105TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1102

To amend the general mining laws to provide a reasonable royalty from mineral activities on Federal lands, to specify reclamation requirements for mineral activities on Federal lands, to create a State program for the reclamation of abandoned hard rock mining sites on Federal lands, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 31, 1997

Mr. Craig (for himself, Mr. Murkowski, Mr. Reid, Mr. Bryan, Mr. Bennett, Mr. Burns, Mr. Hatch, Mr. Thomas, Mr. Campbell, Mr. Stevens, and Mr. Kempthorne) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources

A BILL

To amend the general mining laws to provide a reasonable royalty from mineral activities on Federal lands, to specify reclamation requirements for mineral activities on Federal lands, to create a State program for the reclamation of abandoned hard rock mining sites on Federal lands, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 101. SHORT TITLE.

2	This Act may	be	cited	as	the	"Mining	Law	Reform
3	Act of 1997".							

4 SEC. 102. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

- 5 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds and declares that—
- 6 (1) a secure and reliable supply of locatable 7 minerals is essential to the industrial base of the 8 United States, national security, and balance of 9 trade;
- (2) many of the deposits of locatable minerals 10 11 that may be commercially developed are on Federal 12 lands as that term is defined in this Act, and are 13 difficult and expensive to discover, mine, extract and 14
 - (3) the national need for locatable minerals will continue to expand, and without a strong mining industry the demand for the minerals will exceed domestic sources of supply;
 - (4) mining of locatable minerals is an extremely high-risk, capital-intensive endeavor, which, to attract necessary investment, requires certainty and predictability in access to Federal lands in establishment of mining titles, and in the rights of owners of mining claims or sites to develop minerals;
- 25 (5) it is in the national interest to foster and 26 encourage private enterprise in the development of a

process;

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- domestic minerals industry to maintain and create high-paying jobs and the various Federal, State, and local taxes paid by the mining industry in the United States;
 - (6) the diversity in terrain, climate, biological, chemical, and other physical conditions, and variation among the locatable minerals mined and the methods of mining and processing, require that reclamation standards be tailored to local and regional conditions;
 - (7) there are extensive Federal and State environmental standards that apply to mining operations on Federal lands, including State programs for the protection of groundwater quality;
 - (8) every State containing Federal lands has enacted laws and regulations governing the reclamation of mined lands and, subject to the Supremacy Clause of the United States Constitution, these laws and regulations, including financial assurance requirements, apply to mineral activities on Federal lands;
 - (9) changes in the general mining laws of the United States to provide more direct economic return to the United States and greater protection of public resources are desirable, so long as the

- changes do not act as a disincentive to development
 of minerals, adversely affect employment in the mining industry or in industries that provide goods and
 services required for mining activities, interfere with
 a secure and reliable domestic supply of minerals, or
 adversely affect the balance of trade of the United
 States; and
 - (10) mining claims, mill sites and tunnel sites located under the general mining laws are property interests, and any law or regulation that impairs existing property rights may expose the Federal Government to taking claims under the fifth amendment to the United States Constitution.
 - (b) Purpose.—It is the purpose of this Act to—
 - (1) promote exploration for and the development of a secure and reliable domestic source of locatable minerals;
 - (2) provide for increased Federal revenue from the location and production of locatable minerals from Federal lands through fees, patent payments and royalties;
 - (3) ensure that mineral activities on Federal lands are conducted in compliance with all applicable Federal and State environmental regulations and

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- 1 standards, including standards governing mined land 2 reclamation;
- 3 (4) ensure that all Federal lands affected by mineral activities under the general mining laws are 4 5 reclaimed as required by applicable laws;
 - (5) establish a program to reclaim abandoned locatable mine sites on Federal lands; and
- 8 (6) recognize that unpartented mining claims, 9 mill sites and tunnel sites are property rights in the 10 fullest sense and avoid, to the greatest extent possible, claims of takings of existing property rights 12 under the general mining laws that could require compensation under the fifth amendment to the 13 14 United States Constitution.

15 SEC. 103. DEFINITIONS.

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- 16 When used in this Act:
- (1) "Assessment year" means the annual period 17 18 commencing at 12 o'clock noon on the first day of 19 September and ending at 12 o'clock noon on the 20 first day of September of the following year.
 - (2) "Federal lands" means, except as provided otherwise in title III, lands and interests in lands owned by the United States that are open to mineral location, or that were open to mineral location when

- a mining claim or site was located and which have not been patented under the general mining laws.
 - (3) "General mining laws" means those Acts which generally comprise chapters 2, 11, 12, 12A, 15, and 16, and sections 161 and 162, of title 30 of the United States Code, all Acts heretofore enacted which are amendatory of or supplementary to any of the foregoing Acts, and the judicial and administrative decisions interpreting such Acts.
 - (4) "Locatable minerals" means those minerals owned by the United States and subject to location and disposition under the general mining laws on or after the effective date of this Act, but not including any mineral held in trust by the United States for any Indian or Indian tribe, as defined in section 2 of the Indian Mineral Development Act of 1982 (25 U.S.C. 2101), or any mineral owned by any Indian or Indian tribe, as defined in that section, that is subject to a restriction against alienation imposed by the United States, or any mineral owned by any incorporated Native group, village corporation, or regional corporation and acquired by the group or corporation under the provisions of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.).

- (5) "Mineral activities" means any activity on Federal lands related to, or incidental to, exploration for development, mining, production, or beneficiation, or processing of any locatable mineral or mineral that would be locatable if it were subject to disposition under the general mining laws, or rec-lamation of the impacts of such activities.
 - (6) "Mining claim or site", except where provided otherwise, means a lode mining claim, placer mining claim, mill site or tunnel site.
 - (7) "Operator" means any person conducting mineral activities subject to this Act.
 - (8) "Person" means an individual, Indian tribe, partnership, association, society, joint venture, joint stock company, firm, company, limited liability company, corporation, cooperative or other organization, and any instrumentality of State or local government, including any publicly owned utility or publicly owned corporation of State or local government.
 - (9) "Secretary" means (i) in titles II and V, the Secretary of the Interior acting through the Bureau of Land Management, (ii) in title IV, the Secretary of the Interior acting through the Bureau of Land Management or the Minerals Management Service, or both, and (iii) elsewhere in this Act, the Secretary

- of Agriculture, acting through the Forest Service,
- 2 with respect to lands under the jurisdiction of the
- 3 Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of the
- 4 Interior, acting through the Bureau of Land Man-
- 5 agement, with respect to all other lands subject to
- 6 the requirements of this Act.

7 TITLE II—DISPOSITION OF

8 LOCATABLE MINERAL DEPOSITS

- 9 SEC. 201. CLAIM MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS.
- 10 (a) Maintenance Fee.—After the date of enact-
- 11 ment of this Act, the owner of each unpatented mining
- 12 claim or site located pursuant to the general mining laws,
- 13 whether located before or after the enactment of this Act,
- 14 shall pay in advance to the Secretary annually on or before
- 15 September 1, and until a patent has been issued therefor,
- 16 a maintenance fee of \$100 per mining claim or site. The
- 17 owner of each unpatented mining claim or site located
- 18 after the date of enactment of this Act pursuant to the
- 19 general mining laws shall pay to the Secretary, at the time
- 20 the copy of the notice or certificate of location is filed with
- 21 the Bureau of Land Management pursuant to section
- 22 314(b) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act
- 23 of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1744(b)), in addition to the location
- 24 fee required under subsection (f) of this section, an initial
- 25 maintenance fee of \$100 per mining claim or site for the

1 assessment year which includes the date of location of

2 such mining claim or site. If a mining claim or site is lo-

3 cated within ninety days before September 1 and the copy

4 of the notice or certificate of location is timely filed with

5 the Bureau of Land Management under subsection 314(b)

6 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976

7 after September 1, the annual maintenance fee payable

8 under the first sentence of this subsection, for the follow-

9 ing assessment year, shall be paid at the time such notice

10 or certificate of location is filed, in addition to the location

11 fee and the initial \$100 maintenance fee. No maintenance

12 fee shall be required if the fee is waived or the owner of

13 the mining claim or site is exempt as provided in section

14 202 of this Act.

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(b) Assessment Work Requirements.—

(1) For the first five assessment years following the assessment year which includes the date of location of any unpatented mining claim or site located on or after the date of enactment of this Act, or for the first five assessment years following the assessment year which includes the date of enactment of this Act for any unpatented mining claim or site located before the date of enactment, the annual maintenance fee under subsection (a) of this section

shall be in lieu of the assessment work requirements

- 1 of the general mining laws and of any other Federal
- 2 law. Beginning with the sixth assessment year fol-
- 3 lowing the assessment year which includes such date
- 4 of location or enactment, such assessment work re-
- 5 quirements shall apply in addition to such annual
- 6 maintenance fee, subject to any suspension or
- 7 deferment of annual assessment work provided by
- 8 law.
- 9 (2)(A) Section 1 of the Act of September 2,
- 10 1958 (30 U.S.C. 28–1), is amended by inserting
- "mineral activities, environmental baseline monitor-
- ing, and" after "without being limited to" and be-
- fore "geological, geochemical and geophysical sur-
- vevs".
- 15 (B) Section 2(d) of the Act of September 2,
- 16 1958 (30 U.S.C. 28–2(d)), is amended by inserting
- "environmental baseline monitoring or" after "expe-
- rience to conduct" and before "geological, geo-
- 19 chemical or geophysical surveys".
- 20 (C) Section 2 of the Act of September 2, 1958
- 21 (30 U.S.C. 28–2), is amended by adding at the end
- 22 the following new subsection:
- 23 "(e) The term 'environmental baseline monitoring'
- 24 means activities for collecting, reviewing and analyzing in-
- 25 formation concerning soil, vegetation, wildlife, mineral,

- 1 air, water, cultural, historical, archeological or other re-
- 2 sources related to planning for or complying with Federal
- 3 and State environmental or permitting requirements appli-
- 4 cable to potential or proposed mineral activities on the
- 5 claim(s).".
- 6 (c) Maintenance Fee Statement.—Each pay-
- 7 ment under subsection (a) of this section shall be accom-
- 8 panied by a statement which reasonably identifies the min-
- 9 ing claim or site for which the maintenance fee is being
- 10 paid. Such statement may include the name of the mining
- 11 claim or site, the serial number assigned by the Secretary
- 12 to such mining claim or site, the description of the book
- 13 and page in which the notice or certificate of location for
- 14 such mining claim or site is recorded under State law, any
- 15 combination of the foregoing, or any other information
- 16 that reasonably identifies the mining claim or site for
- 17 which the maintenance fee is being paid. The statement
- 18 required under this subsection shall be in lieu of any an-
- 19 nual filing requirements for mining claims or sites, under
- 20 any other Federal law, but shall not supersede any such
- 21 filing requirement under applicable State law.
- 22 (d) Effect of Compliance as Against Subse-
- 23 QUENT LOCATORS.—
- 24 (1) Except as provided in paragraph (d)(2) of
- 25 this subsection, after the date of enactment of this

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Act, compliance with the requirements of this section and sections 202 and 203(a) shall, from the time the location notice or certificate is posted on the land under applicable State law, confer upon the owner of any unpatented mining claim or site, whether located before or after the date of enactment of this Act, an exclusive right of possession, as against subsequent locators, of the land included in such mining claim or site for the purposes described in subsection 203(a). If more than one mining claim or site owned or controlled by the same claim or site owner covers substantially the same land, by reason of the location of one or more mining claims or sites on such land, the amendment or relocation of any such mining claim or site, or otherwise, such exclusive right of possession shall extend to all such mining claims or sites, effective from the time the location notice or certificate for the initial mining claim or site was posted on such land under applicable State law. The order of location, amendment, or relocation of any such mining claims or sites on such land shall not affect the validity of any such mining claim or site. Such owner of the mining claim or site shall not be required to be in actual, physical occupation of such land and shall not be required to exclude rival loca-

tors from such land. Such exclusive right of possession shall be subject to applicable Federal law, including the Multiple Mineral Development Act of 1954 (30 U.S.C. 521–31), the Materials Act of 1947 (30 U.S.C. 601–604) and the Surface Resources Act of 1955 (30 U.S.C. 611–15) to the extent applicable, and shall neither enlarge nor diminish any rights of such owner of the mining claim or site as against the United States in such land. This paragraph shall supersede the common law doctrine of pedis possessio.

- (2) Conflicts over the right of exclusive possession of land included in any mining claim or site shall be determined in proceedings between owners of mining claims or sites under the provisions of section 910 of the Revised Statutes (30 U.S.C. 53) and other applicable law, including but not limited to the following:
- (A) Any conflict based upon circumstances existing as of the date of enactment of this Act between mining claims or sites located before the date of enactment of this Act, which shall be resolved under the law in effect on the day prior to the date of enactment of this Act, in-

- cluding the common law doctrine of pedis possessio.
- 3 (B) Any conflict arising on or after the
 4 date of enactment of this Act between mining
 5 claims or sites located before, on or after the
 6 date of enactment over whether either owner of
 7 the mining claim or site has complied with the
 8 requirements of this section or section 202 or
 9 203(a), shall be resolved under this Act.
- 10 (e) Failure of Co-Owner To Contribute.— Upon the failure of any one or more of several co-owners 11 of any mining claim or site to contribute such co-owner or owners' portion of the location or maintenance fee under this section, any co-owner who has paid such fee may, after the payment due date, serve the delinquent coowner or owners with notice of such failure in writing or, 16 if such delinquent co-owner or owners cannot be located after reasonable efforts, by publication in a general cir-19 culation newspaper published in a location nearest the 20 mining claim or site at least once a week for at least ninety 21 days. If at the expiration of ninety days after such notice in writing or by publication, any delinquent co-owner fails 23 or refuses to contribute the owed portion, such co-owner or owners' interest shall become the property of the owner or co-owners who have paid the required fee.

- 1 (f) Location Fee.—The owner of each unpatented
- 2 mining claim or site located on or after the date of enact-
- 3 ment of this Act pursuant to the general mining laws shall
- 4 pay to the Secretary, at the time the notice or certificate
- 5 of location is filed with the Bureau of Land Management
- 6 pursuant to subsection 314(b) of the Federal Land Policy
- 7 and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1744(b)), a loca-
- 8 tion fee of \$25 per claim.
- 9 (g) Credit Against Royalty.—The annual claim
- 10 maintenance fee paid for any unpatented mining claim or
- 11 site on or before September 1 of any year shall be credited
- 12 against the amount of royalty required to be paid under
- 13 title IV for such mining claim or site during the following
- 14 assessment year.
- 15 (h) FEE ADJUSTMENTS AND DISPOSITION.—
- 16 (1) At the end of each period of five assessment
- 17 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the
- 18 Secretary shall adjust the maintenance fee and the
- location fee required by this section by an amount
- equal to the net adjustment in the implicit price
- 21 deflator for the gross national product established by
- the United States Department of Commerce over the
- 23 preceding five-year period, rounded up or down to
- 24 the nearest dollar.

- 1 (2) The Secretary shall provide owners of min2 ing claims or sites with notice by publication in the
 3 Federal Register and in local widely circulated news4 papers of any adjustment made under paragraph (1)
 5 not later than January 1 of any assessment year in
 6 which the adjustment is made.
 - (3) A fee adjustment under paragraph (1) shall apply to the payment due for the next assessment year after the assessment year in which notice is given under paragraph (2).
- 11 (4) Subject to appropriations, all maintenance 12 and location fees received by the Secretary under 13 this section shall be paid into a State Fund or Fed-14 eral Fund in accordance with sections 501 and 502, 15 until termination as provided in section 506 of this 16 Act.
- 17 (i) OIL SHALE CLAIMS SUBJECT TO CLAIM MAINTE-
- 18 NANCE FEE UNDER ENERGY POLICY ACT OF 1992.—
- 19 This section shall not apply to any oil shale claims for
- 20 which a fee is required to be paid under paragraph
- 21 2511(e)(2) of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (30 U.S.C.
- 22 242(e)(2)).

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- 23 (j) Failure To Comply.—The failure of the owner
- 24 of the mining claim or site to pay the claim maintenance
- 25 fee or location fee for a mining claim or site on or before

- 1 the date such payment is due under subsection (a) or sub-
- 2 section (f) of this section shall constitute forfeiture of the
- 3 mining claim or site and such mining claim or site shall
- 4 be null and void, effective as of the day after the date
- 5 such payment is due: Provided, however, That, if such
- 6 maintenance fee or location fee is paid or tendered on or
- 7 before the thirtieth day after such payment was due under
- 8 subsection (a) or subsection (f) of this section, such min-
- 9 ing claim or site shall not be forfeited or null or void, and
- 10 such maintenance fee or location fee shall be deemed time-
- 11 ly paid.
- 12 (k) Repeal of Omnibus Budget Reconciliation
- 13 Act Fee Requirements.—Sections 10101 through
- 14 10106 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993
- 15 (30 U.S.C. 28f–28k) are hereby repealed.
- 16 (l) Conforming Amendment.—The third sentence
- 17 of section 2324 of the Revised Statutes (30 U.S.C. 28)
- 18 is amended by adding the words "Except as provided in
- 19 paragraph 201(b)(1) of the Mining Law Reform Act of
- 20 1997," at the beginning of such sentence and deleting the
- 21 words "that is granted a waiver under section 10101 of
- 22 the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993,".
- 23 (m) Amendment of FLPMA Filing Require-
- 24 ments.—

- 1 (1) Section 314(a) of the Federal Land Policy
- 2 and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1744(a))
- 3 is hereby repealed.
- 4 (2) Section 314(c) of the Federal Land Policy
- 5 and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1744(c))
- 6 is amended to read as follows:
- 7 "(c) Failure To File as Constituting Forfeit-
- 8 URE; DEFECTIVE OR UNTIMELY FILING.—The failure to
- 9 timely file the copy of the notice or certificate of location
- 10 as required by subsection (b) shall constitute forfeiture of
- 11 the mining claim and such claim shall be null and void
- 12 by operation of law: Provided, however, That it shall not
- 13 be considered a failure to file if the notice or certificate
- 14 of location is defective or not timely filed for record under
- 15 other State or Federal laws permitting or requiring the
- 16 filing or recording thereof, or if the copy of the notice or
- 17 certificate is filed by or on behalf of some but not all of
- 18 the owners of the claim.".

19 SEC. 202. WAIVER AND EXEMPTION.

- 20 (a) Waiver of Fee.—The maintenance fee provided
- 21 for in subsection 201(a) shall be waived for the owner of
- 22 a mining claim or site who certifies in writing to the Sec-
- 23 retary, on or before the date the payment is due, that,
- 24 as of the date such payment is due, such owner and all
- 25 related persons own not more than twenty-five unpatented

- 1 mining claims or sites. Any owner of a mining claim or
- 2 site that is not required to pay a maintenance fee under
- 3 this subsection shall continue to be subject to the assess-
- 4 ment work requirements of the general mining laws or of
- 5 any other State or Federal law, subject to any suspension
- 6 or deferment of annual assessment work provided by law,
- 7 for the assessment year following the filing of the certifi-
- 8 cation, and paragraph 201(b)(1) of this Act shall not
- 9 apply.
- 10 (b) Related Persons.—As used in subsection (a),
- 11 the term "related persons" includes—
- 12 (1) the spouse and dependent children (as de-
- fined in section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 14 1986), of the owner of the mining claim or site; and
- 15 (2) a person controlled by, controlling, or under
- 16 common control with the owner of the mining claim
- or site.
- 18 (c) Exemption.—The owner of any mining claim or
- 19 site who certifies in writing to the Secretary on or before
- 20 the first day of any assessment year that access to such
- 21 mining claim or site was denied or in any way impeded
- 22 during the prior assessment year by the action or inaction
- 23 of any local, State, or Federal governmental officer, agen-
- 24 cy, or court, or by any Indian tribal authority, shall be
- 25 exempt from the maintenance fee and assessment work re-

- 1 quirements of subsections (a) and (b) of section 201 for
- 2 the assessment year following the filing of the certifi-
- 3 cation.
- 4 SEC. 203. GOOD FAITH REQUIREMENT AND RESIDENTIAL
- 5 OCCUPANCY; DIVESTMENT.
- 6 (a) Good Faith Holding of Mining Claim or
- 7 SITE.—The location, maintenance, and use of an
- 8 unpatented mining claim or site, whether located before
- 9 or after enactment of this Act, shall be for the purpose
- 10 of conducting mineral activities in good faith.
- 11 (b) Residential Occupancy.—The Secretary shall
- 12 not prohibit residential occupancy of an unpatented min-
- 13 ing claim or site and shall not require removal of equip-
- 14 ment or facilities until mineral activities are completed,
- 15 if such occupancy is shown in a notice of intent or plan
- 16 of operations to be reasonably required to accomplish the
- 17 mineral activities described therein.
- 18 **SEC. 204. PATENTS.**
- 19 (a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
- 20 (c), any patent issued by the United States under the gen-
- 21 eral mining laws after the date of enactment of this Act
- 22 shall be issued only—
- (1) upon payment by the owner of the claim of
- the fair market value for the interest in the land
- owned by the United States exclusive of and without

- regard to the mineral deposits in the land or the use of the land for mineral activities; and
 - (2) subject to reservation by the United States of the royalty provided in title IV.

(b) RIGHT OF REENTRY.—

- (1) Except as provided in subsection (c), and notwithstanding any other provision of law, the United States shall retain a right of reentry in lands patented under this section.
- (2) Such right of reentry of the United States shall ripen if—
 - (A) the Secretary, after engaging in good faith discussions with the patentee, or any subsequent owners, about the use of the land, concludes that the patentee, or any subsequent owners, has used the land for any purpose other than conducting mineral activities in good faith;
 - (B) the Secretary has served on the patentee, or subsequent owners, in the manner prescribed for service of summons and complaint under the Federal Rule of Civil Procedure, notice specifying such unauthorized use and providing at least 90 days in which such unauthorized use must be terminated. The giving of such notice shall constitute final agency action ap-

1	pealable by the patentee, or any subsequent
2	owners;
3	(C) such use is not discontinued within the
4	time period specified by the Secretary in the no-
5	tice provided under subparagraph (B) or within
6	sixty days after all appeal rights have expired
7	and any appeals of such notice have been finally
8	determined; and
9	(D) the Secretary elects to assert the right
10	of reentry in accordance with paragraph (3).
11	(3) The ripened right of reentry retained by the
12	United States pursuant to subparagraph (2) shall
13	vest and all right, title and interest in such patented
14	estate shall revert to the United States only if—
15	(A) the Secretary files a declaration of re-
16	entry within 6 months of the requisite occur-
17	rences under paragraph (2) with the Office of
18	the Bureau of Land Management in the state
19	where the lands subject to such right of reentry
20	are situated; and
21	(B) the Secretary records such declaration
22	in the office of the county recorder of the coun-
23	ty in which the lands subject to such right of
24	reentry are situated within 30 days of the filing
25	under subparagraph (A).

(4) One year after the patentee, or any subse-1 2 quent owners, provides written notice to the Sec-3 retary that all mineral activities are completed and applicable reclamation is completed, the right of re-5 entry held by the United States and created under 6 this subsection shall expire unless within such period 7 the Secretary notifies the patentee, or any subse-8 quent owners, in writing that the right of reentry 9 held by the United States will be exercised. At such 10 time, ownership of the patented lands shall automatically revert to the United States, notwithstand-12 ing the provisions of paragraph (2). The Secretary 13 may decline to exercise the right of reentry and such 14 rights shall continue if—

- (A) solid waste or hazardous substances released on or from the patented estate may pose a threat to public safety or the environment; or
- 19 (B) acceptance of title would expose the 20 United States to liability for past mineral ac-21 tivities on the patented estate.
- 22 (c) Protection of Valid Existing Rights.—Not-23 withstanding any other provision of law, the requirements of this Act (except with respect to claim maintenance fees in accordance with section 201)—

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1	(1) shall not apply to the mining claims and
2	sites contained within those mineral patent applica-
3	tions pending at the Department as of September
4	30, 1997, which shall be processed under the general
5	mining laws in effect immediately prior to the date
6	of enactment of this Act; and

(2) likewise shall not apply to the mining claims or sites for which there is on the date of enactment of this Act a vested possessory property right against the United States under the general mining laws in effect immediately prior to the date of enactment of this Act.

13 TITLE III—SURFACE MANAGE-

14 **MENT OF MINERAL ACTIVI-**

15 **TIES**

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16 SEC. 301. PURPOSE; APPLICABILITY; OPERATING AND REC-

17 LAMATION STANDARDS.

18 (a) Purpose.—It is the purpose of this title to pro19 vide for mineral entry, exploration, location and operations
20 pursuant to the general mining laws in a manner that will
21 not unduly hinder such activities or diminish rights, in22 cluding but not limited to all statutory and common law
23 rights of access, obtained under the general mining laws
24 or other authorities, but will assure that such activities

are conducted in a manner that will prevent unnecessary

- 1 and undue degradation of nonmineral surface resources on
- 2 Federal lands. Compliance with the provisions of this title
- 3 shall constitute a compliance with (i) the final sentence
- 4 of subsection 302(b) of the Federal Land Policy and Man-
- 5 agement Act (43 U.S.C. 1732(b)); and (ii) any standard
- 6 related to the management of surface resources within the
- 7 National Forest System contained in or derived from the
- 8 Organic Administration Act (16 U.S.C. 473 et seq.), the
- 9 Multiple-Use Sustained-Yield Act of 1960 (16 U.S.C. 528)
- 10 et seq.), the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources
- 11 Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), or any
- 12 other law applicable to Federal lands subject to this title
- 13 within the National Forest System.
- 14 (b) APPLICABILITY.—This title shall apply only to
- 15 mineral activities on those Federal lands where the surface
- 16 estate is managed by the Bureau of Land Management
- 17 or the Forest Service.
- 18 (c) Operations.—All mineral activities on Federal
- 19 lands shall be conducted so as to prevent unnecessary and
- 20 undue degradation of Federal lands by complying with ap-
- 21 plicable requirements of Federal and State environmental
- 22 protection laws, including but not limited to—
- 23 (1) the Atomic Energy Act of 1952 (42 U.S.C.
- 24 2011 et seq.);
- 25 (2) the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.);

1	(3) the Comprehensive Environmental Re-
2	sponse, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42
3	U.S.C. 9601 et seq.);
4	(4) the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (14
5	U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);
6	(5) the Federal Land Policy and Management
7	Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.);
8	(6) the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of
9	1977 (30 U.S.C. 801 et seq.);
10	(7) the Federal Water Pollution Control Act
11	(commonly referred to as the "Clean Water Act")
12	(33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.);
13	(8) the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Re-
14	sources Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1600 et
15	seq.);
16	(9) the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (16 U.S.C.
17	703 et seq.);
18	(10) the National Environmental Policy Act of
19	1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.);
20	(11) the National Historic Preservation Act (16
21	U.S.C. 470 et seq.);
22	(12) title XIV of the Public Health Service Act
23	(commonly referred to as the "Safe Drinking Water
24	Act") (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.);

- 1 (13) the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C.
- 2 6901 et seq.);
- 3 (14) the Toxic Substances Control Act (15)
- 4 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.); and
- 5 (15) the Uranium Mill Tailings Radiation Con-
- 6 trol Act of 1978 (42 U.S.C. 7901 et seq.).
- 7 (d) Reclamation.—In order to prevent unnecessary
- 8 and undue degradation of surface resources, Federal lands
- 9 disturbed by mineral activities shall be reclaimed, to the
- 10 extent economically and technically practicable, in compli-
- 11 ance with the provisions of section 304.
- 12 (e) Designated Lands.—Where any mineral activi-
- 13 ties are to be conducted on Federal lands administered
- 14 by the Bureau of Land Management or the Forest Service
- 15 specifically designated by any special Act of Congress that
- 16 applies a specific land management, resource protection
- 17 or reclamation standard (such as wild and scenic rivers
- 18 and designated wilderness) to such lands, such manage-
- 19 ment or protection standard shall apply to the extent of
- 20 any conflict with the provisions of this title.
- 21 SEC. 302. AUTHORIZATION FOR MINERAL ACTIVITIES.
- 22 (a) In General.—Except as otherwise provided in
- 23 subsections (b) and (c) of this section, no person may en-
- 24 gage in mineral activities on Federal lands unless that per-
- 25 son has filed a plan of operations with, and received ap-

1 proval of the plan from, the Secretary in accordance with2 section 303.

(b) Notice Required.—

(1) A person may engage in mineral activities on Federal lands that cause only minor, short term, readily reclaimable impacts on surface resources, including but not limited to initial exploratory test hole drilling and road limited to initial exploratory test hole drilling and road construction, only after filing with the Secretary a notice of intent to conduct such activities.

(2) Such notice shall include—

- (A) the name and mailing address of the operator;
- (B) when applicable, the name of the mining claim(s) or site(s), and serial number(s) assigned to the mining claim(s) or site(s) on which mineral activities are proposed;
- (C) a statement describing the activities proposed and their location in sufficient detail to locate the operations on the ground, and giving the approximate date when activities will begin. The statement shall include a description and the location of any access routes to be con-

- structed or improved and the type of equipment to be used in their construction;
 - (D) a statement that reclamation of all areas will be completed as required by subsection 301(d), and that mineral activities will comply with the operations standard as required by subsection 301(c); and
 - (E) evidence of financial assurance as required by section 306.
 - (3) Failure of the operator to conduct mineral activities in conformance with the notice and the requirements of this title may cause the operator to be subject to enforcement pursuant to section 308.
 - (4) The Secretary shall review the notice within thirty days of receipt. If the Secretary determines that the proposed mineral activities will, or are likely to cause more than minor, short term, readily reclaimable impacts on surface resources, the Secretary shall provide a statement of reasons explaining why the mineral activities cannot proceed under notice and shall require in writing that the operator submit a proposed plan of operations in accordance with the requirements of section 303. Failure of the Secretary to respond in writing within thirty days of

- receipt of the notice shall be deemed to be approval of the mineral activities proposed in the notice.
- from time to time additional categories of mineral activities which may be conducted under notice based on the amount of surface to be disturbed, the type of equipment to be used, the time required for reclamation, and other relevant factors.
- 9 (c) Other Mineral Activities.—Notwithstanding 10 the provisions of subsections (a) and (b), any person may conduct mineral activities on Federal lands which cause 11 12 only a minimal disturbance of surface resources, including but not limited to claim location; exploration; geological, geophysical or geochemical surveys; environmental base-14 line monitoring; activities related to the gathering of data related to the preparation or analysis of a notice or plan 16 17 of operations under this title, or required under any other applicable Federal or State environmental law or regula-18 19 tion; and other activities designated by the Secretary, without filing a notice or plan of operations with the Sec-21 retary.
- 22 (d) Transfer of Rights.—An operator may trans-23 fer, assign or sell any rights associated with a notice with-24 out approval by the Secretary: *Provided*, That the succes-25 sor in interest agrees in writing to assume the liabilities

1	and reclamation responsibilities established under sub-
2	section (b) and provides evidence of financial assurance
3	as required under section 306. The transfer, assignment
4	or sale shall not become effective prior to the filing of such
5	writing and evidence of financial assurance with the Sec-
6	retary. The financial assurance of the transferee shall be
7	substituted for the assurance previously submitted by the
8	transferor and the financial assurance of the transferor
9	shall be fully released.
10	SEC. 303. PLAN OF OPERATIONS; CONTENT, REVIEW AND
11	APPROVAL.
12	(a) Plan of Operations Requirements.—A plan
13	of operations required under this title shall contain—
1314	of operations required under this title shall contain— (1) the name and mailing address of the opera-
14	(1) the name and mailing address of the opera-
14 15	(1) the name and mailing address of the operator;
141516	(1) the name and mailing address of the operator;(2) when applicable, the name of the mining
14151617	 (1) the name and mailing address of the operator; (2) when applicable, the name of the mining claim(s) or site(s), and serial number(s) assigned to
1415161718	 (1) the name and mailing address of the operator; (2) when applicable, the name of the mining claim(s) or site(s), and serial number(s) assigned to the mining claim(s) or site(s) on which mineral ac-
141516171819	 (1) the name and mailing address of the operator; (2) when applicable, the name of the mining claim(s) or site(s), and serial number(s) assigned to the mining claim(s) or site(s) on which mineral activities are proposed;
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (1) the name and mailing address of the operator; (2) when applicable, the name of the mining claim(s) or site(s), and serial number(s) assigned to the mining claim(s) or site(s) on which mineral activities are proposed; (3) a general description of the mineral activities.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 (1) the name and mailing address of the operator; (2) when applicable, the name of the mining claim(s) or site(s), and serial number(s) assigned to the mining claim(s) or site(s) on which mineral activities are proposed; (3) a general description of the mineral activities proposed, including the anticipated periods dur-

- and identifying areas where surface disturbance will
 occur;
 (5) information describing the land and water
 resources of the area expected to be disturbed by the
- 5 proposed mineral activities and any proposed mitiga-6 tion measures necessary to comply with the require-
- 7 ments of this title;
- 8 (6) a reclamation plan which includes proposed 9 measures to reclaim Federal lands disturbed by the 10 proposed mineral activities as required under sub-11 section 301(d);
- 12 (7) evidence of adequate financial assurance as 13 required under section 306; and
- (8) a monitoring plan to assure compliance withthe requirements of the plan of operations.
- 16 (b) Plan of Operations Review.—A proposed
- 17 plan of operations shall be submitted to the Secretary, who
- 18 shall promptly acknowledge receipt thereof to the opera-
- 19 tor. The Secretary shall promptly review the proposed plan
- 20 of operations and shall notify the operator within thirty
- 21 days—
- 22 (1) that the plan of operations has been ap-
- proved as submitted;

1	(2) of all changes in, or additions to the pro-
2	posed plan of operations necessary to comply with
3	the requirements of this title; or
4	(3) that a specified reasonable amount of time
5	is necessary to complete the review, setting forth the
6	circumstances which justify the additional time.
7	(c) Mineral Activities Pending Review.—Any
8	operator who has submitted a plan of operations under
9	this section may continue to conduct mineral activities
10	otherwise authorized pursuant to subsections (b) and (c)
11	of section 302 within the geographic area covered by the
12	proposed plan of operations pending its approval.
13	(d) Plan of Operations Approval.—
14	(1) The Secretary shall approve a proposed
15	plan of operations within a reasonable period of time
16	if—
17	(A) the proposed plan of operations sub-
18	stantially complies with the requirements of this
19	title; and
20	(B) the applicant has complied with the re-
21	quirements of section 306 concerning financial
22	assurance.
23	(2) If, after review, the Secretary determines
24	that a proposed plan of operations will not substan-
25	tially comply with the requirements of this title the

- 1 Secretary shall specify all deficiencies in the pro-
- 2 posed plan, shall request the operator to modify the
- 3 proposed plan to comply with the requirements of
- 4 this title and shall specify all necessary modifications
- 5 to the proposed plan.
- 6 (e) Modifications to an Approved Plan of Op-
- 7 ERATIONS.—
- 8 (1) MINOR MODIFICATIONS.—At any time dur-9 ing which mineral activities are being conducted 10 under an approved plan of operations, an operator 11 may make minor modifications to the approved plan 12 of operations by notifying the Secretary. Failure of 13 the Secretary to respond in writing within thirty 14 days of receipt of the proposed minor modification 15 shall be deemed to be approval of the minor modi-16 fication. For purposes of this title, a "minor modi-17 fication" is a change to the approved plan of oper-18 ations that is not likely to result in significant im-19 pacts to surface resources different from those pre-20 viously considered in the approved plan of oper-21 ations.
 - (2) REVIEW OF MINOR MODIFICATIONS.—If the Secretary determines that a proposed minor modification may be significant, the Secretary shall provide a statement of reasons and may require the op-

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erator to submit a significant modification to the plan of operations pursuant to paragraph (3) of this subsection.

> (3) SIGNIFICANT MODIFICATION.—At any time during activities under an approved plan of operations, the operator may propose a significant modification to the approved plan of operations. A significant modification must be submitted, reviewed and approved in the same manner as a plan of operations under this section, except that the modification need not include information required under subsection 303(a) if the modification requires no change to such information: Provided, however, That approval of such modification shall neither require nor be denied or conditioned upon retrofit, redesign, reconstruction, closure or change in the operation of any facility, structure or mineral activity previously approved. For purposes of this title, a "significant modification" is a change to the approved plan of operations which is likely to result in significant impacts to surface resources different from those previously considered in the approved plan of operations.

> (4) REQUEST BY SECRETARY.—At any time during which mineral activities are being conducted

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- 1 under an approved plan of operations, the Secretary
- 2 may request that an operator submit a modification
- 3 to the approved plan of operations together with a
- 4 written determination that such modification is nec-
- 5 essary to prevent unnecessary and undue degrada-
- 6 tion of Federal lands as required by section 301.
- 7 The Secretary's determination that a modification is
- 8 necessary shall be subject to notice to the operator
- 9 and a right to a hearing at the request of the opera-
- tor. If the Secretary has requested a modification
- 11 under this paragraph, mineral activities may con-
- tinue in accordance with the approved plan of oper-
- ations until the modification is submitted, reviewed
- and approved.
- 15 (f) Term.—An approved plan of operations shall re-
- 16 main in effect as approved until the mineral activities sub-
- 17 ject to the approved plan of operations are completed or
- 18 until the plan of operations are completed or until the plan
- 19 of operations is modified.
- 20 (g) Transfer of Rights.—An operator may trans-
- 21 fer, assign or sell any rights associated with an approved
- 22 plan of operations without approval by the Secretary, pro-
- 23 vided that the successor in interest agrees in writing to
- 24 assume the liabilities and reclamation responsibilities es-
- 25 tablished by the approved plan of operations and provide

- 1 evidence of financial assurance as required under section
- 2 306. The transfer, assignment or sale shall not become
- 3 effective prior to the filing of such writing and evidence
- 4 of financial assurance with the Secretary. The financial
- 5 assurance of the transferee shall be substituted for the as-
- 6 surance previously submitted by the transferor, and the
- 7 financial assurance of the transferor shall be fully re-
- 8 leased.

9 SEC. 304. RECLAMATION.

- 10 A reclamation plan submitted with a proposed plan
- 11 of operations pursuant to section 303 shall include appro-
- 12 priate measures to comply with substantive reclamation
- 13 requirements of the State in which the proposed mineral
- 14 activities will be located to the extent that those require-
- 15 ments are not in conflict with the purposes of the general
- 16 mining laws and this Act, and the applicable provisions
- 17 of State and Federal environmental protection laws, in-
- 18 cluding those Federal laws listed in subsection 301(c). A
- 19 proposed reclamation plan that complies with such State
- 20 and Federal requirements shall be deemed sufficient to
- 21 prevent unnecessary and undue degradation and to comply
- 22 with subsection 301(d), and certification or other approval
- 23 issued by a State or Federal agency of compliance with
- 24 such laws shall be deemed compliance with this section.

SEC. 305. TRANSITION RULES.

2	(a) Applicability to Existing Operations.—
3	Mineral activities for which an operator is authorized to
4	proceed under notice or for which a plan of operations has
5	been approved prior to the date of enactment of this Act
6	shall continue under the terms and conditions of such no-
7	tice or plan. Notices which were filed within thirty days
8	of the effective date of enactment of this Act, and plans
9	of operations which have been submitted before but not
10	approved on the date of enactment of this Act, shall be
11	reviewed based on the law existing on the day prior to
12	the date of enactment of this Act. Significant modifica-
13	tions to approved plans of operations shall be submitted,
14	reviewed, and approved pursuant to the applicable require-
15	ments of this title: Provided, however, That approval of
16	such modifications shall neither require nor be conditioned
17	upon retrofit, redesign, reconstruction, closure or change

20 (b) Enforcement and Financial Assurance.—

in the operation of any facility, structure or mineral activ-

- Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), the en-
- 22 forcement provisions of section 308 shall apply to all min-
- eral activities on the effective date of this Act and, within
- one year after the effective date of this Act, all operators
- 25 operating under notice or a plan of operations shall submit

ity previously approved.

- 1 to the Secretary evidence of adequate financial assurance
- 2 as may be required under section 306.

3 SEC. 306. FINANCIAL ASSURANCE.

- (a) EVIDENCE OF FINANCIAL ASSURANCE.—
- (1) Prior to the commencement of any mineral activities requiring a plan of operations, an operator shall furnish evidence to the Secretary of a bond, surety, self-insurance or other financial assurance (including the use of bonding pools or a financial assurance instrument posted with a State or another Federal agency) in an amount sufficient to cover the reasonably estimated cost to complete reclamation as required by the plan of operations.
 - (2)(A) Prior to conducing notice activities subject to subsection 302(b), the operator shall comply with the financial assurance requirements promulgated by the Secretary applicable to such notice activities. Such requirements shall allow operators or owners of mining claims or sites to use bonding pools or statewide or nationwide bonds. Statewide or nationwide bonds shall be in amounts fixed by regulation that cover notice activities at multiple locations statewide or nationwide, as appropriate.
 - (B) For such notice activities conducted between the date of enactment of this Act and the ef-

- 1 fective date of such regulations, the operator or
- 2 owner of the mining claim or site shall provide evi-
- dence of financial assurance, in the form and man-
- 4 ner authorized by the Secretary's regulations in ef-
- 5 fect on the date of enactment of this Act, in an
- 6 amount sufficient to cover the reasonable estimated
- 7 cost of reclamation required as a result of such no-
- 8 tice activities.
- 9 (b) REVIEW AND ADJUSTMENT.—Not later than five
- 10 years after the financial assurance is provided, and each
- 11 five years thereafter, or at the request of the operator,
- 12 the Secretary shall review its adequacy and may increase
- 13 or decrease the amount of the financial assurance based
- 14 upon changed circumstances, including a determination by
- 15 the Secretary that a portion of the reclamation has been
- 16 completed.
- 17 (c) Financial Assurance for Increments.—Fi-
- 18 nancial assurance for increments of mineral activities may
- 19 be authorized if the financial assurance for an increment
- 20 covers all reclamation costs within the area covered by the
- 21 notice or plan of operations for that increment. After rec-
- 22 lamation is completed, an operator may apply for, and the
- 23 Secretary may grant, release of the financial assurance for
- 24 the completed increment.

SEC. 307. FEDERAL AND STATE AUTHORITY AND COOPERA-

2	TITON
<u> </u>	TION

(a) Cooperative Agreement.—

- (1) Upon request from a State, the Secretary shall enter into a cooperative agreement with that State for joint administration of the requirements of this title relating to mineral activities requiring a notice or plan of operations, financial assurances, reclamation, inspection and enforcement if the Secretary determines in writing that such State has the capability to implement the agreement in a manner consistent with the purposes of this title. A cooperative agreement may cover (i) some or all of the responsibilities enumerated in this paragraph, and (ii) some or all mineral activities on Federal lands within a State.
- (2) Under a cooperative agreement, a State and the Secretary may jointly administer mineral activities on Federal lands. The State and the Secretary shall make an independent and timely decision regarding individual plans of operation under this title, but in no event shall the State's authority under applicable Federal environmental protection statutes be restricted.
- (3) Under a cooperative agreement, the State may conduct inspections and monitoring activities,

- and take enforcement actions deemed necessary to determine or require compliance with the require-ments of this Act, other than recommending civil actions under section 308. The Secretary may not take enforcement action where a State under a coopera-tive agreement already has initiated appropriate en-forcement action unless the State requests that the Secretary recommend initiation of a civil action under section 308.
 - (4) Under a cooperative agreement, the financial assurance sufficient to cover reclamation of Federal lands shall be calculated based on the completion of both the Federal and State reclamation requirements, and may be held as one bond. The financial assurance shall be approved by both the Secretary and the State prior to approval of a plan of operations, and the Secretary and the State may agree that the financial assurance may not be released without Federal and State concurrence. Financial assurance that duplicates financial assurance required under other State or Federal law shall not be required under this title.
 - (5) If a cooperative agreement is entered into pursuant to this section, the Secretary shall, subject to appropriations, reimburse the State for its regu-

- latory costs in an amount approximating, but not exceeding, the reasonably estimated amount the Sec-
- 3 retary would have reasonably expended absent a co-
- 4 operative agreement.
- (6) Each cooperative agreement entered into 6 pursuant to this section shall provide that (i) the 7 Secretary shall take appropriate action, including 8 termination of the agreement, upon a determination 9 that State performance under the agreement is not 10 in substantial compliance with the agreement or the 11 requirements of this title, and (ii) prior to taking 12 any such action, the Secretary shall provide notice to 13 the State allowing the State a reasonable time to 14 come into substantial compliance.
- 15 (b) EXISTING AGREEMENTS.—Any cooperative agreement or memorandum of understanding between the 16 17 Secretary and any State related to the surface manage-18 ment of mineral activities on Federal lands subject to this 19 Act in existence on the date of enactment of this Act shall 20 continue in force unless the Secretary determines such 21 agreement or memorandum of understanding is inconsist-22 ent with the provisions of this title.

1 SEC. 308. ENFORCEMENT, ADMINISTRATIVE AND JUDICIAL

2	REVIEW.
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- 3 (a) Inspections.—The Secretary, or a State if the State has entered into a cooperative agreement pursuant 4 5 to section 307, shall conduct a minimum of one complete inspection each year of mineral activities for which a plan 7 of operations or notice is required under section 302 to 8 ensure compliance with the terms of the plan or notice. The operator shall grant access at reasonable times and 9 10 under reasonable circumstances to the appropriate des-11 ignated representative of the Secretary or State when requested. The Secretary or the State must give reasonable 13 notice to the operator before commencing any inspection. The Secretary or the State may inspect more frequently,
- 15 if warranted, and may modify the inspection schedule as
- 16 necessary for mineral activities that are conducted on a
- 17 seasonal basis.

18 (b) Compliance Orders.—

19 (1) Whenever, on the basis of any inspection 20 authorized by subsection (a), the Secretary finds 21 that the operator is in violation of any term or con-22 dition of a plan of operations or notice, the Sec-23 retary may issue an order requiring the operator to 24 comply with such requirement, or may request the 25 Attorney General to bring a civil action in accord-26 ance with subsection (c): Provided, however, That

- the Secretary shall not request commencement of a civil action if (i) the violation is corrected within thirty days, and (ii) the violation is neither causing nor likely to cause irreparable harm to the environment or a threat to human health or safety.
 - (2) Any order issued under this subsection shall state with reasonable specificity the nature of the violation and shall require compliance within a reasonable period of time specified in the order. The Secretary may extend the time specified for compliance for a reasonable period, considering the seriousness of the violation and any good faith efforts to comply with the terms and conditions of the plan of operation.
- 15 (c) CIVIL ACTIONS.—At the request of the Secretary, the Attorney General may institute a civil action in the 16 district court of the United States for the district in which the affected operation is located for a temporary restrain-18 19 ing order, injunction, civil penalties as provided in sub-20 section (d), or other appropriate remedy, when the opera-21 tor (i) violates or refuses to comply with an order issued by the Secretary under subsection (b), or (ii) refuses to 23 allow an inspection authorized under subsection (a).
- 24 (d) CIVIL PENALTIES.—An operator that fails to 25 comply with the requirements applicable to mineral activi-

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- 1 ties conducted under notice pursuant to section 302 or the
- 2 terms or conditions of a plan of operations approved under
- 3 section 302, after notice of such failure and expiration of
- 4 a reasonable period allowed for abatement as specified
- 5 pursuant to subsection (b), is subject to a civil penalty
- 6 of not more than \$5,000 for each day of the continuance
- 7 of such noncompliance. In determining the amount of the
- 8 penalty, the court shall consider the existence of previous
- 9 violations at the operation, the seriousness of the violation,
- 10 the likelihood of irreparable harm to the environment and
- 11 any hazard to the health or safety of the public, whether
- 12 the operator was negligent, and the good faith of the oper-
- 13 ator.

(e) Administrative Review.—

- 15 (1) Any operator issued a compliance order
- under this section may apply to the Secretary for re-
- view of the order within thirty days of receipt there-
- of, or as the case may be, within thirty days of such
- order being modified.
- 20 (2) The Secretary shall provide an opportunity
- 21 for a hearing on the record at the request of the op-
- erator.
- 23 (3) Pending completion of any review proceed-
- ings under this subsection, the operator may file
- with the Secretary a written request that the Sec-

- 1 retary grant temporary relief from any order issued
- 2 under this section, supported by a detailed statement
- of reasons for such relief. The Secretary shall expe-
- 4 ditiously issue an order or decision granting or deny-
- 5 ing such relief.
- 6 (f) Final Agency Action.— Final agency action
- 7 under this title shall be subject to judicial review pursuant
- 8 to 5 U.S.C. 701–706 and 28 U.S.C. 1331.

9 SEC. 309. SAVINGS CLAUSE.

- The provisions of this title shall supersede any provi-
- 11 sion of the general mining laws or the Federal Land Policy
- 12 and Management Act, and any standard related to the
- 13 management of surface resources within the National For-
- 14 est System contained in or derived from the Organic Ad-
- 15 ministration Act (16 U.S.C. 473 et seq.), the Multiple-
- 16 Use Sustained-Yield Act of 1960 (16 U.S.C. 528 et seq.),
- 17 the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning
- 18 Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), or any other law
- 19 applicable to Federal lands subject to this title within the
- 20 National Forest System, and any rules promulgated under
- 21 such laws, only to the extent that such laws or rules con-
- 22 flict or are inconsistent with the provisions of this title.
- 23 Orders, rules and regulations in effect as of the date of
- 24 enactment of this Act which govern surface management

1	of mineral activities shall remain in effect under the au
2	thority of this title.
3	TITLE IV—ROYALTY
4	SEC. 401. ROYALTY.
5	(a) In General.—The production and sale of
6	locatable minerals (including associated minerals) from
7	any unpatented mining claim (other than those from Fed
8	eral lands to which subsection 204(b) applies) or any min
9	ing claim patented under subsection 204(a) shall be sub
10	ject to a royalty of 5 percent of the Net Proceeds from
11	such production mined and sold from such claim.
12	(b) ROYALTY EXCLUSION.—
13	(1) The royalty payable under this title shall be
14	waived for any person with annual Net Proceeds
15	from mineral production subject to subsection (a) of
16	less than \$50,000.
17	(2) The obligation to pay royalties hereunder
18	shall accrue only upon the sale of locatable minerals
19	or mineral products produced from a mining claim
20	subject to such royalty, and not upon the stockpiling
21	of the same for future processing.
22	(3) Where mining operations subject to this sec
23	tion are conducted in two or more places by the
24	same person and qualify for a waiver under sub

section 202(a) the operations shall be considered a

single operation the aggregate Net Proceeds from which shall be subject to the \$50,000 limitation set forth in this subsection.

- (4) No royalty shall be payable pursuant to this title with respect to minerals processed at a facility by the same person or entity which extracted the minerals if an urban development action grant has been made under section 119 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 with respect to any portion of such facility.
- 11 (c) DEFINITIONS.—For the purposes of this title, the 12 term:

(1) "Gross Yield" shall mean—

- (A) in the case of sales of gold and silver ore, concentrates or bullion, or the sales of other locatable minerals in the form of ore or concentrates, the actual proceeds of sale of such ore, concentrates or bullion;
- (B) in the case of sales of beneficiated products from locatable minerals other than those subject to section 401(c)(1)(A), such as cathode, anode or copper rod or wire, or other products fabricated from the locatable minerals, the gross income from mining derived from the first commercially marketable product deter-

1	mined in the same manner as under section 613
2	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;
3	(C) in the event that ore, concentrates,
4	beneficiated or fabricated products or locatable
5	minerals are used or consumed and are not sold
6	in an arms length transaction, the reasonable
7	fair market value of the ore, concentrates,
8	beneficiated or fabricated products at the mine
9	or wellhead determined from the first applicable
10	of the following:
11	(i) published or other competitive sell-
12	ing prices of locatable minerals of like kind
13	and grade;
14	(ii) any proceeds of sale;
15	(iii) value received in exchange for any
16	thing or service; or
17	(iv) the value of any locatable min-
18	erals in kind or used or consumed in a
19	manufacturing process or in providing a
20	service; and
21	(D) without limiting the foregoing, the
22	profits or losses incurred in connection with for-
23	ward sales, futures or commodity options trad-
24	ing, metal loans, or any other price hedging or

1	speculative activity or arrangement shall not be
2	included in Gross yield.
3	(2) "Net Proceeds" shall mean Gross Yield, less
4	the sum of the following allowable deductions for
5	costs incurred prior to sale or value determination,
6	and none other:
7	(A) The actual cost of extracting the
8	locatable mineral.
9	(B) The actual cost of transporting the
10	locatable mineral from the claim to the place or
11	places of reduction, beneficiation, refining, and
12	sale.
13	(C) The actual cost of reduction,
14	beneficiation, refining, and sale of the locatable
15	mineral.
16	(D) The actual cost of marketing and de-
17	livering the locatable mineral and the conver-
18	sion of the locatable mineral into money.
19	(E) The actual cost of maintenance and re-
20	pairs of—
21	(i) all machinery, equipment, appara-
22	tus, and facilities used in the mine;
23	(ii) all crushing, milling, leaching, re-
24	fining, smelting, and reduction works,
25	plants, and facilities; and

1	(iii) all facilities and equipment for
2	transportation.
3	(F) The actual cost for support personnel
4	and support services at the mine site, including
5	without limitation, accounting, assaying, draft-
6	ing and mapping, computer services surveying,
7	housing, camp, and office expenses, safety, and
8	security.
9	(G) The actual cost of engineering, sam-
10	pling, and assaying pertaining to development
11	and production.
12	(H) The actual cost of permitting, rec-
13	lamation, environmental compliance and mon-
14	itoring.
15	(I) The actual cost of fire and other insur-
16	ance on the machinery, equipment, apparatus,
17	works, plants, and facilities mentioned in sub-
18	paragraph (E).
19	(J) Depreciation of the original capitalized
20	cost of the machinery, equipment, apparatus,
21	works, plants, and facilities listed in subpara-
22	graph (E). The annual depreciation charge shall
23	consist of amortization of the original cost in a
24	manner consistent with the Internal Revenue

Code of 1986, as amended from time to time.

- The probable life of the property represented by the original cost must be considered in computing the depreciation charge.
 - (K) All money expended for premiums for industrial insurance, and the owner paid cost of hospital and medical attention and accident benefits and group insurance for all employees engaged in the production or processing of locatable minerals.
 - (L) All money paid as contributions or payments under State unemployment compensation law, all money paid as contributions under the Federal Social Security Act, and all money paid to State government in real property taxes and severance or other taxes measured or levied on production, or Federal excise tax payments and payments as fees or charges for use of the Federal lands from which the locatable minerals are produced.
 - (M) The actual cost of developmental work in or about the mine or upon a group of mines when operated as a unit.
- 23 (d) Limitations and Allocations of Net Pro-24 ceeds, Gross Yield, and Allowable Deductions.—

1	(1) The several deductions listed in subpara-
2	graph (c)(2) are intended to allow a reasonable al-
3	lowance for overhead: Provided, That they do not in-
4	clude any expenditures for salaries, or any portion of
5	salaries, of any person not actually engaged in—
6	(A) the working of the mine;
7	(B) the operating of the leach pads, ponds,
8	plants, mills, smelters, or reduction works;
9	(C) the operating of the facilities or equip-
10	ment for transportation; or
11	(D) superintending the management of any
12	of those operations described in subparagraphs
13	(A)–(C).
14	(2) Ores or solutions of locatable minerals, sub-
15	ject to the royalty requirements of this title, may be
16	extracted from mines comprised of mining claims
17	and lands other than mining claims. Ore or solutions
18	of locatable minerals, subject to the royalty require-
19	ments of this section, may be commingled with ores
20	or solutions from lands other than mining claims. In
21	any such case, for the purposes of determining the
22	amount of royalties payable under this title—
23	(A) the operator shall first sample, weigh
24	or measure, and assay the same in accordance
25	with accepted industry standards; and

1 (B) Gross Yield, allowable costs and Net
2 Proceeds for royalty purposes shall be allocated
3 in proportion to mineral products recovered
4 from the mining claims in accordance with ac5 cepted industry standards.

6 LIABILITY FOR ROYALTY PAYMENTS.—The owner or co-owners of a mining claim subject to a royalty 8 under this title shall be liable for such royalty to the extent of the interest in such claim owned. As used in this subsection, "owner" and "co-owner" mean the person or per-10 sons owning the right to mine locatable minerals from 11 12 such claim and receiving the Net Proceeds of such sale. No person who makes any royalty payment attributable to the interest of the owner or co-owners liable therefor 14 15 shall become liable to the United States for such royalty as a result of making such payment on behalf of such 16 17 owner or co-owners.

(f) Time and Manner of Payments.—

(1) Royalty payments for production from any mining claim subject to a royalty under this title shall be due to the United States at the end of the month following the end of the calendar quarter in which the Net Proceeds from the sale of such production are received by the owner or co-owners. Royalty payments may be made based upon good faith

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- estimates of the Gross Yield, Net Proceeds and the quantity of ore, concentrates, or other beneficiated or fabricated products of locatable minerals, subject to adjustment when the actual annual Gross Yield, Net Proceeds and quantity are determined by the owner or co-owners of the mining claim.
 - (2) Each royalty payment or adjustment shall be accompanied by a statement containing each of the following:
 - (A) the name and Bureau of Land Management serial number of the mining claim or claims from which ores, concentrates, solutions or beneficiated products of locatable minerals subject to the royalty required in this section were produced and sold for the period covered by such payment or adjustment;
 - (B) the estimated (or actual, if determined) quantity of such ore, concentrates, solutions or beneficiated or fabricated products produced and sold from such mining claim or claims for such period;
 - (C) the estimated (or actual, if determined) Gross Yield from the production and sale of such ore, concentrates, solutions or beneficiated products for such period;

- 1 (D) the estimated (or actual, if deter2 mined) Net Proceeds from the production and
 3 sale of such ores, concentrates, solutions or
 4 beneficiated products for such period, including
 5 an itemization of the applicable deductions de6 scribed in paragraph (c)(2); and
 - (E) the estimated (or actual, if determined) royalty due to the United States, or adjustment due to the United States from such owner or co-owners, for such period.
 - (3) In lieu of receiving a refund under subsection (h)(2), the owner of co-owners may elect to apply any adjustment due to such owner or co-owners as an offset against royalties due from such owner or co-owners to the United States under this Act, regardless of whether such royalties are due for production and sale from the same mining claim or claims.
- 19 (g) Recordkeeping and Reporting Require-20 ments.—
- 21 (1) An owner, operator, or other person directly 22 involved in conducting mineral activities, 23 transportating, purchasing, or selling of locatable 24 minerals, concentrates, or products derived there-25 from, subject to a royalty under this title, through

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the point of royalty computation, shall establish and maintain any records, make any reports, and provide any information that the Secretary may reasonably require for the purposes of implementing this title or determining compliance with regulations or orders under this title. Upon the request of the Secretary when conducting an audit or investigation pursuant to subsection (i), the appropriate records, reports, or information which may be required by this title shall be made available for inspection and duplication by the Secretary.

(2) Records required by the Secretary under this title shall be maintained for three years after the records are generated unless the Secretary notifies the record holder that he or she has initiated an audit or investigation specifically identifying and involving such records and that such records must be maintained for a longer period. When an audit or investigation is under way, such records shall be maintained until the earlier of the date that the Secretary releases the record holder of the obligation to maintain such records or the date that the limitations period applicable to such audit or investigation under subsection (i) expires.

(h) Interest Assessments.—

(1) If any royalty payments under this title are not received by the Secretary on the date that such payments are due, or if such payments are less than the amount due, the Secretary shall charge interest on such unpaid amount. Interest under this subsection shall be computed at the rate published by the Department of the Treasury as the "Treasury Current Value of Funds Rate". In the case of an underpayment or partial payment, interest shall be computed and charged only on the amount of the deficiency and not on the total amount, and only for the number of days such payment is late. No other late payment or underpayment charge or penalty shall be charged with respect to royalties under this title.

(2) In any case in which royalty payments are made in excess of the amount due, or amounts are held by the Secretary pending the outcome of any appeal in which the Secretary does not prevail, the Secretary shall promptly refund such overpayments or pay such amounts to the person or persons entitled thereto, together with interest thereon for the number of days such overpayment or amounts were held by the Secretary, with the addition of interest charged against the United States computed at the

- 1 rate published by the Department of the Treasury as
- the "Treasury Current Value of Funds Rate".
- 3 (i) Audits, Payment Demands, and Limita-4 tions.—
- (1) The Secretary may conduct, after notice, any audit reasonably necessary and appropriate to verify the royalty payment required under this title. Notice of such audit shall be provided to all owners, co-owners, and mine managers.
 - (2) The Secretary shall send or issue any billing or demand letter for royalty due on locatable minerals produced and sold from any mining claim subject to a royalty under this title not later than three vears after the date such royalty was due and must specifically identify the production involved, the royalty allegedly due and the basis for the claim. No action, proceeding or claim for royalty due on locatable minerals produced and sold, or relating to such production, may be brought by the United States, including but not limited to any claim for additional royalties or claim of the right to offset the amount of such additional royalties against amounts owed to any person by the United States, unless judicial suit or administrative proceedings are commenced to recover specific amounts claimed to be due prior to the

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- 1 expiration of three years from the date such royalty
- 2 is alleged to have been due.
- 3 (j) Confidentialty.—The Secretary shall maintain
- 4 the confidentiality of all information obtained under this
- 5 title.
- 6 (k) Transitional Rules.—Any mining claim for
- 7 which a patent is issued pursuant to subsection 204(c)
- 8 shall not be subject to the obligation to pay the royalty
- 9 pursuant to this section. Royalty payments for any claim
- 10 processed under subsection 204(c) shall be suspended
- 11 pending final determination of the right to patent. For
- 12 any claim that does not qualify for the issuance of a patent
- 13 under subsection 204(c), royalties shall be payable under
- 14 this title on production after the date of enactment of this
- 15 Act, plus interest computed at the rate published by the
- 16 Department of the Treasury as the "Treasury Current
- 17 Value of Funds Rate" on production after such date of
- 18 enactment and before the date of such determination.
- 19 (l) Disbursement of Revenues.—Subject to ap-
- 20 propriations, all receipts from royalties collected under
- 21 this section shall be paid into a State Fund or Federal
- 22 Fund in accordance with sections 501 and 502; until ter-
- 23 mination as provided in section 506 of this Act.
- 24 (m) No Implied Covenants.—The owner of a min-
- 25 ing claim subject to the provisions of this title shall have

- 1 no obligation, expressed or implied, to explore for, develop,
- 2 produce or market locatable minerals as a result of the
- 3 obligation to pay royalty hereunder, and the timing, na-
- 4 ture, extent and manner of exploring, developing, mining
- 5 and marketing such locatable minerals shall be in the sole
- 6 discretion of the claim owner.
- 7 (n) Penalties.—Any person who withholds payment
- 8 or royalties under this title after a final, nonappealable
- 9 determination of liability may be liable for civil penalties
- 10 of up to \$5,000 per day that payment is withheld after
- 11 becoming due.

12 TITLE V—ABANDONED LOCAT-

13 ABLE MINERALS MINE REC-

14 LAMATION PROGRAM

- 15 SEC. 501. ABANDONED LOCATABLE MINERAL MINE REC-
- 16 LAMATION FUND.
- 17 (a) STATE FUND.—Any State within which royalties,
- 18 maintenance fees or location fees are collected pursuant
- 19 to this Act from a mining claim and which elects to be-
- 20 come eligible to receive such funds shall establish and
- 21 maintain an interest-bearing abandoned locatable mineral
- 22 mine reclamation fund (referred to in this Act as the
- 23 "State Fund") to accomplish the purposes of this title.
- 24 States with existing abandoned locatable mineral mine rec-

- 1 lamation programs shall qualify to receive funds under
- 2 this Act.
- 3 (b) FEDERAL FUND.—There is established on the
- 4 books of the Treasury of the United States an interest-
- 5 bearing fund to be known as the Abandoned Locatable
- 6 Minerals Mine Reclamation Fund (referred to in this Act
- 7 as the "Federal Fund") which shall consist of royalty pro-
- 8 ceeds, maintenance fees and location fees collected from
- 9 mining claims in a State where a State Fund has not been
- 10 established or maintained under subsection (a).

11 SEC. 502. ALLOCATION AND PAYMENTS.

- 12 (a) STATE FUND.—Royalties, maintenance fees and
- 13 location fees collected pursuant to this Act shall be paid
- 14 by the Secretary of the Treasury to the State Fund estab-
- 15 lished pursuant to subsection 501(a) for the State where
- 16 the mining is located. Payments to States under this sub-
- 17 section with respect to any funds received by the United
- 18 States, shall be made not later than the last business day
- 19 of the month in which such funds are warranted by the
- 20 United States Treasury to the Secretary of the Interior
- 21 as having been received, except for any portion of such
- 22 funds which is under challenge, which shall be placed in
- 23 a suspense account pending resolution of such challenge.
- 24 Such warrants shall be issued by the United States Treas-
- 25 ury not later than ten days after receipt of such funds

- 1 by the Treasury. Funds placed in a suspense account
- 2 which are determined to be due the United States shall
- 3 be payable to a State Fund not later than fifteen days
- 4 after such challenge is resolved. Any such amount placed
- 5 in a suspense account pending resolution shall bear inter-
- 6 est until the challenge is resolved. In determining the
- 7 amount of payments to State Funds under this section,
- 8 the amount of such payments shall not be reduced by any
- 9 administrative or other costs incurred by the United
- 10 States.
- 11 (b) Federal Fund.—Royalties, maintenance fees
- 12 and location fees collected pursuant to this Act from min-
- 13 ing claims located in a State which has not established
- 14 or maintained a State Fund, and such proceeds from min-
- 15 ing claims located in a State for which the Secretary's au-
- 16 thority has expired under subsection 506(a), shall be cred-
- 17 ited to the Federal Fund and distributed in accordance
- 18 with subsection (c).
- 19 (c) Transition.—Prior to the time a State estab-
- 20 lishes a State Fund pursuant to subsection 501(a), any
- 21 funds collected from a mining claim within such State
- 22 shall be deposited into the Federal Fund and allocated to
- 23 such State. Once a State establishes a State Fund under
- 24 subsection 501(a), the State allocation in the Federal
- 25 Fund with accrued interest shall be paid by the Secretary

- 1 of the Treasury to the State Fund in accordance with sub-
- 2 section (a). Commencing three years after the date of en-
- 3 actment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall
- 4 distribute funds then accrued or which are thereafter cred-
- 5 ited to the Federal Fund equally among all States which
- 6 maintain a State Fund established under subsection
- 7 501(a), and for which the Secretary of the Treasury's au-
- 8 thority has not expired under subsection 506(a).

9 SEC. 503. ELIGIBLE AREA.

- 10 (a) In General.—Subject to subsection (b), lands
- 11 and water eligible for reclamation under this title shall be
- 12 Federal lands that—
- 13 (1) have been adversely affected by past min-
- eral activities on lands abandoned and left inad-
- equately reclaimed prior to the date of enactment of
- this Act; and
- 17 (2) for which the State determines there is no
- identifiable party with a continuing reclamation re-
- 19 sponsibility under State or Federal laws.
- 20 (b) Specific Sites and Areas Not Eligible.—
- 21 The following areas shall not be eligible for expenditures
- 22 from a State Fund:
- 23 (1) Any area subject to a plan of operations
- submitted or approved prior to, on or after the date
- of enactment of this Act which includes remining or

1	reclamation of the area adversely affected by past
2	locatable mineral activities.
3	(2) Any area affected by coal mining eligible for
4	reclamation expenditures pursuant to section 404 of
5	the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act
6	(30 U.S.C. 1234),
7	(3) Any area designated for remedial action
8	pursuant to the Uranium Mill Tailings Radiation
9	Control Act of 1978 (42 U.S.C. 7912), and
10	(4) Any area that was listed on the National
11	Priorities List pursuant to the Comprehensive Envi-
12	ronmental Response, Compensation and Liability
13	Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9605) prior to the date of
14	enactment of this Act, or where the Environmental
15	Protection Agency has initiated or caused to be initi-
16	ated a response action pursuant to that Act.
17	SEC. 504. USES AND OBJECTIVES OF FUNDS.
18	(a) Use of Funds.— Moneys in a State Fund shall
19	be used for the reclamation of eligible areas. For purposes
20	of this section, reclamation includes—
21	(1) backfilling, fencing, sealing, or otherwise
22	controlling abandoned underground mine entries to
23	protect public health and safety;
24	(2) abatement, treatment or control of water
25	pollution;

1	(3) shaping, grading, contouring and revegeta-
2	tion of land to prevent erosion and sedimentation, or
3	to enhance fish and wildlife habitat;
4	(4) removal or control of toxic or hazardous
5	materials;
6	(5) analysis, curation and preservation of struc-
7	tures, buildings, sites or objects listed or eligible for
8	listing pursuant to the National Historic Preserva-
9	tion Act (16 U.S.C. 470a); and
10	(6) control or reclamation of surface subsidence
11	due to abandoned underground mines.
12	(b) Priorities.— Expenditures of moneys from a
13	State Fund shall reflect the following priorities in the
14	order stated, but shall not preclude, where feasible and
15	appropriate, a combination of these priorities for cost-ef-
16	fective reclamation:
17	(1) The protection of public health, safety, gen-
18	eral welfare and property from extreme danger from
19	the adverse effects of past mineral activities.
20	(2) The protection of public health, safety, and
21	general welfare from the adverse effects of past min-
22	eral activities.
23	(c) Liability.—No State, or a contractor for such
24	State engaged in approved reclamation work under this

25 title, or any other entity authorized by a State to conduct

- 1 approved reclamation activities, shall be liable under any
- 2 provision of Federal law for any costs or damages as a
- 3 result of action taken or omitted in the course of carrying
- 4 out reclamation pursuant to this section. This subsection
- 5 shall not preclude liability for costs and damages as a re-
- 6 sult of gross negligence or intentional misconduct. For
- 7 purposes of the preceding sentence, reckless, willful or
- 8 wanton misconduct shall constitute gross negligence.

9 SEC. 505. REPORT TO CONGRESS.

- Annually, each State with a State Fund shall submit
- 11 a report to the Congress providing an accounting of the
- 12 State Fund, including identifying sites for which moneys
- 13 in the State Fund have been spent during the preceding
- 14 year and sites for which moneys shall be allocated in the
- 15 following year, the amounts spent or expected to be spent
- 16 on each such site, and an estimate of the number of eligi-
- 17 ble areas that remain to be reclaimed in the State.

18 SEC. 506. SUNSET PROVISIONS.

- 19 (a) Termination of Authority.— The Secretary
- 20 of the Treasury's authority to allocate funds to a State
- 21 Fund under section 502 shall expire on the date that the
- 22 State submits a report to the Congress pursuant to section
- 23 505 which reports that there are no areas in the State
- 24 which remain to be reclaimed and the Secretary of the
- 25 Interior has verified such report.

- 1 (b) TERMINATION OF FUND.— Upon the termination
- 2 of authority as provided in subsection (a) with respect to
- 3 all State Funds, the Federal Fund shall also be termi-
- 4 nated, and all funds thereafter shall be disbursed as fol-
- 5 lows:
- 6 (1) 50 percent of such funds shall be paid into
- 7 the Treasury of the United States and deposited as
- 8 miscellaneous receipts; and
- 9 (2) the remaining 50 percent of such funds
- shall be paid by the Secretary of the Treasury to the
- state in which the mining claim is located.

12 TITLE VI—MINERAL MATERIALS

- 13 SEC. 601. DETERMINATIONS.
- 14 Section 3 of the Act of July 23, 1955 (30 U.S.C.
- 15 611), is amended as follows: Insert "(a)" before the first
- 16 sentence. Add the following new subsection at the end
- 17 thereof:
- 18 "(1) Subject to valid existing rights, after the
- date of enactment of this subsection, notwithstand-
- ing the reference to common varieties in subsection
- 21 (a) and to the exception to such term relating to a
- deposit of materials with some property giving it dis-
- 23 tinct and special value, all deposits of mineral mate-
- rials referred to in such subsection, including the
- block pumice referred to in such subsection, shall be

subject to disposal only under the terms and conditions of the Materials Act of 1947.

"(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'valid existing rights' means that a mining claim located for any such mineral material had some property giving it the distinct and special value referred to in subsection (a), or as the case may be, met the definition of block pumice referred to in such subsection, was properly located and maintained under the general mining laws prior to the date of the enactment of this subsection, and was supported by a discovery of a valuable mineral deposit within the meaning of the general mining laws as in effect immediately prior to such date of enactment and that such claim continues to be valid under this Act.".

16 SEC. 602. IDENTIFIED DEPOSITS.

The Act entitled "An Act to provide for the disposal 18 of materials on the public lands of the United States", 19 approved July 31, 1947 (30 U.S.C. 602), is amended by 20 adding at the end the following:

21 "(b) Identified Deposits.—

"(1) Lands known to contain valuable deposits of mineral materials subject to this Act and subsequent amendments and not covered by any contract, permit, or lease, for uncommon varieties of mineral

materials under this section or by a valid mining claim for an uncommon variety of a mineral material under the general mining laws shall be subject to disposition by lease under this Act by the Secretary through advertisement, competitive bidding, or such other methods as he may by general regulations adopt, and in such reasonably compact areas as he shall fix.

"(2) All leases will be conditioned upon—

"(A) the payment by the lessee of such royalty as may be fixed in the lease, not less than two percent of the quantity or gross value of the output of mineral materials, and

"(B) the payment in advance of a rental of 25 cents per acre for the first calendar year or fraction thereof; 50 cents per acre for the second, third, fourth, and fifth years, respectively; and \$1 per acre per annum thereafter during the continuance of the lease, such rental for that year being credited against royalties accruing for that year.

"(3)(A) Any lease issued under this subsection shall be for a term of 20 years and so long thereafter as the lessee complies with the terms and conditions of the lease and upon the further condition

- that at the end of each 20-year period succeeding the date of the lease such reasonable adjustment of the terms and conditions thereof may be made therein as may be prescribed by the Secretary unless otherwise provided by law at the expiration of such periods.
 - "(B) Leases shall be conditioned upon a minimum annual production or the payment of a minimum royalty in lieu thereof, except when production is interrupted by strikes, the elements, or casualties not attributable to the lessee.
 - "(C) The Secretary may permit suspension of operations under any such leases when marketing conditions are such that the leases cannot be operated except at a loss.
 - "(D) The Secretary upon application by the lessee prior to the expiration of any existing lease in good standing shall amend such lease to provide for the same tenure and to contain the same conditions, including adjustment at the end of each 20-year period succeeding the date of said lease, as provided for in this subsection.

23 "(c) Other Lands.—

"(1) The Secretary is hereby authorized, under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, to

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grant to any qualified applicant a prospecting permit which shall give the exclusive right to prospect for mineral materials in lands belonging to the United States which are not subject to subsection (b), and are not covered by a contract, permit, or lease under this Act, except that a prospecting permit shall not exceed a period of 2 years and the area to be included in such a permit shall not exceed 2,560 acres of land in reasonably compact form.

"(2) The Secretary shall reserve and may exercise the authority to cancel any prospecting permit upon failure by the permittee to exercise due diligence in the prosecution of the prospecting work in accordance with the terms and conditions stated in the permit, and shall insert in every such permit issued under the provisions of this Act appropriate provisions for its cancellation by him,

"(3)(A) Upon showing to the satisfaction of the Secretary that valuable deposits of one of the mineral materials subject to the Materials Act of 1947 have been discovered by the permittee within the area covered by his permit, and that such land is valuable therefor, the permittee shall be entitled to a lease for any or all of the land embraced in the prospecting permit, at a royalty of not less than two

- 1 percent of the quantity or gross value of the output
- 2 of the mineral materials at the point of shipment to
- 3 market, such lease to be taken in compact form by
- 4 legal subdivisions of the public land surveys, or if
- 5 the land be not surveyed, by survey executed at the
- 6 cost of the permittee in accordance with regulations
- 7 prescribed by the Secretary.
- 8 "(B) Persons holding valid mining claims for
- 9 uncommon varieties of mineral materials shall be en-
- titled to receive a lease under this subsection.
- 11 "(d) Mineral Materials Disposal Clarifica-
- 12 TION.—Section 4 July 23, 1955 (30 U.S.C. 612), is
- 13 amended as follows:
- 14 "(1) In subsection (b) insert 'and mineral mate-
- rial' after 'vegetative'.
- 16 "(2) In subsection (c) insert 'and mineral mate-
- 17 rial' after 'vegetative'.
- 18 "(e) Authorization for Disposal of Mineral
- 19 Materials by Contract.—Section 2(a) of the Act enti-
- 20 tled 'An Act to provide for the disposal of materials on
- 21 the public lands of the United States', approved July 31,
- 22 1947 (30 U.S.C. 602(a)), is amended—
- 23 "(1) by striking the period at the end of para-
- graph (3) and inserting 'or, if', and

1	"(2) by adding after paragraph (3) the follow-
2	ing:
3	"(4) the material is a mineral material.".
4	TITLE VII—ADMINISTRATIVE
5	PROVISIONS
6	SEC. 701. EFFECTIVE DATE.
7	The provisions of this Act shall take effect on the
8	date of enactment of this Act, except as otherwise provided
9	in this Act.
10	SEC. 702. EFFECT ON FEDERAL AND STATE LAWS.
11	(a) Effect on the General Mining Laws.—The
12	provisions of this Act shall supersede the general mining
13	laws only to the extent such laws conflict with the require-
14	ments of this Act. Where so such conflict exists, the gen-
15	eral mining laws, including all judicial and administrative
16	decisions interpreting them, shall remain in full force and
17	effect.
18	(b) Effect on Other Federal and State
19	Laws.—Except as provided in subsection (a), nothing in
20	this Act shall be construed—
21	(1) as superseding, modifying, amending or re-
22	pealing any other provision of Federal law, State law
23	or Federal or State regulation enacted pursuant
24	thereto, not expressly superseded, modified, amended
25	or repealed:

1	(2) without limiting the foregoing, as affecting
2	or intended to affect or in any way interfere with or
3	modify the laws of the States relating to the owner-
4	ship, control, appropriation, use and distribution of
5	ground or surface waters or the regulation by States
5	of surface or ground water quality; and

(3) as affecting or modifying in any way the rights, obligations or liabilities of any person under other provision of law.

10 SEC. 703. SEVERABILITY.

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If any provision of this Act or the applicability there12 of to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the re13 mainder of the Act and the application of such provision
14 to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected
15 thereby.

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