105TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 898

To achieve a balanced Federal budget by fiscal year 2002 and each year thereafter, achieve significant deficit reduction in fiscal year 1998 and each year through 2002, establish a Board of Estimates, require the President's budget and the congressional budget process to meet specified deficit reduction and balance requirements, enforce those requirements through a multiyear congressional budget process and, if necessary, sequestration, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 27, 1997

Mr. Visclosky (for himself and Mr. Stenholm) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Budget, and in addition to the Committees on Ways and Means and Rules, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To achieve a balanced Federal budget by fiscal year 2002 and each year thereafter, achieve significant deficit reduction in fiscal year 1998 and each year through 2002, establish a Board of Estimates, require the President's budget and the congressional budget process to meet specified deficit reduction and balance requirements, enforce those requirements through a multiyear congressional budget process and, if necessary, sequestration, and for other purposes.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	TITLE I—BALANCING THE
4	BUDGET
5	PART A—PURPOSE
6	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLES; REPEALERS.
7	(a) Short Title of This Act.—This Act may be
8	cited as the "Balanced Budget Enforcement Act of 1997".
9	(b) Short Title of Part B.—Part B of this Act
10	may be cited as the "Deficit Elimination Act of 1997".
11	(c) Repealer.—Parts C, D, and E of the Balanced
12	Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 are
13	repealed.
14	SEC. 2. PURPOSE.
15	The purpose of this Act is—
16	(1) to mandate and achieve enough deficit re-
17	duction in each year through fiscal year 2002 to
18	eliminate the deficit by that year;
19	(2) from fiscal year 2003 onward, to mandate
20	whatever deficit reduction may be needed to elimi-
21	nate any deficit that may be projected;
22	(3) to achieve a portion of the mandated deficit
23	reduction by limiting the total level of discretionary
24	funding and the remainder by requiring a fixed

1 amount of deficit reduction from some combination 2 of entitlement and receipts changes; (4) to establish a Board of Estimates to arbi-3 trate between OMB and CBO; (5) to require the figures in the President's 6 budget and the budget resolution to meet the provi-7 sions of this Act: 8 (6) to enforce each year's discretionary funding 9 limits and entitlement/receipts requirements through 10 the Congressional Budget Act, including multiyear 11 allocations and reconciliation directives; 12 (7) to supplement Congressional Budget Act 13 enforcement with across-the-board cuts or sequestra-14 tion whenever the discretionary funding limits or en-15 titlement/receipts requirements of this Act are not 16 met; 17 (8) to provide a targeted sequestration that en-18 forces the committee targets for entitlement reduc-19 tions and receipts increases set forth in budget reso-20 lutions; 21 (9) to create a backup comprehensive sequestra-22 tion applicable in any fiscal year in which the com-

mittee targets in a budget resolution are not en-

forceable; and

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- 1 (10) to provide that reconciliation savings and
- 2 sequestration savings shall be permanent.

3 SEC. 3. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

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TITLE II—TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS

- Sec. 201. Amendments to the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974.
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- Sec. 203. Amendments to the Rules of the House of Representatives.
- Sec. 204. Amendments to the Standing Rules of the Senate.
- Sec. 205. President's budget and supplemental budget estimates.
- Sec. 206. Amendments to other laws.

4 SEC. 4. EFFECTIVE DATES.

- 5 Except as otherwise specified, this Act and the
- 6 amendments made by it shall take effect on its date of

- 1 enactment and shall apply to fiscal year 1998 and subse-
- 2 quent fiscal years.

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3 PART B—THE DEFICIT ELIMINATION ACT OF 1997

- 4 SEC. 100. DEFINITIONS AND TREATMENTS.
- 5 As used in this part:
- 6 (1) The terms "budget authority", "new budget
 7 authority", "entitlement authority", "outlays", and
 8 "deficit" have the meanings given to such terms in
 9 section 3 of the Congressional Budget and Impound10 ment Control Act of 1974, and the term "receipts"
 11 shall be treated as a synonym for the term "revenues" as it is used in that Act.
 - (2) The term "account" means an item for which appropriations are made in any appropriation Act and, for items not provided for in appropriation Acts, such term means an item for which there is a designated budget account identification code number in the President's budget.
 - (3) The term "aggregate first-year spendout rate" means the percent of new budget authority that is expended in the fiscal year for which the budget authority is provided.
- 23 (4) The term "Board of Estimates" or "Board" 24 refers to the entity established by section 119.

- 1 (5) The term "budget year" means, with re-2 spect to a session of Congress, the fiscal year of the 3 Government that starts on October 1 of the calendar 4 year in which that session begins.
 - (6) The term "budget-year session" means any session of Congress that starts in the calendar year in which that budget year starts.
 - (7) The term "category" refers to all direct spending within the jurisdiction of a standing committee of the House of Representatives as so designated in the joint statement of managers accompanying the conference report on this Act, as modified from time to time by the Board of Estimates upon the written recommendation of the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
 - (8) The term "CBO" means the Director of the Congressional Budget Office.
 - (9) The term "current policy baseline" means the projection (described in section 115) of current-year levels of new budget authority, outlays, receipts, and the surplus or deficit into the budget year and the outyears.
- 23 (10) The term "current year" means the fiscal 24 year that immediately precedes a budget year.

- (11) The term "deposit insurance" refers to the 1 2 expenses of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corpora-3 tion and the funds it incorporates, the Resolution Trust Corporation, the National Credit Union Ad-5 ministration and the funds it incorporates, the Of-6 fice of Thrift Supervision; the Comptroller of the 7 Currency Assessment Funds, and the RTC Office of 8 the Inspector General. 9
 - (12) The term "direct spending" means—
 - (A) budget authority provided by law other than appropriation Acts;
 - (B) entitlement authority; and
- 13 (C) the food stamp program.
 - If a law other than an appropriation Act alters the level of discretionary appropriations, that effect shall be treated as direct spending. Budget authority provided from a transportation trust fund in any Act shall not be considered to be provided by a law other than an appropriation Act.
 - (13) The term "discretionary appropriations" means new budget authority (except to fund entitlement authority) provided by appropriation Acts and the term "discretionary programs" refers to programs so financed. New budget authority provided from transportation trust funds by any Act shall be

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- 1 considered to be provided by an appropriation Act.
- 2 If an appropriation Act alters the level of direct
- 3 spending, that effect shall be treated as a discre-
- 4 tionary appropriation.

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- 5 (14) The term "discretionary funding limit" 6 means the total amount of discretionary new budget 7 authority that, under section 102 or 104, may be en-8 acted in any fiscal year.
 - (15) The term "discretionary regulations" refers to regulations issued by the executive branch for which Congress delegates the authority to vary amounts, levels, rates, effective dates, or other factors.
 - (16) The term "major estimating assumptions" refers to the list of items set forth under that heading in the joint explanatory statement of managers accompanying the conference report on this Act as modified by the Board under section 119.
 - (17) The term "OMB" means the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.
 - (18) The term "outyear" means any of the 4 fiscal years that follow a budget year.
- 23 (19) The term "real economic growth" means 24 the growth in the gross domestic product, adjusted

1	for inflation, consistent with Department of Com-
2	merce definitions.
3	(20) The terms "sequester" and "sequestra-
4	tion" refer to or mean the cancellation under section
5	110 of budget authority provided by discretionary
6	appropriations, the cancellation under section 108 or
7	109 of direct spending authority, or the change in
8	taxes under section 113.
9	(21) The term "sequestrable budget authority"
10	means, for non-exempt accounts or activities within
11	major functional category 050 (national defense), all
12	budget authority, and for all other non-exempt ac-
13	counts or activities, new budget authority.
14	(22) The term "Stabilization Reserve Fund" re-
15	fers to the deposit fund established by section 117.
16	(23)(A) The following shall be treated as posi-
17	tive numbers:
18	(i) A deficit.
19	(ii) A deficit increase or surplus decrease.
20	(iii) A deficit or surplus change and a defi-
21	cit or surplus change target when the deficit is
22	increased by, or the surplus is reduced by, the
23	change.
24	(iv) A deficit reduction shortfall.
25	(v) An amount to be sequestered.

- 1 (B) The following shall be treated as negative 2 numbers: 3 (i) A surplus. (ii) A deficit reduction or surplus increase. (iii) A deficit or surplus change and a defi-6 cit or surplus change target when the deficit is 7 reduced by, or the surplus is increased by, the
- SEC. 101. DIRECT SPENDING AND RECEIPTS: DEFICIT RE-10

DUCTION REQUIREMENTS.

change.

11 The deficit reduction targets for direct spending and receipts legislation are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Deficit Reduction (in billions of dollars)
1998	-19.903
1999	-40.491
2000	-55.685
2001	-69.731
2002	-85.227

- The deficit reduction target for fiscal year 2002 shall be 13
- adjusted, if necessary, as provided by section 103.
- 15 SEC. 102. DISCRETIONARY FUNDING LIMITS.
- 16 (a) Initial Amounts.—Subject to modifications
- under subsection (b), discretionary funding limits, meas-17
- 18 ured in terms of new budget authority, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Limits (in billions of dollars)
1998	540.0
1999	545.4
2000	540.854
2001	556.363

Fiscal Year	Limits (in billions of dollars)
2002	561.926

(b) Adjustments to Funding Limits.—Whenever appropriate, adjustments to the discretionary funding limits (and to those limits as cumulatively adjusted) for one or more fiscal years shall be made to reflect the following: (1) Changes in concepts.—For any fiscal year, the adjustments produced by any change in budget accounting concepts (including scorekeeping conventions, budget classifications, and definitions) shall equal the current-year levels of new budget authority using up-to-date concepts minus those levels using the concepts in effect before the change. Such changes in concepts may only be made in consultation with the Committees on Appropriations and the Budget of the House of Representatives and Senate, CBO, and OMB. A change in budget classifications includes any change from the assumption that all amounts provided in appropriation Acts are classified as discretionary except those included under the heading "Mandatory Appropriations" in the joint explanatory statement of managers accompanying the conference report on this Act.

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- 1 (2) CHANGES IN INFLATION.—(A) For the
 2 budget year and each outyear through 2002, the ad3 justments produced by changes in inflation shall
 4 equal the discretionary funding limit for each such
 5 year multiplied by the inflation adjustment factor
 6 (for the fiscal year immediately preceding the cur7 rent year) computed under subparagraph (B).
 - (B) The inflation adjustment factor shall be calculated by subtracting 1 from the ratio of (i) the level of year-over-year inflation measured for the fiscal year immediately preceding the current year, and (ii) the applicable estimated level for that year set forth below:
- 14 For 1997, 1.029

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- 15 For 1998, 1.029
- 16 For 1999, 1.030
- 17 For 2000, 1.030
- 18 For 2001, 1.030
- 19 For 2002, 1.030
- Inflation shall be measured by the average of the estimated consumer price index for all urban consumers for a fiscal year divided by the average index for the prior fiscal year.
- 24 (3) EXPIRING HOUSING CONTRACTS.—For each budget year through 2002, the adjustment shall be

- the amount of new budget authority needed to renew expiring multiyear subsidized housing contracts or provide contracts to replace units lost due to prepayments, with the per-contract renewal/replacement cost equal to the average current-year cost of renewal or replacement contracts.
 - (4) EMERGENCIES.—If for any fiscal year appropriations for discretionary accounts are enacted that are designated as emergency requirements by statute, the adjustment shall be the amount of those appropriations that the President also designates, in writing, as emergency requirements within 5 days of the enactment of those appropriations. If any amount previously designated as an emergency requirement is rescinded, the adjustment shall be the amount of that rescission.
 - (5) New Limits for 2002 and thereafter.—
 The adjustment for fiscal year 2002 shall be the adjustment (if any) under section 103, and the limit for any succeeding fiscal year shall be the limit established under section 104.
 - (6) Transportation trust funds.—For any fiscal year, the adjustment produced by the enactment of any law that raises excise taxes dedicated to a transportation trust fund shall be the amount of

- 1 the net receipts produced by that tax increase which
- 2 that law specifically appropriates for that purpose.

3 SEC. 103. BALANCING THE BUDGET IN 2002.

- 4 If at the start of the 2002 budget-year session the
- 5 baseline assuming deficit reduction (set forth in section
- 6 116) projects a deficit (or surplus) for that year, then the
- 7 direct spending and receipts deficit reduction requirement
- 8 for that year under section 101 and the discretionary
- 9 funding limit for that year under section 102 shall each
- 10 be changed by amounts that, when debt service effects are
- 11 added, will produce a balanced budget. These changes
- 12 shall be accomplished by the enactment of a spin-off law
- 13 described in section 105; or if no spin-off law is enacted,
- 14 then the direct spending and receipts deficit reduction re-
- 15 quirement for fiscal year 2002 under section 101 shall be
- 16 adjusted by two-thirds of the total required change (ex-
- 17 cluding debt service effects) and the discretionary funding
- 18 limit for fiscal year 2002 under section 102 shall be ad-
- 19 justed to produce an outlay change equal to one-third of
- 20 the total required change (excluding debt service effects).
- 21 Any adjustment in the discretionary funding limit (wheth-
- 22 er in a spin-off law or by application of the above formula)
- 23 shall be assumed to produce an outlay change equal to
- 24 the change in new budget authority times the aggregate

- 1 first-year spendout rate for fiscal year 2002 chosen by the
- 2 Board of Estimates.

3 SEC. 104. PREVENTING DEFICITS AFTER 2002.

4 Starting with the 2003 budget-year session, the required change in the level of direct spending and receipts (relative to the current policy baseline described in section 6 115) for the budget year and a discretionary funding limit 8 for that year shall be established. That change in direct spending and receipts and that discretionary funding limit 10 (plus the associated effect on debt service) shall produce a balanced budget. That change and that limit shall be 11 12 specified in a spin-off law described in section 105; or if no spin-off law is enacted, then the change in direct spending and receipts for the budget year shall be two-thirds 14 15 of the baseline level of deficit or surplus (excluding debt service effects) and the discretionary funding limit for the 16 budget year shall be the baseline level of discretionary new budget authority adjusted to produce an outlay change 18 19 equal to one-third of the baseline level of deficit or surplus (excluding debt service changes). Any adjustment in the 20 21 discretionary funding limit relative to the baseline level of discretionary new budget authority (whether in a spin-off law or by application of the above formula) shall be assumed to produce an outlay change equal to the change

in new budget authority times the aggregate first-year

- 1 spendout rate for budget year chosen by the Board of
- 2 Estimates.
- 3 SEC. 105. SPIN-OFF LAW.
- 4 (a) Through the use of the procedures described in
- 5 section 301(b)(5) or 310(c) of the Congressional Budget
- 6 Act of 1974 or by other means, a law to carry out section
- 7 103 or 104 may be enacted. If required by section 103
- 8 or 104, that law shall specify a discretionary funding limit
- 9 for the budget year. That law shall specify the budget-
- 10 year amount of direct spending change required of or al-
- 11 lowed by each committee of the House of Representatives
- 12 in laws within that committee's jurisdiction and the
- 13 budget-year amount of receipts change required of or al-
- 14 lowed by the Committee on Ways and Means of the House
- 15 of Representatives in laws within that committee's juris-
- 16 diction. A law shall not be considered a spin-off law under
- 17 this section unless—
- 18 (1) for each of fiscal years 1998 through 2001,
- the total of those amounts for the budget year
- equals the amount specified in section 101 less the
- amount of deficit reduction achieved for that year
- measured under section 106; or
- 23 (2) for fiscal year 2002 and each year there-
- after, the targets set by the spin-off bill for the
- budget year will produce a balanced budget in that

- 1 year under the estimates and assumptions chosen by
- 2 the Board of Estimates for that year.

3 SEC. 106. DIRECT SPENDING AND RECEIPTS SCORECARD.

- 4 (a) Establishment of Scorecard: 1998–2002.—
- 5 There shall be a scorecard for each fiscal year through
- 6 2002 upon which shall be entered the estimated increase
- 7 or decrease in the deficit (relative to the start-of-session
- 8 current policy baseline described in section 115) for the
- 9 current year, the budget year, and each fiscal year through
- 10 2002 due to—
- 11 (1) the enactment, after August 15, 1997, of
- 12 any law,
- 13 (2) the imposition of any sequestration under
- 14 section 108 or 109, or
- 15 (3) the change in the baseline from the applica-
- tion of section 115(b)(3), which relates to certain ex-
- piring provisions of law and to veterans' compensa-
- tion,
- 19 affecting the level of direct spending or the level of re-
- 20 ceipts. Entries under the preceding sentence shall not in-
- 21 clude resulting debt service changes or any incidental
- 22 changes in intragovernmental receipts of Federal trust
- 23 funds. Amounts shall be entered on the scorecard within

- 1 10 days after the enactment of each such law or the impo-
- 2 sition of any sequestration, and may not thereafter be al-
- 3 tered except to reflect decisions made by the Board of Es-
- 4 timates or to correct clerical errors or errors in the appli-
- 5 cation of this Act.
- 6 (b) Establishment of Scorecard: 2003 and
- 7 There shall be a scorecard, created anew
- 8 for each budget year starting with 2003, upon which shall
- 9 be entered the estimated increase or decrease in the deficit
- 10 or surplus (relative to the start-of-session current policy
- 11 baseline described in section 115) for the budget year, in
- 12 any amount that would have been entered if subsection
- 13 (a) applied to budget years after 2002.
- 14 (c) Deficit Reduction Requirements.—For each
- 15 fiscal year, the scorecard shall also include, as applicable,
- 16 the amount of the direct spending and receipts deficit re-
- 17 duction target for that year under section 101 or the
- 18 amount (if any) of the direct spending and receipts deficit
- 19 change target under section 104. Each such deficit reduc-
- 20 tion amount shall be entered as though it were a deficit
- 21 increase, so that an equal amount of deficit reduction will
- 22 have to be achieved to forestall a sequestration, and each
- 23 such surplus decrease amount (if any) shall be entered as
- 24 though it were a surplus increase, so that the amount of
- 25 later surplus decreases will be limited.

- 1 (d) LOOKBACK.—If in any budget-year session a law
- 2 is enacted affecting the current-year level of direct spend-
- 3 ing or receipts, the amount of that current-year effect
- 4 shall be entered on the scorecard under the column for
- 5 the budget year. To mandate year-after savings of
- 6 amounts that would have been saved but for the lower se-
- 7 questration rule in that section, entries shall also be made
- 8 as specified in paragraphs (2) and (3) of section 114(j).
- 9 (e) Division Between Direct Spending and Re-
- 10 CEIPTS.—The scorecard shall be divided between changes
- 11 in the deficit resulting from direct spending changes and
- 12 changes in the deficit resulting from changes in receipts.
- 13 Solely for purposes of this section, any change in the defi-
- 14 cit resulting from an alteration of the Federal tax treat-
- 15 ment of a direct spending benefit shall be treated as a
- 16 change in direct spending.
- 17 (f) Emergencies.—If after the enactment of this
- 18 Act a provision of direct spending or receipts legislation
- 19 is enacted that is designated as an emergency requirement
- 20 by statute and that the President also designates, in writ-
- 21 ing, as an emergency requirement within 5 days of the
- 22 enactment of that legislation, then no entries resulting
- 23 from that provision shall be made on the scorecard.

1 (g) Treatment of Certain Dedicated Excise Taxes.—For each fiscal year, the scorecard shall also in-3 clude only that part of the net increase in receipts result-4 ing from an increase in an excise tax dedicated to a transportation trust fund that— 6 (1) was not specifically appropriated (as pro-7 vided in section 102(b)(6); or 8 (2) to the extent specifically appropriated (as 9 provided in section 102(b)(6)), is not estimated to be 10 expended in that fiscal year. SEC. 107. DISCRETIONARY SCORECARD. 12 (a) Establishment of Scorecard.—There shall be a scorecard for each fiscal year starting with 1998 upon which shall be entered the amount of discretionary appro-14 15 priations for that fiscal year due to— 16 (1) the enactment of any law in the budget-year 17 session, 18 (2) the enactment of any law in any previous 19 session of Congress, or 20 (3) the imposition of any sequestration under 21 section 110. Amounts shall be entered on the scorecard within 10 days 23 after the enactment of each such law or the imposition of any sequestration, and may not thereafter be altered except to reflect decisions made by the Board of Estimates

- 1 or to correct clerical errors or errors in the application
- 2 of this Act.
- 3 (b) LOOKBACK.—(1) If in any current-year session
- 4 any discretionary appropriation is enacted that would
- 5 cause the discretionary funding limit for the current year
- 6 to be exceeded, then the amount of that excess shall be
- 7 entered on the scorecard under the column for the budget
- 8 year. To mandate year-after savings of amounts that
- 9 would have been saved but for the lower sequestration rule
- 10 in that section, entries shall also be made as specified in
- 11 paragraphs (2) and (3) of section 114(j).
- 12 (2) If any discretionary appropriation is enacted after
- 13 June 30, 1997, and before October 1, 1997, that would
- 14 have caused a look-back sequester under section 251(a)(5)
- 15 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control
- 16 Act of 1985 as in effect immediately before the date of
- 17 enactment of this Act, then the amount that would have
- 18 been sequestered shall be entered on the scorecard as a
- 19 cost under the column for the budget year.
- 20 SEC. 108. TARGETED SEQUESTRATION.
- 21 (a) APPLICATION.—This section shall apply for any
- 22 budget year only if a spin-off law as described in section
- 23 105 is in effect for that year on the date of the final se-
- 24 questration report described in section 114.

- 1 (b) SEQUESTRATION IN EACH CATEGORY BASED ON
- 2 Budget-Year Shortfall.—(1) The purpose of this
- 3 subsection is to ensure that the changes achieved during
- 4 a session in direct spending for each category and in re-
- 5 ceipts are at least as great as those required, or are no
- 6 more than those allowed, for the budget year.
- 7 (2) The amount to be sequestered for the budget year
- 8 from direct spending programs in each category is the
- 9 amount by which changes in direct spending achieved dur-
- 10 ing the budget-year session are estimated under section
- 11 106 to result in a greater amount of direct spending than
- 12 allowed in that category in the spin-off law.
- 13 (3) The amount that receipts are to be increased for
- 14 the budget year by the imposition of surtaxes is the
- 15 amount by which changes in receipts achieved during that
- 16 budget-year session are estimated under section 106 to re-
- 17 sult in lower total receipts for that year than allowed in
- 18 the spin-off law.
- 19 (c) SEQUESTRATION IN EACH CATEGORY BASED ON
- 20 Outyear Shortfall.—(1) The purpose of this sub-
- 21 section is to ensure that the outyear changes in direct
- 22 spending for each category and the outyear changes in re-
- 23 ceipts achieved during a session are, on average, at least
- 24 as great as those required, or are no more than those al-
- 25 lowed, for the budget year.

1	(2) The amount to be sequestered for the budget year
2	in any category under subsection (b)(2), if any, shall be
3	increased whenever the average outyear change in direct
4	spending in that category achieved during that budget-
5	year session estimated under section 106 or paragraph (4)
6	would produce higher deficits during the outyears than if
7	that average change had equaled the budget-year target
8	for changes in direct spending in that category. That in-
9	creased amount to be sequestered (if applicable) shall be—
10	(A) one-quarter of the sum of those changes in
11	direct spending for the 4 outyears; minus
12	(B) the budget-year target for changes in direct
13	spending.
14	(3) The amount that receipts are to be increased for
15	the budget year under subsection (b)(3), if any, shall be
16	increased whenever the average outyear change in receipts
17	achieved during that budget-year session estimated under
18	section 106 or paragraph (4) would produce higher deficits
19	during the outyears than if that average change had
20	equaled the budget-year target for changes in receipts.
21	That additional amount that receipts are to be increased
22	(if applicable) shall be—
23	(A) one-quarter of the sum of those changes in
24	receipts for the four outvears achieved: minus

1 (B) the budget-year target for changes in re-2 ceipts. 3 (4) For any outyear after 2002, CBO and OMB shall make cost estimates within 10 days after the enactment 5 of any direct spending or receipts legislation of the outyear effects of that legislation that would have gone on the di-6 rect spending and receipts scorecard under section 106(a) 8 if the scorecard had covered that outyear. 9 (d) FINGERPRINT RULE.—For purposes of this sec-10 tion, the category to which a change in direct spending is attributed shall be the category of the committee that 11 authored the change or reported the legislation to which 12 the change was offered as an amendment. If it is impossible to tell which committee authored a change, the cat-14 15 egory to which such a change is attributed shall be the category of the committee with jurisdiction over the pro-16 gram that was changed, as defined under section 100(9). 17 18 (e) SEQUESTRATION.—Within 15 days after Con-19 gress adjourns to end a session and on the same day as 20 a sequestration, if any, under section 110, there shall be 21 a sequestration— 22 (1) to reduce the amount of direct spending in 23 the current policy baseline in any category by the

sum of the amounts specified in subsections (b)(2)

- and (c)(2) unless that sum is less than \$50,000,000;
- 2 and
- 3 (2) to increase the amount of receipts in the
- 4 current policy baseline by the sum of the amounts
- 5 specified in subsections (b)(3) and (c)(3) unless that
- 6 sum is less than \$250,000,000.
- 7 The amount required to be sequestered from direct spend-
- 8 ing in a category shall be achieved by reducing each non-
- 9 exempt direct spending account (or activity within an ac-
- 10 count) within that category by the uniform percentage
- 11 necessary to achieve 80 percent of that amount, and in-
- 12 creasing receipts to achieve the other 20 percent of that
- 13 amount as specified in sections 59B, 59C, and 59D of the
- 14 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, necessary to achieve that
- 15 amount.
- 16 SEC. 109. COMPREHENSIVE SEQUESTRATION.
- 17 (a) Application.—This section shall apply for any
- 18 budget year unless a spin-off law as described in section
- 19 105 is in effect for that year on the date of the final se-
- 20 questration report described in section 114.
- 21 (b) Sequestration Based on Budget-Year
- 22 Shortfall.—The amount to be sequestered for the
- 23 budget year is the amount (if any) by which the sum of
- 24 all budget-year entries on the direct spending and receipts
- 25 scorecard under section 106 is greater than zero.

- 1 (c) Sequestration Based on Outyear Short-
- 2 FALL.—(1) The purpose of this subsection is to ensure
- 3 that the outyear changes in direct spending and in receipts
- 4 achieved during a session are, on average, at least as great
- 5 as those required, or are no more than those allowed, for
- 6 the budget year.
- 7 (2) The amount to be sequestered under subsection
- 8 (b), if any, shall be increased whenever the average out-
- 9 year change in direct spending and receipts, combined,
- 10 achieved during that budget-year session would result in
- 11 higher deficits than if that average change had equaled
- 12 the amount targeted for the budget year, with that budg-
- 13 et-year target being the amount that the sequestration
- 14 preview report for the budget year shows was needed to
- 15 bring the budget-year entries on the direct spending and
- 16 receipts scorecard to zero. That increased amount to be
- 17 sequestered shall be—
- 18 (A) one-quarter of the sum of those achieved
- 19 changes in direct spending and receipts, combined,
- for the 4 outyears; minus
- 21 (B) the budget-year target for changes in direct
- spending and receipts, combined.
- 23 (d) Sequestration.—Within 15 days after Con-
- 24 gress adjourns to end a session and on the same day as
- 25 a sequestration, if any, under section 110, there shall be

- 1 a sequestration to reduce the amount of direct spending
- 2 and increase the amount of receipts in the current policy
- 3 baseline by the sum of the amounts specified in sub-
- 4 sections (b) and (c) unless that sum is less than
- 5 \$500,000,000. The amount required to be sequestered
- 6 shall be achieved by reducing each non-exempt direct
- 7 spending account (or activity within an account) by the
- 8 uniform percentage necessary to achieve 80 percent of
- 9 that sum, and increasing receipts to achieve the other 20
- 10 percent of that sum as specified in sections 59B, 59C, and
- 11 59D of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, necessary to
- 12 achieve that amount.
- 13 SEC. 110. ACROSS-THE-BOARD REDUCTION OF DISCRE-
- 14 TIONARY PROGRAMS.
- 15 (a) Sequestration.—Within 15 days after Con-
- 16 gress adjourns to end a session, and on the same day as
- 17 a sequestration (if any) under section 108 or 109, there
- 18 shall be a sequestration to reduce the amount of discre-
- 19 tionary sequestrable budget authority in the current policy
- 20 baseline for the budget year by the amount (if any) needed
- 21 to eliminate any excess of new budget authority for that
- 22 year over the discretionary funding limit for that year as
- 23 measured under section 107, unless that excess is less
- 24 than \$250,000,000.

- 1 (b) Uniform Reduction.—Each nonexempt ac-
- 2 count (or activity within an account) shall be reduced by
- 3 a dollar amount calculated by multiplying the level of
- 4 sequestrable budget authority in the baseline for that ac-
- 5 count or activity by the uniform percentage necessary to
- 6 reduce new budget authority by the amount in subsection
- 7 (a).
- 8 (c) Federal Personnel.—If the President uses
- 9 the authority under section 111(b) to exempt any amounts
- 10 appropriated for military personnel from sequestration, all
- 11 remaining sequestrable budget authority within subfunc-
- 12 tion 051 shall be further reduced by the uniform percent-
- 13 age needed to fully offset the reduction in the amount se-
- 14 questered resulting from that exemption.
- 15 (d) Part-Year Appropriations.—If, on the date
- 16 specified in subsection (a), there is in effect an Act making
- 17 or continuing appropriations for part of a fiscal year for
- 18 any budget account, then the dollar reduction calculated
- 19 for that account under subsections (b) and (c) shall be
- 20 applied to—
- 21 (1) the annualized amount otherwise available
- by law in that account under that or a subsequent
- part-year appropriation; and

1	(2) when a full-year appropriation for that ac-
2	count is enacted, from the amount otherwise pro-
3	vided by that appropriation.
4	SEC. 111. EXEMPT PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES.
5	(a) Descriptions and Lists.—Except as provided
6	in subsection (c), the following budget accounts, activities
7	within accounts, or income shall be exempt from seques-
8	tration—
9	(1) net interest;
10	(2) deposit insurance and pension benefit guar-
11	antees;
12	(3) all payments to trust funds from excise
13	taxes or other receipts or collections properly cred-
14	itable to those trust funds;
15	(4) offsetting receipts and collections;
16	(5) all payments from one Federal direct spend-
17	ing budget account to another Federal budget ac-
18	count; all intragovernmental funds including those
19	from which funding is derived primarily from other
20	Government accounts, except to the extent that such
21	funds are augmented by direct appropriations for

the fiscal year for which the order is in effect; and

1	those obligations of discretionary accounts or activi-
2	ties that are financed by intragovernmental pay-
3	ments from another discretionary account or activ-
4	ity;
5	(6) expenses to the extent they result from pri-
6	vate donations, bequests, or voluntary contributions
7	to the Government;
8	(7) nonbudgetary activities, including but not
9	limited to—
10	(A) credit liquidating and financing ac-
11	counts;
12	(B) the Pension Benefit Guarantee Cor-
13	poration Trust Funds;
14	(C) the Thrift Savings Fund;
15	(D) the Federal Reserve System; and
16	(E) appropriations for the District of Co-
17	lumbia to the extent they are appropriations of
18	locally raised funds;
19	(8) payments resulting from Government insur-
20	ance, Government guarantees, or any other form of
21	contingent liability, to the extent those payments re-
22	sult from contractual or other legally binding com-
23	mitments of the Government at the time of any se-
24	questration;

1	(9) the following accounts, which largely fulfill
2	requirements of the Constitution or otherwise make
3	payments to which the Government is committed—
4	Administration of Territories, Northern
5	Mariana Islands Covenant grants (14–0412–0–
6	1-806);
7	Bureau of Indian Affairs, miscellaneous
8	payments to Indians (14-2303-0-1-452);
9	Bureau of Indian Affairs, miscellaneous
10	trust funds, tribal trust funds (14–9973–0–7–
11	999);
12	Claims, defense;
13	Claims, judgments, and relief act (20-
14	1895-0-1-806);
15	Compact of Free Association, economic as-
16	sistance pursuant to Public Law 99-658 (14-
17	0415-0-1-806);
18	Compensation of the President (11–0001–
19	0-1-802);
20	Customs Service, miscellaneous permanent
21	appropriations (20-9992-0-2-852);
22	Eastern Indian land claims settlement
23	fund (14–2202–0–1–806)

1	Farm Credit System Financial Assistance
2	Corporation, interest payments (20–1850–0–1–
3	351);
4	Internal Revenue collections of Puerto Rico
5	(20-5737-0-2-852);
6	Panama Canal Commission, operating ex-
7	penses and capital outlay (95-5190-0-2-403);
8	Payments of Vietnam and USS Pueblo
9	prisoner-of-war claims (15–0104–0–1–153);
10	Payments to copyright owners (03–5175–
11	0-2-376);
12	Payments to the United States territories,
13	fiscal assistance (14-0418-0-1-801);
14	Salaries of Article III judges;
15	Soldier's and Airmen's Home, payment of
16	claims (84–8930–0–7–705);
17	Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Au-
18	thority, interest payments (46–0300–0–1–401).
19	(10) the following noncredit special, revolving,
20	or trust-revolving funds—
21	Coinage profit fund (20–5811–0–2–803);
22	Exchange Stabilization Fund (20–4444–0–
23	3–155);
24	Foreign Military Sales trust fund (11–
25	82232-0-7-155):

- 1 (11)(A) any amount paid as regular unemploy-2 ment compensation by a State from its account in 3 the Unemployment Trust Fund (established by sec-4 tion 904(a) of the Social Security Act);
- 6 eral unemployment account (established by section 904(g) of such Act) under title XII of such Act and any advance appropriated to the Federal unemployment account pursuant to section 1203 of such Act; and
 - (C) any payment made from the Federal Employees Compensation Account (as established under section 909 of such Act) for the purpose of carrying out chapter 85 of title 5, United States Code, and funds appropriated or transferred to or otherwise deposited in such Account;
- 17 (12) the earned income tax credit (payments to 18 individuals pursuant to section 32 of the Internal 19 Revenue Code of 1986).
- 20 (b) Optional Exemptions of Military Person-
- 21 NEL.—(1) The President may exempt some or all of the
- 22 budgetary resources of any military personnel account
- 23 from sequestration under section 109.
- 24 (2) The President may not use the authority under
- 25 paragraph (1) unless he notifies the Congress of the extent

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1 to which such authority will be exercised for the budget 2 year on or before the preceding August 29.

(c) Federal Administrative Expenses.—

- (1) Notwithstanding any provision of law other than paragraph (3), administrative expenses incurred by the departments and agencies, including independent agencies, of the Federal Government in connection with any program, project, activity, or account shall be subject to reduction pursuant to any sequestration order, without regard to the exemptions under subsection (a) and regardless of whether the program, project, activity, or account is self-supporting and does not receive appropriations.
- (2) Payments made by the Federal Government to reimburse or match administrative costs incurred by a State or political subdivision under or in connection with any program, project, activity, or account shall not be considered administrative expenses of the Federal Government for purposes of this section, and shall be subject to sequestration to the extent (and only to the extent) that other payments made by the Federal Government under or in connection with that program, project, activity, or account are subject to that reduction or sequestration; except that Federal payments made to a State

- as reimbursement of administrative costs incurred 1 2 by that State under or in connection with the unem-3 ployment compensation programs specified in subsection (a)(11) shall be subject to reduction or se-5 questration under this part notwithstanding the ex-6 emption otherwise granted to such programs under 7 that subsection. 8 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, 9 the administrative expenses of the following pro-10 grams shall be exempt from sequestration: 11 (A) Deposit insurance. 12 (B) The Federal Retirement Thrift Invest-13 ment Board. 14 (C) The Federal Reserve System. 15 SEC. 112. GENERAL AND SPECIAL SEQUESTRATION RULES. 16 (a) PERMANENT DIRECT SEQUESTRATION OF 17 SPENDING AND RECEIPTS.— 18
- (1) The purpose of any direct spending or receipts sequestration under this Act is to ensure deficit reduction in the budget year and all subsequent fiscal years, so that the budget-year deficit reduction target in section 101 is met and so that it will be feasible to meet the increasingly ambitious targets for the subsequent years.

(2) Obligations in sequestered direct spending accounts shall be reduced in the fiscal year in which a sequestration occurs and in all succeeding fiscal years. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, after the first direct spending sequestration or receipts sequestration, any later sequestration shall reduce direct spending or increase receipts (as the case may be) by an amount in addition to, rather than in lieu of, the reduction in direct spending or the increase in receipts in place under the existing sequestration or sequestrations.

(b) Uniform Percentages.—

(1) In calculating the uniform percentage applicable to the sequestration of all nonexempt direct spending programs or activities and receipts under section 109, or the uniform percentage applicable to the sequestration of nonexempt direct spending programs or activities within a category under section 108, the sequestrable base for direct spending rules and activities is the total budget-year level of outlays for those programs or activities in the current policy baseline minus—

(A) those budget-year outlays resulting from obligations incurred in the current or prior fiscal years, and

1	(B) those budget-year outlays resulting
2	from exemptions under section 111.
3	(2) For any direct spending program in
4	which—
5	(A) outlays pay for entitlement benefits,
6	(B) a budget-year sequestration takes ef-
7	fect after the 1st day of the budget year, and
8	(C) that delay reduces the amount of enti-
9	tlement authority that is subject to sequestra-
10	tion in the budget year,
11	the uniform percentage otherwise applicable to the
12	sequestration of that program in the budget year
13	shall be increased as necessary to achieve the same
14	budget-year outlay reduction in that program as
15	would have been achieved had there been no delay.
16	(3) If the uniform percentage otherwise applica-
17	ble to the budget-year sequestration of a program or
18	activity is increased under paragraph (2), then it
19	shall revert to the uniform percentage calculated
20	under paragraph (1) when the budget year is com-
21	pleted.
22	(e) General Rules for Sequestration.—
23	(1) Indefinite authority.—Except as other-
24	wise provided, sequestration in accounts for which
25	obligations are indefinite shall be taken in a manner

- to ensure that obligations in the fiscal year of a sequestration and succeeding fiscal years are reduced, from the level that would actually have occurred, by the applicable sequestration percentage or percentages.
 - (2) CANCELLATION OF BUDGETARY RE-SOURCES.—Budgetary resources sequestered from any account other than an entitlement trust, special, or revolving fund account shall revert to the Treasury and be permanently canceled or repealed.
 - (3) Indexed benefit payments.—If, under any entitlement program—
 - (A) benefit payments are made to persons or governments more frequently than once a year, and
 - (B) the amount of entitlement authority is periodically adjusted under existing law to reflect changes in a price index,

then for the first fiscal year to which a sequestration order applies, the benefit reductions in that program accomplished by the order shall take effect starting with the payment made at the beginning of January or 7 weeks after the order is issued, whichever is later. For the purposes of this subsection, Veterans

- Compensation shall be considered a program that meets the conditions of the preceding sentence.
 - Except as otherwise provided, the same percentage sequestration shall apply to all programs, projects, and activities within a budget account (with programs, projects, and activities as delineated in the appropriation Act or accompanying report for the relevant fiscal year covering that account, or for accounts not included in appropriation Acts, as delineated in the most recently submitted President's budget).
 - (5) Implementing regulations.—Administrative regulations or similar actions implementing the sequestration of a program or activity shall be made within 120 days of the effective date of the sequestration of that program or activity.
 - (6) DISTRIBUTION FORMULAS.—To the extent that distribution or allocation formulas differ at different levels of budgetary resources within an account, program, project, or activity, a sequestration shall be interpreted as producing a lower total appropriation, with that lower appropriation being obligated as though it had been the pre-sequestration appropriation and no sequestration had occurred.

- 1 (7) CONTINGENT FEES.—In any account for
- 2 which fees charged to the public are legally deter-
- mined by the level of appropriations, fees shall be
- 4 charged on the basis of the presequestration level of
- 5 appropriations.
- 6 (d) Block Grants to States for Temporary As-
- 7 SISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES.—Any sequestration
- 8 order shall accomplish the full amount of any required re-
- 9 duction in payments under sections 403 and 418 of the
- 10 Social Security Act by reducing the amount otherwise pay-
- 11 able to each State (within the meaning of part A of title
- 12 IV of such Act) under the section involved for the fiscal
- 13 year involved by the uniform percentage applicable to the
- 14 sequestration of nonexempt direct spending programs or
- 15 activities.
- 16 (e) Child Support Enforcement Program.—
- 17 Any sequestration order shall accomplish the full amount
- 18 of any required reduction in payments under sections 455
- 19 and 458 of the Social Security Act by reducing the Fed-
- 20 eral matching rate for State administrative costs under
- 21 the program, as specified (for the fiscal year involved) in
- 22 section 455(a) of such Act, to the extent necessary to re-
- 23 duce such expenditures by that amount.
- 24 (f) COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION.—

- (1) GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), for the Commodity Credit Corporation, a sequestration order shall take effect on the date on which the order is issued.
 - (2) SPECIAL EFFECTIVE DATE FOR CERTAIN CCC CONTRACTS.—For each crop of a commodity for which 1-year contracts are issued as an entitlement, a sequestration order shall take effect with the start of the sign-up period for that crop that begins after the sequestration order is issued. In the case of a commodity for which a production flexibility contract is in effect under section 111 of the Agricultural Market Transition Act (7 U.S.C. 7211), a sequestration order shall take effect on October 1 of the fiscal year that begins after the sequestration order is issued. Payments for each contract shall be reduced under the same terms and conditions.
 - (3) Dairy Program.—As the sole means of achieving any reduction in outlays under the milk price support program, the Secretary of Agriculture shall provide for a reduction to be made in the price received by producers for all milk produced in the United States and marketed by producers for commercial use. The price reduction shall be measured in cents per hundredweight of milk marketed. The

- reduction in outlays as a result of the price reduction shall not exceed the aggregate amount of the reduction in outlays under the milk price support program that otherwise would have been achieved by reducing payments made for the purchase of milk or the products of milk under section 141 of the Agricultural Market Transition Act (7 U.S.C. 7251) during the fiscal year involved.
 - (4) EFFECT OF DELAY.—For purposes of subsection (b)(1), the sequestrable base for the Commodity Credit Corporation is the budget-year level of gross outlays resulting from new budget authority that is subject to reduction under paragraphs (2) and (3), and subsection (b)(2) shall not apply.
 - (5) CERTAIN AUTHORITY NOT TO BE LIM-ITED.—Nothing in this Act shall restrict the Corporation in the discharge of its authority and responsibility as a corporation to buy and sell commodities in world trade, or limit or reduce in any way any appropriation that provides the Corporation with funds to cover its net realized losses.
- 22 (g) Conservation Reserve Program.—Multiyear 23 contracts under the conservation reserve program shall be 24 considered binding and not subject to sequestration, but 25 any contract entered into after a sequestration applicable

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- 1 to that program takes effect shall provide for payments
- 2 reduced by the uniform percentage or percentages applica-
- 3 ble to that sequestration.
- 4 (h) Extended Unemployment Compensation.—
- 5 (1) A State may reduce each weekly benefit payment made
- 6 under the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Com-
- 7 pensation Act of 1970 for any week of unemployment oc-
- 8 curring during any period with respect to which payments
- 9 are reduced under any sequestration order by a percentage
- 10 not to exceed the percentage by which the Federal pay-
- 11 ment to the State under section 204 of such Act is to be
- 12 reduced for such week as a result of such order.
- 13 (2) A reduction by a State in accordance with sub-
- 14 paragraph (A) shall not be considered as a failure to fulfill
- 15 the requirements of section 3304(a)(11) of the Internal
- 16 Revenue Code of 1986.
- 17 (i) Federal Employees Health Benefits
- 18 Fund.—For the Federal Employees Health Benefits
- 19 Fund, a sequestration order shall take effect with the next
- 20 open season. The sequestration shall be accomplished by
- 21 annual payments from that Fund to the General Fund of
- 22 the Treasury. Those annual payments shall be financed
- 23 solely by charging higher premiums. For purposes of sub-
- 24 section (b)(1), the sequestrable base for the Fund is the
- 25 budget-year level of gross outlays resulting from claims

- 1 paid after the sequestration order takes effect, and sub-
- 2 section (b)(2) shall not apply.
- 3 (j) Federal Housing Finance Board.—Any se-
- 4 questration of the Federal Housing Finance Board shall
- 5 be accomplished by annual payments (by the end of each
- 6 fiscal year) from that Board to the general fund of the
- 7 Treasury, in amounts equal to the uniform sequestration
- 8 percentage for that year times the gross obligations of the
- 9 Board in that year.

10 (k) Federal Pay.—

11 (1) In general.—Except as provided in sec-12 tion 111(b)(3), new budget authority to pay Federal 13 personnel shall be reduced by the uniform percent-14 age calculated under section 108, 109, or 110, as 15 applicable, but no sequestration order may reduce or 16 have the effect of reducing the rate of pay to which 17 any individual is entitled under any statutory pay 18 system (as increased by any amount payable under 19 section 5304 of title 5, United States Code, or sec-20 tion 302 of the Federal Employees Pay Comparabil-21 ity Act of 1990) or the rate of any element of mili-22 tary pay to which any individual is entitled under 23 title 37, United States Code, or any increase in rates 24 of pay which is scheduled to take effect under sec-25 tion 5303 of title 5, United States Code, section

1	1009 of title 37, United States Code, or any other
2	provision of law.
3	(2) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
4	section:
5	(A) The term "statutory pay system" shall
6	have the meaning given that term in section
7	5302(1) of title 5, United States Code.
8	(B) The term "elements of military pay"
9	means—
10	(i) the elements of compensation of
11	members of the uniformed services speci-
12	fied in section 1009 of title 37, United
13	States Code,
14	(ii) allowances provided members of
15	the uniformed services under sections 403a
16	and 405 of such title, and
17	(iii) cadet pay and midshipman pay
18	under section 203(c) of such title.
19	(C) The term "uniformed services" shall
20	have the meaning given that term in section
21	101(3) of title 37, United States Code.
22	(l) Guaranteed Student Loans.—(A) For all stu-
23	dent loans under parts B and D of title IV of the Higher
24	Education Act of 1965 made on or after the date of a
25	sequestration, the origination fees shall be increased by

- 1 a uniform percentage sufficient to produce the dollar sav-
- 2 ings in student loan programs for the fiscal year of the
- 3 sequestration required by section 108 or 109, and all sub-
- 4 sequent origination fees shall be increased by the same
- 5 percentage, notwithstanding any other provision of law.
- 6 (B) The origination fees to which paragraph (A) ap-
- 7 plies are those specified in sections 428H(f)(1), 438(c),
- 8 and 455(c) of that Act.
- 9 (m) Insurance Programs.—Any sequestration in a
- 10 Federal program that sells insurance contracts to the pub-
- 11 lic (including the Federal Crop Insurance Fund, the Na-
- 12 tional Insurance Development Fund, the National Flood
- 13 Insurance Fund, insurance activities of the Overseas Pri-
- 14 vate Insurance Corporation, and Veterans' life insurance
- 15 programs) shall be accomplished by annual payments from
- 16 the insurance fund or account to the general fund of the
- 17 Treasury. The amount of each annual payment by each
- 18 such fund or account shall be the amount received by the
- 19 fund or account by increasing premiums on contracts en-
- 20 tered into after the date a sequestration order takes effect
- 21 by the uniform sequestration percentage, and premiums
- 22 shall be increased accordingly.
- (n) Medicaid.—The November 15th estimate of
- 24 medicaid spending by States shall be the base estimate
- 25 from which the uniform percentage reduction under any

- sequestration, applied across-the-board by State, shall be made. Succeeding Federal payments to States shall reflect 3 that reduction. The Health Care Financing Administration shall reconcile actual medicaid spending for each fis-5 cal year with the base estimate as reduced by the uniform percentage, and adjust each State's grants as soon as practicable, but no later than 100 days after the end of 8 the fiscal year to which the base estimate applied, to comply with the sequestration order. 10 (o) Medicare.— 11 (1)TIMING $_{
 m OF}$ APPLICATION OF REDUC-12 TIONS.— 13 (A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in 14 subparagraph (B), if a reduction is made in 15 payment amounts pursuant to a sequestration 16 order, the reduction shall be applied to payment 17 for services furnished after the effective date of 18 the order. For purposes of the previous sen-19 tence, in the case of inpatient services furnished 20 for an individual, the services shall be consid-21 ered to be furnished on the date of the individ-22 ual's discharge from the inpatient facility. 23
 - (B) PAYMENT ON THE BASIS OF COST RE-PORTING PERIODS.—In the case in which payment for services of a provider of services is

act on a basis relating to the reasonable cost incurred for the services during a cost reporting period of the provider, if a reduction is made in payment amounts pursuant to a sequestration order, the reduction shall be applied to payment for costs for such services incurred at any time during each cost reporting period of the provider any part of which occurs after the effective date of the order, but only (for each such cost reporting period) in the same proportion as the fraction of the cost reporting period that occurs after the effective date of the order.

(2) No increase in Beneficiary charges in assignment-related cases.—If a reduction in payment amounts is made pursuant to a sequestration order for services for which payment under part B of title XVIII of the Social Security Act is made on the basis of an assignment described in section 1842(b)(3)(B)(ii), in accordance with section 1842(b)(6)(B), or under the procedure described in section 1870(f)(1) of such Act, the person furnishing the services shall be considered to have accepted payment of the reasonable charge for the services,

- less any reduction in payment amount made pursuant to a sequestration order, as payment in full.
- 3 (3) No effect on computation of AAPCC.—
 4 In computing the adjusted average per capita cost
- 5 for purposes of section 1876(a)(4) of the Social Se-
- 6 curity Act, the Secretary of Health and Human
- 7 Services shall not take into account any reductions
- 8 in payment amounts which have been or may be ef-
- 9 fected under this part.
- 10 (p) Postal Service Fund.—Any sequestration of
- 11 the Postal Service Fund shall be accomplished by annual
- 12 payments from that Fund to the General Fund of the
- 13 Treasury, and the Postmaster General of the United
- 14 States shall have the duty to make those payments during
- 15 the fiscal year to which the sequestration order applies
- 16 and each succeeding fiscal year. The amount of each an-
- 17 nual payment shall be—
- 18 (1) the uniform sequestration percentage, times
- 19 (2) the estimated gross obligations of the Postal
- Service Fund in that year other than those obliga-
- 21 tions financed with an appropriation for revenue
- foregone for that year.
- 23 Any such payment for a fiscal year shall be made as soon
- 24 as possible during the fiscal year, except that it may be
- 25 made in installments within that year if the payment

- 1 schedule is approved by the Secretary of the Treasury.
- 2 Within 30 days after the sequestration order is issued, the
- 3 Postmaster General shall submit to the Postal Rate Com-
- 4 mission a plan for financing the annual payment for that
- 5 fiscal year and publish that plan in the Federal Register.
- 6 The plan may assume efficiencies in the operation of the
- 7 Postal Service, reductions in capital expenditures, in-
- 8 creases in the prices of services, or any combination, but
- 9 may not assume a lower Fund surplus or higher Fund
- 10 deficit and must follow the requirements of existing law
- 11 governing the Postal Service in all other respects. Within
- 12 30 days of the receipt of that plan, the Postal Rate Com-
- 13 mission shall approve the plan or modify it in the manner
- 14 that modifications are allowed under current law. If the
- 15 Postal Rate Commission does not respond to the plan
- 16 within 30 days, the plan submitted by the Postmaster
- 17 General shall go into effect. Any plan may be later revised
- 18 by the submission of a new plan to the Postal Rate Com-
- 19 mission, which may approve or modify it.
- 20 (q) Power Marketing Administrations and
- 21 TVA.—Any sequestration of the Department of Energy
- 22 power marketing administration funds or the Tennessee
- 23 Valley Authority fund shall be accomplished by annual
- 24 payments from those funds to the General Fund of the
- 25 Treasury, and the administrators of those funds shall have

- 1 the duty to make those payments during the fiscal year
- 2 to which the sequestration order applies and each succeed-
- 3 ing fiscal year. The amount of each annual payment by
- 4 a fund shall be—
- 5 (1) the direct spending uniform sequestration
- 6 percentage, times
- 7 (2) the estimated gross obligations of the fund
- 8 in that year other than those obligations financed
- 9 from discretionary appropriations for that year.
- 10 Any such payment for a fiscal year shall be made as soon
- 11 as possible during the fiscal year, except that it may be
- 12 made in installments within that year if the payment
- 13 schedule is approved by the Secretary of the Treasury. An-
- 14 nual payments by a fund may be financed by reductions
- 15 in costs required to produce the presequester amount of
- 16 power (but those reductions shall not include reductions
- 17 in the amount of power supplied by the fund), by reduc-
- 18 tions in capital expenditures, by increases in rates, or by
- 19 any combination, but may not be financed by a lower fund
- 20 surplus or a higher fund deficit and must follow the re-
- 21 quirements of existing law governing the fund in all other
- 22 respects. The administrator of a fund or the TVA Board
- 23 is authorized to take the actions specified above in order
- 24 to make the annual payments to the Treasury.

- 1 (r) Veterans' Housing Loans.—(1) For all hous-
- 2 ing loans guaranteed, insured, or made under chapter 37
- 3 of title 38, United States Code, on or after the date of
- 4 a sequestration, the origination fees shall be increased by
- 5 a uniform percentage sufficient to produce the dollar sav-
- 6 ings in veterans' housing programs for the fiscal year of
- 7 the sequestration required by section 108 or 109, and all
- 8 subsequent origination fees shall be increased by the same
- 9 percentage, notwithstanding any other provision of law.
- 10 (2) The origination fees to which paragraph (1) ap-
- 11 plies are those referred to in section 3729 of title 38,
- 12 United States Code.
- 13 SEC. 113. SEQUESTRATION THROUGH SURTAXES.
- 14 (a) GENERAL RULE.—Subchapter A of chapter 1 of
- 15 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to determina-
- 16 tion of tax liability) is amended by adding at the end
- 17 thereof the following new part:

18 "PART VIII—TAX SEQUESTRATION SURTAXES

19 "SEC. 59B. IMPOSITION OF SURTAX ON INDIVIDUALS.

- 20 "(a) Section 1.—In the case of an individual, the
- 21 amount of the tax imposed under section 1 for any taxable
- 22 year shall be increased by the applicable surtax percentage
- 23 of the tax imposed under section 1 for such taxable year
- 24 (determined without regard to this section).

[&]quot;Sec. 59B. Imposition of surtax on individuals.

[&]quot;Sec. 59C. Imposition of surtax on corporations.

[&]quot;Sec. 59D. Definitions and special rules.

"(b) MINIMUM TAX.—In the case of an individual, 1 the amount of the tentative minimum tax determined 3 under section 55 for any taxable year shall be increased by the applicable surtax percentage of the amount of the tentative minimum tax for such taxable year (determined without regard to this section). 6 7 "(c) Surtax To Apply to Estates and Trusts.— 8 For purposes of this section, the term 'individual' includes 9 any estate or trust taxable under section 1. 10 "(d) Coordination With Other Provisions.— The provisions of this section— 11 "(1) shall be applied after section 1(h), but 12 "(2) before the application of any other provi-13 14 sion of this title which refers to the amount of the 15 tax imposed by section 1 or 55, as the case may be. 16 "SEC. 59C. IMPOSITION OF SURTAX ON CORPORATIONS. 17 "(a) NORMAL CORPORATE TAX.— 18 "(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a corpora-19 tion, the amount of the tax imposed under section 20 11 for any taxable year shall be increased by the ap-21 plicable surtax percentage of the amount of the tax 22 imposed under section 11 for such taxable year (de-23 termined without regard to this section). 24 "(2) Treatment of certain taxes.—For

purposes of paragraph (1), a tax shall be treated as

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- 1 imposed under section 11 if the amount of such tax
- 2 is determined by reference to the provisions of sec-
- 3 tion 11 (or by reference to any rate contained there-
- 4 in).
- 5 "(b) MINIMUM TAX.—In the case of a corporation,
- 6 the amount of the tentative minimum tax determined
- 7 under section 55 for any taxable year shall be increased
- 8 by the applicable surtax percentage of the amount of the
- 9 tentative minimum tax for such taxable year (determined
- 10 without regard to this section).
- 11 "(c) Coordination With Other Provisions.—
- 12 The provisions of this section shall be applied—
- 13 "(1) after the application of section 1201 and
- 14 801(a)(2), but
- 15 "(2) before the application of any other provi-
- sion of this title which refers to the amount of tax
- imposed by section 11 or 55, as the case may be.
- 18 "SEC. 59D. DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.
- 19 "(a) APPLICABLE SURTAX PERCENTAGE.—For pur-
- 20 poses of this subpart—
- 21 "(1) In general.—The term 'applicable surtax
- percentage' means, with respect to a taxable year be-
- 23 ginning in a calendar year, the sum, rounded up to
- the nearest 0.5 percentage point, of—

1	"(A) the surtax percentage (if any) deter-
2	mined under paragraph (2) for such calendar
3	year, plus
4	"(B) the sum of the surtax percentages (if
5	any) for all preceding calendar years.
6	"(2) Surtax Percentage.—The surtax per-
7	centage for a calendar year is the surtax percentage
8	included in the final sequestration report effectuated
9	by the sequestration order under section 114 of the
10	Deficit Elimination Act of 1997 for the fiscal year
11	in which the calendar year begins.
12	"(b) Section 15 Not To Apply.—Section 15 shall
13	not apply to any change in rates under this part.
14	"(c) Adjustment to Application of Certain
15	Provisions.—
16	"(1) Dividends paid on Certain Preferred
17	STOCK.—In computing for a taxable year of a cor-
18	poration the fractions described in sections
19	244(a)(2) and $247(a)(2)$, the denominator shall,
20	under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, be in-
21	creased to reflect the provisions of this part.
22	"(2) Shareholders of regulated invest-
23	MENT COMPANIES.—In computing the adjustment to
24	basis described in section 852(b)(3)(D)(iii), the per-
25	centage set forth therein shall be adjusted, under

- 56 1 regulations prescribed by the Secretary, to reflect 2 the provisions of this part." 3 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of parts for subchapter A of chapter 1 of such Code is amended by 5 adding at the end thereof the following new item: "Part VIII. Tax sequestration surtaxes." 6 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after 8 December 31, 1997. SEC. 114. ESTIMATING ASSUMPTIONS, REPORTS, AND OR-10 DERS. 11 (a) TIMETABLE.—The timetable with respect to this part for any budget year is as follows: Date: Action to be completed:
 - Dec. 31 OMB and CBO sequestration preview reports submitted to Board. Board selects sequestration preview Jan. 15 report. The President's budget submission OMB publishes sequestration preview report. August 29: President's midsession review; notification regarding military personnel. Within 10 days after end of ses-OMB and CBO final budget vear sesion. questration reports submitted to Board. 5 days later Board selects final sequestration report; President issues sequestration order.
- 13 (b) Submission and Availability of Reports.—
 14 Each report required by this section shall be submitted,
 15 in the case of CBO, to the House of Representatives, the
 16 Senate, OMB, and the Board and, in the case of OMB,

1	to the House of Representatives, the Senate, the Presi-
2	dent, and the Board on the day it is issued. On the follow-
3	ing day a notice of the report shall be printed in the Fed-
4	eral Register.
5	(c) Exchange of Preliminary Current Policy
6	Baselines.—On December 15 or 3 weeks after Congress
7	adjourns to end a session, whichever is later, OMB and
8	CBO shall exchange their preliminary current policy base-
9	lines for the budget-year session starting in January.
10	(d) Sequestration Preview Reports.—
11	(1) Reporting requirement.—On December
12	31 or 2 weeks after exchanging preliminary current
13	policy baselines, whichever is later, OMB and CBO
14	shall each submit a sequestration preview report.
15	(2) Contents.—Each preview report shall set
16	forth the following:
17	(A) Major estimating assumptions.—
18	The major estimating assumptions for the cur-
19	rent year, the budget year, and the outyears,
20	and an explanation of them.
21	(B) Current Policy Baseline.—A de-
22	tailed display of the current policy baseline for
23	the current year, the budget year, and the out-
24	years, with an explanation of changes in the
25	baseline since it was last issued that includes

the effect of policy decisions made during the intervening period and an explanation of the differences between OMB and CBO for each item set forth in the report.

- (C) Deficits assuming compliance.— Estimates for the budget year and each subsequent year through fiscal year 2002 of the deficits or surpluses in the current policy baseline assuming deficit reduction specified in section 116.
- (i) estimates for the current year, the budget year, and each outyear through 2002 of the discretionary funding limits and an explanation of each adjustment made to those limits under section 102(b), (ii) starting with fiscal year 2002, an estimate of the aggregate first-year spendout rate for the budget year for discretionary programs, (iii) starting with budget year 2002, an estimate for the current year and for the budget year of the discretionary funding limits under the spinoff law under section 105, or if no such law exists for a fiscal year, for those limits established under the automatic application of section 103 or 104.

- (E) Sequestration of discretionary accounts.—Estimates of the uniform percentage and the amount of budgetary resources to be sequestered from discretionary programs given the baseline level of appropriations, and if the President chooses to exempt some or all military personnel from sequestration, the effect of that decision on the percentage and amounts.
 - (F) Deficit reduction requirements for direct spending and receipts.—An estimate for direct spending and receipts of the deficit reduction remaining to be achieved for the budget year under section 101 or 104 or of the decrease in the surplus allowed for that year under section 104 (given the amount already achieved as measured under section 106).
 - (G) DIRECT SPENDING SEQUESTRATION.—
 Estimates of the uniform percentage and the amount of targeted sequestration under section 108 that will be necessary in each direct spending category to meet the direct spending targets for the budget year in the spin-off law under section 105, or if no such law has been enacted for the budget year, the uniform percentage and the amount of comprehensive sequestration of

direct spending programs that will be necessary under section 109.

(H) RECEIPTS SEQUESTRATION.—Estimates of the increase in receipts under section 108 that will be necessary to meet the receipts targets for the budget year in the spin-off law under section 105, or if no such law has been enacted for the budget year, the increase in receipts that will be necessary under section 109; including the surtax percentage needed to achieve the increase in receipts required under section 108 or the uniform percentage under section 109.

14 (e) SELECTION OF OFFICIAL SEQUESTRATION PRE15 VIEW REPORT.—On January 15 or 2 weeks after receiving
16 the OMB and CBO sequestration preview reports, which17 ever is later, the Board shall choose either the OMB or
18 CBO sequestration preview report as the official report for
19 purposes of this Act. The Board shall add to the chosen
20 report an analysis of which reports submitted in previous
21 years have proven to be more accurate and recommenda22 tions about methods of improving the accuracy of future
23 reports. That report shall be set forth, without change,
24 in the budget submitted by the President under section

1	1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, for the budget
2	year.
3	(f) Agreeing on Earlier Dates.—The Chairman
4	of the Board may set earlier dates for subsections (c), (d),
5	and (e) if OMB and CBO concur.
6	(g) Notification Regarding Military Person-
7	NEL.—On or before August 29, the President shall notify
8	the Congress of the manner in which he intends to exercise
9	flexibility with respect to military personnel accounts
10	under section 111(b).
11	(h) Final Sequestration Reports.—
12	(1) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Not later than
13	10 days following the end of a budget-year session,
14	OMB and CBO shall each submit a final sequestra-
15	tion report.
16	(2) Contents.—That report shall be based
17	upon laws enacted through the date of the report
18	and shall set forth all the information and estimates
19	required of a sequestration preview report required
20	by subsection (d)(2) (D) through (H). In addition,
21	that report shall include—
22	(A) for each account to be sequestered, the
23	baseline level of sequestrable budgetary re-
24	sources and the resulting reductions in new
25	budget authority and outlays;

1	(B) the effects of sequestration on the level
2	of direct spending outlays for each fiscal year
3	through 2002; and
4	(C) the effects of sequestration on the level
5	of receipts for each fiscal year through 2002.
6	(i) Selection of Official Final Sequestration
7	REPORT.—Not later than 5 days after receiving the final
8	OMB and CBO sequestration reports, the Board shall
9	choose either the OMB or CBO final sequestration report
10	as the official report for purposes of this Act, and shall
11	issue a report stating that decision and making any com-
12	ments that the Board chooses.
13	(j) Presidential Order.—(1) On the day that the
14	Board chooses a final sequestration report, the President
15	shall issue an order fully implementing without change all
16	sequestrations and tax actions required by—
17	(A) the final sequestration report that requires
18	the lesser amount of discretionary sequestration
19	under section 110; and
20	(B) the final sequestration report that requires
21	the lesser total amount of direct spending and re-
22	ceipts sequestration under section 108 or 109 (as
23	applicable).
24	The order shall be effective on issuance and shall be issued
25	only if sequestration is required.

- 1 (2)(A) If both the CBO and OMB final sequestration
- 2 reports require a sequestration of discretionary programs,
- 3 and the Board chooses the report requiring the greater
- 4 sequestration, then a positive amount equal to the dif-
- 5 ference between the CBO and OMB estimates of discre-
- 6 tionary new budget authority for the budget year shall be
- 7 subtracted from the budget-year column and added to the
- 8 column for the first outyear of the discretionary scorecard
- 9 under section 107 as though that amount had been en-
- 10 acted in the next session of Congress.
- 11 (B) If one final sequestration report requires a se-
- 12 questration of discretionary programs and the Board
- 13 chooses that report, then an amount equal to the dif-
- 14 ference between that report's estimate of discretionary
- 15 new budget authority for the budget year and the discre-
- 16 tionary funding limit for that year shall be subtracted
- 17 from the budget-year column and added to column for the
- 18 first outyear of the discretionary scorecard under section
- 19 107 as though that amount had been enacted in the next
- 20 session of Congress.
- 21 (3)(A) If both the CBO and OMB final sequestration
- 22 reports require a sequestration of direct spending or re-
- 23 ceipts, and the Board chooses the report requiring the
- 24 greater sequestration, then a positive amount equal to the
- 25 difference between the total CBO and OMB estimates of

- 1 required budget-year direct spending and receipts seques-
- 2 trations shall be subtracted from the budget-year column
- 3 and added to the column for the first outyear of the direct
- 4 spending and receipts scorecard under section 106 as
- 5 though that amount had been enacted in the next session
- 6 of Congress.
- 7 (B) If one final sequestration report requires a se-
- 8 questration of direct spending or receipts and the Board
- 9 chooses that report, then the estimate of total required
- 10 budget-year direct spending and receipts sequestrations
- 11 shall be subtracted from the budget-year column and
- 12 added to column for the first outyear of the direct spend-
- 13 ing and receipts scorecard under section 106 as though
- 14 that amount had been enacted in the next session of
- 15 Congress.
- 16 (k) Low-Growth Report.—At any time until the
- 17 end of fiscal year 1999, the Director of the Board shall
- 18 notify the Congress if—
- 19 (1) during the period consisting of the quarter
- during which such notification is given, the quarter
- 21 preceding that notification, and the 4 quarters fol-
- lowing that notification, CBO or OMB has deter-
- 23 mined that real economic growth is projected or esti-
- 24 mated to be less than zero for each of any 2 con-
- 25 secutive quarters within that period; or

- 1 (2) the most recent of the Department of Com-2 merce's advance, preliminary, or final reports of ac-3 tual real economic growth for each of the most re-4 cently reported quarter and the immediately preced-5 ing quarter is less than 1 percent.
- 6 (l) USE OF MAJOR ESTIMATING ASSUMPTIONS AND
 7 SCOREKEEPING CONVENTIONS.—In the estimates, projec8 tions, and reports under subsections (c) and (d), CBO and
 9 OMB shall use the best and most recent estimating as10 sumptions available. In all other reports required by this
 11 section and in all estimates or calculations required by this

Act, CBO and OMB shall use—

- 13 (1) current-year and budget-year discretionary 14 funding limits chosen by the Board and the esti-15 mates chosen by the Board of the deficit reduction 16 (or decrease in the surplus) through changes in di-17 rect spending and receipts required (or allowed) in 18 the budget year;
 - (2) in estimating the effects of bills and discretionary regulations, the major estimating assumptions most recently chosen by the Board, except to the extent that they must be altered to reflect actual results occurring or measured after the Board's choice; and

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1	(3) scorekeeping conventions determined after
2	consultation among the House and Senate Commit-
3	tees on the Budget, CBO, and OMB.
4	In applying the two previous sentences, the major estimat-
5	ing assumptions and other calculations required by this
6	Act that are included in the statement of managers accom-
7	panying the conference report on this Act shall be consid-
8	ered, for all purposes of this Act, to be the report of the
9	Board chosen under subsection (e) for fiscal year 1998.
10	(m) BILL COST ESTIMATES.—Within 10 days after
11	the enactment of any discretionary appropriations, direct
12	spending, or receipts legislation, CBO and OMB shall
13	transmit to each other, the Board, and to the Congress
14	an estimate of the budgetary effects of that law, following
15	the estimating requirements of this section. Those esti-
16	mates may not change after the 10-day period except—
17	(1) to the extent those estimates are subsumed
18	within (and implicitly changed by) the estimates
19	made in preparation of a new baseline under sub-
20	sections (e), (d), and (h);
21	(2) to reflect a choice of the Board regarding
22	an official set of estimates under subsections (l) and
23	(n); and
24	(3) to correct clerical errors or errors in the ap-
25	plication of this Act.

$1\;\:$ Sec. 115. The current policy baseline.

2	(a) In General.—For any budget year, the baseline
3	refers to a projection of current-year levels of new budget
4	authority, outlays, revenues, and the surplus or deficit into
5	the budget year and the outyears based on laws enacted
6	through, and discretionary regulations promulgated as
7	final by, the applicable date.
8	(b) DIRECT SPENDING AND RECEIPTS.—For the cur-
9	rent year, the budget year, and each outyear, the baseline
10	shall be calculated using the following assumptions:
11	(1) In general.—Laws providing or creating
12	direct spending and receipts are assumed to operate
13	in the manner specified in those laws for each such
14	year, funding for entitlement authority is assumed
15	to be adequate to make all payments required by
16	those entitlements, and funding for deposit insur-
17	ance is assumed to be adequate to meet the costs of
18	the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and
19	Enforcement Act of 1989 or successor laws.
20	(2) Exceptions.—Except as provided in para-
21	graph (3):
22	(A) No program with estimated current-
23	year gross new budget authority greater than
24	\$100 million is assumed to expire in the budget
25	year or outyears. In carrying out the preceding
26	sentence, expiring entitlement programs and

programs financed by indefinite budget authority are assumed to continue as in effect just

prior to their expiration, and other expiring

programs are assumed to continue with new

budget authority projected as under subsection

(c)(4).

- (B) The percentage increase for veterans' compensation for a fiscal year is assumed to be the same as that required by law for veterans' pensions unless otherwise provided by a law enacted in that session.
- (C) Excise taxes dedicated to a trust fund, if expiring, are assumed to continue at the rates in effect immediately prior to their expiration.
- (3) CUTOFF DATE.—Programs or taxes that expire on or before December 31 and that have not been reauthorized by the date of the final sequestration report are assumed to expire. If an increase in veterans compensation has not been enacted by the date of the final sequestration report, it is not assumed.
- 22 (c) DISCRETIONARY APPROPRIATIONS.—For the cur-23 rent year, the budget year, and each outyear, the baseline 24 shall be calculated using the following assumptions regard-25 ing discretionary programs:

- 1 (1) Inflation of current-year appropria-2 TIONS.—New budget authority shall be at the level 3 provided for that fiscal year in appropriation Acts. 4 If for any account an appropriation has not yet been 5 enacted, new budget authority is assumed to be at 6 the level available in the current year, adjusted se-7 quentially and cumulatively for expiring housing con-8 tracts as specified in paragraph (2), for inflation as 9 specified in paragraph (3), and to account for 10 changes required by law in the level of agency payments for personnel benefits other than pay.
 - (2)HOUSING CONTRACTS.—New EXPIRING budget authority to renew expiring multiyear subsidized housing contracts or provide contracts to replace units lost due to prepayments shall be adjusted to reflect the difference in the number of such contracts that are estimated to expire or be prepaid in that fiscal year and the number expiring or being prepaid in the current year, with the per-contract renewal/replacement cost equal to the average currentyear cost of renewal or replacement contracts.
 - (3) Inflators.—The inflator to adjust new budget authority relating to personnel is the percent by which the average rate of basic pay for statutory pay systems, computed as specified in section

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- 5303(a) of title 5, United States Code, for that fiscal year exceeds the average rate of pay for the current year. The inflator to adjust all other budgetary resources is the percent by which the average of the estimated gross domestic product fixed-weight price index for that fiscal year differs from the average of such estimated index for the current year.
- 8 (4) Part-year appropriations; permissive 9 TRANSFERS.—If, for any account, a continuing ap-10 propriation is in effect for less than an entire fiscal 11 year, then the amount available for that fiscal year 12 is assumed to equal the amount that would be avail-13 able if that continuing appropriation covered the en-14 tire fiscal year. If law permits the transfer of budget 15 authority among budget accounts in the current 16 year, the current-year level for an account shall re-17 flect transfers accomplished by the applicable date 18 or assumed for the current year in the President's 19 original budget or midsession review for the budget 20 year.
- 21 (d) UP-TO-DATE CONCEPTS.—In deriving the base-22 line for any budget year or outyear, current-year amounts 23 shall be calculated using the concepts and definitions that 24 are required for that budget year.

1 SEC. 116. BASELINE ASSUMING DEFICIT REDUCTION.

- 2 For any budget year, a baseline assuming deficit re-
- 3 duction refers to a projection of current policy baseline
- 4 surpluses or deficits into the budget year and the outyears
- 5 that is adjusted in aggregate by—
- 6 (1) assuming compliance with the deficit reduc-
- 7 tion targets for direct spending and receipts legisla-
- 8 tion under section 101 without any adjustment pur-
- 9 suant to section 103;
- 10 (2) assuming compliance with the discretionary
- funding limits under section 102 without any adjust-
- ment pursuant to section 103; and
- 13 (3) excluding amounts resulting from legislation
- that has been designated as an emergency require-
- ment under section 102(b)(4) or 106(f).

16 SEC. 117. STABILIZATION RESERVE FUND.

- 17 (a) Establishment and Purpose.—There is here-
- 18 by established as a deposit fund in the Treasury a Sta-
- 19 bilization Reserve Fund ("Fund"), to be administered by
- 20 the Secretary of the Treasury. The purpose of that Fund
- 21 is to accumulate balances during years of comparative
- 22 prosperity, which balances may later be used to cover the
- 23 loss of receipts and the increase in outlays that occur dur-
- 24 ing times of comparative economic distress.

- 1 (b) Amounts Paid to the Fund.—On the last day
- 2 of any fiscal year for which an actual surplus has oc-
- 3 curred, the amount of that surplus shall be paid to the
- 4 Fund. In fiscal year 2003, the Secretary of the Treasury
- 5 shall pay an additional \$10 billion from the general fund
- 6 of the Treasury to the Fund. In each fiscal year starting
- 7 with 2000, the Secretary of the Treasury shall pay an ad-
- 8 ditional \$20 billion to the Fund from the general fund of
- 9 the Treasury. Balances in the Fund shall not receive inter-
- 10 est.
- 11 (c) Transfer of Fund Balances.—At any time
- 12 starting with the fiscal year 2003 session, a law may be
- 13 enacted withdrawing some or all of the current balance
- 14 of the Stabilization Reserve Fund and paying that
- 15 amount, as a receipt, to the General Fund of the Treas-
- 16 ury. That law may also provide for the later transfer to
- 17 the Treasury (as a receipt) of some or all of the current-
- 18 year estimated surplus (if any), to be paid into the Sta-
- 19 bilization Reserve Fund at the end of the current year
- 20 under subsection (b). Except for transfers to the General
- 21 Fund of the Treasury, no law reducing the balances of
- 22 the Stabilization Reserve Fund may be enacted in any
- 23 year.

SEC. 118. MODIFICATIONS IF WAR OR LOW GROWTH.

2	(a)	War.—	–Upon	the	enactment	of	a	declaration	of

- 3 war—
- 4 (1) the subsequent issuance of any sequestra-
- 5 tion report or any sequestration order is precluded;
- 6 (2) sections 302(f), 310(d), and 311 of the
- 7 Congressional Budget Act of 1974 are suspended;
- 8 and
- 9 (3) sections 1105(f) and 1103 of title 31, Unit-
- 10 ed States Code, are suspended.
- 11 (b) Peace.—In the event of a suspension of seques-
- 12 tration procedures due to a declaration of war, then, effec-
- 13 tive with the first fiscal year that begins in the session
- 14 after the state of war is concluded by Senate ratification
- 15 of the necessary treaties, the provisions of subsection (a)
- 16 triggered by that declaration of war are no longer effec-
- 17 tive. The provisions of this Act that would have applied
- 18 to the fiscal year that started in the calendar year in which
- 19 the declaration of war was enacted shall instead apply to
- 20 the first fiscal year that begins in the session after the
- 21 state of was is concluded. The preceding sentence shall
- 22 apply in the same manner to each succeeding fiscal year.
- 23 If the implementation of this subsection requires adding
- 24 entries to the direct spending and receipts scorecard under
- 25 section 106, CBO and OMB shall submit estimates of

those entries as part of their next sequestration preview 2 report under section 114. 3 (c) Low Growth.— 4 (1) Trigger.—Within 20 days after the Board 5 issues a low-growth report under section 114(k), the 6 majority leader of the House of Representatives 7 may, and the majority leader of the Senate shall, in-8 troduce a joint resolution in the form set forth in 9 paragraph (2). 10 (2) Form of joint resolution.— 11 (A) The matter after the resolving clause 12 in any joint resolution introduced pursuant to 13 paragraph (1) shall be as follows: "That the 14 conditions specified in section 114(k) of the 15 Deficit Elimination Act of 1997 are met. The 16 implementation of the Congressional Budget 17 Act of 1974, chapter 11 of title 31, United 18 States Code, and the Deficit Elimination Act of 19 1997 are modified as follows: 20 (i) the subsequent issuance of any se-21 questration report or any sequestration 22 order is precluded; 23 (ii) sections 302(f), 310(d), and 311 24 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 25 are suspended; and

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1	(iii) sections 1105(f) and 1103 of title
2	31, United States Code, are suspended.
3	The provisions of this joint resolution shall
4	cease to be effective with respect to the first fis-
5	cal year beginning at least 12 months after its
6	enactment.".
7	(B) The title of the joint resolution shall
8	be "Joint resolution modifying certain provi-
9	sions of law pursuant to section 118(c) of the
10	Deficit Elimination Act of 1997."; and the joint
11	resolution shall not contain any preamble.
12	(3) COMMITTEE ACTION.—Each joint resolution
13	introduced pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be re-
14	ferred to the Committees on Rules, Government Op-
15	erations, and Budget of the House of Representa-
16	tives or to the Committee on the Budget of the Sen-
17	ate, as the case may be.
18	(4) Senate Budget comittee consider-
19	ATION.—The Committee on the Budget of the Sen-
20	ate shall report the joint resolution with or without
21	amendment on or before the 20th day after the date
22	on which the joint resolution is introduced. If any

committee fails to report the joint resolution within

- that 20-day period, it shall be automatically discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution, and the joint resolution shall be placed on the appropriate calendar.
 - (5) Committee amendments.—Amendments reported by any committee under paragraph (3) shall only strike the second and third sentences of the joint resolution as introduced and insert matter providing—
 - (A) changes to the budget targets or dates under sections 101 through 104 to allow higher discretionary funding limits or lower direct spending and receipts deficit reduction requirements for any fiscal year or years;
 - (B) conforming amendments that may be needed to chapter 11 of title 31, United States Code; and
 - (C) conforming amendments that may be needed to the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 or the rules of the House of Representatives or the Senate.
- 22 (6) Consideration of joint resolution.—

- (A) A vote on final passage of a joint resolution reported to the Senate or discharged pursuant to paragraph (3) shall be taken on or before the close of the 10th calendar day of session after the date on which the joint resolution is reported or after the Committee has been discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution.
 - (B)(i) In the Senate, a joint resolution under this paragraph shall be privileged. It shall not be in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to.
 - (ii) Debate in the Senate on a joint resolution under this paragraph, and all debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, shall be limited to not more than five hours. The time shall be equally divided between, and controlled by, the majority leader and the minority leader or their designees.
 - (iii) Debate in the Senate on any debatable motion or appeal in connection with a joint resolution under this paragraph shall be limited to not more than one hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the

1	manager of the joint resolution, except that in
2	the event the manager of the joint resolution
3	is in favor of any such motion or appeal, the
4	time in opposition thereto shall be controlled by
5	the minority leader or his designee.
6	(iv) A motion in the Senate to further limit
7	debate on a joint resolution under this para-
8	graph is not debatable. A motion to table or to
9	recommit a joint resolution under this para-
10	graph is not in order.
11	(C) If, after a joint resolution has been re-
12	ported to one House and prior to its passage by
13	that House, an identical joint resolution is re-
14	ceived from the other House, then—
15	(i) the procedure in that House shall
16	be the same as if no such joint resolution
17	had been received from the other House,
18	but
19	(ii) the vote on final passage shall be
20	on the joint resolution of the other House,
21	and
22	when the joint resolution is agreed to, the Clerk
23	of the House of Representatives (in the case of
24	a House joint resolution agreed to in the House

- of Representatives) or the Secretary of the Senate (in the case of a Senate joint resolution agreed to in the Senate) shall cause the joint resolution to be engrossed, certified, and transmitted to the other House of the Congress as soon as practicable.
 - (D) Amendments to a joint resolution considered under this paragraph shall be in order in the Senate only if germane to that resolution in the form in which it was reported or discharged.
 - (7) Consideration of a conference report on a joint resolution under this subsection shall be governed by the Standing Rules of the Senate, and by provisions of paragraph (5)(a) and (B) as if those provisions applied to conference reports.

18 SEC. 119. BOARD OF ESTIMATES.

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- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a Boardof Estimates.
- 21 (b) Duties of the Board.—(1) On the dates speci-
- 22 field in section 114, the Board shall issue a report to the
- 23 President and the Congress which states whether it has
- 24 chosen (with no modification)—

- 1 (A) the sequestration preview report for the
- 2 budget year submitted by OMB under section
- 3 114(d) or the report for that year submitted by
- 4 CBO under section 114(d); and
- 5 (B) the final sequestration report for the budg-
- 6 et year submitted by OMB under section 114(h) or
- 7 the report for that year submitted by CBO under
- 8 section 114(h);
- 9 that shall be used for purposes of this Act, chapter 11
- 10 of title 31, United States Code, and section 403 of the
- 11 Congressional Budget Act of 1974. In making its choice,
- 12 the Board shall choose the report that, in its opinion, is
- 13 the more accurate.
- 14 (2) At any time the Board may change the list of
- 15 major estimating assumptions to be used by OMB and
- 16 CBO in preparing their sequestration preview reports.
- 17 (3) At any time the Board may approve a revision
- 18 to the list of the direct spending jurisdiction of the stand-
- 19 ing committees of the House of Representatives to be used
- 20 for implementing targeted sequestration under section
- 21 108. Each such revision must be requested in writing by
- 22 the Speaker of the House of Representatives and may be
- 23 approved or disapproved, but may not be modified.
- 24 (c) Membership.—

1	(1) Number and appointment.—The Board
2	shall be composed of 5 members, the chairman of
3	the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve Sys-
4	tem and 4 other members to be appointed by the
5	President as follows:
6	(A) One from a list of at least 5 individ-
7	uals nominated for such appointment by the
8	Speaker of the House of Representatives.
9	(B) One from a list of at least 5 individ-
10	uals nominated for such appointment by the
11	majority leader of the Senate.
12	(C) One from a list of at least 5 individ-
13	uals nominated for such appointment by the mi-
14	nority leader of the House of Representatives.
15	(D) One from a list of at least 5 individ-
16	uals nominated for such appointment by the mi-
17	nority leader of the Senate.
18	No member appointed by the President may be an
19	officer or employee of any government. A vacancy in
20	the Board shall be filled in the manner in which the
21	original appointment was made.
22	(2) Continuation of membership.—If any
23	member of the Board appointed by the President be-
24	comes an officer or employee of a government, he

may continue as a member of the Board for not

- longer than the 30-day period beginning on the date
 he becomes such an officer or employee.
 - (3) TERMS.—(A) Members shall be appointed for terms of 4 years.
 - (B) Any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed shall be appointed only for the remainder of such term. A member may serve after the expiration of his term until his successor has taken office.
 - (4) Basic pay.—Members of the Board shall serve without pay.
 - (5) Quorum.—Three members of the Board shall constitute a quorum but a lesser number may hold hearings.
 - (6) CHAIRMAN.—The Chairman of the Board shall be chosen annually by its members.
 - (7) MEETINGS.—The Board shall meet at the call of the Chairman or a majority of its members.
- 20 (d) Director and Staff.—
- 21 (1) APPOINTMENT.—The Board shall have a 22 Director who shall be appointed by the members of 23 the Board. Subject to such rules as may be pre-24 scribed by the Board, the Director may appoint and

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- fix the pay of such personnel as the Director consid-ers appropriate.
- 3 (2) Applicability of certain civil service LAWS.—The Director and staff of the Board may be 5 appointed without regard to the provisions of title 5, 6 United States Code, governing appointments in the 7 competitive service, and may be paid without regard 8 to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III 9 of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification 10 and General Schedule pay rates, except that no indi-11 vidual so appointed may receive pay in excess of the 12 annual rate of basic pay payable for GS-18 of the 13 General Schedule.
 - (3) STAFF OF FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Upon request of the Board, the head of any Federal agency is authorized to detail, on a reimbursable basis, any of the personnel of such agency to the Board to assist the Board in carrying out its duties, notwithstanding section 202(a) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 (2 U.S.C. 72a(a)).

(e) Powers.—

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(1) Hearings and sessions.—The Board may, for the purpose of carrying out its duties, hold such hearings, sit and act at such times and places,

- take such testimony, and receive such evidence, as
 it considers appropriate.
 - (2) Obtaining official data.—The Board may secure directly from any department or agency of the United States information necessary to enable it to carry out its duties. Upon request of the Chairman of the Board, the head of such department or agency shall furnish such information to the Board.
 - (3) Administrative support services.—The Administrator of General Services shall provide to the Board on a reimbursable basis such administrative support services as the Board may request.

13 SEC. 120. JUDICIAL REVIEW.

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- (a) Expedited Review.—
- 15 (1) Any Member of Congress may bring an ac-16 tion, in the United States District Court for the Dis-17 trict of Columbia, for declaratory judgment and in-18 junctive relief on the ground that any order that 19 might be issued pursuant to section 114 violates the 20 Constitution.
 - (2) Any Member of Congress, or any other person adversely affected by any action taken under this title, may bring an action, in the United States

- 1 District Court for the District of Columbia, for de-2 claratory judgment and injunctive relief concerning 3 the constitutionality of this title.
 - (3) Any Member of Congress may bring an action, in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, for declaratory and injunctive relief on the ground that the terms of an order issued under section 114 do not comply with the requirements of this title.
- 10 (4) A copy of any complaint in an action brought under paragraph (1), (2), or (3) shall be 12 promptly delivered to the Secretary of the Senate 13 and the Clerk of the House of Representatives, and 14 each House of Congress shall have the right to inter-15 vene in such action.
 - (5) Any action brought under paragraph (1), (2), or (3) shall be heard and determined by a threejudge court in accordance with section 2284 of title 28, United States Code.
- Nothing in this section or in any other law shall infringe 20
- 21 upon the right of the House of Representatives to inter-
- vene in an action brought under paragraph (1), (2), or
- 23 (3) without the necessity of adopting a resolution to au-
- thorize such intervention.

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- 1 (b) Appeal to Supreme Court.—Notwithstanding
- 2 any other provision of law, any order of the United States
- 3 District Court for the District of Columbia which is issued
- 4 pursuant to an action brought under paragraph (1), (2),
- 5 or (3) of subsection (a) shall be reviewable by appeal di-
- 6 rectly to the Supreme Court of the United States. Any
- 7 such appeal shall be taken by a notice of appeal filed with-
- 8 in 10 days after such order is entered; and the jurisdic-
- 9 tional statement shall be filed within 30 days after such
- 10 order is entered. No stay of an order issued pursuant to
- 11 an action brought under paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of sub-
- 12 section (a) shall be issued by a single Justice of the Su-
- 13 preme Court.
- (c) Expedited Consideration.—It shall be the
- 15 duty of the District Court for the District of Columbia
- 16 and the Supreme Court of the United States to advance
- 17 on the docket and to expedite to the greatest possible ex-
- 18 tent the disposition of any matter brought under sub-
- 19 section (a).
- 20 (d) Noncompliance With Sequestration Proce-
- 21 Dures.—
- 22 (1) If it is finally determined by a court of com-
- petent jurisdiction that an order issued by the Presi-
- dent under section 114 for any fiscal year does not

fully implement without change all sequestrations required by the appropriate Office of Management and Budget or Congressional Budget Office report chosen by the Board to be the basis for the order, the President shall, within 20 days after such determination is made, revise the order in accordance

with such determination.

- (2) If the order issued by the President under section 114 for any fiscal year does not fully implement without change all sequestrations required by the appropriate OMB or CBO report chosen by the Board to be the basis for the order on the claim or defense that the constitutional powers of the President prevent such sequestration or reduction or permit the avoidance of such sequestration or reduction, and such claim or defense is finally determined by the Supreme Court of the United States to be valid, then the entire order issued pursuant to section 114 for such fiscal year shall be null and void.
- 20 (e) TIMING OF RELIEF.—No order of any court 21 granting declaratory or injunctive relief from the order of 22 the President issued under section 114, including relief 23 permitting or requiring the expenditure of funds seques-24 tered by such order, shall take effect during the pendency 25 of the action before such court, during the time appeal

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- 1 may be taken, or, if appeal is taken, during the period
- 2 before the court to which such appeal is taken has entered
- 3 its final order disposing of such action.
- 4 (f) ALTERNATIVE PROCEDURES.—(1) If any order is
- 5 invalidated because of the manner of appointment of mem-
- 6 bers of the Board, then section 120(c)(1) is amended to
- 7 read as follows:
- 8 "(1) Number and Appointment.—The Board
- 9 shall be composed of 5 members, the Chairman of
- the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve Sys-
- tem and 4 other members to be appointed by the
- 12 President. No member appointed by the President
- may be an officer or employee of any government.";
- 14 and any reports upon which such order was based shall
- 15 be transmitted to the newly constituted Board.
- 16 (2) No later than 5 days after the receipt of the re-
- 17 ports, the Board shall choose the report upon which the
- 18 order is to be based.
- 19 (3) This report shall be deemed to be the report re-
- 20 ceived by the President under section 114.
- 21 (g) Preservation of Other Rights.—The rights
- 22 created by this section are in addition to the rights of any
- 23 person under law, subject to subsection (e).

- 1 (h) Economic Data, Assumptions, and Meth-
- 2 ODOLOGIES.—The economic data and economic and tech-
- 3 nical assumptions and estimation of methodologies used
- 4 by OMB or CBO in preparing any report issued under
- 5 section 114 shall not be subject to review in any judicial
- 6 or administrative proceeding, and any choice made by the
- 7 Board under section 114 shall not be subject to any such
- 8 review.

9 TITLE II—TECHNICAL AND

10 **CONFORMING AMENDMENTS**

- 11 SEC. 201. AMENDMENTS TO THE CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET
- 12 AND IMPOUNDMENT CONTROL ACT OF 1974.
- 13 (a) Repealer.—Paragraph (2) of section 3 of the
- 14 Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of
- 15 1974, the first time it appears, is repealed.
- 16 (b) Definition of Budget Authority.—Para-
- 17 graph (2) of section 3 of the Congressional Budget and
- 18 Impoundment Control Act of 1974, the second time it ap-
- 19 pears, is amended by inserting "in any form" after "prom-
- 20 issory notes", by inserting at the end of subparagraph (A)
- 21 the following new sentence: "Such term excludes trans-
- 22 actions classified as means of financing.", and by striking
- 23 "With respect to" and all that follows through "retirement
- 24 account, any" and inserting "Any", by inserting after sub-
- 25 paragraph (B) the following:

1 "(C) Relationship to entitlement au-2 THORITY.—For purposes of titles III and IV, 3 all references to budget authority shall be con-4 sidered to include the amount of budget author-5 ity estimated to be needed to fund entitlement 6 provisions under existing or proposed law, and 7 all legislation increasing (or decreasing) the 8 level of entitlement authority under existing law 9 shall be considered to provide (or decrease) new 10 budget authority in that amount.", and by redesignating the next subparagraph accordingly. 11 12 (c) Definition of Entitlement Authority.— Paragraph (9) of section 3 of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 is amended by 14 15 striking "spending authority described by section 401(c)(2)(C)" and inserting the following: ", and the term 16 17 'entitlement program' refers to, any provision of law that 18 has the effect of requiring the Government to make net 19 payments (including intragovernmental payments) regard-20 less of the amount of budget authority that may be avail-21 able to make those payments. Those terms shall include 22 amounts estimated to be required under provisions of law that depend on the fulfillment of non-legislative conditions

- 1 or are indefinite as to amount or timing. Except as pro-
- 2 vided in the next sentence, if a provision of law that other-
- 3 wise requires the Government to make net payments is
- 4 directly or indirectly limited by any other provision of law
- 5 to an amount of available budget authority, then entitle-
- 6 ment authority does not exist. Subchapter II of chapter
- 7 13 of title 31, United States Code, and the sequestration
- 8 provisions of the Deficit Elimination Act of 1997 shall not
- 9 be considered provisions of law that limit entitlement au-
- 10 thority to the amount of available budget authority."
- 11 (d) Definition of Means of Financing.—Section
- 12 3 of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control
- 13 Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end the following
- 14 new paragraph:
- 15 "(11) The term 'means of financing' means the
- financial transactions of the Government that con-
- sist of exchanges of money or monetary proxies of
- equal value and therefore are not counted as obliga-
- tions, outlays, or revenues, such as net Federal bor-
- 20 rowing from the public in any form, debt redemp-
- 21 tion, seignorage on coins and profits from the sale
- of gold, and changes in outstanding check or other
- 23 monetary credits, including write-offs.".

- 1 (e) CBO STUDIES.—Section 202(h) of the Congres-
- 2 sional Budget Act of 1974 is amended by striking "out-
- 3 lays, credit authority," and inserting "outlays".
- 4 (f) Timetable.—Section 300 of the Congressional
- 5 Budget Act of 1974 is amended by striking "February
- 6 25" and inserting "Six weeks after the President's budget
- 7 submission".
- 8 (g) Required Contents of Budget Resolu-
- 9 Tion.—Section 301(a) of the Congressional Budget Act
- 10 of 1974 is amended by striking "planning levels", by strik-
- 11 ing "two" and inserting "four", by striking ", budget out-
- 12 lays, direct loan obligations, and primary loan guarantee
- 13 commitments" both places it appears and inserting "and
- 14 outlays", by striking paragraphs (5), (6) and (7), by strik-
- 15 ing the semicolon at the end of paragraph (4) and insert-
- 16 ing a period, by inserting "and" after the semicolon at
- 17 the end of paragraph (3), and by striking the last sen-
- 18 tence.
- 19 (h) Delayed Enrollment.—Section 301(b)(3) of
- 20 the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is amended by
- 21 striking "or new entitlement authority".
- 22 (i) Spin-Off Bill.—(1) Paragraphs (5), (6), (7),
- 23 and (8) of section 301(b) of the Congressional Budget Act
- 24 of 1974 are amended to read as follows:
- 25 "(5) set forth in a separate section—

1	"(A) the appropriate level of the debt held
2	by the public;
3	"(B) the discretionary funding limit for
4	the fiscal year, but only if and to the extent re-
5	quired by section 103 or 104 of the Deficit
6	Elimination Act of 1997;
7	"(C) the amount of direct spending change
8	required of or allowed by each committee of the
9	House of Representatives in laws within that
10	committee's jurisdiction and the amount of re-
11	ceipts change required of or allowed by the
12	Committee on Ways and Means of the House of
13	Representatives in laws within that committee's
14	jurisdiction, but only to the extent specified in
15	section 105 of that Act; and
16	"(D) the amount, if any, to be withdrawn
17	from the Stabilization Reserve Fund and paid
18	to the General Fund of the Treasury during the
19	fiscal year under section 117 of that Act.".
20	(2) Paragraph (4) of section 301(b) of the Congres-
21	sional Budget Act of 1974 is amended by inserting "and"
22	after the semicolon.
23	(j) Technical Correction to Section 301(e).—
24	Section 301(e) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974

- 1 is amended by inserting "new" before "budget authority"
- 2 in the second sentence.
- 3 (k) Section 301(i) Point of Order.—Section
- 4 301(i) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is amend-
- 5 ed to read as follows:
- 6 "(i) It shall not be in order in the House of Rep-
- 7 resentatives or the Senate to consider any concurrent reso-
- 8 lution on the budget for a fiscal year beginning on October
- 9 1 of the year in which the resolution is considered (or
- 10 amendment to, motion regarding, or conference report on
- 11 such a resolution) unless—
- 12 "(1) it does not exceed the discretionary fund-
- ing limit, and
- 14 "(2) it fully meets the direct spending and re-
- 15 ceipts deficit reduction requirement,
- 16 for that fiscal year under sections 101 through 104 of the
- 17 Deficit Elimination Act of 1997, using estimates of that
- 18 limit and that requirement chosen by the Board of Esti-
- 19 mates.".
- 20 (1) Committee Allocations and Suballo-
- 21 Cations.—Section 602 of the Congressional Budget Act
- 22 of 1974 is amended—
- 23 (1) by striking "of—" and all that follows
- through "outlays;" both places it appears and insert-
- ing "of total new budget authority and outlays";

- 1 (2) in subsection (a)(1)(B), by striking "com-
- 2 mittee." and inserting "committee, except that new
- 3 budget authority and outlays for entitlement pro-
- 4 grams funded through annual appropriations shall
- 5 be allocated and scored both to the Committee on
- 6 Appropriations and to the committee that authorized
- 7 such programs."; and
- 8 (3) in subsection (a)(3), by striking ", entitle-
- 9 ment authority," both times it appears and by strik-
- ing ", outlays, or social security outlays" both times
- it appears and inserting "or outlays".
- 12 (m) Redesignation of Committee Alloca-
- 13 Tions.—Subsections (a) and (b) of section 302 of the
- 14 Congressional Budget Act of 1974 are repealed and sub-
- 15 sections (a) and (b) of section 602 of that Act (as amend-
- 16 ed by subsection (g)) are redesignated as subsections (a)
- 17 and (b) of section 302, respectively.
- 18 (n) Consideration of Appropriation Bills.—
- 19 Section 302(c) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
- 20 is amended by striking "-(1)" and everything that fol-
- 21 lows through "401(c)(2) for a fiscal year;" and inserting
- 22 "new budget authority for a fiscal year".
- 23 (o) Points of Order Under Section 302(f).—(1)
- 24 Section 302(f)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act of
- 25 1974 is amended to read as follows:

1 "(1) In the house of representatives.—It 2 shall not be in order in the House of Representatives 3 to consider any bill, joint resolution, or amendment 4 providing new budget authority, or any conference 5 report on any such bill or joint resolution, if— 6 "(A) the enactment of the bill or resolution 7 as reported or in the form recommended in the 8 conference report, or 9 "(B) the adoption of the amendment, 10 when added to existing levels of new budget author-11 ity, would cause the level of new budget authority 12 for the fiscal year starting in the year in which the 13 most recent concurrent resolution on the budget was 14 agreed to, or for the sum of that fiscal year and the 15 next 4 fiscal years, to exceed an allocation to a com-16 mittee made under subsection (a) for either period, 17 or to exceed a suballocation made under subsection 18 (b) for that fiscal year.". 19 (2) Section 302(f)(2) of that Act is amended— 20 (A) in the first sentence, by striking "for budg-21 et outlays,", by striking "new budget authority, or 22 new spending authority (as defined in section 401(c)(2))" and inserting "new budget authority", 23 by striking "outlays or" both places it appears, and 24

by striking "or provides for social security outlays in

1 excess of the appropriate allocation of social security 2 outlays under subsection (a)"; and 3 (B) by striking the third sentence. 4 (3) Section 302(g) of that Act is amended by striking 5 "budget authority" and all that follows through "credit authority" and inserting "budget authority and outlays". 6 7 (p) Section 303.—Section 303 of the Congressional 8 Budget Act of 1974 is amended— 9 (1) in its title by striking ", New Spending Au-10 thority, New Credit Authority,"; 11 (2) in subsection (a) by striking "either the House of Representatives or", by inserting "or" at 12 the end of paragraph (2), by striking "paragraphs 13 14 (4), (5), and (6), and after paragraph (6) by striking "for" and inserting "covering" and by striking 15 "(or, in the Senate, a concurrent resolution on the 16 17 budget covering such fiscal year)"; 18 (3) in subsection (b) by repealing paragraph (1) 19 and by striking "(2)"; and 20 (4) by adding at the end the following new sub-21 section: 22 "(d) Point of Order in the House of Rep-23 RESENTATIVES.—It shall not be in order in the House of Representatives to consider any bill, joint resolution,

amendment, or conference report if that legislation, as reported, includes any provision— 3 "(1) providing new budget authority; "(2) reducing the level of revenues; or "(3) altering the limit on the debt held by the 6 public; that is first effective in the last fiscal year covered by the 8 most recently agreed to concurrent resolution on the budget or any subsequent fiscal year.". 10 (q) Consideration of Spin-off Legislation.— Section 305 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end the following new sub-12 13 section: 14 "(e) Conference Reports.—Conference reports on concurrent resolutions on the budget that contain additional matter under section 301(b)(5) shall be considered first in the House of Representatives.". 18 (r) Cost Estimates and Scorekeeping Re-PORTS.—Section 308 of the Congressional Budget Act of 19 20 1974 is amended— (1) in its title, by striking ", NEW SPENDING 21 22 AUTHORITY, OR NEW CREDIT AUTHORITY,"; (2) by striking ", new spending authority de-23 24 scribed in section 401(c)(2), or new credit author-

ity," the 3 times it appears;

- 1 (3) in subsection (a), by striking "in the reports 2 submitted", by inserting "302(a) or"before "302(b)", in paragraph (1)(B) by striking "spending 3 4 authority" and everything that follows through 5 "401(c)(2) which is" and inserting "budget authority" and by striking "annual appropriations" and in-6 7 serting "annual discretionary appropriations", and 8 in paragraph (1)(C) by striking "such budget au-9 thority" and all that follows through "loan guarantee commitments" and inserting "new budget au-10 11 thority, outlays, or revenues"; and
- (4) in subsection (c), by adding "and" at the end of paragraph (1), by striking "period;" and inserting "period." at the end of paragraph (2), and by striking paragraphs (3), (4), and (5).
- 16 (s) Reconciliation.—Section 310 of the Congres-17 sional Budget Act of 1974 is amended—
- 18 (1) in subsection (a), by striking "which—(A)"
 19 and all that follows through "fiscal year, contained
 20 in" and inserting the following: "which outlays re21 sulting from" and by striking "jurisdiction of a com22 mittee is" and inserting "jurisdiction of a committee
 23 other than the Committee on Appropriations of ei24 ther House are";

(2) by repealing subsection (c) and inserting
the following new subsection:
"(c) Inclusion of Spin-off Bill in Reconcili-
ATION LEGISLATION.—Reconciliation legislation may in-
clude a separate title to be inserted by the Committee on
the Budget consisting of a spin-off bill (containing the
matter described in section 301(b)(5)), if such bill has not
been enacted for the first fiscal year covered by that legis-
lation. The targets for each category contained in this title
shall be identical to the reconciliation directive contained
in the most recently agreed to concurrent resolution on
the budget.";
(3) in subsection (d)(1), by striking "or new en-
titlement authority"; and
(4) by repealing subsection (g).
(t) Revision of Section 311.—(1) Section 311 of
the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is amended to read
as follows:
"ENFORCING THE REVENUE FLOOR
"Sec. 311. (a) Point of Order.—It shall not be
in order in either the House of Representatives or the Sen-
ate to consider any bill, joint resolution, amendment, mo-
tion, or conference report if, as proposed to be adopted
and when added to existing revenue levels, it would cause
the level of revenues for the fiscal year starting in the year

26 in which the most recent concurrent resolution on the

- 1 budget was agreed to, or for the sum of that fiscal year
- 2 and the 4 succeeding fiscal years, to be lower than the
- 3 appropriate level of revenues for either period set forth
- 4 in that concurrent resolution.
- 5 "(b) Determination of Revenue Levels.—For
- 6 purposes of this section, the levels of revenues for a fiscal
- 7 year shall be determined on the basis of estimates made
- 8 by the Committee on the Budget of the House of Rep-
- 9 resentatives or of the Senate, as the case may be.".
- 10 (2) Conforming Amendment.—The item relating
- 11 to section 311 in the table of contents set forth in section
- 12 1(b) is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 311. Enforcing the revenue floor.".

- 13 (u) Technical Correction to Section 312.—
- 14 Section 312 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is
- 15 amended by inserting "(a)" after "312.".
- 16 (v) Consideration of Legislation That Has
- 17 Not Been Reported.—Section 312 of the Congres-
- 18 sional Budget Act of 1974 is amended by inserting at the
- 19 end the following:
- 20 "(c) Consideration of Legislation That Has
- 21 Not Been Reported.—In the House of Representatives,
- 22 any point of order under title III or IV that would lie
- 23 against consideration of a bill or joint resolution as re-
- 24 ported by a committee shall also lie against a motion to

- 1 consider legislation respecting which no report has been 2 filed."
- 3 (w) Conforming Amendments to Section 313.—
- 4 Section 313 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is
- 5 amended by striking "or section 258C" and everything
- 6 that follows through "Deficit Control Act of 1985", by
- 7 striking "; and (F)" and everything that follows through
- 8 "310(g)", by redesignating the second subsection (c) and
- 9 subsection (d) as subsections (d) and (e), respectively, and
- 10 by striking "or (b)(1)(F),".
- 11 (x) Borrowing and Contract Authority.—Sec-
- 12 tion 401 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is
- 13 amended—
- 14 (1) in subsection (a), by striking "new spending
- authority described in subsection (c)(2)(A) or (B)"
- both times it appears and inserting "borrowing au-
- thority or contract authority";
- 18 (2) by repealing subsections (b) and (c) and by
- redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (b); and
- 20 (3) in subsection (b) (as redesignated), by strik-
- 21 ing "Subsections (a) and (b)" and inserting "Sub-
- section (a)", by inserting "non-interest" before "re-
- ceipts" in paragraph (1)(B), by repealing paragraph
- 24 (2), and by redesignating paragraph (3) as para-
- 25 graph (2).

- 1 (y) CREDIT AUTHORITY.—Section 402(a) of the Con-
- 2 gressional Budget Act of 1974 is amended by inserting
- 3 before the period the following: ", except that this provi-
- 4 sion shall not apply with respect to programs that, as of
- 5 August 15, 1992, provide credit authority as an entitle-
- 6 ment".
- 7 (z) Costs of Federal Mandates; Conforming
- 8 Change to Section 403.—Section 403 of the Congres-
- 9 sional Budget Act of 1974 is amended—
- 10 (1) by adding at the end the following new sub-
- 11 section:
- 12 "(d) In fulfilling the requirements of subsection
- 13 (a)(2), the Director shall place special emphasis on costs
- 14 imposed on State or local governments by the enactment
- 15 or expansion of Federal mandates, and shall estimate both
- 16 the costs of those mandates and the degree, if any, to
- 17 which Federal financing is provided to State or local gov-
- 18 ernments to cover those costs."; and
- 19 (2) in subsection (a), by striking "of a public
- character".
- 21 (aa) Conforming Change to Section 405.—Sec-
- 22 tion 405 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is
- 23 amended by striking "spending authority" and all that fol-
- 24 lows through "permanent appropriations" and inserting

- 1 "new budget authority (other than through appropriations
- 2 Acts) or entitlement authority".
- 3 (bb) Off-Budget Agencies.—Section 406(a) of the
- 4 Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is amended by striking
- 5 "credit authority, and estimates of outlays" and inserting
- 6 "outlays,", by striking "the date of enactment" and all
- 7 that follows through "Trust Funds," and inserting "Au-
- 8 gust 15, 1992,", and by striking ", outlays, and spending
- 9 authority" and inserting "and outlays".
- 10 (cc) Repeal of Title VI.—Title VI of the Congres-
- 11 sional Budget Act of 1974 is repealed.
- 12 SEC. 202. AMENDMENTS TO THE FEDERAL CREDIT REFORM
- 13 **ACT OF 1990.**
- 14 (a) Deferred Cost Sharing.—The second sen-
- 15 tence of section 502(1) of the Congressional Budget Act
- 16 of 1974 is amended by inserting before the period the fol-
- 17 lowing: ", and Federal payments for the construction of
- 18 a Federal project to the extent those payments must, by
- 19 law or contract, be repaid to the Government".
- 20 (b) Loan Modifications.—Section 502(5) of the
- 21 Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (A), by inserting "or a
- 23 modification thereof" after "guarantee";
- 24 (2) in subparagraph (B), by striking "recover-
- 25 ies." and inserting "recoveries, and routine work-

- outs of loans in imminent danger of default when those work-outs are to maximize repayments to the Government.";
 - (3) in subparagraph (C), by striking "and" at the end of clause (i), by striking the period at the end of clause (ii) and inserting a comma, and by adding at the end the following:
 - "(iii) routine work-outs of loans in imminent danger of default when those work-outs are to minimize claims against the Government."; and
 - (4) by striking subparagraph (D) and inserting the following new subparagraph:

"(D) The cost of a modification of a direct loan, a direct loan obligation, a loan guarantee, or a loan guarantee commitment shall be the net present value, at the time of the modification, of the change in cash flows estimated to occur as a result of that modification. OMB shall measure that change in relation to the current policy baseline in the most recent budget under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code. A modification may result either from the enactment of legislation that directly or indirectly alters the expected cash flows, or from the exercise of administrative discretion under

1	existing law, and includes the sale (with or without
2	recourse) of loan assets by the Government. Modi-
3	fications do not include changes in loan terms result-
4	ing from the exercise by the borrower of an option
5	included in the loan contract.".
6	(c) Credit Reform Act Clarification.—Section
7	504 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is amend-
8	ed —

- 9 (1) in subsection (b)(1), by striking "appropria-10 tions of" and inserting "new", by striking "are 11 made" and inserting "is provided", and by inserting 12 "in appropriation Acts" before the semicolon;
- 13 (2) in subsection (b)(2), by striking "enacted" 14 and inserting "provided in an appropriation Act";
 - (3) in subsection (d)(1) by striking "costs of outstanding direct loans and loan guarantees" and inserting "costs of outstanding direct loans (or direct loan obligations) or loan guarantees (or loan guarantee commitments)"; and
 - (4) in subsection (e), by striking "A direct loan" and all that follows through "comitment" and inserting "An outstanding direct loan (or direct loan obligation) or loan guarantee (or loan guarantee commitment)".

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- 1 (d) Credit Reform Act Correction.—(1) Section
- 2 506 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is repealed.
- 3 (2) Section 507 of the Congressional Budget Act of
- 4 1974 is redesignated as section 506, and the table of con-
- 5 tents in section 1(b) of the Congressional Budget and Im-
- 6 poundment Control Act of 1974 is amended by striking
- 7 the item relating to section 506 and striking "Sec. 507."
- 8 and inserting "Sec. 506.".
- 9 (e) Existing Rights Not Impaired.—Section 506
- 10 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (as redesignated)
- 11 is amended by striking "title. Nothing" and inserting
- 12 "title, except that nothing" and by inserting after "con-
- 13 strued" the following "(1) to alter the terms or conditions
- 14 authorized to be included in loan or guarantee contracts
- 15 or the rights and responsibilities of the government and
- 16 the recipients of loans or guarantees under those contracts
- 17 or the laws that authorize them, or (2)".
- 18 (f) Credit Reform Liquidating Accounts.—(1)
- 19 Section 502(8) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
- 20 is amended by striking "budget account" and inserting
- 21 "nonbudget account" and by striking the last sentence
- 22 and inserting "Transactions between the Treasury or the
- 23 Federal Financing Bank and any liquidating account shall
- 24 be considered non-budgetary.".

- 1 (2) Section 505(d) of the Congressional Budget Act
- 2 of 1974 is amended by striking "If funds" and all that
- 3 follows through "accounts, there" and inserting "There"
- 4 and by striking "such obligations and commitments" and
- 5 inserting "the obligations and commitments of liquidating
- 6 accounts".
- 7 (3) Section 506(b) of the Congressional Budget Act
- 8 of 1974 (as redesignated) is amended by striking "be
- 9 available, to" and all that follows through the end of that
- 10 section, and inserting "immediately be transferred to the
- 11 Federal Financing Bank to repay those debt obligations
- 12 held by the Bank that were created to finance the loan
- 13 being repaid, and all amounts not transferred to the Bank
- 14 shall immediately be paid to the general fund of the Treas-
- 15 ury. All debt owed to the Treasury as a result of agency
- 16 borrowing authority used before October 1, 1991, for
- 17 loans or guarantees is hereby cancelled. The provisions of
- 18 this subsection shall not diminish any rights or respon-
- 19 sibilities guaranteed by subsection (a).".
- 20 SEC. 203. AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF THE HOUSE OF
- 21 REPRESENTATIVES.
- 22 (a) Budget Committee Jurisdiction.—Clause
- 23 1(e)(2) of rule X of the Rules of the House of Representa-
- 24 tives is amended by inserting "(A)" after "(2)" and by
- 25 inserting at the end the following:

- 1 "(B) Budget targets contained in any joint resolution
- 2 described in section 118 of the Deficit Elimination Act of
- 3 1997 (relating to low growth).".
- 4 (b) Miscellaneous Conforming Amendments.—
- 5 Clause 4 of rule X of the Rules of the House of Represent-
- 6 atives is amended—
- 7 (1) by repealing subparagraph (2) of paragraph
- 8 (a) and by redesignating subparagraph (3) as sub-
- 9 paragraph (2);
- 10 (2) in paragraph (g), by striking "February 25
- of each year" and inserting "within 6 weeks after
- the President's budget submission"; and
- 13 (3) in paragraph (h), by striking "or section
- 14 602 (in the case of fiscal years 1991 through
- 15 1995)".
- 16 (c) Emergency Designations.—Clause 2(b) of rule
- 17 XXI of the Rules of the House of Representatives is
- 18 amended by striking "and" and by inserting before the
- 19 period the following: ", and except emergency designations
- 20 under section 102(b)(4) of the Deficit Elimination Act of
- 21 1997".
- (d) Repealer.—Clause 8 of rule XXI of the Rules
- 23 of the House of Representatives is repealed.
- 24 (e) Spin-Off Legislation.—Rule XLIX of the
- 25 Rules of the House of Representatives is amended—

- 1 (1) by changing the name of that rule to "En-2 actment of Spin-Off Legislation under the Congres-3 sional Budget Act";
 - (2) in clause 2 by striking "section 301, 304, or 310" and inserting "section 301 or 304";
 - (3) in clause 1 by striking "adoption by the Congress" and all that follows through "for such period" and inserting "passage by the House of Representatives (under section 301 or 304 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974) of a conference report or final agreement on any concurrent resolution on the budget containing any matter under section 301(b)(5) of that Act";
 - (4) in clause 1 by striking ", increasing or decreasing the statutory limit on the public debt";
 - (5) in the last sentence of clause 1 by inserting "at the same time the engrossed copy of the concurrent resolution on the budget is transmitted to the Senate" after "transmitted to the Senate for further legislative action";
 - (6) in the first sentence of clause 2 by striking "be as follows" and all that follows through the period and inserting the following: "be the text of the section in the concurrent resolution on the budget

1	included under section 301(b)(5) of the Congres-
2	sional Budget Act of 1974, without change.", and in
3	the second sentence by striking "budget;" and all
4	that follows through the period and inserting "budg-
5	et."; and
6	(7) in clause 3 by striking "301(d)" and insert-
7	ing "301(e)", and by striking "upon the statutory
8	limit on the public debt".
9	SEC. 204. AMENDMENTS TO THE STANDING RULES OF THE
10	SENATE.
11	The Standing Rules of the Senate are amended by
12	adding at the end the following:
13	"Rule ——
14	"SPIN-OFF LEGISLATION
14 15	"SPIN-OFF LEGISLATION" "Upon passage of a conference report on any concur-
15	"Upon passage of a conference report on any concur-
15 16 17	"Upon passage of a conference report on any concurrent resolution on the budget containing additional matter
15 16 17	"Upon passage of a conference report on any concur- rent resolution on the budget containing additional matter under section 301(b)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act
15 16 17 18	"Upon passage of a conference report on any concurrent resolution on the budget containing additional matter under section 301(b)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the joint resolution passed by the House of Rep-
15 16 17 18	"Upon passage of a conference report on any concurrent resolution on the budget containing additional matter under section 301(b)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the joint resolution passed by the House of Representatives under rule XLIX of the Rules of the House of Representatives shall be deemed to have been passed
15 16 17 18 19	"Upon passage of a conference report on any concurrent resolution on the budget containing additional matter under section 301(b)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the joint resolution passed by the House of Representatives under rule XLIX of the Rules of the House of Representatives shall be deemed to have been passed by the Senate, and shall be prepared for transmittal to
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"Upon passage of a conference report on any concurrent resolution on the budget containing additional matter under section 301(b)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the joint resolution passed by the House of Representatives under rule XLIX of the Rules of the House of Representatives shall be deemed to have been passed by the Senate, and shall be prepared for transmittal to
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	"Upon passage of a conference report on any concurrent resolution on the budget containing additional matter under section 301(b)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the joint resolution passed by the House of Representatives under rule XLIX of the Rules of the House of Representatives shall be deemed to have been passed by the Senate, and shall be prepared for transmittal to the President under the applicable rules of the Senate and

1	a vote in favor of such joint resolution upon final passage
2	in the Senate.".
3	SEC. 205. PRESIDENT'S BUDGET AND SUPPLEMENTAL
4	BUDGET ESTIMATES.
5	(a) Definitions.—Section 1101 of title 31, United
6	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
7	ing:
8	"(3) 'Expenditures' has the same meaning as
9	the term 'outlays' in the Deficit Elimination Act of
10	1997.
11	"(4) All other terms used herein or in the docu-
12	ments prepared hereunder shall have the meanings
13	set forth in the Deficit Elimination Act of 1997.".
14	(b) Byrd Amendment.—Section 1103 of title 31,
15	United States Code, is amended by striking "commitment
16	that budget" and inserting "commitment that, starting
17	with fiscal year 2002,".
18	(c) President's Budget Submission.—Section
19	1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, is amended—
20	(1) in the first sentence by striking "On or
21	after the first Monday in January but not later than
22	the first Monday in February of each year" and in-
23	serting "On or before the first Monday in February
24	or the 21st calendar day beginning after the date

- 1 the Board of Estimates issues a report to the Presi-
- dent under section 114 of the Deficit Elimination
- 3 Act of 1997";
- 4 (2) in paragraph (15) by striking "section
- 5 301(a)(1)-(5)" and inserting "section 301(a)(1)-
- 6 (4);
- 7 (3) in paragraph (16) by striking "section
- 8 3(a)(3)" and inserting "section 3(3)"; and
- 9 (4) by adding at the end the following new
- 10 paragraph:
- 11 "(32) an analysis of the financial condition of
- Government-sponsored enterprises and the financial
- exposure of the Government, if any, posed by
- 14 them.".
- 15 (d) Use of Official Estimates.—Section 1105(f)
- 16 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking
- 17 "Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of
- 18 1985" and inserting "Deficit Elimination Act of 1997"
- 19 and by inserting at the end the following new sentence:
- 20 "That budget shall be consistent with the discretionary
- 21 funding limit and the direct spending and receipts deficit
- 22 reduction requirement for that year chosen by the Board
- 23 of Estimates and shall be based upon the major estimating
- 24 assumptions chosen by that Board.".

- 1 (e) Midsession Review.—Section 1106(a) of title
- 2 31, United States Code, is amended by striking "July 16"
- 3 of each year" and inserting "August 30 of each year" and
- 4 by striking "submitted before July 16".
- 5 (f) Current Policy Baseline.—(1) The first sen-
- 6 tence of section 1109 of title 31, United States Code, is
- 7 amended to read as follows: "In the budget submitted
- 8 under section 1105(a) or 1106(a), the President shall in-
- 9 clude a current policy baseline (as defined in section 116
- 10 of the Deficit Elimination Act of 1997) for the current
- 11 year, the budget year, and the outyears, including a de-
- 12 tailed comparison of that baseline with his proposed budg-
- 13 et for those years.".
- 14 (2) Subsection (b) of that section 1109 is amended
- 15 to read as follows:
- 16 "(b) The baseline referred to in subsection (a) shall
- 17 be calculated using the major estimating assumptions cho-
- 18 sen by the Board of Estimates under section 114 of the
- 19 Deficit Elimination Act of 1997.".
- 20 (g) Glossary of Terms.—Section 1112(c) of title
- 21 31, United States Code, is amended by striking "The
- 22 Comptroller General—" and inserting "The Directors of
- 23 CBO and OMB, jointly—".

SEC. 206. AMENDMENTS TO OTHER LAWS.

- 2 (a) Repealers.—The following provisions of law are
- 3 repealed:
- 4 (1) Section 710 of the Social Security Act.
- 5 (2) Section 201 (relating to 2-year appropria-
- 6 tions) of Public Law 100–119 (2 U.S.C. 621 note).
- 7 (3) Section 203 (relating to financial manage-
- 8 ment reform) of Public Law 100–119 (2 U.S.C. 621
- 9 note).
- 10 (4) The first subparagraph (F) of section
- 11 201(d)(2) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C.
- 12 1446(d)(2)(F)).
- 13 (b) Antideficiency Act.—Section 1341(a)(1) of
- 14 title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking "sec-
- 15 tion 252 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit
- 16 Control Act of 1985" both times it appears and inserting
- 17 "the Deficit Elimination Act of 1997".
- 18 (c) Debt Held by the Public.—(1) Section 3101
- 19 of title 31, United States Code, is amended to read as
- 20 follows:
- 21 "SEC. 3101. PUBLIC DEBT LIMIT.
- 22 "(a) The amount of public debt obligations issued
- 23 under this chapter, and the amount of debt issued by
- 24 agencies other than the Treasury under separate statutory
- 25 authority, may be not more than \$5,500,000,000,000 out-
- 26 standing at one time, subject to changes periodically made

1	in that amount as provided by law through the congres-
2	sional budget process described in rule XLIX of the Rules
3	of the House of Representatives or otherwise.
4	"(b) Debt issued to United States Government trust
5	funds or to other agencies or accounts of the United
6	States Government (except the Federal Reserve System)
7	shall be excluded from the amount of debt taken into ac-
8	count in deciding whether the limit of subsection (a) has
9	been exceeded.
10	"(c) The limit in subsection (a) shall be applied to
11	the face amount of securities except for securities issued
12	on a discount basis:
13	"(1) Securities issued on a discount basis that
14	are redeemable before maturity at the option of their
15	holders shall be included in the total subject to sub-
16	section (a) at their current redemption values.
17	"(2) Securities issued on a discount basis that
18	are not redeemable before maturity at the option of
19	their holders shall be included in the total subject to
20	subsection (a) in an amount equal to the sum of—
21	"(A) the original purchase price of the ob-
22	ligation, plus
23	"(B) the portion of the discount on the ob-
24	ligation attributable to periods before the begin-
25	ning of such month (as determined under the

principles of section 1272(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 without regard to any exceptions contained in paragraph (2) of such section).".

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