S. 2593

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide a credit against tax for employers who provide child care assistance for dependents of their employees, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

OCTOBER 8 (legislative day, OCTOBER 2), 1998

Mr. Graham introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide a credit against tax for employers who provide child care assistance for dependents of their employees, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Worksite Child Care
- 5 Development Center Act of 1998".

1	SEC. 2. ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT FOR EMPLOYER EXPENSES
2	FOR CHILD CARE ASSISTANCE.
3	(a) In General.—Subpart D of part IV of sub-
4	chapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of
5	1986 (relating to business related credits) is amended by
6	adding at the end the following new section:
7	"SEC. 45D. EMPLOYER-PROVIDED CHILD CARE CREDIT.
8	"(a) In General.—For purposes of section 38, the
9	employer-provided child care credit determined under this
10	section for the taxable year is an amount equal to the sum
11	of—
12	"(1) 50 percent of the qualified child care facil-
13	ity start-up expenses,
14	"(2) 50 percent of the qualified child care facil-
15	ity expenses, and
16	"(3) 50 percent of the qualified child care ex-
17	penses,
18	of the taxpayer during the taxable year.
19	"(b) Dollar Limitations.—
20	"(1) Qualified child care facility start-
21	UP EXPENSES.—The total amount of the credit de-
22	termined under subsection $(a)(1)$ for all taxable
23	years shall not exceed \$100,000.
24	"(2) Qualified child care facility ex-
25	PENSES.—The amount of the credit determined

1	under subsection $(a)(2)$ for any taxable year shall
2	not exceed \$25,000.
3	"(3) QUALIFIED CHILD CARE EXPENSES.—The
4	amount of the credit determined under subsection
5	(a)(3) for any taxable year shall not exceed \$50,000.
6	"(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
7	"(1) Qualified child care expenses.—
8	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified
9	child care expenses' means any amount paid or
10	incurred to reimburse an employee for expenses
11	for child care which enables the employee to be
12	gainfully employed including expenses related
13	to—
14	"(i) day care and before and after
15	school care,
16	"(ii) transportation associated with
17	such care, and
18	"(iii) before and after school and holi-
19	day programs including educational and
20	recreational programs and camp programs.
21	"(B) Fair market value.—The term
22	'qualified child care expenses' shall not include
23	expenses in excess of the fair market value of
24	such care.
25	"(2) Qualified child care facility.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified
2	child care facility' means a facility—
3	"(i) the principal use of which is to
4	provide child care assistance to dependents
5	of employees, and
6	"(ii) which meets the requirements of
7	all applicable laws and regulations of the
8	State or local government in which it is lo-
9	cated, including, but not limited to, the li-
10	censing of the facility as a child care
11	facility or back-up child care facility pro-
12	viding daily care for dependents who are
13	mildly ill or need temporary care for other
14	reasons that disrupt the normal care ar-
15	rangements of employees.
16	Clause (i) shall not apply to a facility which is
17	the principal residence (within the meaning of
18	section 1034) of the operator of the facility.
19	"(B) Special rules with respect to a
20	TAXPAYER.—A facility shall not be treated as a
21	qualified child care facility with respect to a
22	taxpayer unless—
23	"(i) enrollment in the facility is open
24	to employees of the taxpayer during the
25	taxable year,

1	"(ii) the facility is not the principal
2	trade or business of the taxpayer, and
3	"(iii) the use of such facility (or the
4	eligibility to use such facility) does not dis-
5	criminate in favor of employees of the tax-
6	payer who are highly compensated employ-
7	ees (within the meaning of section 414(q)).
8	"(C) CHILD CARE FACILITIES SPONSORED
9	BY MORE THAN ONE TAXPAYER.—A facility
10	that is sponsored by more than 1 taxpayer shall
11	be treated as a qualified child care facility if it
12	meets the requirements of this paragraph.
13	"(3) Qualified child care facility ex-
14	PENSES.—The term 'qualified child care facility ex-
15	penses' means any amount paid or incurred—
16	"(A) for the operating costs of a qualified
17	child care facility of the taxpayer,
18	"(B) under a contract with a qualified
19	child care facility to provide child care services
20	to employees of the taxpayer, or
21	"(C) under a contract to provide child care
22	resource and referral coordination services to
23	employees of the taxpayer.
24	"(4) Qualified child care facility start-
25	UP EXPENSES.—The term 'qualified child care facil-

1	ity start-up expenses' means any amount paid or in-
2	curred—
3	"(A) to acquire, construct, rehabilitate, or
4	expand property—
5	"(i) which is to be used as part of a
6	qualified child care facility of the taxpayer,
7	"(ii) with respect to which a deduction
8	for depreciation (or amortization in lieu of
9	depreciation) is allowable, and
10	"(iii) which does not constitute part of
11	the principal residence (within the meaning
12	of section 1034) of the taxpayer or any
13	employee of the taxpayer, or
14	"(B) to acquire equipment and supplies
15	necessary for the operation of a qualified child
16	care facility.
17	"(d) CHILD CARE FACILITIES SPONSORED BY MORE
18	THAN ONE TAXPAYER.—In the case of a qualified child
19	care facility that is sponsored by more than 1 taxpayer,
20	the credit determined under paragraphs (1) and (2) of
21	subsection (a) for each taxpayer for any taxable year may
22	be apportioned among the taxpayers in any manner deter-
23	mined by the taxpayers.
24	"(e) Recapture of Acquisition and Construc-
25	TION CREDIT.—

1	"(1) In general.—If, as of the close of any
2	taxable year, there is a recapture event with respect
3	to any qualified child care facility of the taxpayer,
4	then the tax of the taxpayer under this chapter for
5	such taxable year shall be increased by an amount
6	equal to the product of—
7	"(A) the applicable recapture percentage,
8	and
9	"(B) the aggregate decrease in the credits
10	allowed under section 38 for all prior taxable
11	years which would have resulted if the qualified
12	child care facility expenses of the taxpayer de-
13	scribed in subsection $(c)(4)$ with respect to such
14	facility had been zero.
15	"(2) Applicable recapture percentage.—
16	"(A) In general.—For purposes of this
17	subsection, the applicable recapture percentage
18	shall be determined from the following table:
	The applicable recapture "If the recapture event occurs in: percentage is: Years 1-3 100 Year 4 90 Year 5 80 Year 6 70 Year 7 60 Year 8 50 Year 9 40 Year 10 and thereafter 0.
19	"(B) Years.—For purposes of subpara-

graph (A), year 1 shall begin on the first day

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1 of the taxable year in which the qualified child
2 care facility is placed in service by the taxpayer
3 "(3) Recapture event defined.—For pur
4 poses of this subsection, the term 'recapture event
5 means—
6 "(A) CESSATION OF OPERATION.—The
7 cessation of the operation of the facility as a
8 qualified child care facility.
9 "(B) Change in Ownership.—
"(i) In general.—Except as pro
vided in clause (ii), the disposition of a
taxpayer's interest in a qualified child care
facility with respect to which the credit de
scribed in subsection (a) was allowable.
"(ii) Agreement to assume recap
TURE LIABILITY.—Clause (i) shall no
apply if the person acquiring such interes
in the facility agrees in writing to assume
the recapture liability of the person dispos
ing of such interest in effect immediately
before such disposition. In the event o
such an assumption, the person acquiring
the interest in the facility shall be treated
as the taxpayer for purposes of assessing

any recapture liability (computed as if there had been no change in ownership).

"(4) Special rules.—

- "(A) Tax benefit rule.—The tax for the taxable year shall be increased under paragraph (1) only with respect to credits allowed by reason of this section which were used to reduce tax liability. In the case of credits not so used to reduce tax liability, the carryforwards and carrybacks under section 39 shall be appropriately adjusted.
- "(B) No credits against tax.—Any increase in tax under this subsection shall not be treated as a tax imposed by this chapter for purposes of determining the amount of any credit under subpart A, B, or D of this part.
- "(C) No recapture by reason of casualty loss.—The increase in tax under this subsection shall not apply to a cessation of operation of the facility as a qualified child care facility by reason of a casualty loss to the extent such loss is restored by reconstruction or replacement within a reasonable period established by the Secretary.

1	"(f) Special Rules.—For purposes of this
2	section—
3	"(1) AGGREGATION RULES.—All persons which
4	are treated as a single employer under subsections
5	(a) and (b) of section 52 shall be treated as a single
6	taxpayer.
7	"(2) Pass-thru in the case of estates and
8	TRUSTS.—Under regulations prescribed by the Sec-
9	retary, rules similar to the rules of subsection (d) of
10	section 52 shall apply.
11	"(3) Allocation in the case of partner-
12	SHIPS.—In the case of partnerships, the credit shall
13	be allocated among partners under regulations pre-
14	scribed by the Secretary.
15	"(g) No Double Benefit.—
16	"(1) REDUCTION IN BASIS.—For purposes of
17	this subtitle—
18	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If a credit is deter-
19	mined under this section with respect to any
20	property by reason of expenditures described in
21	subsection (c)(4), the basis of such property
22	shall be reduced by the amount of the credit so
23	determined.
24	"(B) Certain dispositions.—If during
25	any taxable year there is a recapture amount

1	determined with respect to any property the
2	basis of which was reduced under subparagraph
3	(A), the basis of such property (immediately be-
4	fore the event resulting in such recapture) shall
5	be increased by an amount equal to such recap-
6	ture amount. For purposes of the preceding
7	sentence, the term 'recapture amount' means
8	any increase in tax (or adjustment in
9	carrybacks or carryovers) determined under
10	subsection (e).
11	"(2) Other deductions and credits.—No
12	deduction or credit shall be allowed under any other
13	provision of this chapter with respect to the amount
14	of the credit determined under this section.
15	"(h) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply to
16	taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008."
17	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
18	(1) Section 38(b) of the Internal Revenue Code
19	of 1986 is amended—
20	(A) by striking out "plus" at the end of
21	paragraph (11),
22	(B) by striking out the period at the end
23	of paragraph (12), and inserting a comma and
24	"plus", and

1	(C) by adding at the end the following new
2	paragraph:
3	"(13) the employer-provided child care credit
4	determined under section 45D."
5	(2) The table of sections for subpart D of part
6	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by add-
7	ing at the end the following new item:
	"Sec. 45D. Employer-provided child care credit."
8	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
9	this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
10	December 31, 1998.

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