Calendar No. 247

105TH CONGRESS S. 759

A BILL

To provide for an annual report to Congress concerning diplomatic immunity.

NOVEMBER 4, 1997

Reported with an amendment and an amendment to the ${\it title}$

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105TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 759

To provide for an annual report to Congress concerning diplomatic immunity.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 16, 1997

Mr. COVERDELL introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

November 4, 1997

Reported by Mr. Helms, with an amendment and an amendment to the title [Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

To provide for an annual report to Congress concerning diplomatic immunity.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. REPORTS AND POLICY CONCERNING DIPLO-
- 4 **MATIC IMMUNITY.**
- 5 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following
- 6 findings:

- (1) The United States was founded on the principle that all men are equal before the law and anyone, rich or poor, is entitled to the protection of the law and also subject to just penalties under the law.
 - (2) International treaties regarding diplomatic and consular immunity place diplomatic and consular officials from foreign countries in the unique situation of being above the law and not subject to prosecution for criminal offenses committed in the country in which they serve, or their home country.
 - (3) Recent events indicate that this situation is endangering the safety and security of citizens and other persons residing in the United States.
- (4) It is incumbent on the President and the Secretary of State to alleviate the injustice of the situation regarding diplomatic and consular immunity.
- 18 (b) Annual Report Concerning Diplomatic Im-19 Munity.—
- 20 (1) Report to congress.—The Secretary of
 21 State shall prepare and submit to the Congress, an22 nually, a report concerning diplomatic immunity en23 titled "Report on Cases Involving Diplomatic Immu24 nity".

1	(2) Content of Report.—In addition to such
2	other information as the Secretary of State may con-
3	sider appropriate, the report under paragraph (1)
4	shall include the following:
5	(A) The number of persons residing in the
6	United States who enjoy full immunity from the
7	eriminal jurisdiction of the United States under
8	laws extending diplomatic privileges and immu-
9	nities.
10	(B) Each case involving an alien described
11	in subparagraph (A) in which the appropriate
12	authorities of a State, a political subdivision of
13	a State, or the United States reported to the
14	Department of State that the authority had
15	reasonable cause to believe the alien committed
16	a serious criminal offense within the United
17	States.
18	(C) Each case in which the United States
19	has certified that a person enjoys full immunity
20	from the criminal jurisdiction of the United
21	States under laws extending diplomatic privi-
22	leges and immunities.
23	(D) The number of United States citizens
24	who are residing in a receiving State and who

enjoy full immunity from the criminal jurisdic-

1	tion of such State under laws extending diplo-
2	matic privileges and immunities.
3	(E) Each case involving a United States
4	citizen under subparagraph (D) in which the
5	United States has been requested by the gov-
6	ernment of a receiving State to waive the im-
7	munity from criminal jurisdiction of the United
8	States citizen.
9	(3) Serious criminal offense defined.
10	The term "serious criminal offense" means—
11	(A) any felony under Federal, State, or
12	local law;
13	(B) any Federal, State, or local offense
14	punishable by a term of imprisonment of more
15	than 1 year;
16	(C) any crime of violence as defined for
17	purposes of section 16 of title 18, United States
18	Code; or
19	(D) driving under the influence of alcohol
20	or drugs or driving while intoxicated if the case
21	involves personal injury to another individual.
22	(e) United States Policy Concerning Reform
23	OF DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITY.—It is the sense of the Con-
24	gress that the Secretary of State should explore, in appro-

1	priate fora, whether States should enter into agreements
2	and adopt legislation—
3	(1) to provide jurisdiction in the sending State
4	to prosecute crimes committed in the receiving State
5	by persons entitled to immunity from criminal juris-
6	diction under laws extending diplomatic privileges
7	and immunities; and
8	(2) to provide that where there is probable
9	cause to believe that an individual who is entitled to
10	immunity from the criminal jurisdiction of the re-
11	ceiving State under laws extending diplomatic privi-
12	leges and immunities committed a serious crime, the
13	sending State will waive such immunity or the send-
14	ing State will prosecute such individual.
15	SECTION 1. REPORTS AND POLICY CONCERNING DIPLO
16	MATIC IMMUNITY.
17	Title I, of the State Department Basic Authorities Act
18	of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 4301 et seq.; commonly referred to as
19	the "Foreign Missions Act") is amended by inserting after
20	section 204A the following new section:
21	"SEC. 204B. CRIMES COMMITTED BY DIPLOMATS.
22	"(a) Annual Report Concerning Diplomatic Im-
23	MUNITY.—
24	"(1) Report to congress.—The Secretary of
25	State shall prepare and submit to the Congress, annu-

- ally, a report concerning diplomatic immunity entitled "Report on Cases Involving Diplomatic Immunity".
 - "(2) Content of Report.—In addition to such other information as the Secretary of State may consider appropriate, the report under paragraph (1) shall include the following:
 - "(A) The number of persons residing in the United States who enjoy full immunity from the criminal jurisdiction of the United States under laws extending diplomatic privileges and immunities.

"(B) Each case involving an alien described in subparagraph (A) in which an appropriate authority of a State, a political subdivision of a State, or the United States reported to the Department of State that the authority had reasonable cause to believe the alien committed a serious criminal offense within the United States, and any additional information provided to the Secretary relating to other serious criminal offenses that any such authority had reasonable cause to believe the alien committed before the period covered by the report. The Secretary may omit from such report any matter the provision

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1	of which the Secretary reasonably believes would
2	compromise a criminal investigation or prosecu-
3	tion or which would directly compromise law en-
4	forcement or intelligence sources or methods.
5	"(C) Each case described in subparagraph
6	(B) in which the Secretary of State has certified
7	that a person enjoys full immunity from the
8	criminal jurisdiction of the United States under
9	laws extending diplomatic privileges and immu-
10	nities.
11	"(D) The number of United States citizens
12	who are residing in a receiving state and who
13	enjoy full immunity from the criminal jurisdic-
14	tion of such state under laws extending diplo-
15	matic privileges and immunities.
16	"(E) Each case involving a United States
17	citizen under subparagraph (D) in which the
18	United States has been requested by the govern-

- "(E) Each case involving a United States citizen under subparagraph (D) in which the United States has been requested by the government of a receiving state to waive the immunity from criminal jurisdiction of the United States citizen.
- "(F) Whether the Secretary has made the notifications referred to in subsection (c) during the period covered by the report.

1	"(3) Serious criminal offense defined.—
2	For the purposes of this section, the term 'serious
3	criminal offense' means—
4	"(A) any felony under Federal, State, or
5	$local\ law;$
6	"(B) any Federal, State, or local offense
7	punishable by a term of imprisonment of more
8	than 1 year;
9	"(C) any crime of violence as defined for
10	purposes of section 16 of title 18, United States
11	$Code;\ or$
12	" $(D)(i)$ driving under the influence of alco-
13	hol or drugs;
14	"(ii) reckless driving; or
15	"(iii) driving while intoxicated.
16	"(b) United States Policy Concerning Reform
17	OF DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITY.—It is the sense of the Congress
18	that the Secretary of State should explore, in appropriate
19	fora, whether states should enter into agreements and adopt
20	legislation—
21	"(1) to provide jurisdiction in the sending state
22	to prosecute crimes committed in the receiving state
23	by persons entitled to immunity from criminal juris-
24	diction under laws extending diplomatic privileges
25	and immunities; and

1 "(2) to provide that where there is probable cause 2 to believe that an individual who is entitled to immu-3 nity from the criminal jurisdiction of the receiving 4 state under laws extending diplomatic privileges and 5 immunities committed a serious crime, the sending 6 state will waive such immunity or the sending state 7 will prosecute such individual. "(c) Notification of Diplomatic Corps.—The Sec-8

9 retary should periodically notify each foreign mission of

10 United States policies relating to criminal offenses commit-

11 ted by individuals with immunity from the criminal juris-

12 diction of the United States under laws extending diplo-

13 matic privileges and immunities.".

Amend the title to read as follows: "A Bill to amend the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 to require the Secretary of State to submit an annual report to Congress concerning diplomatic immunity.".