One Hundred Sixth Congress of the United States of America

AT THE SECOND SESSION

Begun and held at the City of Washington on Monday, the twenty-fourth day of January, two thousand

Concurrent Resolution

- Whereas there are currently more than 57,900,000 individuals of German heritage residing in the United States, who comprise nearly 25 percent of the population of the United States and are therefore the largest ethnic group in the United States;
- Whereas those of German heritage are not merely descendants of one political entity, but of all German speaking areas;
- Whereas numerous Americans of German heritage have made countless contributions to American culture, arts, and industry, the American military, and American government;
- Whereas there is no recognized tangible, national symbol dedicated to German Americans and their positive contributions to the United States;
- Whereas the story of Hermann the Cheruscan parallels that of the American Founding Fathers, because he was a freedom fighter who united ancient German tribes in order to shed the yoke of Roman tyranny and preserve freedom for the territory of present-day Germany;
- Whereas the Hermann Monument located in Hermann Heights Park in New Ulm, Minnesota, was dedicated in 1897 in honor of the spirit of freedom and later dedicated to all German immigrants who settled in New Ulm and elsewhere in the United States; and
- Whereas the Hermann Monument has been recognized as a site of special historical significance by the United States Government, by placement on the National Register of Historic Places: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That the Hermann Monument and Hermann Heights Park in New Ulm, Minnesota, are recognized by the Congress to be

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a	national	symbol	for	the	contributions	of	Americans	of	German
h	eritage.								

Attest:

Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Attest:

Secretary of the Senate.