105TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 2484

To combat violent and gang-related crime in schools and on the streets, to reform the juvenile justice system, target international crime, promote effective drug and other crime prevention programs, assist crime victims, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

September 16, 1998

Mr. Leahy (for himself, Mr. Daschle, Mr. Biden, Ms. Moseley-Braun, Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Kerry, Mr. Lautenberg, Ms. Mikulski, Mr. Bingaman, Mr. Reid, Mrs. Murray, Mr. Dorgan, and Mr. Torricelli) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To combat violent and gang-related crime in schools and on the streets, to reform the juvenile justice system, target international crime, promote effective drug and other crime prevention programs, assist crime victims, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Safe Schools, Safe Streets, and Secure Borders Act of
- 6 1998".

1 (b) Table of Contents for

2 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.

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- Sec. 1002. Establishment of School Security Technology Center.
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- Sec. 1004. Safe and secure school advisory report.

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- Sec. 1210. Delinquency proceedings or criminal prosecutions in district courts.
- Sec. 1211. Applicability of statutory minimums to juveniles 16 years and older and limitation as to younger juveniles.
- Sec. 1212. Conforming amendment to definitions section.
- Sec. 1213. Custody prior to appearance before judicial officer.
- Sec. 1214. Technical and conforming amendments to section 5034.
- Sec. 1215. Speedy trial for detained juveniles pending delinquency proceedings; reinstituting dismissed cases.
- Sec. 1216. Disposition; availability of increased detention, fines, and supervised release for juvenile offenders.
- Sec. 1217. Access to juvenile records.
- Sec. 1218. Technical amendments of section 5034.
- Sec. 1219. Definitions.

Part 2—Incarceration of Juveniles in the Federal System

- Sec. 1220. Detention of juveniles prior to disposition or sentencing.
- Sec. 1221. Rules governing the commitment of juveniles.

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- Sec. 1300. Juvenile and violent offender incarceration grants.
- Sec. 1301. Certain punishment and graduated sanctions for youth offenders.
- Sec. 1302. Pilot program to promote replication of recent successful juvenile crime reduction strategies.
- Sec. 1303. Reimbursement of States for costs of incarcerating juvenile alien offenders.

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- Sec. 1411. Improving firearms safety.
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- Sec. 1413. Juvenile handgun safety.
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- Sec. 1421. Competitive grants for children's firearm safety education.
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- Sec. 1431. Definitions.
- Sec. 1432. Grant program.
- Sec. 1433. Applications.
- Sec. 1434. Grant awards.
- Sec. 1435. Use of grant amounts.
- Sec. 1436. Grant limitations.
- Sec. 1437. Federal share.
- Sec. 1438. Report and evaluation.
- Sec. 1439. Authorization of appropriations.

Part 4—Youth Violence Courts

Sec. 1440. Creation of youth violence courts.

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- Sec. 2101. Enhanced penalty for use or recruitment of minors in gangs.
- Sec. 2102. Gang franchising as a RICO predicate.
- Sec. 2103. Increase in offense level for participation in crime as gang member.
- Sec. 2104. Enhanced penalty for possession of firearms in relation to counts of violence or drug trafficking crimes.
- Sec. 2105. Punishment of arsons or bombings at facilities receiving Federal financial assistance.
- Sec. 2106. Elimination of statute of limitations for murder.
- Sec. 2107. Extension of statute of limitations for violent and drug trafficking crimes.
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- Sec. 2110. Facilitating the prosecution of carjacking offenses.
- Sec. 2111. Facilitation of RICO prosecutions.
- Sec. 2112. Forfeiture for crimes of violence, racketeering, and obstruction of justice.
- Sec. 2113. Expansion of definition of "racketeering activity" to affect gangs in Indian country.
- Sec. 2114. Authority to investigate serial killings.
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Sec. 2116. Expansion of Federal jurisdiction over crimes occurring in private penal facilities housing Federal prisoners or prisoners from other States.

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- Sec. 2200. Transfer of firearm to commit a crime of violence.
- Sec. 2201. Increased penalty for knowingly receiving firearm with obliterated serial number.
- Sec. 2202. Amendment of the sentencing guidelines for transfers of firearms to prohibited persons.
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- Sec. 4802. Findings.
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- Sec. 7204. Pilot programs to establish ombudsman programs for crime victims.
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- Sec. 7303. Definition of developmental disability.
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- Sec. 9201. Forfeiture of assets in international money laundering and drug crimes.
- Sec. 9202. Authority to order convicted criminals to return property located abroad.
- Sec. 9203. Enforcement of foreign forfeiture judgments.
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- Sec. 9321. Clarification of biological weapons definitions.
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- Sec. 9401. Sharing proceeds of joint forfeiture operations with cooperating foreign agencies.
- Sec. 9402. Streamlined procedures for execution of MLAT requests.
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Subtitle F—Streamlining the Investigation and Prosecution of International Crimes in United States Courts

- Sec. 9501. Reimbursement of State and local law enforcement agencies in international crime cases.
- Sec. 9502. Strengthen war crimes offense.
- Sec. 9503. Safe conduct for foreign witnesses testifying in United States courts.
- Sec. 9504. Prohibiting fugitives from benefiting from time served abroad.
- Sec. 9505. Suspension of statute of limitations for collection of evidence located abroad.
- Sec. 9506. Clarification of discretionary nature of payments to informants.
- Sec. 9507. Criminal offenses committed outside the United States by persons accompanying the Armed Forces.

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Sec. 10001. Felony punishment for violence committed along the United States borders.

Subtitle B—Strengthening Maritime Law Enforcement Along United States Borders

- Sec. 11001. Sanctions for failure to heave to, obstructing a lawful boarding, and providing false information.
- Sec. 11002. Civil penalties to support maritime law enforcement.
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- Sec. 12001. Smuggling contraband and other goods from the United States.
- Sec. 12002. Controlling illicit liquor trafficking.
- Sec. 12003. Strengthening of statute punishing evasion or embezzlement of customs duties.
- Sec. 12004. False certifications relating to exports.

Subtitle D—Strengthening Immigration Laws To Exclude International Criminals From the United States

- Sec. 13001. Inadmissibility of persons fleeing prosecution in other countries.
- Sec. 13002. Inadmissibility of persons involved in racketeering and arms trafficking.
- Sec. 13003. Inadmissibility of persons who have benefited from illicit activities of drug traffickers.
- Sec. 13004. Inadmissibility of persons involved in international alien smuggling.

Subtitle E—Alien Smuggling

Sec. 14001. Forfeiture for alien smuggling.

Subtitle F—Trafficking in Chemicals Used To Produce Drugs

Sec. 15001. Import and export of chemicals used to produce illicit drugs.

Subtitle G—Arms Trafficking

Sec. 16001. Enhanced tools to investigate illicit arms trafficking.

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

- 2 In this Act:
- (1) ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The term "Attorney
 General" means the Attorney General of the United
- 5 States.

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- 6 (2) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian tribe" 7 means a tribe, band, pueblo, nation, or other orga-8 nized group or community of Indians, including an 9 Alaska Native village (as defined in or established 10 under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 11 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.)), that is recognized as eligible 12 for the special programs and services provided by 13 the United States to Indians because of their status 14 as Indians.
 - (3) JUVENILE.—The term "juvenile" has the meaning given that term under applicable State law.
 - (4) STATE.—The term "State" means any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, and the Northern Mariana Islands.
 - (5) Unit of local government" means any city, county, township, borough, parish, or other entity exercising governmental power under State law.

1	(6) VIOLENT CRIME REDUCTION TRUST
2	FUND.—The term "Violent Crime Reduction Trust
3	Fund" means the fund established under title XXXI
4	of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement
5	Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14211 et seq.).
6	(7) Youth.—The term "youth" means a per-
7	son who is not younger than 5 and not older than
8	18 years of age.
9	TITLE I—COMBATING VIOLENCE
10	IN SCHOOLS AND PUNISHING
11	JUVENILE CRIME
12	Subtitle A—Assistance to Schools
13	SEC. 1001. SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICERS.
14	Part Q of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and
15	Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796dd et seq.) is
16	amended—
17	(1) in section 1701(d)—
18	(A) by redesignating paragraphs (8)
19	through (10) as (9) through (11), respectively;
20	and
21	(B) by inserting after paragraph (7) the
22	following:
23	"(8) establish school-based partnerships be-
24	tween local law enforcement agencies and local
25	school systems by using school resource officers who

1	operate in and around elementary and secondary
2	schools to combat school-related crime and disorder
3	problems, gangs, and drug activities;"; and
4	(2) in section 1709, by adding at the end the
5	following: "'school resource officer' means a career
6	law enforcement officer, with sworn authority, de-
7	ployed in community-oriented policing, and assigned
8	by the employing police department or agency to
9	work in collaboration with schools and community-
10	based organizations—
11	"(1) to address crime and disorder problems
12	gangs, and drug activities affecting or occurring in
13	or around an elementary or secondary school;
14	"(2) to develop or expand crime prevention ef-
15	forts for students;
16	"(3) to educate likely school-age victims in
17	crime prevention and safety;
18	"(4) to develop or expand community justice
19	initiatives for students;
20	"(5) to train students in conflict resolution, re-
21	storative justice, and crime awareness;
22	"(6) to assist in the identification of physical
23	changes in the environment that may reduce crime
24	in or around the school; and

1	"(7) to assist in developing school policy that
2	addresses crime and to recommend procedura
3	changes.".
4	SEC. 1002. ESTABLISHMENT OF SCHOOL SECURITY TECH
5	NOLOGY CENTER.
6	(a) School Security Technology Center.—
7	(1) Establishment.—The Attorney General
8	the Secretary of Education, and the Secretary of
9	Energy shall enter into an agreement for the estab
10	lishment at the Sandia National Laboratories in
11	partnership with the National Law Enforcement and
12	Corrections Technology Center—Southeast of a cen
13	ter to be known as the "School Security Technology
14	Center". The School Security Technology Center
15	shall be administered by the Attorney General.
16	(2) Functions.—The School Security Tech
17	nology Center shall be a resource to local edu
18	cational agencies for school security assessments, se
19	curity technology development, technology availabil
20	ity and implementation, and technical assistance re
21	lating to improving school security.
22	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
23	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subsection

 $24 \ \$2,250,000$ for each of fiscal years $1999,\ 2000,\ and\ 2001.$

1 SEC. 1003. GRANTS FOR LOCAL SCHOOL SECURITY PRO-

- GRAMS.
- 3 Subpart 1 of part A of title IV of the Elementary
- 4 and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7111
- 5 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

6 "SEC. 4119. LOCAL SCHOOL SECURITY PROGRAMS.

- 7 "(a) In General.—From amounts appropriated
- 8 under subsection (c), the Secretary of Education shall
- 9 award grants on a competitive basis to local educational
- 10 agencies to enable the agencies to acquire security tech-
- 11 nology, or carry out activities related to improving security
- 12 at the middle and high schools served by the agencies, in-
- 13 cluding obtaining school security assessments, and tech-
- 14 nical assistance for the development of a comprehensive
- 15 school security plan from the School Security Technology
- 16 Center. The Secretary shall give priority to local edu-
- 17 cational agencies showing the highest security needs as re-
- 18 ported by the agency to the Secretary in application for
- 19 funding made available under this section.
- 20 "(b) APPLICABILITY.—The provisions of this part
- 21 shall not apply to this section.
- "(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 23 is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
- 24 \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1999, 2000, and
- 25 2001.".

1	SEC. 1004. SAFE AND SECURE SCHOOL ADVISORY REPORT.
2	The Attorney General, in consultation with the Sec-
3	retary of Education and the Secretary of Energy, or their
4	designees shall—
5	(1) develop a proposal to further improve school
6	security; and
7	(2) submit that proposal to Congress not later
8	than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.
9	Subtitle B—Federal Prosecution of
10	Serious and Violent Juvenile Of-
11	fenders
12	PART 1—REFORM OF FEDERAL JUVENILE
13	SYSTEM
14	SEC. 1210. DELINQUENCY PROCEEDINGS OR CRIMINAL
14 15	SEC. 1210. DELINQUENCY PROCEEDINGS OR CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS IN DISTRICT COURTS.
15	PROSECUTIONS IN DISTRICT COURTS.
15 16	PROSECUTIONS IN DISTRICT COURTS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 5032 of title 18, United
15 16 17	PROSECUTIONS IN DISTRICT COURTS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 5032 of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
15 16 17 18	PROSECUTIONS IN DISTRICT COURTS. (a) In General.—Section 5032 of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "\$ 5032. Delinquency proceedings or criminal pros-
15 16 17 18	PROSECUTIONS IN DISTRICT COURTS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 5032 of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "§ 5032. Delinquency proceedings or criminal prosecutions in district courts
115 116 117 118 119 220	PROSECUTIONS IN DISTRICT COURTS. (a) In General.—Section 5032 of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "§ 5032. Delinquency proceedings or criminal prosecutions in district courts "(a) JUVENILE DELINQUENCY PROCEEDINGS.—
115 116 117 118 119 220 221	PROSECUTIONS IN DISTRICT COURTS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 5032 of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "§ 5032. Delinquency proceedings or criminal prosecutions in district courts "(a) JUVENILE DELINQUENCY PROCEEDINGS.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—A juvenile alleged to have
115 116 117 118 119 220 221 222	PROSECUTIONS IN DISTRICT COURTS. (a) In General.—Section 5032 of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "§ 5032. Delinquency proceedings or criminal prosecutions in district courts "(a) Juvenile Delinquency Proceedings.— "(1) In General.—A juvenile alleged to have committed an offense against the United States or
115 116 117 118 119 220 221 222 223	PROSECUTIONS IN DISTRICT COURTS. (a) In General.—Section 5032 of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "\$5032. Delinquency proceedings or criminal prosecutions in district courts "(a) Juvenile Delinquency Proceedings.— "(1) In General.—A juvenile alleged to have committed an offense against the United States or an act of juvenile delinquency may be—

1	"(C) tried as an adult in the circumstances
2	described in subsections (b) and (c).
3	"(2) Surrender to state absent certifi-
4	CATION.—
5	"(A) In general.—A juvenile referred to
6	in paragraph (1) may be proceeded against as
7	a juvenile in a court of the United States under
8	this subsection—
9	"(i) for offenses committed within the
10	special maritime and territorial jurisdiction
11	of the United States for which the maxi-
12	mum authorized term of imprisonment
13	does not exceed 6 months; or
14	"(ii) if the Attorney General, after in-
15	vestigation, certifies to the appropriate
16	United States district court that—
17	"(I)(aa) the juvenile court or
18	other appropriate court of a State
19	does not have jurisdiction or declines
20	to assume jurisdiction over the juve-
21	nile with respect to such act of alleged
22	juvenile delinquency; or
23	"(bb) the offense charged is de-
24	scribed in subsection (b) (2) or (3) or
25	subsection (e); and

1	"(II) there is a substantial Fed-
2	eral interest in the case or the offense
3	to warrant the exercise of Federal ju-
4	risdiction.
5	"(B) Surrender to legal authori-
6	TIES.—If, where required, the Attorney General
7	does not so certify, such juvenile shall be sur-
8	rendered to the appropriate legal authorities of
9	such State.
10	"(3) Public proceedings; attendance by
11	VICTIMS.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If a juvenile alleged to
13	have committed an act of juvenile delinquency
14	is not surrendered to the authorities of a State
15	pursuant to this section, any proceedings
16	against the juvenile shall be in an appropriate
17	district court of the United States.
18	"(B) Convening of Court.—For the
19	purposes specified in subparagraph (A), the
20	court—
21	"(i) may be convened at any time and
22	place within the district; and
23	"(ii) shall be open to the public, ex-
24	cept that the court may exclude all or some

1	members of the public from the proceed-
2	ings if—
3	"(I) required by the interests of
4	justice; or
5	"(II) other good cause is shown.
6	"(C) COURT OPEN TO VICTIMS AND REL-
7	ATIVES.—Even if all or some of the members of
8	the public are excluded from the proceedings,
9	the proceedings shall be open to victims of the
10	alleged offense and their relatives and legal
11	guardians unless—
12	"(i) required by the interests of jus-
13	tice; or
14	"(ii) otherwise good cause is shown.
15	"(D) Procedural requirements.—The
16	Attorney General shall proceed by information
17	or as authorized by section 3401(g) of this title,
18	and no criminal prosecution shall be instituted
19	except as provided in this chapter.
20	"(b) Juveniles 16 Years and Older Pros-
21	ECUTED AS ADULTS.—A juvenile alleged to have commit-
22	ted an act on or after the day the juvenile attains the age
23	of 16 years may be prosecuted as an adult—
24	"(1) if the juvenile has requested in writing
25	upon advice of counsel to be prosecuted as an adult;

1	"(2) if the act committed by an adult would be
2	a serious violent felony or a serious drug offense as
3	described in section 3559(c) (2) and (3) or a con-
4	spiracy or attempt under section 406 of the Con-
5	trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 846) or under
6	section 1013 of the Controlled Substances Import
7	and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 963) to commit an of-
8	fense described in section 3559(c)(2); or
9	"(3) if the act the juvenile is alleged to have
10	committed is not described in paragraph (2), and if
11	committed by an adult would be—
12	"(A) a crime of violence (as defined in sec-
13	tion $3156(a)(4)$) that is a felony;
14	"(B) an offense described in section 844
15	(d), (k), or (l), or paragraph (a)(6) or sub-
16	section (b), (g), (h), (j), (k), or (l), of section
17	924;
18	"(C) a violation of section 922(o) that is
19	an offense under section 924(a)(2);
20	"(D) a violation of section 5861 of the In-
21	ternal Revenue Code of 1986 that is an offense
22	under section 5871 of the Internal Revenue
23	Code of 1986;

1	"(E) a conspiracy to commit an offense de-
2	scribed in any of subparagraphs (A) through
3	(D); or
4	"(F) an offense described in section 401 or
5	408 of the Controlled Substances Act (21
6	U.S.C. 841, 848) or a conspiracy or attempt to
7	commit that offense which is punishable under
8	section 406 of the Controlled Substances Act
9	(21 U.S.C. 846), an offense punishable under
10	section 409 or 419 of the Controlled Substances
11	Act (21 U.S.C. 849, 860), an offense described
12	in section 1002, 1003, 1005, or 1009 of the
13	Controlled Substances Import and Export Act
14	(21 U.S.C. 952, 953, 955, or 959) or a conspir-
15	acy or attempt to commit that offense which is
16	punishable under section 1013 of the Controlled
17	Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C.
18	963).
19	"(c) Juveniles Under 16 Years Prosecuted as
20	Adults.—
21	"(1) In general.—A juvenile, alleged to have
22	committed an act on or after the day on which the
23	juvenile has attained the age of 13 years but before
24	the juvenile has attained the age of 16 years, may
25	be prosecuted as an adult if the act, if committed by

an adult, would be an offense described in paragraph (2) or (3) of subsection (b), upon approval of the Attorney General or the designee of the Attorney General, who shall not be at a level lower than a Deputy Assistant Attorney General.

"(2) Limitation.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), approval shall not be granted under paragraph (1), with respect to a juvenile described in that paragraph who is subject to the criminal jurisdiction of an Indian tribal government and who is alleged to have committed an act over which, if committed by an adult, there would be Federal jurisdiction based solely on the commission of that act in Indian country (as defined in section 1151).

"(B) EXCEPTION.—Subparagraph (A) shall not apply if, before that alleged act was committed, the governing body of the Indian tribe having jurisdiction over the place in which the alleged act was committed notified the Attorney General in writing of its election that prosecution may take place under this subsection.

"(d) Limitations on Judicial Review.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in this subsection, a determination to approve or not to approve, or to institute or not to institute, a prosecution under subsection (b) or (c) shall not be reviewable in any court.
 - "(2) DETERMINATION BY COURT.—In any prosecution of a juvenile under subsection (b)(3) or (c)(1), upon motion of the defendant and after a hearing, the court in which criminal charges have been filed shall determine whether to issue an order to provide for the transfer of the defendant to juvenile status for the purposes of proceeding against the defendant under subsection (a).
 - "(3) TIME REQUIREMENTS.—A motion by a defendant under paragraph (2) shall not be considered unless that motion is filed not later than 20 days after the date on which the defendant—
 - "(A) initially appears through counsel; or
 - "(B) expressly waives the right to counsel and elects to proceed pro se.
 - "(4) Prohibition.—The court shall not order the transfer of a defendant to juvenile status under this paragraph unless the defendant establishes by clear and convincing evidence or information that removal to juvenile status would be in the interest of

1	justice. In making a determination under paragraph
2	(2), the court shall consider—
3	"(A) the nature of the alleged offense, in-
4	cluding the extent to which the juvenile played
5	a leadership role in an organization, or other-
6	wise influenced other persons to take part in
7	criminal activities, involving the use or distribu-
8	tion of controlled substances or firearms;
9	"(B) whether prosecution of the juvenile as
10	an adult is necessary to protect public safety;
11	"(C) the age and social background of the
12	juvenile;
13	"(D) the extent and nature of the prior de-
14	linquency record of the juvenile;
15	"(E) the intellectual development and psy-
16	chological maturity of the juvenile;
17	"(F) the nature of any treatment efforts
18	and the response of the juvenile to those efforts;
19	and
20	"(G) the availability of programs designed
21	to treat the behavioral problems of the juvenile.
22	"(5) Status of orders.—
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—An order of the court
24	made in ruling on a motion by a defendant to
25	transfer a defendant to juvenile status under

1	this subsection shall not be a final order for the
2	purpose of enabling an appeal, except that an
3	appeal by the United States shall lie to a court
4	of appeals pursuant to section 3731 from an
5	order of a district court removing a defendant
6	to juvenile status.
7	"(B) APPEALS.—Upon receipt of a notice
8	of appeal of an order under this paragraph, a
9	court of appeals shall hear and determine the
10	appeal on an expedited basis.
11	"(6) Inadmissibility of evidence.—
12	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
13	subparagraph (B), no statement made by a de-
14	fendant during or in connection with a hearing
15	under this subsection shall be admissible
16	against the defendant in any criminal prosecu-
17	tion.
18	"(B) Exceptions.—The prohibition under
19	subparagraph (A) shall not apply, except—
20	"(i) for impeachment purposes; or
21	"(ii) in a prosecution for perjury or
22	giving a false statement.
23	"(7) Rules.—The rules concerning the receipt
24	and admissibility of evidence shall be the same as
25	prescribed in subsection 3142(f) of this title.

- 1 "(e) Joinder; Lesser Included Offenses.—In a
- 2 prosecution under subsection (b) or (c) the juvenile may
- 3 be prosecuted and convicted as an adult for any other of-
- 4 fense which is properly joined under the Federal Rules of
- 5 Criminal Procedure, and may also be convicted of a lesser
- 6 included offense.".
- 7 SEC. 1211. APPLICABILITY OF STATUTORY MINIMUMS TO
- 8 JUVENILES 16 YEARS AND OLDER AND LIMI-
- 9 TATION AS TO YOUNGER JUVENILES.
- 10 Section 3553 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 11 amended by adding at the end the following:
- 12 "(g) Limitation on Applicability of Statutory
- 13 Minimums in Certain Prosecutions of Persons
- 14 UNDER THE AGE OF 16.—Notwithstanding any other pro-
- 15 vision of law, in the case of a juvenile alleged to have com-
- 16 mitted an act on or after the day on which the juvenile
- 17 has attained the age of 13 years but before the juvenile
- 18 has attained the age of 16 years, which if committed by
- 19 an adult would be an offense described in section 5032
- 20 (b)(3) or (e), the court shall impose a sentence pursuant
- 21 to guidelines promulgated by the United States Sentenc-
- 22 ing Commission under section 994 of title 28 without re-
- 23 gard to any statutory minimum sentence, if the court finds
- 24 at sentencing, after the Government has been afforded the
- 25 opportunity to make a recommendation, that the juvenile

- 1 has not been previously adjudicated delinquent for or con-
- 2 victed of an offense described in section 5032(b)(2).".
- 3 SEC. 1212. CONFORMING AMENDMENT TO DEFINITIONS
- 4 SECTION.
- 5 Section 5031 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 6 amended by adding at the end the following: "As used in
- 7 this chapter, the term 'State' includes a State of the
- 8 United States, the District of Columbia, any common-
- 9 wealth, territory, or possession of the United States and,
- 10 with regard to an act of juvenile delinquency that would
- 11 have been a misdemeanor if committed by an adult, a fed-
- 12 erally recognized Indian tribe.".
- 13 SEC. 1213. CUSTODY PRIOR TO APPEARANCE BEFORE JUDI-
- 14 CIAL OFFICER.
- 15 Section 5033 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 16 amended to read as follows:
- 17 "§ 5033. Custody prior to appearance before judicial
- 18 **officer**
- 19 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Whenever a juvenile is taken
- 20 into custody, the arresting officer shall immediately advise
- 21 such juvenile of the juvenile's rights, in language com-
- 22 prehensible to a juvenile. The arresting officer shall
- 23 promptly take reasonable steps to notify the juvenile's par-
- 24 ents, guardian, or custodian of such custody, of the rights
- 25 of the juvenile, and of the nature of the alleged offense.

1	"(b) Timely Action.—The juvenile shall be taken
2	before a judicial officer without unreasonable delay.".
3	SEC. 1214. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS
4	TO SECTION 5034.
5	Section 5034 of title 18, United States Code, is
6	amended—
7	(1) by striking "The" each place it appears at
8	the beginning of a paragraph and inserting "the";
9	(2) by striking "If" at the beginning of the 3rd
10	paragraph and inserting "if";
11	(3) by designating the 3 paragraphs as para-
12	graphs (1), (2), and (3), respectively; and
13	(4) by inserting at the beginning of such section
14	before those paragraphs the following: "In a pro-
15	ceeding under section 5032(a)—''.
16	SEC. 1215. SPEEDY TRIAL FOR DETAINED JUVENILES PEND-
17	ING DELINQUENCY PROCEEDINGS; RE-
18	INSTITUTING DISMISSED CASES.
19	Section 5036 of title 18, United States Code, is
20	amended by—
21	(1) striking "If an alleged delinquent" and in-
22	serting "If a juvenile proceeded against under sec-
23	tion 5032(a)";
24	(2) striking "thirty" and inserting "45"; and

1 (3) striking "the court," and all that follows 2 through the end of the section and inserting "the 3 court. In determining whether an information should be dismissed with or without prejudice, the court 5 shall consider the seriousness of the offense, the 6 facts and circumstances of the case that led to the 7 dismissal, and the impact of a reprosecution on the administration of justice. The periods of exclusion 8 9 under section 3161(h) of this title shall apply to this 10 section.".

11 SEC. 1216. DISPOSITION; AVAILABILITY OF INCREASED DE-

- 12 TENTION, FINES, AND SUPERVISED RELEASE
- 13 FOR JUVENILE OFFENDERS.
- Section 5037 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 15 amended to read as follows:

16 **"§ 5037. Disposition**

- 17 "(a) IN GENERAL.—
- 18 "(1) Hearing.—In a proceeding under section
- 19 5032(a), if the court finds a juvenile to be a juvenile
- delinquent, the court shall hold a hearing concerning
- 21 the appropriate disposition of the juvenile not later
- than 40 court days after the finding of juvenile de-
- 23 linquency, unless the court has ordered further study
- pursuant to subsection (e).

- "(2) Report.—A predisposition report shall be prepared by the probation officer who shall promptly provide a copy to the juvenile, the juvenile's counsel, and the attorney for the Government.
 - "(3) VICTIM IMPACT INFORMATION.—Victim impact information shall be included in the report, and victims, or in appropriate cases, their official representatives, shall be provided the opportunity to make a statement to the court in person or present any information in relation to the disposition.
 - "(4) ORDER OF RESTITUTION.—After the dispositional hearing, and after considering any pertinent policy statements promulgated by the Sentencing Commission pursuant to section 994 of title 28, the court shall enter an order of restitution pursuant to section 3556 of this title, and place the juvenile on probation, commit the juvenile to official detention (including the possibility of a term of supervised release), and impose any fine that would be authorized if the juvenile had been tried and convicted as an adult.
 - "(5) Release or detention pending an appeal or a petition for a writ of certiorari after disposition, the

1	court shall proceed pursuant to the provisions of
2	chapter 207.
3	"(b) TERM OF PROBATION.—The term for which pro-
4	bation may be ordered for a juvenile found to be a juvenile
5	delinquent may not extend beyond the maximum term that
6	would be authorized by section 3561(c) if the juvenile had
7	been tried and convicted as an adult. Sections 3563, 3564,
8	and 3565 are applicable to an order placing a juvenile on
9	probation.
10	"(c) TERM OF OFFICIAL DETENTION.—
11	"(1) MAXIMUM TERM.—The term for which of-
12	ficial detention (other than supervised release) may
13	be ordered for a juvenile found to be a juvenile de-
14	linquent may not extend beyond the lesser of—
15	"(A) the maximum term of imprisonment
16	that would be authorized if the juvenile had
17	been tried and convicted as an adult;
18	"(B) 10 years; or
19	"(C) the date on which the juvenile attains
20	the age of 26 years.
21	"(2) Applicability of other provisions.—
22	Section 3624 of this title shall apply to an order
23	placing a juvenile in detention.
24	"(d) TERM OF SUPERVISED RELEASE.—The term for
25	which supervised release may be ordered for a juvenile

- 1 found to be a juvenile delinquent may not extend beyond
- 2 5 years. Subsections (c) through (i) of section 3583 shall
- 3 apply to an order placing a juvenile on supervised release.
- 4 "(e) Custody of the Attorney General.—
 - "(1) In General.—If the court desires more detailed information concerning a juvenile alleged to have committed an act of juvenile delinquency or a juvenile adjudicated delinquent, the court may commit the juvenile, after notice and hearing at which the juvenile is represented by counsel, to the custody of the Attorney General for observation and study by an appropriate agency or entity.
 - "(2) Outpatient basis.—Any observation and study pursuant to a commission under paragraph (1) shall be conducted on an outpatient basis, unless the court determines that inpatient observation and study are necessary to obtain the desired information, except in the case of an alleged juvenile delinquent, inpatient study may be ordered only with the consent of the juvenile and the juvenile's attorney.
 - "(3) Contents of Study.—The agency or entity conducting an observation or study under this subsection shall make a complete study of the alleged or adjudicated delinquent to ascertain the juvenile's personal traits, capabilities, background,

previous delinquency or criminal experience, mental or physical defect, and any other relevant factors pertaining to the juvenile.

- "(4) Submission of Results.—The Attorney General shall submit to the court and the attorneys for the juvenile and the Government the results of the study not later than 30 days after the commitment of the juvenile, unless the court grants additional time. If the juvenile has not been committed for the study, the probation office shall obtain the report under sections 3154 and 3672 and submit the results of the study in like manner and within the same time period.
- 14 "(5) EXCLUSION OF TIME.—Time spent in cus-15 tody under this subsection shall be excluded for pur-16 poses of section 5036.
- 17 "(f) Conviction as Adult of Juveniles 13, 14,
- 18 AND 15 YEARS OLD.—With respect to any juvenile pros-
- 19 ecuted and convicted as an adult under section 5032(c),
- 20 the court may, pursuant to guidelines promulgated by the
- 21 United States Sentencing Commission under section 994
- 22 of title 28, determine to treat the conviction as an adju-
- 23 dication of delinquency and impose any disposition author-
- 24 ized under this section. The United States Sentencing
- 25 Commission shall promulgate such guidelines as soon as

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1	practicable and not later than 1 year after the date of
2	enactment of the Safe Schools, Safe Streets, and Secure
3	Borders Act of 1998.".
4	SEC. 1217. ACCESS TO JUVENILE RECORDS.
5	Section 5038 of title 18, United States Code, is
6	amended—
7	(1) in subsection (a)—
8	(A) by striking the matter preceding the
9	colon and inserting the following: "Throughout
10	and upon completion of the juvenile delinquency
11	proceeding, the court records of the original
12	proceeding shall be safeguarded from disclosure
13	to unauthorized persons. The records shall be
14	released to the extent necessary to meet the fol-
15	lowing circumstances"; and
16	(B) by striking paragraph (6) and insert-
17	ing the following:
18	"(6) inquiries from any victim of such juvenile
19	delinquency, or in appropriate cases with the official
20	representative of the victim, or, if the victim is de-
21	ceased, from the immediate family of such victim in
22	order to—
23	"(A) apprise such victim or representative
24	of the status or disposition of the proceeding;

1	"(B) effectuate any other provision of law;
2	or
3	"(C) assist in a victim's or the victim's of-
4	ficial representative's, allocution at disposi-
5	tion;";
6	(2) by striking subsections (d) and (f) and re-
7	designating subsection (e) as subsection (d); and
8	(3) by adding at the end the following:
9	"(e) Records and Information.—
10	"(1) Juvenile delinquency records.—If a
11	juvenile has been adjudicated delinquent for an act
12	that, if committed by an adult, would be a felony or
13	for a violation of section 922(x)—
14	"(A) the juvenile shall be fingerprinted and
15	photographed, and the fingerprints and photo-
16	graph shall be sent to the Federal Bureau of
17	Investigation;
18	"(B) the court shall transmit to the Fed-
19	eral Bureau of Investigation the information
20	concerning the adjudication, including the
21	name, date of adjudication, court, offenses, and
22	sentence of the juvenile, along with the notation
23	that the matter was a juvenile adjudication; and
24	"(C) access to the fingerprints, photo-
25	graph, and other records and information relat-

1	ing to a juvenile described in this subsection,
2	shall be restricted as prescribed by subsection
3	(a).
4	"(2) JUVENILES TRIED AS ADULTS.—Finger-
5	prints and photographs of a juvenile who is pros-
6	ecuted as an adult shall be made available in the
7	manner applicable to adult defendants.
8	"(f) Additional Authorization.—In addition to
9	any other authorization under this section for the report-
10	ing, retention, disclosure, or availability of records or in-
11	formation, if the law of the State in which a Federal juve-
12	nile delinquency proceeding takes place permits or re-
13	quires the reporting, retention, disclosure, or availability
14	of records or information relating to a juvenile or to a
15	juvenile delinquency proceeding or adjudication in certain
16	circumstances, then such reporting, retention, disclosure,
17	or availability is permitted under this section in any case
18	in which the same circumstances exist.".
19	SEC. 1218. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS OF SECTION 5034.
20	Section 5034 of title 18, United States Code, as
21	amended by section 1214, is amended by—
22	(1) striking "his" each place it appears and in-
23	serting "the juvenile's"; and
24	(2) striking "magistrate" each place it appears
25	and inserting "judicial officer".

1 SEC. 1219. DEFINITIONS.

2	Section 5031 of title 18, United States Code, is
3	amended to read as follows:
4	"§ 5031. Definitions
5	"In this chapter:
6	"(1) Adult jail or correctional facil-
7	ITY.—The term 'adult jail or correctional facility'
8	means a locked facility that is used by a State, unit
9	of local government, or any law enforcement author-
10	ity to detain or confine adults—
11	"(A) pending the filing of a charge of vio-
12	lating a criminal law;
13	"(B) awaiting trial on a criminal charge;
14	or
15	"(C) convicted of violating a criminal law.
16	"(2) Community-based facility, program,
17	OR SERVICE.—The term 'community-based facility,
18	program, or service' means, with respect to a juve-
19	nile, a small, open group home or other suitable
20	place located near the juvenile's home or family and
21	programs of community supervision and service that
22	maintain community and consumer participation in
23	the planning operation, and evaluation of those pro-
24	grams (which may include medical, educational, vo-
25	cational, social and psychological guidance, training,

1	special education, counseling, alcoholism treatment,
2	drug treatment, and other rehabilitative services).
3	"(3) Indian tribe.—The term 'Indian tribe'
4	means an Indian or Alaskan native tribe, band, na-
5	tion, pueblo, village, or community that the Sec-
6	retary of the Interior acknowledges to exist as an In-
7	dian tribe pursuant to section 104 of the Federally
8	Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994 (25
9	U.S.C. 479a–1).
10	"(4) Indian tribal government.—The term
11	'Indian tribal government' means the legally recog-
12	nized leadership of an Indian tribe, band, nation,
13	pueblo, village, or community.
14	"(5) JUVENILE.—The term 'juvenile' means—
15	"(A) a person who has not attained his or
16	her 18th birthday; or
17	"(B) for the purpose of proceedings and
18	disposition under this chapter for an alleged act
19	of juvenile delinquency, a person who has not
20	attained his or her 21st birthday.
21	"(6) JUVENILE DELINQUENCY.—The term 'ju-
22	venile delinquency' means the violation of a law of
23	11 TT '1 1 Ot 1 '11 1 1 '11 1 1 '11 1 1 1 '11 1 1 1
	the United States committed by a person prior to

1	"(A) would have been a crime if committed
2	by an adult; or
3	"(B) is a violation of section 922(x).
4	"(7) Prohibited Physical Contact.—
5	"(A) In general.—The term 'prohibited
6	physical contact' means—
7	"(i) any physical contact between a
8	juvenile and an adult inmate; and
9	"(ii) proximity that provides an op-
10	portunity for physical contact between a
11	juvenile and an adult inmate.
12	"(B) Exclusion.—The term does not in-
13	clude supervised proximity between a juvenile
14	and an adult inmate that is brief and incidental
15	or accidental.
16	"(8) Sustained oral communication.—
17	"(A) In General.—The term 'sustained
18	oral communication' means the imparting or
19	interchange of speech by or between an adult
20	inmate and a juvenile.
21	"(B) Exception.—The term does not in-
22	clude—
23	"(i) communication that is accidental
24	or incidental; or

1	"(ii) sounds or noises that cannot rea-
2	sonably be considered to be speech.
3	"(9) State.—The term 'State' includes a State
4	of the United States, the District of Columbia, any
5	commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United
6	States and, with regard to an act of juvenile delin-
7	quency that would have been a misdemeanor if com-
8	mitted by an adult, an Indian tribe (as that term is
9	defined in section 4(e) of the Indian Self-Determina-
10	tion and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C.
11	4506(e))).
12	"(10) VIOLENT JUVENILE.—The term 'violent
13	juvenile' means any juvenile who is alleged to have
14	committed, has been adjudicated delinquent for, or
15	has been convicted of an offense that, if committed
16	by an adult, would be a crime of violence (as that
17	term is defined in section 16).".
18	PART 2—INCARCERATION OF JUVENILES IN THE
19	FEDERAL SYSTEM
20	SEC. 1220. DETENTION OF JUVENILES PRIOR TO DISPOSI-
21	TION OR SENTENCING.
22	Section 5035 of title 18, United States Code, is
23	amended to read as follows:
24	"§ 5035. Detention prior to disposition or sentencing
25	"(a) In General.—

- 1 "(1)JUVENILES 16 YEARS OFAGE OR2 OLDER.—(A) A juvenile 16 years of age or older 3 prosecuted pursuant to paragraph (2) or (3) of sec-4 tion 5032(b), if detained at any time prior to sen-5 tencing, shall be detained in a suitable juvenile facil-6 ity as the Attorney General may designate. Pref-7 erence shall be given to a place located within, or 8 within a reasonable distance of, the district in which 9 the juvenile is being prosecuted. 10
 - "(B)(i) A juvenile 16 years of age or older prosecuted pursuant to section 5032(a), if detained at any time prior to sentencing, shall be detained in a suitable juvenile facility located within, or within a reasonable distance of, the district in which the juvenile is being prosecuted.
 - "(ii) If a facility described in subparagraph (B)(i) is not available, such a juvenile may be detained in any other suitable juvenile facility that the Attorney General may designate. To the extent practicable, violent juveniles shall be kept separate from nonviolent juveniles.
- 22 "(2) JUVENILES LESS THAN 16 YEARS OF 23 AGE.—
- 24 "(A) IN GENERAL.—A juvenile less than 25 16 years of age prosecuted pursuant to this sec-

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tion, if detained at any time prior to sentencing, shall be detained in a suitable juvenile facility located within, or within a reasonable distance of, the district in which the juvenile is being prosecuted.

- "(B) UNAVAILABILITY OF CERTAIN FACILI-TIES.—If a facility described in subparagraph (A) is not available, such a juvenile may be detained in any other suitable juvenile facility that the Attorney General may designate. To the extent practicable, violent juveniles shall be kept separate from nonviolent juveniles.
- "(b) Prohibition.—A juvenile less than 16 years of age prosecuted pursuant to this section shall not be detained prior to disposition or sentencing in any facility in which the juvenile has prohibited physical contact or sustained oral communication with adult persons convicted of a crime or awaiting trial on criminal charges.
- "(c) Provision of Safety, Security, and Other Amenities.—Every juvenile who is detained prior to disposition or sentencing shall be provided with reasonable safety and security and with adequate food, heat, light, sanitary facilities, bedding, clothing, recreation, education, and medical care, including necessary psychiatric, psychological, or other care and treatment."

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SEC. 1221. RULES GOVERNING THE COMMITMENT OF JUVE-

- 2 NILES.
- 3 Section 5039 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 4 amended to read as follows:

5 "§ **5039.** Commitment

- 6 "(a) IN GENERAL.—
- 7 "(1) Prohibition.—The Attorney General 8 shall not cause any person less than 18 years of age 9 adjudicated delinquent under section 5032(a), or 10 any person less than 16 years of age convicted of an 11 offense to be placed or retained in an adult jail or 12 correctional facility in which the person has prohib-13 ited physical contact or sustained oral communica-14 tion with adults incarcerated because they have been 15 convicted of a crime or are awaiting trial on criminal 16 charges.
 - "(2) Facilities Near Home.—Whenever possible, the Attorney General shall commit a juvenile described in paragraph (1) to a foster home or community-based facility located in or near the home community of that juvenile. To the extent practicable, violent juveniles shall be kept separate from nonviolent juveniles.
- "(b) Provision of Amenities.—Each juvenile who has been committed under subsection (a) shall be provided with reasonable safety and security and with adequate

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1	food, heat, light, sanitary facilities, bedding, clothing,
2	recreation, counseling, education, training, and medical
3	care including necessary psychiatric, psychological, or
4	other care and treatment.".
5	Subtitle C—Assistance to States for
6	Prosecuting and Punishing Ju-
7	venile Offenders, and Reducing
8	Juvenile Crime
9	SEC. 1300. JUVENILE AND VIOLENT OFFENDER INCARCER-
10	ATION GRANTS.
11	(a) Grants for Violent and Chronic Juvenile
12	Facilities.—
13	(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
14	(A) COLOCATED FACILITY.—The term "co-
15	located facility" means the location of adult and
16	juvenile facilities on the same property in a
17	manner consistent with regulations issued by
18	the Attorney General to ensure that adults and
19	juveniles are substantially segregated.
20	(B) Substantially segregated.—The
21	term "substantially segregated" means—
22	(i) complete sight and sound separa-
23	tion in residential confinement;
24	(ii) use of shared direct care and
25	management staff, properly trained and

1	certified by the State to interact with juve-
2	nile offenders, if the staff does not interact
3	with adult and juvenile offenders during
4	the same shift; and
5	(iii) incidental contact during trans-
6	portation to court proceedings and other
7	activities in accordance with regulations
8	issued by the Attorney General to ensure
9	reasonable efforts are made to segregate
10	adults and juveniles.
11	(C) VIOLENT JUVENILE OFFENDER.—The
12	term "violent juvenile offender" means a person
13	under the age of majority pursuant to State law
14	that has been adjudicated delinquent or con-
15	victed in adult court of a violent felony as de-
16	fined in section 924(e)(2)(B) of title 18, United
17	States Code.
18	(D) QUALIFYING STATE.—The term
19	"qualifying State" means a State that has sub-
20	mitted, or a State in which an eligible unit of
21	local government has submitted, a grant appli-
22	cation that meets the requirements of para-
23	graphs (3) and (5).

(2) Authority.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General
2	may make grants in accordance with this sub-
3	section to States, units of local government, or
4	any combination thereof, to assist them in plan-
5	ning, establishing, and operating secure facili-
6	ties, staff-secure facilities, detention centers,
7	and other correctional programs for violent ju-
8	venile offenders.
9	(B) Use of amounts.—Grants under this
10	subsection may be used—
11	(i) for colocated facilities for adult
12	prisoners and violent juvenile offenders;
13	and
14	(ii) only for the construction or oper-
15	ation of facilities in which violent juvenile
16	offenders are substantially segregated from
17	nonviolent juvenile offenders.
18	(3) Applications.—
19	(A) In general.—The chief executive of-
20	ficer of a State or unit of local government that
21	seeks to receive a grant under this subsection
22	shall submit to the Attorney General an appli-
23	cation, in such form and in such manner as the

Attorney General may prescribe.

1	(B) Contents.—Each application submit-
2	ted under subparagraph (A) shall provide writ-
3	ten assurances that each facility or program
4	funded with a grant under this subsection—
5	(i) will provide appropriate edu-
6	cational and vocational training, a program
7	of substance abuse testing, and substance
8	abuse treatment for appropriate juvenile
9	offenders; and
10	(ii) will afford juvenile offenders in-
11	tensive post-release supervision and serv-
12	ices.
13	(4) Minimum amount.—
14	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
15	subparagraph (B), each qualifying State, to-
16	gether with units of local government within the
17	State, shall be allocated for each fiscal year not
18	less than 1.0 percent of the total amount made
19	available in each fiscal year for grants under
20	this subsection.
21	(B) Exception.—The United States Vir-
22	gin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, and the
23	Northern Mariana Islands shall each be allo-
24	cated 0.2 percent of the total amount made

1	available in each fiscal year for grants under
2	this subsection.
3	(5) Performance evaluation.—
4	(A) Evaluation components.—
5	(i) In general.—Each facility or
6	program funded under this subsection shall
7	contain an evaluation component developed
8	pursuant to guidelines established by the
9	Attorney General.
10	(ii) Outcome measures.—The eval-
11	uations required by this subsection shall
12	include outcome measures that can be used
13	to determine the effectiveness of the fund-
14	ed programs, including the effectiveness of
15	such programs in comparison with other
16	correctional programs or dispositions in re-
17	ducing the incidence of recidivism, and
18	other outcome measures.
19	(B) Periodic review and reports.—
20	(i) Review.—The Attorney General
21	shall review the performance of each grant
22	recipient under this subsection.
23	(ii) Reports.—The Attorney General
24	may require a grant recipient to submit to
25	the Office of Justice Programs, Correc-

tions Programs Office the results of the
evaluations required under subparagraph

(A) and such other data and information
as are reasonably necessary to carry out
the responsibilities of the Attorney General
under this subsection.

(6) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND TRAINING.—
The Attorney General shall provide technical assistance and training to grant recipients under this subsection to achieve the purposes of this subsection.

(b) JUVENILE FACILITIES ON TRIBAL LANDS.—

- (1) Reservation of Funds.—Of amounts made available to carry out section 214 of this Act under section 20108(a)(2)(A) of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13708(a)(2)(A)), the Attorney General shall reserve, to carry out this subsection, 0.75 percent for each of fiscal years 1999 through 2002.
- (2) Grants to Indian tribes.—Of amounts reserved under paragraph (1), the Attorney General may make grants to Indian tribes or to regional groups of Indian tribes for the purpose of constructing secure facilities, staff-secure facilities, detention centers, and other correctional programs for incar-

- ceration of juvenile offenders subject to tribal jurisdiction.
- 3 (3) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible to receive a
 4 grant under this section, an Indian tribe shall sub5 mit to the Attorney General an application in such
 6 form and containing such information as the Attor7 ney General may by regulation require.
- 8 (4) REGIONAL GROUPS.—Individual Indian 9 tribes from a geographic region may apply for 10 grants under paragraph (2) jointly for the purpose 11 of building regional facilities.
- 12 (c) Report on Accountability and Perform-13 ance Measures in Juvenile Corrections Pro-14 grams.—
- 15 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months 16 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney 17 General shall, after consultation with the National 18 Institute of Justice and other appropriate govern-19 mental and nongovernmental organizations, submit 20 to Congress a report regarding the possible use of 21 performance-based criteria in evaluating and improv-22 ing the effectiveness of juvenile corrections facilities 23 and programs.
- 24 (2) CONTENTS.—The report required under 25 this subsection shall include an analysis of—

- 1 (A) the range of performance-based meas2 ures that might be utilized as evaluation cri3 teria, including measures of recidivism among
 4 juveniles who have been incarcerated in facili5 ties or have participated in correctional pro6 grams;
 - (B) the feasibility of linking Federal juvenile corrections funding to the satisfaction of performance-based criteria by grantees (including the use of a Federal matching mechanism under which the share of Federal funding would vary in relation to the performance of a program or facility);
 - (C) whether, and to what extent, the data necessary for the Attorney General to utilize performance-based criteria in the Attorney General's administration of juvenile corrections programs are collected and reported nationally; and
 - (D) the estimated cost and feasibility of establishing minimal, uniform data collection and reporting standards nationwide that would allow for the use of performance-based criteria in evaluating juvenile corrections programs and

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1	facilities and administering Federal juvenile
2	corrections funds.
3	SEC. 1301. CERTAIN PUNISHMENT AND GRADUATED SANC
4	TIONS FOR YOUTH OFFENDERS.
5	(a) Findings and Purposes.—
6	(1) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
7	(A) youth violence constitutes a growing
8	threat to the national welfare requiring imme-
9	diate and comprehensive action by the Federa
10	Government to reduce and prevent youth vio-
11	lence;
12	(B) the behavior of youth who become vio-
13	lent offenders often follow a progression, begin-
14	ning with aggressive behavior in school, tru-
15	ancy, and vandalism, leading to property crimes
16	and then serious violent offenses;
17	(C) the juvenile justice systems in most
18	States are ill-equipped to provide meaningful
19	sanctions to minor, nonviolent offenders be-
20	cause most of their resources are dedicated to
21	dealing with more serious offenders;
22	(D) in most States, some youth commit
23	multiple, nonviolent offenses without facing any
24	significant criminal sanction;

1	(E) the failure to provide meaningful
2	criminal sanctions for first time, nonviolent of
3	fenders sends the false message to youth that
4	they can engage in antisocial behavior without
5	suffering any negative consequences and that
6	society is unwilling or unable to restrain that
7	behavior;
8	(F) studies demonstrate that interventions
9	during the early stages of a criminal career car
10	halt the progression to more serious, violent be-
11	havior; and
12	(G) juvenile courts need access to a range
13	of sentencing options so that at least some level
14	of sanction is imposed on all youth offenders
15	including status offenders, and the severity of
16	the sanctions increase along with the serious-
17	ness of the offense.
18	(2) Purposes.—The purposes of this section
19	are to provide—
20	(A) assistance to State and local juvenile
21	courts to expand the range of sentencing op-
22	tions for first time, nonviolent offenders; and
23	(B) a selection of graduated sanctions for
24	more serious offenses.
25	(b) Definitions.—In this section:

- 1 (1) FIRST TIME OFFENDER.—The term "first 2 time offender" means a juvenile against whom for-3 mal charges have not previously been filed in any 4 Federal or State judicial proceeding.
 - (2) NONVIOLENT OFFENDER.—The term "non-violent offender" means a juvenile who is charged with an offense that does not involve the use of force against the person of another.
 - (3) STATUS OFFENDER.—The term "status offender" means a juvenile who is charged with an offense that would not be criminal if committed by an adult (other than an offense that constitutes a violation of a valid court order or a violation of section 922(x) of title 18, United States Code (or similar State law)).
- 16 (c) Grant Authorization.—The Attorney General
 17 may make grants in accordance with this section to States,
 18 State courts, local courts, units of local government, and
 19 Indian tribes, for the purposes of—
- 20 (1) providing juvenile courts with a range of 21 sentencing options such that first time juvenile of-22 fenders, including status offenders such as truants, 23 vandals, and juveniles in violation of State or local 24 curfew laws, face at least some level of punishment

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1	as a result of their initial contact with the juvenile
2	justice system; and
3	(2) increasing the sentencing options available
4	to juvenile court judges so that juvenile offenders re-
5	ceive increasingly severe sanctions—
6	(A) as the seriousness of their unlawful
7	conduct increases; and
8	(B) for each additional offense.
9	(d) Applications.—
10	(1) Eligibility.—In order to be eligible to re-
11	ceive a grant under this section, the chief executive
12	of a State, unit of local government, or Indian tribe,
13	or the chief judge of a local court, shall submit an
14	application to the Attorney General in such form
15	and containing such information as the Attorney
16	General may reasonably require.
17	(2) Requirements.—Each application submit-
18	ted in accordance with paragraph (1) shall include—
19	(A) a request for a grant to be used for
20	the purposes described in this section;
21	(B) a description of the communities to be
22	served by the grant, including the extent of
23	youth crime and violence in those communities;
24	(C) written assurances that Federal funds
25	received under this subtitle will be used to sup-

1	plement, not supplant, non-Federal funds that
2	would otherwise be available for activities fund-
3	ed under this subsection;
4	(D) a comprehensive plan described in
5	paragraph (3) (in this section referred to as the
6	"comprehensive plan"); and
7	(E) any additional information in such
8	form and containing such information as the
9	Attorney General may reasonably require.
10	(3) Implementation plan.—For purposes of
11	paragraph (2), a comprehensive plan shall include—
12	(A) an action plan outlining the manner in
13	which the applicant will achieve the purposes
14	described in subsection $(c)(1)$;
15	(B) a description of any resources available
16	in the jurisdiction of the applicant to implement
17	the action plan described in subparagraph (A);
18	(C) an estimate of the costs of full imple-
19	mentation of the plan; and
20	(D) a plan for evaluating the impact of the
21	grant on the jurisdiction's juvenile justice sys-
22	tem.
23	(e) Grant Awards.—

1	(1) Considerations.—In awarding grants
2	under this section, the Attorney General shall con-
3	sider—
4	(A) the ability of the applicant to provide
5	the stated services;
6	(B) the level of youth crime, violence, and
7	drug use in the community; and
8	(C) to the extent practicable, achievement
9	of an equitable geographic distribution of the
10	grant awards.
11	(2) Allocations.—
12	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General
13	shall allot not less than 0.75 percent of the
14	total amount made available to carry out this
15	section in each fiscal year to applicants in each
16	State from which applicants have applied for
17	grants under this section.
18	(B) Indian Tribes.—The Attorney Gen-
19	eral shall allocate not less than 0.75 percent of
20	the total amount made available to carry out
21	this section in each fiscal year to Indian tribes.
22	(f) Use of Grant Amounts.—
23	(1) In general.—Each grant made under this
24	section shall be used to establish programs that—

1	(A) expand the number of judges, prosecu-
2	tors, and public defenders for the purpose of
3	imposing sanctions on first time juvenile offend-
4	ers and status offenders and for establishing re-
5	storative justice boards involving members of
6	the community;
7	(B) provide expanded sentencing options,
8	such as restitution, community service, drug
9	testing and treatment, mandatory job training,
10	curfews, house arrest, mandatory work projects,
11	and boot camps, for status offenders and non-
12	violent offenders;
13	(C) increase staffing for probation officers
14	to supervise status offenders and nonviolent of-
15	fenders to ensure that sanctions are enforced;
16	(D) provide aftercare and supervision for
17	status and nonviolent offenders, such as drug
18	education and drug treatment, vocational train-
19	ing, job placement, and family counseling;
20	(E) encourage private sector employees to
21	provide training and work opportunities for sta-
22	tus offenders and nonviolent offenders; and
23	(F) provide services and interventions for
24	status and nonviolent offenders designed, in

1	tandem with criminal sanctions, to reduce the
2	likelihood of further criminal behavior.
3	(2) Prohibition on use of amounts.—
4	(A) Definitions.—In this paragraph:
5	(i) ALIEN.—The term "alien" has the
6	same meaning as in section 101(a) of the
7	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
8	1101(a)).
9	(ii) Secure detention facility;
10	SECURE CORRECTIONAL FACILITY.—The
11	terms "secure detention facility" and "se-
12	cure correctional facility" have the same
13	meanings as in section 103 of the Juvenile
14	Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of
15	1974 (42 U.S.C. 5603).
16	(B) Prohibition.—No amounts made
17	available under this subtitle may be used for
18	any program that permits the placement of sta-
19	tus offenders, alien juveniles in custody, or non-
20	offender juveniles (such as dependent or ne-
21	glected children) in secure detention facilities or
22	secure correctional facilities.
23	(g) Grant Limitations.—Not more than 3 percent
24	of the amounts made available to the Attorney General

1 or a grant recipient under this section may be used for2 administrative purposes.

(h) Federal Share.—

- 4 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraphs (2)
 5 and (3), the Federal share of a grant made under
 6 this section may not exceed 90 percent of the total
 7 estimated costs of the program described in the com8 prehensive plan submitted under subsection (d)(3)
 9 for the fiscal year for which the program receives as10 sistance under this section.
 - (2) WAIVER.—The Attorney General may waive, in whole or in part, the requirements of paragraph (1).
 - (3) IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS.—For purposes of paragraph (1), in-kind contributions may constitute any portion of the non-Federal share of a grant under this section.

(i) Report and Evaluation.—

(1) Report to the attorney general.—
Not later than October 1, 1999, and October 1 of each year thereafter, each grant recipient under this section shall submit to the Attorney General a report that describes, for the year to which the report relates, any progress achieved in carrying out the comprehensive plan of the grant recipient.

- 1 (2) Evaluation and report to congress.— 2 Not later than March 1, 2000, and March 1 of each 3 year thereafter, the Attorney General shall submit to Congress an evaluation and report that contains a 5 detailed statement regarding grant awards, activities 6 of grant recipients, a compilation of statistical infor-7 mation submitted by grant recipients under this sec-8 tion, and an evaluation of programs established by 9 grant recipients under this section.
 - (3) Criteria.—In assessing the effectiveness of the programs established and operated by grant recipients pursuant to this section, the Attorney General shall consider—
 - (A) a comparison between the number of first time offenders who received a sanction for criminal behavior in the jurisdiction of the grant recipient before and after initiation of the program;
 - (B) changes in the recidivism rate for first time offenders in the jurisdiction of the grant recipient;
 - (C) a comparison of the recidivism rates and the seriousness of future offenses of first time offenders in the jurisdiction of the grant

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1	recipient that receive a sanction and those who
2	do not;
3	(D) changes in truancy rates of the public
4	schools in the jurisdiction of the grant recipient;
5	and
6	(E) changes in the arrest rates for vandal-
7	ism and other property crimes in the jurisdic-
8	tion of the grant recipient.
9	(4) Documents and information.—Each
10	grant recipient under this section shall provide the
11	Attorney General with all documents and informa-
12	tion that the Attorney General determines to be nec-
13	essary to conduct an evaluation of the effectiveness
14	of programs funded under this section.
15	(j) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
16	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
17	from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund—
18	(1) such sums as may be necessary for each of
19	the fiscal years 1999 and 2000; and
20	(2) \$175,000,000 for each of the fiscal years
21	2001 and 2002.

1	SEC. 1302. PILOT PROGRAM TO PROMOTE REPLICATION OF
2	RECENT SUCCESSFUL JUVENILE CRIME RE-
3	DUCTION STRATEGIES.
4	(a) Pilot Program To Promote Replication of
5	RECENT SUCCESSFUL JUVENILE CRIME REDUCTION
6	Strategies.—
7	(1) Establishment.—The Attorney General
8	(or a designee of the Attorney General), in conjunc-
9	tion with the Secretary of the Treasury (or the des-
10	ignee of the Secretary), shall establish a pilot pro-
11	gram (in this section referred to as the "program")
12	to encourage and support communities who adopt a
13	comprehensive approach to suppressing and prevent-
14	ing violent juvenile crime patterned after successful
15	State juvenile crime reduction strategies.
16	(2) Program.—In carrying out the program,
17	the Attorney General shall—
18	(A) make and track grants to grant recipi-
19	ents (in this section referred to as "coalitions");
20	(B) in conjunction with the Secretary of
21	the Treasury, provide for technical assistance
22	and training, data collection, and dissemination
23	of relevant information; and
24	(C) provide for the general administration
25	of the program.

1	(3) Administration.—Not later than 30 days
2	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney
3	General shall appoint an Administrator (in this sec-
4	tion referred to as the "Administrator") to carry out
5	the program.
6	(4) Program Authorization.—To be eligible
7	to receive an initial grant or a renewal grant under
8	this section, a coalition shall meet each of the follow-
9	ing criteria:
10	(A) Composition.—The coalition shall
11	consist of 1 or more representatives of—
12	(i) the local police department or sher-
13	iff's department;
14	(ii) the local prosecutors' office;
15	(iii) the United States Attorney's of-
16	fice;
17	(iv) the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
18	tion;
19	(v) the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco
20	and Firearms;
21	(vi) State or local probation officers;
22	(vii) religious affiliated or fraternal
23	organizations involved in crime prevention;
24	(viii) schools;

1	(ix) parents or local grass roots orga-
2	nizations such as neighborhood watch
3	groups; and
4	(x) social service agencies involved in
5	crime prevention.
6	(B) OTHER PARTICIPANTS.—If possible, in
7	addition to the representatives from the cat-
8	egories listed in subparagraph (A), the coalition
9	shall include—
10	(i) representatives from the business
11	community; and
12	(ii) researchers who have studied
13	criminal justice and can offer technical or
14	other assistance.
15	(C) COORDINATED STRATEGY.—A coalition
16	shall submit to the Attorney General, or the At-
17	torney General's designee, a comprehensive plan
18	for reducing violent juvenile crime. To be eligi-
19	ble for consideration, a plan shall—
20	(i) ensure close collaboration among
21	all members of the coalition in suppressing
22	and preventing juvenile crime;
23	(ii) place heavy emphasis on coordi-
24	nated enforcement initiatives, such as Fed-
25	eral and State programs that coordinate

1	local police departments, prosecutors, and
2	local community leaders to focus on the
3	suppression of violent juvenile crime involv-
4	ing gangs;
5	(iii) ensure that there is close collabo-
6	ration between police and probation offi-
7	cers in the supervision of juvenile offend-
8	ers, such as initiatives that coordinate the
9	efforts of parents, school officials, and po-
10	lice and probation officers to patrol the
11	streets and make home visits to ensure
12	that offenders comply with the terms of
13	their probation;
14	(iv) ensure that a program is in place
15	to trace all firearms seized from crime
16	scenes or offenders in an effort to identify
17	illegal gun traffickers; and
18	(v) ensure that effective crime preven-
19	tion programs are in place, such as pro-
20	grams that provide after-school safe havens
21	and other opportunities for at-risk youth to
22	escape or avoid gang or other criminal ac-
23	tivity, and to reduce recidivism.
24	(D) ACCOUNTABILITY.—A coalition shall—

	• •
1	(i) establish a system to measure and
2	report outcomes consistent with common
3	indicators and evaluation protocols estab-
4	lished by the Administrator and which re-
5	ceives the approval of the Administrator;
6	and
7	(ii) devise a detailed model for meas-
8	uring and evaluating the success of the
9	plan of the coalition in reducing violent ju-
10	venile crime, and provide assurances that
11	the plan will be evaluated on a regular
12	basis to assess progress in reducing violent
13	juvenile crime.
14	(5) Grant amounts.—
15	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may
16	grant to an eligible coalition under this para-
17	graph, an amount not to exceed the amount of
18	non-Federal funds raised by the coalition, in-
19	cluding in-kind contributions, for that fiscal
20	year.
21	(B) Nonsupplanting requirement.—A
22	coalition seeking funds shall provide reasonable
23	assurances that funds made available under this
24	program to States or units of local government

shall be so used as to supplement and increase

- (but not supplant) the level of the State, local, and other non-Federal funds that would in the absence of such Federal funds be made available for programs described in this section, and shall in no event replace such State, local, or other non-Federal funds.
 - (C) SUSPENSION OF GRANTS.—If a coalition fails to continue to meet the criteria set forth in this section, the Administrator may suspend the grant, after providing written notice to the grant recipient and an opportunity to appeal.
 - (D) Renewal grants.—Subject to subparagraph (D), the Administrator may award a renewal grant to grant recipient under this subparagraph for each fiscal year following the fiscal year for which an initial grant is awarded, in an amount not to exceed the amount of non-Federal funds raised by the coalition, including in-kind contributions, for that fiscal year, during the 4-year period following the period of the initial grant.
 - (E) LIMITATION.—The amount of a grant award under this section may not exceed \$300,000 for a fiscal year.

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- (6) PERMITTED USE OF FUNDS.—A coalition receiving funds under this section may expend such Federal funds on any use or program that is contained in the plan submitted to the Administrator.
- Congressional CONSULTATION.—Two 6 years after the date of implementation of the pro-7 gram established in this section, the General Ac-8 counting Office shall submit a report to Congress re-9 viewing the effectiveness of the program in suppress-10 ing and reducing violent juvenile crime in the par-11 ticipating communities. The report shall contain an 12 analysis of each community participating in the pro-13 gram, along with information regarding the plan un-14 dertaken in the community, and the effectiveness of 15 the plan in reducing violent juvenile crime. The re-16 port shall contain recommendations regarding the ef-17 ficacy of continuing the program.
- (b) Information Collection and DisseminationWith Respect to Coalitions.—
- 20 (1) COALITION INFORMATION.—For the pur-21 pose of audit and examination, the Administrator—
- 22 (A) shall have access to any books, docu-23 ments, papers, and records that are pertinent to 24 any grant or grant renewal request under this 25 section; and

1	(B) may periodically request information
2	from a coalition to ensure that the coalition
3	meets the applicable criteria.
4	(2) Reporting.—The Administrator shall, to
5	the maximum extent practicable and in a manner
6	consistent with applicable law, minimize reporting
7	requirements by a coalition and expedite any appli-
8	cation for a renewal grant made under this section.
9	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
10	are authorized to be appropriated from the Violent Crime
11	Reduction Trust Fund to carry out this section,
12	\$3,000,000 in each of fiscal years 1999, 2000, and 2001.
13	SEC. 1303. REIMBURSEMENT OF STATES FOR COSTS OF IN-
	SEC. 1303. REIMBURSEMENT OF STATES FOR COSTS OF IN- CARCERATING JUVENILE ALIEN OFFENDERS.
14	
14 15	CARCERATING JUVENILE ALIEN OFFENDERS.
141516	CARCERATING JUVENILE ALIEN OFFENDERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 501 of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 (8 U.S.C. 1365) is
14 15 16 17	CARCERATING JUVENILE ALIEN OFFENDERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 501 of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 (8 U.S.C. 1365) is
14 15 16 17 18	CARCERATING JUVENILE ALIEN OFFENDERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 501 of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 (8 U.S.C. 1365) is amended—
14 15 16 17 18	CARCERATING JUVENILE ALIEN OFFENDERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 501 of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 (8 U.S.C. 1365) is amended— (1) in subsection (a), by inserting "or illegal ju-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	CARCERATING JUVENILE ALIEN OFFENDERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 501 of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 (8 U.S.C. 1365) is amended— (1) in subsection (a), by inserting "or illegal juvenile alien who has been adjudicated delinquent and
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	CARCERATING JUVENILE ALIEN OFFENDERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 501 of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 (8 U.S.C. 1365) is amended— (1) in subsection (a), by inserting "or illegal juvenile alien who has been adjudicated delinquent and committed to a juvenile correctional facility by such
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	CARCERATING JUVENILE ALIEN OFFENDERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 501 of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 (8 U.S.C. 1365) is amended— (1) in subsection (a), by inserting "or illegal juvenile alien who has been adjudicated delinquent and committed to a juvenile correctional facility by such State or locality" before the period;

cility)" before "who is in the United States unlaw-1 2 fully"; and 3 (3) by adding at the end the following: "(f) JUVENILE ALIEN DEFINED.—In this section, 4 the term 'juvenile alien' means an alien (as that term is defined in section 101(a)(3) of the Immigration and Na-6 tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1103)) who has been adjudicated 8 delinquent and committed to a correctional facility by a 9 State or locality as a juvenile offender.". 10 (b) Annual Report.—Section 332 of the Illegal Im-11 migration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1366) is amended— 12 13 (1) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph 14 (3);15 (2) by striking the period at the end of paragraph (4) and inserting "; and; and 16 17 (3) by adding at the end the following: 18 "(5) the number of illegal juvenile aliens that 19 are committed to State or local juvenile correctional 20 facilities, including the type of offense committed by 21 each juvenile.". 22 (c) Conforming AMENDMENT.—Section 23 241(i)(3)(B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8) U.S.C. 1231(i)(3)(B)) is amended—

(1) by striking "or" at the end of clause (ii);

1	(2) by striking the period at the end of clause
2	(iii) and inserting "; or"; and
3	(3) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(iv) is a juvenile alien with respect to
5	whom section 501 of the Immigration Re-
6	form and Control Act of 1986 applies.".
7	Subtitle D—Protecting Children
8	From Violence
9	PART 1—GUN OFFENSES
10	SEC. 1410. GUN BAN FOR DANGEROUS JUVENILE OFFEND-
11	ERS.
12	(a) Definition.—Section 921(a)(20) of title 18,
13	United States Code, is amended—
14	(1) by inserting "(A)" after "(20)";
15	(2) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and
16	(B) as clauses (i) and (ii);
17	(3) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the fol-
18	lowing new subparagraph:
19	"(B) For purposes of section 922(d), (g),
20	and (s) of this chapter, the term 'act of juvenile
21	delinquency' means an adjudication of delin-
22	quency based on a finding of the commission of
23	an act by a person prior to his or her eight-
24	eenth birthday that, if committed by an adult,
25	would be a serious drug offense or violent fel-

1	ony (as defined in section $3559(c)(2)$ of this
2	title), on or after the date of enactment of this
3	paragraph."; and
4	(4) by striking "What constitutes" through the
5	end and inserting the following: "What constitutes ϵ
6	conviction of such a crime or an adjudication of ju-
7	venile delinquency shall be determined in accordance
8	with law of the jurisdiction in which the proceedings
9	were held. Any State conviction or adjudication of
10	delinquency which has been expunged or set aside
11	for which a person has been pardoned or has had
12	civil rights restored by the jurisdiction in which the
13	conviction or adjudication of delinquency occurred
14	shall not be considered a conviction or adjudication
15	of delinquency.
16	(b) Prohibition.—Section 922 of title 18, United
17	States Code is amended—
18	(1) in subsection (d)—
19	(A) by striking "or" at the end of para-
20	graph (8);
21	(B) by striking the period at the end of
22	paragraph (9) and inserting "; or"; and
23	(C) by inserting after paragraph (9) the
24	following:

1	"(10) who has committed an act of juvenile de-
2	linquency.";
3	(2) in subsection (g)—
4	(A) by striking "or" at the end of para-
5	graph (8);
6	(B) by striking the period at the end of
7	paragraph (9) and inserting "; or"; and
8	(C) by inserting after paragraph (9) the
9	following:
10	"(10) who has committed an act of juvenile de-
11	linquency."; and
12	(3) in subsection $(s)(3)(B)$ —
13	(A) by striking "and" at the end of clause
14	(vi);
15	(B) by inserting "and" after the semicolon
16	at the end of clause (vii); and
17	(C) by inserting after clause (vii) the fol-
18	lowing:
19	"(viii) has not committed an act of ju-
20	venile delinquency.".
21	SEC. 1411. IMPROVING FIREARMS SAFETY.
22	(a) Secure Gun Storage Device.—Section 921(a)
23	of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at
24	the end the following:

1	"(34) The term 'secure gun storage or safety
2	device' means—
3	"(A) a device that, when installed on a
4	firearm, is designed to prevent the firearm from
5	being operated without first deactivating the de-
6	vice;
7	"(B) a device incorporated into the design
8	of the firearm that is designed to prevent the
9	operation of the firearm by anyone not having
10	access to the device; or
11	"(C) a safe, gun safe, gun case, lock box,
12	or other device that is designed to be or can be
13	used to store a firearm and that is designed to
14	be unlocked only by means of a key, a combina-
15	tion, or other similar means.".
16	(b) CERTIFICATION REQUIRED IN APPLICATION FOR
17	Dealer's License.—Section 923(d)(1) of title 18,
18	United States Code, is amended—
19	(1) in subparagraph (E), by striking "and" at
20	the end;
21	(2) in subparagraph (F), by striking the period
22	at the end and inserting "; and"; and
23	(3) by adding at the end the following:
24	"(G) in the case of an application to be li-
25	censed as a dealer, the applicant certifies that

secure gun storage or safety devices will be 1 2 available at any place in which firearms are 3 sold under the license to persons who are not 4 licensees (subject to the exception that in any case in which a secure gun storage or safety de-6 vice is temporarily unavailable because of theft, 7 casualty loss, consumer sales, backorders from 8 a manufacturer, or any other similar reason be-9 yond the control of the licensee, the dealer shall 10 not be considered to be in violation of the requirement under this subparagraph to make 12 available such a device).".

(c) REVOCATION OF DEALER'S LICENSE FOR FAIL-13 URE TO HAVE SECURE GUN STORAGE OR SAFETY DE-14 15 VICES AVAILABLE.—The first sentence of section 923(e) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting 16 before the period at the end the following: "or fails to have secure gun storage or safety devices available at any place 18 in which firearms are sold under the license to persons 19 who are not licensees (except that in any case in which 21 a secure gun storage or safety device is temporarily un-22 available because of theft, casualty loss, consumer sales, 23 backorders from a manufacturer, or any other similar reason beyond the control of the licensee, the dealer shall not

1	be considered to be in violation of the requirement to make
2	available such a device)".
3	(d) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in the
4	amendments made by this section shall be construed—
5	(1) as creating a cause of action against any
6	firearms dealer or any other person for any civil li-
7	ability; or
8	(2) as establishing any standard of care.
9	SEC. 1412. ENHANCED PENALTIES FOR DISCHARGING OR
10	POSSESSING A FIREARM DURING A CRIME OF
11	VIOLENCE OR DRUG TRAFFICKING CRIME.
12	(a) In General.—Section 924(c) of title 18, United
13	States Code, is amended—
14	(1) by striking "(c)" and all that follows
15	through "(2)" and inserting the following:
16	"(c) Possession of Firearm During Commission
17	OF CRIME OF VIOLENCE OR DRUG TRAFFICKING
18	Crime.—
19	"(1) TERM OF IMPRISONMENT.—
20	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except to the extent
21	that a greater minimum sentence is otherwise
22	provided by this subsection or by any other pro-
23	vision of law, any person who, during and in re-
24	lation to any crime of violence or drug traffick-
25	ing crime (including a crime of violence or drug

1	trafficking crime that provides for an enhanced
2	punishment if committed by the use of a deadly
3	or dangerous weapon or device) for which a per-
4	son may be prosecuted in a court of the United
5	States, uses or carries a firearm, or who, in fur-
6	therance of any such crime, possesses a firearm,
7	shall, in addition to the punishment provided
8	for such crime of violence or drug trafficking
9	crime—
10	"(i) be sentenced to a term of impris-
11	onment of not less than 5 years; and
12	"(ii) if the firearm is discharged, be
13	sentenced to a term of imprisonment of
14	not less than 10 years.
15	"(B) Exception for certain of-
16	FENSES.—If the firearm possessed by a person
17	convicted of a violation of this subsection—
18	"(i) is a short-barreled rifle, short-
19	barreled shotgun, or semiautomatic assault
20	weapon, the person shall be sentenced to a
21	term of imprisonment of not less than 10
22	years; and
23	"(ii) is a machinegun or a destructive
24	device, or is equipped with a firearm si-
25	lencer or firearm muffler, the person shall

1	be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of
2	not less than 30 years.
3	"(C) Exception for Certain offend-
4	ERS.—In the case of a second or subsequent
5	conviction under this subsection, a person
6	shall—
7	"(i) be sentenced to a term of impris-
8	onment of not less than 25 years; and
9	"(ii) if the firearm at issue is a ma-
10	chinegun or a destructive device, or is
11	equipped with a firearm silencer or firearm
12	muffler, be sentenced to a term of impris-
13	onment for life.
14	"(D) Probation and concurrent sen-
15	TENCES.—Notwithstanding any other provision
16	of law—
17	"(i) a court shall not place on proba-
18	tion any person convicted of a violation of
19	this subsection; and
20	"(ii) no term of imprisonment im-
21	posed on a person under this subsection
22	shall run concurrently with any other term
23	of imprisonment imposed on the person,
24	including any term of imprisonment im-
25	posed for the crime of violence or drug

1	trafficking crime during which the firearm
2	was used, carried, or possessed.
3	"(2) Definition of 'drug trafficking
4	CRIME'.—''; and
5	(2) in paragraph (3)—
6	(A) by striking "(3) For" and inserting
7	the following:
8	"(3) Definition of 'crime of violence'.—
9	For''; and
10	(B) by indenting each of subparagraphs
11	(A) and (B) 2 ems to the right.
12	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section
13	3559(c)(2)(F)(i) of title 18, United States Code, is
14	amended by inserting "firearms possession (as described
15	in section 924(c));" after "firearms use;".
16	SEC. 1413. JUVENILE HANDGUN SAFETY.
17	(a) Juvenile Handgun Safety.—Section
18	924(a)(6) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
19	(1) by striking subparagraph (A);
20	(2) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as sub-
21	paragraph (A); and
22	(3) in subparagraph (A), as redesignated—
23	(A) by striking "A person other than a ju-
24	venile who knowingly" and inserting "A person
25	who knowingly'': and

1	(B) in clause (i), by striking "not more
2	than 1 year" and inserting "not more than 5
3	years".
4	SEC. 1414. SERIOUS JUVENILE DRUG OFFENSES AS ARMED
5	CAREER CRIMINAL PREDICATES.
6	Section 924(e)(2)(A) of title 18, United States Code,
7	is amended—
8	(1) in clause (i), by striking "or" at the end;
9	(2) in clause (ii), by adding "or" at the end;
10	and
11	(3) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(iii) any act of juvenile delinquency that,
13	if committed by an adult, would be an offense
14	described in this paragraph;".
15	SEC. 1415. INCREASED PENALTY FOR TRANSFERRING A
16	FIREARM TO A MINOR FOR USE IN CRIME OF
17	VIOLENCE OR DRUG TRAFFICKING CRIME.
18	Section 924(h) of title 18, United States Code, is
19	amended by striking "10 years, fined in accordance with
20	this title, or both" and inserting "10 years, and if the
21	transferee is a person who is under 18 years of age, im-
22	prisoned for a term of not more than 15 years, fined in
23	accordance with this title, or both".

1	SEC. 1416. INCREASED PENALTY FOR FIREARMS CONSPIR-
2	ACY.
3	Section 924 of title 18, United States Code, is
4	amended by adding at the end the following:
5	"(p) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a
6	person who conspires to commit an offense defined in this
7	chapter shall be subject to the same penalties (other than
8	the penalty of death) as those prescribed for the offense
9	the commission of which is the object of the conspiracy.".
10	PART 2—LOCAL GUN VIOLENCE PREVENTION
11	PROGRAMS
12	SEC. 1421. COMPETITIVE GRANTS FOR CHILDREN'S FIRE-
13	ARM SAFETY EDUCATION.
14	(a) Purposes.—The purposes of this section are—
15	(1) to award grants to assist local educational
16	agencies, in consultation with community groups and
17	law enforcement agencies, to educate children about
18	and preventing violence; and
19	(2) to assist communities in developing partner-
20	ships between public schools, community organiza-
21	tions, law enforcement, and parents in educating
22	children about preventing gun violence.
23	(b) Definitions.—In this section:
24	(1) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY.—The term
25	
23	"local educational agency" has the same meaning

- tary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20U.S.C. 8701).
- 3 (2) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means
 4 the Secretary of Education.
 - (3) STATE.—The term "State" means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and the United States Virgin Islands.

(c) Allocation of Competitive Grants.—

- (1) Grants by the secretary.—For any fiscal year in which the amount appropriated to carry out this section does not equal or exceed \$50,000,000, the Secretary of Education is authorized to award competitive grants described under subsection (d).
- (2) Grants by the states.—For any fiscal year in which the amount appropriated to carry out this section exceeds \$50,000,000, the Secretary shall make allotments to State educational agencies pursuant to paragraph (3) to award competitive grants described in subsection (d).
- (3) FORMULA.—Except as provided in paragraph (4), funds appropriated to carry out this section shall be allocated among the States as follows:

1	(A) 75 percent of such amount shall be al-
2	located proportionately based upon the popu-
3	lation that is less than 18 years of age in the
4	State.
5	(B) 25 percent of such amount shall be al-
6	located proportionately based upon the popu-
7	lation that is less than 18 years of age in the
8	State that is incarcerated.
9	(4) MINIMUM ALLOTMENT.—Of the amounts
10	appropriated to carry out this section, 0.50 percent
11	shall be allocated to each State.
12	(d) Authorization of Competitive Grants.—
13	The Secretary or the State educational agency, as the case
14	may be, is authorized to award grants to eligible local edu-
15	cational agencies for the purposes of educating children
16	about preventing gun violence.
17	(1) Assurances.—
18	(A) The Secretary or the State educational
19	agency, as the case may be, shall ensure that
20	not less than 90 percent of the funds allotted
21	under this section are distributed to local edu-
22	cational agencies.
23	(B) In awarding the grants, the Secretary
24	or the State educational agency, as the case

1	may be, shall ensure, to the maximum extent
2	practicable—
3	(i) an equitable geographic distribu-
4	tion of grant awards;
5	(ii) an equitable distribution of grant
6	awards among programs that serve public
7	elementary school students, public second-
8	ary school students, and a combination of
9	both; and
10	(iii) that urban, rural and suburban
11	areas are represented within the grants
12	that are awarded.
13	(2) Priority.—In awarding grants under this
14	section, the Secretary or the State educational agen-
15	cy, as the case may be, shall give priority to a local
16	educational agency that—
17	(A) coordinates with other Federal, State,
18	and local programs that educate children about
19	personal health, safety, and responsibility, in-
20	cluding programs carried out under the Safe
21	and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act
22	of 1994 (20 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.);
23	(B) serves a population with a high inci-
24	dence of students found in possession of a
25	weapon on school property or students sus-

1	pended or expelled for bringing a weapon onto
2	school grounds or engaging in violent behavior
3	on school grounds; and
4	(C) forms a partnership that includes not
5	less than 1 local educational agency working in
6	consultation with not less than 1 public or pri-
7	vate nonprofit agency or organization with ex-
8	perience in violence prevention or 1 local law
9	enforcement agency.
10	(3) Peer review; consultation.—
11	(A) In general.—
12	(i) Peer review by panel.—Before
13	grants are awarded, the Secretary shal
14	submit grant applications to a peer review
15	panel for evaluation.
16	(ii) Composition of Panel.—The
17	panel shall be composed of not less than 1
18	representative from a local educational
19	agency, State educational agency, a local
20	law enforcement agency, and a public or
21	private nonprofit organization with experi-
22	ence in violence prevention.
23	(B) Consultation.—The Secretary shall
24	submit grant applications to the Attorney Gen-
25	eral for consultation.

1	(e) ELIGIBLE GRANT RECIPIENTS.—
2	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
3	graph (2), an eligible grant recipient is a local edu-
4	cational agency that may work in partnership with
5	1 or more of the following:
6	(A) A public or private nonprofit agency or
7	organization with experience in violence preven-
8	tion.
9	(B) A local law enforcement agency.
10	(C) An institution of higher education.
11	(2) Exception.—A State educational agency
12	may, with the approval of a local educational agency
13	submit an application on behalf of such local edu-
14	cational agency or a consortium of such agencies.
15	(f) Local Applications; Reports.—
16	(1) Applications.—Each local educationa
17	agency that wishes to receive a grant under this sec-
18	tion shall submit an application to the Secretary and
19	the State educational agency that includes—
20	(A) a description of the proposed activities
21	to be funded by the grant and how each activity
22	will further the goal of educating children about
23	preventing gun violence;
24	(B) how the program will be coordinated
25	with other programs that educate children

1	about personal health, safety, and responsibil-
2	ity, including programs carried out under the
3	Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities
4	Act of 1994 (20 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.); and
5	(C) the age and number of children that
6	the programs will serve.
7	(2) Reports.—Each local educational agency
8	that receives a grant under this section shall submit
9	a report to the Secretary and to the State edu-
10	cational agency not later than 18 months after the
11	grant is awarded and submit an additional report to
12	the Secretary and to the State not later than 36
13	months after the grant is awarded. Each report shall
14	include information regarding—
15	(A) the activities conducted to educate
16	children about gun violence;
17	(B) how the program will continue to edu-
18	cate children about gun violence in the future;
19	and
20	(C) how the grant is being coordinated
21	with other Federal, State, and local programs
22	that educate children about personal health,
23	safety, and responsibility, including programs
24	carried out under the Safe and Drug-Free

1	Schools and Communities Act of 1994 (20
2	U.S.C. 7101 et seq.).
3	(g) Authorized Activities.—
4	(1) Required activities.—Grants authorized
5	under subsection (d) shall be used for the following
6	activities:
7	(A) Supporting existing programs that
8	educate children about personal health, safety
9	and responsibility, including programs carried
10	out under the Safe and Drug-Free Schools and
11	Communities Act of 1994 (20 U.S.C. 7101 et
12	seq.).
13	(B) Educating children about the effects of
14	gun violence.
15	(C) Educating children to identify dan-
16	gerous situations in which guns are involved
17	and how to avoid and prevent such situations.
18	(D) Educating children how to identify
19	threats and other indications that their peers
20	are in possession of a gun and may use a gun
21	and what steps they can take in such situations.
22	(E) Developing programs to give children
23	access to adults to whom they can report in a
24	confidential manner about problems relating to
25	guns.

- 1 (2) PERMISSIBLE ACTIVITIES.—Grants author-2 ized under subsection (d) may be used for the fol-3 lowing:
 - (A) Encouraging schoolwide programs and partnerships that involve teachers, students, parents, administrators, other staff, and members of the community in reducing gun incidents in public elementary and secondary schools.
 - (B) Establishing programs that assist parents in helping educate their children about firearm safety and the prevention of gun violence.
 - (C) Providing ongoing professional development for public school staff and administrators to identify the causes and effects of gun violence and risk factors and student behavior that may result in gun violence, including training sessions to review and update school crisis response plans and school policies for preventing the presence of guns on school grounds and facilities.
 - (D) Providing technical assistance for school psychologists and counselors to provide timely counseling and evaluations, in accord-

1		ance with State and local laws, of students who
2		possess a weapon on school grounds.
3		(E) Improving security on public elemen-
4		tary and secondary school campuses to prevent
5		outside persons from entering school grounds
6		with firearms.
7		(F) Assisting public schools and commu-
8		nities in developing crisis response plans when
9		firearms are found on school campuses and
10		when gun-related incidents occur.
11	(h)	STATE APPLICATIONS; ACTIVITIES AND RE-
12	PORTS.—	_
13		(1) STATE APPLICATIONS.—
14		(A) Each State desiring to receive funds
15		under this section shall, through its State edu-
16		cational agency, submit an application to the
17		Secretary of Education at such time and in
18		such manner as the Secretary shall require.
19		Such application shall describe—
20		(i) the manner in which funds under
21		this section for State activities and com-
22		petitive grants will be used to fulfill the
23		purposes of this section;
24		(ii) the manner in which the activities
25		and projects supported by this section will

1	be coordinated with other State and Fed-
2	eral education, law enforcement, and juve-
3	nile justice programs, including the Safe
4	and Drug-Free Schools and Communities
5	Act of 1994 (20 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.);
6	(iii) the manner in which States will
7	ensure an equitable geographic distribution
8	of grant awards; and
9	(iv) the criteria which will be used to
10	determine the impact and effectiveness of
11	the funds used pursuant to this section.
12	(B) A State educational agency may sub-
13	mit an application to receive a grant under this
14	section under paragraph (1) or as an amend-
15	ment to the application the State educational
16	agency submits under the Safe and Drug-Free
17	Schools and Communities Act of 1994 (20
18	U.S.C. 7101 et seq.).
19	(2) State activities.—Of appropriated
20	amounts allocated to the States under subsection
21	(c)(2), the State educational agency may reserve not
22	more than 10 percent for activities to further the
23	goals of this section, including—
24	(A) providing technical assistance to eligi-
25	ble grant recipients in the State:

	The state of the s
1	(B) performing ongoing research into the
2	causes of gun violence among children and
3	methods to prevent gun violence among chil-
4	dren; and
5	(C) providing ongoing professional develop-
6	ment for public school staff and administrators
7	to identify the causes and indications of gun vi-
8	olence.
9	(3) State receiving an
10	allotment under this section shall submit a report to
11	the Secretary and to the Committees on Labor and
12	Human Resources and the Judiciary of the Senate
13	and the Committees on Education and the Work-
14	force and the Judiciary of the House of Representa-
15	tives, not later than 12 months after receipt of the
16	grant award and shall submit an additional report to
17	those committees not later than 36 months after re-
18	ceipt of the grant award. Each report shall include

(A) the progress of local educational agencies that received a grant award under this section in the State in educating children about firearms;

information regarding—

- 1 (B) the progress of State activities under 2 paragraph (1) to advance the goals of this sec-3 tion; and
- (C) how the State is coordinating funds allocated under this section with other State and Federal education, law enforcement, and juvenile justice programs, including the Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act of 1994 (20 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.).
- 10 (i) SUPPLEMENT NOT SUPPLANT.—A State or local
 11 educational agency shall use funds received under this sec12 tion only to supplement the amount of funds that would,
 13 in the absence of such Federal funds, be made available
 14 from non-Federal sources for reducing gun violence among
 15 children and educating children about firearms, and not
 16 to supplant such funds.
- 17 (j) DISPLACEMENT.—A local educational agency that 18 receives a grant award under this section shall ensure that 19 persons hired to carry out the activities under this section 20 do not displace persons already employed.
- 21 (k) Home Schools.—Nothing in this section shall 22 be construed to affect home schools.
- 23 (l) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 24 are authorized to be appropriated for this section

1	\$60,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1999, 2000, and
2	2001.
3	SEC. 1422. DISSEMINATION OF BEST PRACTICES VIA THE
4	INTERNET.
5	(a) Model Dissemination.—The Secretary of Edu-
6	cation shall include on the Internet site of the Department
7	of Education a description of programs that receive grants
8	under section 1417.
9	(b) Grant Program Notification.—The Sec-
10	retary shall publicize the competitive grant program
11	through its Internet site, publications, and public service
12	announcements.
13	SEC. 1423. AMENDMENT TO SAFE AND DRUG-FREE
14	SCHOOLS AND COMMUNITIES ACT OF 1994 TO
15	PROVIDE COUNSELING AFTER GUN-RELATED
16	VIOLENCE.
17	Section 4116(a)(1) of the Safe and Drug-Free
18	Schools and Communities Act of 1994 (20 U.S.C. 7116)
19	is amended—
20	(1) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as sub-
21	paragraph (D); and by inserting after subparagraph
22	(B) the following:
23	"(C) to the extent practicable, provide—
24	
	"(i) timely counseling (without requir-

1	"(ii) evaluations of any student, in ac-
2	cordance with State and local law, who
3	possesses a weapon on school grounds or
4	who threatens to bring or use a weapon on
5	school grounds; and
6	"(iii) advice to public school students,
7	staff, and administrators after an incident
8	of violence on school grounds;".
9	SEC. 1424. YOUTH CRIME GUN INTERDICTION INITIATIVE.
10	(a) In General.—
11	(1) Expansion of number of cities.—The
12	Secretary of the Treasury shall endeavor to expand
13	the number of cities and counties directly participat-
14	ing in the Youth Crime Gun Interdiction Initiative
15	(in this section referred to as the "YCGII") to 75
16	cities or counties by October 1, 2000, to 150 cities
17	or counties by October 1, 2002, and to 250 cities or
18	counties by October 1, 2003.
19	(2) Selection.—Cities and counties selected
20	for participation in the YCGII shall be selected by
21	the Secretary of the Treasury and in consultation
22	with Federal, State and local law enforcement offi-
23	cials.

(b) IDENTIFICATION OF INDIVIDUALS.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Treas-
2	ury shall, utilizing the information provided by the
3	YCGII, facilitate the identification and prosecution
4	of individuals illegally trafficking firearms to prohib-
5	ited individuals.
6	(2) Sharing of information.—The Secretary
7	of the Treasury shall share information derived from
8	the YCGII with State and local law enforcement
9	agencies through on-line computer access, as soon as
10	such capability is available.
11	(c) Grant Awards.—
12	(1) In general.—The Secretary of the Treas-
13	ury shall award grants (in the form of funds or
14	equipment) to States, cities, and counties for pur-
15	poses of assisting such entities in the tracing of fire-
16	arms and participation in the YCGII.
17	(2) Use of grant funds.—Grants made
18	under this part shall be used to—
19	(A) hire or assign additional personnel for
20	the gathering, submission and analysis of trac-
21	ing data submitted to the Bureau of Alcohol,
22	Tobacco and Firearms under the YCGII;
23	(B) hire additional law enforcement per-
24	sonnel for the purpose of identifying and arrest-
25	ing individuals illegally trafficking firearms; and

1	(C) purchase additional equipment, includ-
2	ing automatic data processing equipment and
3	computer software and hardware, for the timely
4	submission and analysis of tracing data.
5	SEC. 1425. GRANT PRIORITY FOR TRACING OF GUNS USED
6	IN CRIMES BY JUVENILES.
7	Section 517 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
8	Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3763) is amended by add-
9	ing at the end the following:
10	"(c) Priority.—In awarding discretionary grants
11	under section 511 to public agencies to undertake law en-
12	forcement initiatives relating to gangs, or relating to juve-
13	niles who are involved or at risk of involvement in gangs,
14	the Director shall give priority to a public agency that in-
15	cludes in its application a description of strategies or pro-
16	grams of that public agency (either in effect or proposed)
17	that provide cooperation between Federal, State, and local
18	law enforcement authorities, through the use of firearms
19	and ballistics identification systems, to disrupt illegal sale
20	or transfer of firearms to or between juveniles through
21	tracing the sources of guns used in crime that were pro-
22	vided to juveniles.".
23	PART 3—JUVENILE GUN COURTS
24	SEC. 1431. DEFINITIONS.
25	In this part:

- 1 (1) FIREARM.—The term "firearm" has the 2 same meaning as in section 921 of title 18, United 3 States Code.
- 4 (2) FIREARM OFFENDER.—The term "firearm offender" means any individual charged with an offense involving the illegal possession, use, transfer, or threatened use of a firearm.
- 9 nile gun court" means a specialized division within a State or local juvenile court system, or a specialized docket within a State or local court that considers exclusively cases involving juvenile firearm offenders.
- 14 (4) LOCAL COURT.—The term "local court"
 15 means any section or division of a State or munici16 pal juvenile court system.

17 SEC. 1432. GRANT PROGRAM.

- The Attorney General may provide grants in accord-19 ance with this part to States, State courts, local courts,
- 20 units of local government, and Indian tribes for court-
- 21 based juvenile justice programs that target juvenile fire-
- 22 arm offenders through the establishment of juvenile gun
- 23 courts.

1 SEC. 1433. APPLICATIONS.

2	(a) Eligibility.—In order to be eligible to receive
3	a grant under this part, the chief executive of a State,
4	unit of local government, or Indian tribe, or the chief
5	judge of a local court, shall submit an application to the
6	Attorney General in such form and containing such infor-
7	mation as the Attorney General may reasonably require.
8	(b) REQUIREMENTS.—Each application submitted in
9	accordance with subsection (a) shall include—
10	(1) a request for a grant to be used for the pur-
11	poses described in this part;
12	(2) a description of the communities to be
13	served by the grant, including the extent of juvenile
14	crime, juvenile violence, and juvenile firearm use and
15	possession in such communities;
16	(3) written assurances that Federal funds re-
17	ceived under this part will be used to supplement,
18	not supplant, non-Federal funds that would other-
19	wise be available for activities funded under this
20	subsection;
21	(4) a comprehensive plan described in sub-
22	section (c) (hereafter in this part referred to as the
23	"comprehensive plan"); and
24	(5) any additional information in such form and
25	containing such information as the Attorney General
26	may reasonably require.

1	(c) Comprehensive Plan.—For purposes of sub-
2	section (b), a comprehensive plan as described in this sub-
3	section includes—
4	(1) a description of the juvenile crime and vio-
5	lence problems in the jurisdiction of the applicant,
6	including gang crime and juvenile firearm use and
7	possession;
8	(2) an action plan outlining the manner in
9	which the applicant would use the grant amounts in
10	accordance with this part;
11	(3) a description of any resources available in
12	the jurisdiction of the applicant to implement the ac-
13	tion plan described in paragraph (2); and
14	(4) a description of the plan of the applicant for
15	evaluating the performance of the juvenile gun
16	court.
17	SEC. 1434. GRANT AWARDS.
18	(a) Considerations.—In awarding grants under
19	this part, the Attorney General shall consider—
20	(1) the ability of the applicant to provide the
21	stated services;
22	(2) the level of juvenile crime, violence, and
23	drug use in the community; and

1	(3) to the extent practicable, achievement of an
2	equitable geographic distribution of the grant
3	awards.
4	(b) DIVERSITY.—The Attorney General shall allot not
5	less than 0.75 percent of the total amount made available
6	each fiscal year to carry out this part to applicants in each
7	State from which applicants have applied for grants under
8	this subtitle.
9	(c) Indian Tribes.—The Attorney General shall al-
10	locate 0.75 percent of amounts made available under this
11	part for grants to Indian tribes.
12	SEC. 1435. USE OF GRANT AMOUNTS.
13	Each grant made under this part shall be used to—
14	(1) establish juvenile gun courts for adjudica-
15	tion of juvenile firearm offenders;
16	(2) grant prosecutorial discretion to try, in a
17	gun court, cases involving the illegal possession, use,
18	transfer, or threatened use of a firearm by a juve-
19	nile;
20	(3) require prosecutors to transfer such cases to
21	the gun court calendar not later than 30 days after
22	arraignment;
23	
23	(4) require that gun court trials commence not

1	(5) facilitate innovative and individualized sen-
2	tencing (such as incarceration, house arrest, victim
3	impact classes, electronic monitoring, restitution,
4	and gang prevention programs);
5	(6) provide services in furtherance of paragraph
6	(5);
7	(7) limit grounds for continuances and grant
8	continuances only for the shortest practicable time;
9	(8) ensure that any term of probation or super-
10	vised release imposed on a firearm offender in a ju-
11	venile gun court, in addition to, or in lieu of, a term
12	of incarceration, shall include a prohibition on fire-
13	arm possession during such probation or supervised
14	release and that violation of that prohibition shall
15	result in, to the maximum extent permitted under
16	State law, a term of incarceration; and
17	(9) allow transfer of a case or an offender out
18	of the gun court by agreement of the parties, subject
19	to court approval.
20	SEC. 1436. GRANT LIMITATIONS.
21	Not more than 5 percent of the amounts made avail-
22	able to the Attorney General or a grant recipient under

23 this part may be used for administrative purposes.

SEC. 1437. FEDERAL SHARE.

- 2 (a) In General.—Subject to subsections (b) and (c),
- 3 the Federal share of a grant made under this part may
- 4 not exceed 90 percent of the total cost of the program
- 5 or programs of the grant recipient that are funded by that
- 6 grant for the fiscal year for which the program receives
- 7 assistance under this part.
- 8 (b) WAIVER.—The Attorney General may waive, in
- 9 whole or in part, the requirements of subsection (a).
- 10 (c) IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS.—For purposes of sub-
- 11 section (a), in-kind contributions may constitute any por-
- 12 tion of the non-Federal share of a grant under this part.
- 13 (d) Continued Availability of Grant
- 14 Amounts.—Any amount provided to a grant recipient
- 15 under this part shall remain available until expended.

16 SEC. 1438. REPORT AND EVALUATION.

- 17 (a) Report to the Attorney General.—Not
- 18 later than March 1, 1999, and March 1 of each year there-
- 19 after, each grant recipient under this part shall submit
- 20 to the Attorney General a report that describes, for the
- 21 year to which the report relates, any progress achieved in
- 22 carrying out the comprehensive plan of the grant recipient.
- 23 (b) Evaluation and Report to Congress.—Not
- 24 later than October 1, 1999, and October 1 of each year
- 25 thereafter, the Attorney General shall submit to Congress
- 26 an evaluation and report that contains a detailed state-

- 1 ment regarding grant awards, activities of grant recipi-
- 2 ents, a compilation of statistical information submitted by
- 3 grant recipients under this part, and an evaluation of pro-
- 4 grams established by grant recipients under this part.
- 5 (c) Criteria.—In assessing the effectiveness of the
- 6 programs established and operated by grant recipients
- 7 pursuant to this part, the Attorney General shall con-
- 8 sider—
- 9 (1) the number of juveniles tried in gun court
- sessions in the jurisdiction of the grant recipient;
- 11 (2) a comparison of the amount of time be-
- tween the filing of charges and ultimate disposition
- in gun court and nongun court cases;
- 14 (3) the recidivism rates of juvenile offenders
- tried in gun court sessions in the jurisdiction of the
- 16 grant recipient in comparison to those tried outside
- of drug courts;
- 18 (4) changes in the amount of gun-related and
- gang-related crime in the jurisdiction of the grant
- 20 recipient; and
- 21 (5) the quantity of firearms and ammunition
- recovered in gun court cases in the jurisdiction of
- the grant recipient.
- 24 (d) Documents and Information.—Each grant
- 25 recipient under this part shall provide the Attorney Gen-

1	eral with all documents and information that the Attorney
2	General determines to be necessary to conduct an evalua-
3	tion of the effectiveness of programs funded under this
4	part.
5	SEC. 1439. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
6	There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
7	this part from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund—
8	(1) such sums as may be necessary for each of
9	the fiscal years 1999 and 2000;
10	(2) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2001; and
11	(3) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2002.
10	PART 4—YOUTH VIOLENCE COURTS
12	
13	SEC. 1440. CREATION OF YOUTH VIOLENCE COURTS.
13 14	SEC. 1440. CREATION OF YOUTH VIOLENCE COURTS.
13	SEC. 1440. CREATION OF YOUTH VIOLENCE COURTS. Section 210602 of the Violent Crime Control and
13 14 15	SEC. 1440. CREATION OF YOUTH VIOLENCE COURTS. Section 210602 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14161) is
13 14 15 16	Section 210602 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14161) is amended—
13 14 15 16 17	Section 210602 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14161) is amended— (1) by redesignating subsections (a), (b), (c),
13 14 15 16 17	Section 210602 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14161) is amended— (1) by redesignating subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) as paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4), respections.
13 14 15 16 17 18	Section 210602 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14161) is amended— (1) by redesignating subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) as paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4), respectively;
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Section 210602 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14161) is amended— (1) by redesignating subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) as paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4), respectively; (2) by redesignating paragraphs (1), (2), (3),
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Section 210602 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14161) is amended— (1) by redesignating subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) as paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4), respectively; (2) by redesignating paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5) as subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), (D),

1	"(a) State and Local Court Assistance.—";
2	and
3	(4) by adding after subsection (a), as so des-
4	ignated, the following:
5	"(b) Youth Violence Courts.—
6	"(1) Authority to make grants and enter
7	INTO CONTRACTS.—
8	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General
9	is authorized to award grants and enter into co-
10	operative agreements and contracts with States,
11	State courts, local courts, units of local govern-
12	ment, Indian tribes, and tribal courts to plan,
13	develop, implement, and administer programs to
14	adjudicate and better manage juvenile and
15	youthful violent offenders within State, tribal,
16	and local court systems.
17	"(B) Initiatives.—Initiatives funded
18	under this paragraph may include—
19	"(i) the establishment of court based
20	juvenile justice programs that target young
21	firearms offenders through the establish-
22	ment of juvenile gun courts for the adju-
23	dication and prosecution of juvenile fire-
24	arms offenders;

1	"(ii) the establishment of drug court
2	programs for juveniles so as to provide
3	continuing judicial supervision over juve-
4	nile offenders with substance abuse prob-
5	lems and to provide the integrated admin-
6	istration of other sanctions and services as
7	enumerated under the provisions of section
8	50001 of the Violent Crime Control and
9	Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C.
10	3796ii), as in effect on the day before the
11	date of enactment of Public Law 104–134
12	"(iii) the establishment of courts of
13	specialized or joint jurisdiction as deemed
14	appropriate by a jurisdiction's chief judi-
15	cial officer; and
16	"(iv) the establishment of programs
17	aimed at the enhanced and improved adju-
18	dication of juvenile offenders, including in-
19	novative programs involving the courts,
20	prosecutors, public defenders, probation of-
21	fices, and corrections agencies.
22	"(2) Application.—The Attorney General
23	shall establish guidelines governing the administra-
24	tion of this program. Such guidelines shall include
25	the manner and content of applications for funding

- under this program, as well as procedures and methods for the distribution of funds distributed under this program.
 - "(3) Federal share.—The Federal share of any individual grant made under this program may not exceed 75 percent. Further, in-kind contributions, pursuant to the discretion of the Attorney General may constitute a portion, or all, of the non-Federal share of a grant made under this program. With regard to grants to Indian tribes, the Attorney General may allow other Federal funds to constitute all or a portion of the non-Federal share.
 - "(4) Geographic distribution.—The Attorney General shall ensure that, to the extent reasonable and practicable, an equitable geographic distribution of grant awards is made.
 - "(5) Training and technical assistance.—
 Two percent of all funds appropriated for this part shall be set aside for use by the Attorney General for training and technical assistance consistent with this program.".

1	TITLE II—COMBATING GANG
2	VIOLENCE
3	Subtitle A—Enhanced Penalties for
4	Gang-Related Activities
5	SEC. 2100. GANG FRANCHISING.
6	Chapter 26 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
7	ed by adding at the end the following:
8	"SEC. 522. INTERSTATE FRANCHISING OF CRIMINAL
9	STREET GANGS.
10	"(a) Prohibited Act.—Whoever travels in inter-
11	state or foreign commerce, or causes another to do so, to
12	recruit, solicit, induce, command, or cause to create, or
13	attempt to create a franchise of a criminal street gang
14	shall be punished in accordance with subsection (c).
15	"(b) Definitions.—In this section:
16	"(1) Criminal street gang.—The term
17	'criminal street gang' has the meaning given that
18	term in section 521.
19	"(2) Franchise.—The term 'franchise' means
20	an organized group of individuals related by name,
21	moniker, or other identifier, that engages in coordi-
22	nated violent crime or drug trafficking activities in
23	interstate or foreign commerce with a criminal street
24	gang in another State.

1	"(c) Penalties.—A person who violates subsection
2	(a) shall be imprisoned for not more than 10 years, fined
3	under this title, or both.".
4	SEC. 2101. ENHANCED PENALTY FOR USE OR RECRUIT-
5	MENT OF MINORS IN GANGS.
6	(a) In General.—Chapter 26 of title 18, United
7	States Code, as amended by section 2100 of this Act, is
8	amended by adding at the end the following:
9	"§ 523. Sentencing enhancement for use or recruit-
10	ment of minors
11	"Pursuant to its authority under section 994(p) of
12	title 28, the United States Sentencing Commission shall
13	amend the Federal sentencing guidelines to provide an ap-
14	propriate enhancement for the use of minors in a criminal
15	street gang and the recruitment of minors in furtherance
16	of the creation of a criminal street gang franchise.".
17	(b) Conforming Amendment.—The chapter analy-
18	sis for chapter 26 of title 18, United States Code, is
19	amended by adding at the end the following:
	"522. Interstate franchising of criminal street gangs. "523. Sentencing enhancement for use or recruitment of minors.".
20	SEC. 2102. GANG FRANCHISING AS A RICO PREDICATE.

- Section 1961(1) of title 18, United States Code, is 21
- 22 amended—
- (1) by striking "or" before "(F)"; and 23

1	(2) by inserting ", or (G) an offense under sec-
2	tion 522 of this title" before the semicolon at the
3	end.
4	SEC. 2103. INCREASE IN OFFENSE LEVEL FOR PARTICIPA
5	TION IN CRIME AS GANG MEMBER.
6	(a) Definition of Criminal Street Gang.—In
7	this section, the term "criminal street gang" has the same
8	meaning as in section 521(a) of title 18, United States
9	Code.
10	(b) Sentencing Enhancement.—Pursuant to its
11	authority under section 994(p) of title 28, United States
12	Code, the United States Sentencing Commission shall
13	amend the Federal sentencing guidelines to provide an ap-
14	propriate enhancement with respect to any offense com-
15	mitted in connection with, or in furtherance of, the activi-
16	ties of a criminal street gang if the defendant is a member
17	of the criminal street gang at the time of the offense.
18	(c) Consistency.—In carrying out this section, the
19	United States Sentencing Commission shall—
20	(1) ensure that there is reasonable consistency
21	with other Federal sentencing guidelines; and
22	(2) avoid duplicative punishment for substan-
23	tially the same offense.

1	SEC. 2104. ENHANCED PENALTY FOR POSSESSION OF FIRE-
2	ARMS IN RELATION TO COUNTS OF VIO-
3	LENCE OR DRUG TRAFFICKING CRIMES.
4	(a) Definitions.—In this section, the terms "crime
5	of violence" and "drug trafficking crime" have the same
6	meanings as in section 924(c) of title 18, United States
7	Code.
8	(b) Sentencing Enhancement.—Pursuant to its
9	authority under section 994(p) of title 28, United States
10	Code, the United States Sentencing Commission shall
11	amend the Federal sentencing guidelines to provide an ap-
12	propriate sentence enhancement with respect to any de-
13	fendant who discharges a firearm during or in relation to
14	any crime of violence or any drug trafficking crime.
15	(c) Consistency.—In carrying out this section, the
16	United States Sentencing Commission shall—
17	(1) ensure that there is reasonable consistency
18	with other Federal sentencing guidelines; and
19	(2) avoid duplicative punishment for substan-
20	tially the same offense.
21	SEC. 2105. PUNISHMENT OF ARSONS OR BOMBINGS AT FA-
22	CILITIES RECEIVING FEDERAL FINANCIAL
23	ASSISTANCE.
24	Section 844(f)(1) of title 18, United States Code, is
25	amended by inserting "or any institution or organization

- 1 receiving Federal financial assistance" after "or agency
- 2 thereof,".
- 3 SEC. 2106. ELIMINATION OF STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS FOR
- 4 **MURDER.**
- 5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 3281 of title 18, United
- 6 States Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 7 "§ 3281. Capital offenses and Class A felonies involv-
- 8 ing murder
- 9 "An indictment for any offense punishable by death
- 10 or an indictment or information for a Class A felony in-
- 11 volving murder (as defined in section 1111 or as defined
- 12 under applicable State law in the case of an offense under
- 13 section 1963(a) involving racketeering activity described
- 14 in section 1961(1)) may be found at any time without limi-
- 15 tation.".
- 16 (b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendment made by sub-
- 17 section (a) applies to any offense for which the applicable
- 18 statute of limitations had not run as of the date of enact-
- 19 ment of this Act.
- 20 SEC. 2107. EXTENSION OF STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS FOR
- 21 VIOLENT AND DRUG TRAFFICKING CRIMES.
- 22 (a) In General.—Chapter 213 of title 18, United
- 23 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
- 24 ing:

1	" \S 3296. Class A violent and drug trafficking offenses
2	"Except as provided in section 3281, no person shall
3	be prosecuted, tried, or punished for a Class A felony that
4	is a crime of violence or a drug trafficking crime (as that
5	term is defined in section 924(c)) unless the indictment
6	is returned or the information is filed within 10 years after
7	the commission of the offense.".
8	(b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendment made by sub-
9	section (a) applies to any offense for which the applicable
10	statute of limitations had not run as of the date of enact-
11	ment of this Act.
12	(c) Conforming Amendments.—The chapter anal-
13	ysis for chapter 213 of title 18, United States Code, is
14	amended—
15	(1) in the item relating to section 3281, by in-
16	serting "and Class A felonies involving murder" be-
17	fore the period; and
18	(2) by adding at the end the following:
	"3296. Class A violent and drug trafficking offenses.".
19	SEC. 2108. INCREASED PENALTIES UNDER THE RICO LAW
20	FOR GANG AND VIOLENT CRIMES.
21	Section 1963(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
22	amended by striking "or imprisoned not more than 20
23	years (or for life if the violation is based on a racketeering
24	activity for which the maximum penalty includes life im-

25 prisonment), or both," and inserting "or imprisoned not

1	more than the greater of 20 years or the statutory maxi-
2	mum term of imprisonment (other than the penalty of
3	death) applicable to a racketeering activity on which the
4	violation is based, or both,".
5	SEC. 2109. INCREASED PENALTY AND BROADENED SCOPE
6	OF STATUTE AGAINST VIOLENT CRIMES IN
7	AID OF RACKETEERING.
8	Section 1959(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
9	amended—
10	(1) by inserting "or commits any other crime of
11	violence" before "or threatens to commit a crime of
12	violence";
13	(2) in paragraph (4), by inserting "committing
14	any other crime of violence or for" before "threaten-
15	ing to commit a crime of violence", and by striking
16	"five" and inserting "ten";
17	(3) in paragraph (5), by striking "for not more
18	than ten years" and inserting "for any term of years
19	or for life";
20	(4) in paragraph (6), by—
21	(A) striking "or" before "assault resulting
22	in serious bodily injury";
23	(B) inserting "or any other crime of vio-
24	lence" after "assault resulting in serious bodily
25	injury''; and

1	(C) striking "three" and inserting "10";
2	and
3	(5) by inserting "(as defined in section 1365 of
4	this title)" after "serious bodily injury" the first
5	place that term appears.
6	SEC. 2110. FACILITATING THE PROSECUTION OF
7	CARJACKING OFFENSES.
8	Section 2119 of title 18, United States Code, is
9	amended by striking ", with the intent to cause death or
10	serious bodily harm".
11	SEC. 2111. FACILITATION OF RICO PROSECUTIONS.
12	Section 1962(d) of title 18, United States Code, is
13	amended by adding at the end the following: "For pur-
14	poses of this subsection, it is not necessary to establish
15	that the defendant personally committed an act of rack-
16	eteering activity.".
17	SEC. 2112. FORFEITURE FOR CRIMES OF VIOLENCE, RACK-
18	ETEERING, AND OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE.
19	(a) Civil Forfeiture.—Section 981(a)(1) of title
20	18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
21	the following:
22	"(G) Any proceeds of a crime of violence
23	(as defined in Section 16), an offense under
24	chapter 95 (racketeering), or any offense under
25	chapter 73 (obstruction of justice), or a con-

1	spiracy	to	commit	such	offense,	any	property

- 2 used to facilitate such offense, and any property
- 3 traceable to such property.".
- 4 (b) Criminal Forfeiture.—Section 982(a) of title
- 5 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
- 6 the following:
- 7 "(7) The court, in imposing a sentence on a person
- 8 convicted of a crime of violence (as defined in section 16),
- 9 an offense under chapter 95 (racketeering), or any offense
- 10 under chapter 73 (obstruction of justice), or a conspiracy
- 11 to commit such offense, shall order the person to forfeit
- 12 to the United States any proceeds derived from such of-
- 13 fense, any property used or intended to be used to commit
- 14 such offense, and any property traceable to such prop-
- 15 erty.".
- 16 SEC. 2113. EXPANSION OF DEFINITION OF "RACKETEERING
- 17 ACTIVITY" TO AFFECT GANGS IN INDIAN
- 18 COUNTRY.
- 19 Section 1961(1)(A) of title 18, United States Code,
- 20 is amended by inserting "or, with respect to an act or
- 21 threat occurring solely in Indian country, as defined in
- 22 section 1151 of this title, Federal" after "chargeable
- 23 under State".

	122
1	SEC. 2114. AUTHORITY TO INVESTIGATE SERIAL KILLINGS
2	(a) In General.—Chapter 33 of title 18, United
3	States Code, is amended by inserting after section 537 the
4	following:
5	"§ 538. Investigation of serial killings
6	"(a) Authorization Upon Request.—The Attor-
7	ney General and the Federal Bureau of Investigation may
8	investigate serial killings in violation of the laws of a State
9	or political subdivision, when such investigation is re-
10	quested by the head of a law enforcement agency with in-
11	vestigative or prosecutive jurisdiction over the offense.
12	"(b) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
13	"(1) Killing.—The term 'killing' means con-
14	duct that would constitute an offense under section
15	1111 of title 18, United States Code, if Federal ju-
16	risdiction existed.
17	"(2) Serial Killings.—The term 'serial
18	killings' means a series of 3 or more killings, at least
19	1 of which was committed within the United States
20	having common characteristics such as to suggest
21	the reasonable possibility that the crimes were com-
22	mitted by the same actor or actors.
23	"(3) State.—The term 'State' means a State
24	of the United States, the District of Columbia, and

any commonwealth, territory, or possession of the

United States.".

25

1	(b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of sec-
2	tions for chapter 33 of title 28, United States Code, is
3	amended by inserting after the item for section 537 the
4	following:
	"538. Investigation of serial killings.".
5	SEC. 2115. INCREASED PENALTIES FOR VIOLENCE IN THE
6	COURSE OF RIOT OFFENSES.
7	Section 2101(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
8	amended by striking "paragraph—" and all that follows
9	through the end of the subsection and inserting "shall be
10	fined under this title—
11	"(i) if death results from such act, be impris-
12	oned for any term of years or for life, or both;
13	"(ii) if serious bodily injury (as defined in sec-
14	tion 1365 of this title) results from such act, be im-
15	prisoned for not more than 20 years, or both; or
16	"(iii) in any other case, be imprisoned for not
17	more than 5 years, or both".
18	SEC. 2116. EXPANSION OF FEDERAL JURISDICTION OVER
19	CRIMES OCCURRING IN PRIVATE PENAL FA-
20	CILITIES HOUSING FEDERAL PRISONERS OR
21	PRISONERS FROM OTHER STATES.
22	Section 1791(d)(4) of title 18, United States Code,
23	is amended by inserting before the period at the end the
24	following: ", including privately owned facilities housing
25	Federal prisoners or prisoners who are serving a term of

1	imprisonment under a commitment order from a State
2	other than the State in which the penal facility is located".
3	Subtitle B—Targeting Gang-
4	Related Gun Offenses
5	SEC. 2200. TRANSFER OF FIREARM TO COMMIT A CRIME OF
6	VIOLENCE.
7	Section 924(h) of title 18, United States Code, is
8	amended by inserting "or having reasonable cause to be-
9	lieve" after "knowing".
10	SEC. 2201. INCREASED PENALTY FOR KNOWINGLY RECEIV-
11	ING FIREARM WITH OBLITERATED SERIAL
12	NUMBER.
13	Section 924(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
14	amended—
15	(1) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking "(k),"; and
16	(2) in paragraph (2), by inserting "(k)," after
17	"(j),".
18	SEC. 2202. AMENDMENT OF THE SENTENCING GUIDELINES
19	FOR TRANSFERS OF FIREARMS TO PROHIB-
20	ITED PERSONS.
21	Pursuant to its authority under section 994(p) of title
22	28, United States Code, the United States Sentencing
23	Commission shall amend the Federal sentencing guidelines
24	to increase the base offense level for offenses subject to
25	section 2K2.1 of those guidelines (Unlawful Receipt, Pos-

- 1 session, or Transportation of Firearms or Ammunition;
- 2 Prohibited Transactions Involving Firearms or Ammuni-
- 3 tions) to assume that a person who transferred a firearm
- 4 or ammunition and who knew or had reasonable cause to
- 5 believe that the transferee was a prohibited person is sub-
- 6 ject to the same base offense level as the transferee. The
- 7 amended guidelines shall not require the same offense
- 8 level for the transferor and transferee to the extent that
- 9 the transferee's base offense level is subject to an addi-
- 10 tional increase on the basis of a past criminal conviction
- 11 of either a crime of violence or a controlled substance of-
- 12 fense.
- 13 SEC. 2203. FORFEITURE OF FIREARMS USED IN CRIMES OF
- 14 VIOLENCE AND FELONIES.
- 15 (a) Civil Forfeiture.—Section 981(a)(1) of title
- 16 18, United States Code, as amended by section 2112, is
- 17 amended by adding at the end the following:
- 18 "(H) Any firearm (as defined in section
- 19 921(a)(3)) used or intended to be used to com-
- 20 mit or to facilitate the commission of any crime
- of violence (as defined in Section 16 of this
- title) or any felony under Federal law.".
- 23 (b) Criminal Forfeiture.—Section 982(a) of title
- 24 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
- 25 the following:

- "(8) The court, in imposing a sentence on a person convicted of any crime of violence (as defined in section 16 of this title) or any felony under Federal law, shall order that the person forfeit to the United States any firearm (as defined in section 921(a)(3)) used or intended to be used to commit or to facilitate the commission of the offense.".
- 8 (c) DISPOSAL OF FORFEITED PROPERTY.—Section 9 981(c) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following sentence: "Any firearm for-11 feited pursuant to subsection (a)(1)(H) or section 12 982(a)(8) of this title shall be disposed of by the seizing 13 agency in accordance with law.".
- 14 (d) AUTHORITY TO FORFEIT PROPERTY UNDER 15 SECTION 924(d).—Section 924(d) of title 18, United 16 States Code, is amended by adding the following new 17 paragraph:
- 18 "(4) Whenever any firearm is subject to forfeit-19 ure under this section because it was involved in or 20 used in a violation of subsection (c), the Secretary 21 of the Treasury shall have the authority to seize and 22 forfeit, in accordance with the procedures of the ap-23 plicable forfeiture statute, any property otherwise 24 forfeitable under the laws of the United States that 25 was involved in or derived from the crime of violence

1	or drug trafficking crime described in subsection (c)
2	in which the forfeited firearm was used or carried.".
3	(e) 120-Day Rule for Administrative Forfeit-
4	URE.—Section 924(d)(1) of title 18, United States Code,
5	is amended by adding at the end the following: "If the
6	Government institutes an administrative forfeiture action
7	within the 120-day period, and a claim is then filed that
8	requires that a judicial forfeiture action be filed in Federal
9	court, the Government must file the judicial action within
10	120 days of the filing of the claim. The time during which
11	any related criminal indictment or information is pending
12	shall not be counted in calculating any 120-day period re-
13	ferred to in this subsection.".
14	Subtitle C-Using and Protecting
15	Witnesses To Help Prosecute
16	Gangs and Other Violent Crimi-
17	nals
18	SEC. 2300. INTERSTATE TRAVEL TO ENGAGE IN WITNESS
19	INTIMIDATION OR OBSTRUCTION OF JUS-
20	TICE.
21	Section 1952 of title 18, United States Code, is
22	amended—
23	(1) by redesignating subsections (b) and (c) as
24	(c) and (d), respectively; and

1	(2) by inserting after subsection (a) the follow-
2	ing:
3	"(b) Whoever travels in interstate or foreign com-
4	merce with intent by bribery, force, intimidation, or
5	threat, directed against any person, to delay or influence
6	the testimony of or prevent from testifying a witness in
7	a State criminal proceeding or by any such means to cause
8	any person to destroy, alter, or conceal a record, docu-
9	ment, or other object, with intent to impair the object's
10	integrity or availability for use in such a proceeding, and
11	thereafter engages or endeavors to engage in such con-
12	duct, shall—
13	"(1) be fined under this title or imprisoned not
14	more than 10 years, or both;
15	"(2) if serious bodily injury (as defined in sec-
16	tion 1365) results, be so fined or imprisoned for not
17	more than 20 years, or both; and
18	"(3) if death results, be so fined and impris-
19	oned for any term of years or for life, or both, and
20	may be sentenced to death.".

1	SEC. 2301. EXPANDING PRETRIAL DETENTION ELIGIBILITY
2	FOR SERIOUS GANG AND OTHER VIOLENT
3	CRIMINALS.
4	(a) In General.—Section 3142(f)(1) of title 18,
5	United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
6	following flush sentence:
7	"For purposes of subparagraph (D), the term 'con-
8	victed' includes a finding, under Federal or State
9	law, that a person has committed an act of juvenile
10	delinquency;".
11	(b) Offenses.—Section 3156(a)(4) of title 18,
12	United States Code, is amended—
13	(1) by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph
14	(B);
15	(2) by striking the period at the end of sub-
16	paragraph (C) and inserting "; or"; and
17	(3) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(D) an offense that is a violation of sec-
19	tion 842(i)(1) or 922(g)(1) of this title (relating
20	to possession of explosives or firearms by con-
21	victed felons).".
22	(c) Factors.—Section 3142(g)(3)(B) of title 18,
23	United States Code, is amended—
24	(1) by striking "the person was on probation"
25	and inserting "the person was—
26	"(i) on probation":

1	(2) by striking "local law; and" and inserting
2	"local law; or"; and
3	(3) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(ii) was a member of or participated
5	in a criminal street gang or racketeering
6	enterprise; and".
7	SEC. 2302. CONSPIRACY PENALTY FOR OBSTRUCTION OF
8	JUSTICE OFFENSES INVOLVING VICTIMS,
9	WITNESSES, AND INFORMANTS.
10	Section 1512 of title 18, United States Code, is
11	amended by adding at the end the following:
12	"(j) Whoever conspires to commit any offense defined
13	in this section or section 1513 of this title shall be subject
14	to the same penalties as those prescribed for the offense
15	the commission of which was the object of the conspir-
16	acy.".
17	SEC. 2303. CLARIFICATION OF PROSECUTORIAL AUTHOR-
18	ITY TO ENTER COOPERATION AGREEMENTS.
19	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
20	ings:
21	(1) Section 201 of title 18, United States Code,
22	was enacted in 1962 and was amended in 1986 and
23	again in 1994.
24	(2) At the time section 201 of title 18, United
25	States Code was enacted, and at each of the times

- it was amended, Congress was aware of, and intended to preserve, the traditional law enforcement practice of offering or recommending leniency or other favorable actions with respect to defendants in exchange for truthful testimony or other cooperation in the investigation and prosecution of other offenders.
 - (3) The finding in paragraph (2) of this subsection is based in part on the fact that several Federal statutes, including the immunity statute, the Sentencing Reform Act, and the Witness Relocation and Protection Act, authorize prosecutors to give things of value, including immunity, leniency, and physical protection, in return for testimony.
 - (4) In the over 35 years since section 201 of title 18, United States Code was enacted, and consistent with the intent of Congress in enacting and amending that section, no Federal court interpreted that section to prohibit the essential law enforcement tool of obtaining information and testimony through the use of cooperation agreements between prosecutors and defendants, or settlement agreements between civil enforcement attorneys and defendants.
 - (5) The United States Supreme Court, in numerous decisions since 1962, including Giglio v.

- United States and United States v. Mezzanatto, has
 reviewed and implicitly approved this practice.
- (6) Even before the enactment of section 201 of title 18, United States Code, the United States Su-preme Court implicitly endorsed this practice when it wrote, in Lisenba v. California, that "the practice of taking into consideration, in sentencing an accom-plice, his aid to the State in turning State's evidence can be no denial of due process to a convicted con-federate.".
 - (7) On July 1, 1998, a panel of the United States Court of Appeals for the Tenth Circuit ruled, in the case of United States v. Singleton, that the language of section 201(c) of title 18, United States Code, holding criminally liable anyone who "directly or indirectly, gives, offers, or promises anything of value to any person, for or because of the testimony under oath or affirmation given or to be given by such person as a witness upon a trial, hearing, or other proceeding," forbids a prosecutor from promising leniency to a cooperating witness in exchange for testimony, and further ruled that the conviction of a drug dealer and money launderer be thrown out and the case remanded for a new trial.

- (8) On July 10, 1998, the Tenth Circuit, on its own motion, vacated the panel decision and ordered that the appeal be reheard en banc in November 1998.
 - (9) Since then, other Federal courts have excluded testimony or made other rulings adverse to the prosecution based upon the same or similar reasoning as the vacated panel decision in the Singleton case.
 - (10) Regardless of the eventual ruling of the Tenth Circuit in Singleton, unless there is Federal legislation or a definitive ruling by the United States Supreme Court on this issue, it is likely that accused and convicted offenders across the Nation will continue to challenge charges and convictions, and seek to preclude the admission of truthful testimony in their trials, based on the reasoning in the vacated panel decision, increasing the likelihood that dangerous criminals will be released and that public officials will be deterred from reasonably exercising their discretion in the public interest.
 - (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—
 - (1) to promote effective law enforcement by ensuring that prosecutors and other public officials, including civil enforcement officials, continue to em-

- ploy the traditional and important law enforcement tool of obtaining information and testimony by entering into cooperation and settlement agreements in
- 4 the reasonable exercise of their discretion;
- 5 (2) to ensure that truthful testimony secured by 6 such agreements will continue to be admitted into 7 evidence in judicial proceedings notwithstanding the 8 fact that such agreements may have been entered 9 prior to the effective date of this Act; and
- 10 (3) to clarify, for the benefit of courts interpret11 ing section 201 of title 18, United States Code, that
 12 Congress has never intended to prohibit such agree13 ments and that this Act is intended to endorse a
 14 practice that is already lawful rather than to render
 15 lawful a practice previously forbidden by an Act of
 16 Congress.
- 17 (c) AMENDMENT.—Section 201(d) of title 18, United 18 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-19 ing:
- "Paragraph (2) of subsection (c) shall also not be construed to apply to an officer or employee of the United States or any agency thereof, or of a State or local government or any agency thereof, who is acting in accordance with official duties to investigate or prosecute any violation of criminal or civil law. Nor shall paragraph (3) of

- 1 subsection (c) be construed to apply to a potential witness
- 2 who demands, seeks, receives, accepts, or agrees to accept
- 3 anything of value that may be directly or indirectly given,
- 4 offered, or promised consistent with subsection (c)(2). For
- 5 the purposes of this subsection, the term 'State' includes
- 6 the District of Columbia and any commonwealth, terri-
- 7 tory, or possession of the United States.".
- 8 SEC. 2304. ALLOWING A REDUCTION OF SENTENCE FOR
- 9 PROVIDING USEFUL INVESTIGATIVE INFOR-
- 10 MATION ALTHOUGH NOT REGARDING A PAR-
- 11 TICULAR INDIVIDUAL.
- 12 (a) Title 18.—Section 3553(e) of title 18, United
- 13 States Code, is amended by striking "substantial assist-
- 14 ance in the investigation or prosecution of another person
- 15 who has committed an offense" and inserting "substantial
- 16 assistance in an investigation of any offense or the pros-
- 17 ecution of another person who has committed an offense".
- 18 (b) Title 28.—Section 994(n) of title 28, United
- 19 States Code, is amended by striking "substantial assist-
- 20 ance in the investigation or prosecution of another person
- 21 who has committed an offense" and inserting "substantial
- 22 assistance in an investigation of any offense or the pros-
- 23 ecution of another person who has committed an offense".
- 24 (c) Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.—
- 25 Rule 35(b) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure

1	is amended by striking "substantial assistance in the in-
2	vestigation or prosecution of another person who has com-
3	mitted an offense" and inserting "substantial assistance
4	in an investigation of any offense or the prosecution of
5	another person who has committed an offense".
6	SEC. 2305. INCREASING THE PENALTY FOR USING PHYS
7	ICAL FORCE TO TAMPER WITH WITNESSES
8	VICTIMS, OR INFORMANTS.
9	Section 1512 of title 18, United States Code, is
10	amended—
11	(1) in subsection (a)—
12	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "as pro-
13	vided in paragraph (2)" and inserting "as pro-
14	vided in paragraph (3)";
15	(B) by redesignating paragraph (2) as
16	paragraph (3);
17	(C) by inserting after paragraph (1) the
18	following:
19	"(2) Whoever uses physical force or the threat
20	of physical force, or attempts to do so, with intent
21	to—
22	"(A) influence, delay, or prevent the testi-
23	mony of any person in an official proceeding;
24	"(B) cause or induce any person to—

1	"(i) withhold testimony, or withhold a
2	record, document, or other object, from an
3	official proceeding;
4	"(ii) alter, destroy, mutilate, or con-
5	ceal an object with intent to impair the ob-
6	ject's integrity or availability for use in an
7	official proceeding;
8	"(iii) evade legal process summoning
9	that person to appear as a witness, or to
10	produce a record, document, or other ob-
11	ject, in an official proceeding; and
12	"(iv) be absent from an official pro-
13	ceeding to which such person has been
14	summoned by legal process; or
15	"(C) hinder, delay, or prevent the commu-
16	nication to a law enforcement officer or judge
17	of the United States of information relating to
18	the commission or possible commission of a
19	Federal offense or a violation of conditions of
20	probation, parole, or release pending judicial
21	proceedings;
22	shall be punished as provided in paragraph (3).";
23	and
24	(D) by striking paragraph (3)(B), as re-
25	designated, and inserting the following:

1	"(B) an attempt to murder, the use of
2	physical force, the threat of physical force, or
3	an attempt to do so, imprisonment for not more
4	than 20 years."; and
5	(2) in subsection (b), by striking "or physical
6	force".
7	SEC. 2306. EXPANSION OF FEDERAL KIDNAPPING OFFENSE
8	TO COVER WHEN DEATH OF VICTIM OCCURS
9	BEFORE CROSSING STATE LINE AND WHEN
10	FACILITY IN INTERSTATE COMMERCE OR
11	THE MAILS ARE USED.
12	Section 1201(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
13	amended—
14	(1) by inserting before the semicolon at the end
15	of paragraph (1) the following: ", without regard to
16	whether such person was alive when transported
17	across a State boundary if the person was alive
18	when the transportation began";
19	(2) by striking "or" at the end of paragraph
20	(4); and
21	(3) by inserting after paragraph (5) the follow-
22	ing:
23	"(6) an individual travels in interstate or for-
24	eign commerce in furtherance of the offense; or

1	"(7) the mail or a facility in interstate or for-
2	eign commerce is used in furtherance of the of-
3	fense;".
4	SEC. 2307. ASSAULTS OR OTHER CRIMES OF VIOLENCE FOR
5	HIRE.
6	Section 1958(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
7	amended by inserting "or other felony crime of violence
8	against the person" after "murder".
9	SEC. 2308. CLARIFICATION OF INTERSTATE THREAT STAT-
10	UTE TO COVER THREATS TO KILL.
11	Subsections (b) and (c) of section 875 of title 18,
12	United States Code, and the second and third undesig-
13	nated paragraphs of sections 876 and 877 of title 18,
14	United States Code, are each amended by striking "any
15	threat to injure" and inserting "any threat to kill or in-
16	jure".
17	SEC. 2309. CONFORMING AMENDMENT TO LAW PUNISHING
18	OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE BY NOTIFICATION
19	OF EXISTENCE OF A SUBPOENA FOR
20	RECORDS IN CERTAIN TYPES OF INVESTIGA-
21	TIONS.
22	Section 1510(b)(3)(B) of title 18, United States
23	Code, is amended—
24	(1) by striking "or" at the end of clause (i):

1	(2) by striking the period and inserting "; or"
2	at the end of clause (ii); and
3	(3) by adding the following new clauses:
4	"(iii) the Controlled Substances Act
5	(21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.), the Controlled
6	Substances Import and Export Act (21
7	U.S.C. 951 et seq.), or section 6050I of
8	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and
9	"(iv) section 286, 287, 669, 1001,
10	1027, 1035, 1341, 1343, 1347, 1518, or
11	1954 relating to a Federal health care of-
12	fense.".
13	SEC. 2310. ELIMINATION OF PROOF OF VALUE REQUIRE-
14	MENT FOR FELONY THEFT OR CONVERSION
15	OF GRAND JURY MATERIAL.
16	Section 641 of title 18, United States Code, is
17	amended by striking "but if the value of such property
18	does not exceed the sum of \$1,000, he" and inserting "but
19	if the value of such property, other than property con-
20	stituting matters occurring before the grand jury, within
21	the meaning of Rule 6(e) of the Federal Rules of Criminal
22	Procedure, does not exceed the sum of \$1,000, that per-
23	son".

1	Subtitle D—Gang Paraphernalia
2	SEC. 2400. STREAMLINING PROCEDURES FOR LAW EN-
3	FORCEMENT ACCESS TO CLONE NUMERIC
4	PAGERS.
5	(a) Amendment to Chapter 206.—Chapter 206 of
6	title 18, United States Code, is amended—
7	(1) in the chapter heading, by striking "AND
8	TRAP AND TRACE DEVICES" and inserting:
9	"TRAP AND TRACE DEVICES, AND CLONE
10	NUMERIC PAGERS";
11	(2) in section 3121—
12	(A) in the section heading, by striking
13	"and trap and trace device" and inserting ",
14	trap and trace device, and clone pager";
15	(B) in subsection (a)—
16	(i) by striking "or a trap and trace
17	device" each place that term appears and
18	inserting ", a trap and trace device, or a
19	clone pager";
20	(ii) after "3123" by inserting "or sec-
21	tion 3129"; and
22	(C) in subsections (b) and (c), by striking
23	"or trap and trace device" each place that term
24	appears an inserting ", a trap and trade device
25	or a cone pager";

1	(3) in section 3124—
2	(A) in the section heading, by striking "or
3	a trap and trace device" and inserting ", a trap
4	and trace device, or a clone pager";
5	(B) by redesignating subsections (c)
6	through (f) as subsections (d) through (g), re-
7	spectively; and
8	(C) by inserting after subsection (b) the
9	following:
10	"(c) Clone Pager.—Upon the request of an attor-
11	ney for the Government or an officer of a law enforcement
12	agency authorized to use a clone pager under this chapter,
13	a provider of a paging service or electronic communication
14	service shall furnish such investigative or law enforcement
15	officer, all information, facilities, and technical assistance
16	necessary to accomplish the use of the clone pager unob-
17	trusively and with a minimum of interference with the
18	services that the person so ordered by the court provides
19	to the subscriber, if such assistance is directed by a court
20	order as provided in section $3129(b)(2)$ of this chapter.";
21	(4) in section 3125—
22	(A) in the section heading, by striking
23	"and trap and trace device" and inserting ",
24	trap and trace device, and clone pager";
25	(B) in subsection (a)—

1	(i) by striking "or trap and trace de-
2	vice" each place that term appears and in-
3	serting ", a trap and trace device, or a
4	clone pager"; and
5	(ii) by striking "an order approving
6	the installation or use is issued in accord-
7	ance with section 3123 of this title" and
8	inserting "an application is made for an
9	order approving the installation or use in
10	accordance with section 3123 or section
11	3128 of this title"; and
12	(C) in subsection (b), by adding at the end
13	the following: "In the event such application for
14	the use of a clone pager is denied, or in any
15	other case where the use of the clone pager is
16	terminated without an order having been
17	issued, an inventory shall be served as provided
18	for in section 3129(e).";
19	(5) in section 3126—
20	(A) in the section heading, by striking
21	"and trap and trace devices" and inserting ",
22	trap and trace devices, and clone pagers"; and
23	(B) by striking "pen register orders and
24	orders for trap and trace devices" and inserting

1	"orders for pen registers, trap and trace de-
2	vices, and clone pagers"; and
3	(6) in section 3127—
4	(A) in paragraph (2), by striking "pen reg-
5	ister or a trap and trace device" and inserting
6	"pen register, a trap and trace device, or a
7	clone pager'';
8	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (5) and
9	(6) as paragraphs (6) and (7), respectively; and
10	(C) by inserting after paragraph (4) the
11	following:
12	"(5) the term 'clone pager' means a numeric
13	display device that receives transmissions intended
14	for another numeric display paging device.".
15	(b) Applications for Orders.—Chapter 206 of
16	title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the
17	end the following:
18	"§ 3128. Application for an order for use of a clone
19	pager
20	"(a) APPLICATION.—(1) An attorney for the Govern-
21	ment may apply to a court of competent jurisdiction for
22	an order or an extension of an order under section 3129
23	of this title authorizing the use of a clone pager.
24	"(2) A State investigative or law enforcement officer
25	may, if authorized by State law, apply to a court of com-

1	petent jurisdiction of such State for an order or an exten-				
2	sion of an order under section 3129 of this title authoriz-				
3	ing the use of a clone pager.				
4	"(b) Contents of Application.—An application				
5	under subsection (a) of this section shall include—				
6	"(1) the identify of the attorney for the Govern-				
7	ment or the State law enforcement or investigative				
8	officer making the application and the identify of the				
9	law enforcement agency conducting the investiga-				
10	tion;				
11	"(2) the identify, if known, of the person using				
12	the numeric display paging device to be cloned;				
13	"(3) a description of the numeric display paging				
14	device to be cloned;				
15	"(4) the identify, if known, of the person who				
16	is the subject of the criminal investigation; and				
17	"(5) an affidavit, sworn to before the court of				
18	competent jurisdiction, establishing probable cause				
19	for belief that information relevant to an ongoing				
20	criminal investigation being conducted by that agen-				
21	cy will be obtained through use of the clone pager.				
22	"§ 3129. Issuance of an order for use of a clone pager				
23	"(a) In General.—Upon an application made under				
24	section 3128 of this title, the court shall enter an ex parte				
25	order authorizing the use of a clone pager within the juris-				

1	diction of the court if the court finds that the application					
2	has established probable cause to believe that information					
3	relevant to an ongoing criminal investigation being con-					
4	ducted by that agency will be obtained through use of the					
5	clone pager.					
6	"(b) Contents of an Order.—An order issued					
7	under this section—					
8	"(1) shall specify—					
9	"(A) the identity, if known, of each indi-					
10	vidual using the numeric display paging device					
11	to be cloned;					
12	"(B) the numeric display paging device to					
13	be cloned;					
14	"(C) the identity, if known, of the person					
15	who is the subject of the criminal investigation;					
16	and					
17	"(D) the offense to which the information					
18	likely to be obtained by the clone pager relates;					
19	and					
20	"(2) shall direct, upon the request of the appli-					
21	cant, the furnishing of information, facilities, and					
22	technical assistance necessary to use the clone pager					
23	under section 3124 of this title.					

1	"(c) Time Period and Extensions.—(1) An order
2	issued under this section shall authorize the use of a clone
3	pager for a period not to exceed 30 days.
4	"(2) Extensions of an order referred to in paragraph
5	(1) may be granted, but only upon an application for an
6	order under section 3128 of this title and upon the judicial
7	finding required by subsection (a). The period of extension
8	shall be for a period not to exceed 30 days.
9	"(3) Within a reasonable time after the termination
10	of the period of a clone pager order or any extensions
11	thereof, the applicant shall report to the issuing judge the
12	number of numeric pager messages acquired through the
13	use of the clone pager during such period.
14	"(d) Nondisclosure of Existence of Clone
15	PAGER.—An order authorizing the use of a clone pager
16	shall direct that—
17	"(1) the order be sealed until otherwise ordered
18	by the court; and
19	"(2) the person who has been ordered by the
20	court to provide assistance to the applicant not dis-
21	close the existence of the clone pager or the exist-

ence of the investigation to the listed subscriber, or

to any other person, until otherwise ordered by the

court.

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1	"(e) Notification.—Within a reasonable time but
2	not later than 90 days after the termination of the period
3	of a clone pager order or any extensions thereof, the
4	issuing judge shall cause to be served, on each individua
5	using the numeric display paging device which was cloned
6	an inventory including notice of—
7	"(1) the fact of the entry of the order or the
8	application;
9	"(2) the date of the entry and the period of
10	clone pager use authorized, or the denial of the ap
11	plication; and
12	"(3) whether or not information was obtained
13	through the use of the clone pager.
14	Upon an ex parte showing of good cause, a court of com
15	petent jurisdiction may in its discretion postpone the serv
16	ing of the notice required by this section.".
17	(c) Conforming Amendment.—The table of sec
18	tions for chapter 206 of title 18, United States Code, is
19	amended—
20	(1) by striking the item relating to section 3121
21	and inserting the following:
	"3121. General prohibition on pen register, trap and trace device, and clon- pager use; exception.";
22	(2) by striking the item relating to section 3124
23	and inserting the following:

"3124. Assistance in installation and use of a pen register, a trap and trace device, or clone pager.";

1	(3) by striking the item relating to section 3125
2	and inserting the following:
	"3125. Emergency pen register, trap and trace device, and clone pager installation and use.";
3	(4) by striking the item relating to section 3126
4	and inserting the following:
	"3126. Reports concerning pen registers, trap and trace devices, and clone pagers.";
5	and
6	(5) by adding at the end the following:
	"3128. Application for an order for use of a clone pager. "3129. Issuance of an order for use of a clone pager.".
7	(d) Conforming Amendments.—
8	(1) Section 2511(2)(h) of title 18, United
9	States Code, is amended by striking clause (i) and
10	inserting the following:
11	"(i) to use a pen register, a trap and
12	trace device, or a clone pager (as those
13	terms are defined for the purposes of chap-
14	ter 206 (relating to pen registers, trap and
15	trace devices, and clone pagers) of this
16	title); or".
17	(2) Section 2510(12) of title 18, United States
18	Code, is amended—
19	(A) in subparagraph (C), by striking "or"
20	at the end;
21	(B) by inserting "or" after subparagraph
22	(D); and

1	(C) by adding at the end the following:
2	"(E) any transmission made through a
3	clone pager (as defined in section 3127(5) of
4	this title).".
5	(3) Section 705(a) of the Communications Act
6	of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 605(a)) is amended by striking
7	"chapter 119" and inserting "chapters 119 and
8	206".
9	SEC. 2401. SENTENCING ENHANCEMENT FOR USING BODY
10	ARMOR IN COMMISSION OF A FELONY.
11	(a) Definitions.—In this section—
12	(1) the term "body armor" means any product
13	sold or offered for sale as personal protective body
14	covering intended to protect against gunfire, regard-
15	less of whether the product is to be worn alone or
16	is sold as a complement to another product or gar-
17	ment; and
18	(2) the term "law enforcement officer" means
19	any officer, agent, or employee of the United States,
20	a State, or a political subdivision of a State, author-
21	ized by law or by a government agency to engage in
22	or supervise the prevention, detection, investigation,
23	or prosecution of any violation of criminal law.
24	(b) Sentencing Enhancement.—Pursuant to its
25	authority under section 994(p) of title 28. United States

1	Code, the United States Sentencing Commission shall
2	amend the Federal sentencing guidelines to provide an ap-
3	propriate sentencing enhancement for any offense in which
4	the defendant used body armor.
5	(c) Consistency.—In carrying out this section, the
6	United States Sentencing Commission shall—
7	(1) ensure that there is reasonable consistency
8	with other Federal sentencing guidelines; and
9	(2) avoid duplicative punishment for substan-
10	tially the same offense.
11	(d) Applicability.—No Federal sentencing guide-
12	line amendment made under this section shall apply if the
13	Federal crime in which the body armor is used constitutes
14	a violation of, attempted violation of, or conspiracy to vio-
15	late the civil rights of a person by a law enforcement offi-
16	cer acting under color of the authority of such law enforce-
17	ment officer.
18	SEC. 2402. SENTENCING ENHANCEMENT FOR USING LASER
19	SIGHTING DEVICES IN COMMISSION OF A
20	FELONY.
21	(a) Definitions.—In this section—
22	(1) the term "firearm" has the same meaning
23	as in section 921 of title 18, United States Code;
24	and

1	(2) the term "laser-sighting device" includes
2	any device designed to be attached to a firearm that
3	uses technology, such as laser sighting, red-dot-
4	sighting, night sighting, telescopic sighting, or other
5	similarly effective technology, in order to enhance
6	target acquisition.
7	(b) Sentencing Enhancement.—Pursuant to its
8	authority under section 994(p) of title 28, United States
9	Code, the United States Sentencing Commission shall
10	amend the Federal sentencing guidelines to provide an ap-
11	propriate sentencing enhancement for any serious violent
12	felony or serious drug offense, as defined in section 3559
13	of this title, in which the defendant—
14	(1) possessed a firearm equipped with a laser-
15	sighting device; or
16	(2) possessed a firearm and the defendant pos-
17	sessed a laser-sighting device (capable of being read-
18	ily attached to the firearm).
19	(c) Consistency.—In carrying out this section, the
20	United States Sentencing Commission shall—
21	(1) ensure that there is reasonable consistency
22	with other Federal sentencing guidelines; and
23	(2) avoid duplicative punishment for substan-
24	tially the same offense.

1	SEC. 2403. GOVERNMENT ACCESS TO LOCATION INFORMA-
2	TION.
3	(a) Court Order Required.—Section 2703 of title
4	18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
5	the following:
6	"(g) Requirements for Disclosure of Location
7	Information.—A provider of mobile electronic commu-
8	nication service shall provide to a governmental entity in-
9	formation generated by and disclosing, on a real time
10	basis, the physical location of a subscriber's equipment
11	only if the governmental entity obtains a court order
12	issued upon a finding that there is probable cause to be-
13	lieve that an individual using or possessing the subscriber
14	equipment is committing, has committed, or is about to
15	commit a felony offense.".
16	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section
17	2703(c)(1)(B) of title 18, United States Code, is amended
18	by inserting "or wireless location information covered by
19	subsection (g) of this section" after "(b) of this section".
20	SEC. 2404. LIMITATION ON OBTAINING TRANSACTIONAL IN-
21	FORMATION FROM PEN REGISTERS OR TRAP
22	AND TRACE DEVICES.
23	Subsection 3123(a) of title 18, United States Code,
24	is amended to read as follows:
25	"(a) In General.—Upon an application made under
26	section 3122, the court may enter an ex parte order—

1	"(1) authorizing the installation and use of a
2	pen register or a trap and trace device within the ju-
3	risdiction of the court if the court finds, based on
4	the certification by the attorney for the Government
5	or the State law enforcement or investigative officer,
6	that the information likely to be obtained by such in-
7	stallation and use is relevant to an ongoing criminal
8	investigation; and
9	"(2) directing that the use of the pen register
10	or trap and trace device be conducted in such a way
11	as to minimize the recording or decoding of any elec-
12	tronic or other impulses that are not related to the
13	dialing and signaling information utilized in call
14	processing.".
15	Subtitle E—Grants To Target Gang
16	Crime and Violent Juveniles
17	PART 1—GRANTS TO PROSECUTORS' OFFICES
18	SEC. 2510. AUTHORITY TO MAKE GRANTS TO PROSECU-
19	TORS TO COMBAT GANG CRIME AND YOUTH
20	VIOLENCE.
21	Section 31702 of subtitle Q of title III of the Violent
22	Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42
23	U.S.C. 13862) is amended—
24	(1) in paragraph (3), by striking "and" at the
25	end;

1	(2) in paragraph (4), by striking the period and				
2	inserting a semicolon; and				
3	(3) by adding at the end the following:				
4	"(5) to allow the hiring of additional prosecu-				
5	tors, so that more cases can be prosecuted and back-				
6	logs reduced;				
7	"(6) to provide funding to enable prosecutors to				
8	address drug, gang, and youth violence problems				
9	more effectively;				
10	"(7) to provide funding to assist prosecutors				
11	with funding for technology, equipment, and training				
12	to assist prosecutors in reducing the incidence of,				
13	and increase the successful identification and speed				
14	of prosecution of young violent offenders; and				
15	"(8) to provide funding to assist prosecutors in				
16	their efforts to engage in community prosecution,				
17	problem solving, and conflict resolution techniques				
18	through collaborative efforts with police, school offi-				
19	cials, probation officers, social service agencies, and				
20	community organizations.".				
21	SEC. 2511. RECIPIENTS.				
22	Section 31701(a) of the Violent Crime Control and				
23	Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13861(a)) is				
24	amended by striking "or local prosecutors" and inserting				
25	"local prosecutors, or combination thereof,".				

1	SEC	9519	ATTUODIZ	ATION OF	APPROPRIATION	C
	SPAC.	2512.	AUTHURIZ	ATION OF	APPROPRIATION	5

- 2 Subtitle Q of title II of the Violent Crime Control
- 3 and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13861 et
- 4 seg.) is amended by striking section 31707 and adding at
- 5 the end the following:

6 "SEC. 31709. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 7 "There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
- 8 this subtitle, and to remain available until expended—
- 9 "(1) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 1999;
- 10 "(2) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2000; and
- 11 "(3) such sums as may be necessary for each
- of the fiscal years 2001 and 2002.".
- 13 SEC. 2513. TRAINING, TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, RESEARCH,
- 14 STATISTICS, AND EVALUATION.
- 15 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle Q of title III of the Vio-
- 16 lent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42)
- 17 U.S.C. 31701 et seq.) is amended by—
- 18 (1) inserting after section 31706, the following
- 19 new sections:

20 "SEC. 31707. TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.

- 21 "Two percent of all funds appropriated for this sub-
- 22 title shall be set aside for training and technical assistance
- 23 consistent with this subtitle, including providing funds to
- 24 training and technical assistance providers to assist orga-
- 25 nizations listed in section 31701(a) of this subtitle imple-

1	ment programs authorized under section 31702 of this
2	subtitle.
3	"SEC. 31708. RESEARCH, STATISTICS, AND EVALUATION.
4	"Ten percent of all funds appropriated for this sub-
5	title shall be set aside for research, statistics, and evalua-
6	tion activities consistent with this subtitle."; and
7	(2) redesignating section 31708 as section
8	31710.
9	(b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of con-
10	tents contained in section 2 of the Violent Crime Control
11	and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (108 Stat. 1796) is
12	amended by striking the item relating to sections 31707
13	and 31708 and inserting the following:
	"Sec. 31707. Training and technical assistance. "Sec. 31708. Research, statistics, and evaluation. "Sec. 31709. Authorization of appropriations. "Sec. 31710. Definitions.".
14	PART 2—HIGH INTENSITY INTERSTATE GANG
15	ACTIVITY AREAS
16	SEC. 2520. HIGH INTENSITY INTERSTATE GANG ACTIVITY
17	AREAS.
18	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
19	(1) GOVERNOR.—The term "Governor" means
20	a Governor of a State or the Mayor of the District
21	of Columbia.
22	(2) High intensity interstate gang activ-
23	ITY AREA.—The term "high intensity interstate

1	gang activity area" means an area within a State
2	that is designated as a high intensity interstate gang
3	activity area under subsection (b)(1).
4	(3) State.—The term "State" means a State
5	of the United States or the District of Columbia.
6	(b) High Intensity Interstate Gang Activity
7	Areas.—
8	(1) Designation.—The Attorney General,
9	upon consultation with the Secretary of the Treas-
10	ury and the Governors of appropriate States, may
11	designate as a high intensity interstate gang activity
12	area a specified area that is located—
13	(A) within a State; or
14	(B) in more than 1 State.
15	(2) Assistance.—In order to provide Federal
16	assistance to a high intensity interstate gang activity
17	area, the Attorney General may—
18	(A) facilitate the establishment of a re-
19	gional task force, consisting of Federal, State,
20	and local law enforcement authorities, for the
21	coordinated investigation, disruption, apprehen-
22	sion, and prosecution of criminal activities of
23	gangs and gang members in the high intensity
24	interstate gang activity area; and

1	(B) direct the detailing from any Federal
2	department or agency (subject to the approval
3	of the head of that department or agency, in
4	the case of a department or agency other than
5	the Department of Justice) of personnel to the
6	high intensity interstate gang activity area.
7	(3) Criteria for designation.—In consider-
8	ing an area (within a State or within more than 1
9	State) for designation as a high intensity interstate
10	gang activity area, the Attorney General shall con-
11	sider—
12	(A) the extent to which gangs from the
13	area are involved in interstate or international
14	criminal activity;
15	(B) the extent to which the area is affected
16	by the criminal activity of gang members who—
17	(i) are located in, or have relocated
18	from, other States; or
19	(ii) are located in, or have immigrated
20	(legally or illegally) from, foreign countries;
21	(C) the extent to which the area is affected
22	by the criminal activity of gangs that originated
23	in other States or foreign countries;
24	(D) the extent to which State and local law
25	enforcement agencies have committed resources

1	to respond to the problem of criminal gang ac-
2	tivity in the area, as an indication of their de-
3	termination to respond aggressively to the prob-
4	lem;
5	(E) the extent to which a significant in-
6	crease in the allocation of Federal resources
7	would enhance local response to gang-related
8	criminal activities in the area; and
9	(F) any other criteria that the Attorney
10	General considers to be appropriate.
11	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—
12	(1) In general.—There are authorized to be
13	appropriated \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years
14	1999 through 2002, to be used in accordance with
15	paragraph (2).
16	(2) Use of funds.—Of the amounts author-
17	ized to be appropriated under paragraph (1)—
18	(A) 60 percent shall be used to carry out
19	subsection $(b)(2)$; and
20	(B) 40 percent shall be used to make
21	grants for community-based programs to pro-
22	vide crime prevention and intervention services
23	that are designed for gang members and at-risk
24	vouth in areas designated pursuant to this sec-

1	tion as high intensity interstate gang activity
2	areas.
3	(3) Requirement.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General
5	shall ensure that not less than 10 percent of
6	the amounts authorized under paragraph (1)
7	are used to assist rural States affected as de-
8	scribed in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of sub-
9	section (b)(3).
10	(B) Definition of Rural State.—In
11	this paragraph, the term "rural State" has the
12	meaning given the term in section 1501(b) of
13	title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
14	Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796bb(b)).
15	TITLE III—COMBATING
16	VIOLENCE ON THE STREETS
17	Subtitle A—More Police Officers on
18	the Beat
19	SEC. 3100. MORE POLICE OFFICERS ON THE BEAT.
20	Section $1001(a)(11)(A)$ of title I of the Omnibus
21	Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C.
22	3793(a)(11)(A)) is amended—
23	(1) in clause (v), by striking "and" at the end;
24	(2) in clause (vi), by striking the period at the
25	end and inserting a semicolon; and

1	(3) by adding at the end the following:
2	"(vii) \$1,240,000,000 for fiscal year 2001; and
3	"(viii) \$1,240,000,000 for fiscal year 2002.".
4	SEC. 3101. GRANTS FOR EQUIPMENT, TECHNOLOGY, AND
5	SUPPORT SYSTEMS.
6	Section 1701 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control
7	and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796dd) is
8	amended by striking subsection (b)(2)(A) and inserting
9	the following:
10	"(A) may not exceed 20 percent of the
11	funds available for grants pursuant to this sub-
12	section in any fiscal year.".
13	SEC. 3102. NATIONAL COMMUNITY POLICE.
14	Part Q of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and
15	Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796dd et seq.) is
16	amended by adding at the end the following:
17	"SEC. 1710. NATIONAL POLICE TELECOMMUNICATIONS.
18	"(a) Findings.—Congress finds that—
19	"(1) police departments and sheriffs confirm
20	that the 911 system is overloaded and that a large
21	percentage of those calls are nonemergency calls;
22	"(2) many communities have seen increases in
23	their 911 call volumes of between 40 percent and 50
24	percent annually;

1	"(3) police officers are forced to spend too
2	much time responding to nonemergency situations,
3	which eliminates time for proactive community polic-
4	ing; and
5	"(4) efforts to limit the use of 911 by using
6	general telephone numbers and educating the public
7	to reference a general number in the telephone book
8	have been ineffective.
9	"(b) Purpose.—The purposes of this section are—
10	"(1) to encourage the Federal Communications
11	Commission to reserve the 311 nonemergency num-
12	ber on a national basis for use by public safety agen-
13	cies in responding to nonemergency police telephone
14	calls; and
15	"(2) to establish a Federal assistance program
16	to assist States and localities in establishing 311
17	nonemergency systems and to educate citizens in the
18	use of 911 and 311.
19	"(c) Authority To Make 311 Nonemergency
20	GRANTS.—The Attorney General, acting through the Di-
21	rector of the Office of Community Oriented Policing Serv-
22	ices, may make grants to States, units of local govern-
23	ments, Indian tribal governments, other public and private
24	entities, and multijurisdictional or regional consortia, to

- 1 encourage the use of and to implement 311 nonemergency
- 2 telecommunication systems for public safety.
- 3 "(d) GENERAL REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—The At-
- 4 torney General may promulgate regulations and guidelines
- 5 to carry out this section.
- 6 "(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 7 are authorized to be appropriated from the Violent Crime
- 8 Reduction Trust Fund to carry out this section—
- 9 "(1) such sums as may be necessary for each
- of the fiscal years 1999 through 2000; and
- 11 "(2) \$10,000,000 in each of the fiscal years
- 12 2001 and 2002.".
- 13 SEC. 3103. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.
- Section 1001(a)(11)(B) of the Omnibus Crime Con-
- 15 trol and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C.
- 16 3793(a)(11)(B)) is amended by striking "150,000" each
- 17 place it appears and inserting "100,000".
- 18 Subtitle B—Violent Offender Incar-
- 19 ceration and Truth-in-Sentenc-
- 20 ing Grants
- 21 SEC. 3200. FORMULA ALLOCATIONS.
- Section 20106 of the Violent Crime Control and Law
- 23 Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13706) is amend-
- 24 ed—

1	(1) in subsection $(a)(1)$, by striking subpara-
2	graph (B) and inserting the following:
3	"(B) FORMULA ALLOCATION.—The
4	amount remaining after application of subpara-
5	graph (A) shall be allocated as follows:
6	"(i) 0.75 percent shall be allocated to
7	each State that meets the requirements of
8	section 20103(b), except that the United
9	States Virgin Islands, American Samoa,
10	Guam, and the Commonwealth of the
11	Northern Mariana Islands, if eligible under
12	section 20103(b), shall each be allocated
13	0.05 percent.
14	"(ii) The amount remaining after ap-
15	plication of clause (i) shall be allocated to
16	each State that meets the requirements of
17	section 20103(b), in the ratio that the
18	number of part 1 violent crimes reported
19	by such State to the Federal Bureau of In-
20	vestigation for the 3 years preceding the
21	year in which the determination is made,
22	bears to the average annual number of
23	part 1 violent crimes reported by all States
24	that meet the requirements of section
25	20103(b) to the Federal Bureau of Inves-

1	tigation for the 3 years preceding the year
2	in which the determination is made."; and
3	(2) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the
4	following:
5	"(b) Allocation of Truth-in-Sentencing
6	Grants Under Section 20104.—The amounts available
7	for grants under section 20104 shall be allocated as fol-
8	lows:
9	"(1) FORMULA ALLOCATION.—0.75 percent
10	shall be allocated to each State that meets the re-
11	quirements of section 20104, except that the United
12	States Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, and
13	the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Is-
14	lands, if eligible under section 20104, shall each be
15	allocated 0.05 percent.
16	"(2) Additional allocation.—The amount
17	remaining after application of paragraph (1) shall be
18	allocated to each State that meets the requirements
19	of section 20104, in the ratio that the number of
20	part 1 violent crimes reported by such State to the
21	Federal Bureau of Investigation for the 3 years pre-
22	ceding the year in which the determination is made,
23	bears to the average annual number of part 1 violent
24	crimes reported by all States that meet the require-
25	ments of section 20103(b) to the Federal Bureau of

1	Investigation for the 3 years preceding the year in
2	which the determination is made.".
3	SEC. 3201. EXTENSION OF VIOLENT OFFENDER INCARCER-
4	ATION AND TRUTH-IN-SENTENCING GRANTS.
5	(a) Violent Offender Incarceration Grants.—
6	Section 20108(a) of the Violent Crime Control and Law
7	Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13708(a)) is amend-
8	ed—
9	(1) in paragraph (1)—
10	(A) in subparagraph (D), by striking
11	"and" at the end;
12	(B) in subparagraph (E), by striking the
13	period at the end and inserting a semicolon;
14	and
15	(C) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(F) $$2,750,000,000$ for fiscal year 2001;
17	and
18	"(G) $$2,750,000,000$ for fiscal year
19	2002."; and
20	(2) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking "fiscal
21	year," and all that follows before the period and in-
22	serting the following: "fiscal year distribute 45 per-
23	cent for incarceration grants under section 20103,
24	45 percent for incentive grants under section 20104,
25	and 10 percent for violent juvenile offender incarcer-

1	ation grants under section 1300 of the Safe Schools,
2	Safe Streets, and Secure Borders Act of 1998".
3	(b) Truth in Sentencing Grants.—Section
4	20102(a) of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforce-
5	ment Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13702(a)) is amended—
6	(1) in paragraph (2), by striking "and" at the
7	end;
8	(2) in paragraph (3), by striking the period at
9	the end and inserting "; and; and
10	(3) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(4) for hiring professional staff to supervise
12	violent offenders following release from custody and
13	officers of the court to speed the prosecution of vio-
14	lent offenders.".
15	Subtitle C—Domestic Violence
16	SEC. 3300. EXTENSION OF VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT.
17	(a) Grants To Combat Violent Crimes Against
18	Women.—Section 1001(a)(18) of title I of the Omnibus
19	Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C.
20	3793(a)(18)) is amended—
21	(1) in subparagraph (E), by striking "and" at
22	the end;
23	(2) in subparagraph (F), by inserting "and" at
24	the end; and

1	"(G) \$174,000,000 for fiscal year 2001; and
2	"(H) $$174,000,000$ for fiscal year 2002 .".
3	(b) Education and Prevention Grants To Re-
4	DUCE SEXUAL ASSAULTS AGAINST WOMEN.—
5	(1) In general.—Section 40151 of the Violent
6	Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994
7	(108 Stat. 1920) is amended by striking "Health
8	and Human Services" and inserting "Health Serv-
9	ice".
10	(2) Amendment.—Section 1910A(c) of the
11	Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300w–10(c))
12	is amended—
13	(A) in paragraph (4), by striking "and" at
14	the end; and
15	(B) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(6) $$45,000,000$ for fiscal year 2001; and
17	" (7) \$45,000,000 for fiscal year 2002.".
18	(c) Grant for National Domestic Violence
19	HOTLINE.—Section 316(f) of the Family Violence Preven-
20	tion and Services Act (42 U.S.C. 10416(f)) is amended—
21	(1) in subparagraph (E), by striking "and" at
22	the end;
23	(2) in subparagraph (F), by adding "and" at
24	the end; and
25	(3) by adding at the end the following:

```
1
                 "(G) $500,000 for fiscal year 2001; and
 2
                 "(H) $500,000 for fiscal year 2002.".
 3
        (d) Grants for Battered Women's Shelters.—
 4
   Section 310(a) of the Family Violence Prevention and
 5
    Services Act (42 U.S.C. 10409(a)) is amended—
             (1) in paragraph (4), by striking "and" at the
 6
 7
        end:
             (2) in paragraph (5), by adding "and" at the
 8
 9
        end; and
10
             (3) by adding at the end the following:
11
             "(6) $72,500,000 for fiscal year 2001; and
             "(7) $72,500,000 for fiscal year 2002.".
12
13
        (e) Victims of Child Abuse Programs.—Section
   218(a) of the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 (42)
14
15
   U.S.C. 13014(a)) is amended—
             (1) in paragraph (4), by striking "and" at the
16
17
        end;
18
             (2) in paragraph (5), by adding "and" at the
19
        end; and
20
             (3) by adding at the end the following:
21
             "(6) $10,000,000 for fiscal year 2001; and
             "(7) $10,000,000 for fiscal year 2002.".
22
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1	SEC. 3301. RURAL DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AND CHILD ABUSE
2	ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE.
3	Section 1501(b) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Con-
4	trol and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796bb(b))
5	is amended—
6	(1) by striking "or a State" and inserting ", a
7	State''; and
8	(2) by striking "through fiscal year 1997" and
9	inserting ", or a State that has a population density
10	of more than 60 persons per square mile (as deter-
11	mined by the Bureau of the Census of the Depart-
12	ment of Commerce)".
13	SEC. 3302. PUNISHMENT OF ATTEMPTS TO COMMIT INTER-
14	STATE DOMESTIC VIOLENCE OFFENSE.
15	Section 2261(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
16	amended—
17	(1) in paragraph (1), by inserting "or attempts
18	to do so," after "thereby causes bodily injury to
19	such spouse or intimate partner,"; and
20	(2) in paragraph (2), by inserting "or attempts
21	to do so," after "thereby causes bodily injury to the
22	person's spouse or intimate partner,".

1	SEC. 3303. EXPANSION OF INTERSTATE DOMESTIC VIO-
2	LENCE OFFENSE TO COVER INTIMIDATION.
3	Section 2261A of title 18, United States Code, is
4	amended by striking "injure or harass" and inserting "in-
5	jure, harass, or intimidate".
6	SEC. 3304. PUNISHMENT OF INTERSTATE TRAVEL WITH IN-
7	TENT TO KILL SPOUSE.
8	(a) Sections $2261(b)(3)$ and $2262(b)(3)$ of title 18,
9	United States Code, are each amended by inserting "(as
10	defined in section 2119(2) of this title)" after "serious
11	bodily injury".
12	(b) Section 2261A of title 18, United States Code,
13	is amended by striking "section 1365(g)(3)" and inserting
14	"section 2119(2)";
15	(c)(1) Section 2261 of title 18, United States Code,
16	is amended—
17	(A) in subsection (a)(1), by striking "with the
18	intent to injure, harass, or intimidate" and inserting
19	"with the intent to kill, injure, harass, or intimi-
20	date'; and
21	(B) in subsection (a) (1) and (2), by inserting
22	"or death" after "and thereby causes bodily injury".
23	(2) Section 2262 of title 18, United States Code, is
24	amended—
25	(A) in subsection $(a)(1)$, by inserting "or
26	death" after "bodily injury"; and

1	(B) in subsection (a)(2), by striking "commits
2	an act that injures" and inserting "commits an act
3	that causes bodily injury or death to".
4	Subtitle D—Assistance to Local
5	Law Enforcement
6	SEC. 3400. EXTENSION OF LAW ENFORCEMENT FAMILY
7	SUPPORT FUNDING.
8	Section 1001(a)(21) of title I of the Omnibus Crime
9	Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C.
10	3793(a)(21)) is amended—
11	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through
12	(5) as subparagraphs (A) through (E), respectively;
13	(2) in subparagraph (D), as redesignated, by
14	striking "and" at the end;
15	(3) in subparagraph (E), as redesignated, by
16	striking the period at the end and inserting a semi-
17	colon; and
18	(4) by adding at the end the following:
19	"(F) $$7,500,000$ for fiscal year 2001; and
20	"(G) $$7,500,000$ for fiscal year 2002.".
21	SEC. 3401. EXTENSION OF RURAL DRUG ENFORCEMENT
22	AND TRAINING FUNDING.
23	(a) Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets
24	ACT OF 1968.—Section 1001(a)(9) of title I of the Omni-

1	bus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42
2	U.S.C. 3793(a)(9)) is amended—
3	(1) in subparagraph (D), by striking "and" at
4	the end;
5	(2) in subparagraph (E), by striking the period
6	at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
7	(3) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(F) $66,000,000$ for fiscal year 2001; and
9	``(G) \$66,000,000 for fiscal year 2002.''.
10	(b) VIOLENT CRIME CONTROL AND LAW ENFORCE-
11	MENT ACT OF 1994.—Section 18103(b) of the Violent
12	Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42
13	U.S.C. 14082(b)) is amended—
14	(1) in paragraph (4), by striking "and" at the
15	end;
16	(2) in paragraph (5), by striking the period at
17	the end and inserting a semicolon; and
18	(3) by adding at the end the following:
19	"(6) $1,000,000$ for fiscal year 2001; and
20	" (7) \$1,000,000 for fiscal year 2002.".
21	SEC. 3402. EXTENSION OF DNA IDENTIFICATION GRANTS
22	FUNDING.
23	Section 1001(a) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Con-
24	trol and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3793(a))

1	is amended by redesignating paragraphs (16) through
2	(22) as paragraphs (12) through (17), respectively.
3	SEC. 3403. EXTENSION OF BYRNE GRANT FUNDING.
4	Section 210101 of the Violent Crime Control and
5	Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (Public Law 103–322; 108
6	Stat. 2061) is amended—
7	(1) by striking "through 2000" and inserting
8	"through 2002";
9	(2) in paragraph (5), by striking "and" at the
10	end;
11	(3) in paragraph (6), by striking the period at
12	the end and inserting a semicolon; and
13	(4) by adding at the end the following:
14	" (7) \$200,000,000 for fiscal year 2001; and
15	"(8) $$200,000,000$ for fiscal year 2002.".
16	SEC. 3404. EXTENSION OF TECHNICAL AUTOMATION GRANT
17	FUNDING.
18	Section 210501(c) of the Violent Crime Control and
19	Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14151(c)) is
20	amended—
21	(1) in paragraph (1)—
22	(A) in subparagraph (D), by striking
23	"and" at the end

1	(B) in subparagraph (E), by striking the
2	period at the end and inserting a semicolon;
3	and
4	(C) by adding at the end the following:
5	"(F) for fiscal year 2001, \$24,000,000;
6	and
7	"(G) for fiscal year 2002, \$24,000,000;";
8	and
9	(2) in paragraph (2)—
10	(A) in subparagraph (D), by striking
11	"and" at the end;
12	(B) in subparagraph (E), by striking
13	"and" at the end; and
14	(C) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(F) for fiscal year 2001, $$6,000,000$; and
16	"(G) for fiscal year 2002, \$6,000,000;
17	and".
18	SEC. 3405. EXTENSION OF GRANTS FOR STATE COURT
19	PROSECUTORS.
20	Section 21602 of the Violent Crime Control and Law
21	Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14161) is amend-
22	ed—
23	(1) in subsection (a)—
24	(A) by striking "other criminal justice par-
25	ticipants" and inserting "other criminal justice

1	participants, in both the adult and juvenile sys-
2	tems,";
3	(B) by striking "this Act" and all that fol-
4	lows before the period at the end of the section
5	and inserting "this Act, the Safe Schools, Safe
6	Streets, and Secure Borders Act of 1998, and
7	amendments thereto";
8	(2) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
9	section (e);
10	(3) by inserting after subsection (c) the follow-
11	ing:
12	"(d) Not less than 20 percent of the total amount
13	appropriated to carry out this subtitle in each of the fiscal
14	years 2001 and 2002 shall be made available for providing
15	increased resources to State juvenile courts systems, juve-
16	nile prosecutors, juvenile public defenders, and other juve-
17	nile court system participants.";
18	(4) in subsection (e)—
19	(A) in paragraph (4), by striking "and" at
20	the end;
21	(B) in paragraph (5), by striking the
22	comma at the end and inserting a semicolon;
23	and
24	(C) by inserting immediately after para-
25	graph (5) the following:

1	"(6) $$250,000,000$ for fiscal year 2001; and
2	" (7) \$250,000,000 for fiscal year 2002,".
3	Subtitle E—Protecting Federal,
4	State, and Local Law Enforce-
5	ment Officers and the Judiciary
6	SEC. 3500. EXPANSION OF PROTECTION OF FEDERAL OFFI
7	CERS AND EMPLOYEES FROM MURDER DUE
8	TO THEIR STATUS.
9	Section 1114 of title 18, United States Code, is
10	amended—
11	(1) by inserting "or because of the status of the
12	victim as such an officer or employee," after "on ac-
13	count of the performance of official duties,"; and
14	(2) by inserting "or, if the person assisting is
15	an officer or employee of a State or local govern-
16	ment, because of the status of the victim as such ar
17	officer or employee," after "on account of that as-
18	sistance,".
19	SEC. 3501. ASSAULTING, RESISTING, OR IMPEDING CER
20	TAIN OFFICERS OR EMPLOYEES.
21	Section 111 of title 18, United States Code, is
22	amended—
23	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "three" and
24	inserting "12"; and

1	(2) in subsection (b), by striking "ten" and in-
2	serting "20".
3	SEC. 3502. INFLUENCING, IMPEDING, OR RETALIATING
4	AGAINST A FEDERAL OFFICIAL BY THREAT-
5	ENING A FAMILY MEMBER.
6	Section 115(b)(4) of title 18, United States Code, is
7	amended—
8	(1) by striking "five" and inserting "10"; and
9	(2) by striking "three" and inserting "6".
10	SEC. 3503. MAILING THREATENING COMMUNICATIONS.
11	Section 876 of title 18, United States Code, is
12	amended—
13	(1) by designating the first 4 undesignated
14	paragraphs as subsections (a) through (d), respec-
15	tively;
16	(2) in subsection (c), as so designated, by add-
17	ing at the end the following: "If such a communica-
18	tion is addressed to a United States judge, a Fed-
19	eral law enforcement officer, or an official who is
20	covered by section 1114, the individual shall be fined
21	under this title, imprisoned not more than 10 years,
22	or both."; and
23	(3) in subsection (d), as so designated, by add-
24	ing at the end the following: "If such a communica-
25	tion is addressed to a United States judge, a Fed-

1	eral law enforcement officer, or an official who is
2	covered by section 1114, the individual shall be fined
3	under this title, imprisoned not more than 10 years,
4	or both.".
5	SEC. 3504. AMENDMENT OF THE SENTENCING GUIDELINES
6	FOR ASSAULTS AND THREATS AGAINST FED-
7	ERAL JUDGES AND CERTAIN OTHER FED-
8	ERAL OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES.
9	(a) In General.—Pursuant to its authority under
10	section 994 of title 28, United States Code, the United
11	States Sentencing Commission shall review and amend the
12	Federal sentencing guidelines and the policy statements
13	of the commission, if appropriate, to provide an appro-
14	priate sentencing enhancement for offenses involving in-
15	fluencing, assaulting, resisting, impeding, retaliating
16	against, or threatening a Federal judge, magistrate judge,
17	or any other official described in section 111 or 115 of
18	title 18, United States Code.
19	(b) Factors for Consideration.—In carrying out
20	this section, the United States Sentencing Commission
21	shall consider, with respect to each offense described in
22	subsection (a)—
23	(1) any expression of congressional intent re-
24	garding the appropriate penalties for the offense;
25	(2) the range of conduct covered by the offense;

1	(3)	the e	xisting	sent	tences	for the	offens	se;
2	(4)	the	extent	to	which	senter	ncing	en

- (4) the extent to which sentencing enhancements within the Federal sentencing guidelines and the court's authority to impose a sentence in excess of the applicable guideline range are adequate to ensure punishment at or near the maximum penalty for the most egregious conduct covered by the offense;
 - (5) the extent to which Federal sentencing guideline sentences for the offense have been constrained by statutory maximum penalties;
 - (6) the extent to which Federal sentencing guidelines for the offense adequately achieve the purposes of sentencing as set forth in section 3553(a)(2) of title 18, United States Code;
 - (7) the relationship of Federal sentencing guidelines for the offense to the Federal sentencing guidelines for other offenses of comparable seriousness; and
- (8) any other factors that the Commission considers to be appropriate.

1	SEC. 3505. EXTENSION OF BULLETPROOF VEST PARTNER-
2	SHIP GRANT ACT.
3	Section 1001(a) of the Omnibus Crime Control and
4	Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3793(a)) is amend-
5	ed—
6	(1) by redesignating paragraph (23), as added
7	by the Bulletproof Vest Partnership Grant Act of
8	1998 (42 U.S.C. 3711 note), as paragraph (18); and
9	(2) in paragraph (18), as so redesignated, by
10	striking "fiscal years 1999 through 2001" and in-
11	serting "fiscal years 1999 through 2003".
12	SEC. 3506. KILLING PERSONS AIDING FEDERAL INVESTIGA-
13	TIONS OR STATE CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS.
14	Section 1121(a)(1) of title 18, United States Code,
15	is amended in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by
16	inserting ", State, or joint Federal-State" after "a Fed-
17	eral".
18	SEC. 3507. KILLING STATE CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS.
19	Section 1121(b)(3) of title 18, United States Code,
20	is amended—
21	(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "or" at
22	the end;
23	(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking the period
24	at the end and inserting "; or"; and
25	(3) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(C) the incarcerated person is incarcer-
2	ated pending an initial appearance, arraign-
3	ment, trial, or appeal for an offense against the
4	United States.".
5	SEC. 3508. FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' GOOD
6	SAMARITAN PROTECTION.
7	(a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
8	"Federal Law Enforcement Officers' Good Samaritan Act
9	of 1998".
10	(b) Protection of Federal Law Enforcement
11	Officers Who Intervene in Certain Situations.—
12	(1) Definitions.—In this section—
13	(A) the term "crime of violence" has the
14	meaning given that term in section 16 of title
15	18, United States Code; and
16	(B) the term "law enforcement officer"
17	means—
18	(i) any employee described in subpara-
19	graph (A), (B), or (C) of section 8401(17)
20	of title 5, United States Code; and
21	(ii) any special agent in the Diplo-
22	matic Security Service of the Department
23	of State.
24	(2) Rule of Construction.—Notwithstand-
25	ing any other provision of law, for purposes of chap-

1	ter 171 of title 28, United States Code, or any other
2	provision of law relating to tort liability, a law en-
3	forcement officer shall be construed to be acting
4	within the scope of his or her office or employment,
5	if the officer takes reasonable action, including the
6	use of force, to—
7	(A) protect an individual in the presence of
8	the officer from a crime of violence;
9	(B) provide immediate assistance to an in-
10	dividual who has suffered or who is threatened
11	with bodily harm; or
12	(3) prevent the escape of any individual whom
13	the officer reasonably believes to have committed in
14	the presence of the officer a crime of violence.
15	SEC. 3509. ESTABLISHMENT OF PROTECTIVE FUNCTION
16	PRIVILEGE.
17	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
18	ings:
19	(1) The physical safety of the Nation's top
20	elected officials is a public good of transcendent im-
2021	
	elected officials is a public good of transcendent im-
21	elected officials is a public good of transcendent importance.
21 22	elected officials is a public good of transcendent importance. (2) By virtue of the critical importance of the

- ens profound disruption to our system of representative government and to the security and future of the Nation.
 - (3) The physical safety of visiting heads of foreign states and foreign governments is also a matter of paramount importance. The assassination of such a person while on American soil could have calamitous consequences for our foreign relations and national security.
 - (4) Given these grave concerns, Congress has provided for the Secret Service to protect the President and those in direct line of the Presidency, and has directed that these officials may not waive such protection. Congress has also provided for the Secret Service to protect visiting heads of foreign states and foreign governments.
 - (5) The protective strategy of the Secret Service depends critically on the ability of its personnel to maintain close and unremitting physical proximity to the protectee.
 - (6) Secret Service personnel must remain at the side of the protectee on occasions of confidential conversations and, as a result, may overhear top secret discussions, diplomatic exchanges, sensitive conversations, and matters of personal privacy.

- (7) The necessary level of proximity can be maintained only in an atmosphere of complete trust and confidence between the protectee and his or her protectors.
 - (8) If a protectee has reason to doubt the confidentiality of actions or conversations taken in sight or hearing of Secret Service personnel, the protectee may seek to push the protective envelope away or undermine it to the point at which it could no longer be fully effective.
 - (9) The possibility that Secret Service personnel might be compelled to testify against their protectees could induce foreign nations to refuse Secret Service protection in future state visits, making it impossible for the Secret Service to fulfill its important statutory mission of protecting the life and safety of foreign dignitaries.
 - (10) A privilege protecting information acquired by Secret Service personnel while performing their protective function in physical proximity to a protectee will preserve the security of the protectee by lessening the incentive of the protectee to distance Secret Service personnel in situations in which there is some risk to the safety of the protectee.

- 1 (11) Recognition of a protective function privi2 lege for the President and those in direct line of the
 3 Presidency, and for visiting heads of foreign states
 4 and foreign governments, will promote sufficiently
 5 important interests to outweigh the need for pro6 bative evidence.
 - (12) Because Secret Service personnel retain law enforcement responsibility even while engaged in their protective function, the privilege must be subject to a crime/treason exception.
 - (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—
 - (1) to facilitate the relationship of trust and confidence between Secret Service personnel and certain protected officials that is essential to the ability of the Secret Service to protect these officials, and the Nation, from the risk of assassination; and
 - (2) to ensure that Secret Service personnel are not precluded from testifying in a criminal investigation or prosecution about unlawful activity committed within their view or hearing.
- 21 (c) Admissibility of Information Acquired by
- 22 Secret Service Personnel While Performing
- 23 Their Protective Function.—

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1	(1) Protective function privilege.—Chap-
2	ter 203 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
3	by inserting after section 3056 the following:
4	"§ 3056A. Testimony by Secret Service personnel; pro-
5	tective function privilege
6	"(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
7	"(1) PROTECTEE.—The term 'protectee'
8	means—
9	"(A) the President;
10	"(B) the Vice President (or other officer
11	next in the order of succession to the Office of
12	President);
13	"(C) the President-elect;
14	"(D) the Vice President-elect; and
15	"(E) visiting heads of foreign states or for-
16	eign governments who, at the time and place
17	concerned, are being provided protection by the
18	United States Secret Service.
19	"(2) Secret service personnel.—The term
20	'Secret Service personnel' means any officer or agent
21	of the United States Secret Service.
22	"(b) General Rule of Privilege.—Subject to
23	subsection (c), testimony by Secret Service personnel or
24	former Secret Service personnel regarding information af-
25	feeting a protectee that was acquired during the perform-

1	ance of a protective function in physical proximity to the
2	protectee shall not be received in evidence or otherwise dis-
3	closed in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or be-
4	fore any court, grand jury, department, officer, agency
5	regulatory body, or other authority of the United States
6	a State, or a political subdivision thereof.
7	"(c) Exceptions.—There is no privilege under this
8	section—
9	"(1) with respect to information that, at the
10	time the information was acquired by Secret Service
11	personnel, was sufficient to provide reasonable
12	grounds to believe that a crime had been, was being
13	or would be committed; or
14	"(2) if the privilege is waived by the protected
15	or the legal representative of a protectee or deceased
16	protectee.".
17	(2) Technical and conforming amend-
18	MENT.—The analysis for chapter 203 of title 18
19	United States Code, is amended by inserting after
20	the item relating to section 3056 the following:

"3056A. Testimony by Secret Service personnel; protective function privilege.".

21 (3) APPLICATION.—This Act and the amend-22 ments made by this Act shall apply to any proceed-23 ing commenced on or after the date of enactment of 24 this Act.

1	Subtitle F—Extension of Violent
2	Crime Reduction Trust Fund
3	SEC. 3600. EXTENSION OF VIOLENT CRIME REDUCTION
4	TRUST FUND.
5	(a) VIOLENT CRIME CONTROL AND LAW ENFORCE-
6	MENT ACT OF 1994.—Section 310001(b) of the Violent
7	Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42
8	U.S.C. 14211(b)) is amended—
9	(1) in paragraph (5), by striking "and" at the
10	end;
11	(2) in paragraph (6), by striking the period at
12	the end and inserting a semicolon; and
13	(3) by adding at the end the following:
14	"(7) for fiscal year 2001, \$6,500,000,000; and
15	"(8) for fiscal year 2002, \$6,500,000,000.".
16	(b) REDUCTION IN DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIM-
17	ITS.—Beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, the
18	discretionary spending limits set forth in section 601(a)(1)
19	of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C.
20	665(a)(2)) (as adjusted in conformance with section 251
21	of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control
22	Act of 1985, and in the Senate, with section 301 of House
23	Concurrent Resolution 178 (104th Congress)) for fiscal
24	years 2001 through 2002 are reduced as follows:

1	(1) For fiscal year 2001, for the discretionary
2	category: \$6,500,000,000 in new budget authority
3	and \$6,225,000,000 in outlays.
4	(2) For fiscal year 2002, for the discretionary
5	category: \$6,500,000,000 in new budget authority
6	and $$6,225,000,000$ in outlays.
7	Subtitle G—Punishing Hate Crimes
8	and Protecting Civil Rights
9	SEC. 3700. PUNISHING HATE CRIMES.
10	(a) Short Title.—This subtitle may be cited as the
11	"Hate Crimes Prevention Act of 1998".
12	(b) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
13	(1) the incidence of violence motivated by the
14	actual or perceived race, color, national origin, reli-
15	gion, sexual orientation, gender, or disability of the
16	victim poses a serious national problem;
17	(2) such violence disrupts the tranquility and
18	safety of communities and is deeply divisive;
19	(3) existing Federal law is inadequate at ad-
20	dressing this problem;
21	(4) such violence affects interstate commerce in
22	many ways, including—
23	(A) by impeding the movement of members
24	of targeted groups and forcing such members to

1	move across State lines to escape the incidence
2	or risk of such violence; and
3	(B) by preventing members of targeted
4	groups from purchasing goods and services, ob-
5	taining or sustaining employment or participat-
6	ing in other commercial activity;
7	(5) perpetrators cross State lines to commit
8	such violence;
9	(6) instrumentalities of interstate commerce are
10	used to facilitate the commission of such violence;
11	(7) such violence is committed using articles
12	that have traveled in interstate commerce;
13	(8) violence motivated by bias that is a relic of
14	slavery can constitute badges and incidents of slav-
15	ery;
16	(9) although many local jurisdictions have at-
17	tempted to respond to the challenges posed by such
18	violence, the problem is sufficiently serious, wide-
19	spread, and interstate in scope to warrant Federal
20	intervention to assist such jurisdictions; and
21	(10) many States have no laws addressing vio-
22	lence based on the actual or perceived race, color,
23	national origin, religion, sexual orientation, gender,
24	or disability, of the victim, while other States have
25	laws that provide only limited protection.

1	(c) Definition of Hate Crime.—In this Act, the
2	term "hate crime" has the same meaning as in section
3	280003(a) of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforce-
4	ment Act of 1994 (28 U.S.C. 994 note).
5	(d) Prohibition of Certain Acts of Vio-
6	LENCE.—Section 245 of title 18, United States Code, is
7	amended—
8	(1) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as
9	subsections (d) and (e), respectively; and
10	(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the follow-
11	ing:
12	"(c)(1) Whoever, whether or not acting under color
13	of law, willfully causes bodily injury to any person or,
14	through the use of fire, a firearm, or an explosive device,
15	attempts to cause bodily injury to any person, because of
16	the actual or perceived race, color, religion, or national
17	origin of any person—
18	"(A) shall be imprisoned not more than 10
19	years, or fined in accordance with this title, or both;
20	and
21	"(B) shall be imprisoned for any term of years
22	or for life, or fined in accordance with this title, or
23	both, if—
24	"(i) death results from the acts committed
25	in violation of this paragraph; or

1	"(ii) the acts committed in violation of this
2	paragraph include kidnapping or an attempt to
3	kidnap, aggravated sexual abuse or an attempt
4	to commit aggravated sexual abuse, or an at-
5	tempt to kill.
6	"(2)(A) Whoever, whether or not acting under color
7	of law, in any circumstances described in subparagraph
8	(B), willfully causes bodily injury to any person or,
9	through the use of fire, a firearm, or an explosive device,
10	attempts to cause bodily injury to any person, because of
11	the actual or perceived religion, gender, sexual orientation,
12	or disability of any person—
13	"(i) shall be imprisoned not more than 10
14	years, or fined in accordance with this title, or both;
15	and
16	"(ii) shall be imprisoned for any term of years
17	or for life, or fined in accordance with this title, or
18	both, if—
19	"(I) death results from the acts committed
20	in violation of this paragraph; or
21	"(II) the acts committed in violation of
22	this paragraph include kidnapping or an at-
23	tempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual abuse or an
24	attempt to commit aggravated sexual abuse, or
25	an attempt to kill.

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1	"(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the cir-
2	cumstances described in this subparagraph are that—
3	"(i) in connection with the offense, the defend-
4	ant or the victim travels in interstate or foreign
5	commerce, uses a facility or instrumentality of inter-
6	state or foreign commerce, or engages in any activity
7	affecting interstate or foreign commerce; or
8	"(ii) the offense is in or affects interstate or
9	foreign commerce.".
10	(e) Duties of Federal Sentencing Commis-
11	SION.—
12	(1) Amendment of federal sentencing
13	GUIDELINES.—Pursuant to its authority under sec-
14	tion 994 of title 28, United States Code, the United
15	States Sentencing Commission shall study the issue
16	of adult recruitment of juveniles to commit hate
17	crimes and shall, if appropriate, amend the Federal
18	sentencing guidelines to provide sentencing enhance-
19	ments (in addition to the sentencing enhancement
20	provided for the use of a minor during the commis-
21	sion of an offense) for adult defendants who recruit

(2) Consistency with other guidelines.— In carrying out this section, the United States Sentencing Commission shall—

juveniles to assist in the commission of hate crimes.

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1	(A) ensure that there is reasonable consist-
2	ency with other Federal sentencing guidelines;
3	and
4	(B) avoid duplicative punishments for sub-
5	stantially the same offense.
6	(f) Grant Program.—
7	(1) AUTHORITY TO MAKE GRANTS.—The Ad-
8	ministrator of the Office of Juvenile Justice and De-
9	linquency Prevention of the Department of Justice
10	shall make grants, in accordance with such regula-
11	tions as the Attorney General may prescribe, to
12	State and local programs designed to combat hate
13	crimes committed by juveniles.
14	(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
15	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
16	as may be necessary to carry out this section.
17	(g) Authorization for Additional Personnel
18	TO ASSIST STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT.—
19	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Depart-
20	ment of the Treasury and the Department of Justice, in-
21	cluding the Community Relations Service, for fiscal years
22	1999, 2000, and 2001 such sums as are necessary to in-
23	crease the number of personnel to prevent and respond
24	to alleged violations of section 245 of title 18, United
25	States Code (as amended by subsection (d)).

- 1 (h) Severability.—If any provision of this section,
- 2 an amendment made by this section, or the application
- 3 of such provision or amendment to any person or cir-
- 4 cumstance is held to be unconstitutional, the remainder
- 5 of this section, the amendments made by this section, and
- 6 the application of the provisions of such to any person or
- 7 circumstance shall not be affected thereby.
- 8 SEC. 3701. ATTEMPTED DEPRIVATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS
- 9 UNDER COLOR OF LAW.
- 10 Section 242 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 11 amended by inserting "or attempts to willfully subject"
- 12 after "willfully subjects".
- 13 SEC. 3702. HATE CRIMES STATISTICS ACT.
- Subsection (b) of the first section of the Hate Crimes
- 15 Statistics Act (28 U.S.C. 534 note) is amended by adding
- 16 at the end the following:
- 17 "(6) In acquiring data under this section, the Attor-
- 18 ney General shall, beginning for calendar year 1998, in-
- 19 clude data regarding the age of offenders who have com-
- 20 mitted crimes covered by this section.".
- 21 SEC. 3703. IMPROVEMENT OF HATE CRIMES SENTENCING
- PROCEDURE.
- Section 280003(b) of the Violent Crime Control and
- 24 Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (28 U.S.C. 994 note) is

1	amended by striking "the finder of fact at trial" and in-
2	serting "the court at sentencing".
3	Subtitle H—Deterring Cargo Theft
4	SEC. 3800. PUNISHMENT OF CARGO THEFT.
5	(a) In General.—Section 659 of title 18, United
6	States Code, is amended—
7	(1) by striking "with intent to convert to his
8	own use" each place that term appears;
9	(2) in the first undesignated paragraph—
10	(A) by inserting "trailer," after
11	"motortruck,";
12	(B) by inserting "air cargo container,"
13	after "aircraft,"; and
14	(C) by inserting ", or from any intermodal
15	container, trailer, container freight station,
16	warehouse, or freight consolidation facility,"
17	after "air navigation facility";
18	(3) in the fifth undesignated paragraph, by
19	striking "one year" and inserting "3 years";
20	(4) in the penultimate undesignated paragraph,
21	by inserting after the first sentence the following:
22	"For purposes of this section, goods and chattel
23	shall be construed to be moving as an interstate or
24	foreign shipment at all points between the point of
25	origin and the final destination (as evidenced by the

- 1 waybill or other shipping document of the shipment),
- 2 regardless of any temporary stop while awaiting
- 3 transshipment or otherwise."; and
- 4 (5) by adding at the end the following:
- 5 "It shall be an affirmative defense (on which the de-
- 6 fendant bears the burden of persuasion by a preponder-
- 7 ance of the evidence) to an offense under this section that
- 8 the defendant bought, received, or possessed the goods,
- 9 chattels, money, or baggage at issue with the sole intent
- 10 to report the matter to an appropriate law enforcement
- 11 officer or to the owner of the goods, chattels, money, or
- 12 baggage.".
- 13 (b) Federal Sentencing Guidelines.—Pursuant
- 14 to section 994 of title 28, United States Code, the United
- 15 States Sentencing Commission shall review the Federal
- 16 sentencing guidelines under section 659 of title 18, United
- 17 States Code, as amended by this section and, upon com-
- 18 pletion of the review, promulgate amendments to the Fed-
- 19 eral Sentencing Guidelines to provide appropriate en-
- 20 hancement of the applicable guidelines.
- 21 SEC. 3801. REPORTS TO CONGRESS ON CARGO THEFT.
- The Attorney General shall annually submit to Con-
- 23 gress a report, which shall include an evaluation of law
- 24 enforcement activities relating to the investigation and

1	prosecution of offenses under section 659 of title 18,
2	United States Code, as amended by this section.
3	SEC. 3802. ESTABLISHMENT OF ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON
4	CARGO THEFT.
5	(a) Establishment.—
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—There is established a Com-
7	mittee to be known as the Advisory Committee on
8	Cargo Theft (in this section referred to as the
9	"Committee").
10	(2) Membership.—
11	(A) Composition.—The Committee shall
12	be composed of 6 members, who shall be ap-
13	pointed by the President, of whom—
14	(i) 1 shall be an officer or employee of
15	the Department of Justice;
16	(ii) 1 shall be an officer or employee
17	of the Department of Transportation;
18	(iii) 1 shall be an officer or employee
19	of the Department of the Treasury; and
20	(iv) 3 shall be individuals from the
21	private sector who are experts in cargo se-
22	curity.
23	(B) Date.—The appointments of the ini-
24	tial members of the Committee shall be made

1	not later than 30 days after the date of enact-
2	ment of this Act.
3	(3) Period of Appointment; vacancies.—
4	Each member of the Committee shall be appointed
5	for the life of the Committee. Any vacancy in the
6	Committee shall not affect its powers, but shall be
7	filled in the same manner as the original appoint-
8	ment.
9	(4) Initial meeting.—Not later than 15 days
10	after the date on which all initial members of the
11	Committee have been appointed, the Committee shall
12	hold its first meeting.
13	(5) Meetings.—The Committee shall meet,
14	not less frequently than quarterly, at the call of the
15	Chairperson.
16	(6) Quorum.—A majority of the members of
17	the Committee shall constitute a quorum, but a less-
18	er number of members may hold hearings.
19	(7) Chairperson.—The President shall select
20	1 member of the Committee to serve as the Chair-
21	person of the Committee.
22	(b) Duties.—
23	(1) Study.—The Committee shall conduct a
24	thorough study of, and develop recommendations
25	with respect to, all matters relating to—

1	(A) the establishment of a national com-
2	puter database for the collection and dissemina-
3	tion of information relating to violations of sec-
4	tion 659 of title 18, United States Code (as
5	added by section 3800(a) of this Act); and
6	(B) the establishment of an office within
7	the Federal Government to promote cargo secu-
8	rity and to increase coordination between the
9	Federal Government and the private sector with
10	respect to cargo security.
11	(2) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the
12	date of enactment of this Act, the Committee shall
13	submit to the President and to Congress a report,
14	which shall contain a detailed statement of results of
15	the study and the recommendations of the Commit-
16	tee under paragraph (1).
17	(c) Powers.—
18	(1) Hearings.—The Committee may hold such
19	hearings, sit and act at such times and places, take
20	such testimony, and receive such evidence as the
21	Committee considers advisable to carry out the pur-
22	poses of this section.
23	(2) Information from federal agencies.—
24	The Committee may secure directly from any Fed-

eral department or agency such information as the

- Committee considers necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. Upon request of the Chair-person of the Committee, the head of such department or agency shall furnish such information to the Committee.
 - (3) Postal services.—The Committee may use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as other departments and agencies of the Federal Government.
 - (4) GIFTS.—The Committee may accept, use, and dispose of gifts or donations of services or property.

(d) Personnel Matters.—

(1) Compensation of members.—

(A) Non-federal Members.—Each member of the Committee who is not an officer or employee of the Federal Government shall be compensated at a rate equal to the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, for each day (including travel time) during which such member is engaged in the performance of the duties of the Committee.

l	(B) Federal members.—Each member
2	of the Committee who is an officer or employee
3	of the United States shall serve without com-
1	pensation in addition to that received for their
5	service as an officer or employee of the United
5	States.

(2) Travel expenses.—The members of the Committee shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, while away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the Committee.

(3) Staff.—

(A) In General.—The Chairperson of the Committee may, without regard to the civil service laws and regulations, appoint and terminate an executive director and such other additional personnel as may be necessary to enable the Committee to perform its duties. The employment of an executive director shall be subject to confirmation by the Committee.

(B) Compensation.—The Chairperson of the Committee may fix the compensation of the executive director and other personnel without

- regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 5, United

 States Code, relating to classification of positions and General Schedule pay rates, except
 that the rate of pay for the executive director
 and other personnel may not exceed the rate
 payable for level V of the Executive Schedule
 under section 5316 of such title.
 - (4) Detail of government employees.—
 Any Federal Government employee may be detailed to the Committee without reimbursement, and such detail shall be without interruption or loss of civil service status or privilege.
 - (5) PROCUREMENT OF TEMPORARY AND INTERMITTENT SERVICES.—The Chairperson of the Committee may procure temporary and intermittent services under section 3109(b) of title 5, United States
 Code, at rates for individuals which do not exceed
 the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay
 prescribed for level V of the Executive Schedule
 under section 5316 of such title.
- 22 (e) TERMINATION.—The Committee shall terminate 23 90 days after the date on which the Committee submits 24 the report under subsection (b)(2).
- 25 (f) Authorization of Appropriations.—

1	(1) In general.—There are authorized to be
2	appropriated such sums as may be necessary to the
3	Committee to carry out the purposes of this section
4	(2) AVAILABILITY.—Any sums appropriated
5	under the authorization contained in this section
6	shall remain available, without fiscal year limitation
7	until expended.
8	SEC. 3803. ADDITION OF ATTEMPTED THEFT AND COUN
9	TERFEITING OFFENSES TO ELIMINATE GAPS
10	AND INCONSISTENCIES IN COVERAGE.
11	(a) In General.—
12	(1) Embezzlement against estate.—Sec-
13	tion 153(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
14	amended by inserting ", or attempts so to appro-
15	priate, embezzle, spend, or transfer," before "any
16	property".
17	(2) Public Money.—Section 641 of title 18
18	United States Code, is amended by striking "or" at
19	the end of the first paragraph and by inserting after
20	such paragraph the following:
21	"Whoever attempts to commit an offense described in the
22	preceding paragraph; or".
23	(3) Theft by bank examiner.—Section 655
24	of title 18, United States Code, is amended by in-

1	serting "or attempts to steal or so take," after "un-
2	lawfully takes,".
3	(4) Theft, embezzlement, or
4	MISAPPLICATION BY BANK OFFICER OR EM-
5	PLOYEE.—Sections 656 and 657 of title 18, United
6	States Code, are each amended—
7	(A) by inserting ", or attempts to embez-
8	zle, abstract, purloin, or willfully misapply,"
9	after "willfully misapplies"; and
10	(B) by inserting "or attempted to be em-
11	bezzled, abstracted, purloined, or misapplied"
12	after "misapplied".
13	(5) Property mortgaged or pledged to
14	FARM CREDIT AGENCIES.—Section 658 of title 18,
15	United States Code, is amended by inserting "or at-
16	tempts so to remove, dispose of, or convert," before
17	"any property".
18	(6) Interstate or foreign shipments.—
19	Section 659 of title 18, United States Code, is
20	amended—
21	(A) in the first and third paragraphs, by
22	inserting "or attempts to embezzle, steal, or so
23	take or carry away," after "carries away,"; and

1	(B) in the fourth paragraph by inserting
2	"or attempts to embezzle, steal, or so take," be-
3	fore "from any railroad car".
4	(7) WITHIN SPECIAL MARITIME AND TERRI-
5	TORIAL JURISDICTION.—Section 661 of title 18,
6	United States Code, is amended—
7	(A) by inserting "or attempts so to take
8	and carry away," before "any personal prop-
9	erty"; and
10	(B) by inserting "or attempted to be
11	taken" after "taken" each place it appears.
12	(8) Theft or embezzlement from em-
13	PLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS.—Section 664 of title 18,
14	United States Code, is amended by inserting "or at-
15	tempts to embezzle, steal, or so abstract or convert,"
16	before "any of the moneys".
17	(9) Theft or embezzlement from employ-
18	MENT AND TRAINING FUNDS.—Section 665(a) of
19	title 18, United States Code, is amended—
20	(A) by inserting ", or attempts to embez-
21	zle, so misapply, steal, or obtain by fraud," be-
22	fore "any of the moneys"; and
23	(B) by inserting "or attempted to be em-
24	bezzled, misapplied, stolen, or obtained by
25	fraud" after "obtained by fraud".

1	(10) Theft or bribery concerning pro-
2	GRAMS RECEIVING FEDERAL FUNDS.—Section
3	666(a)(1)(A) of title 18, United States Code, is
4	amended by inserting "or attempts to embezzle,
5	steal, obtain by fraud, or so convert or misapply,"
6	before "property".
7	(11) False pretenses on high seas.—Sec-
8	tion 1025 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
9	ed—
10	(A) by inserting "or attempts to obtain"
11	after "obtains"; and
12	(B) by inserting "or attempted to be ob-
13	tained" after "obtained".
14	(12) Embezzlement and theft from in-
15	DIAN TRIBAL ORGANIZATIONS.—Section 1163 of title
16	18, United States Code, is amended by inserting
17	"attempts so to embezzle, steal, convert, or mis-
18	apply," after "willfully misapplies,".
19	(13) Theft from group establishments on
20	INDIAN LANDS.—Section 1167 (a) and (b) of title
21	18, United States Code, are each amended by insert-
22	ing "or attempts so to abstract, purloin, misapply,
23	or take and carry away," before "any money".
24	(14) Theft by officers and employees of
25	GAMING ESTABLISHMENTS ON INDIAN LANDS.—Sec-

1	tion 1168 (a) and (b) of title 18, United States
2	Code, are each amended by inserting "or attempts
3	so to embezzle, abstract, purloin, misapply, or take
4	and carry away," before "any moneys,".
5	(15) Theft of property used by the post-
6	AL SERVICE.—Section 1707 of title 18, United
7	States Code, is amended by inserting ", or attempts
8	to steal, purloin, or embezzle," before "any prop-
9	erty" and by inserting "or attempts to appropriate"
10	after "appropriates".
11	(16) Theft in receipt of stolen mail mat-
12	TER.—Section 1708 of title 18, United States Code,
13	is amended in the second paragraph by inserting "or
14	attempts to steal, take, or abstract," after "ab-
15	stracts," and by inserting ", or attempts so to ob-
16	tain," after "obtains".
17	(17) Theft of mail matter by officer or
18	EMPLOYEE.—Section 1709 of title 18, United States
19	Code, is amended—
20	(A) by inserting "or attempts to embezzle"
21	after "embezzles"; and
22	(B) by inserting ", or attempts to steal
23	abstract, or remove," after "removes".
24	(18) Misappropriation of Postal Funds.—
25	Section 1711 of title 18 United States Code is

- amended by inserting "or attempts to loan, use, pledge, hypothecate, or convert to his own use," after "use".
- 4 (19) Bank Robbery and incidental
 5 Crimes.—Section 2113(b) of title 18, United States
 6 Code, is amended by inserting "or attempts so to
 7 take and carry away," before "any property" each
 8 place it appears.

(b) Securities Crimes.—

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- (1) Possession of Tools.—Section 477 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting ", or attempts so to sell, give, or deliver," before "any such imprint".
- (2) Uttering counterfeit foreign obligations or securities.—Section 479 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting "or attempts to utter or pass," after "passes,".
- (3) MINOR COINS.—Section 490 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting "attempts to pass, utter, or sell," before "or possesses".
- (4) SECURITIES OF STATES AND PRIVATE ENTI-TIES.—Section 513(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting "or attempts to utter," after "utters".

1	SEC. 3804. CLARIFICATION OF SCIENTER REQUIREMENT
2	FOR RECEIVING PROPERTY STOLEN FROM
3	AN INDIAN TRIBAL ORGANIZATION.
4	Section 1163 of title 18, United States Code, is
5	amended in the second paragraph by striking "so".
6	SEC. 3805. LARCENY INVOLVING POST OFFICE BOXES AND
7	POSTAL STAMP VENDING MACHINES.
8	Section 2115 of title 18, United States Code, is
9	amended—
10	(1) by striking "or" before "any building";
11	(2) by inserting "or any post office box or post-
12	al stamp vending machine for the sale of stamps
13	owned by the Postal Service," after "used in whole
14	or in part as a post office,"; and
15	(3) by inserting "or in such box or machine,"
16	after "so used".
17	SEC. 3806. EXPANSION OF FEDERAL THEFT OFFENSES TO
18	COVER THEFT OF VESSELS.
19	(a) Vessel Defined.—Section 2311 of title 18,
20	United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
21	following:
22	"'Vessel' means any watercraft or other contrivance
23	used or designed for transportation or navigation on,
24	under, or immediately above, water.".
25	(b) Transportation of Stolen Vehicles; Sale
26	OR RECEIPT OF STOLEN VEHICLES.—Sections 2312 and

1	2313 of title 18, United States Code, are each amended
2	by striking "motor vehicle or aircraft" and inserting
3	"motor vehicle, vessel, or aircraft".
4	Subtitle I—Improvements to
5	Federal Criminal Law
6	PART 1—SENTENCING IMPROVEMENTS
7	SEC. 3910. APPLICATION OF SENTENCING GUIDELINES TO
8	ALL PERTINENT STATUTES.
9	Section 994(a) of title 28, United States Code, is
10	amended by striking "consistent with all pertinent provi-
11	sions of this title and title 18, United States Code," and
12	inserting "consistent with all pertinent provisions of any
13	Federal statute".
14	SEC. 3911. DOUBLING MAXIMUM PENALTY FOR VOLUNTARY
15	MANSLAUGHTER.
16	Section 1112(b) of title 18, United States Code, is
17	amended by striking "ten years" and inserting "20
18	years".
19	SEC. 3912. AUTHORIZATION OF IMPOSITION OF BOTH A
20	FINE AND IMPRISONMENT RATHER THAN
21	ONLY EITHER PENALTY IN CERTAIN OF-
22	FENSES.
23	(a) Power of Court.—Section 401 of title 18,
24	United States Code, is amended by inserting "or both,"
	after "fine or imprisonment,".

1	(b) Destruction of Letter Boxes or Mail.—
2	Section 1705 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
3	by inserting ", or both" after "years".
4	SEC. 3913. ADDITION OF SUPERVISED RELEASE VIOLATION
5	AS PREDICATES FOR CERTAIN OFFENSES.
6	(a) In General.—Sections 1512(a)(1)(C),
7	1512(b)(3), 1512(e)(2), 1513(a)(1)(B), and 1513(b)(2)
8	are each amended by striking "violation of conditions of
9	probation, parole or release pending judicial proceedings"
10	and inserting "violation of conditions of probation, super-
11	vised release, parole, or release pending judicial proceed-
12	ings".
13	(b) Release or Detention of Defendant Pend-
14	ING TRIAL.—Section 3142 of title 18, United States Code,
15	is amended—
16	(1) in subsection $(d)(1)(A)(iii)$, by inserting ",
17	supervised release," after "probation"; and
18	(2) in subsection (g)(3)(B), by inserting "or su-
19	pervised release" after "probation".
20	SEC. 3914. AUTHORITY OF COURT TO IMPOSE A SENTENCE
21	OF PROBATION OR SUPERVISED RELEASE
22	WHEN REDUCING A SENTENCE OF IMPRISON-
23	MENT IN CERTAIN CASES.
24	Section 3582(c)(1)(A) of title 18, United States
25	Code, is amended by inserting "(and may impose a sen-

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- 2 conditions)" after "may reduce the term of imprison-
- 3 ment".
- 4 SEC. 3915. INCREASED PENALTY FOR RACKETEERING AC-
- 5 TIVITY.
- 6 Section 1959(a)(5) of title 18, United States Code,
- 7 is amended by substituting "twenty" for "ten".
- 8 PART 2—ADDITIONAL IMPROVEMENTS TO
- 9 FEDERAL CRIMINAL LAW
- 10 SEC. 3920. FALSE ADVERTISING OR MISUSE OF NAME TO IN-
- 11 DICATE UNITED STATES MARSHALS SERVICE.
- 12 Section 709 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 13 amended by inserting after the thirteenth undesignated
- 14 paragraph the following:
- 15 "Whoever, except with the written permission of the
- 16 Director of the United States Marshals Service, knowingly
- 17 uses the words 'United States Marshals Service', 'U.S.
- 18 Marshals Service', 'United States Marshal', 'U.S. Mar-
- 19 shal', or 'U.S.M.S.', or any colorable imitation of any such
- 20 words, or the likeness of a United States Marshals Service
- 21 badge, logo, or insignia on any item of apparel, in connec-
- 22 tion with any advertisement, circular, book, pamphlet,
- 23 software, or other publication, or any play, motion picture,
- 24 broadcast, telecast, or other production, in a manner that
- 25 is reasonably calculated to convey the impression that the

1	wearer of the item of apparel is acting pursuant to the
2	legal authority of the United States Marshals Service, or
3	to convey the impression that such advertisement, circular
4	book, pamphlet, software, or other publication, or such
5	play, motion picture, broadcast, telecast, or other produc-
6	tion, is approved, endorsed, or authorized by the United
7	States Marshals Service;".
8	SEC. 3921. VIOLENCE DIRECTED AT DWELLINGS IN INDIAN
9	COUNTRY.
10	Section 1153(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
11	amended by inserting "or 1363" after "section 661".
12	SEC. 3922. CORRECTIONS TO AMBER HAGERMAN CHILD
12 13	SEC. 3922. CORRECTIONS TO AMBER HAGERMAN CHILD PROTECTION ACT.
13	PROTECTION ACT.
13 14 15	PROTECTION ACT. (a) AGGRAVATED SEXUAL ABUSE.—Section 2241(c)
13 14 15	PROTECTION ACT. (a) AGGRAVATED SEXUAL ABUSE.—Section 2241(c) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking
13 14 15 16	PROTECTION ACT. (a) AGGRAVATED SEXUAL ABUSE.—Section 2241(c) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "younger than that person" and inserting "younger than
13 14 15 16	PROTECTION ACT. (a) AGGRAVATED SEXUAL ABUSE.—Section 2241(c) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "younger than that person" and inserting "younger than the person so engaging".
113 114 115 116 117	PROTECTION ACT. (a) AGGRAVATED SEXUAL ABUSE.—Section 2241(c) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "younger than that person" and inserting "younger than the person so engaging". (b) SEXUAL ABUSE OF A MINOR OR WARD.—Section
13 14 15 16 17 18	PROTECTION ACT. (a) AGGRAVATED SEXUAL ABUSE.—Section 2241(c) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "younger than that person" and inserting "younger than the person so engaging". (b) SEXUAL ABUSE OF A MINOR OR WARD.—Section 2243(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	PROTECTION ACT. (a) AGGRAVATED SEXUAL ABUSE.—Section 2241(c) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "younger than that person" and inserting "younger than the person so engaging". (b) SEXUAL ABUSE OF A MINOR OR WARD.—Section 2243(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by striking "Whoever" and inserting "Exercise 19.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	PROTECTION ACT. (a) AGGRAVATED SEXUAL ABUSE.—Section 2241(c) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "younger than that person" and inserting "younger than the person so engaging". (b) SEXUAL ABUSE OF A MINOR OR WARD.—Section 2243(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by striking "Whoever" and inserting "Except as provided in section 2241(c) of this title, who

attained the age of 12 years, or".

1	(c) Definitions.—Section 2246 of title 18, United
2	States Code, is amended—
3	(1) in paragraph (4), by striking the period and
4	inserting a semicolon;
5	(2) in paragraph (5), by striking the period and
6	inserting "; and"; and
7	(3) by adding a new paragraph as follows:
8	"(6) the term 'State' means a State of the
9	United States, the District of Columbia, and any
10	commonwealth, possession, or territory of the United
11	States.".
12	SEC. 3923. ELIMINATION OF "BODILY HARM" ELEMENT IN
13	ASSAULT WITH A DANGEROUS WEAPON OF-
14	FENSE.
1 -	
	Section 113(a)(3) of title 18, United States Code, is
15 16	Section 113(a)(3) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "with intent to do bodily harm, and".
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15 16 17	amended by striking "with intent to do bodily harm, and".
15 16 17 18	amended by striking "with intent to do bodily harm, and". SEC. 3924. APPEALS FROM CERTAIN DISMISSALS.
15 16	amended by striking "with intent to do bodily harm, and". SEC. 3924. APPEALS FROM CERTAIN DISMISSALS. Section 3731 of title 18, United States Code, is
15 16 17 18	amended by striking "with intent to do bodily harm, and". SEC. 3924. APPEALS FROM CERTAIN DISMISSALS. Section 3731 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting "or any part thereof" after "as to
115 116 117 118 119 220	amended by striking "with intent to do bodily harm, and". SEC. 3924. APPEALS FROM CERTAIN DISMISSALS. Section 3731 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting "or any part thereof" after "as to any one or more counts".
115 116 117 118 119 220 221	amended by striking "with intent to do bodily harm, and". SEC. 3924. APPEALS FROM CERTAIN DISMISSALS. Section 3731 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting "or any part thereof" after "as to any one or more counts". SEC. 3925. AUTHORITY FOR INJUNCTION AGAINST DIS-
115 116 117 118 119 220 221 222	amended by striking "with intent to do bodily harm, and". SEC. 3924. APPEALS FROM CERTAIN DISMISSALS. Section 3731 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting "or any part thereof" after "as to any one or more counts". SEC. 3925. AUTHORITY FOR INJUNCTION AGAINST DISPOSAL OF ILL-GOTTEN GAINS FROM VIOLA-

1	tion 287, 371 (insofar as such violation involves a conspir-
2	acy to defraud the United States or any agency thereof)
3	or 1001 of this title or of a" after "as a result of a"
4	SEC. 3926. EXPANSION OF INTERSTATE TRAVEL FRAUD
5	STATUTE TO COVER INTERSTATE TRAVEL BY
6	PERPETRATOR.
7	Section 2314 of title 18, United States Code, is
8	amended in the second undesignated paragraph—
9	(1) by inserting "travels in," before "transports
10	or causes to be transported, or induce any person or
11	persons to travel in"; and
12	(2) by inserting a comma after "transports".
13	SEC. 3927. CLARIFICATION OF SCOPE OF UNAUTHORIZED
14	SELLING OF MILITARY MEDALS OR DECORA
15	TIONS.
16	Section 704(b)(2) of title 18, United States Code, is
17	amended by striking "with respect to a Congressional
18	Medal of Honor''.
19	SEC. 3928. AMENDMENT TO SECTION 669 TO CONFORM TO
20	PUBLIC LAW 104-294.
21	Section 669 of title 18, United States Code, is
22	amended by striking "\$100" and inserting "\$1,000".

1	SEC. 3929. EXPANSION OF JURISDICTION OVER CHILD BUY-
2	ING AND SELLING OFFENSES.
3	Section 2251A(c)(3) of title 18, United States Code,
4	is amended by striking "in any territory or possession of
5	the United States" and inserting "in the special maritime
6	and territorial jurisdiction of the United States or in any
7	commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United
8	States".
9	SEC. 3930. ASSAULT AS A RICO PREDICATE.
10	Section 1961(1)(A) of title 18, United States Code,
11	is amended by adding after "extortion," "assault".
12	SEC. 3931. LIMITS ON DISCLOSURE OF WIRETAP ORDERS.
13	Section 2518(9) of title 18, United States Code, is
14	amended by inserting "aggrieved" before the word
15	"party" wherever it appears.
16	SEC. 3932. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS RELATING TO CRIMI-
17	NAL LAW AND PROCEDURE.
18	(a) Missing and Incorrect Words.—
19	(1) Correction of Garbled Sentence.—
20	Section 510(c) of title 18, United States Code, is
21	amended by striking "fine of under this title" and
22	inserting "fine under this title".
23	(2) Insertion of missing words.—Section
24	981(d) of title 18, United States Code, is amended
25	by striking "proceeds from the sale of this section"

1	and inserting "proceeds from the sale of such prop-
2	erty under this section".
3	(3) Correction of incorrect word.—Sec-
4	tions 1425 through 1427, 1541 through 1544 and
5	1546(a) of title 18, United States Code, are each
6	amended by striking "to facility" and inserting "to
7	facilitate".
8	(4) Correcting erroneous amendatory
9	LANGUAGE ON EXECUTED AMENDMENT.—
10	(A) In General.—Section 60003(a)(13)
11	of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforce-
12	ment Act of 1994 is amended by striking
13	\$1,000,000 or imprisonment" and inserting
14	"\$1,000,000 and imprisonment".
15	(B) Effective date.—The amendment
16	made by subparagraph (A) shall apply as it
17	that subsection had been enacted on the date of
18	enactment of the Violent Crime Control and
19	Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (18 Stat. 1796
20	et seq.).
21	(5) Insertion of missing word.—Section
22	3286 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by
23	inserting "section" before "2332b".
24	(6) Correction of reference to short
25	TITLE OF LAW —Section 2332d(a) of title 18

1	United States Code, is amended by inserting "of
2	1979" after "Export Administration Act".
3	(7) Elimination of Typo.—Section 1992(b)
4	of title 18, United States Code, is amended by strik-
5	ing "term or years" and inserting "term of years".
6	(8) Spelling correction.—Section 2339A(a)
7	of title 18, United States Code, is amended by strik-
8	ing "or an escape" and inserting "of an escape".
9	(9) Section 3553.—Section 3553(e) of title 18,
10	United States Code, is amended by inserting "a" be-
11	fore "minimum".
12	(10) Misplaced words in statement of
13	PENALTY.—Section 2251(d) of title 18, United
14	States Code, is amended by striking "or imprisoned
15	not less than 10 years nor more than 20 years, and
16	both" and inserting "and imprisoned not less than
17	10 nor more than 20 years".
18	(b) Margins, Punctuation, and Similar Er-
19	RORS.—
20	(1) Margin Error.—Section 1030(c)(2) of
21	title 18, United States Code, is amended so that the
22	margins of subparagraph (B) and each of its clauses
23	are moved 2 ems to the left.
24	(2) Correcting capitalization in lan-
25	GUAGE TO BE STRICKEN.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—The amendment to sec-
2	tion 11716(g)(2) of title 18, United States
3	Code, contained in section $607(g)(2)$ of the
4	Economic Espionage Act of 1996 (110 Stat.
5	3511) shall be deemed to strike "State, terri-
6	tory, or the District of Columbia" and insert
7	"State".
8	(B) Effective date.—Subparagraph (A)
9	shall apply as if enacted on the date of enact-
10	ment of the Economic Espionage Act of 1996.
11	(3) Correcting paragraphing.—The mate-
12	rial added to section 521(a) of title 18, United
13	States Code, by section 607(q) of the Economic Es-
14	pionage Act of 1996 (110 Stat. 3513) is amended
15	to appear as a paragraph indented 2 ems from the
16	left margin.
17	(4) Subsection placement correction.—
18	Section 1513 of title 18, United States Code, is
19	amended by transferring subsection (d) so that it
20	appears following subsection (c).
21	(5) Insertion of Parenthetical Descrip-
22	TIONS.—Section 2332b(g)(5) of title 18, United
23	States Code, is amended—
24	(A) by inserting "(relating to certain
25	killings in Federal facilities)" after "930(c)":

1	(B) by inserting "(relating to wrecking
2	trains)" after "1992"; and
3	(C) by inserting "(relating to use of chemi-
4	cal weapons)" after "2332c".
5	(6) Correction to allow for insertion of
6	NEW SUBPARAGRAPH.—Section 1956(c)(7) of title
7	18, United States Code, is amended—
8	(A) by striking "or" at the end of subpara-
9	graph (D);
10	(B) by striking the period at the end of
11	subparagraph (E) and inserting "; or"; and
12	(C) in subparagraph (F), by striking
13	"Any" and inserting "any".
14	(7) Redesignation of duplicate para-
15	GRAPH.—Section 982(a) of title 18, United States
16	Code, is amended by redesignating the second para-
17	graph (6) as paragraph (7).
18	(8) Correction of confusing subdivision
19	DESIGNATION.—Section 1716 of title 18, United
20	States Code, is amended—
21	(A) by redesignating subsection (j) as sub-
22	section (k);
23	(B) in the first undesignated paragraph,
24	by inserting "(i)(1)" before "Whoever" and

1	(C) in the undesignated paragraph follow-
2	ing subsection (j)(1)—
3	(i) by striking "not more than
4	\$10,000" and inserting "under this title";
5	and
6	(ii) by inserting "(2)" at the begin-
7	ning of that paragraph; and
8	(D) by inserting "(3)" at the beginning of
9	the undesignated paragraph following sub-
10	section $(j)(2)$, as so designated.
11	(9) Punctuation correction in section
12	1091.—Section 1091(b)(1) of title 18, United States
13	Code, is amended by striking "subsection (a)(1),"
14	and inserting "subsection (a)(1)".
15	(10) Punctuation correction in section
16	2311.—Section 2311 of title 18, United States Code,
17	is amended by striking the period after "carcasses
18	thereof" the second place that term appears and in-
19	serting a semicolon.
20	(11) Syntax correction.—Section 115(b)(2)
21	of title 18, United States Code, is amended by strik-
22	ing ", attempted kidnapping, or conspiracy to kid-
23	nap of a person" and inserting "or attempted kid-
24	napping of, or a conspiracy to kidnap a person".
25	(c) Elimination of Redundancies.—

1	(1) Elimination of redundant provi-
2	SION.—Section 2516(1) of title 18, United States
3	Code, is amended—
4	(A) by striking the first paragraph (p);
5	and
6	(B) by inserting "or" at the end of para-
7	graph (o).
8	(2) Elimination of Duplicative amend-
9	MENTS.—Paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section
10	610(b), paragraph (2) of section 601(d), paragraphs
11	(2) and (6) of section 601(f), paragraphs (1) and
12	(2)(A) of section 601(j), subsection (k) of section
13	601, subsection (d) of section 602, paragraph (4) of
14	section 604(b), and subsection (r) of section 605 of
15	the Economic Espionage Act of 1996 are each re-
16	pealed.
17	(3) Elimination of extra comma.—Section
18	1956(c)(7)(D) of title 18, United States Code, is
19	amended—
20	(A) by striking "Code,," and inserting
21	"Code,"; and
22	(B) by striking "services),," and inserting
23	"(services),".
24	(4) Repeal of section granting duplica-
25	TIVE AUTHORITY.—

1	(A) Section 3503 of title 18, United States
2	Code, is repealed.
3	(B) The table of sections at the beginning
4	of chapter 223 of title 18, United States Code,
5	is amended by striking the item relating to sec-
6	tion 3503.
7	(5) Elimination of outmoded reference
8	TO PAROLE.—Section 929(b) of title 18, United
9	States Code, is amended by striking the last sen-
10	tence.
11	(d) Correction of Outmoded Fine Amounts.—
12	(1) In title 18, united states code.—
13	(A) IN SECTION 665.—Section 665(c) of
14	title 18, United States Code, is amended by
15	striking "a fine of not more than \$5,000" and
16	inserting "a fine under this title".
17	(B) IN SECTIONS 1924, 2075, 211B, AND
18	2236.—
19	(i) Section 1924(a) of title 18, United
20	States Code, is amended by striking "not
21	more than \$1,000," and inserting "under
22	this title".
23	(ii) Sections 2075, 2113(b), and 2236
24	of title 18, United States Code, are each

1	amended by striking "not more than
2	\$1,000" and inserting "under this title".
3	(C) IN SECTION 372 AND 752.—Sections
4	372 and 752(a) of title 18, United States Code,
5	are each amended by striking "not more than
6	\$5,000" and inserting "under this title".
7	(2) In the controlled substances act.—
8	(A) IN SECTION 401.—Section 401(e) of
9	the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
10	841(e)) is amended—
11	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking "and
12	shall be fined not more than \$10,000" and
13	inserting "or fined under title 18, United
14	States Code, or both"; and
15	(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "and
16	shall be fined not more than \$20,000" and
17	inserting "or fined under title 18, United
18	States Code, or both".
19	(B) In Section 402.—Section $402(c)(2)$ of
20	the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
21	842(c)) is amended—
22	(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
23	"of not more than \$25,000" and inserting
24	"under title 18, United States Code"; and

1	(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
2	"of \$50,000" and inserting "under title
3	18, United States Code".
4	(C) In Section 403.—Section 403(d) of
5	the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
6	843(d)) is amended—
7	(i) by striking "of not more than
8	\$30,000" each place that term appears
9	and inserting "under title 18, United
10	States Code"; and
11	(ii) by striking "of not more than
12	\$60,000" each place that term appears
13	and inserting "under title 18, United
14	States Code".
15	(e) Cross Reference Corrections.—
16	(1) Cross reference correction occa-
17	SIONED BY ENACTMENT OF INTERVENING LAW.—
18	(A) Section 3583.—Section 3583(d) of
19	title 18, United States Code, is amended by
20	striking "section $3563(b)(1)$ through $(b)(10)$
21	and $(b)(12)$ through $(b)(20)$ " and inserting
22	"paragraphs (1) through (9) and (11) through
23	(19) of section 3563(b)".

1	(B) Section 3563.—Section 3563(a)(2) of
2	title 18, United States Code, is amended by
3	striking the item relating to section 3503.
4	(5) Elimination of outmoded reference
5	TO PAROLE.—Section 929(b) of title 18, United
6	States Code, is amended by striking the last sen-
7	tence.
8	(d) Correction of Outmoded Fine Amounts.—
9	(1) In title 18, united states code.—
10	(A) In Section 665.—Section 665(c) of
11	title 18, United States Code, is amended by
12	striking "a fine of not more than \$5,000" and
13	inserting "a fine under this title".
14	(B) IN SECTIONS 1924, 2075, 211B, AND
15	2236.—
16	(i) Section 1924(a) of title 18, United
17	States Code, is amended by striking "not
18	more than \$1,000," and inserting "under
19	this title".
20	(ii) Sections 2075, 2113(b), and 2236
21	of title 18, United States Code, are each
22	amended by striking "not more than
23	\$1,000" and inserting "under this title".
24	(C) In Section 372 and 752.—Sections
25	372 and 752(a) of title 18. United States Code.

1	are each amended by striking "not more than
2	\$5,000" and inserting "under this title".
3	(2) In the controlled substances act.—
4	(A) In Section 401.—Section 401(e) of
5	the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
6	841(e)) is amended—
7	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking "and
8	shall be fined not more than \$10,000" and
9	inserting "or fined under title 18, United
10	States Code, or both"; and
11	(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "and
12	shall be fined not more than \$20,000" and
13	inserting "or fined under title 18, United
14	States Code, or both".
15	(B) In Section 402.—Section 402(c)(2) of
16	the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
17	842(c)) is amended—
18	(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
19	"of not more than \$25,000" and inserting
20	"under title 18, United States Code"; and
21	(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
22	"of \$50,000" and inserting "under title
23	18, United States Code".

1	(C) In Section 403.—Section 403(d) of
2	the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
3	843(d)) is amended—
4	(i) by striking "of not more than
5	\$30,000" each place that term appears
6	and inserting "under title 18, United
7	States Code"; and
8	(ii) by striking "of not more than
9	\$60,000" each place that term appears
10	and inserting "under title 18, United
11	States Code".
12	(e) Cross Reference Corrections.—
13	(1) Cross reference correction occa-
14	SIONED BY ENACTMENT OF INTERVENING LAW.—
15	(A) Section 3583.—Section 3583(d) of
16	title 18, United States Code, is amended by
17	striking "section $3563(b)(1)$ through $(b)(10)$
18	and $(b)(12)$ through $(b)(20)$ " and inserting
19	"paragraphs (1) through (9) and (11) through
20	(19) of section 3563(b)".
21	(B) Section 3563.—Section 3563(a)(2) of
22	title 18, United States Code, is amended by
23	striking "(b)(3), or (b)(13)" and inserting "or
24	(b)(12)".

1	(2) Section 3664.—Section 3664(o)(1)(C) of
2	title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking
3	"section 3664(d)(3)" and inserting "subsection
4	(d)(5)".
5	(3) Chapter 228.—Section 3592(c)(1) of title
6	18, United States Code, is amended by striking
7	"section 36" and inserting "section 37".
8	(4) Correcting erroneous cross ref-
9	ERENCE IN CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT.—Sec-
10	tion 511(a)(10) of the Controlled Substances Act
11	(21 U.S.C. 881(a)(10)) is amended by striking
12	"1882 of the Mail Order Drug Paraphernalia Con-
13	trol Act" and inserting "422".
14	(5) Correction to reflect cross ref-
15	ERENCE CHANGE MADE BY OTHER LAW.—Effective
16	on the date of its enactment, section 601(c)(3) of
17	the Economic Espionage Act of 1996 (110 Stat.
18	3499) is amended by striking "247(d)" and insert-
19	ing "247(e)".
20	(6) Typographical and typeface error in
21	TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The item relating to chapter
22	123 in the table of chapters at the beginning of part
23	I of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
24	(A) by striking "2271" and inserting
25	"2721"; and

1	(B) so that the item appears in bold face
2	type.
3	(7) Correction occasioned by enactment
4	OF INTERVENING LAW.—Section 3563(a) of title 18,
5	United States Code, is amended by striking "para-
6	graph (4)" each place it appears and inserting
7	"paragraph (5)".
8	(8) Section 3565.—Section 3565(b)(3) of title
9	18, United States Code, is amended by striking
10	"3563(a)(4)" and inserting "3563(a)(5)".
11	(9) Section 4104.—Section 4104(d) of title 18,
12	United States Code, is amended by striking "section
13	3653 of this title and rule 32(f) of" and inserting
14	"section 3565 of this title and the applicable provi-
15	sions of".
16	(10) Error in amendatory language.—Ef-
17	fective on the date of its enactment, section 583 of
18	the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Re-
19	lated Programs Appropriations Act, 1998 (111 Stat.
20	2346) is amended by striking "Section 2401" and
21	inserting "Section 2441".
22	(11) Error in cross reference to court
23	RULES.—The first sentence of section 3593(c) of
24	title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking
25	"rule 32(c)" and inserting "rule 32".

- 1 (12) CORRECTION OF ERRONEOUS CITE IN
 2 AMENDATORY LANGUAGE.—Effective on the date of
 3 the enactment of section 102 of the Economic Espio4 nage Act of 1996 (110 Stat. 3491), such section is
 5 amended by striking "Section 2516(1)(c)" and in6 serting "Section 2516(1)(a)".
 - (13) Section 1836.—Section 1836(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "this section" and inserting "this chapter".
 - (14) CORRECTION OF ERRONEOUS CITE IN CHAPTER 119.—Section 2510(10) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "shall have" and all that follows through "United States Code;" and inserting "has the meaning given that term in section 3 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153);".
 - (f) Tables of Sections Corrections.—
 - (1) Conforming table of sections to Heading of Section.—The item relating to section 1837 in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 90 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "Conduct" and inserting "Applicability to conduct".
 - (2) Conforming heading to table of sections entry.—The heading of section 1920 of title

1	18, United States Code, is amended by striking
2	"employee's" and inserting "employees".
3	TITLE IV—PREVENTING
4	JUVENILE CRIME
5	Subtitle A—Grants to Youth
6	Organizations
7	SEC. 4001. GRANT PROGRAM.
8	The Attorney General may make grants to States, In-
9	dian tribes, and national or statewide nonprofit organiza-
10	tions in crime prone areas, such as Boys and Girls Clubs
11	Police Athletic Leagues, 4–H Clubs, YMCA Big Brothers
12	and Big Sisters, and Kids 'N Kops programs, for the pur-
13	pose of—
14	(1) providing constructive activities to youth
15	during after school hours, weekends, and school va-
16	cations;
17	(2) providing supervised activities in safe envi-
18	ronments to youth in crime prone areas;
19	(3) providing antidrug education to prevent
20	drug abuse among youth;
21	(4) supporting police officer training and sala-
22	ries and educational materials to expand D.A.R.E
23	America's middle school campaign; or

1	(5) providing constructive activities to youth in
2	a safe environment through parks and other public
3	recreation areas.
4	SEC. 4002. GRANTS TO NATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.
5	(a) Applications.—
6	(1) Eligibility.—In order to be eligible to re-
7	ceive a grant under this section, the chief operating
8	officer of a national or Statewide community-based
9	organization shall submit an application to the At-
10	torney General in such form and containing such in-
11	formation as the Attorney General may reasonably
12	require.
13	(2) Application requirements.—Each appli-
14	cation submitted in accordance with paragraph (1)
15	shall include—
16	(A) a request for a grant to be used for
17	the purposes described in this subtitle;
18	(B) a description of the communities to be
19	served by the grant, including the nature of ju-
20	venile crime, violence, and drug use in the com-
21	munities;
22	(C) written assurances that Federal funds
23	received under this subtitle will be used to sup-
24	plement and not supplant, non-Federal funds

1	that would otherwise be available for activities
2	funded under this subtitle;
3	(D) written assurances that all activities
4	will be supervised by an appropriate number of
5	responsible adults;
6	(E) a plan for assuring that program ac-
7	tivities will take place in a secure environment
8	that is free of crime and drugs; and
9	(F) any additional statistical or financial
10	information that the Attorney General may rea-
11	sonably require.
12	(b) Grant Awards.—In awarding grants under this
13	section, the Attorney General shall consider—
14	(1) the ability of the applicant to provide the
15	stated services;
16	(2) the history and establishment of the appli-
17	cant in providing youth activities on a Statewide or
18	nationwide basis; and
19	(3) the extent to which the organizations shall
20	achieve an equitable geographic distribution of the
21	grant awards.
22	SEC. 4003. GRANTS TO STATES.
23	(a) Applications.—
24	(1) In General.—The Attorney General may
25	make grants under this section to States for dis-

1	tribution to units of local government and commu-
2	nity-based organizations for the purposes set forth
3	in section 4001.
4	(2) Grants.—To request a grant under this
5	section, the chief executive of a State shall submit
6	an application to the Attorney General in such form
7	and containing such information as the Attorney
8	General may reasonably require.
9	(3) Application requirements.—Each appli-
10	cation submitted in accordance with paragraph (2)
11	shall include—
12	(A) a request for a grant to be used for
13	the purposes described in this subtitle;
14	(B) a description of the communities to be
15	served by the grant, including the nature of ju-
16	venile crime, violence, and drug use in the com-
17	munity;
18	(C) written assurances that Federal funds
19	received under this subtitle will be used to sup-
20	plement and not supplant, non-Federal funds
21	that would otherwise be available for activities
22	funded under this subtitle;
23	(D) written assurances that all activities
24	will be supervised by an appropriate number of

responsible adults; and

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1	(E) a plan for assuring that program ac-
2	tivities will take place in a secure environment
3	that is free of crime and drugs.
4	(b) Grant Awards.—In awarding grants under this
5	section, the State shall consider—
6	(1) the ability of the applicant to provide the
7	stated services;
8	(2) the history and establishment of the appli-
9	cant in the community to be served;
10	(3) the level of juvenile crime, violence, and
11	drug use in the community;
12	(4) the extent to which structured extra-
13	curricular activities for youth are otherwise unavail-
14	able in the community;
15	(5) the need in the community for secure envi-
16	ronments for youth to avoid criminal victimization
17	and exposure to crime and illegal drugs;
18	(6) to the extent practicable, achievement of an
19	equitable geographic distribution of the grant
20	awards; and
21	(7) whether the applicant has an established
22	record of providing extracurricular activities that are
23	generally not otherwise available to youth in the
24	community.
25	(c) Allocation.—

1	(1) STATE ALLOCATIONS.—The Attorney Gen-
2	eral shall allot not less than 0.75 percent of the total
3	amount made available each fiscal year to carry out
4	this section to each State that has applied for a
5	grant under this section.
6	(2) Indian Tribes.—The Attorney General

- (2) Indian Tribes.—The Attorney General shall allot not less than 0.75 percent of the total amount made available each fiscal year to carry out this section to Indian tribes, in accordance with the criteria set forth in subsections (a) and (b).
- (3) Remaining amounts.—Of the amount re-12 maining after the allocations under paragraphs (1) 13 and (2), the Attorney General shall allocate to each 14 State an amount that bears the same ratio to the 15 total amount of remaining funds as the population 16 of the State bears to the total population of all 17 States.

18 SEC. 4004. ALLOCATION; GRANT LIMITATION.

- (a) Allocation.—Of amounts made available to 19 carry out this subtitle— 20
- 21 (1) 20 percent shall be for grants to national 22 organizations under section 4002; and
- 23 (2) 80 percent shall be for grants to States 24 under section 403.

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1	(b) Grant Limitation.—Not more than 3 percent
2	of the funds made available to the Attorney General or
3	a grant recipient under this subtitle may be used for ad-
4	ministrative purposes.
5	SEC. 4005. REPORT AND EVALUATION.
6	(a) Report to the Attorney General.—Not
7	later than October 1, 1999, and October 1 of each year
8	thereafter, each grant recipient under this subtitle shall
9	submit to the Attorney General a report that describes
10	for the year to which the report relates—
11	(1) the activities provided;
12	(2) the number of youth participating;
13	(3) the extent to which the grant enabled the
14	provision of activities to youth that would not other-
15	wise be available; and
16	(4) any other information that the Attorney
17	General requires for evaluating the effectiveness of
18	the program.
19	(b) Evaluation and Report to Congress.—Not
20	later than March 1, 2000, and March 1 of each year there-
21	after, the Attorney General shall submit to Congress an
22	evaluation and report that contains a detailed statement

23 regarding grant awards, activities of grant recipients, a

24 compilation of statistical information submitted by grant

- 1 recipients under this subtitle, and an evaluation of pro-
- 2 grams established by grant recipients under this subtitle.
- 3 (c) Criteria.—In assessing the effectiveness of the
- 4 programs established and operated by grant recipients
- 5 pursuant to this subtitle, the Attorney General shall con-
- 6 sider—
- 7 (1) the number of youth served by the grant re-
- 8 cipient;
- 9 (2) the percentage of youth participating in the
- 10 program charged with acts of delinquency or crime
- 11 compared to youth in the community at large;
- 12 (3) the percentage of youth participating in the
- program that uses drugs compared to youth in the
- 14 community at large;
- 15 (4) the percentage of youth participating in the
- program that are victimized by acts of crime or de-
- linquency compared to youth in the community at
- large; and
- 19 (5) the truancy rates of youth participating in
- the program compared to youth in the community at
- 21 large.
- 22 (d) Documents and Information.—Each grant
- 23 recipient under this subtitle shall provide the Attorney
- 24 General with all documents and information that the At-
- 25 torney General determines to be necessary to conduct an

1	evaluation of the effectiveness of programs funded under
2	this subtitle.
3	SEC. 4006. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
4	(a) In General.—There are authorized to be appro-
5	priated to carry out this subtitle from the Violent Crime
6	Reduction Trust Fund—
7	(1) such sums as may be necessary for each of
8	the fiscal years 1999 and 2000;
9	(2) for fiscal year 2001, \$125,000,000; and
10	(3) for fiscal year 2002, \$125,000,000.
11	(b) Continued Availability.—Amounts made
12	available under this subtitle shall remain available until
13	expended.
14	Subtitle B—"Say No to Drugs"
15	Community Centers Act of 1998
16	SEC. 4201. SHORT TITLE; DEFINITIONS.
17	(a) Short Title.—This subtitle may be cited as the
18	"Say No to Drugs Community Centers Act of 1998".
19	(b) Definitions.—For purposes of this subtitle—
20	(1) the term "community-based organization"
21	means a private, locally initiated organization that—
22	(A) is a nonprofit organization, as that
23	term is defined in section 103(23) of the Juve-
24	nile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of
25	1974 (42 U.S.C. 5603(23)); and

1	(B) involves the participation, as appro-
2	priate, of members of the community and com-
3	munity institutions, including—
4	(i) business and civic leaders actively
5	involved in providing employment and busi-
6	ness development opportunities in the com-
7	munity;
8	(ii) educators;
9	(iii) religious organizations (which
10	shall not provide any sectarian instruction
11	or sectarian worship in connection with
12	program activities funded under this sub-
13	title);
14	(iv) law enforcement agencies; and
15	(v) other interested parties;
16	(2) the term "eligible community" means a
17	community—
18	(A) identified by an eligible recipient for
19	assistance under this subtitle; and
20	(B) an area that meets such criteria as the
21	Attorney General may, by regulation, establish,
22	including criteria relating to poverty, juvenile
23	delinquency, and crime;

1	(3) the term "eligible recipient" means a com-
2	munity-based organization or public school that
3	has—
4	(A) been approved for eligibility by the At-
5	torney General, upon application submitted to
6	the Attorney General in accordance with section
7	412(b); and
8	(B) demonstrated that the projects and ac-
9	tivities it seeks to support in an eligible commu-
10	nity involve the participation, when feasible and
11	appropriate, of—
12	(i) parents, family members, and
13	other members of the eligible community;
14	(ii) civic and religious organizations
15	serving the eligible community;
16	(iii) school officials and teachers em-
17	ployed at schools located in the eligible
18	community;
19	(iv) public housing resident organiza-
20	tions in the eligible community; and
21	(v) public and private nonprofit orga-
22	nizations and organizations serving youth
23	that provide education, child protective
24	services, or other human services to low in-
25	come, at-risk youth and their families:

1	(4) the term "poverty line" means the income
2	official poverty line (as defined by the Office of Man-
3	agement and Budget, and revised annually in ac-
4	cordance with section 673(2) of the Community
5	Services Block Grant Act (42 U.S.C. 9902(2)) appli-
6	cable to a family of the size involved; and
7	(5) the term "public school" means a public ele-
8	mentary school, as defined in section 1201(i) of the
9	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1141(i)),
10	and a public secondary school, as defined in section
11	1201(d) of that Act (42 U.S.C. 1141(d)).
12	SEC. 4202. GRANT REQUIREMENTS.
13	(a) In General.—The Attorney General may make
14	grants to eligible recipients, which grants may be used to
15	provide to youth living in eligible communities during after
16	school hours or summer vacations, the following services:
17	(1) Rigorous drug prevention education.
18	(2) Drug counseling and treatment.
19	(3) Academic tutoring and mentoring.
20	(4) Activities promoting interaction between
21	youth and law enforcement officials.
22	(5) Vaccinations and other basic preventive
23	health care.
24	(6) Sexual abstinence education.

1	(7) Other activities and instruction to reduce
2	youth violence and substance abuse.
3	(b) Location and Use of Amounts.—An eligible
4	recipient that receives a grant under this subtitle—
5	(1) shall ensure that the stated program is car-
6	ried out—
7	(A) when appropriate, in the facilities of a
8	public school during nonschool hours; or
9	(B) in another appropriate local facility
10	that is—
11	(i) in a location easily accessible to
12	youth in the community; and
13	(ii) in compliance with all applicable
14	State and local ordinances;
15	(2) shall use the grant amounts to provide to
16	youth in the eligible community services and activi-
17	ties that include extracurricular and academic pro-
18	grams that are offered—
19	(A) after school and on weekends and holi-
20	days, during the school year; and
21	(B) as daily full day programs (to the ex-
22	tent available resources permit) or as part day
23	programs, during the summer months;

1	(3) shall use not more than 5 percent of the
2	amounts to pay for the administrative costs of the
3	program;
4	(4) shall not use such amounts to provide sec-
5	tarian worship or sectarian instruction; and
6	(5) may not use the amounts for the general
7	operating costs of public schools.
8	(c) Applications.—
9	(1) In general.—Each application to become
10	an eligible recipient shall be submitted to the Attor-
11	ney General at such time, in such manner, and ac-
12	companied by such information, as the Attorney
13	General may reasonably require.
14	(2) Contents of application.—Each appli-
15	cation submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall—
16	(A) describe the activities and services to
17	be provided through the program for which the
18	grant is sought;
19	(B) contain a comprehensive plan for the
20	program that is designed to achieve identifiable
21	goals for youth in the eligible community;
22	(C) describe in detail the drug education
23	and drug prevention programs that will be im-
24	plemented;

1	(D) specify measurable goals and outcomes
2	for the program that will include—
3	(i) reducing the percentage of youth
4	in the eligible community that enter the ju-
5	venile justice system or become addicted to
6	drugs;
7	(ii) increasing the graduation rates,
8	school attendance, and academic success of
9	youth in the eligible community; and
10	(iii) improving the skills of program
11	participants;
12	(E) contain an assurance that the appli-
13	cant will use grant amounts received under this
14	subtitle to provide youth in the eligible commu-
15	nity with activities and services consistent with
16	subsection (g);
17	(F) demonstrate the manner in which the
18	applicant will make use of the resources, exper-
19	tise, and commitment of private entities in car-
20	rying out the program for which the grant is
21	sought;
22	(G) include an estimate of the number of
23	youth in the eligible community expected to be
24	served under the program:

1	(H) include a description of charitable pri-
2	vate resources, and all other resources, that will
3	be made available to achieve the goals of the
4	program;
5	(I) contain an assurance that the applicant
6	will comply with any evaluation under section
7	522, any research effort authorized under Fed-
8	eral law, and any investigation by the Attorney
9	General;
10	(J) contain an assurance that the appli-
11	cant will prepare and submit to the Attorney
12	General an annual report regarding any pro-
13	gram conducted under this subtitle;
14	(K) contain an assurance that the program
15	for which the grant is sought will, to the maxi-
16	mum extent practicable, incorporate services
17	that are provided solely through non-Federal
18	private or nonprofit sources; and
19	(L) contain an assurance that the appli-
20	cant will maintain separate accounting records
21	for the program for which the grant is sought.
22	(3) Priority.—In determining eligibility under
23	this section, the Attorney General shall give priority
24	to applicants that submit applications that dem-

1	onstrate the greatest local support for the programs
2	they seek to support.
3	(d) Payments; Federal Share; Non-Federal
4	Share.—
5	(1) Payments.—The Attorney General shall,
6	subject to the availability of appropriations, provide
7	to each eligible recipient the Federal share of the
8	costs of developing and carrying out programs de-
9	scribed in this section.
10	(2) Federal share.—The Federal share of
11	the cost of a program under this subtitle shall be not
12	more than—
13	(A) 75 percent of the total cost of the pro-
14	gram for each of the first 2 years of the dura-
15	tion of a grant;
16	(B) 70 percent of the total cost of the pro-
17	gram for the third year of the duration of a
18	grant; and
19	(C) 60 percent of the total cost of the pro-
20	gram for each year thereafter.
21	(3) Non-federal share.—
22	(A) IN GENERAL.—The non-Federal share
23	of the cost of a program under this subtitle
24	may be in cash or in kind, fairly evaluated, in-
25	cluding plant, equipment, and services. Federal

1	funds made available for the activity of any
2	agency of an Indian tribal government or the
3	Bureau of Indian Affairs on any Indian lands
4	may be used to provide the non-Federal share
5	of the costs of programs or projects funded
6	under this subtitle.
7	(B) Special rule.—Not less than 15 per-
8	cent of the non-Federal share of the costs of a
9	program under this subtitle shall be provided
10	from private or nonprofit sources.
11	(e) Program Authority.—
12	(1) In general.—
13	(A) Allocations for states and in-
14	DIAN TRIBES.—
15	(i) In general.—In any fiscal year
16	in which the total amount made available
17	to carry out this subtitle is equal to or
18	greater than \$20,000,000, from the
19	amount made available to carry out this
20	subtitle, the Attorney General shall allocate
21	not less than 0.75 percent for grants under
22	subparagraph (B) to eligible recipients in
23	each State.
24	(ii) Indian tribes.—The Attorney
25	General shall allocate 0.75 percent of

amounts made available under this subtitle
 for grants to Indian tribes.

- (B) Grants to community-based organizations and public schools from allocations.—For each fiscal year described in subparagraph (A), the Attorney General may award grants from the appropriate State or Indian tribe allocation determined under subparagraph (A) on a competitive basis to eligible recipients to pay for the Federal share of assisting eligible communities to develop and carry out programs in accordance with this subtitle.
- (C) Reallocation.—If, at the end of a fiscal year described in subparagraph (A), the Attorney General determines that amounts allocated for a particular State or Indian tribe under subparagraph (B) remain unobligated, the Attorney General shall use such amounts to award grants to eligible recipients in another State or Indian tribe to pay for the Federal share of assisting eligible communities to develop and carry out programs in accordance with this subtitle. In awarding such grants, the Attorney General shall consider the need to

1	maintain geographic diversity among eligible re-	
2	cipients.	
3	(D) AVAILABILITY OF AMOUNTS.—	
4	Amounts made available under this paragraph	
5	shall remain available until expended.	
6	(2) Other fiscal years.—In any fiscal year	
7	in which the amount made available to carry out this	
8	subtitle is equal to or less than \$20,000,000, the At-	
9	torney General may award grants on a competitive	
10	basis to eligible recipients to pay for the Federal	
11	share of assisting eligible communities to develop	
12	and carry out programs in accordance with this sub-	
13	title.	
14	(3) Administrative costs.—The Attorney	
15	General may use not more than 3 percent of the	
16	amounts made available to carry out this subtitle in	
17	any fiscal year for administrative costs, including	
18	training and technical assistance.	
19	SEC. 4203. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.	
20	There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out	
21	this subtitle from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust	
22	Fund—	
23	(1) for fiscal year 2001, \$125,000,000; and	
24	(2) for fiscal year 2002, \$125,000,000.	

1	Subtitle C—Missing and Exploited	
2	Children	
3	SEC. 4301. AMENDMENTS TO THE MISSING CHILDREN'S AS-	
4	SISTANCE ACT.	
5	Section 404 of the Missing Children's Assistance Act	
6	(42 U.S.C. 5773) is amended—	
7	(1) in subsection (b)(2)(A), by inserting "for-	
8	eign governments," after "State and local govern-	
9	ments"; and	
10	(2) in subsection $(b)(2)(D)$ —	
11	(A) by inserting "foreign governments,"	
12	after "State and local governments"; and	
13	(B) by striking "; and" at the end and in-	
14	serting a period;	
15	(3) in subsection (b)(3), by striking "(3) peri-	
16	odically" and inserting the following:	
17	"(c) National Incidence Studies.—The Adminis-	
18	trator, either by making grants to or entering into con-	
19	tracts with public agencies or nonprofit private agencies,	
20	shall—	
21	"(1) periodically"; and	
22	(4) by redesignating paragraph (4) as para-	
23	graph (2) in subsection (b).	

1	Subtitle D—Reauthorization of In-	
2	centive Grants for Local Delin-	
3	quency Prevention Programs	
4	SEC. 4401. INCENTIVE GRANTS FOR LOCAL DELINQUENCY	
5	PREVENTION PROGRAMS.	
6	Section 506 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency	
7	Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5785) is amended to	
8	read as follows:	
9	"SEC. 506. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.	
10	"There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out	
11	this title such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal	
12	years 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, and 2003.".	
13	SEC. 4402. RESEARCH, EVALUATION, AND TRAINING.	
14	Title V of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Pre-	
15	vention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5781 et seq.) is amended	
16	by adding at the end the following:	
17	"SEC. 507. RESEARCH, EVALUATION, AND TRAINING.	
18	"Of the amounts made available by appropriations	
19	pursuant to section 506—	
20	"(1) 2 percent shall be used by the Adminis-	
21	trator for providing training and technical assistance	
22	under this title; and	
23	"(2) 10 percent shall be used by the Adminis-	
24	trator for research, statistics, and evaluation activi-	

1	ties carried out in conjunction with the grant pro-
2	grams under this title.".
3	Subtitle E—Reauthorization of the
4	Runaway and Homeless Youth Act
5	SEC. 4501. RUNAWAY AND HOMELESS YOUTH ACT.
6	Section 372(a) of the Juvenile Justice and Delin-
7	quency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5714b(a)) is
8	amended by striking "unit of general local government"
9	and inserting "unit of local government".
10	SEC. 4502. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
11	(a) Technical Amendments.—
12	(1) Error resulting from redesigna-
13	TION.—
14	(A) In general.—Section 3(i) of the Pub-
15	lic Law 102–586 (106 Stat. 5026) is amended
16	by striking "Section 366" and inserting "Sec-
17	tion 385".
18	(B) Effective date.—The amendment
19	made by clause (i) shall take effect as if in-
20	cluded in the amendments made by Public Law
21	102–586.
22	(2) Error resulting from references to
23	NONEXISTENT PROVISIONS OF LAW.—
24	(A) In general.—Section 40155 of the
25	Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement

1	Act of 1994 (Public Law 103–322; 108 Stat.
2	1922) is amended by striking "is amended—"
3	and all that follows through "after section 315"
4	and inserting the following: "is amended by
5	adding at the end".
6	(B) Effective date.—The amendment
7	made by subparagraph (A) shall take effect as
8	if included in the amendments made by the Vio-
9	lent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act
10	of 1994 (Public Law 103–322; 108 Stat. 1796
11	et seq.).
12	(b) Reauthorizations.—
13	(1) In General.—Section 385 of the Juvenile
14	Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42
15	U.S.C. 5751) (as amended by section 3(i) of the
16	Public Law 102–586 (106 Stat. 5026) (as amended
17	by subsection $(a)(1)(A)$ of this subsection)) is
18	amended—
19	(A) in subsection (a)—
20	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking
21	"1993 and such sums as may be necessary
22	for fiscal years 1994, 1995, and 1996"
23	and inserting "1999 and such sums as
24	may be necessary for each of fiscal years
25	2000, 2001, 2002, and 2003"; and

1	(ii) in paragraph (3), by striking sub-	
2	paragraphs (A) through (D) and inserting	
3	the following:	
4	"(A) for fiscal year 1998, not less than	
5	\$957,285;	
6	"(B) for fiscal year 1999, not less than	
7	\$1,005,150;	
8	"(C) for fiscal year 2000, not less than	
9	\$1,055,406;	
10	"(D) for fiscal year 2001, not less than	
11	\$1,108,177;	
12	"(E) for fiscal year 2002, not less than	
13	\$1,163,585; and	
14	"(F) for fiscal year 2003, not less than	
15	\$1,163,585.";	
16	(B) in subsection (b), by striking "1993	
17	and such sums as may be necessary for fiscal	
18	years 1994, 1995, and 1996" and inserting	
19	"1999 and such sums as may be necessary for	
20	each of fiscal years 2000, 2001, 2002, and	
21	2003"; and	
22	(C) in subsection (c), by striking "1993,	
23	1994, 1995, and 1996" and inserting "1999,	
24	2000, 2001, 2002, and 2003".	

1	(2) Additional Reauthorization.—Section
2	316 of part A of the Runaway and Homeless Youth
3	Act (42 U.S.C. 5712d) (as added by section 40155
4	of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement
5	Act of 1994 (as amended by paragraph (1)(B) of
6	this subsection)) is—
7	(A) redesignated as section 315 of part A
8	of the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act; and
9	(B) amended by striking subsection (c)
10	and inserting the following:
11	"(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
12	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
13	such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years
14	1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, and 2003.".
15	Subtitle F—Authorization of Anti-
16	Drug Abuse Programs
17	SEC. 4601. DRUG EDUCATION AND PREVENTION RELATING
18	TO YOUTH GANGS.
19	Section 3505 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988
20	(42 U.S.C. 11805) is amended to read as follows:
	(12 e Nove 11 e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
21	"SEC. 3505. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
21 22	
	"SEC. 3505. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

1	SEC. 4602. DRUG EDUCATION AND PREVENTION PROGRAM	
2	FOR RUNAWAY AND HOMELESS YOUTH.	
3	Section 3513 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988	
4	(42 U.S.C. 11823) is amended to read as follows:	
5	"SEC. 3513. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.	
6	"There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out	
7	this chapter such sums as may be necessary for each of	
8	fiscal years 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, and 2003.".	
9	Subtitle G—Jump Ahead Act of	
0	1998	
1	SEC. 4701. SHORT TITLE.	
2	This Act may be cited as the "JUMP Ahead Act of	
3	1998".	
4	SEC. 4702. FINDINGS.	
5	Congress finds that—	
6	(1) millions of young people in America live in	
7	areas in which drug use and violent and property	
8	crimes are pervasive;	
9	(2) unfortunately, many of these same young	
20	people come from single parent homes, or from envi-	
21	ronments in which there is no responsible, caring	
22	adult supervision;	
23	(3) all children and adolescents need caring	
24	adults in their lives, and mentoring is an effective	
25	way to fill this special need for at-risk children. The	
26	special bond of commitment fostered by the mutual	

- respect inherent in effective mentoring can be the tie that binds a young person to a better future;
 - (4) through a mentoring relationship, adult volunteers and participating youth make a significant commitment of time and energy to develop relationships devoted to personal, academic, or career development and social, artistic, or athletic growth;
 - (5) rigorous independent studies have confirmed that effective mentoring programs can significantly reduce and prevent the use of alcohol and drugs by young people, improve school attendance and performance, improve peer and family and peer relationships, and reduce violent behavior;
 - (6) since the inception of the Federal JUMP program, dozens of innovative, effective mentoring programs have received funding grants;
 - (7) unfortunately, despite the recent growth in public and private mentoring initiatives, it is reported that between 5,000,000 and 15,000,000 additional children in the United States could benefit from being matched with a mentor; and
 - (8) although great strides have been made in reaching at-risk youth since the inception of the JUMP program, millions of vulnerable American children are not being reached, and without an in-

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1	creased commitment to connect these young people	
2	to responsible adult role models, our country risks	
3	losing an entire generation to drugs, crime, and un-	
4	productive lives.	
5	SEC. 4703. JUVENILE MENTORING GRANTS.	
6	(a) In General.—Section 288B of the Juvenile Jus-	
7	tice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C.	
8	5667e-2) is amended—	
9	(1) by inserting "(a) In General.—" before	
10	"The Administrator shall";	
11	(2) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the	
12	following:	
13	"(2) are intended to achieve 1 or more of the	
14	following goals:	
15	"(A) Discourage at-risk youth from—	
16	"(i) using illegal drugs and alcohol;	
17	"(ii) engaging in violence;	
18	"(iii) using guns and other dangerous	
19	weapons;	
20	"(iv) engaging in other criminal and	
21	antisocial behavior; and	
22	"(v) becoming involved in gangs.	
23	"(B) Promote personal and social respon-	
24	sibility among at-risk youth.	

1	"(C) Increase at-risk youth's participation
2	in, and enhance the ability of those youth to
3	benefit from, elementary and secondary edu-
4	cation.
5	"(D) Encourage at-risk youth participation
6	in community service and community activities.
7	"(E) Provide general guidance to at-risk
8	youth."; and
9	(3) by adding at the end the following:
10	"(b) Amount and Duration.—Each grant under
11	this part shall be awarded in an amount not to exceed
12	a total of \$200,000 over a period of not more than 3 years.
13	"(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
14	is authorized to be appropriated $\$50,000,000$ for each of
15	fiscal years 1999, 2000, 2001, and 2002 to carry out this
16	part.".
17	SEC. 4704. IMPLEMENTATION AND EVALUATION GRANTS.
18	(a) In General.—The Administrator of the Office
19	of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention of the De-
20	partment of Justice may make grants to national organi-
21	zations or agencies serving youth, in order to enable those
22	organizations or agencies—
23	(1) to conduct a multisite demonstration
24	project, involving between 5 and 10 project sites,
25	that—

1	(A) provides an opportunity to compare	
2	various mentoring models for the purpose of	
3	evaluating the effectiveness and efficiency of	
4	those models;	
5	(B) allows for innovative programs de-	
6	signed under the oversight of a national organi-	
7	zation or agency serving youth, which programs	
8	may include—	
9	(i) technical assistance;	
10	(ii) training; and	
11	(iii) research and evaluation; and	
12	(C) disseminates the results of such dem-	
13	onstration project to allow for the determina-	
14	tion of the best practices for various mentoring	
15	programs;	
16	(2) to develop and evaluate screening standards	
17	for mentoring programs; and	
18	(3) to develop and evaluate volunteer recruit-	
19	ment techniques and activities for mentoring pro-	
20	grams.	
21	(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is	
22	authorized to be appropriated \$5,000,000 for each of the	
23	fiscal years 1999, 2000, 2001, and 2002 to carry out this	
24	section.	

1 SEC. 4705. EVALUATIONS; REPORTS.

(a)	EVALUATIONS.—
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- (1) In General.—The Attorney General shall enter into a contract with an evaluating organization that has demonstrated experience in conducting evaluations, for the conduct of an ongoing rigorous evaluation of the programs and activities assisted under this Act or under section 228B of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5667e-2) (as amended by this Act).
 - (2) Criteria.—The Attorney General shall establish a minimum criteria for evaluating the programs and activities assisted under this Act or under section 228B of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5667e-2) (as amended by this Act), which shall provide for a description of the implementation of the program or activity, and the effect of the program or activity on participants, schools, communities, and youth served by the program or activity.
 - (3) Mentoring program of the Year.—The Attorney General shall, on an annual basis, based on the most recent evaluation under this subsection and such other criteria as the Attorney General shall establish by regulation—

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1	(A) designate 1 program or activity as-
2	sisted under this Act as the "Juvenile Mentor-
3	ing Program of the Year"; and
4	(B) publish notice of such designation in
5	the Federal Register.
6	(b) Reports.—
7	(1) Grant recipients.—Each entity receiving
8	a grant under this Act or under section 228B of the
9	Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of
10	1974 (42 U.S.C. 5667e-2) (as amended by this Act)
11	shall submit to the evaluating organization entering
12	into the contract under subsection (a)(1), an annual
13	report regarding any program or activity assisted
14	under this Act or under section 228B of the Juve-
15	nile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974
16	(42 U.S.C. 5667e-2) (as amended by this Act).
17	Each report under this paragraph shall be submitted
18	at such time, in such a manner, and shall be accom-
19	panied by such information, as the evaluating orga-
20	nization may reasonably require.
21	(2) Comptroller general.—Not later than
22	4 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the
23	Attorney General shall submit to Congress a report

evaluating the effectiveness of grants awarded under

this Act and under section 228B of the Juvenile

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1	Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42
2	U.S.C. 5667e-2) (as amended by this Act), in—
3	(A) reducing juvenile delinquency and gang
4	participation;
5	(B) reducing the school dropout rate; and
6	(C) improving academic performance of ju-
7	veniles.
8	Subtitle H—Truancy Prevention
9	SEC. 4801. SHORT TITLE.
10	This subtitle may be cited as the "Truancy Preven-
11	tion and Juvenile Crime Reduction Act of 1998".
12	SEC. 4802. FINDINGS.
13	Congress makes the following findings:
14	(1) Truancy is the first sign of trouble—the
15	first indicator that a young person is giving up and
16	losing his or her way.
17	(2) Many students who become truant eventu-
18	ally drop out of school, and high school drop outs
19	are two and a half times more likely to be on welfare
20	than high school graduates, twice as likely to be un-
21	employed, or if employed, earn lower salaries.
22	(3) Truancy is the top-ranking characteristic of
23	criminals—more common than such factors as com-
24	ing from single-parent families and being abused as
25	children

- 1 (4) High rates of truancy are linked to high 2 daytime burglary rates and high vandalism.
 - (5) As much as 44 percent of violent juvenile crime takes place during school hours.
 - (6) As many as 75 percent of children ages 13 to 16 who are arrested and prosecuted for crimes are truants.
 - (7) Some cities report as many as 70 percent of daily student absences are unexcused, and the total number of absences in a single city can reach 4,000 per day.
 - (8) Society pays a significant social and economic cost due to truancy: only 34 percent of inmates have completed high school education; 17 percent of youth under age 18 entering adult prisons have not completed grade school (8th grade or less), 25 percent completed 10th grade, and 2 percent completed high school.
 - (9) Truants and later high school drop outs cost the Nation \$240,000,000,000 in lost earnings and foregone taxes over their lifetimes, and the cost of crime control is staggering.
- 23 (10) In many instances, parents are unaware a child is truant.

1	(11) Effective truancy prevention, early inter-
2	vention, and accountability programs can improve
3	school attendance and reduce daytime crime rates.

4 (12) There is a lack of targeted funding for ef-5 fective truancy prevention programs in current law.

6 SEC. 4803. GRANTS.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ELIGIBLE PARTNERSHIP.—The term "eligible partnership" means a partnership between 1 or more qualified units of local government and 1 or more local educational agencies.
 - (2) Local educational agency" has the meaning given the term in section 14101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 8801).
 - (3) QUALIFIED UNIT OF LOCAL GOVERN-MENT.—The term "qualified unit of local government" means a unit of local government that has in effect, as of the date on which the eligible partnership submits an application for a grant under this section, a statute or regulation that meets the requirements of section 223(a)(14) of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency and Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5633(a)(14)).

1	(4) Unit of local government.—The term
2	"unit of local government" means any city, county,
3	township, town, borough, parish, village, or other
4	general purpose political subdivision of a State, or
5	any Indian tribe.
6	(b) Grant Authority.—The Attorney General, in
7	consultation with the Secretary of Education, shall make
8	grants in accordance with this section on a competitive
9	basis to eligible partnerships to reduce truancy and the
10	incidence of daytime juvenile crime.
11	(c) Maximum Amount; Allocation; Renewal.—
12	(1) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The total amount
13	awarded to an eligible partnership under this section
14	in any fiscal year shall not exceed \$100,000.
15	(2) Allocation.—Not less than 25 percent of
16	each grant awarded to an eligible partnership under
17	this section shall be allocated for use by the local
18	educational agency or agencies participating in the
19	partnership.
20	(3) Renewal.—A grant awarded under this
21	section for a fiscal year may be renewed for an addi-
22	tional period of not more than 2 fiscal years.
23	(d) Use of Funds.—
24	(1) In general.—Grant amounts made avail-
25	able under this section may be used by an eligible

1	partnership to comprehensively address truancy
2	through the use of—
3	(A) parental involvement in prevention ac-
4	tivities, including meaningful incentives for pa-
5	rental responsibility;
6	(B) sanctions, including community serv-
7	ice, or drivers' license suspension for students
8	who are habitually truant;
9	(C) parental accountability, including fines,
10	teacher-aid duty, or community service;
11	(D) in-school truancy prevention programs,
12	including alternative education and in-school
13	suspension;
14	(E) involvement of the local law enforce-
15	ment, social services, judicial, business, and re-
16	ligious communities, and nonprofit organiza-
17	tions;
18	(F) technology, including automated tele-
19	phone notice to parents and computerized at-
20	tendance system; or
21	(G) elimination of 40-day count and other
22	unintended incentives to allow students to be
23	truant after a certain time of school year.
24	(2) Model programs.—In carrying out this
25	section, the Attorney General may give priority to

1	funding programs that attempt to replicate 1 or
2	more of the following model programs:
3	(A) The Truancy Intervention Project of
4	the Fulton County, Georgia, Juvenile Court.
5	(B) The TABS (Truancy Abatement and
6	Burglary Suppression) program of Milwaukee,
7	Wisconsin.
8	(C) The Roswell Daytime Curfew Program
9	of Roswell, New Mexico.
10	(D) The Stop, Cite and Return Program of
11	Rohnert Park, California.
12	(E) The Stay in School Program of New
13	Haven, Connecticut.
14	(F) The Atlantic County Project Helping
15	Hand of Atlantic County, New Jersey.
16	(G) The THRIVE (Truancy Habits Re-
17	duced Increasing Valuable Education) initiative
18	of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.
19	(H) The Norfolk, Virginia project using
20	computer software and data collection.
21	(I) The Community Service Early Inter-
22	vention Program of Marion, Ohio.
23	(J) The Truancy Reduction Program of
24	Bakersfield, California.

1	(K) The Grade Court program of Farm-
2	ington, New Mexico.
3	(L) Any other model program that the At-
4	torney General determines to be appropriate.
5	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
6	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section,
7	\$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1999, 2000, and
8	2001.
9	Subtitle I—Juvenile Crime Control
10	and Delinquency Prevention Act
11	SEC. 4901. SHORT TITLE.
12	This subtitle may be cited as the "Juvenile Crime
13	Control and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1998".
14	SEC. 4902. FINDINGS.
15	Section 101 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
16	Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5601) is amended to
17	read as follows:
18	"FINDINGS
19	"Sec. 101. (a) Congress finds that the juvenile crime
20	problem should be addressed through a 2-track common
21	sense approach that addresses the needs of individual ju-
22	veniles and society at large by promoting—
23	"(1) quality prevention programs that—
24	"(A) work with juveniles, their families,
25	local public agencies, and community-based or-
26	ganizations, and take into consideration such

1	factors as whether or not juveniles have been
2	the victims of family violence (including child
3	abuse and neglect); and
4	"(B) are designed to reduce risks and de-
5	velop competencies in at-risk juveniles that will
6	prevent, and reduce the rate of, violent delin-
7	quent behavior; and
8	"(2) programs that assist in holding juveniles
9	accountable for their actions, including a system of
10	graduated sanctions to respond to each delinquent
11	act, requiring juveniles to make restitution, or per-
12	form community service, for the damage caused by
13	their delinquent acts, and methods for increasing
14	victim satisfaction with respect to the penalties im-
15	posed on juveniles for their acts.
16	"(b) Congress must act now to reform this program
17	by focusing on juvenile delinquency prevention programs,
18	as well as programs that hold juveniles accountable for
19	their acts.".
20	SEC. 4903. PURPOSE.
21	Section 102 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
22	Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5602) is amended to
23	read as follows:
24	"PURPOSES
25	"Sec. 102. The purposes of this title are—

1	"(1) to support State and local programs that
2	prevent juvenile involvement in delinquent behavior;
3	"(2) to assist State and local governments in
4	promoting public safety by encouraging accountabil-
5	ity for acts of juvenile delinquency; and
6	"(3) to assist State and local governments in
7	addressing juvenile crime through the provision of
8	technical assistance, research, training, evaluation,
9	and the dissemination of information on effective
10	programs for combating juvenile delinquency.".
11	SEC. 4904. DEFINITIONS.
12	Section 103 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
13	Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5603) is amended—
14	(1) in paragraph (3), by striking "to help pre-
15	vent juvenile delinquency" and inserting "designed
16	to reduce known risk factors for juvenile delinquent
17	behavior, provide activities that build on protective
18	factors for, and develop competencies in, juveniles to
19	prevent, and reduce the rate of, delinquent juvenile
20	behavior",
21	(2) in paragraph (4), by inserting "title I of"
22	before "the Omnibus" each place it appears,
23	(3) in paragraph (7), by striking "the Trust
24	Territory of the Pacific Islands.".

1	(4) in paragraph (9), by striking "justice" and
2	inserting "crime control",
3	(5) in paragraph (12)(B), by striking ", of any
4	nonoffender,",
5	(6) in paragraph (13)(B), by striking ", any
6	nonoffender,",
7	(7) in paragraph (14), by inserting "drug traf-
8	ficking," after "assault,",
9	(8) in paragraph (16)—
10	(A) in subparagraph (A), by adding "and"
11	at the end, and
12	(B) by striking subparagraph (C),
13	(9) by striking paragraph (17),
14	(10) in paragraph (22)—
15	(A) by redesignating subparagraphs (i),
16	(ii), and (iii) as subparagraphs (A), (B), and
17	(C), respectively, and
18	(B) by striking "and" at the end,
19	(11) in paragraph (23), by striking the period
20	at the end and inserting a semicolon,
21	(12) by redesignating paragraphs (18), (19),
22	(20), (21) , (22) , and (23) as paragraphs (17)
23	through (22), respectively, and
24	(13) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(23) the term 'boot camp' means a residential
2	facility (excluding a private residence) at which there
3	are provided—
4	"(A) a highly regimented schedule of dis-
5	cipline, physical training, work, drill, and cere-
6	mony characteristic of military basic training.
7	"(B) regular, remedial, special, and voca-
8	tional education; and
9	"(C) counseling and treatment for sub-
10	stance abuse and other health and mental
11	health problems;
12	"(24) the term 'graduated sanctions' means an
13	accountability-based, graduated series of sanctions
14	(including incentives and services) applicable to juve-
15	niles within the juvenile justice system to hold such
16	juveniles accountable for their actions and to protect
17	communities from the effects of juvenile delinquency
18	by providing appropriate sanctions for every act for
19	which a juvenile is adjudicated delinquent, by induc-
20	ing their law-abiding behavior, and by preventing
21	their subsequent involvement with the juvenile jus-
22	tice system;
23	"(25) the term 'violent crime' means—
24	"(A) murder or nonnegligent man-
25	slaughter, forcible rape, or robbery, or

1	"(B) aggravated assault committed with
2	the use of a firearm;
3	"(26) the term 'co-located facilities' means fa-
4	cilities that are located in the same building, or are
5	part of a related complex of buildings located on the
6	same grounds; and
7	"(27) the term 'related complex of buildings'
8	means 2 or more buildings that share—
9	"(A) physical features, such as walls and
10	fences, or services beyond mechanical services
11	(heating, air conditioning, water and sewer); or
12	"(B) the specialized services that are al-
13	lowable under section $31.303(e)(3)(i)(C)(3)$ of
14	title 28 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as
15	in effect on December 10, 1996.".
16	SEC. 4905. NAME OF OFFICE.
17	Title II of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Pre-
18	vention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5611 et seq.) is amend-
19	ed—
20	(1) by amending the heading of part A to read
21	as follows:

1	"Part A—Office of Juvenile Crime Control and
2	Delinquency Prevention",
3	(2) in section 201(a), by striking "Justice and
4	Delinquency Prevention" and inserting "Crime Con-
5	trol and Delinquency Prevention", and
6	(3) in section 299A(c)(2) by striking "Justice
7	and Delinquency Prevention" and inserting "Crime
8	Control and Delinquency Prevention".
9	SEC. 4906. CONCENTRATION OF FEDERAL EFFORT.
10	Section 204 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
11	Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5614) is amended—
12	(1) in subsection $(a)(1)$, by striking the last
13	sentence,
14	(2) in subsection (b)—
15	(A) in paragraph (3), by striking "and of
16	the prospective" and all that follows through
17	"administered",
18	(B) by striking paragraph (5), and
19	(C) by redesignating paragraphs (6) and
20	(7) as paragraphs (5) and (6), respectively,
21	(3) in subsection (c), by striking "and reports"
22	and all that follows through "this part", and insert-
23	ing "as may be appropriate to prevent the duplica-
24	tion of efforts, and to coordinate activities, related to
25	the prevention of juvenile delinquency",

1	(4) by striking subsection (i), and
2	(5) by redesignating subsection (h) as sub-
3	section (f).
4	SEC. 4907. ALLOCATION.
5	Section 222 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
6	Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5632) is amended—
7	(1) in subsection (a)—
8	(A) in paragraph (2)—
9	(i) in subparagraph (A)—
10	(I) by striking "amount, up to
11	\$400,000," and inserting "amount up
12	to \$400,000",
13	(II) by inserting a comma after
14	"1992" the 1st place it appears,
15	(III) by striking "the Trust Ter-
16	ritory of the Pacific Islands,", and
17	(IV) by striking "amount, up to
18	\$100,000," and inserting "amount up
19	to \$100,000",
20	(ii) in subparagraph (B)—
21	(I) by striking "(other than part
22	D)",
23	(II) by striking "or such greater
24	amount, up to \$600,000" and all that

1	follows through "section 299(a) (1)
2	and (3)",
3	(III) by striking "the Trust Ter-
4	ritory of the Pacific Islands,",
5	(IV) by striking "amount, up to
6	\$100,000," and inserting "amount up
7	to \$100,000", and
8	(V) by inserting a comma after
9	"1992",
10	(B) in paragraph (3) by striking "allot"
11	and inserting "allocate", and
12	(2) in subsection (b) by striking "the Trust
13	Territory of the Pacific Islands,".
14	SEC. 4908. STATE PLANS.
15	Section 223 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
16	Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5633) is amended—
17	(1) in subsection (a)—
18	(A) in the 2nd sentence by striking "chal-
19	lenge" and all that follows through "part E",
20	and inserting ", projects, and activities";
21	(B) in paragraph (3)—
22	(i) by striking ", which—" and insert-
23	ing "that—";
24	(ii) in subparagraph (A)—

1	(I) by striking "not less" and all
2	that follows through "33", and insert-
3	ing "the attorney general of the State
4	or such other State official who has
5	primary responsibility for overseeing
6	the enforcement of State criminal
7	laws, and";
8	(II) by inserting ", in consulta-
9	tion with the attorney general of the
10	State or such other State official who
11	has primary responsibility for over-
12	seeing the enforcement of State crimi-
13	nal laws" after "State";
14	(III) in clause (i), by striking "or
15	the administration of juvenile justice"
16	and inserting ", the administration of
17	juvenile justice, or the reduction of ju-
18	venile delinquency';
19	(IV) in clause (ii), by striking
20	"include—" and all that follows
21	through the semicolon at the end of
22	subclause (VIII), and inserting the
23	following:

1	"represent a multidisciplinary approach to
2	addressing juvenile delinquency and may
3	include—
4	"(I) individuals who represent
5	units of general local government, law
6	enforcement and juvenile justice agen-
7	cies, public agencies concerned with
8	the prevention and treatment of juve-
9	nile delinquency and with the adju-
10	dication of juveniles, representatives
11	of juveniles, or nonprofit private orga-
12	nizations, particularly such organiza-
13	tions that serve juveniles; and
14	"(II) such other individuals as
15	the chief executive officer considers to
16	be appropriate; and"; and
17	(V) by striking clauses (iv) and
18	(v);
19	(iii) in subparagraph (C), by striking
20	"justice" and inserting "crime control";
21	(iv) in subparagraph (D)—
22	(I) in clause (i), by inserting
23	"and" at the end; and
24	(II) in clause (ii), by striking
25	"paragraphs" and all that follows

1	through "part E", and inserting
2	"paragraphs (11), (12), and (13)";
3	and
4	(v) in subparagraph (E), by striking
5	"title—" and all that follows through
6	"(ii)" and inserting "title,";
7	(C) in paragraph (5)—
8	(i) in the matter preceding subpara-
9	graph (A), by striking ", other than" and
10	inserting "reduced by the percentage (if
11	any) specified by the State under the au-
12	thority of paragraph (25) and excluding"
13	after "section 222"; and
14	(ii) in subparagraph (C), by striking
15	"paragraphs (12)(A), (13), and (14)" and
16	inserting "paragraphs (11), (12), and
17	(13)";
18	(D) by striking paragraph (6);
19	(E) in paragraph (7), by inserting ", in-
20	cluding in rural areas" before the semicolon at
21	the end;
22	(F) in paragraph (8)—
23	(i) in subparagraph (A)—
24	(I) by striking "for (i)" and all
25	that follows through "relevant juris-

1	diction", and inserting "for an analy-
2	sis of juvenile delinquency problems
3	in, and the juvenile delinquency con-
4	trol and delinquency prevention needs
5	(including educational needs) of, the
6	State'';
7	(II) by striking "justice" the sec-
8	ond place it appears and inserting
9	"crime control"; and
10	(III) by striking "of the jurisdic-
11	tion; (ii)" and all that follows through
12	the semicolon at the end, and insert-
13	ing "of the State; and";
14	(ii) by striking subparagraph (B) and
15	inserting the following:
16	"(B) contain—
17	"(i) a plan for providing needed gen-
18	der-specific services for the prevention and
19	treatment of juvenile delinquency;
20	"(ii) a plan for providing needed serv-
21	ices for the prevention and treatment of ju-
22	venile delinquency in rural areas; and
23	"(iii) a plan for providing needed
24	mental health services to juveniles in the
25	juvenile justice system;"; and

1	(iii) by striking subparagraphs (C)
2	and (D);
3	(G) by striking paragraph (9) and insert-
4	ing the following:
5	"(9) provide for the coordination and maximum
6	utilization of existing juvenile delinquency programs,
7	programs operated by public and private agencies
8	and organizations, and other related programs (such
9	as education, special education, recreation, health,
10	and welfare programs) in the State;";
11	(H) in paragraph (10)—
12	(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking ",
13	specifically" and inserting "including"; and
14	(ii) by striking subparagraph (B) and
15	inserting the following:
16	"(B) programs that assist in holding juve-
17	niles accountable for their actions, including the
18	use of graduated sanctions and of neighborhood
19	courts or panels that increase victim satisfac-
20	tion and require juveniles to make restitution
21	for the damage caused by their delinquent be-
22	havior;";
23	(iii) in subparagraph (C), by striking
24	"juvenile justice" and inserting "juvenile
25	crime control";

1	(iv) by striking subparagraph (D) and
2	inserting the following:
3	"(D) programs that provide treatment to
4	juvenile offenders who are victims of child
5	abuse or neglect, and to their families, in order
6	to reduce the likelihood that such juvenile of-
7	fenders will commit subsequent violations of
8	law;'';
9	(v) in subparagraph (E)—
10	(I) by redesignating clause (ii) as
11	clause (iii); and
12	(II) by striking "juveniles, pro-
13	vided" and all that follows through
14	"provides; and", and inserting the fol-
15	lowing:
16	"juveniles—
17	"(i) to encourage juveniles to remain
18	in elementary and secondary schools or in
19	alternative learning situations;
20	"(ii) to provide services to assist juve-
21	niles in making the transition to the world
22	of work and self-sufficiency; and";
23	(vi) by striking subparagraph (F) and
24	inserting the following:

1	"(F) expanding the use of probation offi-
2	cers—
3	"(i) particularly for the purpose of
4	permitting nonviolent juvenile offenders
5	(including status offenders) to remain at
6	home with their families as an alternative
7	to incarceration or institutionalization; and
8	"(ii) to ensure that juveniles follow
9	the terms of their probation;";
10	(vii) by striking subparagraph (G)
11	and inserting the following:
12	"(G) one-on-one mentoring programs that
13	are designed to link at-risk juveniles and juve-
14	nile offenders, particularly juveniles residing in
15	high-crime areas and juveniles experiencing
16	educational failure, with responsible adults
17	(such as law enforcement officers, adults work-
18	ing with local businesses, and adults working
19	with community-based organizations and agen-
20	cies) who are properly screened and trained;";
21	(viii) in subparagraph (H) by striking
22	"handicapped youth" and inserting "juve-
23	niles with disabilities";
24	(ix) by striking subparagraph (K) and
25	inserting the following:

1	"(K) boot camps for juvenile offenders;";
2	(x) by striking subparagraph (L) and
3	inserting the following:
4	"(L) community-based programs and serv-
5	ices to work with juveniles, their parents, and
6	other family members during and after incar-
7	ceration in order to strengthen families so that
8	such juveniles may be retained in their homes;"
9	(xi) by striking subparagraph (M) and
10	inserting the following:
11	"(M) other activities (such as court-ap-
12	pointed advocates) that the State determines
13	will hold juveniles accountable for their acts
14	and decrease juvenile involvement in delinquent
15	activities;";
16	(xii) in subparagraph (O)—
17	(I) in striking "cultural" and in-
18	serting "other"; and
19	(II) by striking the period at the
20	end and inserting a semicolon; and
21	(xiii) by adding at the end the follow-
22	ing:
23	"(P) programs that utilize multidisci-
24	plinary interagency case management and infor-
25	mation sharing, that enable the juvenile justice

1	and law enforcement agencies, schools, and so-
2	cial service agencies to make more informed de-
3	cisions regarding early identification, control,
4	supervision, and treatment of juveniles who re-
5	peatedly commit violent or serious delinquent
6	acts; and
7	"(Q) programs designed to prevent and re-
8	duce hate crimes committed by juveniles.";
9	(I) by striking paragraph (12) and insert-
10	ing the following:
11	"(12) shall, in accordance with rules issued by
12	the Administrator, provide that—
13	"(A) juveniles who are charged with or
14	who have committed an offense that would not
15	be criminal if committed by an adult, exclud-
16	ing—
17	"(i) juveniles who are charged with or
18	who have committed a violation of section
19	922(x)(2) of title 18, United States Code,
20	or of a similar State law;
21	"(ii) juveniles who are charged with or
22	who have committed a violation of a valid
23	court order; and

1	"(iii) juveniles who are held in accord-
2	ance with the Interstate Compact on Juve-
3	niles, as enacted by the State;
4	shall not be placed in secure detention facilities
5	or secure correctional facilities; and
6	"(B) juveniles—
7	"(i) who are not charged with any of-
8	fense; and
9	"(ii) who are—
10	"(I) aliens; or
11	"(II) alleged to be dependent, ne-
12	glected, or abused;
13	shall not be placed in secure detention facilities
14	or secure correctional facilities;";
15	(J) by striking paragraph (13) and insert-
16	ing the following:
17	"(13) provide that—
18	"(A) juveniles alleged to be or found to be
19	delinquent, and juveniles within the purview of
20	paragraph (11), will not be detained or confined
21	in any institution in which they have prohibited
22	physical contact or sustained oral communica-
23	tion (as defined in subparagraphs (D) and (E))
24	with adults incarcerated because such adults

1	have been convicted of a crime or are awaiting
2	trial on criminal charges;
3	"(B) to the extent practicable, violent juve-
4	niles shall be kept separate from nonviolent ju-
5	veniles;
6	"(C) there is in effect in the State a policy
7	that requires individuals who work with both
8	such juveniles and such adults in co-located fa-
9	cilities have been trained and certified to work
10	with juveniles; and
11	"(D) the term 'prohibited physical con-
12	tact'—
13	"(i) means—
14	"(I) any physical contact between
15	a juvenile and an adult inmate; and
16	"(II) proximity that provides an
17	opportunity for physical contact be-
18	tween a juvenile and an adult inmate;
19	and
20	"(ii) does not include supervised prox-
21	imity between a juvenile and an adult in-
22	mate that is brief and incidental or acci-
23	dental.
24	"(E) Sustained oral communica-
25	TION.—

1	"(i) In general.—The term 'sus-
2	tained oral communication' means the im-
3	parting or interchange of speech by or be-
4	tween an adult inmate and a juvenile.
5	"(ii) Exception.—The term does not
6	include—
7	"(I) communication that is acci-
8	dental or incidental; or
9	"(II) sounds or noises that can-
10	not reasonably be considered to be
11	speech.";
12	(K) by striking paragraph (14) and insert-
13	ing the following:
14	"(14) provide that no juvenile will be detained
15	or confined in any jail or lockup for adults except—
16	"(A) juveniles who are accused of nonsta-
17	tus offenses and who are detained in such jail
18	or lockup for a period not to exceed 6 hours—
19	"(i) for processing or release;
20	"(ii) while awaiting transfer to a juve-
21	nile facility; or
22	"(iii) in which period such juveniles
23	make a court appearance;
24	"(B) juveniles who are accused of nonsta-
25	tus offenses, who are awaiting an initial court

1	appearance that will occur within 48 hours
2	after being taken into custody (excluding Satur-
3	days, Sundays, and legal holidays), and who are
4	detained or confined in a jail or lockup—
5	"(i) in which—
6	"(I) such juveniles do not have
7	prohibited physical contact or sus-
8	tained oral communication, as defined
9	in subparagraphs (D) and (E), with
10	adults incarcerated because such
11	adults have been convicted of a crime
12	or are awaiting trial on criminal
13	charges;
14	"(II) to the extent practicable,
15	violent juveniles shall be kept separate
16	from nonviolent juveniles; and
17	"(III) there is in effect in the
18	State a policy that requires individ-
19	uals who work with both such juve-
20	niles and such adults in co-located fa-
21	cilities have been trained and certified
22	to work with juveniles; and
23	"(ii) that—
24	"(I) is located outside a metro-
25	politan statistical area (as defined by

1	the Director of the Office of Manage-
2	ment and Budget);
3	"(II) has no existing acceptable
4	alternative placement available;
5	"(III) is located where conditions
6	of distance to be traveled or the lack
7	of highway, road, or transportation do
8	not allow for court appearances within
9	48 hours after being taken into cus-
10	tody (excluding Saturdays, Sundays,
11	and legal holidays) so that a brief (not
12	to exceed an additional 48 hours)
13	delay is excusable; or
14	"(IV) is located where conditions
15	of safety exist (such as severe adverse,
16	life-threatening weather conditions
17	that do not allow for reasonably safe
18	travel), in which case the time for an
19	appearance may be delayed until 24
20	hours after the time that such condi-
21	tions allow for reasonable safe trav-
22	el;";
23	(L) in paragraph (15)—
24	(i) by striking "paragraph (12)(A),
25	paragraph (13), and paragraph (14)" and

1	inserting "paragraphs (11), (12), and
2	(13)"; and
3	(ii) by striking "paragraph (12)(A)
4	and paragraph (13)" and inserting "para-
5	graphs (11) and (12)";
6	(M) in paragraph (16) by striking "men-
7	tally, emotionally, or physically handicapping
8	conditions" and inserting "disability";
9	(N) by striking paragraph (19) and insert-
10	ing the following:
11	"(19) provide assurances that—
12	"(A) any assistance provided under this
13	Act will not cause the displacement (including
14	a partial displacement, such as a reduction in
15	the hours of nonovertime work, wages, or em-
16	ployment benefits) of any currently employed
17	employee;
18	"(B) activities assisted under this Act will
19	not impair an existing collective bargaining re-
20	lationship, contract for services, or collective
21	bargaining agreement; and
22	"(C) no such activity that would be incon-
23	sistent with the terms of a collective bargaining
24	agreement shall be undertaken without the

1	written concurrence of the labor organization
2	involved;";
3	(O) by striking paragraph (23) and insert-
4	ing the following:
5	"(23) address juvenile delinquency prevention
6	efforts and system improvement efforts designed to
7	reduce, without establishing or requiring numerical
8	standards or quotas, the disproportionate number of
9	juvenile members of minority groups, who come into
10	contact with the juvenile justice system;";
11	(P) by striking paragraph (24) and insert-
12	ing the following:
13	"(24) provide that if a juvenile is taken into
14	custody for violating a valid court order issued for
15	committing a status offense—
16	"(A) an appropriate public agency shall be
17	promptly notified that such juvenile is held in
18	custody for violating such order;
19	"(B) not later than 24 hours after the ju-
20	venile is taken into custody and during which
21	the juvenile is so held, an authorized represent-
22	ative of such agency shall interview, in person,
23	such juvenile; and

1	"(C) not later than 48 hours after the ju-
2	venile is taken into custody and during which
3	the juvenile is so held—
4	"(i) such representative shall submit
5	an assessment to the court that issued
6	such order, regarding the immediate needs
7	of such juvenile; and
8	"(ii) such court shall conduct a hear-
9	ing to determine—
10	"(I) whether there is reasonable
11	cause to believe that such juvenile vio-
12	lated such order; and
13	"(II) the appropriate placement
14	of such juvenile pending disposition of
15	the violation alleged;";
16	(Q) in paragraph (25) by striking the pe-
17	riod at the end and inserting a semicolon;
18	(R) by redesignating paragraphs (7)
19	through (25) as paragraphs (6) through (24),
20	respectively; and
21	(S) by adding at the end the following:
22	"(25) specify a percentage (if any), not to ex-
23	ceed 5 percent, of funds received by the State under
24	section 222 (other than funds made available to the
25	state advisory group under section 222(d)) that the

1	State will reserve for expenditure by the State to
2	provide incentive grants to units of general local gov-
3	ernment that reduce the caseload of probation offi-
4	cers within such units."; and
5	(2) by striking subsection (c) and inserting the
6	following:
7	"(c) If a State fails to comply with any applicable
8	requirement of paragraph (11), (12), (13), or (22) of sub-
9	section (a) in any fiscal year beginning after September
10	30, 1998, then the amount allocated to such State for the
11	subsequent fiscal year shall be reduced by not to exceed
12	12.5 percent for each such paragraph with respect to
13	which the failure occurs, unless the Administrator deter-
14	mines that the State—
15	"(1) has achieved substantial compliance with
16	such applicable requirements with respect to which
17	the State was not in compliance; and
18	"(2) has made, through appropriate executive
19	or legislative action, an unequivocal commitment to
20	achieving full compliance with such applicable re-
21	quirements within a reasonable time.", and
22	(3) in subsection (d)—
23	(A) by striking "allotment" and inserting
24	"allocation", and

1	(B) by striking "subsection (a) (12)(A),
2	(13), (14) and (23)" each place it appears and
3	inserting "paragraphs (11), (12), (13), and
4	(22) of subsection (a)".
5	SEC. 4909. JUVENILE DELINQUENCY PREVENTION BLOCK
6	GRANT PROGRAM.
7	Title II of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Pre-
8	vention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5611 et seq.) is amend-
9	ed—
10	(1) by striking parts C, D, E, F, G, and H,
11	(2) by striking the 1st part I,
12	(3) by redesignating the 2nd part I as part F,
13	and
14	(4) by inserting after part B the following:
15	"PART C—JUVENILE DELINQUENCY PREVENTION
16	BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM
17	"SEC. 241. AUTHORITY TO MAKE GRANTS.
18	"The Administrator may make grants to eligible
19	States, from funds allocated under section 242, for the
20	purpose of providing financial assistance to eligible entities
21	to carry out projects designed to prevent juvenile delin-
22	quency, including—
23	"(1) projects that assist in holding juveniles ac-
24	countable for their actions, including the use of
25	neighborhood courts or panels that increase victim

1	satisfaction and require juveniles to make restitu-
2	tion, or perform community service, for the damage
3	caused by their delinquent acts;
4	"(2) projects that provide treatment to juvenile
5	offenders who are victims of child abuse or neglect,
6	and to their families, in order to reduce the likeli-
7	hood that such juvenile offenders will commit subse-
8	quent violations of law;
9	"(3) educational projects or supportive services
10	for delinquent or other juveniles—
11	"(A) to encourage juveniles to remain in
12	elementary and secondary schools or in alter-
13	native learning situations in educational set-
14	tings;
15	"(B) to provide services to assist juveniles
16	in making the transition to the world of work
17	and self-sufficiency;
18	"(C) to assist in identifying learning dif-
19	ficulties (including learning disabilities);
20	"(D) to prevent unwarranted and arbitrary
21	suspensions and expulsions;
22	"(E) to encourage new approaches and
23	techniques with respect to the prevention of
24	school violence and vandalism;

1	"(F) which assist law enforcement person-
2	nel and juvenile justice personnel to more effec-
3	tively recognize and provide for learning-dis-
4	abled and other disabled juveniles; or
5	"(G) which develop locally coordinated
6	policies and programs among education, juve-
7	nile justice, and social service agencies;
8	"(4) projects which expand the use of probation
9	officers—
10	"(A) particularly for the purpose of per-
11	mitting nonviolent juvenile offenders (including
12	status offenders) to remain at home with their
13	families as an alternative to incarceration or in-
14	stitutionalization; and
15	"(B) to ensure that juveniles follow the
16	terms of their probation;
17	"(5) one-on-one mentoring projects that are de-
18	signed to link at-risk juveniles and juvenile offenders
19	who did not commit serious crime, particularly juve-
20	niles residing in high-crime areas and juveniles expe-
21	riencing educational failure, with responsible adults
22	(such as law enforcement officers, adults working
23	with local businesses, and adults working for com-
24	munity-based organizations and agencies) who are
25	properly screened and trained;

1	"(6) community-based projects and services (in-
2	cluding literacy and social service programs) which
3	work with juvenile offenders, including those from
4	families with limited English-speaking proficiency,
5	their parents, their siblings, and other family mem-
6	bers during and after incarceration of the juvenile
7	offenders, in order to strengthen families, to allow
8	juvenile offenders to be retained in their homes, and
9	to prevent the involvement of other juvenile family
10	members in delinquent activities;
11	"(7) projects designed to provide for the treat-
12	ment of juveniles for dependence on or abuse of al-
13	cohol, drugs, or other harmful substances;
14	"(8) projects which leverage funds to provide
15	scholarships for postsecondary education and train-
16	ing for low-income juveniles who reside in neighbor-
17	hoods with high rates of poverty, violence, and drug-
18	related crimes;
19	"(9) projects which provide for an initial intake
20	screening of each juvenile taken into custody—
21	"(A) to determine the likelihood that such
22	juvenile will commit a subsequent offense; and
23	"(B) to provide appropriate interventions
24	to prevent such juvenile from committing subse-
25	quent offenses;

"(10) projects (including school- or community-based projects) that are designed to prevent, and reduce the rate of, the participation of juveniles in gangs that commit crimes (particularly violent crimes), that unlawfully use firearms and other weapons, or that unlawfully traffic in drugs and that involve, to the extent practicable, families and other community members (including law enforcement personnel and members of the business community) in the activities conducted under such projects;

"(11) comprehensive juvenile justice and delinquency prevention projects that meet the needs of juveniles through the collaboration of the many local service systems juveniles encounter, including schools, courts, law enforcement agencies, child protection agencies, mental health agencies, welfare services, health care agencies, and private nonprofit agencies offering services to juveniles;

"(12) to develop, implement, and support, in conjunction with public and private agencies, organizations, and businesses, projects for the employment of juveniles and referral to job training programs (including referral to Federal job training programs);

1	"(13) delinquency prevention activities which
2	involve youth clubs, sports, recreation and parks
3	peer counseling and teaching, the arts, leadership
4	development, community service, volunteer service,
5	before- and after-school programs, violence preven-
6	tion activities, mediation skills training, camping
7	environmental education, ethnic or cultural enrich-
8	ment, tutoring, and academic enrichment;
9	"(14) family strengthening activities, such as
10	mutual support groups for parents and their chil-
11	dren;
12	"(15) programs that encourage social com-
13	petencies, problem-solving skills, and communication
14	skills, youth leadership, and civic involvement;
15	"(16) programs that focus on the needs of
16	young girls at-risk of delinquency or status offenses
17	and
18	"(17) other activities that are likely to prevent
19	juvenile delinquency.
20	"SEC. 242. ALLOCATION.
21	"Funds appropriated to carry out this part shall be
22	allocated among eligible States as follows:
23	"(1) 0.75 percent shall be allocated to each
24	State.

1	"(2) Of the total amount remaining after the
2	allocation under paragraph (1), there shall be allo-
3	cated to each State as follows:
4	"(A) 50 percent of such amount shall be
5	allocated proportionately based on the popu-
6	lation that is less than 18 years of age in the
7	eligible States.
8	"(B) 50 percent of such amount shall be
9	allocated proportionately based on the annual
10	average number of arrests for serious crimes
11	committed in the eligible States by juveniles
12	during the then most recently completed period
13	of 3 consecutive calendar years for which suffi-
14	cient information is available to the Adminis-
15	trator.
16	"SEC. 243. ELIGIBILITY OF STATES.
17	"(a) Application.—To be eligible to receive a grant
18	under section 241, a State shall submit to the Adminis-
19	trator an application that contains the following:
20	"(1) An assurance that the State will use—
21	"(A) not more than 5 percent of such
22	grant, in the aggregate, for—
23	"(i) the costs incurred by the State to
24	carry out this part; and

1	"(ii) to evaluate, and provide technical
2	assistance relating to, projects and activi-
3	ties carried out with funds provided under
4	this part; and
5	"(B) the remainder of such grant to make
6	grants under section 244.
7	"(2) An assurance that, and a detailed descrip-
8	tion of how, such grant will support, and not sup-
9	plant State and local efforts to prevent juvenile de-
10	linquency.
11	"(3) An assurance that such application was
12	prepared after consultation with and participation by
13	community-based organizations, and organizations in
14	the local juvenile justice system, that carry out pro-
15	grams, projects, or activities to prevent juvenile de-
16	linquency.
17	"(4) An assurance that each eligible entity de-
18	scribed in section 244(a) that receives an initial
19	grant under section 244 to carry out a project or ac-
20	tivity shall also receive an assurance from the State
21	that such entity will receive from the State, for the
22	subsequent fiscal year to carry out such project or
23	activity, a grant under such section in an amount
24	that is proportional, based on such initial grant and

on the amount of the grant received under section

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1	241 by the State for such subsequent fiscal year, but
2	that does not exceed the amount specified for such
3	subsequent fiscal year in such application as ap-
4	proved by the State.
5	"(5) Such other information and assurances as
6	the Administrator may reasonably require by rule.
7	"(b) APPROVAL OF APPLICATIONS.—
8	"(1) Approval required.—Subject to para-
9	graph (2), the Administrator shall approve an appli-
10	cation, and amendments to such application submit-
11	ted in subsequent fiscal years, that satisfy the re-
12	quirements of subsection (a).
13	"(2) Limitation.—The Administrator may not
14	approve such application (including amendments to
15	such application) for a fiscal year unless—
16	"(A)(i) the State submitted a plan under
17	section 223 for such fiscal year; and
18	"(ii) such plan is approved by the Adminis-
19	trator for such fiscal year; or
20	"(B) the Administrator waives the applica-
21	tion of subparagraph (A) to such State for such
22	fiscal year, after finding good cause for such a
23	waiver.

1 "SEC. 244. GRANTS FOR LOCAL PROJECTS.

2	"(a) Selection From Among Applications.—(1)
3	Using a grant received under section 241, a State may
4	make grants to eligible entities whose applications are re-
5	ceived by the State in accordance with subsection (b) to
6	carry out projects and activities described in section 241.
7	"(2) For purposes of making such grants, the State
8	shall give special consideration to eligible entities that—
9	"(A) propose to carry out such projects in geo-
10	graphical areas in which there is—
11	"(i) a disproportionately high level of seri-
12	ous crime committed by juveniles; or
13	"(ii) a recent rapid increase in the number
14	of nonstatus offenses committed by juveniles;
15	"(B)(i) agreed to carry out such projects or ac-
16	tivities that are multidisciplinary and involve 2 or
17	more eligible entities; or
18	"(ii) represent communities that have a com-
19	prehensive plan designed to identify at-risk juveniles
20	and to prevent or reduce the rate of juvenile delin-
21	quency, and that involve other entities operated by
22	individuals who have a demonstrated history of in-
23	volvement in activities designed to prevent juvenile
24	delinquency; and

- 1 "(C) the amount of resources (in cash or in
- 2 kind) such entities will provide to carry out such
- 3 projects and activities.
- 4 "(b) Receipt of Applications.—(1) Subject to
- 5 paragraph (2), a unit of general local government shall
- 6 submit to the State simultaneously all applications that
- 7 are—
- 8 "(A) timely received by such unit from eligible
- 9 entities; and
- 10 "(B) determined by such unit to be consistent
- with a current plan formulated by such unit for the
- purpose of preventing, and reducing the rate of, ju-
- venile delinquency in the geographical area under
- the jurisdiction of such unit.
- 15 "(2) If an application submitted to such unit by an
- 16 eligible entity satisfies the requirements specified in sub-
- 17 paragraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1), such entity may
- 18 submit such application directly to the State.

19 "SEC. 245. ELIGIBILITY OF ENTITIES.

- 20 "(a) Eligibility.—Subject to subsections (b) and
- 21 except as provided in subsection (c), to be eligible to re-
- 22 ceive a grant under section 244, a community-based orga-
- 23 nization, local juvenile justice system officials (including
- 24 prosecutors, police officers, judges, probation officers, pa-
- 25 role officers, and public defenders), local education author-

- 1 ity (as defined in section 14101 of the Elementary and
- 2 Secondary Education Act of 1965 and including a school
- 3 within such authority), nonprofit private organization,
- 4 unit of general local government, or social service provider,
- 5 and or other entity with a demonstrated history of involve-
- 6 ment in the prevention of juvenile delinquency, shall sub-
- 7 mit to a unit of general local government an application
- 8 that contains the following:
- 9 "(1) An assurance that such applicant will use
- such grant, and each such grant received for the
- subsequent fiscal year, to carry out throughout a 2-
- 12 year period a project or activity described in reason-
- able detail, and of a kind described in 1 or more of
- paragraphs (1) through (14) of section 241 as speci-
- 15 fied in, such application.
- 16 "(2) A statement of the particular goals such
- 17 project or activity is designed to achieve, and the
- methods such entity will use to achieve, and assess
- the achievement of, each of such goals.
- 20 "(3) A statement identifying the research (if
- any) such entity relied on in preparing such applica-
- tion.
- 23 "(b) Review and Submission of Applications.—
- 24 Except as provided in subsection (c), an entity shall not
- 25 be eligible to receive a grant under section 244 unless—

1	"(1) such entity submits to a unit of general
2	local government an application that—
3	"(A) satisfies the requirements specified in
4	subsection (a); and
5	"(B) describes a project or activity to be
6	carried out in the geographical area under the
7	jurisdiction of such unit; and
8	"(2) such unit determines that such project or
9	activity is consistent with a current plan formulated
10	by such unit for the purpose of preventing, and re-
11	ducing the rate of, juvenile delinquency in the geo-
12	graphical area under the jurisdiction of such unit.
13	"(c) Limitation.—If an entity that receives a grant
14	under section 244 to carry out a project or activity for
15	a 2-year period, and receives technical assistance from the
16	State or the Administrator after requesting such technical
17	assistance (if any), fails to demonstrate, before the expira-
18	tion of such 2-year period, that such project or such activ-
19	ity has achieved substantial success in achieving the goals
20	specified in the application submitted by such entity to
21	receive such grants, then such entity shall not be eligible
22	to receive any subsequent grant under such section to con-
23	tinue to carry out such project or activity.".

1	SEC. 4910. RESEARCH; EVALUATION; TECHNICAL ASSIST-
2	ANCE; TRAINING.
3	Title II of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Pre-
4	vention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5611 et seq.) is amended
5	by inserting after part C, as added by section 4811 of this
6	Act, the following:
7	"PART D—RESEARCH; EVALUATION; TECHNICAL
8	ASSISTANCE; TRAINING
9	"SEC. 251. RESEARCH AND EVALUATION; STATISTICAL
10	ANALYSES; INFORMATION DISSEMINATION
11	"(a) Research and Evaluation.—(1) The Admin-
12	istrator may—
13	"(A) plan and identify, after consultation with
14	the Director of the National Institute of Justice, the
15	purposes and goals of all agreements carried out
16	with funds provided under this subsection; and
17	"(B) make agreements with the National Insti-
18	tute of Justice or, subject to the approval of the As-
19	sistant Attorney General for the Office of Justice
20	Programs, with another Federal agency authorized
21	by law to conduct research or evaluation in juvenile
22	justice matters, for the purpose of providing re-
23	search and evaluation relating to—
24	"(i) the prevention, reduction, and control
25	of juvenile delinquency and serious crime com-
26	mitted by juveniles;

1	"(ii) the link between juvenile delinquency
2	and the incarceration of members of the fami-
3	lies of juveniles;
4	"(iii) successful efforts to prevent first-
5	time minor offenders from committing subse-
6	quent involvement in serious crime;
7	"(iv) successful efforts to prevent recidi-
8	vism;
9	"(v) the juvenile justice system;
10	"(vi) juvenile violence; and
11	"(vii) other purposes consistent with the
12	purposes of this title and title I.
13	"(2) The Administrator shall ensure that an equi-
14	table amount of funds available to carry out paragraph
15	(1)(B) is used for research and evaluation relating to the
16	prevention of juvenile delinquency.
17	"(b) STATISTICAL ANALYSES.—The Administrator
18	may—
19	"(1) plan and identify, after consultation with
20	the Director of the Bureau of Justice Statistics, the
21	purposes and goals of all agreements carried out
22	with funds provided under this subsection; and
23	"(2) make agreements with the Bureau of Jus-
24	tice Statistics, or subject to the approval of the As-
25	sistant Attorney General for the Office of Justice

- 1 Programs, with another Federal agency authorized
- 2 by law to undertake statistical work in juvenile jus-
- 3 tice matters, for the purpose of providing for the col-
- 4 lection, analysis, and dissemination of statistical
- 5 data and information relating to juvenile delinquency
- 6 and serious crimes committed by juveniles, to the ju-
- 7 venile justice system, to juvenile violence, and to
- 8 other purposes consistent with the purposes of this
- 9 title and title I.
- 10 "(c) Competitive Selection Process.—The Ad-
- 11 ministrator shall use a competitive process, established by
- 12 rule by the Administrator, to carry out subsections (a) and
- 13 (b).
- 14 "(d) Implementation of Agreements.—A Fed-
- 15 eral agency that makes an agreement under subsections
- 16 (a)(1)(B) and (b)(2) with the Administrator may carry out
- 17 such agreement directly or by making grants to or con-
- 18 tracts with public and private agencies, institutions, and
- 19 organizations.
- 20 "(e) Information Dissemination.—The Adminis-
- 21 trator may—
- "(1) review reports and data relating to the ju-
- venile justice system in the United States and in for-
- eign nations (as appropriate), collect data and infor-
- 25 mation from studies and research into all aspects of

- juvenile delinquency (including the causes, prevention, and treatment of juvenile delinquency) and serious crimes committed by juveniles;
- "(2) establish and operate, directly or by contract, a clearinghouse and information center for the preparation, publication, and dissemination of information relating to juvenile delinquency, including State and local prevention and treatment programs, plans, resources, and training and technical assistance programs; and
 - "(3) make grants and contracts with public and private agencies, institutions, and organizations, for the purpose of disseminating information to representatives and personnel of public and private agencies, including practitioners in juvenile justice, law enforcement, the courts, corrections, schools, and related services, in the establishment, implementation, and operation of projects and activities for which financial assistance is provided under this title.

21 "SEC. 252. TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.

- 22 "(a) Training.—The Administrator may—
- "(1) develop and carry out projects for the purpose of training representatives and personnel of public and private agencies, including practitioners

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1	in juvenile justice, law enforcement, courts, correc-
2	tions, schools, and related services, to carry out the
3	purposes specified in section 102; and

- "(2) make grants to and contracts with public and private agencies, institutions, and organizations for the purpose of training representatives and personnel of public and private agencies, including practitioners in juvenile justice, law enforcement, courts, corrections, schools, and related services, to carry out the purposes specified in section 102.
- 11 "(b) Technical Assistance.—The Administrator 12 may—
 - "(1) develop and implement projects for the purpose of providing technical assistance to representatives and personnel of public and private agencies and organizations, including practitioners in juvenile justice, law enforcement, courts, corrections, schools, and related services, in the establishment, implementation, and operation of programs, projects, and activities for which financial assistance is provided under this title; and
 - "(2) make grants to and contracts with public and private agencies, institutions, and organizations, for the purpose of providing technical assistance to representatives and personnel of public and private

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- 1 agencies, including practitioners in juvenile justice,
- 2 law enforcement, courts, corrections, schools, and re-
- 3 lated services, in the establishment, implementation,
- 4 and operation of programs, projects, and activities
- 5 for which financial assistance is provided under this
- 6 title.".

7 SEC. 4911. DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS.

- 8 Title II of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Pre-
- 9 vention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5611 et seq.) is amended
- 10 by inserting after part D, as added by section 111, the
- 11 following:
- 12 "PART E—DEVELOPING, TESTING, AND DEM-
- 13 ONSTRATING PROMISING NEW INITIATIVES
- 14 AND PROGRAMS
- 15 "SEC. 261. GRANTS AND PROJECTS.
- 16 "(a) AUTHORITY TO MAKE GRANTS.—The Adminis-
- 17 trator may make grants to and contracts with States,
- 18 units of general local government, Indian tribal govern-
- 19 ments, public and private agencies, organizations, and in-
- 20 dividuals, or combinations thereof, to carry out projects
- 21 for the development, testing, and demonstration of promis-
- 22 ing initiatives and programs for the prevention, control,
- 23 or reduction of juvenile delinquency. The Administrator
- 24 shall ensure that, to the extent reasonable and practicable,
- 25 such grants are made to achieve an equitable geographical

- 1 distribution of such projects throughout the United
- 2 States.
- 3 "(b) Use of Grants.—A grant made under sub-
- 4 section (a) may be used to pay all or part of the cost of
- 5 the project for which such grant is made.

6 "SEC. 262. GRANTS FOR TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.

- 7 "The Administrator may make grants to and con-
- 8 tracts with public and private agencies, organizations, and
- 9 individuals to provide technical assistance to States, units
- 10 of general local government, Indian tribal governments,
- 11 local private entities or agencies, or any combination
- 12 thereof, to carry out the projects for which grants are
- 13 made under section 261.

14 "SEC. 263. ELIGIBILITY.

- 15 "To be eligible to receive a grant made under this
- 16 part, a public or private agency, Indian tribal government,
- 17 organization, institution, individual, or combination there-
- 18 of shall submit an application to the Administrator at such
- 19 time, in such form, and containing such information as
- 20 the Administrator may reasonable require by rule.

21 "SEC. 264. REPORTS.

- 22 "Recipients of grants made under this part shall sub-
- 23 mit to the Administrator such reports as may be reason-
- 24 ably requested by the Administrator to describe progress

- 1 achieved in carrying the projects for which such grants
- 2 are made.".
- 3 SEC. 4912. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 4 Section 299 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
- 5 Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5671) is amended—
- 6 (1) by striking subsection (e); and
- 7 (2) by striking subsections (a) through (c), and
- 8 inserting the following:
- 9 "(a) Authorization of Appropriations for
- 10 TITLE II (EXCLUDING PARTS C AND E).—(1) There are
- 11 authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title such
- 12 sums as may be appropriate for fiscal years 1999, 2000,
- 13 and 2001.
- 14 "(2) Of such sums as are appropriated for a fiscal
- 15 year to carry out this title (other than parts C and E)—
- 16 "(A) not more than 5 percent shall be available
- to carry out part A;
- 18 "(B) not less than 80 percent shall be available
- to carry out part B; and
- 20 "(C) not more than 15 percent shall be avail-
- able to carry out part D.
- 22 "(b) Authorization of Appropriations for
- 23 Part C.—There are authorized to be appropriated to
- 24 carry out part C such sums as may be necessary for fiscal
- 25 years 1999, 2000, and 2001.

- 1 "(c) Authorization of Appropriations for Part
- 2 E.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
- 3 part E, and authorized to remain available until expended,
- 4 such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years 1999,
- 5 2000, and 2001.".

6 SEC. 4913. ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITY.

- 7 Section 299A of the Juvenile Justice and Delin-
- 8 quency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5672) is
- 9 amended—
- 10 (1) in subsection (d) by striking "as are con-
- sistent with the purpose of this Act" and inserting
- 12 "only to the extent necessary to ensure that there is
- compliance with the specific requirements of this
- title or to respond to requests for clarification and
- guidance relating to such compliance", and
- 16 (2) by adding at the end the following:
- 17 "(e) If a State requires by law compliance with the
- 18 requirements described in paragraphs (11), (12), and (13)
- 19 of section 223(a), then for the period such law is in effect
- 20 in such State such State shall be rebuttably presumed to
- 21 satisfy such requirements.".
- 22 **SEC. 4914. USE OF FUNDS.**
- 23 Section 299C of the Juvenile Justice and Delin-
- 24 quency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5674) is
- 25 amended—

1	(1) in subsection (a)—
2	(A) by striking "may be used for";
3	(B) in paragraph (1), by inserting "may be
4	used for" after "(1)"; and
5	(C) by striking paragraph (2) and insert-
6	ing the following:
7	"(2) may not be used for the cost of construc-
8	tion of any short- or long-term facilities for adult or
9	juvenile offenders, except not more than 15 percent
10	of the funds received under this title by a State for
11	a fiscal year may be used for the purpose of renovat-
12	ing or replacing juvenile facilities.",
13	(2) by striking subsection (b), and
14	(3) by redesignating subsection (c) as sub-
15	section (b).
16	SEC. 4915. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS.
17	Part F of title II of the Juvenile Justice and Delin-
18	quency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5671 et seq.),
19	as so redesignated by section 4811 of this Act, is amended
20	adding at the end the following:
21	"SEC. 299F. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS.
22	"None of the funds made available to carry out this
23	title may be used to advocate for, or support, the unse-
24	cured release of juveniles who are charged with a violent
25	crime.".

1 SEC. 4916. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

- 2 Part F of title II of the Juvenile Justice and Delin-
- 3 quency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5671 et seq.),
- 4 as so redesignated by section 4811 of this Act and amend-
- 5 ed by section 4817 of this Act, is amended by adding at
- 6 the end the following:

7 "SEC. 299G. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

- 8 "Nothing in this title or title I shall be construed—
- 9 "(1) to prevent financial assistance from being
- awarded through grants under this title to any oth-
- 11 erwise eligible organization; or
- "(2) to modify or affect any Federal or State
- law relating to collective bargaining rights of em-
- ployees.".

15 SEC. 4917. LEASING SURPLUS FEDERAL PROPERTY.

- Part F of title II of the Juvenile Justice and Delin-
- 17 quency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5671 et seq.),
- 18 as so redesignated by section 4811 of this Act and amend-
- 19 ed by section 4818 of this Act, is amended by adding at
- 20 the end the following:

21 "SEC. 299H. LEASING SURPLUS FEDERAL PROPERTY.

- 22 "The Administrator may receive surplus Federal
- 23 property (including facilities) and may lease such property
- 24 to States and units of general local government for use
- 25 in or as facilities for juvenile offenders, or for use in or

- 1 as facilities for delinquency prevention and treatment ac-
- 2 tivities.".
- 3 SEC. 4918. ISSUANCE OF RULES.
- 4 Part F of title II or the Juvenile Justice and Delin-
- 5 quency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5671 et seq.),
- 6 as so redesignated by section 4811 of this Act and amend-
- 7 ed by section 4819 of this Act, is amended by adding at
- 8 the end the following:
- 9 "SEC. 299I. ISSUANCE OF RULES.
- 10 "The Administrator shall issue rules to carry out this
- 11 title, including rules that establish procedures and meth-
- 12 ods for making grants and contracts, and distributing
- 13 funds available, to carry out this title.".
- 14 SEC. 4919. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
- 15 (a) Technical Amendments.—The Juvenile Jus-
- 16 tice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C.
- 17 5601 et seq.) is amended—
- 18 (1) in section 202(b), by striking "prescribed
- for GS-18 of the General Schedule by section 5332"
- and inserting "payable under section 5376";
- 21 (2) in section 221(b)(2), by striking the last
- sentence; and
- 23 (3) in section 299D, by striking subsection (d).
- 24 (b) Conforming Amendments.—(1) Section 5315
- 25 of title 5 of the United States Code is amended by striking

- 1 "Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention"
- 2 and inserting "Office of Juvenile Crime Control and De-
- 3 linquency Prevention".
- 4 (2) Section 4351(b) of title 18 of the United States
- 5 Code is amended by striking "Office of Juvenile Justice
- 6 and Delinquency Prevention" and inserting "Office of Ju-
- 7 venile Crime Control and Delinquency Prevention".
- 8 (3) Subsections (a)(1) and (c) of section 3220 of title
- 9 39 of the United States Code is amended by striking "Of-
- 10 fice of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention" each
- 11 place it appears and inserting "Office of Juvenile Crime
- 12 Control and Delinquency Prevention".
- 13 (4) Section 463(f) of the Social Security Act (42)
- 14 U.S.C. 663(f)) is amended by striking "Office of Juvenile
- 15 Justice and Delinquency Prevention" and inserting "Of-
- 16 fice of Juvenile Crime Control and Delinquency Preven-
- 17 tion".
- 18 (5) Sections 801(a), 804, 805, and 813 of title I of
- 19 the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968
- 20 (42 U.S.C. 3712(a), 3782, 3785, 3786, 3789i) are each
- 21 amended by striking "Office of Juvenile Justice and De-
- 22 linquency Prevention" each place it appears and inserting
- 23 "Office of Juvenile Crime Control and Delinquency Pre-
- 24 vention".

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        (6) The Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 (42)
   U.S.C. 13001 et seq.) is amended—
 2
 3
             (A) in section 214(b)(1), by striking "262, 293,
 4
        and 296 of subpart II of title II" and inserting
 5
        "299B and 299E",
 6
             (B) in section 214A(c)(1), by striking "262,
 7
        293, and 296 of subpart II of title II" and inserting
 8
        "299B and 299E",
 9
             (C) in sections 217 and 222, by striking "Office
        of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention"
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11
        each place it appears and inserting "Office of Juve-
12
        nile Crime Control and Delinquency Prevention",
13
        and
14
             (D) in section 223(c), by striking "section 262,
15
        293, and 296" and inserting "sections 262, 299B,
16
        and 299E".
17
        (7) The Missing Children's Assistance Act (42 U.S.C.
18
    5771 et seg.) is amended—
19
             (A) in section 403(2), by striking "Justice and
20
        Delinquency Prevention" and inserting "Crime Con-
21
        trol and Delinquency Prevention", and
22
             (B) in subsections (a)(5)(E) and (b)(1)(B) of
23
        section 404, by striking "section 313" and inserting
        "section 331".
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1	(8) The Crime Control Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 13001	
2	et seq.) is amended—	
3	(A) in section 217(c)(1), by striking "section	
4	262, 293, and 296 of subpart II of title II" and in-	
5	serting "sections 299B and 299E", and	
6	(B) in section 223(c), by striking "section 26	
7	293, and 296 of title II" and inserting "section	
8	299B and 299E".	
9	SEC. 4920. REFERENCES.	
10	In any Federal law (excluding this Act and the Acts	
11	amended by this Act), Executive order, rule, regulation,	
12	order, delegation of authority, grant, contract, suit, or	
13	document—	
14	(1) a reference to the Office of Juvenile Justice	
15	and Delinquency Prevention shall be deemed to in-	
16	clude a reference to the Office of Juvenile Crime	
17	Control and Delinquency Prevention, and	
18	(2) a reference to the National Institute for Ju-	
19	venile Justice and Delinquency Prevention shall be	
20	deemed to include a reference to Office of Juvenile	
21	Crime Control and Delinquency Prevention.	

1	TITLE V—DRUG TESTING AND
2	INTERVENTION
3	Subtitle A—Combating Drugs in
4	Prisons
5	SEC. 5001. SHORT TITLE.
6	This subtitle may be cited as the "Combating Drugs
7	in Prisons Act of 1998".
8	SEC. 5002. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE USE OF
9	FUNDS UNDER THE VIOLENT OFFENDER IN-
10	CARCERATION AND TRUTH-IN-SENTENCING
11	INCENTIVE GRANT PROGRAMS.
12	Section 20105(b) of the Violent Crime Control and
13	Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13705(b)) is
14	amended—
15	(1) by striking "(b) To be eligible" and insert-
16	ing the following:
17	"(b) Additional Requirements.—
18	"(1) Eligibility for a grant.—To be eligi-
19	ble'';
20	(2) by striking "a State shall provide assur-
21	ances" and inserting the following: "a State shall—
22	"(A) provide assurances";
23	(3) by striking the period at the end and insert-
24	ing "; and; and
25	(4) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(B) not later than September 1, 1999,
2	have established and implemented, consistent
3	with guidelines issued by the Attorney General,
4	a program of drug testing and intervention for
5	appropriate categories of convicted offenders
6	during periods of incarceration and criminal
7	justice supervision, with sanctions (including
8	denial or revocation of release) for positive drug
9	tests.
10	"(2) Use of funds.—Notwithstanding section
11	20102, amounts received by a State pursuant to sec-
12	tion 20103 or section 20104 may be—
13	"(A) applied to the cost of offender drug
14	testing and appropriate intervention programs
15	during periods of incarceration and criminal
16	justice supervision, consistent with guidelines
17	issued by the Attorney General;
18	"(B) used by a State to pay the costs of
19	providing to the Attorney General a baseline
20	study, which shall be consistent with guidelines
21	issued by the Attorney General, on the prison
22	drug abuse problem in the State; and
23	"(C) used by a State to develop policies,
24	practices, or laws establishing, in accordance
25	with guidelines issued by the Attorney General,

1	a system of sanctions and penalties to address
2	drug trafficking within and into correctional fa-
3	cilities under the jurisdiction of the State.".
4	SEC. 5003. USE OF RESIDENTIAL SUBSTANCE ABUSE
5	TREATMENT GRANTS TO PROVIDE FOR SERV-
6	ICES DURING AND AFTER INCARCERATION.
7	Section 1901 of part S of the Omnibus Crime Control
8	and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796ff) is
9	amended by adding at the end the following:
10	"(c) Additional Use of Funds.—Each State that
11	demonstrates that the State has established 1 or more res-
12	idential substance abuse treatment programs that meet
13	the requirements of this part may use amounts made
14	available under this part for drug treatment and to impose
15	appropriate sanctions for positive drug tests, both during
16	incarceration and after release.".
17	Subtitle B—Protecting Children
18	From Dangerous Drugs
19	PART 1—TARGETING SERIOUS DRUG CRIMES
20	SEC. 5101. INCREASED PENALTIES FOR USING MINORS TO
21	DISTRIBUTE DRUGS.
22	Section 420 of the Controlled Substances Act (21
23	U.S.C. 861) is amended—
24	(1) in subsection (b), by striking "one year"
25	and inserting "three years";

1	(2) in subsection (c), by striking "one year"
2	and inserting "five years"; and
3	(3) by striking subsection (e) and inserting the
4	following:
5	"(e) Probation Prohibited.—In the case of any
6	sentence imposed under this section, probation shall not
7	be granted.".
8	SEC. 5102. INCREASED PENALTIES FOR DISTRIBUTING
9	DRUGS TO MINORS.
10	Section 418 of the Controlled Substances Act (21
11	U.S.C. 859) is amended—
12	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "one year"
13	and inserting "three years";
14	(2) in subsection (b), by striking "one year"
15	and inserting "five years"; and
16	(3) in subsections (a) and (b), by striking
17	"under twenty-one" each place it appears and in-
18	serting "under eighteen".
19	SEC. 5103. INCREASED PENALTY FOR DRUG TRAFFICKING
20	IN OR NEAR A SCHOOL OR OTHER PRO-
21	TECTED LOCATION.
22	Section 419 of the Controlled Substances Act (21
23	U.S.C. 860) is amended—
24	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "one year"
25	and inserting "three years"; and

1	(2) in subsection (b), by striking "three years"	
2	each time it appears and inserting "five years".	
3	SEC. 5104. INCREASED PENALTIES FOR USING FEDERAL	
4	PROPERTY TO GROW OR MANUFACTURE	
5	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES.	
6	(a) In General.—Section 401(b)(5) of the Con-	
7	trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 841(b)(5)) is amended	
8	3 to read as follows:	
9	"(5) Any person who violates subsection (a) of	
10	this section by cultivating or manufacturing a con-	
11	trolled substance on any property in whole or in part	
12	owned by or leased to the United States or any de-	
13	partment or agency thereof shall be subject to twice	
14	the maximum punishment otherwise authorized for	
15	the offense.".	
16	(b) Sentencing Enhancement.—	
17	(1) In general.—Pursuant to its authority	
18	under section 994(p) of title 28, United States Code,	
19	the United States Sentencing Commission shall	
20	amend the Federal sentencing guidelines to provide	
21	an appropriate sentencing enhancement for any of-	
22	fense under section 401(b)(5) of the Controlled Sub-	
23	stances Act (21 U.S.C. $841(b)(5)$) that occurs on	
24	Federal property.	

1	(2) Consistency.—In carrying out this sec-
2	tion, the United States Sentencing Commission
3	shall—
4	(A) ensure that there is reasonable consist-
5	ency with other Federal sentencing guidelines;
6	and
7	(B) avoid duplicative punishment for sub-
8	stantially the same offense.
9	SEC. 5105. CLARIFICATION OF LENGTH OF SUPERVISED RE-
10	LEASE TERMS IN CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE
11	CASES.
12	Subparagraphs (A) through (D) of section 401(b)(1)
13	of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 841(b)(1))
14	are each amended by striking "Any sentence" and insert-
15	ing "Notwithstanding section 3583 of title 18, any sen-
16	tence".
17	SEC. 5106. SUPERVISED RELEASE PERIOD AFTER CONVIC-
18	TION FOR CONTINUING CRIMINAL ENTER-
19	PRISE.
20	Section 848(a) of title 21, United States Code, is
21	amended by adding to the end of the following: "Any sen-
22	tence under this paragraph shall, in the absence of such
23	a prior conviction, impose a term of supervised release of
24	at least 10 years in addition to such term of imprisonment
25	and shall, if there was such a prior conviction, impose a

- 1 term of supervised release of at least 15 years in addition
- 2 to such term of imprisonment."
- 3 PART 2—COMPREHENSIVE DRUG EDUCATION
- 4 SEC. 5110. EXTENSION OF SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS
- 5 AND COMMUNITIES PROGRAM.
- 6 Title IV of the Elementary and Secondary Education
- 7 Act (20 U.S.C. 7104) is amended to read as follows:

8 "TITLE IV—AUTHORIZATIONS

- 9 "SEC. 4001. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 10 "There is authorized to be appropriated for State
- 11 grants under subpart 1 and national programs under sub-
- 12 part 2, \$655,000,000 for fiscal years 1999 and 2000, and
- 13 \$955,000,000 for fiscal years 2001 through 2002, of
- 14 which the following amounts may be appropriated from
- 15 the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund:
- "(1) \$300,000,000 for fiscal year 2001; and
- "(2) \$300,000,000 for fiscal year 2002.".
- 18 PART 3—DRUG TREATMENT FOR JUVENILES
- 19 SEC. 5111. DRUG TREATMENT FOR JUVENILES.
- Title V of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
- 21 290aa et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the follow-
- 22 ing:

1	"PART G—RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT PROGRAMS
2	FOR JUVENILES
3	"SEC. 575. RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT PROGRAMS FOR JU-
4	VENILES.
5	"(a) In General.—The Director of the Center for
6	Substance Abuse Treatment shall award grants to, or
7	enter into cooperative agreements or contracts, with public
8	and nonprofit private entities for the purpose of providing
9	treatment to juveniles for substance abuse through pro-
10	grams in which, during the course of receiving such treat-
11	ment the juveniles reside in facilities made available by
12	the programs.
13	"(b) Availability of Services for Each Partic-
14	IPANT.—A funding agreement for an award under sub-
15	section (a) for an applicant is that, in the program oper-
16	ated pursuant to such subsection—
17	"(1) treatment services will be available
18	through the applicant, either directly or through
19	agreements with other public or nonprofit private
20	entities; and
21	"(2) the services will be made available to each
22	person admitted to the program.
23	"(c) Individualized Plan of Services.—A fund-
24	ing agreement for an award under subsection (a) for an
25	applicant is that—

1	"(1) in providing authorized services for an eli-
2	gible person pursuant to such subsection, the appli-
3	cant will, in consultation with the juvenile and, if ap-
4	propriate the parent or guardian of the juvenile, pre-
5	pare an individualized plan for the provision to the
6	juvenile or young adult of the services; and
7	"(2) treatment services under the plan will in-
8	clude—
9	"(A) individual, group, and family counsel-
10	ing, as appropriate, regarding substance abuse;
11	and
12	"(B) followup services to assist the juvenile
13	or young adult in preventing a relapse into such
14	abuse.
15	"(d) Eligible Supplemental Services.—Grants
16	under subsection (a) may be used to provide an eligible
17	juvenile, the following services:
18	"(1) Hospital referrals.—Referrals for nec-
19	essary hospital services.
20	"(2) HIV AND AIDS COUNSELING.—Counseling
21	on the human immunodeficiency virus and on ac-
22	quired immune deficiency syndrome.
23	"(3) Domestic violence and sexual abuse
24	COUNSELING.—Counseling on domestic violence and
25	sevual abuse

1	"(4) Preparation for reentry into soci-
2	ETY.—Planning for and counseling to assist reentry
3	into society, both before and after discharge, includ-
4	ing referrals to any public or nonprofit private enti-
5	ties in the community involved that provide services
6	appropriate for the juvenile.
7	"(e) Minimum Qualifications for Receipt of
8	Award.—
9	"(1) CERTIFICATION BY RELEVANT STATE
10	AGENCY.—With respect to the principal agency of a
11	State or Indian tribe that administers programs re-
12	lating to substance abuse, the Director may award
13	a grant to, or enter into a cooperative agreement or
14	contract with, an applicant only if the agency or In-
15	dian tribe has certified to the Director that—
16	"(A) the applicant has the capacity to
17	carry out a program described in subsection (a)
18	"(B) the plans of the applicant for such a
19	program are consistent with the policies of such
20	agency regarding the treatment of substance
21	abuse; and
22	"(C) the applicant, or any entity through
23	which the applicant will provide authorized
24	services, meets all applicable State licensure or

1	certification requirements regarding the provi-
2	sion of the services involved.
3	"(2) Status as medicaid provider.—
4	"(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
5	graphs (B) and (C), the Director may make a
6	grant, or enter into a cooperative agreement or
7	contract, under subsection (a) only if, in the
8	case of any authorized service that is available
9	pursuant to the State plan approved under title
10	XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396
11	et seq.) for the State involved—
12	"(i) the applicant for the grant, coop-
13	erative agreement, or contract will provide
14	the service directly, and the applicant has
15	entered into a participation agreement
16	under the State plan and is qualified to re-
17	ceive payments under such plan; or
18	"(ii) the applicant will enter into an
19	agreement with a public or nonprofit pri-
20	vate entity under which the entity will pro-
21	vide the service, and the entity has entered
22	into such a participation agreement plan
23	and is qualified to receive such payments.
24	"(B) Services.—

1	"(i) In general.—In the case of an
2	entity making an agreement pursuant to
3	subparagraph (A)(ii) regarding the provi-
4	sion of services, the requirement estab-
5	lished in such subparagraph regarding a
6	participation agreement shall be waived by
7	the Director if the entity does not, in pro-
8	viding health care services, impose a
9	charge or accept reimbursement available
10	from any third party payor, including re-
11	imbursement under any insurance policy or
12	under any Federal or State health benefits
13	plan.
14	"(ii) Voluntary donations.—A de-
15	termination by the Director of whether an
16	entity referred to in clause (i) meets the
17	criteria for a waiver under such clause
18	shall be made without regard to whether
19	the entity accepts voluntary donations re-
20	garding the provision of services to the
21	public.
22	"(C) Mental diseases.—
23	"(i) In General.—With respect to

any authorized service that is available

pursuant to the State plan described in

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1	subparagraph (A), the requirements estab-
2	lished in such subparagraph shall not
3	apply to the provision of any such service
4	by an institution for mental diseases to an
5	individual who has attained 21 years of
6	age and who has not attained 65 years of
7	age.
8	"(ii) Definition of Institution
9	FOR MENTAL DISEASES.—In this subpara-
10	graph, the term 'institution for mental dis-
11	eases' has the same meaning as in section
12	1905(i) of the Social Security Act (42
13	U.S.C. 1396d(i)).
14	"(f) Requirements for Matching Funds.—
15	"(1) IN GENERAL.—With respect to the costs of
16	the program to be carried out by an applicant pursu-
17	ant to subsection (a), a funding agreement for an
18	award under such subsection is that the applicant
19	will make available (directly or through donations
20	from public or private entities) non-Federal con-
21	tributions toward such costs in an amount that—
22	"(A) for the first fiscal year for which the
23	applicant receives payments under an award
24	under such subsection, is not less than \$1 for

1	each \$9 of Federal funds provided in the
2	award;
3	"(B) for any second such fiscal year, is not
4	less than \$1 for each \$9 of Federal funds pro-
5	vided in the award; and
6	"(C) for any subsequent such fiscal year, is
7	not less than \$1 for each \$3 of Federal funds
8	provided in the award.
9	"(2) Determination of amount contrib-
10	UTED.—Non-Federal contributions required in para-
11	graph (1) may be in cash or in kind, fairly evalu-
12	ated, including plant, equipment, or services.
13	Amounts provided by the Federal Government, or
14	services assisted or subsidized to any significant ex-
15	tent by the Federal Government, may not be in-
16	cluded in determining the amount of such non-Fed-
17	eral contributions.
18	"(g) Outreach.—A funding agreement for an award
19	under subsection (a) for an applicant is that the applicant
20	will provide outreach services in the community involved
21	to identify juveniles who are engaging in substance abuse
22	and to encourage the juveniles to undergo treatment for
23	such abuse.
24	"(h) Accessibility of Program.—A funding
25	agreement for an award under subsection (a) for an appli-

- 1 cant is that the program operated pursuant to such sub-
- 2 section will be operated at a location that is accessible to
- 3 low income juveniles.
- 4 "(i) Continuing Education.—A funding agree-
- 5 ment for an award under subsection (a) is that the appli-
- 6 cant involved will provide for continuing education in
- 7 treatment services for the individuals who will provide
- 8 treatment in the program to be operated by the applicant
- 9 pursuant to such subsection.
- 10 "(j) Imposition of Charges.—A funding agree-
- 11 ment for an award under subsection (a) for an applicant
- 12 is that, if a charge is imposed for the provision of author-
- 13 ized services to or on behalf of an eligible juvenile, such
- 14 charge—
- 15 "(1) will be made according to a schedule of
- charges that is made available to the public;
- 17 "(2) will be adjusted to reflect the economic
- 18 condition of the juvenile involved; and
- 19 "(3) will not be imposed on any such juvenile
- whose family has an income of less than 185 percent
- of the official poverty line, as established by the Di-
- 22 rector of the Office for Management and Budget
- and revised by the Secretary in accordance with sec-
- 24 tion 673(2) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation
- 25 Act of 1981 (42 U.S.C. 9902(2)).

1	"(k) Reports to Director.—A funding agreement
2	for an award under subsection (a) is that the applicant
3	involved will submit to the Director a report—
4	"(1) describing the utilization and costs of serv-
5	ices provided under the award;
6	"(2) specifying the number of juveniles served
7	and the type and costs of services provided; and
8	"(3) providing such other information as the
9	Director determines to be appropriate.
10	"(l) REQUIREMENT OF APPLICATION.—The Director
11	may make an award under subsection (a) only if an appli-
12	cation for the award is submitted to the Director contain-
13	ing such agreements, and the application is in such form
14	is made in such manner, and contains such other agree-
15	ments and such assurances and information as the Direc-
16	tor determines to be necessary to carry out this section.
17	"(m) Equitable Allocation of Awards.—In
18	making awards under subsection (a), the Director shall
19	ensure that the awards are equitably allocated among the
20	principal geographic regions of the United States, as well
21	as among Indian tribes, subject to the availability of quali-

23 "(n) Duration of Award.—

22 fied applicants for the awards.

1	"(1) In General.—The period during which
2	payments are made to an entity from an award
3	under this section may not exceed 5 years.
4	"(2) Approval of director.—The provision
5	of payments described in paragraph (1) shall be sub-
6	ject to—
7	"(A) annual approval by the Director of
8	the payments; and
9	"(B) the availability of appropriations for
10	the fiscal year at issue to make the payments.
11	"(3) No limitation.—This subsection may not
12	be construed to establish a limitation on the number
13	of awards that may be made to an entity under this
14	section.
15	"(o) Evaluations; Dissemination of Findings.—
16	The Director shall, directly or through contract, provide
17	for the conduct of evaluations of programs carried out
18	pursuant to subsection (a). The Director shall disseminate
19	to the States the findings made as a result of the evalua-
20	tions.
21	"(p) Reports to Congress.—
22	"(1) Initial Report.—Not later than October
23	1, 1999, the Director shall submit to the Committee
24	on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives,
25	and to the Committee on the Judiciary of the Sen-

1	ate, a report describing programs carried out pursu-
2	ant to this section.
3	"(2) Periodic reports.—
4	"(A) In general.—Not less than bienni-
5	ally after the date described in paragraph (1),
6	the Director shall prepare a report describing
7	programs carried out pursuant to this section
8	during the preceding 2-year period, and shall
9	submit the report to the Administrator for in-
10	clusion in the biennial report under section
11	501(k).
12	"(B) SUMMARY.—Each report under this
13	subsection shall include a summary of any eval-
14	uations conducted under subsection (m) during
15	the period with respect to which the report is
16	prepared.
17	"(q) Definitions.—In this section:
18	"(1) AUTHORIZED SERVICES.—The term 'au-
19	thorized services' means treatment services and sup-
20	plemental services.
21	"(2) JUVENILE.—The term 'juvenile' means
22	anyone 18 years of age or younger at the time that
23	of admission to a program operated pursuant to sub-
24	section (a)

- 1 "(3) ELIGIBLE JUVENILE.—The term 'eligible 2 juvenile' means a juvenile who has been admitted to 3 a program operated pursuant to subsection (a).
- 4 "(4) Funding AGREEMENT UNDER SUB-5 SECTION (A).—The term 'funding agreement under 6 subsection (a)', with respect to an award under sub-7 section (a), means that the Director may make the 8 award only if the applicant makes the agreement in-9 volved.
 - "(5) TREATMENT SERVICES.—The term 'treatment services' means treatment for substance abuse, including the counseling and services described in subsection (c)(2).
 - "(6) Supplemental services.—The term 'supplemental services' means the services described in subsection (d).
- 17 "(r) Authorization of Appropriations.—
 - "(1) IN GENERAL.—For the purpose of carrying out this section and section 576 there is authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years 1999 and 2000. There is authorized to be appropriated from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund \$300,000,000 in each of the fiscal years 2001 and 2002.

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- "(2) Transfer.—For the purpose described in paragraph (1), in addition to the amounts authorized in such paragraph to be appropriated for a fiscal year, there is authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year from the special forfeiture fund of the Director of the Office of National Drug Control Policy such sums as may be necessary.

 "(3) Rule of construction.—The amounts
- 8 "(3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—The amounts
 9 authorized in this subsection to be appropriated are
 10 in addition to any other amounts that are authorized
 11 to be appropriated and are available for the purpose
 12 described in paragraph (1).

13 "SEC. 576. OUTPATIENT TREATMENT PROGRAMS FOR JUVE-

- 14 NILES.
- 15 "(a) Grants.—The Secretary of Health and Human
- 16 Services, acting through the Director of the Center for
- 17 Substance Abuse Treatment, shall make grants to estab-
- 18 lish projects for the outpatient treatment of substance
- 19 abuse among juveniles.
- 20 "(b) Prevention.—Entities receiving grants under
- 21 this section shall engage in activities to prevent substance
- 22 abuse among juveniles.
- "(c) Evaluation.—The Secretary of Health and
- 24 Human Services shall evaluate projects carried out under

1	subsection (a) and shall disseminate to appropriate public
2	and private entities information on effective projects.".
3	PART 4—RESCHEDULING DANGEROUS DRUGS
4	SEC. 5112. RESCHEDULING OF "CLUB" DRUGS.
5	Notwithstanding section 201 or subsection (a) or (b)
6	of section 202 of the Controlled Substances Act (21
7	U.S.C. 811, 812(a), 812(b)) respecting the scheduling of
8	controlled substances, the Attorney General shall, by order
9	add ketamine hydrochloride to schedule III of such Act.
10	SEC. 5113. ATTORNEY GENERAL AUTHORITY TO RESCHED-
11	ULE CERTAIN DRUGS POSING IMMINENT
12	DANGER TO PUBLIC SAFETY.
12	
13	Section 201(h) of the Controlled Substances Act (21
13 14	Section 201(h) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 811)(h) is amended—
14	U.S.C. 811)(h) is amended—
14 15	U.S.C. 811)(h) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "if the sub-
141516	U.S.C. 811)(h) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "if the substance is not listed in any other schedule in section
14 15 16 17	U.S.C. 811)(h) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "if the substance is not listed in any other schedule in section 812 of this title or" and by inserting "or the re-
14 15 16 17 18	U.S.C. 811)(h) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "if the substance is not listed in any other schedule in section 812 of this title or" and by inserting "or the rescheduling of a previously scheduled substance"

1	Subtitle C—Drug Courts
2	SEC. 5201. REAUTHORIZATION OF DRUG COURTS PRO-
3	GRAM.
4	(a) Section 114(b)(1)(A) of title I of Public Law
5	104–134 is repealed.
6	(b) Section 1001(a)(20) of title I of the Omnibus
7	Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C.
8	3793(a)(20)) is amended—
9	(1) in subparagraph (E), by striking "and" at
10	the end;
11	(2) in subparagraph (F), by striking the period
12	at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
13	(3) by adding at the end the following:
14	"(G) $$400,000,000$ for fiscal year 2001; and
15	"(H) $$400,000,000$ for fiscal year 2002.".
16	SEC. 5202. JUVENILE DRUG COURTS.
17	Title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
18	Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711 et seq.), as amended
19	by the Bulletproof Vest Partnership Grant Act of 1998,
20	is amended—
21	(1) by redesignating part Z as part AA;
22	(2) by redesignating section 2601 as 2701; and
23	(3) by inserting after part Y the following:

1	"PART Z—JUVENILE DRUG COURTS
2	"SEC. 2601. GRANT AUTHORITY.
3	"(a) Appropriate Drug Court Programs.—The
4	Attorney General may make grants to States, State
5	courts, local courts, units of local government, and Indian
6	tribes to establish programs that—
7	"(1) involve continuous early judicial super-
8	vision over juvenile offenders, other than violent ju-
9	venile offenders with substance abuse, or substance
10	abuse-related problems; and
11	"(2) integrate administration of other sanctions
12	and services, including—
13	"(A) mandatory periodic testing for the
14	use of controlled substances or other addictive
15	substances during any period of supervised re-
16	lease or probation for each participant;
17	"(B) substance abuse treatment for each
18	participant;
19	"(C) diversion, probation, or other super-
20	vised release involving the possibility of prosecu-
21	tion, confinement, or incarceration based on
22	noncompliance with program requirements or
23	failure to show satisfactory progress;
24	"(D) programmatic, offender management,
25	and aftercare services such as relapse preven-
26	tion, health care, education, vocational training,

1	job placement, housing placement, and child
2	care or other family support service for each
3	participant who requires such services;
4	"(E) payment by the offender of treatment
5	costs, to the extent practicable, such as costs
6	for urinalysis or counseling; or
7	"(F) payment by the offender of restitu-
8	tion, to the extent practicable, to either a victim
9	of the offense at issue or to a restitution or
10	similar victim support fund.
11	"(b) Continued Availability of Grant
12	FUNDS.—Amounts made available under this part shall
12	remain available until expended.
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13	"SEC. 2602. PROHIBITION OF PARTICIPATION BY VIOLENT
	-
14	"SEC. 2602. PROHIBITION OF PARTICIPATION BY VIOLENT
14 15	"SEC. 2602. PROHIBITION OF PARTICIPATION BY VIOLENT OFFENDERS.
14 15 16 17	"SEC. 2602. PROHIBITION OF PARTICIPATION BY VIOLENT OFFENDERS. "The Attorney General shall issue regulations and
14 15 16 17	"SEC. 2602. PROHIBITION OF PARTICIPATION BY VIOLENT OFFENDERS. "The Attorney General shall issue regulations and guidelines to ensure that the programs authorized in this
14 15 16 17 18	"SEC. 2602. PROHIBITION OF PARTICIPATION BY VIOLENT OFFENDERS. "The Attorney General shall issue regulations and guidelines to ensure that the programs authorized in this part do not permit participation by violent offenders.
14 15 16 17 18	"SEC. 2602. PROHIBITION OF PARTICIPATION BY VIOLENT OFFENDERS. "The Attorney General shall issue regulations and guidelines to ensure that the programs authorized in this part do not permit participation by violent offenders. "SEC. 2603. DEFINITION.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"SEC. 2602. PROHIBITION OF PARTICIPATION BY VIOLENT OFFENDERS. "The Attorney General shall issue regulations and guidelines to ensure that the programs authorized in this part do not permit participation by violent offenders. "SEC. 2603. DEFINITION. "In this part, the term 'violent offender' means and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"SEC. 2602. PROHIBITION OF PARTICIPATION BY VIOLENT OFFENDERS. "The Attorney General shall issue regulations and guidelines to ensure that the programs authorized in this part do not permit participation by violent offenders. "SEC. 2603. DEFINITION. "In this part, the term 'violent offender' means an individual charged with an offense during the course of

1	"(2) the death of or serious bodily injury of an-
2	other person occurred as a direct result of the com-
3	mission of such offense; or
4	"(3) the individual used force against the per-
5	son of another.
6	"SEC. 2604. ADMINISTRATION.
7	"(a) REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—The Attorney Gen-
8	eral shall issue any regulations and guidelines necessary
9	to carry out this part.
10	"(b) APPLICATIONS.—In addition to any other re-
11	quirements that may be specified by the Attorney General
12	an application for a grant under this part shall—
13	"(1) include a long term strategy and detailed
14	implementation plan;
15	"(2) explain the inability of the applicant to
16	fund the program adequately without Federal assist-
17	ance;
18	"(3) certify that the Federal support provided
19	will be used to supplement, and not supplant, State
20	tribal, or local sources of funding that would other-
21	wise be available;
22	"(4) identify related governmental or commu-
23	nity initiatives that complement or will be coordi-
24	nated with the proposal.

- 1 "(5) certify that there has been appropriate 2 consultation with all affected agencies and that there 3 will be appropriate coordination with all affected 4 agencies in the implementation of the program;
- 5 "(6) certify that participating offenders will be 6 supervised by one or more designated judges with re-7 sponsibility for the drug court program;
- 8 "(7) specify plans for obtaining necessary sup-9 port and continuing the proposed program following 10 the conclusion of Federal support; and
- 11 "(8) describe the methodology that will be used 12 in evaluating the program.

13 "SEC. 2605. APPLICATIONS.

"To request funds under this part, the chief executive
to request funds under this part, the chief executive
to the chief justice of a State, or the chief executive or
the chief judge of a unit of local government or Indian tribe
the shall submit an application to the Attorney General in
such form and containing such information as the Attor-

20 "SEC. 2606. FEDERAL SHARE.

19

ney General may reasonably require.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Federal share of a grant made under this part may not exceed 75 percent of the total costs of the program described in the application submitted under section 2605 for the fiscal year for which the program receives assistance under this part.

- 1 "(b) WAIVER.—The Attorney General may waive, in
- 2 whole or in part, the requirement of a matching contribu-
- 3 tion under subsection (a).
- 4 "(c) IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS.—In-kind contribu-
- 5 tions may constitute a portion of the non-Federal share
- 6 of a grant under this part.

7 "SEC. 2607. DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.

- 8 "(a) Geographical Distribution.—The Attorney
- 9 General shall ensure that, to the extent practicable, an eq-
- 10 uitable geographic distribution of grant awards is made.
- 11 "(b) Indian Tribes.—The Attorney General shall
- 12 allocate 0.75 percent of amounts made available under
- 13 this subtitle for grants to Indian tribes.
- 14 "SEC. 2608. REPORT.
- 15 "A State, Indian tribe, or unit of local government
- 16 that receives funds under this part during a fiscal year
- 17 shall submit to the Attorney General, in March of the year
- 18 following receipt of a grant under this part, a report re-
- 19 garding the effectiveness of programs established pursu-
- 20 ant to this part.
- 21 "SEC. 2609. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, TRAINING, AND EVAL-
- 22 UATION.
- 23 "(a) Technical Assistance and Training.—The
- 24 Attorney General may provide technical assistance and
- 25 training in furtherance of the purposes of this part.

- 1 "(b) Evaluations.—In addition to any evaluation
- 2 requirements that may be prescribed for grantees, the At-
- 3 torney General may carry out or make arrangements for
- 4 evaluations of programs that receive support under this
- 5 part.
- 6 "(c) Administration.—The technical assistance,
- 7 training, and evaluations authorized by this section may
- 8 be carried out directly by the Attorney General, in collabo-
- 9 ration with the Secretary of Health and Human Services,
- 10 or through grants, contracts, or other cooperative arrange-
- 11 ments with other entities.
- 12 "SEC. 2610. UNAWARDED FUNDS.
- 13 "The Attorney General may reallocate any grant
- 14 funds that are not awarded for juvenile drug courts under
- 15 this part for use for other juvenile delinquency and crime
- 16 prevention initiatives.
- 17 "SEC. 2611. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 18 "There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
- 19 this part from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund—
- 20 "(1) such sums as may be necessary for each
- of the fiscal years 1999 and 2000;
- (2) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2001; and
- "(3) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2002.".

1	Subtitle D—Development of Medi-
2	cines for the Treatment of Drug
3	Addiction
4	PART 1—PHARMACOTHERAPY RESEARCH
5	SEC. 5301. REAUTHORIZATION FOR MEDICATION DEVELOP-
6	MENT PROGRAM.
7	Section 464P(e) of the Public Health Service Act (42
8	U.S.C. 2850–4(e)) is amended to read as follows:
9	"(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
10	is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
11	such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years
12	1998 through 2002 of which the following amount may
13	be appropriated from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust
14	Fund—
15	"(1) $$100,000,000$ for fiscal year 2001; and
16	"(2) $$100,000,000$ for fiscal year 2002.".
17	PART 2—PATENT PROTECTIONS FOR
18	PHARMACOTHERAPIES
19	SEC. 5302. RECOMMENDATION FOR INVESTIGATION OF
20	DRUGS.
21	Section 525(a) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cos-
22	metic Act (21 U.S.C. 360aa(a)) is amended—
23	(1) by striking "States" each place it appears
24	and inserting "States, or for treatment of an addic-
25	tion to illegal drugs"; and

1	(2) by striking "such disease or condition" each
2	place it appears and inserting "such disease, condi-
3	tion, or treatment of such addiction".
4	SEC. 5303. DESIGNATION OF DRUGS.
5	Section 526(a) of the Federal, Food, Drug, and Cos-
6	metic Act (21 U.S.C. 360bb(a)) is amended—
7	(1) in paragraph (1)—
8	(A) by inserting before the period in the
9	first sentence the following: "or for treatment
10	of an addiction to illegal drugs";
11	(B) in the third sentence, by striking "rare
12	disease or condition" and inserting "rare dis-
13	ease or condition, or for treatment of an addic-
14	tion to illegal drugs,"; and
15	(C) by striking "such disease or condition"
16	each place it appears and inserting "such dis-
17	ease, condition, or treatment of such addic-
18	tion"; and
19	(2) in paragraph (2)—
20	(A) by striking "(2) For" and inserting
21	"(2)(A) For";
22	(B) by striking "(A) affects" and inserting
23	"(i) affects";
24	(C) by striking "(B) affects" and inserting
25	"(ii) affects": and

1	(D) by adding at the end the following:
2	"(B) Treatment of an Addiction to Illegal
3	DRUGS.—The term 'treatment of an addiction to illegal
4	drugs' means any pharmacological agent or medication
5	that—
6	"(i) reduces the craving for an illegal drug for
7	an individual who—
8	"(I) habitually uses the illegal drug in a
9	manner that endangers the public health, safe-
10	ty, or welfare; or
11	"(II) is so addicted to the use of the illegal
12	drug that the individual is not able to control
13	the addiction through the exercise of self-con-
14	$\operatorname{trol};$
15	"(ii) blocks the behavioral and physiological ef-
16	fects of an illegal drug for an individual described in
17	clause (i);
18	"(iii) safely serves as a replacement therapy for
19	the treatment of drug abuse for an individual de-
20	scribed in clause (i);
21	"(iv) moderates or eliminates the process of
22	withdrawal for an individual described in clause (i);
23	"(v) blocks or reverses the toxic effect of an il-
24	legal drug on an individual described in clause (i);
25	or

1	"(vi) prevents, where possible, the initiation of
2	drug abuse in individuals at high risk.
3	"(C) Illegal Drug.—The term 'illegal drug' means
4	a controlled substance identified under schedules I, II, III,
5	IV, and V in section 202(c) of the Controlled Substance
6	Act (21 U.S.C. 812(c)).".
7	SEC. 5304. PROTECTION FOR DRUGS.
8	Section 527 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
9	Act (21 U.S.C. 360cc) is amended—
10	(1) by striking "rare disease or condition" each
11	place it appears and inserting "rare disease or con-
12	dition or for treatment of an addiction to illegal
13	drugs";
14	(2) by striking "such disease or condition" each
15	place it appears and inserting "such disease, condi-
16	tion, or treatment of the addiction"; and
17	(3) in subsection (b)(1), by striking "the dis-
18	ease or condition" and inserting "the disease, condi-
19	tion, or addiction".
20	SEC. 5305. OPEN PROTOCOLS FOR INVESTIGATIONS OF
21	DRUGS.
22	Section 528 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
23	Act (21 U.S.C. 360dd) is amended—

1	(1) by striking "rare disease or condition" and
2	inserting "rare disease or condition or for treatment
3	of an addiction to illegal drugs"; and
4	(2) by striking "the disease or condition" each
5	place it appears and inserting "the disease, condi-
6	tion, or addiction".
7	PART 3—ENCOURAGING PRIVATE SECTOR
8	DEVELOPMENT OF PHARMACOTHERAPIES
9	SEC. 5306. DEVELOPMENT, MANUFACTURE, AND PROCURE-
10	MENT OF DRUGS FOR THE TREATMENT OF
11	ADDICTION TO ILLEGAL DRUGS.
12	Chapter V of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
13	Act (21 U.S.C. 351 et seq.) is amended by adding at the
14	end the following:
15	"Subchapter D—Drugs for Cocaine and
16	Heroin Addictions
17	"SEC. 551. CRITERIA FOR AN ACCEPTABLE DRUG TREAT-
18	MENT FOR COCAINE AND HEROIN ADDIC-
19	TIONS.
20	"(a) In General.—Subject to subsections (b) and
21	(c), the Secretary shall, through the Institute of Medicine
22	of the National Academy of Sciences, establish criteria for
23	an acceptable drug for the treatment of an addiction to
24	cocaine and for an acceptable drug for the treatment of
25	an addiction to heroin. The criteria shall be used by the

1	Secretary in making a contract, or entering into a licens
2	ing agreement, under section 552.
3	"(b) Requirements.—The criteria established
4	under subsection (a) for a drug shall include require
5	ments—
6	"(1) that the application to use the drug for the
7	treatment of addiction to cocaine or heroin was filed
8	and approved by the Secretary under this Act after
9	the date of enactment of this section;
10	"(2) that a performance based test on the
11	drug—
12	"(A) has been conducted through the use
13	of a randomly selected test group that received
14	the drug as a treatment and a randomly se-
15	lected control group that received a placebo
16	and
17	"(B) has compared the long term diff
18	ferences in the addiction levels of control group
19	participants and test group participants;
20	"(3) that the performance based test conducted
21	under paragraph (2) demonstrates that the drug is
22	effective through evidence that—
23	"(A) a significant number of the partici-
24	nants in the test who have an addiction to co.

1	caine or heroin are willing to take the drug for
2	the addiction;
3	"(B) a significant number of the partici-
4	pants in the test who have an addiction to co-
5	caine or heroin and who were provided the drug
6	for the addiction during the test are willing to
7	continue taking the drug as long as necessary
8	for the treatment of the addiction; and
9	"(C) a significant number of the partici-
10	pants in the test who were provided the drug
11	for the period of time required for the treat-
12	ment of the addiction refrained from the use of
13	cocaine or heroin for a period of 3 years after
14	the date of the initial administration of the
15	drug on the participants; and
16	"(4) that the drug shall have a reasonable cost
17	of production.
18	"(c) REVIEW AND PUBLICATION OF CRITERIA.—The
19	criteria established under subsection (a) shall, prior to the
20	publication and application of such criteria, be submitted
21	for review to the Committee on the Judiciary and the
22	Committee on Economic and Educational Opportunities of
23	the House of Representatives, and the Committee on the
24	Judiciary and the Committee on Labor and Human Re-
25	sources of the Senate. Not later than 90 days after notify-

1	ing each of the committees, the Secretary shall publish the
2	criteria in the Federal Register.
3	"SEC. 552. PURCHASE OF PATENT RIGHTS FOR DRUG DE-
4	VELOPMENT.
5	"(a) Application.—
6	``(1) In General.—The patent owner of a drug
7	to treat an addiction to cocaine or heroin, may sub-
8	mit an application to the Secretary—
9	"(A) to enter into a contract with the Sec-
10	retary to sell to the Secretary the patent rights
11	of the owner relating to the drug; or
12	"(B) in the case in which the drug is ap-
13	proved by the Secretary for more than 1 indica-
14	tion, to enter into an exclusive licensing agree-
15	ment with the Secretary for the manufacture
16	and distribution of the drug to treat an addic-
17	tion to cocaine or heroin.
18	"(2) Requirements.—An application de-
19	scribed in paragraph (1) shall be submitted at such
20	time and in such manner, and accompanied by such
21	information, as the Secretary may require.
22	"(b) Contract and Licensing Agreements.—
23	"(1) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary may
24	enter into a contract or a licensing agreement with
25	a patent owner who has submitted an application in

1	accordance with (a) if the drug covered under the
2	contract or licensing agreement meets the criteria
3	established by the Secretary under section 551(a).
4	"(2) Special rule.—The Secretary may enter
5	into—
6	"(A) not more than 1 contract or exclusive
7	licensing agreement relating to a drug for the
8	treatment of an addiction to cocaine; and
9	"(B) not more than 1 contract or licensing
10	agreement relating to a drug for the treatment
11	of an addiction to heroin.
12	"(3) Coverage.—A contract or licensing
13	agreement described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of
14	paragraph (2) shall cover not more than 1 drug.
15	"(4) Purchase amount.—Subject to amounts
16	provided in advance in appropriations Acts—
17	"(A) the amount to be paid to a patent
18	owner who has entered into a contract or licens-
19	ing agreement under this subsection relating to
20	a drug to treat an addiction to cocaine shall not
21	exceed $$100,000,000$; and
22	"(B) the amount to be paid to a patent
23	owner who has entered into a contract or licens-
24	ing agreement under this subsection relating to

1	a drug to treat an addiction to heroin shall not
2	exceed $$50,000,000$.
3	"(c) Transfer of Rights Under Contracts and
4	LICENSING AGREEMENT.—
5	"(1) Contracts.—A contract under subsection
6	(b)(1) to purchase the patent rights relating to a
7	drug to treat cocaine or heroin addiction shall trans-
8	fer to the Secretary—
9	"(A) the exclusive right to make, use, or
10	sell the patented drug within the United States
11	for the term of the patent;
12	"(B) any foreign patent rights held by the
13	patent owner;
14	"(C) any patent rights relating to the proc-
15	ess of manufacturing the drug; and
16	"(D) any trade secret or confidential busi-
17	ness information relating to the development of
18	the drug, process for manufacturing the drug,
19	and therapeutic effects of the drug.
20	"(2) Licensing agreements.—A licensing
21	agreement under subsection $(b)(1)$ to purchase an
22	exclusive license relating to manufacture and dis-
23	tribution of a drug to treat an addiction to cocaine
24	or heroin shall transfer to the Secretary—

1	"(A) the exclusive right to make, use, or
2	sell the patented drug for the purpose of treat-
3	ing an addiction to cocaine or heroin within the
4	United States for the term of the patent;
5	"(B) the right to use any patented proc-
6	esses relating to manufacturing the drug; and
7	"(C) any trade secret or confidential busi-
8	ness information relating to the development of
9	the drug, process for manufacturing the drug,
10	and therapeutic effects of the drug relating to
11	use of the drug to treat an addiction to cocaine
12	or heroin.
13	"SEC. 553. PLAN FOR MANUFACTURE AND DEVELOPMENT.
13 14	"SEC. 553. PLAN FOR MANUFACTURE AND DEVELOPMENT. "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the
14 15	"(a) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the
141516	"(a) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the date on which the Secretary purchases the patent rights
14 15 16 17	"(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date on which the Secretary purchases the patent rights of a patent owner, or enters into a licensing agreement
14 15 16 17	"(a) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the date on which the Secretary purchases the patent rights of a patent owner, or enters into a licensing agreement with a patent owner, relating to a drug under section 551,
14 15 16 17 18	"(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date on which the Secretary purchases the patent rights of a patent owner, or enters into a licensing agreement with a patent owner, relating to a drug under section 551, the Secretary shall develop a plan for the manufacture and
14 15 16 17 18	"(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date on which the Secretary purchases the patent rights of a patent owner, or enters into a licensing agreement with a patent owner, relating to a drug under section 551, the Secretary shall develop a plan for the manufacture and distribution of the drug.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"(a) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the date on which the Secretary purchases the patent rights of a patent owner, or enters into a licensing agreement with a patent owner, relating to a drug under section 551, the Secretary shall develop a plan for the manufacture and distribution of the drug. "(b) Plan Requirements.—The plan shall set
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(a) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the date on which the Secretary purchases the patent rights of a patent owner, or enters into a licensing agreement with a patent owner, relating to a drug under section 551, the Secretary shall develop a plan for the manufacture and distribution of the drug. "(b) Plan Requirements.—The plan shall set forth—

1	"(2) procedures for making the drug available
2	to nonprofit entities and private entities to use in
3	the treatment of a cocaine or heroin addiction;
4	"(3) a system to establish the sale price for the
5	drug; and
6	"(4) policies and procedures with respect to the
7	use of Federal funds by State and local governments
8	or nonprofit entities to purchase the drug from the
9	Secretary.
10	"(c) Applicability of Procurement and Licens-
11	ING LAWS.—The procurement and licensing laws of the
12	United States shall be applicable to procurements and li-
13	censes covered under the plan described in subsection (a).
14	"(d) Review of Plan.—
15	"(1) In general.—Upon completion of the
16	plan under subsection (a), the Secretary shall notify
17	the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee
18	on Economic and Educational Opportunities of the
19	House of Representatives, and the Committee on the
20	Judiciary and the Committee on Labor and Human
21	Resources of the Senate, of the development of the
22	plan and publish the plan in the Federal Register.
23	The Secretary shall provide an opportunity for pub-
24	lic comment on the plan for a period of not more

1	than 30 days after the date of the publication of the
2	plan in the Federal Register.
3	"(2) Final plan.—Not later than 60 days
4	after the date of the expiration of the comment pe-
5	riod described in paragraph (1), the Secretary shall
6	publish in the Federal Register a final plan. The im-
7	plementation of the plan shall begin on the date of
8	the final publication of the plan.
9	"(e) Construction.—The development, publication,
10	or implementation of the plan, or any other agency action
11	with respect to the plan, shall not be considered agency
12	action subject to judicial review.
13	"(f) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary may promulgate
14	regulations to carry out this section.
15	"SEC. 554. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
16	"There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
17	this subchapter, such sums as may be necessary in each
18	of the fiscal years 1999 and 2000.".
19	Subtitle E—National Drug Control
20	Policy
21	PART 1—REAUTHORIZATION OF OFFICE OF
22	NATIONAL DRUG CONTROL POLICY
23	SEC. 5401. DEFINITIONS.
24	In this part:

1	(1) Demand reduction.—The term "demand
2	reduction" means any activity conducted by a Na-
3	tional Drug Control Program agency, other than an
4	enforcement activity, that is intended to reduce the
5	use of drugs, including—
6	(A) drug abuse education;
7	(B) drug abuse prevention;
8	(C) drug abuse treatment;
9	(D) drug abuse research;
10	(E) drug abuse rehabilitation;
11	(F) drug-free workplace programs; and
12	(G) drug testing.
13	(2) Director.—The term "Director" means
14	the Director of National Drug Control Policy.
15	(3) Drug.—The term "drug" has the meaning
16	given the term "controlled substance" in section
17	102(6) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
18	802(6)).
19	(4) Drug control.—The term "drug control"
20	means any activity conducted by a National Drug
21	Control Program agency involving supply reduction
22	or demand reduction, including any activity to re-
23	duce the use of tobacco or alcoholic beverages by un-
24	derage individuals.

- 1 (5) Fund.—The term "Fund" means the fund 2 established under section 703(d).
- (6) National Drug Control Program.—The term "National Drug Control Program" means programs, policies, and activities undertaken by National Drug Control Program agencies pursuant to the responsibilities of such agencies under the National Drug Control Strategy.
 - (7) NATIONAL DRUG CONTROL PROGRAM AGEN-CY.—The term "National Drug Control Program agency" means any department or agency of the Federal Government and all dedicated units thereof, with responsibilities under the National Drug Control Strategy, as designated by the President or jointly by the Director and the head of the department or agency.
 - (8) National Drug Control Strategy.—
 The term "National Drug Control Strategy" means
 the strategy developed and submitted to Congress
 under section 706.
 - (9) Office.—Unless the context clearly implicates otherwise, the term "Office" means the Office of National Drug Control Policy established under section 703(a).

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1	(10) State and local affairs.—The term
2	"State and local affairs" means domestic activities
3	conducted by a National Drug Control Program
4	agency that are intended to reduce the availability
5	and use of drugs, including—
6	(A) coordination and facilitation of Fed-
7	eral, State, and local law enforcement drug con-
8	trol efforts;
9	(B) promotion of coordination and co-
10	operation among the drug supply reduction and
11	demand reduction agencies of the various
12	States, territories, and units of local govern-
13	ment; and
14	(C) such other cooperative governmental
15	activities which promote a comprehensive ap-
16	proach to drug control at the national, State,
17	territory, and local levels.
18	(11) Supply reduction.—The term "supply
19	reduction" means any activity of a program con-
20	ducted by a National Drug Control Program agency
21	that is intended to reduce the availability or use of
22	drugs in the United States and abroad, including—
23	(A) international drug control;
24	(B) foreign and domestic drug intelligence;
25	(C) interdiction: and

1	(D) domestic drug law enforcement, in-
2	cluding law enforcement directed at drug users.
3	SEC. 5402. OFFICE OF NATIONAL DRUG CONTROL POLICY.
4	(a) Establishment of Office.—There is estab-
5	lished in the Executive Office of the President an Office
6	of National Drug Control Policy, which shall—
7	(1) develop national drug control policy;
8	(2) coordinate and oversee the implementation
9	of that national drug control policy;
10	(3) assess and certify the adequacy of national
11	drug control programs and the budget for those pro-
12	grams; and
13	(4) evaluate the effectiveness of the national
14	drug control programs.
15	(b) DIRECTOR AND DEPUTY DIRECTORS.—
16	(1) DIRECTOR.—There shall be at the head of
17	the Office a Director of National Drug Control Pol-
18	icy.
19	(2) Deputy director of national drug
20	CONTROL POLICY.—There shall be in the Office a
21	Deputy Director of National Drug Control Policy,
22	who shall assist the Director in carrying out the re-
23	sponsibilities of the Director under this title.
24	(3) Other Deputy Directors.—There shall
25	be in the Office—

1	(A) a Deputy Director for Demand Reduc-
2	tion, who shall be responsible for the activities
3	described in subparagraphs (A) through (G) of
4	section 702(1);
5	(B) a Deputy Director for Supply Reduc-
6	tion, who shall be responsible for the activities
7	described in subparagraphs (A) through (C) of
8	section 702(11); and
9	(C) a Deputy Director for State and Local
10	Affairs, who shall be responsible for the activi-
11	ties described in subparagraphs (A) through
12	(C) of section 702(10).
13	(c) Access by Congress.—The location of the Of-
14	fice in the Executive Office of the President shall not be
15	construed as affecting access by Congress, or any commit-
16	tee of the House of Representatives or the Senate, to
17	any—
18	(1) information, document, or study in the pos-
19	session of, or conducted by or at the direction of the
20	Director; or
21	(2) personnel of the Office.
22	(d) Office of National Drug Control Policy
23	GIFT FUND.—
24	(1) Establishment.—There is established in
25	the Treasury of the United States a fund for the re-

- ceipt of gifts, both real and personal, for the purpose of aiding or facilitating the work of the Office under section 704(c).
 - (2) Contributions.—The Office may accept, hold, and administer contributions to the Fund.
- 6 (3) USE OF AMOUNTS DEPOSITED.—Amounts
 7 deposited in the Fund are authorized to be appro8 priated, to remain available until expended for au9 thorized purposes at the discretion of the Director.

10 SEC. 5403. APPOINTMENT AND DUTIES OF DIRECTOR AND

11 DEPUTY DIRECTORS.

(a) Appointment.—

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13 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director, the Deputy 14 Director of National Drug Control Policy, the Dep-15 uty Director for Demand Reduction, the Deputy Di-16 rector for Supply Reduction, and the Deputy Direc-17 tor for State and Local Affairs, shall each be ap-18 pointed by the President, by and with the advice and 19 consent of the Senate, and shall serve at the pleas-20 ure of the President. In appointing the Deputy Di-21 rector for Demand Reduction under this paragraph, 22 the President shall take into consideration the sci-23 entific, educational or professional background of the 24 individual, and whether the individual has experience

1	in the fields of substance abuse prevention, edu-
2	cation, or treatment.
3	(2) Duties of Deputy Director of Na-
4	TIONAL DRUG CONTROL POLICY.—The Deputy Di-
5	rector of National Drug Control Policy shall—
6	(A) carry out the duties and powers pre-
7	scribed by the Director; and
8	(B) serve as the Director in the absence of
9	the Director or during any period in which the
10	office of the Director is vacant.
11	(3) Designation of other officers.—In
12	the absence of the Deputy Director, or if the office
13	of the Deputy Director is vacant, the Director shall
14	designate such other permanent employee of the Of-
15	fice to serve as the Director, if the Director is ab-
16	sent or unable to serve.
17	(4) Prohibition.—No person shall serve as
18	Director or a Deputy Director while serving in any
19	other position in the Federal Government.
20	(5) Prohibition on Political Campaign-
21	ING.—Any officer or employee of the Office who is
22	appointed to that position by the President, by and
23	with the advice and consent of the Senate, may not
24	participate in Federal election campaign activities,

except that such official is not prohibited by this

paragraph from making contributions to individual
 candidates.

(b) Responsibilities.—The Director shall—

- (1) assist the President in the establishment of policies, goals, objectives, and priorities for the National Drug Control Program;
- (2) promulgate the National Drug Control Strategy and each report under section 706(b) in accordance with section 706;
- (3) coordinate and oversee the implementation by the National Drug Control Program agencies of the policies, goals, objectives, and priorities established under paragraph (1) and the fulfillment of the responsibilities of such agencies under the National Drug Control Strategy;
- (4) make such recommendations to the President as the Director determines are appropriate regarding changes in the organization, management, and budgets of Federal departments and agencies engaged in drug enforcement, and changes in the allocation of personnel to and within those departments and agencies, to implement the policies, goals, priorities, and objectives established under paragraph (1) and the National Drug Control Strategy;

1	(5) consult with and assist State and local gov-
2	ernments with respect to the formulation and imple-
3	mentation of National Drug Control Policy and their
4	relations with the National Drug Control Program
5	agencies;
6	(6) appear before duly constituted committees

- (6) appear before duly constituted committees and subcommittees of the House of Representatives and of the Senate to represent the drug policies of the executive branch;
- (7) notify any National Drug Control Program agency if its policies are not in compliance with the responsibilities of the agency under the National Drug Control Strategy, transmit a copy of each such notification to the President, and maintain a copy of each such notification;
- (8) provide, by July 1 of each year, budget recommendations, including requests for specific initiatives that are consistent with the priorities of the President under the National Drug Control Strategy, to the heads of departments and agencies with responsibilities under the National Drug Control Program, which recommendations shall—
- 23 (A) apply to next budget year scheduled 24 for formulation under the Budget and Account-

1	ing Act of 1921, and each of the 4 subsequent
2	fiscal years; and
3	(B) address funding priorities developed in
4	the National Drug Control Strategy;
5	(9) serve as the representative of the President
6	in appearing before Congress on all issues relating
7	to the National Drug Control Program;
8	(10) in any matter affecting national security
9	interests, work in conjunction with the Assistant to
10	the President for National Security Affairs; and
11	(11) serve as primary spokesperson of the Ad-
12	ministration on drug issues.
13	(c) National Drug Control Program Budg-
14	ET.—
15	(1) Responsibilities of national drug
16	CONTROL PROGRAM AGENCIES.—
17	(A) In general.—For each fiscal year,
18	the head of each department, agency, or pro-
19	gram of the Federal Government with respon-
20	sibilities under the National Drug Control Pro-
21	gram Strategy shall transmit to the Director a
22	copy of the proposed drug control budget re-
23	quest of the department, agency, or program at
24	the same time as that budget request is submit-
25	ted to their superiors (and before submission to

1	the Office of Management and Budget) in the
2	preparation of the budget of the President sub-
3	mitted to Congress under section 1105(a) of
4	title 31, United States Code.
5	(B) Submission of drug control
6	BUDGET REQUESTS.—The head of each Na-
7	tional Drug Control Program agency shall en-
8	sure timely development and submission to the
9	Director of each proposed drug control budget
10	request transmitted pursuant to this paragraph,
11	in such format as may be designated by the Di-
12	rector with the concurrence of the Director of
13	the Office of Management and Budget.
14	(2) National drug control program budg-
15	ET PROPOSAL.—For each fiscal year, following the
16	transmission of proposed drug control budget re-
17	quests to the Director under paragraph (1), the Di-
18	rector shall, in consultation with the head of each
19	National Drug Control Program agency—
20	(A) develop a consolidated National Drug
21	Control Program budget proposal designed to
22	implement the National Drug Control Strategy
23	(B) submit the consolidated budget pro-
24	posal to the President: and

1	(C) after submission under subparagraph
2	(B), submit the consolidated budget proposal to
3	Congress.
4	(3) REVIEW AND CERTIFICATION OF BUDGET
5	REQUESTS AND BUDGET SUBMISSIONS OF NATIONAL
6	DRUG CONTROL PROGRAM AGENCIES.—
7	(A) In general.—The Director shall re-
8	view each drug control budget request submit-
9	ted to the Director under paragraph (1).
10	(B) Review of budget requests.—
11	(i) INADEQUATE REQUESTS.—If the
12	Director concludes that a budget request
13	submitted under paragraph (1) is inad-
14	equate, in whole or in part, to implement
15	the objectives of the National Drug Con-
16	trol Strategy with respect to the depart-
17	ment, agency, or program at issue for the
18	year for which the request is submitted,
19	the Director shall submit to the head of
20	the applicable National Drug Control Pro-
21	gram agency a written description of fund-
22	ing levels and specific initiatives that
23	would, in the determination of the Direc-
24	tor, make the request adequate to imple-
25	ment those objectives.

1	(ii) Adequate requests.—If the Di-
2	rector concludes that a budget request sub-
3	mitted under paragraph (1) is adequate to
4	implement the objectives of the National
5	Drug Control Strategy with respect to the
6	department, agency, or program at issue
7	for the year for which the request is sub-
8	mitted, the Director shall submit to the
9	head of the applicable National Drug Con-
10	trol Program agency a written statement
11	confirming the adequacy of the request.
12	(iii) Record.—The Director shall
13	maintain a record of each description sub-
14	mitted under clause (i) and each statement
15	submitted under clause (ii).
16	(C) AGENCY RESPONSE.—
17	(i) In general.—The head of a Na-
18	tional Drug Control Program agency that
19	receives a description under subparagraph
20	(B)(i) shall include the funding levels and
21	initiatives described by the Director in the
22	budget submission for that agency to the
23	Office of Management and Budget.
24	(ii) Impact statement.—The head
25	of a National Drug Control Program agen-

1	cy that has altered its budget submission
2	under this subparagraph shall include as
3	an appendix to the budget submission for
4	that agency to the Office of Management
5	and Budget an impact statement that sum-
6	marizes—
7	(I) the changes made to the
8	budget under this subparagraph; and
9	(II) the impact of those changes
10	on the ability of that agency to per-
11	form its other responsibilities, includ-
12	ing any impact on specific missions or
13	programs of the agency.
14	(iii) Congressional notifica-
15	TION.—The head of a National Drug Con-
16	trol Program agency shall submit a copy of
17	any impact statement under clause (ii) to
18	the Senate and the House of Representa-
19	tives at the time the budget for that agen-
20	cy is submitted to Congress under section
21	1105(a) of title 31, United States Code.
22	(D) CERTIFICATION OF BUDGET SUBMIS-
23	SIONS.—
24	(i) In general.—At the time a Na-
25	tional Drug Control Program agency sub-

1	mits its budget request to the Office of
2	Management and Budget, the head of the
3	National Drug Control Program agency
4	shall submit a copy of the budget request
5	to the Director.
6	(ii) CERTIFICATION.—The Director—
7	(I) shall review each budget sub-
8	mission submitted under clause (i);
9	and
10	(II) based on the review under
11	subclause (I), if the Director con-
12	cludes that the budget submission of a
13	National Drug Control Program agen-
14	cy does not include the funding levels
15	and initiatives described under sub-
16	paragraph (B)—
17	(aa) may issue a written de-
18	certification of that agency's
19	budget; and
20	(bb) in the case of a decerti-
21	fication issued under item (aa),
22	shall submit to the Senate and
23	the House of Representatives a
24	copy of the—

1	(aaa) decertification
2	issued under item (aa);
3	(bbb) the description
4	made under subparagraph
5	(B); and
6	(ccc) the budget rec-
7	ommendations made under
8	subsection (b)(8).
9	(4) Reprogramming and transfer re-
10	QUESTS.—
11	(A) In General.—No National Drug Con-
12	trol Program agency shall submit to Congress
13	a reprogramming or transfer request with re-
14	spect to any amount of appropriated funds in
15	an amount exceeding \$5,000,000 that is in-
16	cluded in the National Drug Control Program
17	budget unless the request has been approved by
18	the Director.
19	(B) Appeal.—The head of any National
20	Drug Control Program agency may appeal to
21	the President any disapproval by the Director
22	of a reprogramming or transfer request under
23	this paragraph.
24	(d) Powers of the Director.—In carrying out
25	subsection (b), the Director may—

- (1) select, appoint, employ, and fix compensation of such officers and employees of the Office as may be necessary to carry out the functions of the Office under this title;
 - (2) subject to subsection (e)(3), request the head of a department or agency, or program of the Federal Government to place department, agency, or program personnel who are engaged in drug control activities on temporary detail to another department, agency, or program in order to implement the National Drug Control Strategy, and the head of the department or agency shall comply with such a request;
 - (3) use for administrative purposes, on a reimbursable basis, the available services, equipment, personnel, and facilities of Federal, State, and local agencies;
 - (4) procure the services of experts and consultants in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, relating to appointments in the Federal Service, at rates of compensation for individuals not to exceed the daily equivalent of the rate of pay payable under level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5311 of title 5, United States Code;

1	(5) accept and use gifts and donations of prop-
2	erty from Federal, State, and local government
3	agencies, and from the private sector, as authorized
4	in section 703(d);
5	(6) use the mails in the same manner as any
6	other department or agency of the executive branch;
7	(7) monitor implementation of the National
8	Drug Control Program, including—
9	(A) conducting program and performance
10	audits and evaluations;
11	(B) requesting assistance from the Inspec-
12	tor General of the relevant agency in such au-
13	dits and evaluations; and
14	(C) commissioning studies and reports by
15	a National Drug Control Program agency, with
16	the concurrence of the head of the affected
17	agency;
18	(8) transfer funds made available to a National
19	Drug Control Program agency for National Drug
20	Control Strategy programs and activities to another
21	account within such agency or to another National
22	Drug Control Program agency for National Drug
23	Control Strategy programs and activities, except
24	that—

1	(A) the authority under this paragraph
2	may be limited in an annual appropriations Act
3	or other provision of Federal law;
4	(B) the Director may exercise the author-
5	ity under this paragraph only with the concur-
6	rence of the head of each affected agency;
7	(C) in the case of an interagency transfer,
8	the total amount of transfers under this para-
9	graph may not exceed 2 percent of the total
10	amount of funds made available for National
11	Drug Control Strategy programs and activities
12	to the agency from which those funds are to be
13	transferred;
14	(D) funds transferred to an agency under
15	this paragraph may only be used to increase the
16	funding for programs or activities that—
17	(i) have a higher priority than the
18	programs or activities from which funds
19	are transferred; and
20	(ii) have been authorized by Congress;
21	and
22	(E) the Director shall—
23	(i) submit to Congress, including to
24	the Committees on Appropriations of the
25	Senate and the House of Representatives

1	and other applicable committees of juris-
2	diction, a reprogramming or transfer re-
3	quest in advance of any transfer under this
4	paragraph in accordance with the regula-
5	tions of the affected agency or agencies;
6	and
7	(ii) annually submit to Congress a re-
8	port describing the effect of all transfers of
9	funds made pursuant to this paragraph or
10	subsection (c)(4) during the 12-month pe-
11	riod preceding the date on which the report
12	is submitted;
13	(9) issue to the head of a National Drug Con-
14	trol Program agency a fund control notice described
15	in subsection (f) to ensure compliance with the Na-
16	tional Drug Control Program Strategy; and
17	(10) participate in the drug certification process
18	pursuant to section 490 of the Foreign Assistance
19	Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2291j).
20	(e) Personnel Detailed to Office.—
21	(1) Evaluations.—Notwithstanding any provi-
22	sion of chapter 43 of title 5, United States Code, the
23	Director shall perform the evaluation of the perform-
24	ance of any employee detailed to the Office for pur-
25	poses of the applicable performance appraisal system

1	established under such chapter for any rating pe-
2	riod, or part thereof, that such employee is detailed
3	to such office.
4	(2) Compensation.—
5	(A) Bonus Payments.—Notwithstanding
6	any other provision of law, the Director may
7	provide periodic bonus payments to any em-
8	ployee detailed to the Office.
9	(B) Restrictions.—An amount paid
10	under this paragraph to an employee for any
11	period—
12	(i) shall not be greater than 20 per-
13	cent of the basic pay paid or payable to
14	such employee for such period; and
15	(ii) shall be in addition to the basic
16	pay of such employee.
17	(C) AGGREGATE AMOUNT.—The aggregate
18	amount paid during any fiscal year to an em-
19	ployee detailed to the Office as basic pay,
20	awards, bonuses, and other compensation shall
21	not exceed the annual rate payable at the end
22	of such fiscal year for positions at level III of
23	the Executive Schedule.
24	(3) Maximum number of detailees.—The
25	maximum number of personnel who may be detailed

1	to another department or agency (including the Of-
2	fice) under subsection (d)(2) during any fiscal year
3	is—
4	(A) for the Department of Defense, 50;
5	and
6	(B) for any other department or agency,
7	10.
8	SEC. 5404. COORDINATION WITH NATIONAL DRUG CON-
9	TROL PROGRAM AGENCIES IN DEMAND RE-
10	DUCTION, SUPPLY REDUCTION, AND STATE
11	AND LOCAL AFFAIRS.
12	(a) Access to Information.—
13	(1) In general.—Upon the request of the Di-
14	rector, the head of any National Drug Control Pro-
15	gram agency shall cooperate with and provide to the
16	Director any statistics, studies, reports, and other
17	information prepared or collected by the agency con-
18	cerning the responsibilities of the agency under the
19	National Drug Control Strategy that relate to—
20	(A) drug abuse control; or
21	(B) the manner in which amounts made
22	available to that agency for drug control are
23	being used by that agency.
24	(2) Protection of intelligence informa-
25	TION.—

1	(A) In general.—The authorities con-
2	ferred on the Office and the Director by this
3	title shall be exercised in a manner consistent
4	with provisions of the National Security Act of
5	1947 (50 U.S.C. 401 et seq.). The Director of
6	Central Intelligence shall prescribe such regula-
7	tions as may be necessary to protect informa-
8	tion provided pursuant to this title regarding
9	intelligence sources and methods.
10	(B) Duties of director.—The Director

- (B) DUTIES OF DIRECTOR.—The Director of Central Intelligence shall, to the maximum extent practicable in accordance with subparagraph (A), render full assistance and support to the Office and the Director.
- (3) ILLEGAL DRUG CULTIVATION.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall annually submit to the Director an assessment of the acreage of illegal drug cultivation in the United States.
- 19 (b) Certification of Policy Changes to Direc-20 tor.—
- 21 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), 22 the head of a National Drug Control Program agen-23 cy shall, unless exigent circumstances require other-24 wise, notify the Director in writing regarding any 25 proposed change in policies relating to the activities

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1	of that agency under the National Drug Control
2	Program prior to implementation of such change.
3	The Director shall promptly review such proposed
4	change and certify to the head of that agency in
5	writing whether such change is consistent with the
6	National Drug Control Strategy.
7	(2) Exception.—If prior notice of a proposed
8	change under paragraph (1) is not practicable—
9	(A) the head of the National Drug Control
10	Program agency shall notify the Director of the
11	proposed change as soon as practicable; and
12	(B) upon such notification, the Director
13	shall review the change and certify to the head
14	of that agency in writing whether the change is
15	consistent with the National Drug Control Pro-
16	gram.
17	(c) General Services Administration.—The Ad-
18	ministrator of General Services shall provide to the Direc-
19	tor, in a reimbursable basis, such administrative support
20	services as the Director may request.

1	SEC. 5405. DEVELOPMENT, SUBMISSION, IMPLEMENTA-
2	TION, AND ASSESSMENT OF NATIONAL DRUG
3	CONTROL STRATEGY.
4	(a) Timing, Contents, and Process for Devel-
5	OPMENT AND SUBMISSION OF NATIONAL DRUG CONTROL
6	STRATEGY.—
7	(1) Timing.—Not later than February 1, 1998,
8	the President shall submit to Congress a National
9	Drug Control Strategy, which shall set forth a com-
10	prehensive plan, covering a period of not more than
11	10 years, for reducing drug abuse and the con-
12	sequences of drug abuse in the United States, by
13	limiting the availability of and reducing the demand
14	for illegal drugs.
15	(2) Contents.—
16	(A) In General.—The National Drug
17	Control Strategy submitted under paragraph
18	(1) shall include—
19	(i) comprehensive, research-based,
20	long-range, quantifiable, goals for reducing
21	drug abuse and the consequences of drug
22	abuse in the United States;
23	(ii) annual, quantifiable, and measur-
24	able objectives to accomplish long-term
25	quantifiable goals that the Director deter-
26	mines may be realistically achieved during

1	each year of the period beginning on the
2	date on which the National Drug Control
3	Strategy is submitted;
4	(iii) 5-year projections for program
5	and budget priorities; and
6	(iv) a review of State, local, and pri-
7	vate sector drug control activities to ensure
8	that the United States pursues well-coordi-
9	nated and effective drug control at all lev-
10	els of government.
11	(B) Classified information.—Any con-
12	tents of the National Drug Control Strategy
13	that involves information properly classified
14	under criteria established by an Executive order
15	shall be presented to Congress separately from
16	the rest of the National Drug Control Strategy.
17	(3) Process for development and submis-
18	SION.—
19	(A) Consultation.—In developing and
20	effectively implementing the National Drug
21	Control Strategy, the Director—
22	(i) shall consult with—
23	(I) the heads of the National
24	Drug Control Program agencies;
25	(II) Congress;

1	(III) State and local officials;
2	(IV) private citizens and organi-
3	zations with experience and expertise
4	in demand reduction; and
5	(V) private citizens and organiza-
6	tions with experience and expertise in
7	supply reduction; and
8	(ii) may require the National Drug
9	Intelligence Center and the El Paso Intel-
10	ligence Center to undertake specific tasks
11	or projects to implement the National
12	Drug Control Strategy.
13	(B) Inclusion in strategy.—The Na-
14	tional Drug Control Strategy under this sub-
15	section, and each report submitted under sub-
16	section (b), shall include a list of each entity
17	consulted under subparagraph (A)(i).
18	(4) Modification and resubmittal.—Not-
19	withstanding any other provision of law, the Presi-
20	dent may modify a National Drug Control Strategy
21	submitted under paragraph (1) at any time.
22	(b) Annual Strategy Report.—
23	(1) In general.—Not later than February 1,
24	1999, and on February 1 of each year thereafter,
25	the President shall submit to Congress a report on

1	the progress in implementing the Strategy under
2	subsection (a), which shall include—
3	(A) an assessment of the Federal effective-
4	ness in achieving the National Drug Control
5	Strategy goals and objectives using the per-
6	formance measurement system described in sub-
7	section (c), including—
8	(i) an assessment of drug use and
9	availability in the United States; and
10	(ii) an estimate of the effectiveness of
11	interdiction, treatment, prevention, law en-
12	forcement, and international programs
13	under the National Drug Control Strategy
14	in effect during the preceding year, or in
15	effect as of the date on which the report
16	is submitted;
17	(B) any modifications of the National
18	Drug Control Strategy or the performance
19	measurement system described in subsection
20	(c);
21	(C) an assessment of the manner in which
22	the budget proposal submitted under section
23	704(c) is intended to implement the National
24	Drug Control Strategy and whether the funding

1	levels contained in such proposal are sufficient
2	to implement such Strategy;
3	(D) beginning on February 1, 1999, and
4	annually thereafter, measurable data evaluating
5	the success or failure in achieving the annual
6	measurable objectives described in subsection
7	(a)(2)(A)(ii);
8	(E) an assessment of current drug use (in-
9	cluding inhalants) and availability, impact of
10	drug use, and treatment availability, which as-
11	sessment shall include—
12	(i) estimates of drug prevalence and
13	frequency of use as measured by national,
14	State, and local surveys of illicit drug use
15	and by other special studies of—
16	(I) casual and chronic drug use;
17	(II) high-risk populations, includ-
18	ing school dropouts, the homeless and
19	transient, arrestees, parolees, proba-
20	tioners, and juvenile delinquents; and
21	(III) drug use in the workplace
22	and the productivity lost by such use;
23	(ii) an assessment of the reduction of
24	drug availability against an ascertained
25	baseline, as measured by—

1	(I) the quantities of cocaine, her-
2	oin, marijuana, methamphetamine,
3	and other drugs available for con-
4	sumption in the United States;
5	(II) the amount of marijuana, co-
6	caine, and heroin entering the United
7	States;
8	(III) the number of hectares of
9	marijuana, poppy, and coca cultivated
10	and destroyed;
11	(IV) the number of metric tons
12	of marijuana, heroin, and cocaine
13	seized;
14	(V) the number of cocaine and
15	methamphetamine processing labora-
16	tories destroyed;
17	(VI) changes in the price and pu-
18	rity of heroin and cocaine;
19	(VII) the amount and type of
20	controlled substances diverted from le-
21	gitimate retail and wholesale sources;
22	and
23	(VIII) the effectiveness of Fed-
24	eral technology programs at improving
25	drug detection capabilities in interdic-

1	tion, and at United States ports of
2	entry;
3	(iii) an assessment of the reduction of
4	the consequences of drug use and availabil-
5	ity, which shall include estimation of—
6	(I) the burden drug users placed
7	on hospital emergency departments in
8	the United States, such as the quan-
9	tity of drug-related services provided;
10	(II) the annual national health
11	care costs of drug use, including costs
12	associated with people becoming in-
13	fected with the human immuno-
14	deficiency virus and other infectious
15	diseases as a result of drug use;
16	(III) the extent of drug-related
17	crime and criminal activity; and
18	(IV) the contribution of drugs to
19	the underground economy, as meas-
20	ured by the retail value of drugs sold
21	in the United States;
22	(iv) a determination of the status of
23	drug treatment in the United States, by
24	assessing—

1	(I) public and private treatment
2	capacity within each State, including
3	information on the treatment capacity
4	available in relation to the capacity
5	actually used;
6	(II) the extent, within each State,
7	to which treatment is available;
8	(III) the number of drug users
9	the Director estimates could benefit
10	from treatment; and
11	(IV) the specific factors that re-
12	strict the availability of treatment
13	services to those seeking it and pro-
14	posed administrative or legislative
15	remedies to make treatment available
16	to those individuals; and
17	(v) a review of the research agenda of
18	the Counter-Drug Technology Assessment
19	Center to reduce the availability and abuse
20	of drugs; and
21	(F) an assessment of private sector initia-
22	tives and cooperative efforts between the Fed-
23	eral Government and State and local govern-
24	ments for drug control.

1	(2) Submission of Revised Strategy.—The
2	President may submit to Congress a revised Na-
3	tional Drug Control Strategy that meets the require-
4	ments of this section—
5	(A) at any time, upon a determination by
6	the President, in consultation with the Director,
7	that the National Drug Control Strategy in ef-
8	fect is not sufficiently effective; and
9	(B) if a new President or Director takes
10	office.
11	(c) Performance Measurement System.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than February 1,
13	1998, the Director shall submit to Congress a de-
14	scription of the national drug control performance
15	measurement system, designed in consultation with
16	affected National Drug Control Program agencies,
17	that—
18	(A) develops performance objectives, meas-
19	ures, and targets for each National Drug Con-
20	trol Strategy goal and objective;
21	(B) revises performance objectives, meas-
22	ures, and targets, to conform with National
23	Drug Control Program Agency budgets;
24	(C) identifies major programs and activi-
25	ties of the National Drug Control Program

1	agencies that support the goals and objectives
2	of the National Drug Control Strategy;
3	(D) evaluates implementation of major
4	program activities supporting the National
5	Drug Control Strategy;
6	(E) monitors consistency between the
7	drug-related goals and objectives of the Na-
8	tional Drug Control Program agencies and en-
9	sures that drug control agency goals and budg-
10	ets support and are fully consistent with the
11	National Drug Control Strategy; and
12	(F) coordinates the development and im-
13	plementation of national drug control data col-
14	lection and reporting systems to support policy
15	formulation and performance measurement, in-
16	cluding an assessment of—
17	(i) the quality of current drug use
18	measurement instruments and techniques
19	to measure supply reduction and demand
20	reduction activities;
21	(ii) the adequacy of the coverage of
22	existing national drug use measurement in-
23	struments and techniques to measure the
24	casual drug user population and groups
25	that are at risk for drug use; and

1	(iii) the actions the Director shall take
2	to correct any deficiencies and limitations
3	identified pursuant to subparagraphs (A)
4	and (B) of subsection (b)(4).
5	(2) Modifications.—
6	(A) IN GENERAL.—A description of any
7	modifications made during the preceding year
8	to the national drug control performance meas-
9	urement system described in paragraph (1)
10	shall be included in each report submitted
11	under subsection (b).
12	(B) Annual performance objectives,
13	MEASURES, AND TARGETS.—Not later than
14	February 1, 1999, the Director shall submit to
15	Congress a modified performance measurement
16	system that—
17	(i) develops annual performance objec-
18	tives, measures, and targets for each Na-
19	tional Drug Control Strategy goal and ob-
20	jective; and
21	(ii) revises the annual performance
22	objectives, measures, and targets to con-
23	form with the National Drug Control Pro-
24	gram agency budgets.

1	SEC. 5406. HIGH INTENSITY DRUG TRAFFICKING AREAS
2	PROGRAM.
3	(a) Establishment.—There is established in the
4	Office a program to be known as the High Intensity Drug
5	Trafficking Areas Program.
6	(b) Designation.—The Director, upon consultation
7	with the Attorney General, the Secretary of the Treasury,
8	heads of the National Drug Control Program agencies,
9	and the Governor of each State, may designate any speci-
10	fied area of the United States as a high intensity drug
11	trafficking area. After making such a designation and in
12	order to provide Federal assistance to the area so des-
13	ignated, the Director may—
14	(1) obligate such sums as appropriated for the
15	High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program;
16	(2) direct the temporary reassignment of Fed-
17	eral personnel to such area, subject to the approval
18	of the head of the department or agency that em-
19	ploys such personnel;
20	(3) take any other action authorized under sec-
21	tion 704 to provide increased Federal assistance to
22	those areas;
23	(4) coordinate activities under this subsection
24	(specifically administrative, recordkeeping, and funds
25	management activities) with State and local officials

1	(c) Factors for Consideration.—In considering
2	whether to designate an area under this section as a high
3	intensity drug trafficking area, the Director shall consider,
4	in addition to such other criteria as the Director considers
5	to be appropriate, the extent to which—
6	(1) the area is a center of illegal drug produc-
7	tion, manufacturing, importation, or distribution;
8	(2) State and local law enforcement agencies
9	have committed resources to respond to the drug
10	trafficking problem in the area, thereby indicating a
11	determination to respond aggressively to the prob-
12	lem;
13	(3) drug-related activities in the area are hav-
14	ing a harmful impact in other areas of the country;
15	and
16	(4) a significant increase in allocation of Fed-
17	eral resources is necessary to respond adequately to
18	drug-related activities in the area.
19	SEC. 5407. COUNTER-DRUG TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT
20	CENTER.
21	(a) Establishment.—There is established within
22	the Office the Counter-Drug Technology Assessment Cen-
23	ter (referred to in this section as the "Center"). The Cen-
24	ter shall operate under the authority of the Director of
25	National Drug Control Policy and shall serve as the cen-

1	tral counter-drug technology research and development or-
2	ganization of the United States Government.
3	(b) DIRECTOR OF TECHNOLOGY.—There shall be at
4	the head of the Center the Director of Technology, who
5	shall be appointed by the Director of National Drug Con-
6	trol Policy from among individuals qualified and distin-
7	guished in the area of science, medicine, engineering, or
8	technology.
9	(c) Additional Responsibilities of the Direc-
10	TOR OF NATIONAL DRUG CONTROL POLICY.—
11	(1) In General.—The Director, acting
12	through the Director of Technology shall—
13	(A) identify and define the short-, me-
14	dium-, and long-term scientific and techno-
15	logical needs of Federal, State, and local drug
16	supply reduction agencies, including—
17	(i) advanced surveillance, tracking,
18	and radar imaging;
19	(ii) electronic support measures;
20	(iii) communications;
21	(iv) data fusion, advanced computer
22	systems, and artificial intelligence; and
23	(v) chemical, biological, radiological
24	(including neutron, electron, and graviton),
25	and other means of detection.

1	(B) identify demand reduction basic and
2	applied research needs and initiatives, in con-
3	sultation with affected National Drug Control
4	Program agencies, including—
5	(i) improving treatment through
6	neuroscientific advances;
7	(ii) improving the transfer of bio-
8	medical research to the clinical setting; and
9	(iii) in consultation with the National
10	Institute on Drug Abuse, and through
11	interagency agreements or grants, examin-
12	ing addiction and rehabilitation research
13	and the application of technology to ex-
14	panding the effectiveness or availability of
15	drug treatment;
16	(C) make a priority ranking of such needs
17	identified in subparagraphs (A) and (B) accord-
18	ing to fiscal and technological feasibility, as
19	part of a National Counter-Drug Enforcement
20	Research and Development Program;
21	(D) oversee and coordinate counter-drug
22	technology initiatives with related activities of
23	other Federal civilian and military departments:

1	(E) provide support to the development
2	and implementation of the national drug control
3	performance measurement system; and
4	(F) pursuant to the authority of the Direc-
5	tor of National Drug Control Policy under sec-
6	tion 704, submit requests to Congress for the
7	reprogramming or transfer of funds appro-
8	priated for counter-drug technology research
9	and development.
10	(2) Limitation on Authority.—The author-
11	ity granted to the Director under this subsection
12	shall not extend to the award of contracts, manage-
13	ment of individual projects, or other operational ac-
14	tivities.
15	(d) Assistance and Support to Office of Na-
16	TIONAL DRUG CONTROL POLICY.—The Secretary of De-
17	fense and the Secretary of Health and Human Services
18	shall, to the maximum extent practicable, render assist-
19	ance and support to the Office and to the Director in the
20	conduct of counter-drug technology assessment.
21	SEC. 5408. PRESIDENT'S COUNCIL ON COUNTER-NARCOT-
22	ICS.
23	(a) Establishment.—There is established a council
24	to be known as the President's Council on Counter-Nar-
25	cotics (referred to in this section as the "Council").

1	(b) Membership.—
2	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2),
3	the Council shall be composed of 18 members, of
4	whom—
5	(A) 1 shall be the President, who shall
6	serve as Chairman of the Council;
7	(B) 1 shall be the Vice President;
8	(C) 1 shall be the Secretary of State;
9	(D) 1 shall be the Secretary of the Treas-
10	ury;
11	(E) 1 shall be the Secretary of Defense;
12	(F) 1 shall be the Attorney General;
13	(G) 1 shall be the Secretary of Transpor-
14	tation;
15	(H) 1 shall be the Secretary of Health and
16	Human Services;
17	(I) 1 shall be the Secretary of Education;
18	(J) 1 shall be the Representative of the
19	United States of America to the United Na-
20	tions;
21	(K) 1 shall be the Director of the Office of
22	Management and Budget;
23	(L) 1 shall be the Chief of Staff to the
24	President;

1	(M) 1 shall be the Director of the Office,
2	who shall serve as the Executive Director of the
3	Council;
4	(N) 1 shall be the Director of Central In-
5	telligence;
6	(O) 1 shall be the Assistant to the Presi-
7	dent for National Security Affairs;
8	(P) 1 shall be the Counsel to the Presi-
9	dent;
10	(Q) 1 shall be the Chairman of the Joint
11	Chiefs of Staff; and
12	(R) 1 shall be the National Security Ad-
13	viser to the Vice President.
14	(2) Additional members.—The President
15	may, in the discretion of the President, appoint ad-
16	ditional members to the Council.
17	(c) Functions.—The Council shall advise and assist
18	the President in—
19	(1) providing direction and oversight for the na-
20	tional drug control strategy, including relating drug
21	control policy to other national security interests and
22	establishing priorities; and
23	(2) ensuring coordination among departments
24	and agencies of the Federal Government concerning

1	implementation of the National Drug Control Strat-
2	egy.
3	(d) Administration.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Council may utilize es-
5	tablished or ad hoc committees, task forces, or inter-
6	agency groups chaired by the Director (or a rep-
7	resentative of the Director) in carrying out the func-
8	tions of the Council under this section.
9	(2) Staff.—The staff of the Office, in coordi-
10	nation with the staffs of the Vice President and the
11	Assistant to the President for National Security Af-
12	fairs, shall act as staff for the Council.
13	(3) Cooperation from other agencies.—
14	Each department and agency of the executive branch
15	shall—
16	(A) cooperate with the Council in carrying
17	out the functions of the Council under this sec-
18	tion; and
19	(B) provide such assistance, information,
20	and advice as the Council may request, to the
21	extent permitted by law.
22	SEC. 5409. PARENTS ADVISORY COUNCIL ON YOUTH DRUG
23	ABUSE.
24	(a) In General.—

1	(1) Establishment.—There is established a
2	Council to be known as the Parents Advisory Coun-
3	cil on Youth Drug Abuse (referred to in this section
4	as the "Council").
5	(2) Membership.—
6	(A) Composition.—The Council shall be
7	composed of 16 members, of whom—
8	(i) 4 shall be appointed by the Presi-
9	dent, each of whom shall be a parent or
10	guardian of a child who is not less than 6
11	and not more than 18 years of age as of
12	the date on which the appointment is
13	made;
14	(ii) 4 shall be appointed by the Major-
15	ity Leader of the Senate, 3 of whom shall
16	be a parent or guardian of a child who is
17	not less than 6 and not more than 18
18	years of age as of the date on which the
19	appointment is made;
20	(iii) 2 shall be appointed by the Mi-
21	nority Leader of the Senate, each of whom
22	shall be a parent or guardian of a child
23	who is not less than 6 and not more than
24	18 years of age as of the date on which the
25	appointment is made;

1	(iv) 4 shall be appointed by the
2	Speaker of the House of Representatives, 3
3	of whom shall be a parent or guardian of
4	a child who is not less than 6 and not
5	more than 18 years of age as of the date
6	on which the appointment is made; and
7	(v) 2 shall be appointed by the Minor-
8	ity Leader of the House of Representa-
9	tives, each of whom shall be a parent or
10	guardian of a child who is not less than 6
11	and not more than 18 years of age as of
12	the date on which the appointment is
13	made.
14	(B) Requirements.—
15	(i) In general.—Each member of
16	the Council shall be an individual from the
17	private sector with a demonstrated interest
18	and expertise in research, education, treat-
19	ment, or prevention activities related to
20	youth drug abuse.
21	(ii) Representatives of non-
22	PROFIT ORGANIZATIONS.—Not less than 1
23	member appointed under each of clauses
24	(i) through (v) of paragraph (1)(A) shall
25	be a representative of a nonprofit organiza-

1	tion focused on involving parents in anti-
2	drug education and prevention.
3	(C) Date.—The appointments of the ini-
4	tial members of the Council shall be made not
5	later than 60 days after the date of enactment
6	of this section.
7	(D) DIRECTOR.—The Director may, in the
8	discretion of the Director, serve as an adviser
9	to the Council and attend such meetings and
10	hearings of the Council as the Director consid-
11	ers to be appropriate.
12	(3) Period of appointment; vacancies.—
13	(A) Period of appointment.—Each
14	member of the Council shall be appointed for a
15	term of 3 years, except that, of the initial mem-
16	bers of the Council—
17	(i) 1 member appointed under each of
18	clauses (i) through (v) of paragraph (1)(A)
19	shall be appointed for a term of 1 year;
20	and
21	(ii) 1 member appointed under each of
22	clauses (i) through (v) of paragraph (1)(A)
23	shall be appointed for a term of 2 years.
24	(B) Vacancies.—Any vacancy in the
25	Council shall not affect its powers, provided

- that a quorum is present, but shall be filled in
 the same manner as the original appointment.

 Any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration of the term for which
 the member's predecessor was appointed shall
 be appointed only for the remainder of that
 term.
 - (C) APPOINTMENT OF SUCCESSOR.—To the extent necessary to prevent a vacancy in the membership of the Council, a member of the Council may serve for not more than 6 months after the expiration of the term of that member, if the successor of that member has not been appointed.
 - (4) Initial meeting.—Not later than 120 days after the date on which all initial members of the Council have been appointed, the Council shall hold its first meeting.
 - (5) MEETINGS.—The Council shall meet at the call of the Chairperson.
 - (6) QUORUM.—Nine members of the Council shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser number of members may hold hearings.
- 24 (7) Chairperson and vice chairperson.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—The members of the
2	Council shall select a Chairperson and Vice
3	Chairperson from among the members of the
4	Council.
5	(B) Duties of Chairperson.—The
6	Chairperson of the Council shall—
7	(i) serve as the executive director of
8	the Council;
9	(ii) direct the administration of the
10	Council;
11	(iii) assign officer and committee du-
12	ties relating to the Council; and
13	(iv) issue the reports, policy positions,
14	and statements of the Council.
15	(C) Duties of vice chairperson.—If
16	the Chairperson of the Council is unable to
17	serve, the Vice Chairperson shall serve as the
18	Chairperson.
19	(b) Duties of the Council.—
20	(1) In General.—The Council—
21	(A) shall advise the President and the
22	Members of the Cabinet, including the Director,
23	on drug prevention, education, and treatment;
24	and

- 1 (B) may issue reports and recommenda-2 tions on drug prevention, education, and treat-3 ment, in addition to the annual report detailed 4 in paragraph (2), as the Council considers ap-5 propriate.
 - (2) Submission to congress.—Any report or recommendation issued by the Council shall be submitted to Congress.
 - (3) ADVICE ON THE NATIONAL DRUG CONTROL STRATEGY.—Not later than December 1, 1998, and on December 1 of each year thereafter, the Council shall submit to the Director an annual report containing drug control strategy recommendations on drug prevention, education, and treatment. Each report submitted to the Director under this paragraph shall be included as an appendix to the report submitted by the Director under section 706(b).

(c) Powers of the Council.—

- (1) Hearings.—The Council may hold such hearings, sit and act at such times and places, take such testimony, and receive such evidence as the Council considers advisable to carry out this section.
- (2) Information from federal agencies.—
 The Council may secure directly from any department or agency of the Federal Government such in-

- 1 formation as the Council considers to be necessary 2 to carry out this section. Upon request of the Chair-3 person of the Council, the head of that department or agency shall furnish such information to the 5 Council, unless the head of that department or agen-6 cy determines that furnishing the information to the 7 Council would threaten the national security of the 8 United States, the health, safety, or privacy of any 9 individual, or the integrity of an ongoing investigation. 10
 - (3) Postal services.—The Council may use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as other departments and agencies of the Federal Government.
 - (4) GIFTS.—The Council may solicit, accept, use, and dispose of gifts or donations of services or property in connection with performing the duties of the Council under this section.
- 19 (d) Expenses.—The members of the Council shall 20 be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of 21 subsistence, at rates authorized for employees of agencies 22 under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States 23 Code, while away from their homes or regular places of 24 business in the performance of services for the Council.

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1	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
2	are authorized to be appropriated to the Council such
3	sums as may be necessary carry out this section.
4	SEC. 5410. DRUG INTERDICTION.
5	(a) Definition.—In this section, the term "Federal
6	drug control agency" means—
7	(1) the Office of National Drug Control Policy;
8	(2) the Department of Defense;
9	(3) the Drug Enforcement Administration;
10	(4) the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
11	(5) the Immigration and Naturalization Service;
12	(6) the United States Coast Guard;
13	(7) the United States Customs Service; and
14	(8) any other department or agency of the Fed-
15	eral Government that the Director determines to be
16	relevant.
17	(b) Report.—In order to assist Congress in deter-
18	mining the personnel, equipment, funding, and other re-
19	sources that would be required by Federal drug control
20	agencies in order to achieve a level of interdiction success
21	at or above the highest level achieved before the date of
22	enactment of this title, not later than 90 days after the
23	date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall submit
24	to Congress and to each Federal drug control program
25	agency a report, which shall include—

1	(1) with respect to the southern and western
2	border regions of the United States (including the
3	Pacific coast, the border with Mexico, the Gulf of
4	Mexico coast, and other ports of entry) and in over-
5	all totals, data relating to—
6	(A) the amount of marijuana, heroin,
7	methamphetamine, and cocaine—
8	(i) seized during the year of highest
9	recorded seizures for each drug in each re-
10	gion and during the year of highest re-
11	corded overall seizures; and
12	(ii) disrupted during the year of high-
13	est recorded disruptions for each drug in
14	each region and during the year of highest
15	recorded overall seizures; and
16	(B) the number of persons arrested for vio-
17	lations of section 1010(a) of the Controlled
18	Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C.
19	960(a)) and related offenses during the year of
20	the highest number of arrests on record for
21	each region and during the year of highest re-
22	corded overall arrests;
23	(2) the price of cocaine, heroin, methamphet-
24	amine, and marijuana during the year of highest

- price on record during the preceding 10-year period,
 adjusted for purity where possible; and
- 3 (3) a description of the personnel, equipment, 4 funding, and other resources of the Federal drug 5 control agency devoted to drug interdiction and se-6 curing the borders of the United States against drug 7 trafficking for each of the years identified in para-8 graphs (1) and (2) for each Federal drug control 9 agency.

(b) Budget Process.—

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- (1) Information to director.—Based on the report submitted under subsection (b), each Federal drug control agency shall submit to the Director, as part of each annual drug control budget request submitted by the Federal drug control agency to the Director under section 704(c)(2), a description of the specific personnel, equipment, funding, and other resources that would be required for the Federal drug control agency to meet or exceed the highest level of interdiction success for that agency identified in the report submitted under subsection (b).
- (2) Information to congress.—The Director shall include each submission under paragraph (1) in each annual consolidated National Drug Control Program budget proposal submitted by the Director

1	to Congress under section 704(c), which submission
2	shall be accompanied by a description of any addi-
3	tional resources that would be required by the Fed-
4	eral drug control agencies to meet the highest level
5	of interdiction success identified in the report sub-
6	mitted under subsection (b).
7	SEC. 5411. REPORT ON AN ALLIANCE AGAINST NARCOTICS
8	TRAFFICKING IN THE WESTERN HEMI-
9	SPHERE.
10	(a) Sense of Congress on Discussions for Alli-
11	ANCE.—
12	(1) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of
13	Congress that the President should discuss with the
14	democratically elected governments of the Western
15	Hemisphere the prospect of forming a multilateral
16	alliance to address problems relating to international
17	drug trafficking in the Western Hemisphere.
18	(2) Consultations.—In the consultations on
19	the prospect of forming an alliance described in
20	paragraph (1), the President should seek the input
21	of such governments on the possibility of forming 1
22	or more structures within the alliance—
23	(A) to develop a regional, multilateral
24	strategy to address the threat posed to nations

1	in the Western Hemisphere by drug trafficking
2	and
3	(B) to establish a new mechanism for im-
4	proving multilateral coordination of drug inter-
5	diction and drug-related law enforcement activi-
6	ties in the Western Hemisphere.
7	(b) Report.—
8	(1) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 60 days
9	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Presi-
10	dent shall submit to Congress a report on the pro-
11	posal discussed under subsection (a), which shall in-
12	clude—
13	(A) an analysis of the reactions of the gov-
14	ernments concerned to the proposal;
15	(B) an assessment of the proposal, includ-
16	ing an evaluation of the feasibility and advis-
17	ability of forming the alliance;
18	(C) a determination in light of the analysis
19	and assessment whether or not the formation of
20	the alliance is in the national interests of the
21	United States;
22	(D) if the President determines that the
23	formation of the alliance is in the national in-
24	terests of the United States, a plan for encour-

1	aging and facilitating the formation of the alli-
2	ance; and
3	(E) if the President determines that the
4	formation of the alliance is not in the national
5	interests of the United States, an alternative
6	proposal to improve significantly efforts against
7	the threats posed by narcotics trafficking in the
8	Western Hemisphere, including an explanation
9	of the manner in which the alternative proposal
10	will—
11	(i) improve upon current cooperation
12	and coordination of counter-drug efforts
13	among nations in the Western Hemisphere
14	(ii) provide for the allocation of the
15	resources required to make significant
16	progress in disrupting and disbanding the
17	criminal organizations responsible for the
18	trafficking of illegal drugs in the Western
19	Hemisphere; and
20	(iii) differ from and improve upon
21	past strategies adopted by the United
22	States Government which have failed to
23	make sufficient progress against the traf-
24	ficking of illegal drugs in the Western
25	Hemisphere.

1	(2) Unclassified form.—The report under
2	paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified
3	form, but may contain a classified annex.
4	SEC. 5412. ESTABLISHMENT OF SPECIAL FORFEITURE
5	FUND.
6	Section 6073 of the Asset Forfeiture Amendments
7	Act of 1988 (21 U.S.C. 1509) is amended—
8	(1) in subsection (b)—
9	(A) by striking "section 524(c)(9)" and in-
10	serting "section 524(c)(8)"; and
11	(B) by striking "section 9307(g)" and in-
12	serting "section 9703(g)"; and
13	(2) in subsection (e), by striking "strategy" and
14	inserting "Strategy".
15	SEC. 5413. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
16	(a) Title 5, United States Code.—Chapter 53 of
17	title 5, United States Code, is amended—
18	(1) in section 5312, by adding at the end the
19	following:
20	"Director of National Drug Control Policy.";
21	(2) in section 5313, by adding at the end the
22	following:
23	"Deputy Director of National Drug Control
24	Policy."; and

1	(3) in section 5314, by adding at the end the
2	following:
3	"Deputy Director for Demand Reduction, Of-
4	fice of National Drug Control Policy.
5	"Deputy Director for Supply Reduction, Office
6	of National Drug Control Policy.
7	"Deputy Director for State and Local Affairs,
8	Office of National Drug Control Policy.".
9	(b) National Security Act of 1947.—Section
10	101 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 402)
11	is amended by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection
12	(g) and inserting after subsection (e) the following:
13	"(f) The Director of National Drug Control Policy
14	may, in the role of the Director as principal adviser to
15	the National Security Council on national drug control
16	policy, and subject to the direction of the President, attend
17	and participate in meetings of the National Security Coun-
18	cil.".
19	(e) Submission of National Drug Control Pro-
20	GRAM BUDGET WITH ANNUAL BUDGET REQUEST OF
21	President.—Section 1105(a) of title 31, United States
22	Code, is amended by inserting after paragraph (25) the
23	following:
24	"(26) a separate statement of the amount of
25	appropriations requested for the Office of National

- 1 Drug Control Policy and each program of the Na-
- 2 tional Drug Control Program.".
- 3 SEC. 5414. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 4 There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
- 5 this title, to remain available until expended, such sums
- 6 as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 1998 through
- 7 2002.
- 8 SEC. 5415. TERMINATION OF OFFICE OF NATIONAL DRUG
- 9 **CONTROL POLICY.**
- 10 (a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
- 11 (b), effective on September 30, 2002, this title and the
- 12 amendments made by this title are repealed.
- 13 (b) Exception.—Subsection (a) does not apply to
- 14 section 713 or the amendments made by that section.
- 15 PART 2—STATE INITIATIVES
- 16 SEC. 5416. STUDY ON EFFECTS OF CALIFORNIA AND ARI-
- 17 **ZONA DRUG INITIATIVES.**
- 18 (a) Definition.—In this section, the term "con-
- 19 trolled substance" has the same meaning as in section 102
- $20\,$ of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802).
- 21 (b) Study.—The Director of National Drug Control
- 22 Policy, in consultation with the Attorney General and the
- 23 Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall conduct
- 24 a study on the effect of the 1996 voter referenda in Cali-

1	fornia and Arizona concerning the medicinal use of mari-
2	juana and other controlled substances, respectively, on—
3	(1) marijuana usage in Arizona and California;
4	(2) usage of other controlled substances in Ari-
5	zona and California;
6	(3) perceptions of youth of the dangerousness
7	of marijuana and other controlled substances in Ari-
8	zona and California;
9	(4) emergency room admissions for drug abuse
10	in Arizona and California;
11	(5) seizures of controlled substances in Arizona
12	and California;
13	(6) arrest rates for use of controlled substances
14	in Arizona and California;
15	(7) arrest rates for trafficking of controlled
16	substances in Arizona and California;
17	(8) conviction rates in cases concerning use of
18	controlled substances in Arizona and California; and
19	(9) conviction rates in jury trials concerning use
20	of controlled substances in Arizona and California.
21	(c) Report.—Not later than January 1, 2000, the
22	Director of National Drug Policy, in consultation with the
23	Attorney General and the Secretary of Health and Human
24	Services, shall—

1	(1) issue a report on the results of the study
2	under subsection (b); and
3	(2) submit a copy of the report to the Commit-
4	tees on the Judiciary of the House of Representa-
5	tives and the Senate.
6	(d) Authorizations.—There are authorized to be
7	appropriated to carry out this section such sums as may
8	be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1999 and 2000.
9	Subtitle F—Improving Effective-
10	ness of Youth Crime and Drug
11	Prevention Efforts
12	SEC. 5501. COMPREHENSIVE STUDY BY NATIONAL ACAD-
13	EMY OF SCIENCE.
14	(a) In General.—The Attorney General shall enter
15	into a contract with a public or nonprofit private entity,
16	subject to subsection (b), for the purpose of conducting
17	a study or studies—
18	(1) to evaluate the effectiveness of federally
19	funded programs for preventing youth violence and
20	youth substance abuse;
21	(2) to evaluate the effectiveness of federally
22	funded grant programs for preventing criminal vic-
23	timization of juveniles;
24	(3) to identify specific Federal programs and
25	programs that receive Federal funds that contribute

1	to reductions in youth violence, youth substance
2	abuse, and risk factors among youth that lead to
3	violent behavior and substance abuse;
4	(4) to identify specific programs that have not
5	achieved their intended results; and
6	(5) to make specific recommendations on pro-
7	grams that—
8	(A) should receive continued or increased
9	funding because of their proven success; or
10	(B) should have their funding terminated
11	or reduced because of their lack of effectiveness.
12	(b) NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES.—The Attor-
13	ney General shall request the National Academy of
14	Sciences to enter into the contract under subsection (a)
15	to conduct the study or studies described in subsection (a).
16	If the Academy declines to conduct the study, the Attorney
17	General shall carry out such subsection through other
18	public or nonprofit private entities.
19	(c) Assistance.—In conducting the study under
20	subsection (a) the contracting party may obtain analytic
21	assistance, data, and other relevant materials from the
22	Department of Justice and any other appropriate Federal
23	agency.
24	(d) Reporting Requirements.—

- 1 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1, 2 2000, the Attorney General shall submit a report de-3 scribing the findings made as a result of the study required by subsection (a) to the Committee on the 5 Judiciary and the Committee on Economic and Edu-6 cational Opportunity of the House of Representa-7 tives and the Committee on the Judiciary and the 8 Committee on Labor and Human Resources of the 9 Senate.
- 10 (2) Contents.—The report required by this subsection shall contain specific recommendations 12 concerning funding levels for the programs evalu-13 ated. Reports on the effectiveness of such programs 14 and recommendations on funding shall be provided 15 to the appropriate subcommittees of the Committee 16 on Appropriations of the House of Representatives 17 and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.
- 18 (e) Funding.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the study under subsection (a) 19 20 \$1,000,000,000.
- 21 SEC. 5502. EVALUATION OF CRIME PREVENTION PRO-
- 22 GRAMS.

- 23 The Attorney General, with respect to the programs
- in titles II, III, and IV of this Act shall provide, directly
- or through grants and contracts, for the comprehensive

1	and thorough evaluation of the effectiveness of each pro-
2	gram established by this Act and the amendments made
3	by this Act.
4	SEC. 5503. EVALUATION AND RESEARCH CRITERIA.
5	(a) Independent Evaluations and Research.—
6	Evaluations and research studies conducted pursuant to
7	this subtitle shall be independent in nature, and shall em-
8	ploy rigorous and scientifically recognized standards and
9	methodologies.
10	(b) Content of Evaluations.—Evaluations con-
11	ducted pursuant to this title may include comparison be-
12	tween youth participating in the programs and the com-
13	munity at large of rates of—
14	(1) delinquency, youth crime, youth gang activ-
15	ity, youth substance abuse, and other high risk fac-
16	tors;
17	(2) risk factors in young people that contribute
18	to juvenile violence, including academic failure, ex-
19	cessive school absenteeism, and dropping out of
20	school;
21	(3) risk factors in the community, schools, and
22	family environments that contribute to youth vio-
23	lence; and
24	(4) criminal victimizations of youth.

1 SEC. 5504. COMPLIANCE WITH EVALUATION MANDATE.

- 2 The Attorney General may require the recipients of
- 3 Federal assistance for programs under this Act to collect,
- 4 maintain, and report information considered to be relevant
- 5 to any evaluation conducted pursuant to section 5502, and
- 6 to conduct and participate in specified evaluation and as-
- 7 sessment activities and functions.

8 SEC. 5505. RESERVATION OF AMOUNTS FOR EVALUATION

- 9 **AND RESEARCH.**
- 10 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General, with re-
- 11 spect to titles II, III, and IV shall reserve not less than
- 12 2 percent, and not more than 4 percent, of the amounts
- 13 made available pursuant to such titles and the amend-
- 14 ments made by such titles in each fiscal year to carry out
- 15 the evaluation and research required by this title.
- 16 (b) Assistance to Grantees and Evaluated
- 17 Programs.—To facilitate the conduct and defray the
- 18 costs of crime prevention program evaluation and re-
- 19 search, the Attorney General shall use amounts reserved
- 20 under this section to provide compliance assistance to
- 21 grantees under this Act who are selected to participate in
- 22 evaluations pursuant to section 5502.

1	SEC. 5506. SENSE OF SENATE REGARDING FUNDING FOR
2	PROGRAMS DETERMINED TO BE INEFFEC
3	TIVE.
4	It is the sense of the Senate that programs identified
5	in the study performed pursuant to section 5501 as being
6	ineffective in addressing juvenile crime and substance
7	abuse should not receive Federal funding in any fiscal year
8	following the issuance of such study.
9	TITLE VI—CRIMINAL HISTORY
10	RECORDS
11	Subtitle A—National Criminal
12	History Access
13	SEC. 6001. SHORT TITLE.
14	This title may be cited as the "National Crime Pre-
15	vention and Privacy Compact Act of 1998".
16	SEC. 6002. FINDINGS.
17	Congress finds that—
18	(1) both the Federal Bureau of Investigation
19	and State criminal history record repositories main-
20	tain fingerprint-based criminal history records;
21	(2) these criminal history records are shared
22	and exchanged for criminal justice purposes through
23	a Federal-State program known as the Interstate
24	Identification Index System;
25	(3) although these records are also exchanged
26	for legally authorized, noncriminal justice uses, such

- as governmental licensing and employment background checks, the purposes for and procedures by which they are exchanged vary widely from State to State;
 - (4) an interstate and Federal-State compact is necessary to facilitate authorized interstate criminal history record exchanges for noncriminal justice purposes on a uniform basis, while permitting each State to effectuate its own dissemination policy within its own borders; and
 - (5) such a compact will allow Federal and State records to be provided expeditiously to governmental and nongovernmental agencies that use such records in accordance with pertinent Federal and State law, while simultaneously enhancing the accuracy of the records and safeguarding the information contained therein from unauthorized disclosure or use.

18 SEC. 6003. DEFINITIONS.

19 In this title:

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- 20 (1) Attorney General.—The term "Attorney 21 General" means the Attorney General of the United 22 States.
- 23 (2) COMPACT.—The term "Compact" means 24 the National Crime Prevention and Privacy Compact 25 set forth in section 107.

1	(3) COUNCIL.—The term "Council" means the
2	Compact Council established under Article VI of the
3	Compact.
4	(4) FBI.—The term "FBI" means the Federal
5	Bureau of Investigation.
6	(5) Party State.—The term "Party State"
7	means a State that has ratified the Compact.
8	(6) State.—The term "State" means any
9	State, territory, or possession of the United States,
10	the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of
11	Puerto Rico.
12	SEC. 6004. ENACTMENT AND CONSENT OF THE UNITED
13	STATES.
14	The National Crime Prevention and Privacy Com-
1415	The National Crime Prevention and Privacy Compact, as set forth in section 107, is enacted into law and
	·
15 16	pact, as set forth in section 107, is enacted into law and
15 16 17	pact, as set forth in section 107, is enacted into law and entered into by the Federal Government. The consent of
15 16 17	pact, as set forth in section 107, is enacted into law and entered into by the Federal Government. The consent of Congress is given to States to enter into the Compact.
15 16 17 18	pact, as set forth in section 107, is enacted into law and entered into by the Federal Government. The consent of Congress is given to States to enter into the Compact. SEC. 6005. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.
15 16 17 18 19	pact, as set forth in section 107, is enacted into law and entered into by the Federal Government. The consent of Congress is given to States to enter into the Compact. SEC. 6005. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS. (a) PRIVACY ACT OF 1974.—Nothing in the Compact
15 16 17 18 19 20	pact, as set forth in section 107, is enacted into law and entered into by the Federal Government. The consent of Congress is given to States to enter into the Compact. SEC. 6005. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS. (a) PRIVACY ACT OF 1974.—Nothing in the Compact shall affect the obligations and responsibilities of the FBI
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	pact, as set forth in section 107, is enacted into law and entered into by the Federal Government. The consent of Congress is given to States to enter into the Compact. SEC. 6005. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS. (a) PRIVACY ACT OF 1974.—Nothing in the Compact shall affect the obligations and responsibilities of the FBI under section 552a of title 5, United States Code (com-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	pact, as set forth in section 107, is enacted into law and entered into by the Federal Government. The consent of Congress is given to States to enter into the Compact. SEC. 6005. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS. (a) PRIVACY ACT OF 1974.—Nothing in the Compact shall affect the obligations and responsibilities of the FBI under section 552a of title 5, United States Code (commonly known as the "Privacy Act of 1974").

1	(1) access, direct or otherwise, to records pur-
2	suant to—
3	(A) section 9101 of title 5, United States
4	Code;
5	(B) the National Child Protection Act of
6	1993 (42 U.S.C. 5119 et seq.);
7	(C) the Brady Handgun Violence Preven-
8	tion Act (Public Law 103–159; 107 Stat.
9	1536);
10	(D) the Violent Crime Control and Law
11	Enforcement Act of 1994 (Public Law 103–
12	322; 108 Stat. 2074) or any amendment made
13	by that Act;
14	(E) the United States Housing Act of
15	1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437 et seq.); or
16	(F) the Native American Housing Assist-
17	ance and Self-Determination Act of 1996 (25
18	U.S.C. 4101 et seq.); or
19	(2) any direct access to Federal criminal history
20	records authorized by law.
21	(c) Authority of FBI Under Departments of
22	STATE, JUSTICE, AND COMMERCE, THE JUDICIARY, AND
23	RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATION ACT, 1973.—Noth-
24	ing in the Compact shall be construed to affect the author-
25	ity of the FBI under the Departments of State, Justice,

- 1 and Commerce, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Ap-
- 2 propriation Act, 1973 (Public Law 92–544 (86 Stat.
- 3 1115)).
- 4 (d) Federal Advisory Committee Act.—The
- 5 Council shall not be considered to be a Federal advisory
- 6 committee for purposes of the Federal Advisory Commit-
- 7 tee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).
- 8 (e) Members of Council Not Federal Officers
- 9 OR EMPLOYEES.—Members of the Council (other than a
- 10 member from the FBI or any at-large member who may
- 11 be a Federal official or employee) shall not, by virtue of
- 12 such membership, be deemed—
- 13 (1) to be, for any purpose other than to effect
- the Compact, officers or employees of the United
- 15 States (as defined in sections 2104 and 2105 of title
- 16 5, United States Code); or
- 17 (2) to become entitled by reason of Council
- membership to any compensation or benefit payable
- or made available by the Federal Government to its
- officers or employees.
- 21 SEC. 6006. ENFORCEMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION.
- All departments, agencies, officers, and employees of
- 23 the United States shall enforce the Compact and cooperate
- 24 with one another and with all Party States in enforcing
- 25 the Compact and effectuating its purposes. For the Fed-

- 1 eral Government, the Attorney General shall make such
- 2 rules, prescribe such instructions, and take such other ac-
- 3 tions as may be necessary to carry out the Compact and
- 4 this title.
- 5 SEC. 6007. NATIONAL CRIME PREVENTION AND PRIVACY
- 6 COMPACT.
- 7 The Contracting Parties agree to the following:
- 8 OVERVIEW
- 9 (a) In General.—This Compact organizes an elec-
- 10 tronic information sharing system among the Federal Gov-
- 11 ernment and the States to exchange criminal history
- 12 records for noncriminal justice purposes authorized by
- 13 Federal or State law, such as background checks for gov-
- 14 ernmental licensing and employment.
- 15 (b) Obligations of Parties.—Under this Com-
- 16 pact, the FBI and the Party States agree to maintain de-
- 17 tailed databases of their respective criminal history
- 18 records, including arrests and dispositions, and to make
- 19 them available to the Federal Government and to Party
- 20 States for authorized purposes. The FBI shall also man-
- 21 age the Federal data facilities that provide a significant
- 22 part of the infrastructure for the system.
- 23 ARTICLE I—DEFINITIONS
- 24 In this Compact:

1	(1) Attorney general.—The term "Attorney
2	General" means the Attorney General of the United
3	States;
4	(2) Compact officer.—The term "Compact
5	officer" means—
6	(A) with respect to the Federal Govern-
7	ment, an official so designated by the Director
8	of the FBI; and
9	(B) with respect to a Party State, the chief
10	administrator of the State's criminal history
11	record repository or a designee of the chief ad-
12	ministrator who is a regular full-time employee
13	of the repository.
14	(3) COUNCIL.—The term "Council" means the
15	Compact Council established under Article VI.
16	(4) Criminal History Records.—The term
17	"criminal history records"—
18	(A) means information collected by crimi-
19	nal justice agencies on individuals consisting of
20	identifiable descriptions and notations of ar-
21	rests, detentions, indictments, or other formal
22	criminal charges, and any disposition arising
23	therefrom, including acquittal, sentencing, cor-
24	rectional supervision, or release; and

1	(B) does not include identification informa-
2	tion such as fingerprint records if such informa-
3	tion does not indicate involvement of the indi-
4	vidual with the criminal justice system.
5	(5) Criminal History Record Repository.—
6	The term "criminal history record repository" means
7	the State agency designated by the Governor or
8	other appropriate executive official or the legislature
9	of a State to perform centralized recordkeeping
10	functions for criminal history records and services in
11	the State.
12	(6) Criminal Justice.—The term "criminal
13	justice" includes activities relating to the detection,
14	apprehension, detention, pretrial release, post-trial
15	release, prosecution, adjudication, correctional super-
16	vision, or rehabilitation of accused persons or crimi-
17	nal offenders. The administration of criminal justice
18	includes criminal identification activities and the col-
19	lection, storage, and dissemination of criminal his-
20	tory records.
21	(7) CRIMINAL JUSTICE AGENCY.—The term
22	"criminal justice agency"—
23	(A) means—
24	(i) courts; and

1	(ii) a governmental agency or any
2	subunit thereof that—
3	(I) performs the administration
4	of criminal justice pursuant to a stat-
5	ute or Executive order; and
6	(II) allocates a substantial part
7	of its annual budget to the adminis-
8	tration of criminal justice; and
9	(B) includes Federal and State inspectors
10	general offices.
11	(8) Criminal Justice Services.—The term
12	"criminal justice services" means services provided
13	by the FBI to criminal justice agencies in response
14	to a request for information about a particular indi-
15	vidual or as an update to information previously pro-
16	vided for criminal justice purposes.
17	(9) Criterion offense.—The term "criterion
18	offense" means any felony or misdemeanor offense
19	not included on the list of nonserious offenses pub-
20	lished periodically by the FBI.
21	(10) Direct access.—The term "direct ac-
22	cess' means access to the National Identification
23	Index by computer terminal or other automated
24	means not requiring the assistance of or intervention
25	by any other party or agency.

1	(11) Executive order.—The term "Executive
2	order" means an order of the President of the
3	United States or the chief executive officer of a
4	State that has the force of law and that is promul-
5	gated in accordance with applicable law.
6	(12) FBI.—The term "FBI" means the Fed-
7	eral Bureau of Investigation.
8	(13) Interstate identification system.—
9	The term "Interstate Identification Index System"
10	or "III System"—
11	(A) means the cooperative Federal-State
12	system for the exchange of criminal history
13	records; and
14	(B) includes the National Identification
15	Index, the National Fingerprint File and, to the
16	extent of their participation in such system, the
17	criminal history record repositories of the
18	States and the FBI.
19	(14) NATIONAL FINGERPRINT FILE.—The term
20	"National Fingerprint File" means a database of
21	fingerprints, or other uniquely personal identifying
22	information, relating to an arrested or charged indi-
23	vidual maintained by the FBI to provide positive
24	identification of record subjects indexed in the ${\rm III}$
25	System.

- 1 (15) NATIONAL IDENTIFICATION INDEX.—The
 2 term "National Identification Index" means an
 3 index maintained by the FBI consisting of names,
 4 identifying numbers, and other descriptive informa5 tion relating to record subjects about whom there
 6 are criminal history records in the III System.
 - (16) NATIONAL INDICES.—The term "National indices" means the National Identification Index and the National Fingerprint File.
 - (17) Nonparty State.—The term "Nonparty State" means a State that has not ratified this Compact.
 - (18) Noncriminal justice purposes" means uses of criminal history records for purposes authorized by Federal or State law other than purposes relating to criminal justice activities, including employment suitability, licensing determinations, immigration and naturalization matters, and national security clearances.
- 21 (19) Party State.—The term "Party State" 22 means a State that has ratified this Compact.
 - (20) Positive identification" means a determination, based upon a comparison of fingerprints or other

1	equally reliable biometric identification techniques,
2	that the subject of a record search is the same per-
3	son as the subject of a criminal history record or
4	records indexed in the III System. Identifications
5	based solely upon a comparison of subjects' names
6	or other nonunique identification characteristics or
7	numbers, or combinations thereof, shall not con-
8	stitute positive identification.
9	(21) SEALED RECORD INFORMATION.—The
10	term "sealed record information" means—
11	(A) with respect to adults, that portion of
12	a record that is—
13	(i) not available for criminal justice
14	uses;
15	(ii) not supported by fingerprints or
16	other accepted means of positive identifica-
17	tion; or
18	(iii) subject to restrictions on dissemi-
19	nation for noncriminal justice purposes
20	pursuant to a court order related to a par-
21	ticular subject or pursuant to a Federal or
22	State statute that requires action on a
23	sealing petition filed by a particular record
24	subject; and

1	(B) with respect to juveniles, whatever
2	each State determines is a sealed record under
3	its own law and procedure.
4	(22) State.—The term "State" means any
5	State, territory, or possession of the United States,
6	the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of
7	Puerto Rico.
8	ARTICLE II—PURPOSES
9	The purposes of this Compact are to—
10	(1) provide a legal framework for the establish-
11	ment of a cooperative Federal-State system for the
12	interstate and Federal-State exchange of criminal
13	history records for noncriminal justice uses;
14	(2) require the FBI to permit use of the Na-
15	tional Identification Index and the National Finger-
16	print File by each Party State, and to provide, in a
17	timely fashion, Federal and State criminal history
18	records to requesting States, in accordance with the
19	terms of this Compact and with rules, procedures,
20	and standards established by the Council under Arti-
21	cle VI;
22	(3) require Party States to provide information
23	and records for the National Identification Index
24	and the National Fingerprint File and to provide

criminal history records, in a timely fashion, to

1	criminal history record repositories of other States
2	and the Federal Government for noncriminal justice
3	purposes, in accordance with the terms of this Com-
4	pact and with rules, procedures, and standards es-
5	tablished by the Council under Article VI;
6	(4) provide for the establishment of a Council
7	to monitor III System operations and to prescribe
8	system rules and procedures for the effective and
9	proper operation of the III System for noncriminal
10	justice purposes; and
11	(5) require the FBI and each Party State to
12	adhere to III System standards concerning record
13	dissemination and use, response times, system secu-
14	rity, data quality, and other duly established stand-
15	ards, including those that enhance the accuracy and
16	privacy of such records.
17	ARTICLE III—RESPONSIBILITIES OF COMPACT
18	PARTIES
19	(a) FBI RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Director of the
20	FBI shall—
21	(1) appoint an FBI Compact officer who
22	shall—
23	(A) administer this Compact within the
24	Department of Justice and among Federal
25	agencies and other agencies and organizations

1	that submit search requests to the FBI pursu-
2	ant to Article V(c);
3	(B) ensure that Compact provisions and
4	rules, procedures, and standards prescribed by
5	the Council under Article VI are complied with
6	by the Department of Justice and the Federal
7	agencies and other agencies and organizations
8	referred to in Article III(1)(A); and
9	(C) regulate the use of records received by
10	means of the III System from Party States
11	when such records are supplied by the FBI di-
12	rectly to other Federal agencies;
13	(2) provide to Federal agencies and to State
14	criminal history record repositories, criminal history
15	records maintained in its database for the noncrimi-
16	nal justice purposes described in Article IV, includ-
17	ing—
18	(A) information from Nonparty States
19	and
20	(B) information from Party States that is
21	available from the FBI through the III System
22	but is not available from the Party State
23	through the III System;
24	(3) provide a telecommunications network and
25	maintain centralized facilities for the exchange of

1	criminal history records for both criminal justice
2	purposes and the noncriminal justice purposes de-
3	scribed in Article IV, and ensure that the exchange
4	of such records for criminal justice purposes has pri-
5	ority over exchange for noncriminal justice purposes;
6	and
7	(4) modify or enter into user agreements with
8	Nonparty State criminal history record repositories
9	to require them to establish record request proce-
10	dures conforming to those prescribed in Article V.
11	(b) State Responsibilities.—Each Party State
12	shall—
13	(1) appoint a Compact officer who shall—
14	(A) administer this Compact within that
15	State;
16	(B) ensure that Compact provisions and
17	rules, procedures, and standards established by
18	the Council under Article VI are complied with
19	in the State; and
20	(C) regulate the in-State use of records re-
21	ceived by means of the III System from the
22	FBI or from other Party States;
23	(2) establish and maintain a criminal history
24	record repository, which shall provide—

1	(A) information and records for the Na-
2	tional Identification Index and the National
3	Fingerprint File; and
4	(B) the State's III System-indexed crimi-
5	nal history records for noncriminal justice pur-
6	poses described in Article IV;
7	(3) participate in the National Fingerprint File;
8	and
9	(4) provide and maintain telecommunications
10	links and related equipment necessary to support the
11	services set forth in this Compact.
12	(c) Compliance With III System Standards.—
13	In carrying out their responsibilities under this Compact,
14	the FBI and each Party State shall comply with III Sys-
15	tem rules, procedures, and standards duly established by
16	the Council concerning record dissemination and use, re-
17	sponse times, data quality, system security, accuracy, pri-
18	vacy protection, and other aspects of III System operation.
19	(d) Maintenance of Record Services.—
20	(1) Use of the III System for noncriminal jus-
21	tice purposes authorized in this Compact shall be
22	managed so as not to diminish the level of services
23	provided in support of criminal justice purposes.
24	(2) Administration of Compact provisions shall
25	not reduce the level of service available to authorized

1	noncriminal justice users on the effective date of this
2	Compact.
3	ARTICLE IV—AUTHORIZED RECORD
4	DISCLOSURES
5	(a) State Criminal History Record Reposi-
6	TORIES.—To the extent authorized by section 552a of title
7	5, United States Code (commonly known as the "Privacy
8	Act of 1974"), the FBI shall provide on request criminal
9	history records (excluding sealed records) to State crimi-
10	nal history record repositories for noncriminal justice pur-
11	poses allowed by Federal statute, Federal Executive order,
12	or a State statute that has been approved by the Attorney
13	General and that authorizes national indices checks.
14	(b) Criminal Justice Agencies and Other Gov-
15	ERNMENTAL OR NONGOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES.—The
16	FBI, to the extent authorized by section 552a of title 5,
17	United States Code (commonly known as the "Privacy Act
18	of 1974"), and State criminal history record repositories
19	shall provide criminal history records (excluding sealed
20	records) to criminal justice agencies and other govern-
21	mental or nongovernmental agencies for noncriminal jus-
22	tice purposes allowed by Federal statute, Federal Execu-
23	tive order, or a State statute that has been approved by
24	the Attorney General, that authorizes national indices
25	checks.

1	(c) Procedures.—Any record obtained under this
2	Compact may be used only for the official purposes for
3	which the record was requested. Each Compact officer
4	shall establish procedures, consistent with this Compact,
5	and with rules, procedures, and standards established by
6	the Council under Article VI, which procedures shall pro-
7	tect the accuracy and privacy of the records, and shall—
8	(1) ensure that records obtained under this
9	Compact are used only by authorized officials for au-
10	thorized purposes;
11	(2) require that subsequent record checks are
12	requested to obtain current information whenever a
13	new need arises; and
14	(3) ensure that record entries that may not le-
15	gally be used for a particular noncriminal justice
16	purpose are deleted from the response and, if no in-
17	formation authorized for release remains, an appro-
18	priate "no record" response is communicated to the
19	requesting official.
20	ARTICLE V—RECORD REQUEST PROCEDURES
21	(a) Positive Identification.—Subject fingerprints
22	or other approved forms of positive identification shall be
23	submitted with all requests for criminal history record

 $24\,\,$ checks for noncriminal justice purposes.

1	(b) Submission of State Requests.—Each re-
2	quest for a criminal history record check utilizing the na-
3	tional indices made under any approved State statute shall
4	be submitted through that State's criminal history record
5	repository. A State criminal history record repository shall
6	process an interstate request for noncriminal justice pur-
7	poses through the national indices only if such request is
8	transmitted through another State criminal history record
9	repository or the FBI.
10	(c) Submission of Federal Requests.—Each re-
11	quest for criminal history record checks utilizing the na-
12	tional indices made under Federal authority shall be sub-
13	mitted through the FBI or, if the State criminal history
14	record repository consents to process fingerprint submis-
15	sions, through the criminal history record repository in the
16	State in which such request originated. Direct access to
17	the National Identification Index by entities other than
18	the FBI and State criminal history records repositories
19	shall not be permitted for noncriminal justice purposes.
20	(d) Fees.—A State criminal history record reposi-
21	tory or the FBI—
22	(1) may charge a fee, in accordance with appli-
23	cable law, for handling a request involving finger-
24	print processing for noncriminal justice purposes;

and

1 (2) may not charge a fee for providing criminal 2 history records in response to an electronic request 3 for a record that does not involve a request to proc-4 ess fingerprints.

(e) Additional Search.—

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- (1) If a State criminal history record repository cannot positively identify the subject of a record request made for noncriminal justice purposes, the request, together with fingerprints or other approved identifying information, shall be forwarded to the FBI for a search of the national indices.
- (2) If, with respect to an request forwarded by a State criminal history record repository under paragraph (1), the FBI positively identifies the subject as having a III System-indexed record or records—
 - (A) the FBI shall so advise the State criminal history record repository; and
 - (B) the State criminal history record repository shall be entitled to obtain the additional criminal history record information from the FBI or other State criminal history record repositories.

1	ARTICLE VI—ESTABLISHMENT OF COMPACT
2	COUNCIL
3	(a) Establishment.—
4	(1) In general.—There is established a coun-
5	cil to be known as the "Compact Council", which
6	shall have the authority to promulgate rules and
7	procedures governing the use of the III System for
8	noncriminal justice purposes, not to conflict with
9	FBI administration of the III System for criminal
10	justice purposes.
11	(2) Organization.—The Council shall—
12	(A) continue in existence as long as this
13	Compact remains in effect;
14	(B) be located, for administrative pur-
15	poses, within the FBI; and
16	(C) be organized and hold its first meeting
17	as soon as practicable after the effective date of
18	this Compact.
19	(b) Membership.—The Council shall be composed of
20	15 members, each of whom shall be appointed by the At-
21	torney General, as follows:
22	(1) Nine members, each of whom shall serve a
23	2-year term, who shall be selected from among the
24	Compact officers of Party States based on the rec-
25	ommendation of the Compact officers of all Party

1	States, except that, in the absence of the requisite
2	number of Compact officers available to serve, the
3	chief administrators of the criminal history record
4	repositories of Nonparty States shall be eligible to
5	serve on an interim basis.
6	(2) Two at-large members, nominated by the
7	Director of the FBI, each of whom shall serve a 3-
8	year term, of whom—
9	(A) 1 shall be a representative of the
10	criminal justice agencies of the Federal Govern-
11	ment and may not be an employee of the FBI
12	and
13	(B) 1 shall be a representative of the non-
14	criminal justice agencies of the Federal Govern-
15	ment.
16	(3) Two at-large members, nominated by the
17	Chairman of the Council, once the Chairman is
18	elected pursuant to Article VI(c), each of whom shall
19	serve a 3-year term, of whom—
20	(A) 1 shall be a representative of State or
21	local criminal justice agencies; and
22	(B) 1 shall be a representative of State or
23	local noncriminal justice agencies.
24	(4) One member, who shall serve a 3-year term
25	and who shall simultaneously be a member of the

1	FBI's advisory policy board on criminal justice in-
2	formation services, nominated by the membership of
3	that policy board.
4	(5) One member, nominated by the Director of
5	the FBI, who shall serve a 3-year term, and who
6	shall be an employee of the FBI.
7	(c) Chairman and Vice Chairman.—
8	(1) In general.—From its membership, the
9	Council shall elect a Chairman and a Vice Chairman
10	of the Council, respectively. Both the Chairman and
11	Vice Chairman of the Council—
12	(A) shall be a Compact officer, unless
13	there is no Compact officer on the Council who
14	is willing to serve, in which case the Chairman
15	may be an at-large member; and
16	(B) shall serve a 2-year term and may be
17	reelected to only 1 additional 2-year term.
18	(2) Duties of vice chairman.—The Vice
19	Chairman of the Council shall serve as the Chair-
20	man of the Council in the absence of the Chairman.
21	(d) Meetings.—
22	(1) In general.—The Council shall meet a
23	least once each year at the call of the Chairman.
24	Each meeting of the Council shall be open to the
25	public. The Council shall provide prior public notice

- 1 in the Federal Register of each meeting of the Coun-
- 2 cil, including the matters to be addressed at such
- 3 meeting.
- 4 (2) QUORUM.—A majority of the Council or any
- 5 committee of the Council shall constitute a quorum
- of the Council or of such committee, respectively, for
- 7 the conduct of business. A lesser number may meet
- 8 to hold hearings, take testimony, or conduct any
- 9 business not requiring a vote.
- 10 (e) Rules, Procedures, and Standards.—The
- 11 Council shall make available for public inspection and
- 12 copying at the Council office within the FBI, and shall
- 13 publish in the Federal Register, any rules, procedures, or
- 14 standards established by the Council.
- 15 (f) Assistance From FBI.—The Council may re-
- 16 quest from the FBI such reports, studies, statistics, or
- 17 other information or materials as the Council determines
- 18 to be necessary to enable the Council to perform its duties
- 19 under this Compact. The FBI, to the extent authorized
- 20 by law, may provide such assistance or information upon
- 21 such a request.
- 22 (g) Committees.—The Chairman may establish
- 23 committees as necessary to carry out this Compact and
- 24 may prescribe their membership, responsibilities, and du-
- 25 ration.

1 ARTICLE VII—RATIFICATION OF COMPACT

- 2 This Compact shall take effect upon being entered
- 3 into by 2 or more States as between those States and the
- 4 Federal Government. Upon subsequent entering into this
- 5 Compact by additional States, it shall become effective
- 6 among those States and the Federal Government and each
- 7 Party State that has previously ratified it. When ratified,
- 8 this Compact shall have the full force and effect of law
- 9 within the ratifying jurisdictions. The form of ratification
- 10 shall be in accordance with the laws of the executing State.

11 ARTICLE VIII—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- 12 (a) Relation of Compact to Certain FBI Ac-
- 13 TIVITIES.—Administration of this Compact shall not inter-
- 14 fere with the management and control of the Director of
- 15 the FBI over the FBI's collection and dissemination of
- 16 criminal history records and the advisory function of the
- 17 FBI's advisory policy board chartered under the Federal
- 18 Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) for all purposes
- 19 other than noncriminal justice.
- 20 (b) No Authority for Nonappropriated Ex-
- 21 PENDITURES.—Nothing in this Compact shall require the
- 22 FBI to obligate or expend funds beyond those appro-
- 23 priated to the FBI.
- 24 (c) Relating to Public Law 92–544.—Nothing in
- 25 this Compact shall diminish or lessen the obligations, re-

- 1 sponsibilities, and authorities of any State, whether a
- 2 Party State or a Nonparty State, or of any criminal his-
- 3 tory record repository or other subdivision or component
- 4 thereof, under the Departments of State, Justice, and
- 5 Commerce, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appro-
- 6 priation Act, 1973 (Public Law 92–544), or regulations
- 7 and guidelines promulgated thereunder, including the
- 8 rules and procedures promulgated by the Council under
- 9 Article VI(a), regarding the use and dissemination of
- 10 criminal history records and information.

11 ARTICLE IX—RENUNCIATION

- 12 (a) In General.—This Compact shall bind each
- 13 Party State until renounced by the Party State.
- 14 (b) Effect.—Any renunciation of this Compact by
- 15 a Party State shall—
- 16 (1) be effected in the same manner by which
- the Party State ratified this Compact; and
- 18 (2) become effective 180 days after written no-
- tice of renunciation is provided by the Party State
- to each other Party State and to the Federal Gov-
- 21 ernment.

22 ARTICLE X—SEVERABILITY

- The provisions of this Compact shall be severable,
- 24 and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this
- 25 Compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of

1	any participating State, or to the Constitution of the
2	United States, or the applicability thereof to any govern-
3	ment, agency, person, or circumstance is held invalid, the
4	validity of the remainder of this Compact and the applica-
5	bility thereof to any government, agency, person, or cir-
6	cumstance shall not be affected thereby. If a portion of
7	this Compact is held contrary to the constitution of any
8	Party State, all other portions of this Compact shall re-
9	main in full force and effect as to the remaining Party
10	States and in full force and effect as to the Party State
11	affected, as to all other provisions.
12	ARTICLE XI—ADJUDICATION OF DISPUTES
13	(a) In General.—The Council shall—
14	(1) have initial authority to make determina-
15	tions with respect to any dispute regarding—
16	(A) interpretation of this Compact;
17	(B) any rule or standard established by the
18	Council pursuant to Article V; and
19	(C) any dispute or controversy between
20	any parties to this Compact; and
21	(2) hold a hearing concerning any dispute de-
22	scribed in paragraph (1) at a regularly scheduled
23	meeting of the Council and only render a decision
24	based upon a majority vote of the members of the

- 1 Council. Such decision shall be published pursuant
- 2 to the requirements of Article VI(e).
- 3 (b) Duties of FBI.—The FBI shall exercise imme-
- 4 diate and necessary action to preserve the integrity of the
- 5 III System, maintain system policy and standards, protect
- 6 the accuracy and privacy of records, and to prevent
- 7 abuses, until the Council holds a hearing on such matters.
- 8 (c) Right of Appeal.—The FBI or a Party State
- 9 may appeal any decision of the Council to the Attorney
- 10 General, and thereafter may file suit in the appropriate
- 11 district court of the United States, which shall have origi-
- 12 nal jurisdiction of all cases or controversies arising under
- 13 this Compact. Any suit arising under this Compact and
- 14 initiated in a State court shall be removed to the appro-
- 15 priate district court of the United States in the manner
- 16 provided by section 1446 of title 28, United States Code,
- 17 or other statutory authority.
- 18 Subtitle B—State Grant Program
- 19 for Criminal Justice Identifica-
- tion, Information, and Commu-
- 21 **nication**
- 22 SEC. 6101. SHORT TITLE.
- This title may be cited as the "Crime Identification
- 24 Technology Act of 1998".

1 SEC. 6102. STATE GRANT PROGRAM.

2	(a) In General.—Subject to the availability of
3	amounts provided in advance in appropriations Acts, the
4	Attorney General, through the Bureau of Justice Statis-
5	tics of the Department of Justice, shall make a grant to
6	each State, which shall be used by the State, in conjunc-
7	tion with units of local government, State and local courts,
8	other States, or combinations thereof, to establish or up-
9	grade an integrated approach to develop information and
10	identification technologies and systems to—
11	(1) upgrade criminal history and criminal jus-
12	tice record systems, including systems operated by
13	law enforcement agencies and courts;
14	(2) improve criminal justice identification;
15	(3) promote compatibility and integration of na-
16	tional, State, and local systems for—
17	(A) criminal justice purposes;
18	(B) firearms eligibility determinations;
19	(C) identification of sexual offenders;
20	(D) identification of domestic violence of-
21	fenders; and
22	(E) background checks for other author-
23	ized purposes unrelated to criminal justice; and
24	(4) capture information for statistical and re-
25	search purposes to improve the administration of
26	criminal justice.

1	(b) Use of Grant Amounts.—Grants under this
2	section may be used for programs to establish, develop,
3	update, or upgrade—
4	(1) State centralized, automated, adult and ju-
5	venile criminal history record information systems,
6	including arrest and disposition reporting;
7	(2) automated fingerprint identification systems
8	that are compatible with standards established by
9	the National Institute of Standards and Technology
10	and interoperable with the Integrated Automated
11	Fingerprint Identification System (IAFIS) of the
12	Federal Bureau of Investigation;
13	(3) finger imaging, live scan, and other auto-
14	mated systems to digitize fingerprints and to com-
15	municate prints in a manner that is compatible with
16	standards established by the National Institute of
17	Standards and Technology and interoperable with
18	systems operated by States and by the Federal Bu-
19	reau of Investigation;
20	(4) programs and systems to facilitate full par-
21	ticipation in the Interstate Identification Index of
22	the National Crime Information Center;
23	(5) systems to facilitate full participation in any
24	compact relating to the Interstate Identification

Index of the National Crime Information Center;

1	(6) systems to facilitate full participation in the
2	national instant criminal background check system
3	established under section 103(b) of the Brady Hand-
4	gun Violence Prevention Act (18 U.S.C. 922 note)
5	for firearms eligibility determinations;
6	(7) integrated criminal justice information sys-
7	tems to manage and communicate criminal justice
8	information among law enforcement agencies, courts
9	prosecutors, and corrections agencies;
10	(8) noncriminal history record information sys-
11	tems relevant to firearms eligibility determinations
12	for availability and accessibility to the national in-
13	stant criminal background check system established
14	under section 103(b) of the Brady Handgun Vio-
15	lence Prevention Act (18 U.S.C. 922 note);
16	(9) court-based criminal justice information sys-
17	tems that promote—
18	(A) reporting of dispositions to central
19	State repositories and to the Federal Bureau of
20	Investigation; and
21	(B) compatibility with, and integration of
22	court systems with other criminal justice infor-
23	mation systems;

1	(10) ballistics identification and information
2	programs that are compatible and integrated with
3	the National Integrated Ballistics Network (NIBN);
4	(11) DNA programs for forensic and identifica-
5	tion purposes, and identification and information
6	programs to improve forensic analysis and to assist
7	in accrediting crime laboratories;
8	(12) sexual offender identification and registra-
9	tion systems;
10	(13) domestic violence offender identification
11	and information systems;
12	(14) programs for fingerprint-supported back-
13	ground checks capability for noncriminal justice pur-
14	poses, including youth service employees and volun-
15	teers and other individuals in positions of respon-
16	sibility, if authorized by Federal or State law and
17	administered by a government agency;
18	(15) criminal justice information systems with a
19	capacity to provide statistical and research products
20	including incident-based reporting systems that are
21	compatible with the National Incident-Based Report-
22	ing System (NIBRS) and uniform crime reports;
23	and
24	(16) multiagency, multijurisdictional commu-
25	nications systems among the States to share routine

1	and emergency information among Federal, State,
2	and local law enforcement agencies.
3	(c) Assurances.—To be eligible to receive a grant
4	under this section, a State shall provide assurances to the
5	Attorney General that the State has the capability to con-
6	tribute pertinent information to the national instant crimi-
7	nal background check system established under section
8	103(b) of the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act
9	(18 U.S.C. 922 note).
10	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—
11	(1) In general.—There is authorized to be
12	appropriated to carry out this section \$250,000,000
13	for each of fiscal years 1999 through 2003.
14	(2) Limitations.—Of the amount made avail-
15	able to carry out this section in any fiscal year—
16	(A) not more than 3 percent may be used
17	by the Attorney General for salaries and admin-
18	istrative expenses;
19	(B) not more than 5 percent may be used
20	for technical assistance, training and evalua-
21	tions, and studies commissioned by Bureau of
22	Justice Statistics of the Department of Justice
23	(through discretionary grants or otherwise) in
24	furtherance of the purposes of this section; and

1	(C) the Attorney General shall ensure the
2	amounts are distributed on an equitable geo-
3	graphic basis.
4	(e) Grants to Indian Tribes.—Notwithstanding
5	any other provision of this section, the Attorney General
6	may use amounts made available under this section to
7	make grants to Indian tribes for use in accordance with
8	this section.
9	TITLE VII—ENHANCEMENT OF
10	RIGHTS AND PROTECTIONS
11	FOR VICTIMS OF CRIME
12	Subtitle A—Crime Victims
13	Assistance
14	SEC. 7001. DEFINITIONS.
15	In this subtitle:
16	(1) Attorney general.—The term "Attorney
17	General" means the Attorney General of the United
18	States.
19	(2) Bodily injury.—The term "bodily injury"
20	has the meaning given that term in section 1365(g)
21	of title 18, United States Code.
22	(3) Family member.—The term "family mem-
23	ber" means, with respect to a victim, the spouse,
24	parent, brother or sister, or child of the victim, any
25	person to whom the victim stands in loco parentis,

- or any other person living in the household of the victim and related to the victim by blood or marriage.
- 4 (4) Indian tribe.—The term "Indian tribe"
 5 has the same meaning as in section 4(e) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
 6 Act (25 U.S.C. 450b(e)).
 - (5) JUDICIAL CONFERENCE.—The term "Judicial Conference" means the Judicial Conference of the United States established under section 331 of title 28, United States Code.
 - (6) Law enforcement officer" means an individual authorized by law to engage in or supervise the prevention, detection, investigation, or prosecution of any violation of law, and includes corrections, probation, parole, and judicial officers.
 - (7) OFFICE OF VICTIMS OF CRIME.—The term "Office of Victims of Crime" means the Office of Victims of Crime of the Department of Justice.
 - (8) STATE.—The term "State" means each of the several States of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

1	(9) Unit of local government.—The term
2	"unit of local government" means any—
3	(A) city, county, township, town, borough,
4	parish, village, or other general purpose politi-
5	cal subdivision of a State; or
6	(B) Indian tribe.
7	(10) Victim.—The term "victim"—
8	(A) means an individual harmed as a re-
9	sult of a commission of an offense involving
10	death or bodily injury to any person, a threat
11	of death or bodily injury to any person, a sexual
12	assault, or an attempted sexual assault; or a
13	natural person harmed by any fraud or mis-
14	representation relating to a sale or other con-
15	tract for any item, benefit, product, or service;
16	and
17	(B) includes—
18	(i) in the case of a victim who is less
19	than 18 years of age or incompetent, the
20	parent or legal guardian of the victim;
21	(ii) in the case of a victim who is de-
22	ceased or incapacitated, 1 or more family
23	members designated by the court; and
24	(iii) any other person appointed by
25	the court to represent the victim, except

1	that in no event shall a defendant be ap-
2	pointed as the representative or guardian
3	of the victim.
4	(11) QUALIFIED PRIVATE ENTITY.—The term
5	"qualified private entity" means a private entity
6	that meets such requirements as the Attorney Gen-
7	eral may establish.
8	PART 1—PROTECTION OF CRIME VICTIMS'
9	RIGHTS
10	Subpart A—Amendments to Title 18, United States
11	\mathbf{Code}
12	SEC. 7111. RIGHT TO BE NOTIFIED OF DETENTION HEAR-
13	ING AND RIGHT TO BE HEARD ON THE ISSUE
13 14	ING AND RIGHT TO BE HEARD ON THE ISSUE OF DETENTION.
14	OF DETENTION.
14 15	OF DETENTION. Section 3142 of title 18, United States Code, is
14 15 16	OF DETENTION. Section 3142 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
14 15 16 17	OF DETENTION. Section 3142 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(k) NOTIFICATION OF RIGHT TO BE HEARD.—
14 15 16 17	OF DETENTION. Section 3142 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(k) Notification of Right To Be Heard.— "(1) In general.—In any case involving a de-
114 115 116 117 118	OF DETENTION. Section 3142 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(k) Notification of Right To Be Heard.— "(1) In General.—In any case involving a defendant who is arrested for an offense involving
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	OF DETENTION. Section 3142 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(k) Notification of Right To Be Heard.— "(1) In general.—In any case involving a defendant who is arrested for an offense involving death or bodily injury to any person, a threat of
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	OF DETENTION. Section 3142 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(k) Notification of Right To Be Heard.— "(1) In general.—In any case involving a defendant who is arrested for an offense involving death or bodily injury to any person, a threat of death or bodily injury to any person, or a sexual as-

1	"(A) the Government shall make a reason-
2	able effort to notify the victim of the hearing,
3	and of the right of the victim to be heard on
4	the issue of detention; and
5	"(B) at the hearing under subsection (f),
6	the court shall inquire of the Government as to

the court shall inquire of the Government as to whether the efforts at notification of the victim under subparagraph (A) were successful and, if so, whether the victim wishes to be heard on the issue of detention and, if so, shall afford the victim such an opportunity.

"(2) LIMITATION.—Upon motion of either party that identification of the defendant by the victim is a fact in dispute, and that no means of verification has been attempted, the Court shall use appropriate measures to protect the integrity of the identification process.

"(3) Address.—With respect to any case described in paragraph (1), the victim shall notify the appropriate authority of an address to which notification under this subsection may be sent.".

1	SEC. 7112. RIGHT TO A SPEEDY TRIAL AND PROMPT DIS-
2	POSITION FREE FROM UNREASONABLE
3	DELAY.
4	Section 3161(h)(8)(B) of title 18, United States
5	Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
6	"(v) The interests of the victim (or the family
7	of a victim who is deceased or incapacitated) in the
8	prompt and appropriate disposition of the case, free
9	from unreasonable delay.".
10	SEC. 7113. ENHANCED RIGHT TO ORDER OF RESTITUTION.
11	Section 3664(d)(2)(A)(iv) of title 18, United States
12	Code, is amended by inserting ", and the right of the vic-
13	tim (or the family of a victim who is deceased or incapaci-
14	tated) to attend the sentencing hearing and to make a
15	statement to the court at the sentencing hearing" before
16	the semicolon.
17	SEC. 7114. ENHANCED RIGHT TO BE NOTIFIED OF ESCAPE
18	OR RELEASE FROM PRISON.
19	Section 503(c)(5)(B) of the Victims' Rights and Res-
20	titution Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 10607(e)(5)(B)) is
21	amended by inserting after "offender" the following: ", in-
22	cluding escape, work release, furlough, or any other form
23	of release from a psychiatric institution or other facility
24	that provides mental health services to offenders"

1	Subpart B—Amendments to Federal Rules of
2	Criminal Procedure
3	SEC. 7121. RIGHT TO BE NOTIFIED OF PLEA AGREEMENT
4	AND TO BE HEARD ON MERITS OF THE PLEA
5	AGREEMENT.
6	(a) In General.—Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of
7	Criminal Procedure is amended by adding at the end the
8	following:
9	"(i) Rights of Victims.—
10	"(1) In general.—In any case involving a de-
11	fendant who is arrested for an offense involving
12	death or bodily injury to any person, a threat of
13	death or bodily injury to any person, a sexual as-
14	sault, or an attempted sexual assault—
15	"(A) the Government, prior to a hearing at
16	which a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is en-
17	tered, shall make a reasonable effort to notify
18	the victim of—
19	"(i) the date and time of the hearing;
20	and
21	"(ii) the right of the victim to attend
22	the hearing and to address the court; and
23	"(B) if the victim attends a hearing de-
24	scribed in subparagraph (A), the court, before
25	accepting a plea of guilty or nolo contendere.

1	shall	afford	the	victim	an	opportunity	to	be
2	heard	on the	prop	osed ple	ea ag	greement.		

- "(2) Address.—With respect to any case described in paragraph (1), the victim shall notify the appropriate authority of an address to which notification under this subsection may be sent.
- "(3) Mass victim cases.—In any case involving more than 15 victims, the court, after consultation with the Government and the victims, may appoint a number of victims to serve as representatives of the victims' interests.".

(b) Effective Date.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall become effective as provided in paragraph (3).

(2) ACTION BY JUDICIAL CONFERENCE.—

(A) RECOMMENDATIONS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Judicial Conference shall submit to Congress a report containing recommendations for amending the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure to provide enhanced opportunities for victims of offenses involving death or bodily injury to any person, the threat of death or bodily injury to any person, a sexual assault, or an at-

1	tempted sexual assault, to be heard on the issue
2	of whether or not the court should accept a plea
3	of guilty or nolo contendere.
4	(B) Inapplicability of other law.—
5	Chapter 131 of title 28, United States Code,
6	does not apply to any recommendation made by
7	the Judicial Conference under this paragraph.
8	(3) Congressional action.—Except as other-
9	wise provided by law, if the Judicial Conference—
10	(A) submits a report in accordance with
11	paragraph (2) containing recommendations de-
12	scribed in that paragraph, and those rec-
13	ommendations are the same as the amendment
14	made by subsection (a), then the amendment
15	made by subsection (a) shall become effective
16	30 days after the date on which the rec-
17	ommendations are submitted to Congress under
18	paragraph (2);
19	(B) submits a report in accordance with
20	paragraph (2) containing recommendations de-
21	scribed in that paragraph, and those rec-
22	ommendations are different in any respect from
23	the amendment made by subsection (a), the rec-
24	ommendations made pursuant to paragraph (2)

shall become effective 180 days after the date

1	on which the recommendations are submitted to
2	Congress under paragraph (2), unless an Act of
3	Congress is passed overturning the rec-
4	ommendations; and
5	(C) fails to comply with paragraph (2), the
6	amendment made by subsection (a) shall be-
7	come effective 360 days after the date of enact-
8	ment of this Act.
9	(4) APPLICATION.—Any amendment made pur-
10	suant to this section (including any amendment
11	made pursuant to the recommendations of the
12	United States Sentencing Commission under para-
13	graph (2)) shall apply in any proceeding commenced
14	on or after the effective date of the amendment.
15	SEC. 7122. ENHANCED RIGHTS OF NOTIFICATION AND AL-
16	LOCUTION AT SENTENCING.
17	(a) In General.—Rule 32 of the Federal Rules of
18	Criminal Procedure is amended—
19	(1) in subsection (b)—
20	(A) in paragraph (4), by striking subpara-
21	graph (D) and inserting the following:
22	"(D) a victim impact statement, identify-
23	ing, to the maximum extent practicable—
24	"(i) each victim of the offense (except
25	that such identification shall not include

1	information relating to any telephone num-
2	ber, place of employment, or residential ad-
3	dress of any victim);
4	"(ii) an itemized account of any eco-
5	nomic loss suffered by each victim as a re-
6	sult of the offense;
7	"(iii) any physical injury suffered by
8	each victim as a result of the offense,
9	along with its seriousness and permanence;
10	"(iv) a description of any change in
11	the personal welfare or familial relation-
12	ships of each victim as a result of the of-
13	fense; and
14	"(v) a description of the impact of the
15	offense upon each victim and the rec-
16	ommendation of each victim regarding an
17	appropriate sanction for the defendant;";
18	and
19	(B) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(7) VICTIM IMPACT STATEMENTS.—
21	"(A) In general.—Any probation officer
22	preparing a presentence report shall—
23	"(i) make a reasonable effort to notify
24	each victim of the offense that such a re-

1	port is being prepared and the purpose of
2	such report; and
3	"(ii) provide the victim with an oppor-
4	tunity to submit an oral or written state-
5	ment, or a statement on audio or videotape
6	outlining the impact of the offense upon
7	the victim.
8	"(B) USE OF STATEMENTS.—Any written
9	statement submitted by a victim under subpara-
10	graph (A) shall be attached to the presentence
11	report and shall be provided to the sentencing
12	court and to the parties.";
13	(2) in subsection (c)(1), by adding at the end
14	the following: "Before sentencing in any case in
15	which a defendant has been charged with or found
16	guilty of an offense involving death or bodily injury
17	to any person, a threat of death or bodily injury to
18	any person, a sexual assault, or an attempted sexual
19	assault, the Government shall make a reasonable ef-
20	fort to notify the victim of the time and place of sen-
21	tencing and of his right to attend and to be heard.";
22	and
23	(3) in subsection (f), by inserting "the right to
24	notification and to submit a statement under sub-
25	division (b)(7), the right to notification and to be

1	heard under subdivision (c)(1), and" before "the
2	right of allocution".
3	(b) Effective Date.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by

(1) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall become effective as provided in paragraph (3).

(2) ACTION BY JUDICIAL CONFERENCE.—

- (A) RECOMMENDATIONS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Judicial Conference shall submit to Congress a report containing recommendations for amending the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure to provide enhanced opportunities for victims of offenses involving death or bodily injury to any person, a threat of death or bodily injury to any person, a sexual assault, or an attempted sexual assault, to participate during the presentencing phase of the criminal process.
- (B) INAPPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAW.— Chapter 131 of title 28, United States Code, does not apply to any recommendation made by the Judicial Conference under this paragraph.
- (3) Congressional action.—Except as otherwise provided by law, if the Judicial Conference—

(A) submits a report in accordance with paragraph (2) containing recommendations described in that paragraph, and those recommendations are the same as the amendments made by subsection (a), then the amendments made by subsection (a) shall become effective 30 days after the date on which the recommendations are submitted to Congress under paragraph (2);

(B) submits a report in accordance with paragraph (2) containing recommendations described in that paragraph, and those recommendations are different in any respect from the amendments made by subsection (a), the recommendations made pursuant to paragraph (2) shall become effective 180 days after the date on which the recommendations are submitted to Congress under paragraph (2), unless an Act of Congress is passed overturning the recommendations; and

(C) fails to comply with paragraph (2), the amendments made by subsection (a) shall become effective 360 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

1	(4) APPLICATION.—Any amendment made pur-
2	suant to this section (including any amendment
3	made pursuant to the recommendations of the
4	United States Sentencing Commission under para-
5	graph (2)) shall apply in any proceeding commenced
6	on or after the effective date of the amendment.
7	SEC. 7123. RIGHTS OF NOTIFICATION AND ALLOCUTION AT
8	A PROBATION REVOCATION HEARING.
9	(a) In General.—Rule 32.1 of the Federal Rules
10	of Criminal Procedure is amended by adding at the end
11	the following:
12	"(d) Rights of Victims.—
13	"(1) In general.—At any hearing pursuant to
14	subsection (a)(2) involving 1 or more persons who
15	have been convicted of an offense involving death or
16	bodily injury to any person, a threat of death or
17	bodily injury to any person, a sexual assault, or an
18	attempted sexual assault, the government shall make
19	reasonable efforts to notify the victim of the offense
20	(and the victim of any new charges giving rise to the
21	hearings), of—
22	"(A) the date and time of the hearing; and
23	"(B) the right of the victim to attend the
24	hearing and to address the court regarding

1	whether the terms or conditions of probation or
2	supervised release should be modified.
3	"(2) Duties of court at hearing.—At any
4	hearing described in paragraph (1) at which a victim
5	is present, the court shall—
6	"(A) address each victim personally; and
7	"(B) afford the victim an opportunity to be
8	heard on the proposed terms or conditions of
9	probation or supervised release.
10	"(3) Address.—In any case described in para-
11	graph (1), the victim shall notify the appropriate au-
12	thority of an address to which notification under this
13	paragraph may be sent.".
14	(b) Effective Date.—
15	(1) In general.—The amendment made by
16	subsection (a) shall become effective as provided in
17	paragraph (3).
18	(2) ACTION BY JUDICIAL CONFERENCE.—
19	(A) Recommendations.—Not later than
20	180 days after the date of enactment of this
21	Act, the Judicial Conference shall submit to
22	Congress a report containing recommendations
23	for amending the Federal Rules of Criminal
24	Procedure to ensure that reasonable efforts are
25	made to notify victims of offenses involving

1	death or bodily injury to any person, a threat
2	of death or bodily injury to any person, a sexual
3	assault, or an attempted sexual assault, of any
4	revocation hearing held pursuant to rule
5	32.1(a)(2) of the Federal Rules of Criminal
6	Procedure.
7	(B) Inapplicability of other law.—
8	Chapter 131 of title 28, United States Code,
9	does not apply to any recommendation made by
10	the Judicial Conference under this paragraph.
11	(3) Congressional action.—Except as other-
12	wise provided by law, if the Judicial Conference—
13	(A) submits a report in accordance with
14	paragraph (2) containing recommendations de-
15	scribed in that paragraph, and those rec-
16	ommendations are the same as the amendment
17	made by subsection (a), then the amendment
18	made by subsection (a) shall become effective
19	30 days after the date on which the rec-
20	ommendations are submitted to Congress under
21	paragraph (2);
22	(B) submits a report in accordance with
23	paragraph (2) containing recommendations de-
24	scribed in that paragraph, and those rec-

ommendations are different in any respect from

1	the amendment made by subsection (a), the rec-
2	ommendations made pursuant to paragraph (2)
3	shall become effective 180 days after the date
4	on which the recommendations are submitted to
5	Congress under paragraph (2), unless an Act of
6	Congress is passed overturning the rec-
7	ommendations; and
8	(C) fails to comply with paragraph (2), the
9	amendment made by subsection (a) shall be-
10	come effective 360 days after the date of enact-
11	ment of this Act.
12	(4) APPLICATION.—Any amendment made pur-
13	suant to this section (including any amendment
14	made pursuant to the recommendations of the
15	United States Sentencing Commission under para-
16	graph (2)) shall apply in any proceeding commenced
17	on or after the effective date of the amendment.
18	Subpart C—Amendment to Federal Rules of
19	Evidence
20	SEC. 7131. ENHANCED RIGHT TO BE PRESENT AT TRIAL.
21	(a) In General.—Rule 615 of the Federal Rules of
22	Evidence is amended—
23	(1) by striking "At the request" and inserting
24	the following:

1	"(a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
2	(b), at the request";
3	(2) by striking "This rule" and inserting the
4	following:
5	"(b) Exceptions.—Subsection (a)";
6	(3) by striking "exclusion of (1) a party" and
7	inserting the following: "exclusion of—
8	"(1) a party";
9	(4) by striking "person, or (2) an officer" and
10	inserting the following: "person;
11	"(2) an officer";
12	(5) by striking "attorney, or (3) a person" and
13	inserting the following: "attorney;
14	"(3) a person";
15	(6) by striking the period at the end and insert-
16	ing "; or"; and
17	(7) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(4) a person who is a victim of an offense in-
19	volving death or bodily injury to any person, a threat
20	of death or bodily injury to any person, a sexual as-
21	sault, or an attempted sexual assault, for which a
22	defendant is being tried in a criminal trial, unless
23	the court concludes that—
24	"(A) the testimony of the person will be
25	materially affected by hearing the testimony of

1	other witnesses, and the material effect of hear-
2	ing the testimony of other witnesses on the tes-
3	timony of that person will result in unfair prej-
4	udice to any party; or
5	"(B) due to the large number of victims or
6	family members of victims who may be called as
7	witnesses, permitting attendance in the court-
8	room itself when testimony is being heard is not
9	feasible.
10	"(c) Discretion of Court; Effect on Other
11	Law.—Nothing in subsection (b)(4) shall be construed—
12	"(1) to limit the ability of a court to exclude a
13	witness, if the court determines that such action is
14	necessary to maintain order during a court proceed-
15	ing; or
16	"(2) to limit or otherwise affect the ability of
17	a witness to be present during court proceedings
18	pursuant to section 3510 of title 18, United States
19	Code.".
20	(b) Effective Date.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by
22	subsection (a) shall become effective as provided in
23	paragraph (3).
24	(2) ACTION BY HIDICIAL CONFERENCE —

1	(A) RECOMMENDATIONS.—Not later than
2	180 days after the date of enactment of this
3	Act, the Judicial Conference shall submit to
4	Congress a report containing recommendations
5	for amending the Federal Rules of Criminal
6	Procedure so that reasonable efforts are made
7	to notify victims of offenses involving death or
8	bodily injury to any person, a threat of death
9	or bodily injury to any person, a sexual assault,
10	or an attempted sexual assault, to attend judi-
11	cial proceedings, even if they may testify as a
12	witness at the proceeding.

- (B) INAPPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAW.— Chapter 131 of title 28, United States Code, does not apply to any recommendation made by the Judicial Conference under this paragraph.
- (3) Congressional action.—Except as otherwise provided by law, if the Judicial Conference—
 - (A) submits a report in accordance with paragraph (2) containing recommendations described in that paragraph, and those recommendations are the same as the amendments made by subsection (a), then the amendments made by subsection (a) shall become effective 30 days after the date on which the rec-

1	ommendations are submitted to Congress under
2	paragraph (2);

- (B) submits a report in accordance with paragraph (2) containing recommendations described in that paragraph, and those recommendations are different in any respect from the amendments made by subsection (a), the recommendations made pursuant to paragraph (2) shall become effective 180 days after the date on which the recommendations are submitted to Congress under paragraph (2), unless an Act of Congress is passed overturning the recommendations; and
- (C) fails to comply with paragraph (2), the amendments made by subsection (a) shall become effective 360 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (4) APPLICATION.—Any amendment made pursuant to this section (including any amendment made pursuant to the recommendations of the United States Sentencing Commission under paragraph (2)) shall apply in any proceeding commenced on or after the effective date of the amendment.

1	Subpart D—Exceptions
2	SEC. 7141. EXCEPTIONS.
3	The rights promulgated by subparts A, B, and C
4	shall not apply to any case in which the court reasonably
5	believes that—
6	(1) the defendant has cooperated with the gov-
7	ernment in other proceedings against the victim or
8	persons acting in concert with the victim; or
9	(2) available evidence raises a significant expec-
10	tation of physical violence or other retaliation by the
11	victim against the defendant.
12	Subpart E—Remedies for Noncompliance
13	SEC. 7151. REMEDIES FOR NONCOMPLIANCE.
14	(a) General Limitation.—Any failure to comply
15	with any amendment made by this part shall not give rise
16	to a claim for damages, or any other action against the
17	United States, or any employee of the United States, any
18	court official or officer of the court, or an entity contract-
19	ing with the United States, or any action seeking a rehear-
20	ing or other reconsideration of action taken in connection
21	with a defendant.
22	(b) REGULATIONS TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE.—
23	(1) In general.—Notwithstanding subsection
24	(a), not later than 1 year after the date of enact-
25	ment of this Act, the Attorney General and the
26	Chairman of the United States Parole Commission

1	shall promulgate regulations to implement and en-
2	force the amendments made by this title.
3	(2) Contents.—The regulations promulgated
4	under paragraph (1) shall—
5	(A) contain disciplinary sanctions, includ-
6	ing suspension or termination from employ-
7	ment, for employees of the Department of Jus-
8	tice (including employees of the United States
9	Parole Commission) who willfully or repeatedly
10	violate the amendments made by this title, or
11	willfully or repeatedly refuse or fail to comply
12	with provisions of Federal law pertaining to the
13	treatment of victims of crime;
14	(B) include an administrative procedure
15	through which parties can file formal com-
16	plaints with the Department of Justice alleging
17	violations of the amendments made by this title
18	(C) provide that a complainant is prohib-
19	ited from recovering monetary damages against
20	the United States, or any employee of the
21	United States, either in his official or personal
22	capacity; and
23	(D) provide that the Attorney General, or
24	the designee of the Attorney General, shall be
25	the final arbiter of the complaint and there

1	shall be no judicial review of the final decision
2	of the Attorney General by a complainant.
3	Subpart F—Victims of Fraud
4	SEC. 7161. REGULATIONS.
5	Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
6	of this Act, the Attorney General shall promulgate regula-
7	tions to implement and enforce this part and the amend-
8	ments made by this part with respect to natural persons
9	against whom a defendant has been charged with commit-
10	ting fraud.
11	PART 2—ASSISTANCE TO VICTIMS OF FEDERAL,
12	STATE, AND LOCAL CRIME
13	SEC. 7201. INCREASE IN VICTIM ASSISTANCE PERSONNEL.
13 14	SEC. 7201. INCREASE IN VICTIM ASSISTANCE PERSONNEL. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
14	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
14 15	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to enable the Attorney General to—
141516	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to enable the Attorney General to— (1) hire 50 full-time or full-time equivalent em-
14 15 16 17	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to enable the Attorney General to— (1) hire 50 full-time or full-time equivalent employees to serve as victim-witness advocates to pro-
14 15 16 17 18	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to enable the Attorney General to— (1) hire 50 full-time or full-time equivalent employees to serve as victim-witness advocates to provide assistance to victims of any criminal offense in-
14 15 16 17 18	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to enable the Attorney General to— (1) hire 50 full-time or full-time equivalent employees to serve as victim-witness advocates to provide assistance to victims of any criminal offense investigated by any department or agency of the Fed-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to enable the Attorney General to— (1) hire 50 full-time or full-time equivalent employees to serve as victim-witness advocates to provide assistance to victims of any criminal offense investigated by any department or agency of the Federal Government; and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to enable the Attorney General to— (1) hire 50 full-time or full-time equivalent employees to serve as victim-witness advocates to provide assistance to victims of any criminal offense investigated by any department or agency of the Federal Government; and (2) provide grants through the Office of Victims

1	SEC. 7202. INCREASED TRAINING FOR STATE AND LOCAL
2	LAW ENFORCEMENT, STATE COURT PERSON-
3	NEL, AND OFFICERS OF THE COURT TO RE-
4	SPOND EFFECTIVELY TO THE NEEDS OF VIC-
5	TIMS OF CRIME.
6	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, amounts
7	collected pursuant to sections 3729 through 3731 of title
8	31, United States Code (commonly known as the "False
9	Claims Act"), may be used by the Office of Victims of
10	Crime to make grants to States, units of local government,
11	and qualified private entities, to provide training and in-
12	formation to prosecutors, judges, law enforcement officers,
13	probation officers, and other officers and employees of
14	Federal and State courts to assist them in responding ef-
15	fectively to the needs of victims of crime.
16	SEC. 7203. INCREASED RESOURCES FOR STATE AND LOCAL
17	LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES, COURTS,
18	AND PROSECUTORS' OFFICES TO DEVELOP
19	STATE-OF-THE-ART SYSTEMS FOR NOTIFYING
20	VICTIMS OF CRIME OF IMPORTANT DATES
21	AND DEVELOPMENTS.
22	(a) In General.—Subtitle A of title XXIII of the
23	Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994
24	(Public Law 103–322; 108 Stat. 2077) is amended by
25	adding at the end the following:

1	"SEC. 230103. STATE-OF-THE-ART SYSTEMS FOR NOTIFYING
2	VICTIMS OF CRIME OF IMPORTANT DATES
3	AND DEVELOPMENTS.
4	"(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
5	are authorized to be appropriated to the Office of Victims
6	of Crime of the Department of Justice such sums as may
7	be necessary for grants to State and local prosecutors' of-
8	fices, State courts, county jails, State correctional institu-
9	tions, and qualified private entities, to develop and imple-
10	ment state-of-the-art systems for notifying victims of
11	crime of important dates and developments relating to the
12	criminal proceedings at issue.
13	"(b) False Claims Act.—Notwithstanding any
14	other provision of law, amounts collected pursuant to sec-
15	tions 3729 through 3731 of title 31, United States Code
16	(commonly known as the 'False Claims Act'), may be used
17	for grants under this section.".
18	(b) VIOLENT CRIME REDUCTION TRUST FUND.—
19	Section 310004(d) of the Violent Crime Control and Law
20	Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14214(d)) is amend-
21	ed—
22	(1) in the first paragraph designated as para-
23	graph (15) (relating to the definition of the term
24	"Federal law enforcement program"), by striking
25	"and" at the end:

1	(2) in the first paragraph designated as para-
2	graph (16) (relating to the definition of the term
3	"Federal law enforcement program"), by striking
4	the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
5	(3) by inserting after the first paragraph des-
6	ignated as paragraph (16) (relating to the definition
7	of the term "Federal law enforcement program") the
8	following:
9	"(17) section 230103.".
10	SEC. 7204. PILOT PROGRAMS TO ESTABLISH OMBUDSMAN
11	PROGRAMS FOR CRIME VICTIMS.
12	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
13	(1) Director.—The term "Director" means
14	the Director of the Office of Victims of Crime.
15	(2) Office.—The term "Office" means the Of-
16	fice of Victims of Crime.
17	(3) QUALIFIED PRIVATE ENTITY.—The term
18	"qualified private entity" means a private entity
19	that meets such requirements as the Attorney Gen-
20	eral, acting through the Director, may establish.
21	(4) Qualified unit of state or local gov-
22	ERNMENT.—The term "qualified unit of State or
23	local government" means a unit or a State or local
24	government that meets such requirements as the At-

1	torney General, acting through the Director, may es-
2	tablish.
3	(5) VOICE CENTERS.—The term "VOICE Cen-
4	ters" means the Victim Ombudsman Information
5	Centers established under the program under sub-
6	section (b).
7	(b) Pilot Programs.—
8	(1) In general.—Not later than 12 months
9	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney
10	General, acting through the Director, shall establish
11	and carry out a program to provide for pilot pro-
12	grams to establish and operate Victim Ombudsman
13	Information Centers in each of the following States:
14	(A) Massachusetts.
15	(B) South Dakota.
16	(C) Tennessee.
17	(D) Vermont.
18	(E) Washington.
19	(F) Wisconsin.
20	(2) Agreements.—
21	(A) In General.—The Attorney General,
22	acting through the Director, shall enter into an
23	agreement with a qualified private entity or
24	unit of State or local government to conduct a
25	pilot program referred to in paragraph (1).

1	Under the agreement, the Attorney General
2	acting through the Director, shall provide for a
3	grant to assist the qualified private entity or
4	unit of State or local government in carrying
5	out the pilot program.
6	(B) Contents of Agreement.—The
7	agreement referred to in subparagraph (A)
8	shall specify that—
9	(i) the VOICE Center shall be estab-
10	lished in accordance with this section; and
11	(ii) except with respect to meeting ap-
12	plicable requirements of this section con-
13	cerning carrying out the duties of a
14	VOICE Center under this section (includ-
15	ing the applicable reporting duties under
16	subsection (c) and the terms of the agree-
17	ment) each VOICE Center shall operate
18	independently of the Office; and
19	(C) No authority over daily oper-
20	ATIONS.—The Office shall have no supervisory
21	or decisionmaking authority over the day-to-day
22	operations of a VOICE Center.
23	(c) Objectives.—
24	(1) Mission.—The mission of each VOICE
25	Center established under a nilot program under this

1	section shall be to assist a victim of a Federal or
2	State crime to ensure that the victim—
3	(A) is fully apprised of the rights of that
4	victim under applicable Federal or State law;
5	and
6	(B) participates in the criminal justice
7	process to the fullest extent of the law.
8	(2) Duties.—The duties of a VOICE Center
9	shall include—
10	(A) providing information to victims of
11	Federal or State crime regarding the right of
12	those victims to participate in the criminal jus-
13	tice process (including information concerning
14	any right that exists under applicable Federal
15	or State law);
16	(B) identifying and responding to situa-
17	tions in which the rights of victims of crime
18	under applicable Federal or State law may have
19	been violated;
20	(C) attempting to facilitate compliance
21	with Federal or State law referred to in sub-
22	paragraph (B);
23	(D) educating police, prosecutors, Federal
24	and State judges, officers of the court, and em-
25	ployees of jails and prisons concerning the

1	rights of victims under applicable Federal or
2	State law; and
3	(E) taking measures that are necessary to
4	ensure that victims of crime are treated with
5	fairness, dignity, and compassion throughout
6	the criminal justice process.
7	(d) Oversight.—
8	(1) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Office may
9	provide technical assistance to each VOICE Center.
10	(2) Annual Report.—Each qualified private
11	entity or qualified unit of State or local government
12	that carries out a pilot program to establish and op-
13	erate a VOICE Center under this section shall pre-
14	pare and submit to the Director, not later than 1
15	year after the VOICE Center is established, and an-
16	nually thereafter, a report that—
17	(A) describes in detail the activities of the
18	VOICE Center during the preceding year; and
19	(B) outlines a strategic plan for the year
20	following the year covered under subparagraph
21	(A).
22	(e) REVIEW OF PROGRAM EFFECTIVENESS.—
23	(1) GAO STUDY.—Not later than 2 years after
24	the date on which each VOICE Center established
25	under a pilot program under this section is fully

- operational, the Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a review of each pilot program carried out under this section to determine the effectiveness of the VOICE Center that is the subject of the pilot program in carrying out the mission and duties described in subsection (c).
 - after the date on which each VOICE Center established under a pilot program under this section is fully operational, the Attorney General, acting through the Director, shall enter into an agreement with 1 or more private entities that meet such requirements the Attorney General, acting through the Director, may establish, to study the effectiveness of each VOICE Center established by a pilot program under this section in carrying out the mission and duties described in subsection (c).

(f) TERMINATION DATE.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), a pilot program established under this section shall terminate on the date that is 4 years after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (2) Renewal.—If the Attorney General determines that any of the pilot programs established under this section should be renewed for an addi-

1	tional period, the Attorney General may renew that
2	pilot program for a period not to exceed 2 years.
3	(g) Funding.—Notwithstanding any other provision
4	of law, an aggregate amount not to exceed \$5,000,000 of
5	the amounts collected pursuant to sections 3729 through
6	3731 of title 31, United States Code (commonly known
7	as the "False Claims Act"), may be used by the Director
8	to make grants under subsection (b).
9	SEC. 7205. AMENDMENTS TO VICTIMS OF CRIME ACT OF
10	1984.
11	(a) Crime Victims Fund.—Section 1402 of the Vic-
12	tims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10601) is amend-
13	ed—
14	(1) in subsection (b)—
15	(A) in paragraph (3), by striking "and" at
16	the end;
17	(B) in paragraph (4), by striking the pe-
18	riod at the end and inserting "; and"; and
19	(C) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(5) any gifts, bequests, and donations from
21	private entities or individuals."; and
22	(2) in subsection (d)—
23	(A) by striking paragraph (1) and insert-
24	ing the following:

1	``(1) All unobligated balances transferred to the
2	judicial branch for administrative costs to carry out
3	functions under sections 3611 and 3612 of title 18,
4	United States Code, shall be returned to the Crime
5	Victims Fund and may be used by the Director to
6	improve services for crime victims in the Federal
7	criminal justice system."; and
8	(B) in paragraph (4), by adding at the end
9	the following:
10	"(C) States that receive supplemental funding
11	to respond to incidents or terrorism or mass violence
12	under this section shall be required to return to the
13	Crime Victims Fund for deposit in the reserve fund,
14	amounts subrogated to the State as a result of
15	third-party payments to victims.".
16	(b) Crime Victim Compensation.—Section 1403 of
17	the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10602) is
18	amended—
19	(1) in subsection (a)—
20	(A) in each of paragraphs (1) and (2), by
21	striking "40" and inserting "60"; and
22	(B) in paragraph (3), by inserting "and
23	evaluation" after "administration"; and
24	(2) in subsection (b)(7), by inserting "because
25	the identity of the offender was not determined be-

1	yond a reasonable doubt in a criminal trial, because
2	criminal charges were not brought against the of-
3	fender, or" after "deny compensation to any victim".
4	(c) Crime Victim Assistance.—Section 1404 of the
5	Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10603) is
6	amended—
7	(1) in subsection (c)—
8	(A) in paragraph (1)—
9	(i) by inserting "or enter into cooper-
10	ative agreements" after "make grants";
11	(ii) by striking subparagraph (A) and
12	inserting the following:
13	"(A) for demonstration projects, evalua-
14	tion, training, and technical assistance services
15	to eligible organizations;";
16	(iii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
17	the period at the end and inserting ";
18	and"; and
19	(iv) by adding at the end the follow-
20	ing:
21	"(C) training and technical assistance that
22	address the significance of and effective delivery
23	strategies for providing long-term psychological
24	care."; and
25	(B) in paragraph (3)—

1	(i) in subparagraph (C), by striking
2	"and" at the end;
3	(ii) in subparagraph (D), by striking
4	the period at the end and inserting ";
5	and"; and
6	(iii) by adding at the end the follow-
7	ing:
8	"(E) use funds made available to the Di-
9	rector under this subsection—
10	"(i) for fellowships and clinical intern-
11	ships; and
12	"(ii) to carry out programs of training
13	and special workshops for the presentation
14	and dissemination of information resulting
15	from demonstrations, surveys, and special
16	projects."; and
17	(2) in subsection (d)—
18	(A) by striking paragraph (1) and insert-
19	ing the following:
20	"(1) the term 'State' includes—
21	"(A) the District of Columbia, the Com-
22	monwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States
23	Virgin Islands, and any other territory or pos-
24	session of the United States; and

1	"(B) for purposes of a subgrant under
2	subsection (a)(1) or a grant or cooperative
3	agreement under subsection (c)(1), the United
4	States Virgin Islands and any agency of the
5	government of the District of Columbia or the
6	Federal Government performing law enforce-
7	ment functions in and on behalf of the District
8	of Columbia.";
9	(B) in paragraph (2)—
10	(i) in subparagraph (C), by striking
11	"and" at the end;
12	(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
13	the semicolon and inserting "; and"; and
14	(iii) by adding at the end the follow-
15	ing:
16	"(E) public awareness and education and
17	crime prevention activities that promote, and
18	are conducted in conjunction with, the provision
19	of victim assistance; and
20	"(F) for purposes of an award under sub-
21	section (c)(1)(A), preparation, publication, and
22	distribution of informational materials and re-
23	sources for victims of crime and crime victims
24	organizations.";

1	(C) by striking paragraph (4) and insert-
2	ing the following:
3	"(4) the term 'crisis intervention services'
4	means counseling and emotional support including
5	mental health counseling, provided as a result of cri-
6	sis situations for individuals, couples, or family
7	members following and related to the occurrence of
8	crime;";
9	(D) in paragraph (5), by striking the pe-
10	riod at the end and inserting "; and"; and
11	(E) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(6) for purposes of an award under subsection
13	(c)(1), the term 'eligible organization' includes
14	any—
15	"(A) national or State organization with a
16	commitment to developing, implementing, evalu-
17	ating, or enforcing victims' rights and the deliv-
18	ery of services;
19	"(B) State agency or unit of local govern-
20	ment;
21	"(C) tribal organization;
22	"(D) organization—
23	"(i) described in section 501(c) of the
24	Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and

1	"(ii) exempt from taxation under sec-
2	tion 501(a) of such Code; or
3	"(E) other entity that the Director deter-
4	mines to be appropriate.".
5	(d) Compensation and Assistance to Victims of
6	TERRORISM OF MASS VIOLENCE.—Section 1404B of the
7	Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10603b) is
8	amended—
9	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "1404(a)" and
10	inserting " $1402(d)(4)(B)$ "; and
11	(2) in subsection (b), by striking
12	" $1404(d)(4)(B)$ " and inserting " $1402(d)(4)(B)$ ".
13	SEC. 7206. SERVICES FOR VICTIMS OF CRIME AND DOMES-
14	TIC VIOLENCE.
15	Section 504 of Public Law 104–134 (110 Stat. 1321–
16	132) shall not be construed to prohibit a recipient (as that
17	term is used in that section) from using funds derived
18	from a source other than the Legal Services Corporation
19	to provide related legal assistance to any person with
20	whom an alien (as that term is used in subsection $(a)(11)$
21	of that section) has a relationship covered by the domestic
22	violence laws of the State in which the alien resides or
23	in which an incidence of violence occurred.

1	SEC. 7207. PILOT PROGRAM TO STUDY EFFECTIVENESS OF
2	RESTORATIVE JUSTICE APPROACH ON BE-
3	HALF OF VICTIMS OF CRIME.
4	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
5	sion of law, amounts collected pursuant to sections 3729
6	through 3731 of title 31, United States Code (commonly
7	known as the "False Claims Act"), may be used by the
8	Office of Victims of Crime to make grants to States, units
9	of local government, and qualified private entities for the
10	establishment of pilot programs that implement balanced
11	and restorative justice models.
12	(b) Definition of Balanced and Restorative
13	JUSTICE MODEL.—In this section, the term "balanced
14	and restorative justice model" means an approach to
15	criminal justice that promotes the maximum degree of in-
16	volvement by a victim, offender, and the community served
17	by a criminal justice system by allowing the criminal jus-
18	tice system and related criminal justice agencies to im-
19	prove the capacity of the system and agencies to—
20	(1) protect the community served by the system
21	and agencies; and
22	(2) ensure accountability of the offender and
23	the system.

Subtitle B—Crime Victims With Disabilities Awareness Act

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- 4 This subtitle may be cited as the "Crime Victims
- 5 With Disabilities Awareness Act".
- 6 SEC. 7302. FINDINGS; PURPOSES.
- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
 - (1) although research conducted abroad demonstrates that individuals with developmental disabilities are at a 4 to 10 times higher risk of becoming crime victims than those without disabilities, there have been no significant studies on this subject conducted in the United States;
 - (2) in fact, the National Crime Victim's Survey, conducted annually by the Bureau of Justice Statistics of the Department of Justice, does not specifically collect data relating to crimes against individuals with developmental disabilities;
 - (3) studies in Canada, Australia, and Great Britain consistently show that victims with developmental disabilities suffer repeated victimization because so few of the crimes against them are reported, and even when they are, there is sometimes a reluctance by police, prosecutors, and judges to rely on the testimony of a disabled individual, mak-

1	ing individuals with developmental disabilities a tar-
2	get for criminal predators;
3	(4) research in the United States needs to be
4	done to—
5	(A) understand the nature and extent of
6	crimes against individuals with developmental
7	disabilities;
8	(B) describe the manner in which the jus-
9	tice system responds to crimes against individ-
10	uals with developmental disabilities; and
11	(C) identify programs, policies, or laws
12	that hold promises for making the justice sys-
13	tem more responsive to crimes against individ-
14	uals with developmental disabilities; and
15	(5) the National Academy of Science Committee
16	on Law and Justice of the National Research Coun-
17	cil is a premier research institution with unique ex-
18	perience in developing seminal, multidisciplinary
19	studies to establish a strong research base from
20	which to make public policy.
21	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this subtitle are—
22	(1) to increase public awareness of the plight of
23	victims of crime who are individuals with develop-
24	mental disabilities;

1	(2) to collect data to measure the extent of the
2	problem of crimes against individuals with develop-
3	mental disabilities; and
4	(3) to develop a basis to find new strategies to
5	address the safety and justice needs of victims of
6	crime who are individuals with developmental dis-
7	abilities.
8	SEC. 7303. DEFINITION OF DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY.
9	In this subtitle, the term "developmental disability"
10	has the meaning given the term in section 102 of the De-
11	velopmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act
12	(42 U.S.C. 6001).
13	SEC. 7304. STUDY.
14	(a) In General.—The Attorney General shall con-
15	duct a study to increase knowledge and information about
16	crimes against individuals with developmental disabilities
17	that will be useful in developing new strategies to reduce
18	the incidence of crimes against those individuals.
19	(b) Issues Addressed.—The study conducted
20	under this section shall address such issues as—
21	(1) the nature and extent of crimes against in-
22	dividuals with developmental disabilities;
23	(2) the risk factors associated with victimization
24	of individuals with developmental disabilities:

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1	(3) the manner in which the justice system re-
2	sponds to crimes against individuals with develop-
3	mental disabilities; and
4	(4) the means by which States may establish
5	and maintain a centralized computer database or
6	the incidence of crimes against individuals with dis
7	abilities within a State.
8	(c) National Academy of Sciences.—In carrying
9	out this section, the Attorney General shall consider con-
10	tracting with the Committee on Law and Justice of the
11	National Research Council of the National Academy of
12	Sciences to provide research for the study conducted under
13	this section.
14	(d) Report.—Not later than 18 months after the
15	date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall
16	submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate
17	and the House of Representatives a report describing the
18	results of the study conducted under this section.
19	SEC. 7305. NATIONAL CRIME VICTIMS' SURVEY.
20	Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment
21	of this Act, as part of each National Crime Victims' Sur-
22	vey, the Attorney General shall include statistics relating
23	to—
24	(1) the nature of crimes against individuals

with developmental disabilities; and

1	(2) the specific characteristics of the victims of
2	those crimes.
3	Subtitle C—Victims of Juvenile
4	Crimes
5	SEC. 7401. VICTIMS OF JUVENILE CRIMES.
6	(a) In General.—The Attorney General shall estab-
7	lish guidelines for States' programs receiving grants under
8	title I, subtitle D, part 3, of this Act for the establishment
9	of juvenile gun courts to require, as appropriate under ap-
10	plicable State or local laws or rules, that—
11	(1) prior to disposition of adjudicated juvenile
12	delinquents, that victims, or in appropriate cases
13	their official representatives, shall be provided the
14	opportunity to make a statement to the court in per-
15	son or to present any information in relation to the
16	disposition;
17	(2) victims of the juvenile adjudicated delin-
18	quent be given notice of the disposition; and
19	(3) restitution to victims may be ordered as
20	part of the disposition of adjudicated juvenile
21	delinquents.
22	(b) Definition of Victim.—In this section, the
23	term "victim" means any individual against whom a crime
24	of violence has been committed that has as an element
25	the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force

- 1 against the person or property of another or by its nature
- 2 involves a substantial risk that physical force against the
- 3 person or property of another may be used in the course
- 4 of committing the offense.
- 5 (c) NO CAUSE OF ACTION CREATED.—Nothing in
- 6 this section shall be construed to create a cause of action
- 7 against any State or any agency or employee thereof.

8 (d) Compliance.—

9 (1) COMPLIANCE.—Not later than 3 years after 10 the date of enactment of this Act, each State shall 11 implement this section, except that the Attorney 12 General may grant an additional 2 years to a State 13 if the Attorney General determines that the State is 14 making good faith efforts to implement this section.

(2) Ineligibility for amounts.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Beginning on the expiration of the period described in paragraph (1) (or such extended period as the Attorney General may provide with respect to a State under that paragraph), during each fiscal year that any State fails to comply with this section, that State shall receive not more than 90 percent of the amount that the State would otherwise receive under subtitle C of this title.

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1	(B) REALLOCATION OF AMOUNTS.—In
2	each fiscal year, any amounts that are not allo-
3	cated to States described in subparagraph (A)
4	shall be allocated to otherwise eligible States
5	that are in compliance with this section on a
6	pro rata basis.
7	TITLE VIII—COMBATING MONEY
8	LAUNDERING
9	SEC. 8001. SHORT TITLE.
10	This title may be cited as the "Money Laundering
11	Enforcement Act of 1998".
12	SEC. 8002. ILLEGAL MONEY TRANSMITTING BUSINESSES.
13	(a) Civil Forfeiture for Money Transmitting
14	VIOLATION.—Section 981(a)(1)(A) of title 18, United
15	States Code, is amended by striking "or 1957" and insert-
16	ing ", 1957, or 1960".
17	(b) Scienter Requirement for Section 1960
18	VIOLATION.—Section 1960 of title 18, United States
19	Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
20	"(c) Scienter Requirement.—For the purposes of
21	proving a violation of this section involving an illegal
22	money transmitting business—
23	"(1) it shall be sufficient for the Government to
24	prove that the defendant knew that the money trans-

- 1 mitting business lacked a license required by State
- 2 law; and
- 3 "(2) it shall not be necessary to show that the
- 4 defendant knew that the operation of such a busi-
- 5 ness without the required license was an offense
- 6 punishable as a felony or misdemeanor under State
- 7 law.".

8 SEC. 8003. RESTRAINT OF ASSETS OF PERSONS ARRESTED

- 9 ABROAD.
- 10 Section 981(b) of title 18, United States Code, is
- 11 amended by adding at the end the following:
- 12 "(3) Restraint of Assets.—
- 13 "(A) IN GENERAL.—If any person is arrested
- or charged in a foreign country in connection with
- an offense that would give rise to the forfeiture of
- property in the United States under this section or
- under the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801
- et seq.), the Attorney General may apply to any
- 19 Federal judge or magistrate judge in the district in
- which the property is located for an ex parte order
- 21 restraining the property subject to forfeiture for not
- more than 30 days, except that the time may be ex-
- tended for good cause shown at a hearing conducted
- in the manner provided in Rule 43(e) of the Federal
- 25 Rules of Civil Procedure.

1	"(B) APPLICATION.—An application for a re-
2	straining order under subparagraph (A) shall—
3	"(i) set forth the nature and circumstances
4	of the foreign charges and the basis for belief
5	that the person arrested or charged has prop-
6	erty in the United States that would be subject
7	to forfeiture; and
8	"(ii) contain a statement that the restrain-
9	ing order is needed to preserve the availability
10	of property for such time as is necessary to re-
11	ceive evidence from the foreign country or else-
12	where in support of probable cause for the sei-
13	zure of the property under this subsection.".
14	SEC. 8004. ACCESS TO RECORDS IN BANK SECRECY JURIS-
15	DICTIONS.
16	Section 986 of title 18, United States Code, is
17	amended by adding at the end the following:
18	"(d) Access to Records Located Abroad.—
19	"(1) In general.—In any civil forfeiture case,
20	or in any ancillary proceeding in any criminal for-
21	feiture case governed by section 413(n) of the Con-
22	trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 853(n)), the re-
23	fusal of the claimant to provide financial records lo-
24	cated in a foreign country in response to a discovery
25	request or take the action necessary otherwise to

1	make the records available, shall result in the dis-
2	missal of the claim with prejudice, if—
3	"(A) the financial records may be mate-
4	rial—
5	"(i) to any claim or to the ability of
6	the government to respond to such claim;
7	or
8	"(ii) in a civil forfeiture case, to the
9	ability of the government to establish the
10	forfeitability of the property; and
11	"(B) it is within the capacity of the claim-
12	ant to waive his or her rights under such se-
13	crecy laws, or to obtain the financial records
14	himself or herself, so that the financial records
15	may be made available.
16	"(2) Privilege.—Nothing in this subsection
17	shall be construed to affect the rights of a claimant
18	to refuse production of any records on the basis of
19	any privilege guaranteed by the Constitution of the
20	United States or any other provision of Federal
21	law.".
22	SEC. 8005. CIVIL MONEY LAUNDERING JURISDICTION OVER
23	FOREIGN PERSONS.
24	Section 1956(b) of title 18, United States Code, is
25	amended—

1	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as
2	subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively, and indent-
3	ing each subparagraph appropriately;
4	(2) by striking "(b) Whoever" and inserting the

- (2) by striking "(b) Whoever" and inserting the following:
- 6 "(b) CIVIL PENALTIES.—

- 7 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Whoever"; and
 - (3) by adding at the end the following:
 - "(2) Jurisdiction.—For purposes of adjudicating an action filed or enforcing a penalty ordered under this section, the district courts of the United States shall have jurisdiction over any foreign person, including any financial institution authorized under the laws of a foreign country, that commits an offense under subsection (a) involving a financial transaction that occurs in whole or in part in the United States, if service of process upon such foreign person is made in accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or the laws of the foreign country in which the foreign person is found.
 - "(3) Satisfaction of Judgment.—In any action described in paragraph (2), the court may issue a pretrial restraining order or take any other action necessary to ensure that any bank account or other property held by the defendant in the United States

1	is available to satisfy a judgment under this sec-
2	tion.".
3	SEC. 8006. PUNISHMENT OF LAUNDERING MONEY
4	THROUGH FOREIGN BANKS.
5	Section 1956(c)(6) of title 18, United States Code,
6	is amended to read as follows:
7	"(6) the term 'financial institution' includes—
8	"(A) any financial institution described in
9	section 5312(a)(2) of title 31, or the regula-
10	tions promulgated thereunder; and
11	"(B) any foreign bank, as defined in sec-
12	tion 1(b)(7) of the International Banking Act of
13	1978 (12 U.S.C. 3101(7));".
14	SEC. 8007. ADDITION OF SERIOUS FOREIGN CRIMES TO
15	LIST OF MONEY LAUNDERING PREDICATES.
16	(a) In General.—Section 1956(c)(7) of title 18,
17	United States Code, is amended—
18	(1) in subparagraph (B)—
19	(A) by striking clause (ii) and inserting the
20	following:
21	"(ii) any act or acts constituting a
22	crime of violence;"; and
23	(B) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(iv) fraud, or any scheme to defraud,
2	committed against a foreign government or
3	foreign governmental entity;
4	"(v) bribery of a public official, or the
5	misappropriation, theft, or embezzlement
6	of public funds by or for the benefit of a
7	public official;
8	"(vi) smuggling or export control vio-
9	lations involving munitions listed in the
10	United States Munitions List or tech-
11	nologies with military applications as de-
12	fined in the Commerce Control List of the
13	Export Administration Regulations; or
14	"(vii) an offense with respect to which
15	the United States would be obligated by a
16	multilateral treaty either to extradite the
17	alleged offender or to submit the case for
18	prosecution, if the offender were found
19	within the territory of the United States;";
20	(2) in subparagraph (D)—
21	(A) by inserting "section 541 (relating to
22	goods falsely classified)," before "section 542";
23	(B) by inserting "section 922(l) (relating
24	to the unlawful importation of firearms), sec-

1	tion 924(m) (relating to firearms trafficking),"
2	before "section 956";
3	(C) by inserting "section 1030 (relating to
4	computer fraud and abuse)," before "1032";
5	and
6	(D) by inserting "any felony violation of
7	the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938
8	(22 U.S.C. 611 et seq.)," before "or any felony
9	violation of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act";
10	and
11	(3) in subparagraph (E), by inserting "the
12	Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq.)," after "the
13	Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.),".
14	SEC. 8008. CRIMINAL FORFEITURE FOR MONEY LAUNDER
15	ING CONSPIRACIES.
16	Section 982(a)(1) of title 18, United States Code, is
17	amended by inserting "or a conspiracy to commit any such
18	offense," after "of this title,".
19	SEC. 8009. FUNGIBLE PROPERTY IN FOREIGN BANK AC-
20	COUNTS.
21	Section 984(d) of title 18, United States Code, is
22	amended by adding at the end the following:
23	"(3) In this subsection, the term 'financial institu-
24	tion' includes a foreign bank, as defined in section 1(b)(7)

- 1 of the International Banking Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C.
- 2 3101(7)).".
- 3 SEC. 8010. SUBPOENAS FOR BANK RECORDS.
- 4 Section 986(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
- 5 amended—
- 6 (1) by striking "section 1956, 1957, or 1960 of
- 7 this title, section 5322 or 5324 of title 31, United
- 8 States Code" and inserting "section 981 of this
- 9 title";
- 10 (2) by inserting "before or" before "after"; and
- 11 (3) by striking the last sentence.
- 12 SEC. 8011. FUGITIVE DISENTITLEMENT.
- 13 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 163 of title 28, United
- 14 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
- 15 ing:
- 16 "§ 2466. Fugitive disentitlement
- 17 "Any person who, in order to avoid criminal prosecu-
- 18 tion, purposely leaves the jurisdiction of the United States,
- 19 declines to enter or reenter the United States to submit
- 20 to the jurisdiction of the United States, or otherwise
- 21 evades the jurisdiction of a court of the United States in
- 22 which a criminal case is pending against the person, may
- 23 not use the resources of the courts of the United States
- 24 in furtherance of a claim in any related civil forfeiture ac-

1	tion	or	a	claim	in	any	third-p	arty	proce	eding	in	any	relat-

- 2 ed criminal forfeiture action.".
- 3 (b) Conforming Amendment.—The analysis for
- 4 chapter 163 of title 28, United States Code, is amended
- 5 by adding at the end the following:

"2466. Fugitive disentitlement.".

6 SEC. 8012. ADMISSIBILITY OF FOREIGN BUSINESS

- 7 RECORDS.
- 8 (a) In General.—Chapter 163 of title 28, United
- 9 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
- 10 ing:

11 "§ 2467. Foreign records

- 12 "(a) Definitions.—In this section—
- 13 "(1) the term 'business' includes business, insti-
- tution, association, profession, occupation, and call-
- ing of every kind whether or not conducted for prof-
- 16 it;
- 17 "(2) the term 'foreign certification' means a
- written declaration made and signed in a foreign
- country by the custodian of a record of regularly
- 20 conducted activity or another qualified person, that
- 21 if falsely made, would subject the maker to criminal
- penalty under the law of that country;
- 23 "(3) the term 'foreign record of regularly con-
- 24 ducted activity' means a memorandum, report,
- 25 record, or data compilation, in any form, of acts,

- events, conditions, opinions, or diagnoses, maintained in a foreign country; and
- "(4) the term 'official request' means a letter rogatory, a request under an agreement, treaty or convention, or any other request for information or evidence made by a court of the United States or an authority of the United States having law enforcement responsibility, to a court or other authority of a foreign country.
- 10 "(b) Admissibility.—In a civil proceeding in a court 11 of the United States, including a civil forfeiture proceeding 12 and a proceeding in the United States Claims Court and the United States Tax Court, unless the source of information or the method or circumstances of preparation in-14 15 dicate lack of trustworthiness, a foreign record of regularly conducted activity (or a duplicate of such record), 16 17 obtained pursuant to an official request, shall not be ex-18 cluded as evidence by the hearsay rule if a foreign certifi-19 cation, also obtained pursuant to the same official request 20 or subsequent official request that adequately identifies 21 such foreign record, attests that—
- "(1) the foreign record was made, at or near the time of the occurrence of the matters set forth, by (or from information transmitted by) a person with knowledge of those matters;

1	"(2) the foreign record was kept in the course
2	of a regularly conducted business activity;
3	"(3) the business activity made such a record
4	as a regular practice; and
5	"(4) if the foreign record is not the original, the
6	record is a duplicate of the original.
7	"(c) Foreign Certification.—A foreign certifi-
8	cation under this section shall authenticate a record or
9	duplicate described in subsection (b).
10	"(d) Notice.—
11	"(1) In general.—As soon as practicable
12	after a responsive pleading has been filed, a party
13	intending to offer in evidence under this section a
14	foreign record of regularly conducted activity shall
15	provide written notice of that intention to each other
16	party.
17	"(2) Opposition.—A motion opposing admis-
18	sion in evidence of a record under paragraph (1)
19	shall be made by the opposing party and determined
20	by the court before trial. Failure by a party to file
21	such motion before trial shall constitute a waiver of
22	objection to such record, except that the court for
23	cause shown may grant relief from the waiver.".

1	(b) Conforming Amendment.—The analysis for
2	chapter 163 of title 28, United States Code, is amended
3	by adding at the end the following:
	"2467. Foreign records.".
4	SEC. 8013. CHARGING MONEY LAUNDERING AS A COURSE
5	OF CONDUCT.
6	Section 1956(h) of title 18, United States Code, is
7	amended—
8	(1) by striking "(h) Any person" and inserting
9	the following:
10	"(h) Conspiracy; Multiple Violations.—
11	"(1) Conspiracy.—Any person"; and
12	(2) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(2) MULTIPLE VIOLATIONS.—Any person who
14	commits multiple violations of this section or section
15	1957 that are part of the same scheme or continuing
16	course of conduct may be charged, at the election of
17	the Government, in a single count in an indictment
18	or information.".
19	SEC. 8014. VENUE IN MONEY LAUNDERING CASES.
20	Section 1956 of title 18, United States Code, is
21	amended by adding at the end the following:
22	"(i) Venue.—
23	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
24	graph (2), a prosecution for an offense under this
25	section or section 1957 may be brought in any dis-

- trict in which the financial or monetary transaction is conducted, or in which a prosecution for the underlying specified unlawful activity could be brought, if the defendant participates in the transfer of the proceeds of the specified unlawful activity from that district to the district where the financial or monetary transaction is conducted.
- tempt or conspiracy offense under this section or section 1957 may be brought in the district in which venue would lie for the completed offense under paragraph (1), or in any other district in which an act in furtherance of the attempt or conspiracy took place.".

15 SEC. 8015. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT TO RESTORE WIRETAP

- 16 AUTHORITY FOR CERTAIN MONEY LAUNDER-
- 17 ING OFFENSES.
- 18 Section 2516(1)(g) of title 18, United States Code,
- 19 is amended by striking "of title 31, United States Code
- 20 (dealing with the reporting of currency transactions)" and
- 21 inserting "or 5324 of title 31 (dealing with the reporting
- 22 and illegal structuring of currency transactions)".

1	SEC. 8016. CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF ANTI-
2	MONEY LAUNDERING ORDERS.
3	(a) Reporting Violations.—Section 5324(a) of
4	title 31, United States Code, is amended—
5	(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by
6	inserting ", or the reporting requirements imposed
7	by an order issued pursuant to section 5326" after
8	"any such section"; and
9	(2) in each of paragraphs (1) and (2), by in-
10	serting ", or a report required under any order
11	issued pursuant to section 5326" before the semi-
12	colon.
13	(b) Penalties.—Sections 5321(a)(1), 5322(a), and
14	5322(b) of title 31, United States Code, are each amended
15	by inserting "or order issued" after "or a regulation pre-
16	scribed" each place that term appears.
17	SEC. 8017. ENCOURAGING FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS TO NO-
18	TIFY LAW ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITIES OF
19	SUSPICIOUS FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS.
20	(a) In General.—Section 2702(b)(6) of title 18,
21	United States Code, is amended—
22	(1) by inserting "or supervisory agency" after
23	"a law enforcement agency";
24	(2) in subparagraph (A), by striking "; and"
25	and inserting "and appear to pertain to the commis-
26	sion of the crime: or': and

1	(3) in subparagraph (B), by striking "appear to
2	pertain to the commission of the crime." and insert-
3	ing "appear to reveal a suspicious transaction rel-
4	evant to a possible violation of law or regulation."
5	(b) Definitions.—Section 2711 of title 18, United
6	States Code, is amended—
7	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "and" at the
8	end;
9	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at
10	the end and inserting "; and; and
11	(3) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(3) the terms 'suspicious transaction' and 'rel-
13	evant to a possible violation of the law or regulation'
14	shall be interpreted in the same manner as those
15	terms have been interpreted for purposes of section
16	5318(g) of title 31; and
17	"(4) the term 'supervisory agency' has the
18	meaning given the term in section 1101(7) of the
19	Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978.".
20	SEC. 8018. COVERAGE OF FOREIGN BANK BRANCHES IN
21	THE TERRITORIES.
22	Section 20(9) of title 18, United States Code, is
23	amended by inserting before the period the following:
24	", except that for purposes of this section the definition
25	of the term 'State' in such Act shall be deemed to include

1	a commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United
2	States".
3	SEC. 8019. CONFORMING STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS
4	AMENDMENT FOR CERTAIN BANK FRAUD OF-
5	FENSES.
6	Section 3293 of title 18, United States Code, is
7	amended—
8	(1) by inserting "225," after "215,"; and
9	(2) by inserting "1032," before "1033".
10	SEC. 8020. JURISDICTION OVER CERTAIN FINANCIAL
11	CRIMES COMMITTED ABROAD.
12	Section 1029 of title 18, United States Code, is
13	amended by adding at the end the following:
14	"(h) Jurisdiction Over Certain Financial
15	CRIMES COMMITTED ABROAD.—Any person who, outside
16	the jurisdiction of the United States, engages in any act
17	that, if committed within the jurisdiction of the United
18	States, would constitute an offense under subsection (a)
19	or (b), shall be subject to the same penalties as if that
20	offense had been committed in the United States, if the
21	act—
22	"(1) involves an access device issued, owned,
23	managed, or controlled by a financial institution, ac-

count issuer, credit card system member, or other

1	entity within the jurisdiction of the United States
2	and
3	"(2) causes, or if completed would have caused
4	a transfer of funds from or a loss to an entity listed
5	in paragraph (1).".
6	TITLE IX—COMBATING
7	INTERNATIONAL CRIME
8	Subtitle A—Investigating and Pun-
9	ishing Violent Crimes Against
10	United States Nationals Abroad
11	SEC. 9001. MURDER AND EXTORTION AGAINST UNITED
12	STATES NATIONALS ABROAD IN FURTHER
13	ANCE OF ORGANIZED CRIME.
14	Section 2332 of title 18, United States Code, is
15	amended—
16	(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
17	section (e);
18	(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the follow-
19	ing:
20	"(d) Extortion of United States Nationals
21	ABROAD.—Whoever commits or attempts to commit extor-
22	tion against a national of the United States, while the na-
23	tional is outside the United States, shall be fined under
24	this title, imprisoned not more than 20 years, or both."

1	(3) in subsection (e), as redesignated, by insert-
2	ing ", or was intended to further the objectives of
3	an organized criminal group. A certification under
4	this paragraph shall not be subject to judicial re-
5	view" before the period at the end; and
6	(4) by adding at the end the following:
7	"(f) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
8	tion may be construed as indicating an intent on the part
9	of Congress—
10	"(1) to interfere with the exercise of criminal
11	jurisdiction by the nation or nations in which the
12	criminal act occurred; or
13	"(2) to mandate that each potential violation
14	should be the subject of investigation or prosecution
15	by the United States.
16	"(g) Definitions.—In this section—
17	"(1) the term 'extortion' means the obtaining of
18	property worth \$100,000 or more from another by
19	threatening or placing another person in fear that
20	any person will be subjected to bodily injury or kid-
21	napping or that any property will be damaged or de-
22	stroyed; and
23	"(2) the term 'organized criminal group' means
24	a group that has a hierarchical structure or is a con-
25	tinuing enterprise, and that is engaged in or has as

1	a purpose the commission of an act or acts that
2	would constitute racketeering activity (as defined in
3	section 1961) if committed within the United
4	States.".
5	SEC. 9002. MURDER OR SERIOUS ASSAULT OF A STATE OR
6	LOCAL OFFICIAL ABROAD.
7	(a) In General.—Chapter 51 of title 18, United
8	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
9	following:
10	"§ 1123. Murder or serious assault of a State or local
11	law enforcement, judicial, or other offi-
12	cial abroad
13	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
14	"(1) Serious bodily injury.—The term 'seri-
15	ous bodily injury' has the meaning given the term in
16	section 2119.
17	"(2) State.—The term 'State' has the mean-
18	ing given the term in section 245(d).
19	"(b) Penalties.—Whoever, in the circumstance de-
20	scribed in subsection (c)—
21	"(1) kills or attempts to kill an official of a
22	State or a political subdivision thereof shall be pun-
23	ished as provided in sections 1111, 1112, and 1113
24	or

1	"(2) assaults an official of a State or a political
2	subdivision thereof, if that assault results in serious
3	bodily injury shall be punished as provided in section
4	113.
5	"(c) CIRCUMSTANCE DESCRIBED.—The circumstance
6	described in this subsection is that the official of a State
7	or political subdivision—
8	"(1) is outside the territorial jurisdiction of the
9	United States; and
10	"(2) is engaged in, or the prohibited activity oc-
11	curs on account of the performance by that official
12	of training, technical assistance, or other assistance
13	to the United States or a foreign government in con-
14	nection with any program funded, in whole or in
15	part, by the Federal Government.
16	"(d) Limitations on Prosecution.—No prosecu-
17	tion may be instituted against any person under this sec-
18	tion except upon the written approval of the Attorney Gen-
19	eral, the Deputy Attorney General, or an Assistant Attor-
20	ney General, which function of approving prosecutions
21	may not be delegated and shall not be subject to judicial
22	review.
23	"(e) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
24	tion may be construed to indicate an intent on the part

25 of Congress—

1	"(1) to interfere with the exercise of criminal
2	jurisdiction by the nation or nations in which the
3	criminal act occurred; or
4	"(2) to mandate that each potential violation
5	should be the subject of investigation or prosecution
6	by the United States.".
7	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
8	The analysis for chapter 51 of title 18, United States
9	Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
	"1123. Murder or serious assault of a State or local law enforcement, judicial, or other official abroad.".
10	Subtitle B—Denying Safe Havens
11	to International Criminals
12	SEC. 9101. EXTRADITION FOR OFFENSES NOT COVERED BY
13	A LIST TREATY.
14	Chapter 209 of title 18, United States Code, is
15	amended by adding at the end the following:
16	"§ 3197. Extradition for offenses not covered by a list
17	treaty
18	"(a) Serious Offense Defined.—In this section,
19	the term 'serious offense' means conduct that would be—
20	"(1) an offense described in any multilateral
21	treaty to which the United States is a party that ob-
22	ligates parties—
23	"(A) to extradite alleged offenders found
24	in the territory of the parties: or

1	"(B) submit the case to the competent au-
2	thorities of the parties for prosecution; or
3	"(2) conduct that, if that conduct occurred in
4	the United States, would constitute—
5	"(A) a crime of violence (as defined in sec-
6	tion 16);
7	"(B) the distribution, manufacture, impor-
8	tation or exportation of a controlled substance
9	(as defined in section 201 of the Controlled
10	Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802);
11	"(C) bribery of a public official; misappro-
12	priation, embezzlement or theft of public funds
13	by or for the benefit of a public official;
14	"(D) obstruction of justice, including pay-
15	ment of bribes to jurors or witnesses;
16	"(E) the laundering of monetary instru-
17	ments, as described in section 1956, if the value
18	of the monetary instruments involved exceeds
19	\$100,000;
20	"(F) fraud, theft, embezzlement, or com-
21	mercial bribery if the aggregate value of prop-
22	erty that is the object of all of the offenses re-
23	lated to the conduct exceeds \$100,000;

1	"(G) counterfeiting, if the obligations, se-
2	curities or other items counterfeited, have an
3	apparent value that exceeds \$100,000;
4	"(H) a conspiracy or attempt to commit
5	any of the offenses described in any of subpara-
6	graphs (A) through (G), or aiding and abetting
7	a person who commits any such offense; or
8	"(I) a crime against children under chap-
9	ter 109A or section 2251, 2251A, 2252, or
10	2252A.
11	"(b) Authorization of Filing.—
12	"(1) In general.—If a foreign government
13	makes a request for the extradition of a person who
14	is charged with or has been convicted of an offense
15	within the jurisdiction of that foreign government
16	and an extradition treaty between the United States
17	and the foreign government is in force, but the trea-
18	ty does not provide for extradition for the offense
19	with which the person has been charged or for which
20	the person has been convicted, the Attorney General
21	may authorize the filing of a complaint for extra-
22	dition pursuant to subsections (c) and (d).
23	"(2) FILING OF COMPLAINTS.—

1	"(A) In general.—A complaint author-
2	ized under paragraph (1) shall be filed pursu-
3	ant to section 3184.
4	"(B) Procedures.—With respect to a
5	complaint filed under paragraph (1), the proce-
6	dures contained in sections 3184 and 3186 and
7	the terms of the relevant extradition treaty
8	shall apply as if the offense were a crime pro-
9	vided for by the treaty, in a manner consistent
10	with section 3184.
11	"(c) Criteria for Authorization of Com-
12	PLAINTS.—
13	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may
14	authorize the filing of a complaint under subsection
15	(b) only upon a certification—
16	"(A) by the Attorney General, that in the
17	judgment of the Attorney General—
18	"(i) the offense for which extradition
19	is sought is a serious offense; and
20	"(ii) submission of the extradition re-
21	quest would be important to the law en-
22	forcement interests of the United States or
23	otherwise in the interests of justice; and
24	"(B) by the Secretary of State, that in the
25	judgment of the Secretary of State, submission

of the request would be consistent with the foreign policy interests of the United States.

"(2) Factors for consideration.—In making any certification under paragraph (1)(B), the Secretary of State may consider whether the facts and circumstances of the request then known appear likely to present any significant impediment to the ultimate surrender of the person who is the subject of the request for extradition, if that person is found to be extraditable.

"(3) Limitation on Judicial Review.—Any decision or exercise of authority by the Attorney General or the Secretary of State pursuant to this subsection shall not be subject to judicial review.

"(d) Cases of Urgency.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—In any case of urgency, the Attorney General may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State and before any formal certification under subsection (c), authorize the filing of a complaint seeking the provisional arrest and detention of the person sought for extradition before the receipt of documents or other proof in support of the request for extradition.

"(2) APPLICABILITY OF RELEVANT TREATY.—
With respect to a case described in paragraph (1),

1	a provision regarding provisional arrest in the rel-
2	evant treaty shall apply.
3	"(3) FILING AND EFFECT OF FILING OF COM-
4	PLAINTS.—
5	"(A) In general.—A complaint author-
6	ized under this subsection shall be filed in the
7	same manner as provided in section 3184.
8	"(B) Issuance of orders.—Upon the fil-
9	ing of a complaint under this subsection, the
10	appropriate judicial officer may issue an order
11	for the provisional arrest and detention of the
12	person as provided in section 3184.
13	"(e) Conditions of Surrender; Assurances.—
14	"(1) In general.—Before issuing a warrant of
15	surrender under section 3184 or 3186, the Secretary
16	of State may—
17	"(A) impose conditions upon the surrender
18	of the person that is the subject of the warrant;
19	and
20	"(B) require those assurances of compli-
21	ance with those conditions, as are determined
22	by the Secretary to be appropriate.
23	"(2) Additional assurances.—
24	"(A) In general.—In addition to impos-
25	ing conditions and requiring assurances under

paragraph (1), the Secretary of State shall demand, as a condition of the extradition of the person in every case, an assurance described in subparagraph (B) that the Secretary determines to be satisfactory.

"(B) DESCRIPTION OF ASSURANCES.—An assurance described in this subparagraph is an assurance that the person that is sought for extradition shall not be tried or punished for an offense other than that for which the person has been extradited, absent the consent of the United States.".

13 SEC. 9102. EXTRADITION ABSENT A TREATY.

14 Chapter 209 of title 18, United States Code, as 15 amended by section 9101 of this Act, is amended by add-16 ing at the end the following:

17 "§ 3198. Extradition absent a treaty

- 18 "(a) SERIOUS OFFENSE DEFINED.—In this section, 19 the term 'serious offense' has the meaning given that term 20 in section 3197(a).
- 21 "(b) Authorization of Filing.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—If a foreign government makes a request for the extradition of a person who is charged with or has been convicted of an offense within the jurisdiction of that foreign government,

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1	and no extradition treaty is in force between the
2	United States and the foreign government, the At-
3	torney General may authorize the filing of a com-
4	plaint for extradition pursuant to subsections (c)
5	and (d).
6	"(2) FILING AND TREATMENT OF COM-
7	PLAINTS.—
8	"(A) In general.—A complaint author-
9	ized under paragraph (1) shall be filed pursu-
10	ant to section 3184.
11	"(B) Procedures.—With respect to a
12	complaint filed under paragraph (1), procedures
13	of sections 3184 and 3186 shall be followed as
14	if the offense were a 'crime provided for by
15	such treaty' as described in section 3184.
16	"(c) Criteria for Authorization of Com-
17	PLAINTS.—The Attorney General may authorize the filing
18	of a complaint described in subsection (b) only upon a cer-
19	tification—
20	"(1) by the Attorney General, that in the judg-
21	ment of the Attorney General—
22	"(A) the offense for which extradition is
23	sought is a serious offense; and
24	"(B) submission of the extradition request
25	would be important to the law enforcement in-

1	terests of the United States or otherwise in the
2	interests of justice; and
3	"(2) by the Secretary of State, that in the judg-
4	ment of the certifying official, based on information
5	then known—
6	"(A) submission of the request would be
7	consistent with the foreign policy interests of
8	the United States;
9	"(B) the facts and circumstances of the re-
10	quest, including humanitarian considerations,
11	do not appear likely to present a significant im-
12	pediment to the ultimate surrender of the per-
13	son if found extraditable; and
14	"(C) the foreign government submitting
15	the request is not submitting the request in
16	order to try or punish the person sought for ex-
17	tradition primarily on the basis of the race, reli-
18	gion, nationality, or political opinions of that
19	person.
20	"(d) Limitations on Delegation and Judicial
21	Review.—
22	"(1) Delegation by attorney general; ju-
23	DICIAL REVIEW.—The authorities and responsibil-
24	ities of the Attorney General under subsection (c)

1	may be delegated only to the Deputy Attorney Gen-
2	eral.
3	"(2) Delegation.—The authorities and re-
4	sponsibilities of the Secretary of State set forth in
5	this subsection may be delegated only to the Deputy
6	Secretary of State.
7	"(3) Limitation on Judicial Review.—The
8	authorities and responsibilities set forth in this sub-
9	section are not subject to judicial review.
10	"(e) Cases of Urgency.—
11	"(1) IN GENERAL.—In any case of urgency, the
12	Attorney General may, with the concurrence of the
13	Secretary of State and before any formal certifi-
14	cation under subsection (c), authorize the filing of a
15	complaint seeking the provisional arrest and deten-
16	tion of the person sought for extradition before the
17	receipt of documents or other proof in support of the
18	request for extradition.
19	"(2) Filing of complaints; order by judi-
20	CIAL OFFICER.—
21	"(A) FILING.—A complaint filed under
22	this subsection shall be filed in the same man-
23	ner as provided in section 3184.
24	"(B) Orders.—Upon the filing of a com-
25	plaint under subparagraph (A), the appropriate

1	judicial officer may issue an order for the provi-
2	sional arrest and detention of the person.
3	"(C) Releases.—If, not later than 45
4	days after the arrest, the formal request for ex-
5	tradition and documents in support of that are
6	not received by the Department of State, the
7	appropriate judicial officer may order that a
8	person detained pursuant to this subsection be
9	released from custody.
10	"(f) Hearings.—
11	"(1) In general.—Subject to subsection (h),
12	upon the filing of a complaint for extradition and re-
13	ceipt of documents or other proof in support of the
14	request of a foreign government for extradition, the
15	appropriate judicial officer shall hold a hearing to
16	determine whether the person sought for extradition
17	is extraditable.
18	"(2) Criteria for extradition.—Subject to
19	subsection (g), in a hearing conducted under para-
20	graph (1), the judicial officer shall find a person ex-
21	traditable if the officer finds—
22	"(A) probable cause to believe that the
23	person before the judicial officer is the person

sought in the foreign country of the requesting

foreign government;

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1	"(B) probable cause to believe that the
2	person before the judicial officer committed the
3	offense for which that person is sought, or was
4	duly convicted of that offense in the foreign
5	country of the requesting foreign government;
6	"(C) that the conduct upon which the re-
7	quest for extradition is based, if that conduct
8	occurred within the United States, would be a
9	serious offense punishable by imprisonment for
10	more than 10 years under the laws of—
11	"(i) the United States;
12	"(ii) the majority of the States in the
13	United States; or
14	"(iii) of the State in which the fugi-
15	tive is found; and
16	"(D) no defense to extradition under sub-
17	section (f) has been established.
18	"(g) Limitation of Extradition.—
19	"(1) In general.—A judicial officer shall not
20	find a person extraditable under this section if the
21	person has established that the offense for which ex-
22	tradition is sought is—
23	"(A) an offense for which the person is
24	being proceeded against, or has been tried or
25	punished, in the United States; or

1	"(B) a political offense.
2	"(2) Political offenses.—For purposes of
3	this section, a political offense does not include—
4	"(A) a murder or other violent crime
5	against the person of a head of state of a for-
6	eign state, or of a member of the family of the
7	head of state;
8	"(B) an offense for which both the United
9	States and the requesting foreign government
10	have the obligation pursuant to a multilateral
11	international agreement to—
12	"(i) extradite the person sought; or
13	"(ii) submit the case to the competent
14	authorities for decision as to prosecution;
15	or
16	"(C) a conspiracy or attempt to commit
17	any of the offenses referred to in subparagraph
18	(A) or (B), or aiding or abetting a person who
19	commits or attempts to commit any such of-
20	fenses.
21	"(h) Limitations on Factors for Consideration
22	AT HEARINGS.—
23	"(1) In general.—At a hearing conducted
24	under subsection (a), the judicial officer conducting
25	the hearing shall not consider issues regarding—

1	"(A) humanitarian concerns;
2	"(B) the nature of the judicial system of
3	the requesting foreign government; and
4	"(C) whether the foreign government is
5	seeking extradition of a person for the purpose
6	of prosecuting or punishing the person because
7	of the race, religion, nationality or political
8	opinions of that person.
9	"(2) Consideration by secretary of
10	STATE.—The issues referred to in paragraph (1)
11	shall be reserved for consideration exclusively by the
12	Secretary of State as described in subsection (c)(2).
13	"(3) Additional consideration.—Notwith-
14	standing the certification requirements described in
15	subsection (c)(2), the Secretary of State may, within
16	the sole discretion of the Secretary—
17	"(A) in addition to considering the issues
18	referred to in paragraph (1) for purposes of
19	certifying the filing of a complaint under this
20	section, consider those issues again in exercis-
21	ing authority to surrender the person sought
22	for extradition in carrying out the procedures
23	under section 3184 and 3186; and
24	"(B) impose conditions on surrender in-
25	cluding those provided in subsection (i).

1	"(i) Conditions of Surrender; Assurances.—
2	"(1) In General.—The Secretary of State
3	may—
4	"(A) impose conditions upon the surrender
5	of a person sought for extradition under this
6	section; and
7	"(B) require such assurances of compli-
8	ance with those conditions, as the Secretary de-
9	termines to be appropriate.
10	"(2) Additional assurances.—In addition to
11	imposing conditions and requiring assurances under
12	paragraph (1), the Secretary shall demand, as a con-
13	dition of the extradition of the person that is sought
14	for extradition—
15	"(A) in every case, an assurance the Sec-
16	retary determines to be satisfactory that the
17	person shall not be tried or punished for an of-
18	fense other than the offense for which the per-
19	son has been extradited, absent the consent of
20	the United States; and
21	"(B) in a case in which the offense for
22	which extradition is sought is punishable by
23	death in the foreign country of the requesting
24	foreign government and is not so punishable
25	under the applicable laws in the United States,

1	an assurance the Secretary determines to be
2	satisfactory that the death penalty—
3	"(i) shall not be imposed; or
4	"(ii) if imposed, shall not be carried
5	out.".
6	SEC. 9103. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
7	(a) In General.—Chapter 209 of title 18, United
8	States Code, is amended—
9	(1) in section 3181, by inserting ", other than
10	sections 3197 and 3198," after "The provisions of
11	this chapter" each place that term appears; and
12	(2) in section 3186, by striking "or 3185" and
13	inserting ", 3185, 3197 or 3198".
14	(b) Chapter Analysis.—The analysis for chapter
15	209 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding
16	at the end the following:
	"3197. Extradition for offenses not covered by a list treaty. "3198. Extradition absent a treaty.".
17	SEC. 9104. TEMPORARY TRANSFER OF PERSONS IN CUS-
18	TODY FOR PROSECUTION.
19	(a) In General.—Chapter 306 of title 18, United
20	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
21	ing:
22	"§ 4116. Temporary transfer for prosecution
23	"(a) State Defined.—In this section, the term
24	'State' includes a State of the United States, the District

1	of Columbia, and a commonwealth, territory, or possession
2	of the United States.
3	"(b) AUTHORITY OF ATTORNEY GENERAL WITH RE-
4	SPECT TO TEMPORARY TRANSFERS.—
5	"(1) In general.—Subject to subsection (d),
6	if a person is in pretrial detention or is otherwise
7	being held in custody in a foreign country based
8	upon a violation of the law in that foreign country,
9	and that person is found extraditable to the United
10	States by the competent authorities of that foreign
11	country while still in the pretrial detention or cus-
12	tody, the Attorney General shall have the author-
13	ity—
14	"(A) to request the temporary transfer of
15	that person to the United States in order to
16	proceed with prosecution of that person in a
17	Federal or State criminal proceeding;
18	"(B) to maintain the custody of that per-
19	son while the person is in the United States;
20	and
21	"(C) to return that person to the foreign
22	country at the conclusion of the criminal pros-
23	ecution, including any imposition of sentence.
24	"(2) Requirements for requests by at-
25	TORNEY GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall

1	make a request under paragraph (1) only if the At-
2	torney General determines, after consultation with
3	the Secretary of State, that the return of that per-
4	son to the foreign country in question would be con-
5	sistent with international obligations of the United
6	States.
7	"(3) Limitation on Judicial Review.—Any
8	decision or exercise of authority by the Attorney
9	General under this subsection shall not be subject to
10	judicial review.
11	"(c) Authority of Attorney General With Re-
12	SPECT TO PRETRIAL DETENTIONS.—
13	"(1) In general.—
14	"(A) AUTHORITY OF ATTORNEY GEN-
15	ERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2) and sub-
16	section (d), the Attorney General shall have the
17	authority to carry out the actions described in
18	subparagraph (B), if—
19	"(i) a person is in pretrial detention
20	or is otherwise being held in custody in the
21	United States based upon a violation of
22	Federal or State law, and that person is
23	found extraditable to a foreign country
24	while still in the pretrial detention or cus-

1	tody pursuant to section 3184, 3197, or
2	3198; and
3	"(ii) a determination is made by the
4	Secretary of State and the Attorney Gen-
5	eral that the person will be surrendered.
6	"(B) Actions.—If the conditions de-
7	scribed in subparagraph (A) are met, the Attor-
8	ney General shall have the authority to—
9	"(i) temporarily transfer the person
10	described in subparagraph (A) to the for-
11	eign country of the foreign government re-
12	questing the extradition of that person in
13	order to face prosecution;
14	"(ii) transport that person from the
15	United States in custody; and
16	"(iii) return that person in custody to
17	the United States from the foreign coun-
18	try.
19	"(2) Consent by state authorities.—If the
20	person is being held in custody for a violation of
21	State law, the Attorney General may exercise the au-
22	thority described in paragraph (1) if the appropriate
23	State authorities give their consent to the Attorney
24	General.

1	"(3) Criterion for request.—The Attorney
2	General shall make a request under paragraph (1)
3	only if the Attorney General determines, after con-
4	sultation with the Secretary of State, that the return
5	of the person sought for extradition to the foreign
6	country of the foreign government requesting the ex-
7	tradition would be consistent with United States
8	international obligations.
9	"(4) Judicial review.—Any decision or exer-
10	cise of authority by the Attorney General under this
11	subsection shall not be subject to judicial review.
12	"(5) Effect of temporary transfer.—
13	With regard to any person in pretrial detention—
14	"(A) a temporary transfer under this sub-
15	section shall result in an interruption in the
16	pretrial detention status of that person; and
17	"(B) the right to challenge the conditions
18	of confinement pursuant to section 3142(f) does
19	not extend to the right to challenge the condi-
20	tions of confinement in a foreign country while
21	in that foreign country temporarily under this
22	subsection.
23	"(d) Consent by Parties To Waive Prior Find-
24	ING OF WHETHER A PERSON IS EXTRADITABLE.—The
25	Attorney General may exercise the authority described in

- 1 subsections (b) and (c) absent a prior finding that the per-
- 2 son in custody is extraditable, if the person, any appro-
- 3 priate State authorities in a case under subsection (c), and
- 4 the requesting foreign government give their consent to
- 5 waive that requirement.
- 6 "(e) Return of Persons.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—If the temporary transfer to or from the United States of a person in custody for the purpose of prosecution is provided for by this section, that person shall be returned to the United States or to the foreign country from which the person is transferred on completion of the proceedings upon which the transfer was based.
 - "(2) STATUTORY INTERPRETATION WITH RE-SPECT TO IMMIGRATION LAWS.—In no event shall the return of a person under paragraph (1) require extradition proceedings or proceedings under the immigration laws.
 - "(3) CERTAIN RIGHTS AND REMEDIES
 BARRED.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
 law, a person temporarily transferred to the United
 States pursuant to this section shall not be entitled
 to apply for or obtain any right or remedy under the
 Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et

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1	seq.),	including	the	right	to	apply	for	or	be	granted
	,							-	,	0-20-20-0

- 2 asylum or withholding of deportation.".
- 3 (b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
- 4 The analysis for chapter 306 of title 18, United States
- 5 Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "4116. Temporary transfer for prosecution.".

6 SEC. 9105. TRANSFER OF FOREIGN PRISONERS TO SERVE

- 7 SENTENCES IN COUNTRY OF ORIGIN.
- 8 Section 4100(b) of title 18, United States Code, is
- 9 amended in the third sentence by inserting ", unless other-
- 10 wise provided by treaty," before "an offender".
- 11 SEC. 9106. TRANSIT OF FUGITIVES FOR PROSECUTION IN
- 12 FOREIGN COUNTRIES.
- 13 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 305 of title 18, United
- 14 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
- 15 ing:
- 16 "§ 4087. Transit through the United States of persons
- 17 wanted in a foreign country
- 18 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may, in
- 19 consultation with the Secretary of State, permit the tem-
- 20 porary transit through the United States of a person
- 21 wanted for prosecution or imposition of sentence in a for-
- 22 eign country.
- 23 "(b) Limitation on Judicial Review.—A deter-
- 24 mination by the Attorney General to permit or not to per-

- 1 mit a temporary transit described in subsection (a) shall
- 2 not be subject to judicial review.
- 3 "(c) Custody.—If the Attorney General permits a
- 4 temporary transit under subsection (a), Federal law en-
- 5 forcement personnel may hold the person subject to that
- 6 transit in custody during the transit of the person through
- 7 the United States.
- 8 "(d) Conditions Applicable to Persons Sub-
- 9 JECT TO TEMPORARY TRANSIT.—Notwithstanding any
- 10 other provision of law, a person who is subject to a tem-
- 11 porary transit through the United States under this sec-
- 12 tion shall—
- "(1) be required to have only such documents
- as the Attorney General shall require;
- 15 "(2) not be considered to be admitted or pa-
- 16 roled into the United States; and
- 17 "(3) not be entitled to apply for or obtain any
- right or remedy under the Immigration and Nation-
- ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.), including the right
- to apply for or be granted asylum or withholding of
- deportation.".
- 22 (b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
- 23 The analysis for chapter 305 of title 18, United States
- 24 Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

[&]quot;4087. Transit through the United States of persons wanted in a foreign country.".

1	Subtitle C—Seizing and Forfeiting
2	the Assets of International
3	Criminals
4	SEC. 9201. FORFEITURE OF ASSETS IN INTERNATIONAL
5	MONEY LAUNDERING AND DRUG CRIMES.
6	(a) Forfeiture of Proceeds of Foreign
7	CRIMES.—Section 981(a)(1)(B) of title 18, United States
8	Code, is amended by inserting "or involving any other con-
9	duct described in section $1956(c)(7)(D)$," after "Con-
10	trolled Substances Act),".
11	(b) Forfeiture of Property Used To Commit
12	Drug Crimes Abroad.—Section 981(a)(1)(B) of title
13	18, United States Code, is amended by inserting ", or any
14	property used to facilitate an offense described in subpara-
15	graph (i)" before the period at the end.
16	(c) Forfeiture of Property Used To Violate
17	Federal Explosives Laws.—
18	(1) In General.—Section 981(a)(1) of title
19	18, United States Code, is amended by adding at
20	the end the following:
21	"(I) Any conveyance, chemical, laboratory
22	equipment, or other material, article, apparatus, de-
23	vice, or thing made, possessed, fitted, used, or in-
24	tended to be used to commit a violation of sub-
25	section (a)(1), (a)(3), (b), (c), (d), (h), (i), (l), (m),

1	or (n) of section 842, or any of subsections (d)
2	through (m) of section 844, or a conspiracy to com-
3	mit any such offense, and any property traceable to
4	any such item.".
5	(2) Conforming Amendment.—Section
6	982(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended
7	by adding at the end the following:
8	"(9) In imposing a sentence on a person con-
9	victed of an offense punishable for a violation of
10	chapter 40, or a conspiracy to commit such an of-
11	fense, the court shall order the person to forfeit to
12	the United States any—
13	"(A) conveyance, chemical, laboratory
14	equipment, or other material, article, apparatus,
15	device, or thing made, possessed, fitted, used,
16	or intended to be used to commit such offense;
17	and
18	"(B) property traceable to any item de-
19	scribed in subparagraph (A)."
20	SEC. 9202. AUTHORITY TO ORDER CONVICTED CRIMINALS
21	TO RETURN PROPERTY LOCATED ABROAD.
22	(a) Order of Forfeiture.—Section 413(p) of the
23	Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 853(p)) is amended
24	by adding at the end the following: "In the case of prop-
25	erty described in paragraph (3), the court may, in addi-

- 1 tion, order the defendant to return the property to the
- 2 jurisdiction of the court so that the property may be seized
- 3 and forfeited.".
- 4 (b) Pretrial Restraining Order.—Section
- 5 413(e) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
- 6 853(e)) is amended by inserting after paragraph (3) the
- 7 following:
- 8 "(4)(A) Pursuant to its authority to enter a
- 9 pretrial restraining order under this section, includ-
- ing its authority to restrain any property forfeitable
- as substitute assets, the court may also order the de-
- fendant to repatriate any property subject to forfeit-
- ure pending trial, and to deposit that property in the
- registry of the court, or with the United States Mar-
- shals Service or the Secretary of the Treasury, in an
- interest-bearing account.
- 17 "(B) Failure to comply with an order under
- this subsection, or an order to repatriate property
- under subsection (p), shall be punishable as a civil
- or criminal contempt of court, and may also result
- in an enhancement of the sentence for the offense
- giving rise to the forfeiture under the obstruction of
- justice provision of section 3C1.1 of the Federal
- 24 Sentencing Guidelines.".

1	SEC. 9203. ENFORCEMENT OF FOREIGN FORFEITURE JUDG-
2	MENTS.
3	(a) In General.—Chapter 163 of title 28, United
4	States Code, as amended by section 8012, is amended by
5	adding at the end the following:
6	"§ 2468. Enforcement of foreign forfeiture judgment
7	"(a) Definitions.—In this section—
8	"(1) the term 'foreign nation' means a country
9	that has become a party to the United Nations Con-
10	vention Against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and
11	Psychotropic Substances (hereafter 'the United Na-
12	tions Convention') or a foreign jurisdiction with
13	which the United States has a treaty or other formal
14	international agreement in effect providing for mu-
15	tual forfeiture assistance; and
16	"(2) the term 'value based confiscation judg-
17	ment' shall mean a final order of a foreign nation
18	compelling a defendant, as a consequence of the
19	criminal conviction of the defendant for an offense
20	described in Article 3, paragraph 1, of the United
21	Nations Convention, to pay a sum of money rep-
22	resenting the proceeds of the offense, or property the
23	value of which corresponds to those proceeds.
24	"(b) Review by Attorney General.—
25	"(1) In general.—A foreign nation seeking to
26	have its value based confiscation judgment reg-

1	istered and enforced by a United States district
2	court under this section shall first submit to the At-
3	torney General or the designee of the Attorney Gen-
4	eral a request, which shall include—
5	"(A) a summary of the facts of the case
6	and a description of the criminal proceeding
7	that resulted in the value based confiscation
8	judgment;
9	"(B) certified copies of the judgment of
10	conviction and value based confiscation judg-
11	ment;
12	"(C) an affidavit or sworn declaration es-
13	tablishing that the defendant received notice of
14	the proceedings in sufficient time to enable the
15	defendant to defend against the charges and
16	that the value based confiscation judgment ren-
17	dered is in force and is not subject to appeal;
18	"(D) an affidavit or sworn declaration that
19	reasonable efforts have been undertaken to en-
20	force the value based confiscation judgment
21	against the property of the defendant, if any, in
22	the foreign country; and
23	"(E) such additional information and evi-
24	dence as may be required by the Attorney Gen-
25	eral or the designee of the Attorney General.

"(2) CERTIFICATION.—The Attorney General 1 2 or the designee of the Attorney General, in consulta-3 tion with the Secretary of State or the designee of the Secretary, shall determine whether to certify the 5 request, and such decision shall be final and not 6 subject to either judicial review or review under 7 chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code (commonly 8 known as the 'Administrative Procedures Act'). "(c) Jurisdiction and Venue.— 9 10 "(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Attorney General or 11 the designee of the Attorney General certifies a re-12 quest under paragraph (b), the foreign nation may file a civil proceeding in United States district court 13 14 seeking to enforce the foreign value based confisca-15 tion judgment as if the judgment had been entered 16 by a court in the United States. 17 "(2) Rules governing proceedings.—In a 18 civil proceeding under paragraph (1)— 19 "(A) the foreign nation shall be the plain-20 tiff and the person against whom the value 21 based confiscation judgment was entered shall 22 be the defendant; 23 "(B) venue shall lie in the district court 24 for the District of Columbia or in any other dis-

trict in which the defendant or the property

1	that may be the basis for satisfaction of a judg-
2	ment under this section may be found; and
3	"(C) the district court shall have personal
4	jurisdiction over a defendant residing outside of
5	the United States if the defendant is served
6	with process in accordance with Rule 4 of the
7	Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
8	"(d) Entry and Enforcement of Judgment.—
9	"(1) IN GENERAL.—In any civil action under
10	subsection (c), the district court shall enter such or-
11	ders as may be necessary to enforce the value based
12	confiscation judgment on behalf of the foreign na-
13	tion, if the court determines that—
14	"(A) the value based confiscation judgment
15	was rendered under a system that provides im-
16	partial tribunals or procedures compatible with
17	the requirements of due process of law;
18	"(B) the foreign court had personal juris-
19	diction over the defendant;
20	"(C) the foreign court had jurisdiction over
21	the subject matter;
22	"(D) the defendant in the proceedings in
23	the foreign court received notice of the proceed-
24	ings in sufficient time to enable the defendant
25	to defend; and

1	"(E) that judgment was not obtained by
2	fraud.
3	"(2) Process.—Process to enforce a judgment
4	under this section shall be in accordance with Rule
5	69(a) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
6	"(e) Finality of Foreign Findings.—Upon a
7	finding by the district court that the conditions set forth
8	in subsection (d) have been satisfied, the court shall be
9	bound by the findings of facts stated in the foreign judg-
10	ment of conviction and value based confiscation judgment.
11	"(f) Currency Conversion.—If a value based con-
12	fiscation judgment requires the payment of a sum of
13	money, the rate of exchange in effect at time the suit to
14	enforce is filed by the foreign nation shall be used in cal-
15	culating the amount stated in the judgment submitted for
16	registration.".
17	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
18	The analysis for chapter 163 of title 28, United States
19	Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
	"2468. Enforcement of foreign forfeiture judgment.".
20	SEC. 9204. CRIMINAL AND CIVIL PENALTIES UNDER THE
21	INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY ECONOMIC
22	POWERS ACT.
23	(a) Increased Civil Penalty.—Section 206(a) of
24	the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50

- 1 U.S.C. 1705(a)), is amended by striking "\$10,000" and
- 2 inserting "\$50,000".
- 3 (b) Increased Criminal Fine.—Section 206(b) of
- 4 the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50
- 5 U.S.C. 1705(b)), is amended to read as follows:
- 6 "(b) Whoever willfully violates any license, order, or
- 7 regulation issued under this chapter shall be fined not
- 8 more that \$1,000,000 if an organization (as defined in
- 9 section 18 of title 18, United States Code), and not more
- 10 than \$250,000, imprisoned not more that 10 years, or
- 11 both, if an individual.".
- 12 SEC. 9205. ATTEMPTED VIOLATIONS OF THE TRADING WITH
- 13 THE ENEMY ACT.
- 14 Section 16 of the Trading with the Enemy Act (50
- 15 U.S.C. App. 16) is amended—
- 16 (1) in subsection (a), by inserting "or attempt
- to violate" after "violate" each time it appears; and
- 18 (2) in subsection (b)(1), by inserting "or at-
- tempts to violate" after "violates".

1	Subtitle D—Responding to Emerg-
2	ing International Crime Threats
3	PART 1—COMPUTER AND HIGH-TECH CRIME
4	SEC. 9310. ENHANCED AUTHORITY TO INVESTIGATE COM-
5	PUTER FRAUD AND ATTACKS ON COMPUTER
6	SYSTEMS.
7	Section 2516(1)(c) of title 18, United States Code,
8	is amended by inserting ", a felony violation of section
9	1030 (relating to computer fraud and attacks on computer
10	systems)" before "section 1992 (relating to wrecking
11	trains)".
12	SEC. 9311. LAW ENFORCEMENT ACCESS TO STORED INFOR-
13	MATION ON COMPUTER NETWORKS.
14	Section 2703 of title 18, United States Code, as
15	amended by section 2403, is amended by adding at the
16	end the following:
17	"(h) Access to Stored Electronic Informa-
18	TION.—
19	"(1) Disclosure.—
20	"(A) In General.—Subject to subpara-
21	graph (B), a governmental entity may require
22	the disclosure by a provider of a remote com-
23	puting service of the contents of an electronic
24	record in networked electronic storage only if
25	the person who created the record is accorded

1	the same protections that would be available if
2	the record had remained in that person's pos-
3	session.
4	"(B) Networked electronic stor-
5	AGE.—In addition to the requirements of sub-
6	paragraph (A) and subject to paragraph (2), a
7	governmental entity may require the disclosure
8	of the contents of an electronic record in
9	networked electronic storage only—
10	"(i) pursuant to a warrant issued
11	under the Federal Rules of Criminal Pro-
12	cedure or equivalent State warrant, a copy
13	of which warrant shall be served on the
14	person who created the record prior to or
15	at the same time the warrant is served on
16	the provider of the remote computing serv-
17	ice;
18	"(ii) pursuant to a subpoena issued
19	under the Federal Rules of Criminal Pro-
20	cedure or equivalent State warrant, a copy
21	of which subpoena shall be served on the
22	person who created the record, under cir-
23	cumstances allowing that person a mean-
24	ingful opportunity to challenge the sub-

poena; or

1	"(iii) upon the consent of the person
2	who created the record.
3	"(2) Definition.—In this subsection, an elec-
4	tronic record is in 'networked electronic storage' if—
5	"(A) it is not covered by subsection (a) of
6	this section;
7	"(B) the person holding the record is not
8	authorized to access the contents of such record
9	for any purposes other than in connection with
10	providing the service of storage; and
11	"(C) the person who created the record is
12	able to access and modify it remotely through
13	electronic means.".
14	PART 2—ENHANCING ANTITERRORISM LAWS
15	SEC. 9320. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY.
16	Section 233(d) of the Antiterrorism and Effective
17	Death Penalty Act of 1996 (110 Stat. 1245) is amended
18	by striking "1 year after the date of enactment of this
19	Act" and inserting "on October 1, 1999".
20	SEC. 9321. CLARIFICATION OF BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS DEFI-
21	NITIONS.
22	(a) BIOLOGICAL AGENTS; TOXINS.—Section 178 of
23	title 18, United States Code, is amended by—
24	(1) in paragraph (1), striking "means any
25	microorganism, virus, or infectious substance, or bio-

logical product that may be engineered as a result of biotechnology or any naturally occurring or bioengineered component of any such microorganism, virus, infectious substance, or biological product" and inserting the following: "means any microorganism (including, but not limited to, bacteria, viruses, fungi, rickettsiae or protozoa), or infectious substance, or any naturally occurring, bioengineered or synthesized component of any such microorganism or infectious substance";

- (2) in paragraph (2), striking "means the toxic material of plants, animals, microorganisms, viruses, fungi, or infectious substances, or a recombinant molecule, whatever its origin or method of production, including" and inserting the following: "means the toxic material or product of plants, animals, microorganisms (including, but not limited to, bacteria, viruses, fungi, rickettsiae or protozoa), or infectious substances, or a recombinant or synthesized molecule, whatever their origin and method of production, and includes"; and
- (3) in paragraph (4), striking "recombinant molecule, or biological product that may be engineered as a result of biotechnology" and inserting "recombinant or synthesized molecule".

1	(b) Use of Weapons of Mass Destruction.—
2	Section 2332a of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
3	ed —
4	(1) in subsection (a), striking ", including any
5	biological agent, toxin, or vector (as those terms are
6	defined in section 178)"; and
7	(2) in subsection (c)(2)(C), striking "disease or-
8	ganism" and inserting "any biological agent, toxin,
9	or vector (as those terms are defined in section 178
10	of this title)".
11	SEC. 9322. PUNISHMENT OF THREATS TO USE CHEMICAL
12	WEAPONS.
13	Section 2332c(a)(1) of title 18, United States Code,
14	is amended by striking "uses, or attempts" and inserting
15	"uses, or threatens, attempts".
16	Subtitle E—Promoting Global Co-
17	operation in the Fight Against
18	International Crime
19	SEC. 9401. SHARING PROCEEDS OF JOINT FORFEITURE OP-
20	ERATIONS WITH COOPERATING FOREIGN
21	AGENCIES.
22	(a) In General.—Section 981(i)(1) of title 18,
23	United States Code, is amended by striking "this chapter"
2.4	and inserting "any provision of Federal law".

1	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 511(e)(1)
2	of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 881(e)(1))
3	is amended—
4	(1) in subparagraph (C), by adding "or" at the
5	end;
6	(2) in subparagraph (D), by striking "; or" and
7	inserting a period; and
8	(3) by striking subparagraph (E).
9	SEC. 9402. STREAMLINED PROCEDURES FOR EXECUTION
10	OF MLAT REQUESTS.
11	(a) In General.—Chapter 117 of title 28, United
12	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
13	ing:
14	"§ 1785. Assistance to foreign authorities
15	"(a) In General.—
16	
	"(1) Presentation of requests.—The At-
17	"(1) Presentation of requests.—The Attorney General may present a request made by a
17 18	
	torney General may present a request made by a
18	torney General may present a request made by a foreign government for assistance with respect to a
18 19	torney General may present a request made by a foreign government for assistance with respect to a foreign investigation, prosecution, or proceeding re-
18 19 20	torney General may present a request made by a foreign government for assistance with respect to a foreign investigation, prosecution, or proceeding re- garding a criminal matter pursuant to a treaty, con-
18 19 20 21	torney General may present a request made by a foreign government for assistance with respect to a foreign investigation, prosecution, or proceeding regarding a criminal matter pursuant to a treaty, convention, or executive agreement for mutual legal as-

1	of compulsory measures in more than 1 judicial dis-
2	trict, to a judge or judge magistrate of—
3	"(A) any 1 of the districts in which per-
4	sons who may be required to appear to testify
5	or produce evidence or information reside or are
6	found, or in which evidence or information to be
7	produced is located; or
8	"(B) the United States District Court for
9	the District of Columbia.
10	"(2) Authority of court.—A judge or judge
11	magistrate to whom a request for assistance is pre-
12	sented under paragraph (1) shall have the authority
13	to issue those orders necessary to execute the re-
14	quest including orders appointing a person to direct
15	the taking of testimony or statements and the pro-
16	duction of evidence or information, of whatever na-
17	ture and in whatever form, in execution of the re-
18	quest.
19	"(b) Authority of Appointed Persons.—A per-
20	son appointed under subsection (a)(2) shall have the au-
21	thority to—
22	"(1) issue orders for the taking of testimony or
23	statements and the production of evidence or infor-
24	mation, which orders may be served at any place
25	within the United States;

1	"(2) administer any necessary oath; and
2	"(3) take testimony or statements and receive
3	evidence and information.
4	"(c) Persons Ordered To Appear.—A person or-
5	dered pursuant to subsection (b)(1) to appear outside the
6	district in which that person resides or is found may, not
7	later than 10 days after receipt of the order—
8	"(1) file with the judge or judge magistrate who
9	authorized execution of the request a motion to ap-
10	pear in the district in which that person resides or
11	is found or in which the evidence or information is
12	located; or
13	"(2) provide written notice, requesting appear-
14	ance in the district in which the person resides or
15	is found or in which the evidence or information is
16	located, to the person issuing the order to appear
17	who shall advise the judge or judge magistrate au-
18	thorizing execution.
19	"(d) Transfer of Requests.—
20	"(1) In general.—The judge or judge mag-
21	istrate may transfer a request under subsection (c)
22	or that portion requiring the appearance of that per-
23	son, to the other district if—
24	"(A) the inconvenience to the person is
25	cubetantial, and

1	"(B) the transfer is unlikely to adversely
2	affect the effective or timely execution of the re-
3	quest or a portion thereof.
4	"(2) Execution.—Upon transfer, the judge or
5	judge magistrate to whom the request or a portion
6	thereof is transferred shall complete its execution in
7	accordance with subsections (a) and (b).".
8	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
9	The analysis for chapter 117 of title 28, United States
10	Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
	"1785. Assistance to foreign authorities.".
11	SEC. 9403. TEMPORARY TRANSFER TO FOREIGN COUNTRY
12	OF INCARCERATED WITNESSES.
13	(a) In General.—Section 3508 of title 18, United
13 14	(a) In General.—Section 3508 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
14	States Code, is amended—
14 15 16	States Code, is amended— (1) by striking the section heading and insert-
14 15 16	States Code, is amended— (1) by striking the section heading and inserting the following:
14 15 16 17	States Code, is amended— (1) by striking the section heading and inserting the following: "§ 3508. Temporary transfer of witnesses in custody";
14 15 16 17	States Code, is amended— (1) by striking the section heading and inserting the following: "§ 3508. Temporary transfer of witnesses in custody"; (2) by striking subsections (b) and (c) and in-
114 115 116 117 118	States Code, is amended— (1) by striking the section heading and inserting the following: "§ 3508. Temporary transfer of witnesses in custody"; (2) by striking subsections (b) and (c) and inserting the following:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	States Code, is amended— (1) by striking the section heading and inserting the following: "§ 3508. Temporary transfer of witnesses in custody"; (2) by striking subsections (b) and (c) and inserting the following: "(b) Transfer Authority.—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	States Code, is amended— (1) by striking the section heading and inserting the following: "\$ 3508. Temporary transfer of witnesses in custody"; (2) by striking subsections (b) and (c) and inserting the following: "(b) Transfer Authority.— "(1) In general.—If the testimony of a per-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	States Code, is amended— (1) by striking the section heading and inserting the following: "§ 3508. Temporary transfer of witnesses in custody"; (2) by striking subsections (b) and (c) and inserting the following: "(b) Transfer Authority.— "(1) In general.—If the testimony of a person who is serving a sentence, in pretrial detention,

1	"(A) temporarily transfer that person to
2	the foreign country for the purpose of giving
3	the testimony;
4	"(B) transport that person from the
5	United States in custody;
6	"(C) make appropriate arrangements for
7	custody for that person while outside the
8	United States; and
9	"(D) return that person in custody to the
10	United States from the foreign country.
11	"(2) Persons held for state law viola-
12	TIONS.—If the person is being held in custody for a
13	violation of State law, the Attorney General may ex-
14	ercise the authority described in this subsection if
15	the appropriate State authorities give their consent.
16	"(c) Return of Persons Transferred.—
17	"(1) IN GENERAL.—If the transfer to or from
18	the United States of a person in custody for the pur-
19	pose of giving testimony is provided for by treaty or
20	convention, by this section, or both, that person shall
21	be returned to the United States, or to the foreign
22	country from which the person is transferred.
23	"(2) Limitation.—In no event shall the return
24	of a person under this subsection require any re-
25	quest for extradition or extradition proceedings, or

1	require that person to be subject to deportation or
2	exclusion proceedings under the laws of the United
3	States, or the foreign country from which the person
4	is transferred.
5	"(d) Applicability of International Agree-
6	MENTS.—If there is an international agreement between
7	the United States and the foreign country in which a wit-
8	ness is being held in custody or to which the witness will
9	be transferred from the United States, that provides for
10	the transfer, custody, and return of those witnesses, the
11	terms and conditions of that international agreement shall
12	apply. If there is no such international agreement, the At-
13	torney General may exercise the authority described in
14	subsections (a) and (b) if both the foreign country and
15	the witness give their consent.
16	"(e) Rights of Persons Transferred.—
17	"(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of
18	law, a person held in custody in a foreign country
19	who is transferred to the United States pursuant to
20	this section for the purpose of giving testimony—
21	"(A) shall not by reason of that transfer,
22	during the period that person is present in the
23	United States pursuant to that transfer, be en-
24	titled to apply for or obtain any right or remedy
25	under the Immigration and Nationality Act (8

1	U.S.C. 1101 et seq.), including the right to
2	apply for or be granted asylum or withholding
3	of deportation or any right to remain in the
4	United States under any other law; and
5	"(B) may be summarily removed from the
6	United States upon order of the Attorney Gen-
7	eral.
8	"(2) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in
9	this subsection may be construed to create any sub-
10	stantive or procedural right or benefit to remain in
11	the United States that is legally enforceable in a
12	court of law of the United States or of a State by
13	any party against the United States or its agencies
14	or officers.
15	"(f) Consistency With International Obliga-
16	TIONS.—The Attorney General shall not take any action
17	under this section to transfer or return a person to a for-
18	eign country unless the Attorney General determines, after
19	consultation with the Secretary of State, that transfer or
20	return would be consistent with the international obliga-
21	tions of the United States. A determination by the Attor-
22	ney General under this subsection shall not be subject to

- 24 (b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
- 25 The analysis for chapter 223 of title 18, United States

23 judicial review by any court.".

1	Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section
2	3508 and inserting the following:
	"3508. Temporary transfer of witnesses in custody.".
3	SEC. 9404. DISCRETIONARY AUTHORITY TO USE FORFEIT-
4	URE PROCEEDS.
5	Section 524(c)(1) of title 28, United States Code, is
6	amended by—
7	(1) redesignating subparagraph (I) beginning
8	with "after all" as subparagraph (J);
9	(2) in subparagraph (J) as redesignated, strik-
10	ing the period and inserting ", and"; and
11	(3) adding at the end the following:
12	"(K) at the discretion of the Attorney Gen-
13	eral, payments to return forfeited property re-
14	patriated to the United States by a foreign gov-
15	ernment or others acting at the direction of a
16	foreign government, and interest earned on the
17	property, if—
18	"(i) a final foreign judgment entered
19	against a foreign government or those act-
20	ing at its direction, which foreign judgment
21	was based on the measures, such as sei-
22	zure and repatriation of property, that re-
23	sulted in deposit of the funds into the
24	Fund;

1	"(ii) the foreign judgment was entered
2	and presented to the Attorney General not
3	later than 5 years after the date on which
4	the property was repatriated to the United
5	States;
6	"(iii) the foreign government or those
7	acting at its direction vigorously defended
8	its actions under its own laws; and
9	"(iv) the amount of the disbursement
10	does not exceed the amount of funds de-
11	posited to the Fund, plus interest earned
12	on those funds pursuant to section
13	524(c)(5), less any awards and equitable
14	shares paid by the Fund to the foreign
15	government or those acting at its direction
16	in connection with a particular case.".
17	Subtitle F—Streamlining the Inves-
18	tigation and Prosecution of
19	International Crimes in United
20	States Courts
21	SEC. 9501. REIMBURSEMENT OF STATE AND LOCAL LAW
22	ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES IN INTER-
23	NATIONAL CRIME CASES.
24	The Attorney General may obligate, as necessary ex-
25	penses, from any appropriate appropriation account avail-

- 1 able to the Department of Justice in fiscal year 1999 or
- 2 any fiscal year thereafter, the cost of reimbursement to
- 3 State or local law enforcement agencies for translation
- 4 services and related expenses, including transportation ex-
- 5 penses, in cases involving extradition or requests for mu-
- 6 tual legal assistance from foreign governments.

7 SEC. 9502. STRENGTHEN WAR CRIMES OFFENSE.

- 8 Section 2441 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 9 amended in subsection (b), by inserting ": (1)" after
- 10 "are", and by adding the following before the period: ";
- 11 (2) the perpetrator is found in the United States after
- 12 the crime is committed; or (3) the crime occurs within the
- 13 United States".
- 14 SEC. 9503. SAFE CONDUCT FOR FOREIGN WITNESSES TES-
- 15 TIFYING IN UNITED STATES COURTS.
- 16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 305 of title 18, United
- 17 States Code, as amended by section 9106 of this Act, is
- 18 amended by adding at the end the following:
- 19 "§ 4088. Safe conduct for witnesses temporarily in the
- 20 United States
- 21 "(a) Definitions.—In this section:
- 22 "(1) Federal Law enforcement officer.—
- The term 'Federal law enforcement officer' has the
- meaning given the term in section 115.

1	"(2) Magistrate judge.—The term 'mag-
2	istrate judge' has the meaning given the term in
3	Rule 54 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.
4	"(3) State.—The term 'State' means a State
5	of the United States, the District of Columbia, and
6	any commonwealth, territory, or possession of the
7	United States.
8	"(b) Safe Conduct.—The Attorney General may
9	determine that, if a person located outside the United
10	States is requested by a magistrate judge or Federal law
11	enforcement officer to appear and provide testimony or
12	answer questions in the United States in connection with
13	any Federal or State criminal matter, the person shall not
14	be subject to service of process, or be detained or subjected
15	to any restriction of personal liberty, by reason of any acts
16	or convictions that preceded the departure of that person
17	from the foreign jurisdiction.
18	"(c) Terms and Conditions.—
19	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may
20	specify in any grant of safe conduct the appropriate
21	duration and conditions of the grant.
22	"(2) Time period.—Absent contrary direction
23	by the Attorney General, the safe conduct provided
24	for by this section shall expire not later the earlier
25	of—

1	"(A) the date on which the person leaves
2	the United States; or
3	"(B) 7 days after the earlier of—
4	"(i) the date on which the person
5	completes the testimony of that person or
6	the answers of that person to the ques-
7	tions; or
8	"(ii) the date on which the requesting
9	magistrate judge or Federal law enforce-
10	ment officer has notified either the person
11	or the appropriate authorities in the for-
12	eign jurisdiction that the presence of that
13	person in the United States is no longer
14	required.
15	"(3) Immigration status and removal.—
16	Absent contrary direction by the Attorney General,
17	persons granted safe conduct—
18	"(A) shall not be entitled to apply for or
19	obtain any light or remedy under the Immigra-
20	tion and Nationality Act, for so long as they are
21	present in the United States pursuant to those
22	grants; and
23	"(B) may be summarily removed from the
24	United States at the expiration of the safe con-
25	duct period upon order of the Attorney General,

1	and those orders shall not be subject to admin-
2	istrative or judicial review.
3	"(d) Judicial Review.—A determination by the At-
4	torney General to grant, deny, or condition safe conduct
5	under this section shall not be subject to judicial review.
6	"(e) Treaty Provisions.—To the extent the provi-
7	sions of an applicable mutual legal assistance treaty are
8	inconsistent with this section, the treaty provisions shall
9	apply.".
10	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
11	The analysis for chapter 305 of title 18, United States
12	Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
	"4088. Safe conduct for witnesses temporarily in the United States.".
13	SEC. 9504. PROHIBITING FUGITIVES FROM BENEFITING
14	FROM TIME SERVED ABROAD.
1415	FROM TIME SERVED ABROAD. Section 3585 of title 18, United States Code, is
15	Section 3585 of title 18, United States Code, is
15 16	Section 3585 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
15 16 17	Section 3585 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(c) Exclusion for Time Served Abroad.—Not-
15 16 17 18	Section 3585 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(c) Exclusion for Time Served Abroad.—Notwithstanding subsection (b), a defendant shall receive no
15 16 17 18	Section 3585 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(c) Exclusion for Time Served Abroad.—Not-withstanding subsection (b), a defendant shall receive no credit for any time spent in official detention in a foreign
115 116 117 118 119 220	Section 3585 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(c) Exclusion for Time Served Abroad.—Not-withstanding subsection (b), a defendant shall receive no credit for any time spent in official detention in a foreign country if—

1	"(2) the United States officially requested the
2	return of the defendant to the United States for
3	prosecution or imprisonment; and
4	"(3) the defendant is in custody in the foreign
5	country pending surrender to the United States for
6	prosecution or imprisonment.".
7	SEC. 9505. SUSPENSION OF STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS FOR
8	COLLECTION OF EVIDENCE LOCATED
9	ABROAD.
10	Section 3292(b) of title 18, United States Code, is
11	amended to read as follows:
12	"(b) Period of Suspension.—Except as provided
13	in subsection (c), a period of suspension under this section
14	shall begin on the date on which the official request is
15	made and end on the date on which, the foreign court or
16	authority having taken final action on the request and
17	having transmitted the decision or results to the United
18	States, the decision or results are delivered to the request-
19	ing United States authority.".
20	SEC. 9506. CLARIFICATION OF DISCRETIONARY NATURE OF
21	PAYMENTS TO INFORMANTS.
22	Section 619(a)(2) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19
23	U.S.C. 1619(a)(2)) is amended, in the flush matter follow-
24	ing subparagraph (B), by inserting "(or a designee of the

1	Secretary), in the sole discretion of the Secretary (or des-
2	ignee), "after "the Secretary".
3	SEC. 9507. CRIMINAL OFFENSES COMMITTED OUTSIDE THE
4	UNITED STATES BY PERSONS ACCOMPANY-
5	ING THE ARMED FORCES.
6	(a) In General.—Title 18, United States Code, is
7	amended by inserting after chapter 211 the following:
8	"CHAPTER 212—CRIMINAL OFFENSES
9	COMMITTED OUTSIDE THE UNITED
10	STATES
11	"§ 3261. Criminal offenses committed by persons for-
12	merly serving with, or presently em-
13	ployed by or accompanying, the Armed
14	Forces outside the United States
15	"(a) Whoever, while serving with, employed by, or ac-
16	companying the Armed Forces outside the United States,
17	engages in conduct which would constitute an offense pun-
18	ishable by imprisonment for more than 1 year if the con-
19	duct had been engaged in within the special maritime and
20	territorial jurisdiction of the United States, shall be guilty
21	of a like offense and subject to a like punishment.
22	"(b) Nothing contained in this chapter deprives
23	courts-martial, military commissions, provost courts, or
24	other military tribunals of concurrent jurisdiction with re-
25	spect to offenders or offenses that by statute or by the

- 1 law of war may be tried by courts-martial, military com-
- 2 missions, provost courts, or other military tribunals.
- 3 "(c) No prosecution may be commenced under this
- 4 section if a foreign government, in accordance with juris-
- 5 diction recognized by the United States, has prosecuted
- 6 or is prosecuting such person for the conduct constituting
- 7 such offense, except upon the approval of the Attorney
- 8 General of the United States or the Deputy Attorney Gen-
- 9 eral of the United States (or a person acting in either such
- 10 capacity), which function of approval may not be dele-
- 11 gated.
- 12 "(d)(1) The Secretaries of Defense and Transpor-
- 13 tation may designate and authorize any person serving in
- 14 a law enforcement position in the Department of Defense
- 15 and the Department of Transportation when the Coast
- 16 Guard is not operating as part of the Navy to arrest out-
- 17 side the United States any person described in subsection
- 18 (a) of this section who there is probable cause to believe
- 19 engaged in conduct which constitutes a criminal offense
- 20 under such section.
- 21 "(2) A person arrested under paragraph (1) of this
- 22 section shall be released to the custody of civilian law en-
- 23 forcement authorities of the United States for removal to
- 24 the United States for judicial proceedings in relation to
- 25 conduct referred to in such paragraph unless—

1	"(A) such person is delivered to authorities of
2	a foreign country under section 3262 of this title; or
3	"(B) charges are preferred against such person
4	under chapter 47 of title 10 for such conduct.
5	" \S 3262. Delivery to authorities of foreign countries
6	"(a) A person described in section 3261(a) of this
7	title may be delivered to the appropriate authorities of a
8	foreign country in which such person is alleged to have
9	engaged in conduct described in such subsection (a) of this
10	section if—
11	"(1) the appropriate authorities of that country
12	request the delivery of the person to such country
13	for trial for such conduct as an offense under the
14	laws of that country; and
15	"(2) the delivery of such person to that country
16	is authorized by a treaty or other international
17	agreement to which the United States is a party.
18	"(b) The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with
19	the Secretary of State, shall determine what officials of
20	a foreign country constitute appropriate authorities for
21	the purpose of this section.
22	"§ 3263. Regulations
23	"The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the
24	Secretary of State, shall issue regulations governing the
25	apprehension, detention, and removal of persons under

1	this chapter. Such regulations shall be uniform throughout
2	the Department of Defense.
3	"§ 3264. Definitions for chapter
4	"As used in this chapter—
5	"(1) a person is 'employed by the Armed
6	Forces outside the United States'—
7	"(A) if he or she is employed as a civilian
8	employee of a military department or of the De-
9	partment of Defense, as a Department of De-
10	fense contractor, or as an employee of a De-
11	partment of Defense contractor;
12	"(B) is present or residing outside the
13	United States in connection with such employ-
14	ment; and
15	"(C) is not a national of the host nation
16	"(2) a person is 'accompanying the Armed
17	Forces outside the United States' if he or she—
18	"(A) is a dependent of a member of the
19	Armed Forces or of a civilian employee of a
20	military department or of the Department of
21	Defense;
22	"(B) is residing with the member or civil-
23	ian employee outside the United States; and
24	"(C) is not a national of the host nation."

1	(b) The table of chapters at the beginning of part
2	II of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting
3	after the item relating to chapter 211 the following:
	"212. Criminal Offenses Committed Outside the United States
4	TITLE X—STRENGTHENING THE
5	AIR, LAND, AND SEA BOR-
6	DERS OF THE UNITED STATES
7	Subtitle A—Violence Committed
8	Along United States Borders
9	SEC. 10001. FELONY PUNISHMENT FOR VIOLENCE COMMIT-
10	TED ALONG THE UNITED STATES BORDERS.
11	(a) In General.—Chapter 27 of title 18, United
12	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
13	ing:
14	"§ 554. Violence while eluding inspection or during
15	violation of arrival, reporting, entry, or
16	clearance requirements
17	"(a) In General.—Whoever attempts to commit or
18	commits a crime of violence or recklessly operates any con-
19	veyance during and in relation to—
20	"(1)(A) attempting to elude or eluding immi-
21	gration, customs, or agriculture inspection; or
22	"(B) failing to stop at the command of an offi-
23	cer or employee of the United States charged with
24	enforcing the immigration, customs, or other laws of

1	the United States along any border of the United
2	States; or
3	"(2) an intentional violation of arrival, report-
4	ing, entry, or clearance requirements, as set forth in
5	section 107 of the Federal Plant Pest Act (7 U.S.C.
6	150ff), section 10 of the Act of August 20, 1912
7	(commonly known as the 'Plant Quarantine Act' (7
8	U.S.C. 164a)), section 7 of the Federal Noxious
9	Weed Act of 1974 (7 U.S.C. 2807), section 431,
10	433, 434, or 459 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19
11	U.S.C. 1431, 1433, 1434, and 1459), section 10 of
12	the Act of August 30, 1890 (26 Stat. 417; chapter
13	839 (21 U.S.C. 105), section 2 of the Act of Feb-
14	ruary 2, 1903 (32 Stat. 792; chapter 349; 21 U.S.C.
15	111), section 4197 of the Revised Statutes (46
16	U.S.C. App. 91), or sections 231, 232, and 234
17	through 238 of the Immigration and Nationality Act
18	(8 U.S.C. 1221, 1222, and 1224 through 1228)
19	shall be—
20	"(A) fined under this title, imprisoned not
21	more than 5 years, or both;
22	"(B) if bodily injury (as defined in section
23	1365(g)) results, fined under this title, impris-
24	oned not more than 10 years, or both; or

1	"(C) if death results, fined under this title,
2	imprisoned for any term of years or for life, or
3	both, and may be sentenced to death.
4	"(b) Conspiracy.—If 2 or more persons conspire to
5	commit an offense under subsection (a), and 1 or more
6	of those persons do any act to effect the object of the con-
7	spiracy, each shall be punishable as a principal, except
8	that a sentence of death may not be imposed.".
9	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
10	The analysis for chapter 27 of title 18, United States
11	Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
	"554. Violence while eluding inspection or during violation of arrival, reporting, entry, or clearance requirements.".
12	(c) Reckless Endangerment.—Section 111 of
13	title 18, United States Code, is amended—
14	(1) by redesignating subsection (b) as sub-
15	section (c); and
16	(2) by inserting after subsection (a) the follow-
17	ing:
18	"(b) Reckless Endangerment.—Whoever—
19	"(1) knowingly disregards or disobeys the law-
20	ful authority or command of any officer or employee
21	of the United States charged with enforcing the im-
22	migration, customs, or other laws of the United
23	States along any border of the United States while

1	engaged in, or on account of, the performance of of-
2	ficial duties of that officer or employee; and
3	"(2) as a result of disregarding or disobeying
4	an authority or command referred to in paragraph
5	(1), endangers the safety of any person or property,
6	shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than
7	6 months, or both.".
8	Subtitle B—Strengthening Mari-
9	time Law Enforcement Along
10	United States Borders
11	SEC. 11001. SANCTIONS FOR FAILURE TO HEAVE TO, OB-
12	STRUCTING A LAWFUL BOARDING, AND PRO-
13	VIDING FALSE INFORMATION.
14	(a) In General.—Chapter 109 of title 18, United
15	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
16	ing:
17	"§ 2237. Sanctions for failure to heave to; sanctions
18	for obstruction of boarding or providing
19	false information
20	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
21	"(1) Federal Law enforcement officer.—
22	The term 'Federal law enforcement officer' has the
23	meaning given that term in section 115(c).
24	"(2) Heave to.—The term 'heave to' means
25	with respect to a vessel, to cause that vessel to slow

- or come to a stop to facilitate a law enforcement boarding by adjusting the course and speed of the vessel to account for the weather conditions and the sea state.
 - "(3) VESSEL OF THE UNITED STATES; VESSEL SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE UNITED STATES.—The terms 'vessel of the United States' and 'vessel subject to the jurisdiction of the United States' have the meanings given those terms in section 3 of the Maritime Drug Law Enforcement Act (46 U.S.C. App. 1903).
- 12 "(b) Failure To Obey an Order To Heave to.—
 - "(1) IN GENERAL.—It shall be unlawful for the master, operator, or person in charge of a vessel of the United States or a vessel subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, to fail to obey an order to heave to that vessel on being ordered to do so by an authorized Federal law enforcement officer.
 - "(2) Impeding boarding; providing false information in connection with a boarding.—
 It shall be unlawful for any person on board a vessel of the United States or a vessel subject to the jurisdiction of the United States knowingly or willfully to—

1	"(A) fail to comply with an order of an au-
2	thorized Federal law enforcement officer in con-
3	nection with the boarding of the vessel;
4	"(B) impede or obstruct a boarding or ar-
5	rest, or other law enforcement action authorized
6	by any Federal law; or
7	"(C) provide false information to a Federal
8	law enforcement officer during a boarding of a
9	vessel regarding the destination, origin, owner-
10	ship, registration, nationality, cargo, or crew of
11	the vessel.
12	"(c) Statutory Construction.—Nothing in this
13	section may be construed to limit the authority granted
14	before the date of enactment of the Safe Schools, Safe
15	Streets, and Secure Borders Act of 1998 to—
16	"(1) a customs officer under section 581 of the
17	Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1581) or any other
18	provision of law enforced or administered by the
19	United States Customs Service; or
20	"(2) any Federal law enforcement officer under
21	any Federal law to order a vessel to heave to.
22	"(d) Consent or Waiver of Objection by a For-
23	EIGN COUNTRY.—
24	"(1) In general.—A foreign country may con-
25	sent to or waive objection to the enforcement of

1	United States law by the United States under this
2	section by international agreement or, on a case-by-
3	case basis, by radio, telephone, or similar oral or
4	electronic means.
5	"(2) Proof of consent or waiver.—The
6	Secretary of State or a designee of the Secretary of
7	State may prove a consent or waiver described in
8	paragraph (1) by certification.
9	"(e) Penalties.—Any person who intentionally vio-
10	lates any provision of this section shall be fined under this
11	title, imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both.
12	"(f) Seizure of Vessels.—
13	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A vessel that is used in vio-
14	lation of this section may be seized and forfeited.
15	"(2) Applicability of laws.—
16	"(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
17	graph (C), the laws described in subparagraph
18	(B) shall apply to seizures and forfeitures un-
19	dertaken, or alleged to have been undertaken,
20	under any provision of this section.
21	"(B) Laws described.—The laws de-
22	scribed in this subparagraph are the laws relat-
23	ing to the seizure, summary, judicial forfeiture,
24	and condemnation of property for violation of
25	the customs laws, the disposition of the prop-

1	erty or the proceeds from the sale thereof, the
2	remission or mitigation of the forfeitures, and
3	the compromise of claims.

"(C) EXECUTION OF DUTIES BY OFFICERS
AND AGENTS.—Any duty that is imposed upon
a customs officer or any other person with respect to the seizure and forfeiture of property
under the customs laws shall be performed with
respect to a seizure or forfeiture of property
under this section by the officer, agent, or other
person that is authorized or designated for that
purpose.

- "(3) IN REM LIABILITY.—A vessel that is used in violation of this section shall, in addition to any other liability prescribed under this subsection, be liable in rem for any fine or civil penalty imposed under this section.".
- 18 (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—
 19 The analysis for chapter 109 of title 18, United States
 20 Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"2237. Sanctions for failure to heave to; sanctions for obstruction of boarding or providing false information.".

1	SEC. 11002. CIVIL PENALTIES TO SUPPORT MARITIME LAW
2	ENFORCEMENT.
3	(a) In General.—Chapter 17 of title 14, United
4	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
5	ing:
6	"§ 675. Civil penalty for failure to comply with a law-
7	ful boarding, obstruction of boarding, or
8	providing false information
9	"(a) In General.—Any person who violates section
10	2237(b) of title 18 shall be liable for a civil penalty of
11	not more than \$25,000.
12	"(b) In Rem Liability.—In addition to being sub-
13	ject to the liability under subsection (a), a vessel used to
14	violate an order relating to the boarding of a vessel issued
15	under the authority of section 2237 of title 18 shall be
16	liable in rem and may be seized, forfeited, and sold in ac-
17	cordance with section 594 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19
18	U.S.C. 1594).".
19	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
20	The analysis for chapter 17 of title 14, United States
21	Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
	"675. Civil penalty for failure to comply with a lawful boarding, obstruction of

- 22 SEC. 11003. CUSTOMS ORDERS.
- Section 581 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.

boarding, or providing false information.".

24 1581) is amended by adding at the end the following:

1	"(i) AUTHORIZED PLACE DEFINED.—In this section,
2	the term 'authorized place' includes, with respect to a ves-
3	sel or vehicle, a location in a foreign country at which
4	United States customs officers are permitted to conduct
5	inspections, examinations, or searches.".
6	Subtitle C-Smuggling of Contra-
7	band and Other Illegal Products
8	SEC. 12001. SMUGGLING CONTRABAND AND OTHER GOODS
9	FROM THE UNITED STATES.
10	(a) In General.—
11	(1) Smuggling goods from the united
12	STATES.—Chapter 27 of title 18, United States
13	Code, as amended by section 10001 of this Act, is
14	amended by adding at the end the following:
15	"§ 555. Smuggling goods from the United States
16	"(a) United States Defined.—In this section, the
17	term 'United States' has the meaning given that term in
18	section 545.
19	"(b) Penalties.—Whoever—
20	"(1) fraudulently or knowingly exports or sends
21	from the United States, or attempts to export or
22	send from the United States, any merchandise, arti-
23	cle, or object contrary to any law of the United
24	States (including any regulation of the United
25	States): or

- 1 "(2) receives, conceals, buys, sells, or in any
- 2 manner facilitates the transportation, concealment,
- 3 or sale of that merchandise, article, or object, prior
- 4 to exportation, knowing that merchandise, article, or
- 5 object to be intended for exportation contrary to any
- 6 law of the United States,
- 7 shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than
- 8 5 years, or both.".
- 9 (2) Technical and conforming amend-
- 10 MENT.—The analysis for chapter 27 of title 18,
- 11 United States Code, is amended by adding at the
- end the following:

"555. Smuggling goods from the United States.".

- 13 (b) Laundering of Monetary Instruments.—
- 14 Section 1956(c)(7)(D) of title 18, United States Code, is
- 15 amended by inserting "section 555 (relating to smuggling
- 16 goods from the United States)," before "section 641 (re-
- 17 lating to public money, property, or records),".
- 18 (c) Merchandise Exported From United
- 19 States.—Section 596 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19
- 20 U.S.C. 1595a) is amended by adding at the end the follow-
- 21 ing:
- 22 "(d) Merchandise Exported From the United
- 23 States.—Merchandise exported or sent from the United
- 24 States or attempted to be exported or sent from the
- 25 United States contrary to law, or the value thereof, and

1	property used to facilitate the receipt, purchase, transpor-
2	tation, concealment, or sale of that merchandise prior to
3	exportation shall be forfeited to the United States.".
4	SEC. 12002. CONTROLLING ILLICIT LIQUOR TRAFFICKING.
5	(a) In General.—Title 18, United States Code, is
6	amended—
7	(1) in section 546—
8	(A) by inserting ", vehicle, aircraft, con-
9	veyance or other mode of transportation" after
10	"vessel" each place it appears; and
11	(B) by striking "if under the laws of such
12	foreign government any penalty or forfeiture is
13	provided for violation of the laws of the United
14	States respecting the customs revenue,";
15	(2) by striking section 1261 and inserting the
16	following:
17	"§ 1261. Enforcement
18	"The Secretary of the Treasury shall enforce this
19	chapter and may promulgate such regulations as the Sec-
20	retary determines to be necessary to carry out this chap-
21	ter.";
22	(3) in section $1956(e)(7)(D)$, by inserting be-
23	fore "section 549 (relating to removing goods from
24	Customs custody)" the following: "section 546 (re-

1	lating to smuggling goods into foreign countries),";
2	and
3	(4) in chapter 59, by adding at the end the fol-
4	lowing:
5	"§ 1266. Trafficking in contraband liquor
6	"(a) State Defined.—In this section, the term
7	'State' includes a State of the United States, the District
8	of Columbia, and a commonwealth, territory, or possession
9	of the United States.
10	"(b) Prohibition.—It shall be unlawful for any per-
11	son to ship or transport or attempt to ship or transport,
12	or introduce or attempt to introduce, more than 360 liters
13	of distilled spirits from 1 State into another State or for-
14	eign country, or receive or possess more than 360 liters
15	of distilled spirits that have been transported in interstate
16	or foreign commerce in violation of Federal or State law.
17	"(c) Penalties.—
18	"(1) In general.—Whoever knowingly violates
19	subsection (b)—
20	"(A) in the case of a violation involving a
21	quantity of distilled spirits of 15,000 liters or
22	less, shall be fined under this title, imprisoned
23	not more than 5 years, or both; or
24	"(B) in the case of a violation involving a
25	quantity of distilled spirits of more than 15.000

1	liters, shall be fined under this title, imprisoned
2	not more than 10 years, or both.
3	"(2) Seizure and forfeiture.—Subject to
4	paragraph (3), the Secretary of the Treasury shall
5	seize and forfeit, in accordance with section 9703(o)
6	of title 31, any—
7	"(A) conveyance, liquor, or monetary in-
8	strument (that is included under the definition
9	of 'monetary instruments' in section 5312 of
10	title 31) involved in a violation of this section;
11	or
12	"(B) property (real or personal) that con-
13	stitutes or is derived from proceeds traceable to
14	a violation of this section.
15	"(3) Limitation.—No property shall be for-
16	feited under this section to the extent of the interest
17	of an owner or lien holder by reason of any act or
18	omission established by that owner or lien holder to
19	have been committed without the knowledge of that
20	owner or lien holder.
21	"(4) Seizure and forfeiture.—
22	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In imposing sentence
23	on a person convicted of violating this section,
24	the court shall order that person to forfeit to

1	the United States any property described in
2	paragraph (2) involved in the violation.
3	"(B) Applicable laws.—The seizure and
4	forfeiture of property referred to in subpara-
5	graph (A) shall be governed by subsections (b),
6	(c), and (e) through (p) of section 413 of the
7	Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and
8	Control Act of 1970 (21 U.S.C. 853).
9	"(d) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this
10	chapter may be construed to affect the concurrent jurisdic-
11	tion of a State to enact and enforce liquor laws, to provide
12	for the confiscation of liquor and other property seized for
13	violation of those laws, and to provide for penalties for
14	the violation of those laws.".
15	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
16	The analysis for chapter 59 of title 18, United States
17	Code, is amended—
18	(1) by striking the item relating to section 1261
19	and inserting the following:
	"1261. Enforcement."; and
20	(2) by adding at the end the following:
	"1266. Trafficking in contraband liquor.".

1	SEC. 12003. STRENGTHENING OF STATUTE PUNISHING EVA-
2	SION OR EMBEZZLEMENT OF CUSTOMS DU-
3	TIES.
4	(a) In General.—Section 542 of title 18, United
5	States Code, is amended—
6	(1) in the section heading, by adding "theft,
7	embezzlement, or misapplication of du-
8	ties" at the end;
9	(2) by redesignating the fourth and fifth undes-
10	ignated paragraphs as subsections (b) and (c), re-
11	spectively;
12	(3) in the third undesignated paragraph—
13	(A) by striking "Shall be fined" and in-
14	serting the following:
15	"shall be fined"; and
16	(B) by striking "two years" and inserting
17	"5 years";
18	(4) in the second undesignated paragraph—
19	(A) by striking "Whoever is guilty" and in-
20	serting the following:
21	"(2) is guilty"; and
22	(B) by striking "act or omission—" and
23	inserting "act or omission; or";
24	(5) in the first undesignated paragraph, by
25	striking "Whoever knowingly effects" and inserting
26	the following:

1	"(a) Whoever—
2	"(1) knowingly effects"; and
3	(6) in subsection (a), (as so designated by para-
4	graph (5) of this subsection) by inserting after para-
5	graph (2) (as so designated by paragraph (4) of this
6	subsection) the following:
7	"(3) embezzles, steals, abstracts, purloins, will-
8	fully misapplies, willfully permits to be misapplied
9	or wrongfully converts to his own use, or to the use
10	of another, moneys, funds, credits, assets, securities
11	or other property entrusted to his or her custody or
12	care, or to the custody or care of another for the
13	purpose of paying any lawful duties;".
14	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
15	The analysis for chapter 27 of title 18, United States
16	Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section
17	542 and inserting the following:
	"542. Entry of goods by means of false statements, theft, embezzlement, or misapplication of duties.".
18	SEC. 12004. FALSE CERTIFICATIONS RELATING TO EX
19	PORTS.
20	(a) In General.—Chapter 27 of title 18, United
21	States Code, as amended by section 2301 of this Act, is
22	amended by adding at the end the following:

1 "§ 556. False certifications relating to exports

- 2 "Whoever knowingly transmits in interstate or for-
- 3 eign commerce any false or fraudulent certificate of origin,
- 4 invoice, declaration, affidavit, letter, paper, or statement
- 5 (whether written or otherwise), that represents explicitly
- 6 or implicitly that goods, wares, or merchandise to be ex-
- 7 ported qualify for purposes of any international trade
- 8 agreement to which the United States is a signatory shall
- 9 be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 5
- 10 years, or both.".
- 11 (b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
- 12 The analysis for chapter 27 of title 18, United States
- 13 Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "556. False certifications relating to exports.".
- 14 Subtitle D—Strengthening Immi-
- 15 gration Laws To Exclude Inter-
- 16 national Criminals From the
- 17 United States
- 18 SEC. 13001. INADMISSIBILITY OF PERSONS FLEEING PROS-
- 19 ECUTION IN OTHER COUNTRIES.
- 20 (a) New Grounds of Inadmissibility.—Section
- 21 212(a)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
- 22 U.S.C. 1182(a)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the
- 23 following:
- 24 "(G) Unlawful flight to avoid pros-
- 25 ECUTION.—Any alien who is coming to the

- United States solely, principally, or incidentally to avoid lawful prosecution in a foreign country for a crime involving moral turpitude (other than a purely political offense) is inadmissible.".

 (b) Countries to Which Aliens May Be Re-
- 6 (b) COUNTRIES TO WHICH ALIENS MAY BE RE7 MOVED.—Section 241(b) of the Immigration and Nation8 ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1231(b)) is amended—
- 9 (1) in paragraph (3), by striking "paragraphs 10 (1) and (2)" and inserting "paragraphs (1), (2), and (4)"; and
- 12 (2) by adding at the end the following:
- "(4) Aliens sought for prosecution.— 13 14 Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2) of this sub-15 section, any alien who is found removable under sec-16 tion 212(a)(2)(G) (or section 212(a)(2)(G) as ap-17 plied pursuant to section 237(a)(1)(A)), shall be re-18 moved to the country seeking prosecution of that 19 alien unless, in the discretion of the Attorney Gen-20 eral, the removal is determined to be impracticable, 21 inadvisable, or impossible. In that case, removal 22 shall be directed according to paragraphs (1) and 23 (2) of this subsection.".

1	SEC. 13002. INADMISSIBILITY OF PERSONS INVOLVED IN
2	RACKETEERING AND ARMS TRAFFICKING.
3	(a) New Grounds of Inadmissibility.—Section
4	212(a)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
5	U.S.C. 1182(a)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the
6	following:
7	"(G) RACKETEERING ACTIVITIES.—Any
8	alien is inadmissible if the consular officer or
9	the Attorney General knows or has reason to
10	believe that the alien—
11	"(i) is or has been engaged in activi-
12	ties that, if engaged in within the United
13	States, would constitute 'pattern of rack-
14	eteering activity' (as defined in section
15	1961 of title 18, United States Code) or
16	has been a knowing assister, abettor, or
17	conspirator with others in any such illicit
18	activity; or
19	"(ii) is the spouse or adult child of an
20	alien inadmissible under clause (i), has,
21	during the preceding 5-year period, ob-
22	tained any financial or other benefit from
23	the illicit activity of that alien, and knew
24	or reasonably should have known that the
25	financial or other benefit was the product
26	of the illicit activity.

1	"(H) Trafficking in firearms or nu-
2	CLEAR OR EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS.—Any alien
3	inadmissible if the consular officer or the Attor-
4	ney General knows or has reason to believe that
5	the alien—
6	"(i) is or has been engaged in illicit
7	trafficking of firearms (as defined in sec-
8	tion 921 of title 18, United States Code),
9	nuclear materials (as defined in section
10	831 of title 18, United States Code), or ex-
11	plosive materials (as defined in section 841
12	of title 18, United States Code); or has
13	been a knowing assister, abettor, conspira-
14	tor, or colluder with others in the illicit ac-
15	tivity; or
16	"(ii) is the spouse or adult child of an
17	alien inadmissible under clause (i), has,
18	during the preceding 5-year period, ob-
19	tained any financial or other benefit from
20	the illicit activity of that alien, and knew
21	or reasonably should have known that the
22	financial or other benefit was the product
23	of the illicit activity.".

1	(b) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—Section 212(h) of the Im-
2	migration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182) is amend-
3	ed, in the matter preceding paragraph (1)—
4	(1) by striking "The Attorney General" and all
5	that follows through "of subsection (a)(2)" and in-
6	serting the following: "The Attorney General may,
7	as a matter of discretion, waive the application of
8	subparagraphs $(A)(i)(I)$, (B) , $(C)(ii)$, (D) , (E) ,
9	(G)(ii), and (H)(ii) of subsection (a)(2),"; and
10	(2) by inserting before "if—" the following: ",
11	and subparagraph (G)(i) of that subsection insofar
12	as it relates to an offense other than an aggravated
13	felony".
14	SEC. 13003. INADMISSIBILITY OF PERSONS WHO HAVE BEN-
15	EFITED FROM ILLICIT ACTIVITIES OF DRUG
16	TRAFFICKERS.
17	Section 212(a)(2)(C) of the Immigration and Nation-
18	ality Act (8 U.S.C.1182 (a)(2)(C)) is amended to read as
19	follows:
20	"(C) Controlled substance traffick-
21	ERS.—Any alien is inadmissible if the consular
22	officer or the Attorney General knows or has
23	reason to believe that the alien—
24	"(i) is or has been an illicit trafficker
25	in any controlled substance or in any listed

1	chemical or listed precursor chemical (as
2	defined in section 102 of the Controlled
3	Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802)), or is or
4	has been a knowing assister, abettor, or
5	conspirator with others in the illicit traf-
6	ficking in any such controlled or listed sub-
7	stance or chemical; or
8	"(ii) is the spouse or adult child of an
9	alien inadmissible under clause (i), has,
10	during the preceding 5-year period, ob-
11	tained any financial or other benefit from
12	the illicit activity of that alien, and knew
13	or reasonably should have known that the
14	financial or other benefit was the product
15	of the illicit activity.".
16	SEC. 13004. INADMISSIBILITY OF PERSONS INVOLVED IN
17	INTERNATIONAL ALIEN SMUGGLING.
18	Section 212 of the Immigration and Nationality Act
19	(8 U.S.C. 1182) is amended—
20	(1) in subsection (a)(6), by striking subpara-
21	graph (E) and inserting the following:
22	"(E) Smugglers.—Any alien is inadmis-
23	sible if, at any time, the alien has knowingly en-
24	couraged, induced, assisted, abetted, or aided
25	for financial gain or profit any other alien—

1	"(i) to enter or try to enter the
2	United States in violation of law; or
3	"(ii) to enter or try to enter any other
4	country, if that alien knew or reasonably
5	should have known that the entry or at-
6	tempted entry was likely to be in further-
7	ance of the entry or attempted entry by
8	that alien into the United States in viola-
9	tion of law."; and
10	(2) in subsection (d)(11), by inserting "or to
11	enter any other country in furtherance of an entry
12	or attempted entry into the United States in viola-
13	tion of law" before the period at the end.
14	Subtitle E—Alien Smuggling
15	SEC. 14001. FORFEITURE FOR ALIEN SMUGGLING.
16	(a) Civil Forfeiture.—Section 274(b) of the Im-
17	migration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324(b)) is
18	amended—
19	(1) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2) and in-
20	serting the following:
21	"(1) The following property shall be subject to
22	seizure and forfeiture:
	scizare and forterare.
23	"(A) Any conveyance, including any vessel,

1	used in the commission of a violation of sub-
2	section (a).
3	"(B) Any property, real or personal—
4	"(i) that constitutes, or is derived
5	from or is traceable to the proceeds ob-
6	tained directly or indirectly from the com-
7	mission of a violation of subsection (a); or
8	"(ii) that is used to facilitate, or is in-
9	tended to be used to facilitate, the commis-
10	sion of a violation of subsection (a).
11	"(2) Any property subject to forfeiture to the
12	United States under this section may be seized by
13	the Attorney General in the manner set forth in sec-
14	tion 981(b) of title 18, United States Code."; and
15	(2) in paragraphs (4) and (5), by striking "a
16	conveyance" and "conveyance" each place it appears
17	and inserting "property".
18	(b) Criminal Forfeiture.—Section 274 of the Im-
19	migration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324) is amend-
20	ed—
21	(1) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as
22	subsections (e) and (f), respectively; and
23	(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the follow-
24	ing:
25	"(c) Criminal Forfeiture.—

1	"(1) Any person convicted of a violation of sub-
2	section (a) shall forfeit to the United States, irre-
3	spective of any provision of State law—
4	"(A) any conveyance, including any vessel,
5	vehicle, or aircraft used in the commission of a
6	violation of subsection (a); and
7	"(B) any property real or personal—
8	"(i) that constitutes, or is derived
9	from or is traceable to the proceeds ob-
10	tained directly or indirectly from the com-
11	mission of a violation of subsection (a); or
12	"(ii) that is used to facilitate, or is in-
13	tended to be used to facilitate, the commis-
14	sion of a violation of subsection (a).
15	"(2) The court, in imposing sentence on a per-
16	son described in paragraph, shall order that the per-
17	son forfeit to the United States all property de-
18	scribed in this subsection.
19	"(3) The criminal forfeiture of property under
20	this subsection, including any seizure and disposition
21	of the property and any related administrative or ju-
22	dicial proceeding, shall be governed by the provisions
23	of section 413 of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse
24	Prevention and Control Act of 1970 (21 U.S.C.

1	853), except for subsection 413(d) which shall not
2	apply to forfeitures under this subsection.".
3	Subtitle F—Trafficking in
4	Chemicals Used To Produce Drugs
5	SEC. 15001. IMPORT AND EXPORT OF CHEMICALS USED TO
6	PRODUCE ILLICIT DRUGS.
7	(a) Notification Prior to Transaction.—Sec-
8	tion 1018 of the Controlled Substances Import and Export
9	Act (21 U.S.C. 971) is amended—
10	(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the
11	following:
12	"(a) Notification Prior to Transaction.—Each
13	person who proposes to engage in a transaction involving
14	the importation or exportation of a listed chemical that
15	requires advance notification pursuant to the regulations
16	of the Attorney General or the importation or exportation
17	of a tableting machine, or an encapsulating machine shall
18	notify the Attorney General of the importation or expor-
19	tation not later than 15 days before the transaction is to
20	take place in such form and supplying such information
21	as the Attorney General shall require by regulation. In the
22	case of an importation for transfer or transshipment pur-
23	suant to section 1004, such notice shall be made as pro-
24	vided in that section.";
25	(2) in subsection (c)(1)—

1	(A) by striking "(other than a regulated
2	transaction to which the requirement of sub-
3	section (a) does not apply by reason of sub-
4	section (b))";
5	(B) by inserting ", a tableting machine, or
6	an encapsulating machine" after "a listed
7	chemical"; and
8	(C) by inserting ", tableting machine, or
9	encapsulating machine" after "the chemical";
10	and
11	(3) in subsection (e)—
12	(A) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and
13	(3) as paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively; and
14	(B) by inserting after paragraph (1) the
15	following:
16	"(2) The Attorney General may by regulation
17	require that the 15-day notification requirement of
18	subsection (a) apply to all imports of a listed chemi-
19	cal, regardless of the status of certain importers of
20	that listed chemical as regular importers, if the At-
21	torney General finds that such notification is nec-
22	essary to support effective chemical diversion control
23	programs or is required by treaty or other inter-
24	national agreement to which the United States is a
25	party.

1	"(3) The Attorney General may require that
2	the notification requirement of subsection (a) for
3	certain importations or exportations, including those
4	subject to section 1004, include additional informa-
5	tion to enable a determination to be made that the
6	listed chemical being imported or exported will be
7	used for a legitimate purpose or at the time the in-
8	formation is needed to satisfy requirements of the
9	importing or exporting country. The Attorney Gen-
10	eral shall provide notice of these additional require-
11	ments specifically identifying the listed chemicals
12	and countries involved.".
13	(b) Shipment of Controlled Substances.—Sec-
14	tion 1004 of the Controlled Substances Import and Export
15	Act (21 U.S.C. 954) is amended to read as follows:
16	"SEC. 1004. TRANSSHIPMENT AND IN-TRANSIT SHIPMENT
17	OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES.
18	"(a) In General.—Notwithstanding sections 952,
19	953, 957, and 971, and subject to this section—
20	"(1) a controlled substance in schedule I may
21	be imported into the United States for trans-
22	shipment to another country or for transference or
23	transshipment from 1 vessel, vehicle, or aircraft to
24	another vessel, vehicle, or aircraft within the United
25	States for immediate exportation, only if—

1	"(A) evidence is furnished that enables the
2	Attorney General to determine that the sub-
3	stance being so imported, transferred, or trans-
4	shipped will be used for scientific, medical, or
5	other legitimate purposes in the country of des-
6	tination; and
7	"(B) the substance is imported, trans-
8	ferred, or transshipped with the prior written
9	approval of the Attorney General (which shall
10	be granted or denied not later than 21 days
11	after the date on which the request is made)
12	based on a determination that the requirements
13	of this section and the applicable subsections of
14	sections 952 and 953 have been satisfied; and
15	"(2) a controlled substance in schedule II, III,
16	or IV or a listed chemical may be imported, trans-
17	ferred, or transshipped only if—
18	"(A) evidence is furnished that enables the
19	Attorney General to determine that the sub-
20	stance or chemical being imported, transferred,
21	or transshipped will be used for scientific, medi-
22	cal, or other legitimate purposes in the country
23	of destination; and
24	"(B) advance notification (in such form
25	and containing such information as the Attor-

ney General may require by regulation) is given to the Attorney General not later than 15 days prior to the exportation of the substance or chemical from the foreign port of embarkation (the notification period for imports other than for transfer or transshipment pursuant to section 1002 or 1018 is not affected by this subsection).

"(b) APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAW.—

"(1) Sections 1002 and 1003.—Any importation, transfer, or transshipment described in subsection (a) of a controlled substance shall be subject to the applicable provisions of sections 1002 and 1003. The importation, transfer, transshipment, or exportation of any controlled substance may be suspended on the ground that the controlled substance may be diverted to other than scientific, medical or other legitimate purposes.

"(2) Section 1018.—Any importation, transfer, or transshipment described in subsection (a) of a listed chemical shall be subject to all the requirements of section 1018, except that in no case shall the 15 day advance notification requirement be waived. The importation, transfer, transshipment, or exportation of a listed chemical may be suspended

1	on the ground that the chemical may be diverted to
2	the clandestine manufacture of a controlled sub-
3	stance.
4	"(3) Suspension.—
5	"(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
6	graph (B), the importation, transfer, or trans-
7	shipment of a controlled substance or listed
8	chemical may be suspended if any requirement
9	of subsection (a) is not satisfied.
10	"(B) WITHDRAWAL.—The Attorney Gen-
11	eral may withdraw a suspension order issued
12	under this paragraph if—
13	"(i) the requirements of subsection (a)
14	are ultimately satisfied; and
15	"(ii) no grounds exist under para-
16	graphs (1) or (2) of this subsection to sus-
17	pend the shipment.
18	"(c) Suspension of Exportation.—The suspen-
19	sion of any exportation of a controlled substance or listed
20	chemical shall be subject to the procedures and require-
21	ments established in section 1018(c).
22	"(d) Placing Under Seal.—
23	"(1) In General.—The Attorney General may
24	place under seal any shipment of a controlled sub-
25	stance or listed chemical that—

1	"(A) has been imported or is subject to the
2	jurisdiction of the United States; and
3	"(B) is subject to a suspension order sus-
4	pending the importation, transfer, trans-
5	shipment, or exportation of the controlled sub-
6	stance or listed chemical.
7	"(2) Prohibition on disposition.—No dis-
8	position may be made of any controlled substance or
9	listed chemical under seal subject to paragraph (1)
10	until the suspension order becomes final.
11	"(3) Order of Sale.—Notwithstanding para-
12	graphs (1) and (2), a court, upon application, may
13	at any time order the sale of a perishable controlled
14	substance or listed chemical. Any such order shall
15	require the deposit of the proceeds of the sale with
16	the court.
17	"(4) Disposal.—Upon a suspension order be-
18	coming final under this subsection, the shipment, at
19	the discretion of the Attorney General and subject to
20	such conditions as the Attorney General may im-
21	pose, may be disposed of as follows:
22	"(A) The titleholder may be allowed to re-
23	turn the shipment to any of the facilities of the
24	original exporter in the country of exportation.

1 "(B) The shipment may be exported, sub-2 ject to the requirements of section 1003 or 3 1018, as appropriate, to a new consignee.

- "(5) SURRENDER.—The shipment may be surrendered to the Attorney General for appropriate disposition and all costs associated with this disposition shall be the responsibility of the titleholder. If there are any proceeds from the disposition, the proceeds shall be applied to the repayment of the costs and any excess proceeds shall be returned to the titleholder.
- "(6) FORFEITURE.—If sufficient cause exists,
 the shipment of controlled substances or listed
 chemicals (or proceeds of sale deposited in court)
 may be forfeited to the United States pursuant to
 section 511 of title II and may be disposed of in accordance with that section.

"(e) Effect on Other Law.—Nothing in this sec-

19 tion may be used by any party to defend against a forfeit20 ure action against a shipment of controlled substances or
21 listed chemicals initiated by the United States or by any
22 State. This section does not affect the liability of any party
23 for storage and transportation costs incurred by the Gov-

ernment as a result of the suspension of a shipment.".

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1	(c) Penalties.—Section 1010(d) of the Controlled
2	Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 960(d)) is
3	amended—
4	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (5) through
5	(7) as paragraphs (6) through (8), respectively;
6	(2) in paragraph (6), as redesignated, by strik-
7	ing " $1018(e)$ (2) or (3)" and inserting " $1018(e)(4)$
8	or (5)";
9	(3) in paragraph (7), as redesignated, by insert-
10	ing "or violates section 1004," after "1007 or 1018
11	of this title"; and
12	(4) by inserting after paragraph (4) the follow-
13	ing:
14	"(5) imports or exports a listed chemical, with
15	the intent to evade the reporting or recordkeeping
16	requirements of section 1018 applicable to such im-
17	portation or exportation by—
18	"(A) falsely representing to the Attorney
19	General that the importation or exportation is
20	not subject to the 15-day advance notification
21	required by section 1018(a) or to any reporting
22	requirements established by the Attorney Gen-
23	eral pursuant to paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of
24	section 1018(e); or

1	"(B) misrepresenting the actual country of
2	final destination of the listed chemical, or the
3	actual listed chemical being imported or ex-
4	ported;".
5	(d) Injunctions.—Section 1011 of the Controlled
6	Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 961) is
7	amended to read as follows:
8	"SEC. 1011. INJUNCTIONS.
9	"In addition to any other applicable penalty, any per-
10	son convicted of a felony violation of this title or title II
11	relating to the receipt, distribution, manufacture, importa-
12	tion or exportation of a listed chemical may be enjoined
13	from engaging in any transaction involving a listed chemi-
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	cal for not more than 10 years.".
14 15	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
14	cal for not more than 10 years.".
14 15 16	cal for not more than 10 years.". Subtitle G—Arms Trafficking
14 15	cal for not more than 10 years.". Subtitle G—Arms Trafficking SEC. 16001. ENHANCED TOOLS TO INVESTIGATE ILLICIT
14 15 16 17	cal for not more than 10 years.". Subtitle G—Arms Trafficking SEC. 16001. ENHANCED TOOLS TO INVESTIGATE ILLICIT ARMS TRAFFICKING. Section 40(h) of the Arms Export Control Act (22)
14 15 16 17	cal for not more than 10 years.". Subtitle G—Arms Trafficking SEC. 16001. ENHANCED TOOLS TO INVESTIGATE ILLICIT ARMS TRAFFICKING. Section 40(h) of the Arms Export Control Act (22)
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	cal for not more than 10 years.". Subtitle G—Arms Trafficking SEC. 16001. ENHANCED TOOLS TO INVESTIGATE ILLICIT ARMS TRAFFICKING. Section 40(h) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780(h)) is amended to read as follows:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	cal for not more than 10 years.". Subtitle G—Arms Trafficking SEC. 16001. ENHANCED TOOLS TO INVESTIGATE ILLICIT ARMS TRAFFICKING. Section 40(h) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780(h)) is amended to read as follows: "(h) EXEMPTIONS FOR TRANSACTIONS SUBJECT TO
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	cal for not more than 10 years.". Subtitle G—Arms Trafficking SEC. 16001. ENHANCED TOOLS TO INVESTIGATE ILLICIT ARMS TRAFFICKING. Section 40(h) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780(h)) is amended to read as follows: "(h) Exemptions for Transactions Subject to National Security Act Reporting Requirements

1	"(1) subject to reporting requirements under
2	title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50
3	U.S.C. 413 et seq.); or
4	"(2) arising out of an investigation by a Fed-
5	eral law enforcement agency concerning possible
6	criminal violations of United States law.".

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