion for any fiscal year, the Governor must approve the 16
- plan submitted by the eligible political subdivision pursu-17
- 18 ant to subsection (a) and notify the Secretary of such ap-
- proval. State approval of any such plan shall be consistent 19
- with all applicable State and Federal law. In the event
- the Governor disapproves any such plan, the funds that 21
- 22 would otherwise be paid to the eligible political subdivision
- 23 shall be placed in escrow by the Secretary pending modi-
- fication and approval of such plan, at which time such
- funds together with interest thereon shall be paid to the

- 1 eligible political subdivision. Any eligible political subdivi-
- 2 sion that fails to receive approval from the Governor of
- 3 such plan may appeal to the Secretary and the Secretary
- 4 may approve or disapprove such plan based on the criteria
- 5 set for in section 105.
- 6 (c) Certification.—Not later than 60 days after
- 7 the end of the fiscal year, any eligible political subdivision
- 8 receiving funds under this title shall certify to the Gov-
- 9 ernor—
- 10 (1) the amount of such funds expended by the
- political subdivision during the previous fiscal year;
- 12 (2) the amounts expended on each project or
- 13 activity;
- 14 (3) a general description of how the funds were
- expended; and
- 16 (4) the status of each project or activity.
- 17 SEC. 106. ANNUAL REPORT; REFUNDS.
- 18 (a) Report.—On June 15 of each year, the Governor
- 19 of each State receiving moneys from the Fund under this
- 20 title shall account for all moneys so received for the pre-
- 21 vious fiscal year in a written report to the Secretary and
- 22 the Congress. The report shall include a description of all
- 23 projects and activities receiving funds under this title, in-
- 24 cluding all information required under section 105(c).

- 1 (b) REFUNDS.—In those instances where through ju-
- 2 dicial decision, administrative review, arbitration, or other
- 3 means there are royalty refunds owed to entities generat-
- 4 ing revenues under this title, 27 percent of such refunds
- 5 shall be paid from amounts available in the Fund.

6 TITLE II—STATE, LOCAL, AND

7 URBAN CONSERVATION AND

8 RECREATION

- 9 SEC. 201. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.
- 10 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:
- 11 (1) The Land and Water Conservation Fund
- 12 Act of 1965 embodied a visionary concept—that a
- portion of the proceeds from Outer Continental
- 14 Shelf mineral leasing revenues and the depletion of
- a nonrenewable natural resource should result in a
- legacy of public places accessible for conservation
- and public recreation and benefit from resources be-
- longing to all people, of all generations, and the en-
- hancement of the most precious and most renewable
- 20 natural resource of any nation, healthy and active
- 21 citizens.
- 22 (2) The States and local governments were to
- occupy a pivotal role in accomplishing the purposes
- of the Land and Water Conservation Act of 1965
- and the Act originally provided an equitable portion

- of funds to the States, and through them, to local governments.
- 3 (3) However, because of competition for limited 4 Federal moneys and the need for an annual appro-5 priation, this original intention has been abandoned 6 and, in recent years, the States have not received an 7 equitable proportion of funds.
 - (4) Nonetheless, with population growth and urban sprawl, the demand for conservation and recreation areas at the State and local level, including urban localities, remains a high priority for our citizens.
 - (5) A new vision is called for—a vision that encompasses a multilevel national network of parks, conservation and recreation areas, that reaches across the country to touch all communities. National parks are not enough; the Federal government alone cannot accomplish this. A national vision, backed by realistic national funding support, to stimulate State, local, and private sector, as well as Federal efforts, is the only way to effectively address our ongoing outdoor conservation and recreation needs.
 - (6) In addition to the demand at the State and local level, there has been an increasing unmet need

- for Federal moneys to be made available for Federal
- 2 purposes under the Land and Water Conservation
- Fund Act of 1965, with lands identified as impor-
- 4 tant for Federal acquisition not being acquired for
- 5 several years due to insufficient funds.
- 6 (b) Purpose.—The purpose of this title is to revital-
- 7 ize and complement State, local, and private commitments
- 8 envisioned in the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act
- 9 of 1965 and the Urban Park and Recreation Recovery Act
- 10 of 1978 by providing grants for State, local, and urban
- 11 conservation and recreation needs, and to provide a secure
- 12 source of Federal purposes under the Land and Water
- 13 Conservation Fund Act of 1965.
- 14 SEC. 202. FUNDING FOR STATE, LOCAL, AND URBAN CON-
- 15 SERVATION AND RECREATION.
- 16 (a) Revenues.—Section 2 of the Land and Water
- 17 Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460l–5(c)(1))
- 18 is amended by redesignating paragraph (1) of subsection
- 19 (c) as subsection (d) and by amending subsection (c) to
- 20 read as follows:
- 21 "(c) Outer Continental Shelf Revenues.—23
- 22 percent of the qualified Outer Continental Shelf revenues
- 23 (as defined in section 102 of the Conservation and Rein-
- 24 vestment Act of 1998) shall also be covered into the Land
- 25 and Water Conservation Fund in the Treasury in each fis-

- 1 cal year through September 30, 2015, but only to the ex-
- 2 tent that such revenues in such fiscal year do not exceed
- 3 \$900,000,000. Revenues covered into the fund under this
- 4 subsection shall be available, without further appropria-
- 5 tion, to carry out this Act.".
- 6 (c) Conforming Amendment.—Section 3 of the
- 7 Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16
- 8 U.S.C. 460l-6) is amended by striking "Moneys" and in-
- 9 serting "Except as provided under section 2(c), moneys".
- 10 (d) Allocation of Funds.—Section 5 of the Land
- 11 and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C.
- 12 460l–7) is amended as follows:
- 13 (1) By striking "ALLOCATION" and inserting
- "(a) IN GENERAL" after "SEC 5.".
- 15 (2) By striking the second sentence and all that
- 16 follows down through the period at the end thereof.
- 17 (3) By adding at the end the following new sub-
- section at the end:
- 19 "(b) Allocation.—Amounts available in the fund
- 20 under section 2(c)(1) of this Act (16 U.S.C. 460l-5(c)(1))
- 21 for obligation or expenditure may be obligated or expended
- 22 only as follows—
- "(1) 42 percent shall be available for Federal
- purposes. 25 percent of such moneys shall be made
- available to the Secretary of Agriculture for the ac-

1 quisition of lands, waters, or interests in land or 2 water within the exterior boundaries of areas of the 3 National Forest System or any other land management unit established by Act of Congress and man-5 aged by the Secretary of Agriculture, and 75 percent 6 of such moneys shall be available to the Secretary of 7 the Interior for the acquisition of lands, waters, or 8 interests in land or water within the exterior bound-9 aries of areas of the National Park System, National 10 Wildlife Refuge System, or any other land manage-11 ment unit established by Act of Congress and man-12 aged by the Secretary of the Interior. At least 2/3 of 13 the moneys available under this subparagraph for 14 Federal purposes shall be spent east of the 100th 15 meridian.

- "(2) 42 percent shall be available for financial assistance to the States under section 6 of this Act (16 U.S.C. 460l-8) distributed according to the following allocation formula:
- 20 "(A) 60 percent shall be apportioned 21 equally among the States.
 - "(B) 20 percent shall be appointed on the basis of the ratio which the population of each State bears to the total population of all States.

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"(C) 20 percent shall be apportioned on 1 2 the basis of the ratio which the acreage of each 3 State bears to the total acreage of all States. "(3) 16 percent shall be available to local gov-4 5 ernments through the Urban Parks and Recreation 6 Recovery Program (16 U.S.C. 2501–2514) of the 7 Department of the Interior.". 8 (e) Tribes and Alaska Native Village Corpora-TIONS.—Section 6(b)(5) of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460l–8(b)(5)) is amend-10 ed as follows: 11 (1) By inserting "(A)" after "(5)". 12 13 (2) By adding at the end the following new sub-14 paragraph: 15 "(B) For the purposes of paragraph (1), 16 all federally recognized Indian tribes and Alas-17 ka Native Village Corporations (as defined in 18 section 3(j) of the Alaska Native Claims Settle-19 ment Act (43 U.S.C. 1602(j)) shall be treated 20 collectively as 1 State, and shall receive shares 21 of the apportionment under paragraph (1) in accordance with a competitive grant program 22 23 established by the Secretary by rule. Such rule 24 shall ensure that in each fiscal year no single

tribe or Village Corporation receives more than

- 1 10 percent of the total amount made available 2 to all tribes and Village Corporations pursuant 3 to the apportionment under paragraph (1). 4 Funds received by an Indian tribe or Village 5 Corporation under this subparagraph may be
- expended only for the purposes specified in paragraphs (1) and (3) of subsection (b).".
- 8 (f) Local Allocation.—Section 6(b) of the Land
- 9 and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C.

460l-8(b)) is amended by adding the following new para-

11 graph at the end:

- 12 "(6) Absent some compelling and annually doc-
- umented reason to the contrary acceptable to the
- 14 Secretary of the Interior, each State (other than an
- area treated as a State under paragraph (5)) shall
- make available as grants to local governments, at
- least 50 percent of the annual State apportionment,
- or an equivalent amount made available from other
- 19 sources.".
- 20 (g) Match.—Subsection 6(c) of the Land and Water
- 21 Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460l–8(c)) is
- 22 amended to read as follows:
- 23 "(c) Matching Requirements.—Payments to any
- 24 State shall cover not more than 50 percent of the cost
- 25 of outdoor conservation and recreation planning, acquisi-

- 1 tion, or development projects that are undertaken by the
- 2 State.".
- 3 (h) STATE ACTION AGENDA.—(1) Section 6(d) of the
- 4 Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16
- 5 U.S.C. 460l–8(d)) is amended to read as follows:
- 6 "(d) State Action Agenda Required.—Each
- 7 State may define its own priorities and criteria for selec-
- 8 tion of outdoor conservation and recreation acquisition
- 9 and development projects eligible for grants under this Act
- 10 so long as it provides for public involvement in this process
- 11 and publishes an accurate and current State Action Agen-
- 12 da for Community Conservation and Recreation indicating
- 13 the needs it has identified and the priorities and criteria
- 14 it has established. In order to assess its needs and estab-
- 15 lish its overall priorities, each State, in partnership with
- 16 its local governments and Federal agencies, and in con-
- 17 sultation with its citizens, shall develop, within 5 years
- 18 after the enactment of the Conservation and Reinvestment
- 19 Act of 1998, a State Action Agenda for Community Con-
- 20 servation and Recreation that meets the following require-
- 21 ments:
- 22 "(1) The agenda must be strategic, originating
- in broad-based and long-term needs, but focused on
- actions that can be funded over the next 4 years.

1 "(2) The agenda must be updated at least once 2 every 4 years and certified by the Governor that the 3 State Action Agenda for Community Conservation and Recreation conclusions and proposed actions 5 have been considered in an active public involvement 6 process. State Action Agendas for Community Conservation and 8 Recreation shall take into account all providers of conservation and recreation lands within each State, including 10 Federal, regional, and local government resources and shall be correlated whenever possible with other State, re-12 gional, and local plans for parks, recreation, open space, and wetlands conservation. Recovery action programs developed by urban localities under section 1007 of the 14 15 Urban Park and Recreation Recovery Act of 1978 shall be used by a State as a guide to the conclusions, priorities, 16 17 and action schedules contained in State Action Agenda for 18 Community Conservation and recreation. Each State shall 19 assure that any requirements for local outdoor conserva-20 tion and recreation planning that promulgated as condi-21 tions for grants minimize redundancy of local efforts by 22 allowing, wherever possible, use of the findings, priorities, 23 and implementation schedules of recovery action programs to meet such requirements.".

- 1 (2) Comprehensive State Plans developed by any
- 2 State under section 6(d) of the Land and Water Conserva-
- 3 tion Fund Act of 1965 before the date 5 years after the
- 4 enactment of this Act shall remain in effect in that State
- 5 until a State Action Agenda for Community Conservation
- 6 and Recreation has been adopted pursuant to the amend-
- 7 ment made by this subsection, but no later than 5 years
- 8 after the enactment of this Act.
- 9 (i) State Plans.—Subsection 6(e) of Land and
- 10 Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460l-
- 11 8(e)) is amended as follows:
- 12 (1) By striking "State comprehensive plan" at
- the end of the first paragraph and inserting "State
- 14 Action Agenda for Community Conservation and
- 15 Recreation".
- 16 (2) By striking "State comprehensive plan" in
- paragraph (1) and inserting "State Action Agenda
- for Community Conservation and Recreation".
- 19 (3) By striking "but not including incidental
- 20 costs related to acquisition" at the end of paragraph
- 21 (1).
- 22 (j) Conversion.—Paragraph (3) of section 6(f) of
- 23 the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16)
- 24 U.S.C. 460l-8(f)(3)) is amended by striking the second
- 25 sentence and inserting: "The Secretary shall approve such

- 1 conversion only if the State demonstrates no prudent or
- 2 feasible alternative exists with the exception of those prop-
- 3 erties that are no longer viable as an outdoor conservation
- 4 and recreation facility due to changes in demographics or
- 5 that must be abandoned because of environmental con-
- 6 tamination which endanger public health and safety. Any
- 7 conversion must satisfy any conditions the Secretary
- 8 deems necessary to assure the substitution of other con-
- 9 servation and recreation properties of at least equal fair
- 10 market value and reasonably equivalent usefulness and lo-
- 11 cation and which are in accord with the existing State Ac-
- 12 tion Agenda for Community Conservation and Recreation;
- 13 except that wetland areas and interests therein as identi-
- 14 fied in the wetlands provisions of the action agenda and
- 15 proposed to be acquired as suitable replacement property
- 16 within that same State that is otherwise acceptable to the
- 17 Secretary shall be considered to be of reasonably equiva-
- 18 lent usefulness with the property proposed for conver-
- 19 sion.".
- 20 (k) Cost Limitations.—Section 7 of the Land and
- 21 Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460l-
- 22 9) is amended by adding the following at the end thereof:
- 23 "(d) Maximum Federal Cost Per Project.—No
- 24 expenditure shall be made to acquire, construct, operate,
- 25 or maintain any project under this section the total Fed-

- 1 eral cost of construction of which exceeds \$1,000,000 un-
- 2 less the funds for such project have not been specifically
- 3 allocated to the project in the legislation appropriating
- 4 funds for the Federal agency concerned and such alloca-
- 5 tion has been approved by resolutions adopted by the
- 6 Committee on Resources of the United States House of
- 7 Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natu-
- 8 ral Resources of the United States Senate.".

9 SEC. 203. URBAN PARK AND RECREATION RECOVERY ACT

- 10 OF 1978 AMENDMENTS.
- 11 (a) Grants.—Section 1004 of the Urban Park and
- 12 Recreation Recovery Act (16 U.S.C. 2503) is amended by
- 13 redesignating subsections (d), (e), and (f) as subsections
- 14 (f), (g), and (h) respectively, and by inserting the following
- 15 after subsection (c):
- 16 "(d) 'development grants' means matching capital
- 17 grants to local units of government to cover costs of devel-
- 18 opment and construction on existing or new neighborhood
- 19 recreation sites, including indoor and outdoor recreation
- 20 facilities, support facilities, and landscaping, but excluding
- 21 routine maintenance and upkeep activities;
- 22 "(e) 'acquisition grants' means matching capital
- 23 grants to local units of government to cover the direct and
- 24 incidental costs of purchasing new park land to be perma-

- 1 nently dedicated and made accessible for public recreation
- 2 use;".
- 3 (b) Eligibility.—Section 1005(a) of the Urban
- 4 Park and Recreation Recovery Act (16 U.S.C. 2504) is
- 5 amended to read as follows:
- 6 "(a) Eligibility of general purpose local governments
- 7 to compete for assistance under this title shall be based
- 8 upon need as determined by the Secretary. Generally, the
- 9 list of eligible governments shall include the following:
- 10 "(1) All central cities of Metropolitan, Primary
- or Consolidated Statistical Areas as currently de-
- fined by the census.
- "(2) All political subdivisions included in Metro-
- politan, Primary or Consolidated Statistical Areas as
- currently defined by the census.
- 16 "(3) Any other city or town within a Metropoli-
- tan Area with a total population of 50,000 or more
- in the census of 1970, 1980, or subsequent updates.
- 19 "(4) Any other political subdivision, parish or
- township with a total population of 250,000 or more
- 21 in the census of 1970, 1980, or subsequent up-
- dates.".
- 23 (c) Matching Grants.—Subsection 1006(a) of the
- 24 Urban Park and Recreation Recovery Act (16 U.S.C.

- 1 2505(a)) is amended by striking all through paragraph (3)
- 2 and inserting the following:
- 3 "Sec. 1006. (a) The Secretary is authorized to pro-
- 4 vide 70 percent matching grants for rehabilitation, innova-
- 5 tion, development, or acquisition purposes to eligible gen-
- 6 eral purpose units of local government upon his approval
- 7 of applications therefore by the chief executives of such
- 8 governments.
- 9 "(1) At the discretion of such applicants, and 10 if consistent with an approved application, rehabili-11 innovation, development, tation, oracquisition 12 grants may be transferred in whole or in part to 13 independent special purpose local governments, pri-14 vate nonprofit agencies or political subdivision or re-15 gional park authorities; except that such general 16 purpose units of local government shall provide as-17 surance to the Secretary that they will maintain 18 public recreation opportunities at assisted areas and 19 facilities owned or managed by them in accordance 20 with section 1010 of this Act.
 - "(2) Payments may be made only for those rehabilitation, innovation, development, or acquisition projects which have been approved by the Secretary. Such payments may be made from time-to-time in

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- 1 keeping with the rate of progress toward completion
- of a project, on a reimbursable basis.".
- 3 (d) Coordination.—Section 1008 of the Urban
- 4 Park and Recreation Recovery Act (16 U.S.C. 2507) is
- 5 amended by striking the last sentence and inserting the
- 6 following: "The Secretary and general purpose local gov-
- 7 ernments are encouraged to coordinate preparation of re-
- 8 covery action programs required by this title with State
- 9 Action Agendas for Conservation and Recreation required
- 10 by section 6 of the Land and Water Conservation Fund
- 11 Act of 1965, including the allowance of flexibility in local
- 12 preparation of recovery action programs so that they may
- 13 be used to meet State or local qualifications for local re-
- 14 ceipt of Land and Water Conservation Fund grants or
- 15 State grants for similar purposes or for other conservation
- 16 or recreation purposes. The Secretary shall also encourage
- 17 States to consider the findings, priorities, strategies, and
- 18 schedules included in the recovery action programs of their
- 19 urban localities in preparation and updating of the State
- 20 Action Agendas for Conservation and Recreation, in ac-
- 21 cordance with the public coordination and citizen consulta-
- 22 tion requirements of subsection 6(d) of the Land and
- 23 Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965."
- 24 (e) Conversion.—Section 1010 of the Urban Park
- 25 and Recreation Recovery Act (16 U.S.C. 2509) is amend-

- 1 ed by striking the first sentence and inserting the follow-
- 2 ing: "No property acquired or improved or developed
- 3 under this title shall, without the approval of the Sec-
- 4 retary, be converted to other than public recreation uses.
- 5 The Secretary shall approve such conversion only if the
- 6 grantee demonstrates no prudent or feasible alternative
- 7 exists (with the exception of those properties that are no
- 8 longer a viable recreation facility due to changes in demo-
- 9 graphics or must be abandoned because of environmental
- 10 contamination which endanger public health and safety).
- 11 Any conversion must satisfy any conditions the Secretary
- 12 deems necessary to assure the substitution of other con-
- 13 servation and recreation properties of at least equal mar-
- 14 ket value and reasonably equivalent usefulness and loca-
- 15 tion and which are in accord with the current conservation
- 16 and recreation recovery action program.".
- 17 (f) Repeal.—Section 1014 of the Urban Park and
- 18 Recreation Recovery Act (16 U.S.C. 2513) is repealed.

19 TITLE III—WILDLIFE CONSERVA-

20 TION AND RESTORATION

- 21 **SEC. 301. FINDINGS.**
- The Congress finds and declares that—
- 23 (1) a diverse array of species of fish and wild-
- life is of significant value to the Nation for many

- reasons: aesthetic, ecological, educational, cultural, recreational, economic, and scientific;
- 3 (2) it should be the objective of the United 4 States to retain for present and future generations 5 the opportunity to observe, understand, and appre-6 ciate a wide variety of wildlife;
 - (3) millions of citizens participate in outdoor recreation through hunting, fishing, and wildlife observation, all of which have significant value to the citizens who engage in these activities;
 - (4) providing sufficient and properly maintained wildlife-associated recreational opportunities is important to enhancing public appreciation of a diversity of wildlife and the habitats upon which they depend;
 - (5) lands and waters which contain species classified neither as game nor identified as endangered or threatened also can provide opportunities for wildlife-associated recreation and education such as hunting and fishing permitted by applicable State or Federal law;
 - (6) hunters and anglers have for more than 60 years willingly paid user fees in the form of Federal excise taxes on hunting and fishing equipment to support wildlife diversity and abundance, through

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- 1 enactment of the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration
- 2 Act (commonly referred to as the Pittman-Robertson
- 3 Act) and the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration
- 4 Act (commonly referred to as the Dingell-Johnson/
- 5 Wallop-Breaux Act);
- 6 (7) State programs, adequately funded to con-

7 serve a broader array of wildlife in an individual

8 State and conducted in coordination with Federal,

9 State, tribal, and private landowners and interested

organizations, would continue to serve as a vital link

in a nationwide effort to restore game and nongame

wildlife, and the essential elements of such programs

should include conservation measures which manage

for a diverse variety of populations of wildlife; and

15 (8) it is proper for Congress to bolster and ex-

tend this highly successful program to aid game and

17 nongame wildlife in supporting the health and diver-

sity of habitat, as well as providing funds for con-

19 servation education.

20 SEC. 302. PURPOSES.

- 21 The purposes of this title are—
- 22 (1) to extend financial and technical assistance
- to the States under the Federal Aid to Wildlife Res-
- 24 toration Act for the benefit of a diverse array of
- 25 wildlife and associated habitats, including species

- that are not hunted or fished, to fulfill unmet needs of wildlife within the States in recognition of the mandate of the States to conserve all wildlife;
- 4 (2) to assure sound conservation policies 5 through the development, revision and implementa-6 tion of wildlife-associated recreation and wildlife-as-7 sociated education and wildlife conservation law en-8 forcement;
 - (3) to encourage State fish and wildlife agencies to create partnerships between the Federal Government, other State agencies, wildlife conservation organizations, and outdoor recreation and conservation interests through cooperative planning and implementation of this title; and
 - (4) to encourage State fish and wildlife agencies to provide for public involvement in the process of development and implementation of a wildlife conservation and restoration program.

19 SEC. 303. DEFINITIONS.

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- 20 (a) Reference to Law.—In this title, the term
- 21 "Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act" means the Act
- 22 of September 2, 1937 (16 U.S.C. 669 et seq), commonly
- 23 referred to as the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act
- 24 or the Pittman-Robertson Act.

- 1 (b) Wildlife Conservation and Restoration
- 2 Program.—Section 2 of the Federal Aid in Wildlife Res-
- 3 toration Act (16 U.S.C. 669a) is amended by inserting
- 4 after "shall be construed" in the first place it appears the
- 5 following: "to include the wildlife conservation and res-
- 6 toration program and".
- 7 (c) State Agencies.—Section 2 of the Federal Aid
- 8 in Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 669a) is amended
- 9 by inserting "or State fish and wildlife department" after
- 10 "State fish and game department".
- 11 (d) Conservation.—Section 2 of the Federal Aid in
- 12 Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 669a) is amended by
- 13 striking the period at the end thereof, substituting a semi-
- 14 colon, and adding the following: "the term 'conservation'
- 15 shall be construed to mean the use of methods and proce-
- 16 dures necessary or desirable to sustain healthy populations
- 17 of wildlife including all activities associated with scientific
- 18 resources management such as research, census, monitor-
- 19 ing of populations, acquisition, improvement and manage-
- 20 ment of habitat, live trapping and transplantation, wildlife
- 21 damage management, and periodic or total protection of
- 22 a species or population as well as the taking of individuals
- 23 within wildlife stock or population if permitted by applica-
- 24 ble State and Federal law; the term 'wildlife conservation
- 25 and restoration program' shall be construed to mean a

program developed by a State fish and wildlife department that the Secretary determines meets the criteria in section 3 6(d), the projects that constitute such a program, which 4 may be implemented in whole or part through grants and 5 contracts by a State to other State, Federal, or local agencies wildlife conservation organizations and outdoor recre-6 ation and conservation education entities from funds ap-8 portioned under this title, and maintenance of such projects; the term 'wildlife' shall be construed to mean any 10 species of wild, free-ranging fauna including fish, and also fauna in captive breeding programs the object of which is to reintroduce individuals of a depleted indigenous spe-12 cies into previously occupied range; the term 'wildlife-associated recreation' shall be construed to mean projects in-14 15 tended to meet the demand for outdoor activities associated with wildlife including, but not limited to, hunting 16 17 and fishing, such projects as construction or restoration 18 of wildlife viewing areas, observation towers, blinds, plat-19 forms, land and water trails, water access, trail heads, and 20 access for such projects; and the term 'wildlife conserva-21 tion education' shall be construed to mean projects, in-22 cluding public outreach, intended to foster responsible nat-23 ural resource stewardship.".

- 1 (e) 10 Percent.—Subsection 3(a) of the Federal
- 2 Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 669b(a)) is
- 3 amended in the first sentence by—
- 4 (1) inserting "(1)" after "(beginning with the
- 5 fiscal year 1975)"; and
- 6 (2) inserting after "Internal Revenue Code of
- 7 1954" the following: ", and (2) from 10 percent of
- 8 the qualified Outer Continental Shelf revenues, as
- 9 defined in section 102 of the Conservation and Rein-
- vestment Act of 1998,".

11 SEC. 304. SUBACCOUNT AND REFUNDS.

- 12 Section 3 of the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration
- 13 Act (16 U.S.C. 669b) is amended by adding at the end
- 14 the following new subsections:
- 15 "(c) A subaccount shall be established in the Federal
- 16 aid to wildlife restoration fund in the Treasury to be
- 17 known as the 'wildlife conservation and restoration ac-
- 18 count' and the credits to such account shall be equal to
- 19 the 10 percent of Outer Continental Shelf revenues re-
- 20 ferred to in subsection (a)(2). Amounts in such account
- 21 shall be invested by the Secretary of the Treasury as set
- 22 forth in subsection (b) and shall be made available without
- 23 further appropriation, together with interest, for appor-
- 24 tionment at the beginning of fiscal year 1999 and each

- 1 fiscal year thereafter to carry out State wildlife conserva-
- 2 tion and restoration programs.
- 3 "(d) Funds covered into the wildlife conservation and
- 4 restoration account shall supplement, but not replace, ex-
- 5 isting funds available to the States from the sport fish
- 6 restoration and wildlife restoration accounts and shall be
- 7 used for the development, revision, and implementation of
- 8 wildlife conservation and restoration programs and should
- 9 be used to address the unmet needs for a diverse array
- 10 of wildlife and associated habitats, including species that
- 11 are not hunted or fished, for wildlife conservation, wildlife
- 12 conservation education, and wildlife-associated recreation
- 13 projects; provided such funds may be used for new pro-
- 14 grams and projects as well as to enhance existing pro-
- 15 grams and projects.
- 16 "(e) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b) of this
- 17 section, with respect to the wildlife conservation and res-
- 18 toration account so much of the appropriation apportioned
- 19 to any State for any fiscal year as remains unexpended
- 20 at the close thereof is authorized to be made available for
- 21 expenditure in that State until the close of the fourth suc-
- 22 ceeding fiscal year. Any amount apportioned to any State
- 23 under this subsection that is unexpended or unobligated
- 24 at the end of the period during which it is available for

- 1 expenditure on any project is authorized to be reappor-
- 2 tioned to all States during the succeeding fiscal year.
- 3 "(f) In those instances where through judicial deci-
- 4 sion, administrative review, arbitration, or other means
- 5 there are royalty refunds owed to entities generating reve-
- 6 nues available for purposes of this Act, 10 percent of such
- 7 refunds shall be paid from amounts available under sub-
- 8 section (a)(2).".

9 SEC. 305. ALLOCATION OF SUBACCOUNT RECEIPTS.

- 10 Section 4 of the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration
- 11 Act (16 U.S.C. 669c) is amended by adding the following
- 12 new subsection:
- "(c)(1) Notwithstanding subsection (a), so much, not
- 14 to exceed 2 percent, of the revenues covered into the wild-
- 15 life conservation and restoration account in each fiscal
- 16 year as the Secretary of the Interior may estimate to be
- 17 necessary for expenses in the administration and execution
- 18 of programs carried out under the wildlife conservation
- 19 and restoration account shall be deducted for that pur-
- 20 pose, and such sum is authorized to be made available
- 21 therefor until the expiration of the next succeeding fiscal
- 22 year, and within 60 days after the close of such fiscal year
- 23 the Secretary of the Interior shall apportion such part
- 24 thereof as remains unexpended, if any, on the same basis

- 1 and in the same manner as is provided under paragraphs
- 2 (2) and (3).
- 3 "(2) The Secretary of the Interior, after making the
- 4 deduction under paragraph (1), shall make the following
- 5 apportionment from the amount remaining in the wildlife
- 6 conservation and restoration account:
- 7 "(A) to the District of Columbia and to the
- 8 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, each a sum equal to
- 9 not more than ½ of 1 percent thereof; and
- "(B) to Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Is-
- lands, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mari-
- ana Islands, each a sum equal to not more than ½
- of 1 percent thereof.
- 14 "(3) The Secretary of the Interior, after making the
- 15 deduction under paragraph (1) and the apportionment
- 16 under paragraph (2), shall apportion the remaining
- 17 amount in the wildlife conservation and restoration ac-
- 18 count for each year among the States in the following
- 19 manner:
- 20 "(A) 1/3 of which is based on the ratio to which
- 21 the land area of such State bears to the total land
- area of all such States; and
- 23 "(B) ²/₃ of which is based on the ratio to which
- 24 the population of such State bears to the total popu-
- 25 lation of all such States;

| 1 | The amounts apportioned under this paragraph shall be |
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| 2 | adjusted equitably so that no such State shall be appor- |
| 3 | tioned a sum which is less than ½ of 1 percent of the |
| 4 | amount available for apportionment under this paragraph |
| 5 | for any fiscal year or more than 5 percent of such |
| 6 | amount.". |
| 7 | "(d) Wildlife Conservation and Restoration |
| 8 | PROGRAMS.—Any State, through its fish and wildlife de- |
| 9 | partment, may apply to the Secretary for approval of a |
| 10 | wildlife conservation and restoration program or for funds |
| 11 | to develop a program, which shall— |
| 12 | "(1) contain provision for vesting in the fish |
| 13 | and wildlife department of overall responsibility and |
| 14 | accountability for development and implementation |
| 15 | of the program; and |
| 16 | "(2) contain provision for development and im- |
| 17 | plementation of— |
| 18 | "(A) wildlife conservation projects which |
| 19 | expand and support existing wildlife programs |
| 20 | to meet the needs of a diverse array of wildlife |
| 21 | species, |
| 22 | "(B) wildlife-associated recreation projects. |
| 23 | and |
| 24 | "(C) wildlife conservation education |
| 25 | projects. |

If the Secretary of the Interior finds that an application for such program contains the elements specified in para-3 graphs (1) and (2), the Secretary shall approve such appli-4 cation and set aside from the apportionment to the State made pursuant to section 4(c) an amount that shall not exceed 90 percent of the estimated cost of developing and 6 implementing segments of the program for the first 5 fis-8 cal years following enactment of this subsection and not to exceed 75 percent thereafter. Not more than 10 percent 10 of the amounts apportioned to each State from this subaccount for the State's wildlife conservation and restora-11 12 tion program may be used for law enforcement. Following approval, the Secretary may make payments on a project that is a segment of the State's wildlife conservation and 14 15 restoration program as the project progresses but such payments, including previous payments on the project, if 16 17 any, shall not be more than the United States pro rata share of such project. The Secretary, under such regula-18 tions as he may prescribe, may advance funds representing 19 20 the United States pro rata share of a project that is a 21 segment of a wildlife conservation and restoration pro-22 gram, including funds to develop such program. For purposes of this subsection, the term 'State' shall include the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American

- 1 Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana
- 2 Islands.".
- 3 (b) FACA.—Coordination with State fish and wildlife
- 4 agency personnel or with personnel of other State agencies
- 5 pursuant to the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act
- 6 or the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration Act shall
- 7 not be subject to the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5
- 8 U.S.C. App.) Except for the preceding sentence, the provi-
- 9 sions of this title relate solely to wildlife conservation and
- 10 restoration programs as defined in this title and shall not
- 11 be construed to affect the provisions of the Federal Aid
- 12 in Wildlife Restoration Act relating to wildlife restoration
- 13 projects or the provisions of the Federal Aid in Sport Fish
- 14 Restoration Act relating to fish restoration and manage-
- 15 ment projects.

16 SEC. 306. LAW ENFORCEMENT AND PUBLIC RELATIONS.

- 17 The third sentence of subsection (a) of section 8 of
- 18 the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C.
- 19 669g) is amended by inserting before the period at the
- 20 end thereof: ", except that funds available from this sub-
- 21 account for a State wildlife conservation and restoration
- 22 program may be used for law enforcement and public rela-
- 23 tions".

1 SEC. 307. PROHIBITION AGAINST DIVERSION.

- 2 No designated State agency shall be eligible to receive
- 3 matching funds under this title if sources of revenue avail-
- 4 able to it after January 1, 1998, for conservation of wild-
- 5 life are diverted for any purpose other than the adminis-
- 6 tration of the designated State agency, it being the inten-
- 7 tion of Congress that funds available to States under this
- 8 title be added to revenues from existing State sources and
- 9 not serve as a substitute for revenues from such sources.
- 10 Such revenues shall include interest, dividends, or other
- 11 income earned on the foregoing.

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