# 105th Congress 1st Session S. 207

A bill to review, reform, and terminate unnecessary and inequitable Federal subsidies.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JANUARY 28, 1997

Mr. MCCAIN (for himself, Mr. THOMPSON, Mr. KERRY, Mr. FEINGOLD, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. COATS, Mr. GLENN, Mr. LIEBERMAN, and Mr. BROWNBACK) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Governmental Affairs

# A BILL

A bill to review, reform, and terminate unnecessary and inequitable Federal subsidies.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

## **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Corporate Subsidy Re-
- 5 form Commission Act of 1997".

### 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

7 The Congress finds that—

1	(1) Federal subsidies, including tax advantages,
2	which may have been enacted with a valid purpose
3	for specific industries or industry segments can—
4	(A) fall subject to abuse, causing unantici-
5	pated and unjustified windfalls to some indus-
6	tries and industry segments; or
7	(B) become obsolete, anticompetitive, or no
8	longer in the public interest, making such sub-
9	sidies unnecessary or undesired;
10	(2) it is unfair to force the United States tax-
11	payer to support unnecessary subsidies, including
12	tax advantages, that do not provide a substantial
13	public benefit or serve the public interest;
14	(3) the Congress and the President have been
15	unable to evaluate methodically those Federal sub-
16	sidies that are unfair and unnecessary and require
17	reform or elimination; and
18	(4) a Commission to advise the President and
19	Congress is essential to a comprehensive review of
20	such unfair corporate subsidies and to the reform or
21	elimination of such subsidies.
22	SEC. 3. PURPOSE.
23	The purpose of this Act is to establish a fair and de-

24 liberative process that will result in the timely identifica-25 tion, review, and reform or elimination of unnecessary and

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inequitable subsidies, including tax advantages, provided
 by the Federal Government to entities or industries en gaged in profitmaking enterprises.

#### 4 SEC. 4. DEFINITION.

For purposes of this Act, the term "inequitable Federal subsidy" means a payment, benefit, service, or tax
advantage that—

8 (1) is provided by the Federal Government to
9 any corporation, partnership, joint venture, associa10 tion, or business trust, not to include—

(A) a nonprofit organization described
under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue
Code of 1986 that is exempt from taxation
under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
Code of 1986; or

16 (B) a State or local government or Indian17 Tribe;

18 (2) is provided without a reasonable expecta-19 tion, demonstrated with the use of reliable perform-20 ance criteria, that actions or activities undertaken or 21 performed in return for such payment, benefit, serv-22 ice, or tax advantage would result in a return or 23 benefit, quantifiable or nonquantifiable, to the public 24 at least as great as the payment, benefit, service, or 25 tax advantage;

1	(3) provides an unfair competitive advantage or
2	financial windfall; and
3	(4) shall not include a payment, benefit, service,
4	or tax advantage that—
5	(A)(i) is awarded for the purposes of re-
6	search and development in the broad public in-
7	terest on the basis of a peer reviewed or other
8	open, competitive, merit-based procedure;
9	(ii) is for a purpose consistent with the
10	mission of the agency;
11	(iii) supports competing technologies at
12	levels appropriate to their potential, as deter-
13	mined by an appropriate priority setting proc-
14	ess; and
15	(iv) is for research and development that
16	the private sector cannot reasonably be ex-
17	pected to undertake without Federal support at
18	a level or in a time frame consistent with the
19	payment, benefit, service, or tax advantage's po-
20	tential to provide broad economic or other pub-
21	lic benefit;
22	(B) primarily benefits public health, safety,
23	the environment, or education;
24	(C) is necessary to comply with inter-
25	national trade or treaty obligations;

(D) is certified by the United States Trade
 Representative as specifically intended and as
 substantially needed to protect the foreign trade
 interests of the United States; or

5 (E) is for the purpose of procurement of
6 property or services by the United States Gov7 ernment.

#### 8 SEC. 5. THE COMMISSION.

9 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established an inde-10 pendent commission to be known as the "Corporate Sub-11 sidy Reform Commission" (hereafter in this Act, referred 12 to as the "Commission").

13 (b) DUTIES.—The Commission shall—

(1) examine the programs and tax laws of the
Federal Government and identify programs and tax
laws that provide inequitable Federal subsidies;

(2) review inequitable Federal subsidies; and

18 (3) submit the report required under section19 6(b) to the President and the Congress.

20 (c) LIMITATIONS.—

17

(1) CREATION OF NEW PROGRAMS OR TAXES.—
This Act is not intended to result in the creation of
new programs or taxes, and the Commission established in this section shall limit its activities to reviewing existing programs or tax laws with the goal

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of ensuring fairness and equity in the operation and
 application thereof.

3 (2) Elimination of agencies and depart-4 MENTS.—The Commission shall limit its recommendations to the termination or reform of pay-5 6 ments, benefits, services, or tax advantages, rather 7 than the termination of Federal agencies or depart-8 ments.

9 (d) ADVISORY COMMITTEE.—The Commission shall
10 be considered an advisory committee within the meaning
11 of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).
12 (e) APPOINTMENT.—

13 (1) MEMBERS.—The Commissioners shall be
14 appointed for the life of the Commission and shall
15 be composed of nine members of whom—

16 (A) three shall be appointed by the Presi-17 dent of the United States;

(B) two shall be appointed by the Speakerof the House of Representatives;

20 (C) one shall be appointed by the minority21 Leader of the House of Representatives;

(D) two shall be appointed by the majorityLeader of the Senate; and

24 (E) one shall be appointed by the minority25 Leader of the Senate.

1 (2) CONSULTATION REQUIRED.—The President, 2 the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the mi-3 nority leader of the House of Representatives, the 4 majority leader of the Senate, and the minority lead-5 er of the Senate shall consult among themselves 6 prior to the appointment of the members of the 7 Commission in order to achieve, to the maximum ex-8 tent possible, fair and equitable representation of 9 various points of view with respect to the matters to 10 be studied by the Commission under subsection (b).

(3) APPOINTMENTS.—During the period of
January 1, 1998 through January 31, 1998, the
President shall submit to the Senate the names of
three individuals for appointment to the Commission.

(4) FAILURE TO APPOINT.—If the President
does not submit to Congress the names of three individuals for appointment to the Commission on or before the date specified in paragraph (3), the process
established under this Act shall be terminated.

(5) CHAIRMAN.—At the time the President
nominates individuals for appointment to the Commission the President shall designate one such individual who shall serve as Chairman of the Commission.

(6) BACKGROUND.—The members shall rep resent a broad array of expertise covering, to the ex tent practical, all subject matter, programs, and tax
 laws the Commission is likely to review.

5 (f) TERMS.—Each member of the Commission in6 cluding the Chairman shall serve until the termination of
7 the Commission.

8 (g) MEETINGS.—

9 (1) INITIAL MEETING.—No later than April 1,
10 1998, the Commission shall conduct its first meet11 ing.

12 (2) OPEN MEETINGS.—Each meeting of the 13 Commission shall be open to the public. In cases 14 where classified information, trade secrets, or per-15 sonnel matters are discussed, the Chairman may 16 close the meeting. All proceedings, information, and 17 deliberations of the Commission shall be available, 18 upon request, to the chairman and ranking member 19 of the relevant committees of Congress.

20 (h) VACANCIES.—A vacancy on the Commission shall
21 be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.
22 (i) PAY AND TRAVEL EXPENSES.—

(1) PAY.—Notwithstanding section 7 of the
Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.),
each Commissioner, other than the Chairman, shall

be paid at a rate equal to the daily equivalent of the
minimum annual rate of basic pay for level IV of the
Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5,
United States Code, for each day (including travel
time) during which the member is engaged in the actual performance of duties vested in the Commission.

8 (2) CHAIRMAN.—Notwithstanding section 7 of 9 the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. 10 App.), the Chairman shall be paid for each day re-11 ferred to in paragraph (1) at a rate equal to the 12 daily payment of the minimum annual rate of basic 13 pay payable for level III of the Executive Schedule 14 under section 5314 of title 5, United States Code.

(3) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—Members shall receive
travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in accordance with section 5702 and 5703 of
title 5, United States Code.

19 (j) DIRECTOR OF STAFF.—

20 (1) QUALIFICATIONS.—The Chairman shall appoint a Director who has not served in any of the
21 point a Director who has not served in any of the
22 entities or industries that the Commission intends to
23 review during the 12 months preceding the date of
24 such appointment.

(2) PAY.—Notwithstanding section 7 of the
 Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.),
 the Director shall be paid at the rate of basic pay
 payable for level IV of the Executive Schedule under
 section 5315 of title 5, United States Code.

6 (3) REPORTS.—On administrative and person-7 nel matters, the Director shall submit periodic re-8 ports to the Chairman of the Commission and the 9 chairman and ranking member of the Committee on 10 Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Com-11 mittee on Government Reform and Oversight of the 12 House of the Representatives.

13 (k) Staff.—

(1) ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL.—Subject to paragraphs (2) and (4), the Director, with the approval
of the Commission, may appoint and fix the pay of
additional personnel.

18 (2) APPOINTMENTS.—The Director may make 19 such appointments without regard to the provisions 20 of title 5, United States Code, governing appoint-21 ments in the competitive service, and any personnel 22 so appointed may be paid without regard to the pro-23 visions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 24 53 of that title relating to classification and General 25 Schedule pay rates.

1	(3) DETAILEES.—Upon the request of the Di-
2	rector, the head of any Federal department or agen-
3	cy may detail any of the personnel of that depart-
4	ment or agency to the Commission to assist the
5	Commission in accordance with an agreement en-
6	tered into with the Commission.
7	(4) RESTRICTIONS ON PERSONNEL AND
8	DETAILEES.—The following restrictions shall apply
9	to personnel and detailees of the Commission:
10	(A) PERSONNEL.—No more than one-third
11	of the personnel detailed to the Commission
12	may be on detail from Federal agencies that
13	deal directly or indirectly with the Federal sub-
14	sidies the Commission intends to review.
15	(B) ANALYSTS.—No more than one-fifth of
16	the professional analysts of the Commission
17	may be persons detailed from a Federal agency
18	that deals directly or indirectly with the Federal
19	subsidies the Commission intends to review.
20	(C) LEAD ANALYST.—No person detailed
21	from a Federal agency to the Commission may
22	be assigned as the lead professional analyst
23	with respect to an entity or industry the Com-
24	mission intends to review if the person has been

1	involved in regulatory or policy-making deci-
2	sions affecting any such entity or industry in
3	the 12 months preceding such assignment.
4	(D) DETAILEE.—A person may not be de-
5	tailed from a Federal agency to the Commission
6	if, within 12 months before the detail is to
7	begin, that person participated personally and
8	substantially in any matter within that particu-
9	lar agency concerning the preparation of rec-
10	ommendations under this Act.
11	(E) FEDERAL OFFICER OR EMPLOYEE.—
12	No member of a Federal agency, and no officer
13	or employee of a Federal agency, may—
14	(i) prepare any report concerning the
15	effectiveness, fitness, or efficiency of the
16	performance on the staff of the Commis-
17	sion of any person detailed from a Federal
18	agency to that staff;
19	(ii) review the preparation of such re-
20	port; or
21	(iii) approve or disapprove such a re-
22	port.
23	(F) LIMITATION ON STAFF SIZE.—(i) Sub-
24	ject to clause (ii), there may not be more than

1	25 persons (including any detailees) on the
2	staff at any time.
3	(ii) The Commission may increase person-
4	nel in excess of the limitation under clause (i),
5	15 days after submitting notification of such in-
6	crease to the Committee on Governmental Af-
7	fairs of the Senate and the Committee on Gov-
8	ernment Reform and Oversight of the House of
9	Representatives.
10	(G) Limitation on federal officer.—
11	No member of a Federal agency and no em-
12	ployee of a Federal agency may serve as a Com-
13	missioner or as a paid member of the staff.
14	(5) Assistance.—
15	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller Gen-
16	eral of the United States may provide assist-
17	ance, including the detailing of employees, to
18	the Commission in accordance with an agree-
19	ment entered into with the Commission.
20	(B) CONSULTATION.—The Commission
21	and the Comptroller General of the United
22	States shall consult with the Committee on
23	Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the
24	Committee on Government Reform and Over-
25	sight of the House of Representatives on the

	17
1	agreement referred to under subparagraph (A)
2	before entering into such agreement.
3	(1) Other Authority.—
4	(1) EXPERTS AND CONSULTANTS.—The Com-
5	mission may procure by contract, to the extent funds
6	are available, the temporary or intermittent services
7	of experts or consultants pursuant to section 3109
8	of title 5, United States Code.
9	(2) LEASING.—The Commission may lease
10	space and acquire personal property to the extent
11	that funds are available.
12	(m) FUNDING.—
13	(1) Commission.—There are authorized to be
14	appropriated to the Commission such funds as are
15	necessary to carry out its duties under this Act.
16	(2) Comptroller general.—There are au-
17	thorized to be appropriated to the Comptroller Gen-
18	eral of the United States such funds as are nec-
19	essary to carry out its duties under subsection $(k)(5)$
20	and section $6(b)(5)$ .
21	(n) TERMINATION.—The Commission shall terminate
22	on September 1, 1999.
23	SEC. 6. PROCEDURE FOR MAKING RECOMMENDATIONS TO
24	TERMINATE CORPORATE SUBSIDIES.
25	(a) Agency Plan.—

1	(1) IN CENTRAL No later than April 1 1009
1	(1) IN GENERAL.—No later than April 1, 1998,
2	or the date budget documents are submitted to Con-
3	gress in 1998, whichever is earlier, in support of the
4	budget of each Federal department or agency, the
5	head of each department or agency shall include in
6	such documents a list identifying all programs or tax
7	laws within that department or agency that the head
8	of the department or agency determines provide in-
9	equitable Federal subsidies.
10	(2) CONTENTS.—Such a list shall include—
11	(A) a detailed description of each program
12	or tax law in question;
13	(B) a statement detailing the extent to
14	which a payment, benefit, service, or tax advan-
15	tage meets the provisions of section 4;
16	(C) a statement summarizing the legisla-
17	tive history and purpose of such payment, bene-
18	fit, service, or tax advantage, and the laws or
19	policies directly or indirectly giving rise to the
20	need for such programs or tax laws; and
21	(D) a recommendation to the Commission
22	regarding actions to be taken under section
23	5(b)(3).
24	(3) INTERNATIONAL TRADE PROGRAMS.—As
25	part of its agency plan submitted pursuant to this

1	subsection, the United States Trade Representative
2	shall survey all federally supported international
3	trade programs in all Federal agencies and shall cer-
4	tify to the Commission which of those programs
5	meet the requirements of section $4(4)(D)$ . The
6	Trade Representative shall provide the Commission
7	a detailed statement of the reasons each program
8	was or was not so certified as part of its agency
9	plan.
10	(b) Review and Recommendations by the Com-
11	MISSION.—
12	(1) REVIEW AND HEARINGS.—At any time after
13	the submission of the budget documents to Con-

13 14 gress, the Commission shall conduct public hearings 15 on the recommendations included in the lists required under subsection (a). All testimony before the 16 17 Commission at a public hearing conducted under 18 this paragraph shall be presented under oath.

19 (2) Report of commission.—

(A) REPORT TO PRESIDENT.-No later 20 21 than November 30, 1998, the Commission shall 22 submit a report to the President containing the 23 Commission's findings and recommendations for termination, modification, or retention of 24

1	each of the inequitable Federal subsidies re-
2	viewed by the Commission. Such findings and
3	recommendations shall specify—
4	(i) all actions, circumstances, and con-
5	siderations relating to or bearing upon the
6	recommendations; and
7	(ii) to the maximum extent prac-
8	ticable, the estimated effect of the rec-
9	ommendations upon the policies, laws and
10	programs directly or indirectly affected by
11	the recommendations.
12	(B) CHANGES IN RECOMMENDATIONS.—
13	Subject to the deadline in subparagraph (A), in
14	making its recommendations, the Commission
15	may make changes in any of the recommenda-
16	tions made by a department or agency if the
17	Commission determines that such department
18	or agency deviated substantially from the provi-
19	sions of section 4.
20	(C) CHANGES.—In the case of a change in
21	the recommendations made by a department or
22	agency, the Commission may make the change
23	only if the Commission—
24	(i) makes the determination required
25	under subparagraph (B); and

1	(ii) conducts a public hearing on the
2	Commission's proposed changes.
3	(D) APPLICATION.—Subparagraph (C)
4	shall apply to a change by the Commission in
5	a department or agency recommendation that
6	would—
7	(i) add or delete a payment, benefit,
8	service, or tax advantage to the list rec-
9	ommended for termination;
10	(ii) add or delete a payment, benefit,
11	service, or tax advantage to the list rec-
12	ommended for modification; or
13	(iii) increase or decrease the extent of
14	a recommendation to modify a payment,
15	benefit, service, or tax advantage included
16	in a department's or agency's rec-
17	ommendation.
18	(3) JUSTIFICATION.—The Commission shall ex-
19	plain and justify in the report submitted to the
20	President under paragraph (2) any recommendation
21	made by the Commission that is different from a
22	recommendation made by an agency under sub-
23	section (a).
24	(4) Report to congress.—After November
25	30, 1998, or after the date the Commission submits

1	recommendations to the President, the Commission
2	shall, upon request, promptly provide to any Member
3	of Congress the information used by the Commission
4	in making its recommendations.
5	(5) Comptroller general.—The Comptrol-
6	ler General of the United States shall—
7	(A) assist the Commission, to the extent
8	requested, in the Commission's review and anal-
9	ysis of the list, statements, and recommenda-
10	tions made by departments and agencies under
11	subsection (a); and
12	(B) no later than 60 days after April 1,
13	1998, or the public release of the President's
14	budget documents in 1998, whichever is earlier,
15	submit to the Congress and to the Commission
16	a report containing a detailed analysis of the
17	list, statements, and recommendations of each
18	department or agency.
19	(c) REVIEW BY THE PRESIDENT.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—No later than December 31,
21	1998, the President shall submit a report to the
22	Commission and to the Congress containing the
23	President's approval or disapproval of the Commis-
24	sion's recommendations submitted under subsection
25	(b).

1 (2) APPROVAL.—If the President approves all 2 the recommendations of the Commission, the Presi-3 dent shall submit a copy of such recommendations 4 to the Congress, together with a certification of such 5 approval.

6 (3)DISAPPROVAL.—If the President dis-7 approves the recommendations of the Commission in 8 whole or in part, the President shall submit to the 9 Commission and the Congress the reasons for that 10 disapproval. No later than February 1, 1999, the 11 Commission shall submit to the President a revised 12 list of recommendations.

(4) REVISION.—If the President approves all of
the revised recommendations of the Commission submitted to the President under paragraph (3), the
President shall submit a copy of such revised recommendations to the Congress, together with a certification of such approval.

19 (5) APPROVAL OF ENTIRE PACKAGE.—The
20 President may only submit an approval certificate
21 that pertains to the entire package of recommenda22 tions submitted by the Commission under subsection
23 (b)(2) or paragraph (3) of this subsection.

24 (6) FAILURE TO SUBMIT.—If the President
25 does not submit to the Congress an approval and

certification described in paragraph (2) or (4) by
 February 15, 1999, the process established under
 this Act shall be terminated.

#### 4 SEC. 7. CONGRESSIONAL CONSIDERATION.

5 (a) SUBMISSION OF RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE
6 PRESIDENT.—If the President submits the Commission
7 recommendations to the Congress under section 6(c) (2)
8 or (4), such recommendations shall be accompanied by in9 formation specifying—

10 (1) the reasons and justifications for the rec-11 ommendations;

(2) to the maximum extent practicable, the estimated fiscal, economic, and budgetary impact of accepting the recommendations;

15 (3) the amount of the projected savings result-16 ing from each recommendation;

(4) all actions, circumstances, and considerations relating to or bearing upon the recommendations and to the maximum extent practicable, the estimated effect of the recommendations upon the policies, laws and programs directly or indirectly affected by the recommendations; and

(5) the specific changes in Federal statute nec-essary to implement the recommendations.

(b) SUBMISSION OF RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE
 2 SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—

3 (1)SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—The rec-4 ommendations submitted by the President to the 5 Congress under subsection (a) shall be submitted to 6 the Senate and the House of Representatives on the 7 same day, and shall be delivered to the Secretary of 8 the Senate if the Senate is not in session, and to the 9 Clerk of the House of the Representatives if the 10 House is not in session.

11 (2) FEDERAL REGISTER.—Any recommenda12 tions and accompanying information submitted
13 under subsection (a) shall be printed in the first
14 issue of the Federal Register after such submission.
15 (c) INTRODUCTION.—

16 (1) DATE OF INTRODUCTION.—The Majority 17 Leader of the Senate or his designee, and the Speak-18 er of the House of Representatives, or his designee, 19 shall introduce a bill (or bills as provided under 20 paragraph (2)) that implements the recommenda-21 tions submitted by the President under subsection 22 (a), no later than the later of 14 calendar days in 23 session after the date on which—

24 (A) the Senate or the House of Represent-25 atives received the recommendations submitted

1	by the President under subsection (a), if the
2	Senate or the House of Representatives (as ap-
3	plicable) is in session on the date of such sub-
4	mission; or
5	(B) the Senate or the House of Represent-
6	atives is first in session after such recommenda-
7	tions are submitted, if the Senate or the House
8	of Representatives (as applicable) is not in ses-
9	sion on the date of such submission.
10	(2) Multiple Bills.—The majority leader of
11	the Senate, or his designee, or the Speaker of the
12	House of Representatives, or his designee, shall in-
13	troduce a bill or separate bills ensuring that all such
14	recommendations will be implemented.
15	(d) Committee Referral and Action.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—Any committee to which a
17	bill or bills introduced under subsection (c) is re-
18	ferred shall report such bill no later than 120 cal-
19	endar days after the date of referral. Any such re-
20	ported bill shall be referred to the Committee on
21	Governmental Affairs of the Senate or the Commit-
22	tee on Government Reform and Oversight of the
23	House of Representatives, as applicable.
24	(2) DISCHARGE.—If a committee does not re-

25 port a bill within the 120-day period as provided

under paragraph (1), such bill shall be discharged
from the committee and referred to the Committee
on Governmental Affairs of the Senate or the Com-
mittee on Government Reform and Oversight of the
House of Representatives, as applicable.
(3) Report to floor; consolidation.—
(A) IN GENERAL.—No later than the first
day the Senate or the House of Representatives
(as applicable) is in session following 10 cal-
endar days in session after the end of the 120-
day period described under paragraphs $(1)$ and
(2), the Committee on Governmental Affairs of
the Senate and the Committee on Government
Reform and Oversight of the House of Rep-
resentatives, as applicable, shall—
(i) consolidate all bills referred under
paragraphs $(1)$ and $(2)$ into a single bill
(without substantive amendment) and re-
port such bill to the Senate or the House
of Representatives; or
(ii) if only 1 bill is referred under
paragraph $(1)$ or $(2)$ , report such bill
(without amendment) to the Senate or
House of Representatives.

(B) LEGISLATIVE CALENDAR.—The bill re ported under subparagraph (A) shall be placed
 on the legislative calendar of the appropriate
 House.

5 (e) PROCEDURE IN SENATE AFTER REPORT OF COM6 MITTEE; DEBATE; AMENDMENTS.—

7 (1) DEBATE ON BILL.—Debate in the Senate 8 on a bill reported by the Committee on Govern-9 mental Affairs under subsection (d)(3), and all 10 amendments thereto and debatable motions and ap-11 peals in connection therewith, shall be limited to not 12 more than 30 hours. The time shall be equally di-13 vided between, and controlled by, the Majority Lead-14 er and Minority Leader or their designees.

15 (2) DEBATE ON AMENDMENTS.—Debate in the 16 Senate on any amendment to the bill shall be limited 17 to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and con-18 trolled by, the mover and the manager of the bill, 19 and debate on any amendment to an amendment, 20 debatable motion, or appeal shall be limited to 30 21 minutes, to be equally divided between, and con-22 trolled by, the mover and the manager of the bill, ex-23 cept that in the event the manager of the bill is in 24 favor of any such amendment, motion or appeal, the

1	time in opposition thereto shall be controlled by the
2	minority leader or his designee.
3	(3) LIMIT OF DEBATE.—(A) A motion to fur-
4	ther limit debate is not debatable. A motion by the
5	majority leader or his designee to extend debate is
6	not debatable. A motion to recommit is not in order.
7	(B) No amendment not germane to the bill re-
8	ported by the Committee on Governmental Affairs
9	under subsection $(d)(3)$ shall be in order.
10	(4) Conference reports.—
11	(A) MOTION TO PROCEED.—A motion to
12	proceed to the consideration of the conference
13	report on a bill subject to the procedures of this
14	section and reported to the Senate may be
15	made even though a previous motion to the
16	same effect has been disagreed to.
17	(B) TIME LIMITATION.—The consideration
18	in the Senate of the conference report on the
19	bill and any amendments in disagreement there-
20	to, including all debatable motions and appeals
21	in connection therewith, shall be limited to 5
22	hours, to be equally divided between, and con-
23	trolled by, the majority leader and minority

1 leader or their designees. Debate on any debat-2 able motion, appeal related to the conference re-3 port, or any amendment to an amendment in 4 disagreement, shall be limited to 30 minutes, to 5 be equally divided between, and controlled by, 6 the mover and the manager of the conference 7 report (or a message between Houses). 8 (f) PROCEDURE IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 9 AFTER REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE; DEBATE.— (1) MOTION TO CONSIDER.—When the Commit-10 11 tee on Government Reform and Oversight of the 12 House of Representatives reports a bill under sub-13 section (d)(3) it is in order (at any time after the 14 fifth day (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal 15 holidays) following the day on which any committee 16 report filed on a bill referred under subsection (d)(1)17 to the Committee on Government Reform and Over-18 sight has been available to Members of the House) 19 to move to proceed to the consideration of the bill 20 reported to the House of Representatives. The mo-21 tion is highly privileged and is not debatable. An 22 amendment to the motion is not in order, and it is 23 not in order to move to reconsider the vote by which 24 the motion is agreed to or disagreed to.

1 (2) DEBATE.—General debate on the bill in the 2 House of Representatives shall be limited to not 3 more than 10 hours, which shall be divided equally 4 between the majority and minority parties. A motion 5 further to limit debate is not debatable. A motion to 6 postpone debate is not in order, and it is not in 7 order to move to reconsider the vote by which the 8 bill is agreed to or disagreed to.

9 (3) TERMS OF CONSIDERATION.—Consideration 10 of the bill by the House of Representatives shall be 11 in the Committee of the Whole, and the bill shall be 12 considered for amendment under the 5-minute rule 13 in accordance with the applicable provisions of rule 14 XXIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives. 15 After the committee rises and reports the bill back 16 to the House, the previous question shall be consid-17 ered as ordered on the bill and any amendments 18 thereto to final passage without intervening motion.

(4) LIMIT ON DEBATE.—Debate in the House
of Representatives on the conference report on a bill
subject to the procedures under this section and reported to the House of Representatives shall be limited to not more than 5 hours, which shall be divided
equally between the majority and minority parties. A
motion further to limit debate is not debatable. A

motion to recommit the conference report is not in
order, and it is not in order to move to reconsider
the vote by which the conference report is agreed to
or disagreed to. A motion to postpone is not in
order.

6 (5) APPEALS.—Appeals from decisions of the
7 Chair relating to the application of the Rules of the
8 House of Representatives to the procedure relating
9 to the bill shall be decided without debate.

(g) RULES OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—This section is enacted by Congress—

(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the Senate and the House of Representatives, respectively, but applicable only with respect to the procedure to be followed in that House in the case of a bill under this section, and it supersedes other rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent with such rules; and

(2) with full recognition of the constitutional
right of either House to change the rules as far as
relating to the procedure of that House at any time,
in the same manner, and to the same extent as in
the case of any other rule of that House.