^{106TH CONGRESS} 1ST SESSION H.R. 1470

To reduce corporate welfare and promote corporate responsibility.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 15, 1999

Mr. VISCLOSKY introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committees on Resources, Agriculture, Science, Banking and Financial Services, the Budget, and Transportation and Infrastructure, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To reduce corporate welfare and promote corporate responsibility.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Corporate Responsibility Act of 1999".
- 6 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—CORPORATE TAX AND OTHER PROVISIONS

Subtitle A—Tax Provisions

- Sec. 101. Elimination of exclusion of certain income of foreign sales corporations.
- Sec. 102. Repeal of incentives for alcohol fuels.
- Sec. 103. Source of income from certain sales of inventory property.

Subtitle B—Agricultural-Related Provisions

- Sec. 111. Cost of water used to produce crops on production flexibility contract acreage.
- Sec. 112. Repeal of export enhancement program.
- Sec. 113. Repeal of market access program.
- Sec. 114. Elimination of Federal subsidies for tobacco.

Subtitle C—Other Subsidies

- Sec. 121. Abolition of advanced technology program.
- Sec. 122. Tennessee Valley Authority funding elimination.
- Sec. 123. Codification of elimination of purchaser road credits and elimination of other federal funding of forest roads for logging.
- Sec. 124. Prohibition against provision of Federal funds pursuant to the new arrangements to borrow of the International Monetary Fund.

TITLE II—MINERAL EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT

Subtitle A—Mineral Exploration and Development

- Sec. 201. Short title, findings and purposes.
- Sec. 202. Definitions and references.
- Sec. 203. Lands open to location.
- Sec. 204. Rights under this title.
- Sec. 205. Location of mining claims.
- Sec. 206. Conversion of existing claims.
- Sec. 207. Claim maintenance requirements.
- Sec. 208. Failure to comply.
- Sec. 209. Basis for contest.

Subtitle B—Environmental Considerations of Mineral Exploration and Development

- Sec. 211. Surface management standard.
- Sec. 212. Permits.
- Sec. 213. Exploration permits.
- Sec. 214. Operations permit.
- Sec. 215. Persons ineligible for permits.
- Sec. 216. Financial assurance.
- Sec. 217. Reclamation.
- Sec. 218. State law and regulation.
- Sec. 219. Unsuitability review.
- Sec. 220. Certain mineral activities covered by other law.

Subtitle C—Abandoned Locatable Minerals Mine Reclamation Fund

- Sec. 231. Abandoned locatable minerals mine reclamation.
- Sec. 232. Use and objectives of the fund.

- Sec. 233. Eligible lands and waters.
- Sec. 234. Fund expenditures.
- Sec. 235. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 236. Royalty.

Subtitle D—Administrative and Miscellaneous Provisions

Part 1—Administrative Provisions

- Sec. 241. Policy functions.
- Sec. 242. User fees.
- Sec. 243. Public participation requirements.
- Sec. 244. Inspection and monitoring.
- Sec. 245. Citizens suits.
- Sec. 246. Administrative and judicial review.
- Sec. 247. Enforcement.
- Sec. 248. Regulations; effective dates.

Part 2—Miscellaneous Provisions

- Sec. 249. Transitional rules; surface management requirements.
- Sec. 250. Claims subject to special rules.
- Sec. 251. Purchasing power adjustment.
- Sec. 252. Savings clause.
- Sec. 253. Availability of public records.
- Sec. 254. Miscellaneous powers.
- Sec. 255. Limitation on patent issuance.
- Sec. 256. Multiple mineral development and surface resources.
- Sec. 257. Mineral materials.
- Sec. 258. Application of Act to beneficiation and processing of nonFederal minerals on Federal lands.
- Sec. 259. Compliance with Buy American Act.
- Sec. 260. Sense of Congress.
- Sec. 261. Prohibition of contracts.
- Sec. 262. Severability.
- Sec. 263. Award of compensation for takings from fund.
- Sec. 264. Report to Congress on mining claims in the United States held by foreign firms.

TITLE III—REVENUES DEDICATED TO DEFICIT REDUCTION

Sec. 301. Deficit reduction lock-box.

TITLE I—CORPORATE TAX AND 1 **OTHER PROVISIONS** 2 Subtitle A—Tax Provisions 3 4 SEC. 101. ELIMINATION OF EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN IN-5 COME OF FOREIGN SALES CORPORATIONS. 6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 921 of the Internal Rev-7 enue Code of 1986 (relating to exempt foreign trade in-8 come excluded from gross income) is amended by adding 9 at the end the following new subsection: 10 "(e) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply to any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1999." 11 12 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after 13 14 December 31, 1999. 15 SEC. 102. REPEAL OF INCENTIVES FOR ALCOHOL FUELS. 16 (a) REPEAL.—Section 40 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is repealed. 17 18 (b) CONFORMING REDUCTIONS OF OTHER INCEN-TIVES FOR ETHANOL FUEL.— 19 20 (1) Repeal of reduced rate on ethanol 21 FUEL PRODUCED OTHER THAN FROM PETROLEUM 22 OR NATURAL GAS.—Subsection (b) of section 4041 23 of such Code is amended to read as follows: 24 "(b) EXEMPTION FOR OFF-HIGHWAY BUSINESS

4

25 USE.—

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"(1) IN GENERAL.—No tax shall be imposed by
 subsection (a) or (d)(1) on liquids sold for use or
 used in an off-highway business use.

4 "(2) TAX WHERE OTHER USE.—If a liquid on
5 which no tax was imposed by reason of paragraph
6 (1) is used otherwise than in an off-highway busi7 ness use, a tax shall be imposed by paragraph
8 (1)(B), (2)(B), or (3)(A)(ii) of subsection (a)
9 (whichever is appropriate) and by the corresponding
10 provision of subsection (d)(1) (if any).

"(3) OFF-HIGHWAY BUSINESS USE DEFINED.—
For purposes of this subsection, the term 'off-highway business use' has the meaning given to such
term by section 6421(e)(2); except that such term
shall not, for purposes of subsection (a)(1), include
use in a diesel-powered train."

17 (2) REPEAL OF REDUCED RATE ON ETHANOL
18 FUEL PRODUCED FROM NATURAL GAS.—Subsection
19 (m) of section 4041 of such Code is amended—

20 (A) by striking "or ethanol" each place it
21 appears (including the heading of paragraph
22 (2)), and

23 (B) by striking ", ethanol, or other alco24 hol" in paragraph (2) and inserting "or other
25 alcohol (other than ethanol)".

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1	(c) Conforming Amendments to Excise Taxes;
2	FUEL ALCOHOL TAXED IN SAME MANNER AS OTHER
3	Motor Fuels.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1) of section
5	4083(a) of such Code (defining taxable fuel) is
6	amended by striking "and" at the end of subpara-
7	graph (B), by striking the period at the end of sub-
8	paragraph (C) and inserting ", and", and by adding
9	at the end the following:
10	"(D) fuel alcohol."
11	(2) Fuel alcohol.—Subsection (a) of section
12	4083 of such Code is amended by adding at the end
13	the following new paragraph:
14	"(4) FUEL ALCOHOL.—The term 'fuel alcohol'
15	means any alcohol (including ethanol and meth-
16	anol)—
17	"(A) which is produced other than from
18	petroleum, natural gas, or coal (including peat),
19	and
20	"(B) which is withdrawn from the distillery
21	where produced free of tax under chapter 51 by
22	reason of section 5181 or so much of section
23	5214(a)(1) as relates to fuel use."
24	(3) RATE OF TAX.—Clause (i) of section
25	4081(a)(2)(A) of such Code is amended by striking

1	"other than aviation gasoline" and inserting "(other
2	than aviation gasoline) and fuel alcohol".
3	(4) Special rules for imposition of tax.—
4	Paragraph (1) of section 4081(a) of such Code is
5	amended by adding at the end the following new
6	subparagraph:
7	"(C) Special rules for fuel alco-
8	HOL.—In the case of fuel alcohol—
9	"(i) the distillery where produced shall
10	be treated as a refinery, and
11	"(ii) subparagraph (B) shall be ap-
12	plied by including transfers by truck or rail
13	in excess of such minimum quantities as
14	the Secretary shall prescribe."
15	(5) Repeal of reduced rates on alcohol
16	FUELS.—
17	(A) Section 4041 of such Code is amended
18	by striking subsection (k).
19	(B) Section 4081 of such Code is amended
20	by striking subsection (c).
21	(C) Section 4091 of such Code is amended
22	by striking subsection (c).
23	(6) Conforming Amendments.—
24	(A) Subparagraph (A) of section
25	4041(a)(2) of such Code is amended by adding

1	at the end the following: "No tax shall be im-
2	posed by this paragraph on the sale or use of
3	any liquid if tax was imposed on such liquid
4	under section 4081 and the tax thereon was not
5	credited or refunded."
6	(B) Section 6427 of such Code is amended
7	by striking subsection (f).
8	(C)(i) Subsection (i) of section 6427 of
9	such Code is amended by striking paragraph
10	(3) and by redesignating paragraph (4) as
11	paragraph (3).
12	(ii) Paragraph (3) of section 6427(i) of
13	such Code (as redesignated by clause (i)) is
14	amended by striking the last sentence of sub-
15	paragraph (A) and by adding at the end of such
16	paragraph the following new subparagraph:
17	"(C) PAYMENT OF CLAIM.—Notwith-
18	standing subsection $(f)(1)$, if the Secretary has
19	not paid pursuant to a claim filed under this
20	paragraph within 20 days of the date of the fil-
21	ing of such claim, the claim shall be paid with
22	interest from such date determined by using the
23	overpayment rate and method under section
24	6621.''

1	(D) Paragraph (2) of section $6427(k)$ of
2	such Code is amended by striking "(3)".
3	(E)(i) Paragraph (1) of section $6427(l)$ of
4	such Code is amended by striking "or" at the
5	end of subparagraph (A), by redesignating sub-
6	paragraph (B) as subparagraph (C), and by in-
7	serting after subparagraph (A) the following
8	new subparagraph:
9	"(B) any fuel alcohol (as defined in section
10	4083) on which tax has been imposed by sec-
11	tion 4081, or".
12	(ii) Paragraph (2) of section 6427(l) of
13	such Code is amended by striking "and" at the
14	end of subparagraph (A), by redesignating sub-
15	paragraph (B) as subparagraph (C), and by in-
16	serting after subparagraph (A) the following
17	new subparagraph:
18	"(B) in the case of fuel alcohol (as so de-
19	fined), any use which is exempt from the tax
20	imposed by section $4041(a)(2)$ other than by
21	reason of a prior imposition of tax, and".
22	(iii) The heading of subsection (l) of sec-
23	tion 6427 of such Code is amended by inserting
24	", FUEL ALCOHOL," after "DIESEL FUEL".

10

1	(F) Sections $9503(b)(1)(D)$ and
2	9508(b)(2) of such Code are each amended by
3	striking "and kerosene" and inserting "ker-
4	osene, and fuel alcohol".
5	(G) Section 9502 of such Code is amended
6	by striking subsection (e).
7	(H) Subsection (b) of section 9503 of such
8	Code is amended by striking paragraph (5) and
9	by redesignating paragraph (6) as paragraph
10	(5).
11	(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—
12	(1) REPEAL OF THE CREDIT.—The repeal made
13	by subsection (a) shall apply to taxable years begin-
14	ning after December 31, 1999.
15	(2) Amendments relating to excise
16	TAXES.—The amendments made by subsections (b)
17	and (c) shall take effect on January 1, 2000.
18	(e) FLOOR STOCK TAXES.—
19	(1) Imposition of tax.—In the case of fuel al-
20	cohol which is held on January 1, 2000, by any per-
21	son, there is hereby imposed a floor stocks tax of
22	18.4 cents per gallon.
23	(2) LIABILITY FOR TAX AND METHOD OF PAY-
24	MENT.—

1	(A) LIABILITY FOR TAX.—A person hold-
2	ing fuel alcohol on January 1, 2000, to which
3	the tax imposed by paragraph (1) applies shall
4	be liable for such tax.
5	(B) Method of payment.—The tax im-
6	posed by paragraph (1) shall be paid in such
7	manner as the Secretary shall prescribe.
8	(C) TIME FOR PAYMENT.—The tax im-
9	posed by paragraph (1) shall be paid on or be-
10	fore June 30, 2000.
11	(3) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this
12	subsection—
13	(A) FUEL ALCOHOL.—The term "fuel alco-
14	hol" has the meaning given such term by sec-
15	tion 4083 of the Internal Revenue Code of
16	1986, as amended by this section.
17	(B) Held by a person.—Fuel alcohol
18	shall be considered as "held by a person" if
19	title thereto has passed to such person (whether
20	or not delivery to the person has been made).
21	(C) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
22	means the Secretary of the Treasury or his del-
23	egate.
24	(4) EXCEPTION FOR EXEMPT USES.—The tax
25	imposed by paragraph (1) shall not apply to fuel al-

1	cohol held by any person exclusively for any use to
2	the extent a credit or refund of the tax imposed by
3	section 4081 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
4	is allowable for such use.
5	(5) EXCEPTION FOR FUEL HELD IN VEHICLE
6	TANK.—No tax shall be imposed by paragraph (1)
7	on fuel alcohol held in the tank of a motor vehicle
8	or motorboat.
9	(6) EXCEPTION FOR CERTAIN AMOUNTS OF
10	FUEL.—
11	(A) IN GENERAL.—No tax shall be im-
12	posed by paragraph (1) on fuel alcohol held on
13	January 1, 2000, by any person if the aggre-
14	gate amount of fuel alcohol held by such person
15	on such date does not exceed 2,000 gallons.
16	The preceding sentence shall apply only if such
17	person submits to the Secretary (at the time
18	and in the manner required by the Secretary)
19	such information as the Secretary shall require
20	for purposes of this paragraph.
21	(B) EXEMPT FUEL.—For purposes of sub-
22	paragraph (A), there shall not be taken into ac-
23	count fuel held by any person which is exempt
24	from the tax imposed by paragraph (1) by rea-
25	son of paragraph (4) or (5) .

1	(C) Controlled groups.—For purposes
2	of this paragraph—
3	(i) Corporations.—
4	(I) IN GENERAL.—All persons
5	treated as a controlled group shall be
6	treated as 1 person.
7	(II) CONTROLLED GROUP.—The
8	term "controlled group" has the
9	meaning given to such term by sub-
10	section (a) of section 1563 of such
11	Code; except that for such purposes
12	the phrase "more than 50 percent"
13	shall be substituted for the phrase "at
14	least 80 percent" each place it ap-
15	pears in such subsection.
16	(ii) Nonincorporated persons
17	UNDER COMMON CONTROL.—Under regula-
18	tions prescribed by the Secretary, prin-
19	ciples similar to the principles of clause (i)
20	shall apply to a group of persons under
21	common control where 1 or more of such
22	persons is not a corporation.
23	(7) Other laws applicable.—All provisions
24	of law, including penalties, applicable with respect to
25	the taxes imposed by section 4081 of such Code

shall, insofar as applicable and not inconsistent with
 the provisions of this subsection, apply with respect
 to the floor stock taxes imposed by paragraph (1) to
 the same extent as if such taxes were imposed by
 such section 4081.

6 SEC. 103. SOURCE OF INCOME FROM CERTAIN SALES OF IN7 VENTORY PROPERTY.

8 (a) GENERAL RULE.—Subsection (b) of section 865
9 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to excep10 tion for inventory property) is amended to read as follows:

11 "(b) INVENTORY PROPERTY.—

12 "(1) INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO PRODUCTION
13 ACTIVITY.—In the case of income from the sale of
14 inventory property produced (in whole or in part) by
15 the taxpayer—

"(A) a portion (determined under regulations) of such income shall be allocated to production activity (and sourced in the United
States or outside the United States depending
on where such activity occurs), and

21 "(B) the remaining portion of such income
22 shall be sourced under the other provisions of
23 this section.

1	The regulations prescribed under subparagraph (A)
2	shall provide that at least 50 percent of such income
3	shall be allocated to production activities.
4	"(2) Sales income.—
5	"(A) UNITED STATES RESIDENTS.—In-
6	come from the sale of inventory property by a
7	United States resident shall be sourced outside
8	the United States if—
9	"(i) the property is sold for use, con-
10	sumption, or disposition outside the United
11	States and an office or another fixed place
12	of business of the taxpayer outside the
13	United States participated materially in
14	the sale, and
15	"(ii) such sale is not (directly or indi-
16	rectly) to an affiliate of the taxpayer.
17	"(B) NONRESIDENT.—Income from the
18	sale of inventory property by a nonresident
19	shall be sourced in the United States if—
20	"(i) the taxpayer has an office or
21	other fixed place of business in the United
22	States, and
23	"(ii) such sale is through such office
24	or other fixed place of business.

This subparagraph shall not apply if the require ments of clauses (i) and (ii) of subparagraph (A) are
 met with respect to such sale.

4 "(3) COORDINATION WITH TREATIES.—For
5 purposes of paragraph (2)(A)(i), a United States
6 resident shall not be treated as having an office or
7 fixed place of business in a foreign country if a trea8 ty prevents such country from imposing an income
9 tax on the income."

10 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
11 this section shall apply to income from sales occurring
12 after December 31, 1999.

13 Subtitle B—Agricultural-Related 14 Provisions

15 SEC. 111. COST OF WATER USED TO PRODUCE CROPS ON

16 **PRODUCTION FLEXIBILITY CONTRACT ACRE-**17 AGE.

18 Section 9 of the Act of August 4, 1939 (commonly
19 known as the Reclamation Project Act of 1939; 43 U.S.C.
20 485h) is amended by inserting at the end the following
21 new subsection:

"(g)(1) Any contract entered into under authority of
this section or any other provision of Federal reclamation
law shall require that the organization agree by contract
with the Secretary to pay full cost for the delivery of water

used in the production of any contract commodity on acre age subject to a production flexibility contract entered into
 under section 111 of the Agricultural Market Transition
 Act (7 U.S.C. 7211).

5 "(2) The Secretary shall announce the amount of the
6 full cost payment for the succeeding year on or before July
7 1 of each year.

8 "(3) As used in this subsection:

9 "(A) The term 'full cost' has the meaning given
10 such term in section 202(3) of the Reclamation Re11 form Act of 1982 (43 U.S.C. 390bb(3)).

"(B) The term 'contract commodity' has the
meaning given such term in section 102(5) of the
Agricultural Market Transition Act (7 U.S.C.
7202(5)).

16 "(4) Paragraph (1) shall apply to any contract en-17 tered into or amended after the date of the enactment of18 this subsection."

19 SEC. 112. REPEAL OF EXPORT ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM.

20 Title III of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7
21 U.S.C. 5651 et seq.) is repealed.

22 SEC. 113. REPEAL OF MARKET ACCESS PROGRAM.

23 Section 203 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978
24 (7 U.S.C. 5623) is repealed.

1	SEC. 114. ELIMINATION OF FEDERAL SUBSIDIES FOR
2	TOBACCO.
3	(a) Elimination of Tobacco Price Support.—
4	(1) ELIMINATION.—The Agricultural Act of
5	1949 is amended by striking sections 106, 106A,
6	and 106B (7 U.S.C. 1445, 1445–1, 1445–2).
7	(2) Conforming Amendments.—The Agricul-
8	tural Act of 1949 is further amended—
9	(A) in section 101 (7 U.S.C. 1441)—
10	(i) in subsection (a), by striking "to-
11	bacco (except as otherwise provided here-
12	in), corn," and inserting "corn";
13	(ii) by striking subsection (c); and
14	(iii) in subsection $(d)(3)$, by striking
15	", except tobacco,"; and
16	(B) in section 408 (7 U.S.C. 1428)—
17	(i) in subsection (c), by striking "to-
18	bacco,"; and
19	(ii) in subsection (d), by adding before
20	the period at the end the following: "or to-
21	bacco".
22	(b) Elimination of Tobacco Marketing
23	QUOTAS.—
24	(1) Elimination.—Part I (sections 311
25	through 320C) of subtitle B of title III of the Agri-

1	cultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1311–
2	1314i) is repealed.
3	(2) Conforming Amendments.—The Agricul-
4	tural Adjustment Act of 1938 is further amended—
5	(A) in section 301(b) (7 U.S.C. 1301(b))—
6	(i) by striking paragraphs (3)(C),
7	(10)(B), (14)(B), (14)(C), (14)(D), (15),
8	(16)(B), and (17);
9	(ii) in paragraph (6)(A), by striking
10	"tobacco,";
11	(iii) in the undesignated subpara-
12	graphs in paragraph (7), by striking
13	"Tobacco (flue-cured), July 1–June 30;
14	"Tobacco (other than flue-cured), October
15	1–September 30;";
16	(iv) in paragraph (11)(B), by striking
17	"and tobacco"; and
18	(v) in paragraph (12), by striking "to-
19	bacco,";
20	(B) in section 303 (7 U.S.C. 1303), by
21	striking "rice, or tobacco" and inserting "or
22	rice"; and
23	(C) in section 372(b) (7 U.S.C. 1372(b)),
24	by striking "Except as provided in section

1	320B, the amount" in the third sentence and
2	inserting "The amount".
3	(c) Conforming Amendments.—
4	(1) Burley tobacco imports.—Section 3 of
5	Public Law 98–59 (7 U.S.C. 625) is repealed.
6	(2) TRANSFER OF TOBACCO ALLOTMENTS.—
7	Section 703 of Public Law 89–321 (7 U.S.C. 1316;
8	79 Stat. 1210) is amended by striking the second
9	sentence.
10	(3) BURLEY TOBACCO ACREAGE ALLOT-
11	MENTS.—The Act of July 12, 1952 (7 U.S.C. 1315),
12	is repealed.
13	(d) Application of Amendments.—The amend-
14	ments made by this section shall apply with respect to the
15	2000 and subsequent crops of tobacco. As soon as possible
16	after operations are completed with regard to the 1999
17	crop of tobacco, the Secretary of Agriculture shall termi-
18	nate all loan agreements entered into with tobacco pro-
19	ducer associations under section 106A of the Agricultural
20	Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1445–1) and provide
21	for the disposal of all funds in the No Net Cost Tobacco
22	Fund of those associations and in the No Net Cost To-
23	bacco Account of the Commodity Credit Corporation.
24	(e) Continued Liability of Producers.—An

amendment made by this section shall not affect the liabil-

ity of any person under any provision of law as in effect
 before the date of the enactment of this Act.

3 (f) PROHIBITION ON SUBSEQUENT PROVISION OF
4 PRICE SUPPORT.—With respect to the 2000 and subse5 quent crops of tobacco, the Secretary of Agriculture may
6 not make price support available, whether in the form of
7 loans, payments, purchases, or other operations, by using
8 the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation or under
9 the authority of any law.

10 Subtitle C—Other Subsidies 11 SEC. 121. ABOLITION OF ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY PRO-

12 GRAM.

13 (a) Abolishment.—

14 (1) REPEAL OF SECTION 28 OF THE NATIONAL
15 INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY
16 ACT.—Section 28 of the National Institute of Stand17 ards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278n) is re18 pealed.

19 (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—The National
20 Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15
21 U.S.C. 271 et seq.) is amended—

22 (A) in section 2(d), by striking ", 26, and
23 28" and inserting "and 26"; and

(B) in section 10(h)(1), by striking ", in cluding the Program established under section
 28,".

4 (b) RESCISSION OF UNOBLIGATED FUNDS APPRO5 PRIATED.—Any funds appropriated for the Advanced
6 Technology Program established under section 28 of the
7 National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15
8 U.S.C. 278n) that are unobligated on the date of the en9 actment of this Act are hereby rescinded.

10 sec. 122. Tennessee valley authority funding11Elimination.

12 Section 27 of the Tennessee Valley Authority Act of13 1933 (16 U.S.C. 831z) is amended to read as follows:

14 "SEC. 27. No appropriations are authorized to carry
15 out the provisions of this Act after September 30, 1999.".
16 SEC. 123. CODIFICATION OF ELIMINATION OF PURCHASER
17 ROAD CREDITS AND ELIMINATION OF OTHER
18 FEDERAL FUNDING OF FOREST ROADS FOR
19 LOGGING.

(a) CODIFICATION OF PURCHASER ROAD CREDITS
ELIMINATION.—Consistent with section 329 of the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1999 (as contained in section 101(e) of division
A of Public Law 105–277; 112 Stat. 2681–292; 16 U.S.C.
535a), section 4 of Public Law 88–657 (16 U.S.C. 535;

commonly known as the National Forest Roads and Trails
 Act) is amended—

3 (1) by striking "including provisions for amortization of road costs in contracts" and inserting "ex-4 5 cept that the Secretary may not provide effective 6 purchaser credit for road construction"; and 7 (2) by striking the last sentence. 8 (b) Conforming Amendments Regarding Pur-CHASER ROAD CREDITS.— 9 10 (1) TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM.—Section 10(a) 11 of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources 12 Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1608(a)) is 13 amended by striking "benefits" and all that follows 14 through the period at the end of the subsection and 15 inserting "benefits.". (2) TIMBER SALES WITH PURCHASER CREDIT 16 17 PROVISIONS.—Section 14 of the National Forest 18 Management Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 472a) is 19 amended by striking subsection (i). 20 (c) Use of Federal Funds for Construction 21 OR RECONSTRUCTION OF LOGGING ROADS.— 22 (1) RESTRICTION.—Except as provided in para-23 graph (2), Federal funds shall not be obligated after 24 the date of the enactment of this Act for the con-25 struction or reconstruction of any forest road that will be used principally for logging, including under
 section 205 of title 23, United States Code (relating
 to forest development roads and trails).

4 (2) USE OF FUNDS FOR SPECIFICATIONS AND 5 REQUIREMENTS.—Paragraph (1) does not prohibit 6 the obligation of Federal funds for the establishment 7 of specifications and requirements for the construc-8 tion or reconstruction of roads under timber con-9 tracts and the oversight and enforcement of compli-10 ance with those specifications and requirements.

(3) RECOVERY OF ROAD COSTS.—The Secretary
of Agriculture shall seek to recover from persons
who use forest roads for logging that portion of the
cost to the Federal Government of construction or
reconstruction of forest roads that is attributable to
that use.

17 SEC. 124. PROHIBITION AGAINST PROVISION OF FEDERAL

18 FUNDS PURSUANT TO THE NEW ARRANGE19 MENTS TO BORROW OF THE INTERNATIONAL
20 MONETARY FUND.

No officer, employee, or agent of the United States may, directly or indirectly, provide Federal funds to, or for the benefit of, the International Monetary Fund or any instrumentality thereof, pursuant to the New Arrangements to Borrow of the International Monetary Fund.

1 TITLE II—MINERAL EXPLO 2 RATION AND DEVELOPMENT 3 Subtitle A—Mineral Exploration 4 and Development

5 SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE, FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

6 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This title may be cited as the7 "Mineral Exploration and Development Act of 1999".

8 (b) FINDINGS.—Congress finds and declares the fol-9 lowing:

10 (1) The general mining laws, commonly re11 ferred to as the Mining Law of 1872, at one time
12 promoted the development of the West and provided
13 a framework for the exploitation of Federal mineral
14 resources.

15 (2) Congress recognized that the public interest 16 was no longer being advanced under the Mining Law 17 of 1872 when, in 1920, it removed energy minerals 18 and minerals chiefly valuable for agricultural use, 19 and in 1955, removed common varieties of mineral 20 materials, from the scope of the general mining laws 21 and made such minerals available under regimes 22 which provide for a financial return to the public for 23 the disposition of such minerals and which better 24 safeguard the environment.

1	(3) The Mining Law of 1872 no longer fosters
2	the efficient and diligent development of those min-
3	eral resources still under its scope, giving rise to
4	speculation and nonmining uses of lands chiefly val-
5	uable for minerals.
6	(4) The Mining Law of 1872 does not provide
7	for a financial return to the American people for use
8	by claim holders of public domain lands or for the
9	disposition of valuable mineral resources from such
10	lands.
11	(5) The Mining Law of 1872 continues to
12	transfer lands valuable for mineral resources from
13	the public domain to private ownership for less than
14	the fair market value of such lands and mineral re-
15	sources.
16	(6) There are a substantial number of acres of
17	land throughout the Nation disturbed by mining ac-
18	tivities conducted under the Mining Law of 1872 on
19	which little or no reclamation was conducted, and
20	the impacts from these unreclaimed lands pose a
21	threat to the public health, safety, and general wel-
22	fare and to environmental quality.
23	(7) Activities under the Mining Law of 1872
24	continue to result in disturbances of surface areas

and water resources which burden and adversely af-

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fect the public welfare by destroying or diminishing the utility of public domain lands for other appropriate uses and by creating hazards dangerous to the public health and safety and to the environment.

5 (8) Existing Federal law and regulations, as
6 well as applicable State laws, have proven to be in7 adequate to ensure that active mining operations
8 under the Mining Law of 1872 will not leave to fu9 ture generations a new legacy of hazards associated
10 with unreclaimed mined lands.

(9) The public interest is no longer being served
by archaic features of the Mining Law of 1872 that
thwart the efficient exploration and development of
those minerals which remain under its scope and
which conflict with modern public land use management philosophies.

(10) The public is justified in expecting the diligent development of its mineral resources, a financial return for the use of public domain lands for
mineral activities as well as for the disposition of
valuable mineral resources from such lands.

(11) It is not in the public interest for public
domain lands to be sold far below fair market value
nor does this aspect of the Mining Law of 1872
comport with modern Federal land policy which is

1 grounded on the retention of public domain lands 2 under the principles of multiple use. 3 (12) Mining and reclamation technology is now 4 developed so that effective and reasonable regulation 5 of operations by the Federal Government in accord-6 ance with this title is an appropriate and necessary 7 means to minimize so far as practicable the adverse 8 social, economic and environmental effects of such 9 mining operations. 10 (13) Mining activities on public domain lands 11 affect interstate commerce, contribute to the eco-12 nomic well-being, security and general welfare of the 13 Nation and should be conducted in an environ-14 mentally sound manner. 15 (14) It is necessary that any revision of the 16 general mining laws insure that a domestic supply of 17 hardrock minerals be made available to the domestic 18 economy of the United States. 19 (15) America's economy still depends heavily on 20 hardrock minerals and a strong environmentally 21 sound mining industry is critical to the domestic 22 minerals supply. 23 (16) Many of the deposits of hardrock minerals

remain to be discovered on the Federal public domain.

1 (17) Private enterprise must be given adequate 2 incentive to engage in a capital-intensive industry 3 such as hardrock mining. 4 (18) The United States, as owner of the public 5 domain, has a dual interest in insuring a fair return 6 for mining on the public domain and insuring that 7 any royalty and fees charged do not discourage es-8 sential mining activity on the public domain. 9 (19) The domestic mining industry provides 10 thousands of jobs directly and indirectly to the do-11 mestic economy and those jobs must be preserved 12 and encouraged by a sound Federal policy regarding 13 mining on Federal lands. (c) PURPOSE.—It is the purpose of this title— 14 15 (1) to devise a more socially, fiscally and envi-16 ronmentally responsible regime to govern the use of 17 public domain lands for the exploration and develop-18 ment of those minerals not subject to mineral leas-19 ing acts or mineral materials statutes; 20 (2) to provide for a fair return to the public for 21 the use of public domain lands for mineral activities 22 and for the disposition of minerals from such lands; 23 (3) to foster the diligent development of mineral 24 resources on public domain lands in a manner that is compatible with other resource values and envi ronmental quality;

3 (4) to promote the restoration of mined areas
4 left without adequate reclamation prior to the enact5 ment of this Act and which continue, in their
6 unreclaimed condition, to substantially degrade the
7 quality of the environment, prevent the beneficial
8 use of land or water resources, and endanger the
9 health and safety of the public;

10 (5) to assure that appropriate procedures are
11 provided for public participation in the development,
12 revision and enforcement of regulations, standards
13 and programs established under this title; and

14 (6) to, whenever necessary, exercise the full
15 reach of Federal constitutional powers to ensure the
16 protection of the public interest through the effective
17 control of mineral exploration and development ac18 tivities.

19 SEC. 202. DEFINITIONS AND REFERENCES.

20 (a) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this title:

(1) The term "affiliate" means with respect toany person, any of the following:

23 (A) Any person who controls, is controlled
24 by, or is under common control with such per25 son.

1	(B) Any partner of such person.
2	(C) Any person owning at least 10 percent
3	of the voting shares of such person.
4	(2) The term "applicant" means any person ap-
5	plying for a permit under this title or a modification
6	to or a renewal of a permit under this title.
7	(3) The term "beneficiation" means the crush-
8	ing and grinding of locatable mineral ore and such
9	processes as are employed to free the mineral from
10	other constituents, including but not necessarily lim-
11	ited to, physical and chemical separation techniques.
12	(4) The term "claim holder" means a person
13	holding a mining claim located or converted under
14	this title. Such term may include an agent of a claim
15	holder.
16	(5) The term "control" means having the abil-
17	ity, directly or indirectly, to determine (without re-
18	gard to whether exercised through one or more cor-
19	porate structures) the manner in which an entity
20	conducts mineral activities, through any means, in-
21	cluding without limitation, ownership interest, au-
22	thority to commit the entity's real or financial as-
23	sets, position as a director, officer, or partner of the
24	entity, or contractual arrangement. The Secretary
25	and the Secretary of Agriculture shall jointly pro-

mulgate such rules as may be necessary under this
 paragraph.

(6) The term "exploration" means those techniques employed to locate the presence of a locatable
mineral deposit and to establish its nature, position,
size, shape, grade and value not associated with mining, beneficiation, processing or marketing of minerals.

9 (7) The term "Indian lands" means lands held 10 in trust for the benefit of an Indian tribe or indi-11 vidual or held by an Indian tribe or individual sub-12 ject to a restriction by the United States against 13 alienation.

14 (8) The term "Indian tribe" means any Indian 15 tribe, band, nation, pueblo, or other organized group 16 or community, including any Alaska Native village 17 or regional corporation as defined in or established 18 pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement 19 Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), which is recognized as 20 eligible for the special programs and services pro-21 vided by the United States to Indians because of 22 their status as Indians.

(9) The term "land use plans" means those
plans required under section 202 of the Federal
Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43)

1	U.S.C. 1712) or the land management plans for Na-
2	tional Forest System units required under section 6
3	of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources
4	Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1604), whichever
5	is applicable.
6	(10) The term "legal subdivisions" means an
7	aliquot quarter quarter section of land as established
8	by the official records of the public land survey sys-
9	tem, or a single lot as established by the official

records of the public land survey system if the pertinent section is irregular and contains fractional lots,
as the case may be.

(11)(A) The term "locatable mineral" means
any mineral, the legal and beneficial title to which
remains in the United States and which is not subject to disposition under any of the following:

- 17 (i) The Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C.18 181 and following).
- 19 (ii) The Geothermal Steam Act of 197020 (30 U.S.C. 1001 and following).

21 (iii) The Act of July 31, 1947, commonly
22 known as the Materials Act of 1947 (30 U.S.C.
23 601 and following).

24 (iv) The Mineral Leasing for Acquired
25 Lands Act (30 U.S.C. 351 and following).

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(B) The term "locatable mineral" does not in-

2	clude any mineral held in trust by the United States
3	for any Indian or Indian tribe, as defined in section
4	2 of the Indian Mineral Development Act of 1982
5	(25 U.S.C. 2101), or any mineral owned by any In-
6	dian or Indian tribe, as defined in that section, that
7	is subject to a restriction against alienation imposed
8	by the United States.
9	(12) The term "mineral activities" means any
10	activity on Federal lands for, related to, or inci-
11	dental to, mineral exploration, mining, beneficiation,
12	processing, or reclamation activities for any locatable
13	mineral.
14	(13) The term "mining" means the processes
15	employed for the extraction of a locatable mineral
16	from the earth.
17	(14) The term "mining claim" means a claim
18	for the purposes of mineral activities.
19	(15) The term "National Conservation System
20	unit" means any unit of the National Park System,
21	National Wildlife Refuge System, National Wild and
22	Scenic Rivers System, National Trails System, or a
23	National Conservation Area, National Recreation
24	Area, a National Forest Monument or any unit of
25	the National Wilderness Preservation System.

(16) The term "operator" means any person,
 conducting mineral activities subject to this title or
 any agent of such a person.

4 (17) The term "person" means an individual,
5 Indian tribe, partnership, association, society, joint
6 venture, joint stock company, firm, company, cor7 poration, cooperative or other organization and any
8 instrumentality of State or local government includ9 ing any publicly owned utility or publicly owned cor10 poration of State or local government.

(18) The term "processing" means processes
downstream of beneficiation employed to prepare
locatable mineral ore into the final marketable product, including but not limited to, smelting and electrolytic refining.

16 (19) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary17 of the Interior, unless otherwise specified.

(20) The term "surface management requirements" means the requirements and standards of
subtitle B, and such other standards as are established by the Secretary governing mineral activities
pursuant to this title.

(b) REFERENCES.—(1) Any reference in this title to
the term "general mining laws" is a reference to those
Acts which generally comprise chapters 2, 12A, and 16,

and sections 161 and 162 of title 30 of the United States
 Code.

3 (2) Any reference in this title to the "Act of July
4 23, 1955", is a reference to the Act of July 23, 1955,
5 entitled "An Act to amend the Act of July 31, 1947 (61
6 Stat. 681) and the mining laws to provide for multiple
7 use of the surface of the same tracts of the public lands,
8 and for other purposes" (30 U.S.C. 601 and following).

9 SEC. 203. LANDS OPEN TO LOCATION.

(a) LANDS OPEN TO LOCATION.—Except as provided
in subsection (b), mining claims may be located under this
title on lands and interests in lands owned by the United
States if—

(1) such lands and interests were open to the
location of mining claims under the general mining
laws on the date of enactment of this Act; or

17 (2) such lands and interests are opened to the
18 location of mining claims after the date of enact19 ment of this Act by reason of any administrative ac20 tion or statute.

21 (b) LANDS NOT OPEN TO LOCATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
provision of law and subject to valid existing rights,
each of the following shall not be open to the loca-

1	tion of mining claims under this title on or after the
2	date of enactment of this Act:
3	(A) Lands recommended for wilderness
4	designation by the agency managing the sur-
5	face, pending a final determination by the Con-
6	gress of the status of such recommended lands.
7	(B) Lands being managed by the Sec-
8	retary, acting through Bureau of Land Manage-
9	ment, as wilderness study areas on the date of
10	enactment of this Act except where the location
11	of mining claims is specifically allowed to con-
12	tinue by the statute designating the study area,
13	pending a final determination by the Congress
14	of the status of such lands.
15	(C)(i) Lands under study for inclusion in
16	the National Wild and Scenic River System
17	pursuant to section 5(a) of the Wild and Scenic
18	Rivers Act (16 U.S.C. 1276(a)), pending a final
19	determination by the Congress of the status of
20	such lands, and (ii) lands determined by a Fed-
21	eral agency under section 5(d) of such Act to
22	be eligible for inclusion in such system, pending
23	a final determination by the Congress of the
24	status of such lands.

1	(D) Lands withdrawn from mineral activi-
2	ties under authority of other law.
3	(2) DEFINITION.—(A) As used in this sub-
4	section, the term "valid existing rights" refers to a
5	mining claim located on lands described in para-
6	graph (1) of subsection (a) that—
7	(i) was properly located and maintained
8	under this title prior to and on the applicable
9	date, or
10	(ii) was properly located and maintained
11	under the general mining laws prior to the ap-
12	plicable date, and
13	(I) was supported by a discovery of a
14	valuable mineral deposit within the mean-
15	ing of the general mining laws on the ap-
16	plicable date, and
17	(II) continues to be valid under this
18	title.
19	(B) As used in this paragraph, the term "appli-
20	cable date" means one of the following:
21	(i) In the case of lands described in para-
22	graph (1)(A), such term means the date of the
23	recommendation referred to in paragraph
24	(1)(A) if such recommendation is made on or
25	after the enactment of this Act.

1	(ii) In the case of lands described in para-
2	graph $(1)(A)$, if the recommendation referred to
3	in paragraph (1)(A) was made before the enact-
4	ment of this Act, such term means the earlier
5	of (I) the date of enactment of this Act or (II)
6	the date of any withdrawal of such lands from
7	mineral activities.
8	(iii) For lands described in paragraph
9	(1)(B), such term means the date of the enact-
10	ment of this Act.
11	(iv) For lands referred to in paragraph
12	(1)(C)(i), such term means the date of the en-
13	actment of the amendment to the Wild and Sce-
14	nic Rivers Act listing the river segment for
15	study and for lands referred to in paragraph
16	(1)(C)(ii), such term means the date of the eli-
17	gibility determination.
18	(v) For lands referred to in paragraph
19	(1)(D), such term means the date of the with-
20	drawal.
21	SEC. 204. RIGHTS UNDER THIS TITLE.
22	The holder of a mining claim located or converted

The holder of a mining claim located or converted under this title and maintained in compliance with this title shall have the exclusive right of possession and use of the claimed land for mineral activities, including the 1 right of ingress and egress to such claimed lands for such 2 activities, subject to the rights of the United States under 3 this title and other applicable Federal law. Such rights of 4 the claim holder shall terminate upon completion of min-5 eral activities of lands to the satisfaction of the Secretary. In cases where an area is determined unsuitable under 6 7 section 219, holders of claims converted or located under 8 this title shall be entitled to receive a refund of claim maintenance fees. 9

10 SEC. 205. LOCATION OF MINING CLAIMS.

11 (a) GENERAL RULE.—A person may locate a mining 12 claim covering lands open to the location of mining claims by posting a notice of location, containing the person's 13 name and address, the time of location (which shall be 14 15 the date and hour of location and posting), and a legal description of the claim. The notice of location shall be 16 posted on a suitable, durable monument erected as near 17 as practicable to the northeast corner of the mining claim. 18 No person who is not a citizen of the United States, or 19 20 a corporation organized under the laws of the United 21 States or of any State or the District of Columbia may 22 locate or hold a claim under this title. On or after the 23 enactment of this Act, a mining claim for a locatable min-24 eral on lands open to location(1) may be located only in accordance with this
 title,

- 3 (2) may be maintained only as provided in this4 title, and
- 5 (3) shall be subject to the requirements of this6 title.

7 (b) USE OF PUBLIC LAND SURVEY.—Except as pro-8 vided in subsection (c), each mining claim located under 9 this title shall (1) be located in accordance with the public 10 land survey system, and (2) conform to the legal subdivi-11 sions thereof. Except as provided in subsection (c)(1), the 12 legal description of the mining claim shall be based on the 13 public land survey system and its legal subdivisions.

(c) EXCEPTIONS.—(1) If only a protracted survey exists for the public lands concerned, each of the following
shall apply in lieu of subsection (b):

17 (A) The legal description of the mining claim
18 shall be based on the protracted survey and the min19 ing claim shall be located as near as practicable in
20 conformance with a protracted legal subdivision.

(B) The mining claim shall be monumented on
the ground by the erection of a suitable, durable
monument at each corner of the claim.

24 (C) The legal description of the mining claim25 shall include a reference to any existing survey

1	monument, or where no such monument can be
2	found within a reasonable distance, to a permanent
3	and conspicuous natural object.
4	(2) If no survey exists for the public lands concerned,
5	each of the following shall apply in lieu of subsection (b):
6	(A) The mining claim shall be a regular square,
7	with each side laid out in cardinal directions, 40
8	acres in size.
9	(B) The claim shall be monumented on the
10	ground by the erection of a suitable durable monu-
11	ment at each corner of the claim.
12	(C) The legal description of the mining claim
13	shall be expressed in metes and bounds and shall be
14	defined by and referenced to the closest existing sur-
15	vey monument, or where no such monument can be
16	found within a reasonable distance, to a permanent
17	and conspicuous natural object. Such description
18	shall be of sufficient accuracy and completeness to
19	permit recording of the claim upon the public land
20	records and to permit the claim to be readily found
21	upon the ground.
22	(3) In the case of a conflict between the boundaries
23	of a mining claim as monumented on the ground and the

24 description of such claim in the notice of location referred25 to in subsection (a), the notice of location shall be deter-

1 minative, except where determined otherwise by the Sec-2 retary.

3 (d) FILING WITH SECRETARY.—(1) Within 30 days
4 after the location of a mining claim pursuant to this sec5 tion, a copy of the notice of location referred to in sub6 section (a) shall be filed with the Secretary in an office
7 designated by the Secretary.

8 (2)(A) Whenever the Secretary receives a copy of a 9 notice of location of a mining claim under this title, the 10 Secretary shall assign a serial number to the mining claim, and immediately return a copy of the notice of location 11 to the locator of the claim, together with a certificate set-12 ting forth the serial number, a description of the claim, 13 14 and the claim maintenance requirements of section 207. 15 The Secretary shall enter the claim on the public land 16 records.

(B) Return of the copy of the notice of location and
provision of the certificate under subparagraph (A) shall
not constitute a determination by the Secretary that a
claim is valid. Failure by the Secretary to provide such
copy and certificate shall not constitute a defense against
cancellation of a claim for failure to follow applicable requirements of this title.

24 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for25 every unpatented mining claim located after the date of

enactment of this Act, the locator shall, at the time the
 location notice is recorded with the Bureau of Land Man agement, pay a location fee of \$25.00 per claim. The loca tion fee shall be in addition to the claim maintenance fee
 payable under section 207.

6 (4) Subsections (b) and (c) of section 314 of the Fed7 eral Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C.
8 1744(b)) are repealed.

9 (e) CONVERTED CLAIMS.—For mining claims and 10 mill sites deemed converted under this title, for the pur-11 poses of complying with the requirements of subsection 12 (d), upon receipt of the initial claim maintenance fee re-13 quired under section 207, the Secretary shall issue a cer-14 tificate referenced in subsection (d)(2) to the holder of the 15 mining claim or mill site.

16 (f) DATE OF LOCATION.—A mining claim located17 under this title shall be effective based upon the time of18 location.

(g) LANDS COVERED BY CLAIM.—A mining claim located or converted under this title shall include all lands
and interests in lands open to location within the boundaries of the claim, subject to any prior mining claim located or converted under this title.

24 (h) CONFLICTING LOCATIONS.—Any conflicts be-25 tween the holders of mining claims located or converted

under this title relating to relative superiority under the 1 provisions of this title may be resolved in adjudication pro-2 3 ceedings in a court with proper jurisdiction, including, as 4 appropriate, State courts. It shall be incumbent upon the 5 holder of a mining claim asserting superior rights in such proceedings to demonstrate that such person was the sen-6 7 ior locator, or if such person is the junior locator, that 8 prior to the location of the claim by such locator—

9 (1) the senior locator failed to file a copy of the
10 notice of location within the time provided under
11 subsection (d); or

(2) the amount of claim maintenance fee paid
by the senior locator at the time of filing the location notice referred to in subsection (d) was less
than the amount required to be paid by such locator.
(i) EXTENT OF MINERAL DEPOSIT.—The boundaries
of a mining claim located under this title shall extend
vertically downward.

19 SEC. 206. CONVERSION OF EXISTING CLAIMS.

(a) EXISTING CLAIMS.—Notwithstanding any other
provision of law, on the effective date of this title any
unpatented mining claim for a locatable mineral located
under the general mining laws prior to the date of enactment of this Act shall become subject to this title's provisions and shall be deemed a converted mining claim under

this title. Nothing in this title shall be construed to affect
 extralateral rights in any valid lode mining claim existing
 on the date of enactment of this Act. After the effective
 date of this title, there shall be no distinction made as
 to whether such claim was originally located as a lode or
 placer claim.

7 (b) MILL AND TUNNEL SITES.—On the effective date 8 of this title, any unpatented mill or tunnel site located 9 under the general mining laws before the date of enact-10 ment of this Act shall become subject to this title's provi-11 sions and shall be deemed a converted mining claim under 12 this title.

(c) POSTCONVERSION.—Any unpatented mining
claim or mill site located under the general mining laws
shall be deemed to be a prior claim for the purposes of
section 205(g) when converted pursuant to subsection (a)
or (b).

18 (d) DISPOSITION OF LAND.—In the event a mining 19 claim is located under this title for lands encumbered by 20a prior mining claim or mill site located under the general 21 mining laws, such lands shall become part of the claim 22 located under this title if the claim or mill site located 23 under the general mining laws is declared null and void 24 under this section or is otherwise declared null and void thereafter. 25

1 (e) CONFLICTS.—(1) Any conflicts in existence before 2 the effective date of this title between holders of mining 3 claims, mill sites and tunnel sites located under the gen-4 eral mining laws shall be subject to, and shall be resolved 5 in accordance with, applicable laws governing such con-6 flicts in effect before the effective date of enactment of 7 this Act in a court of proper jurisdiction.

8 (2) Any conflicts not relating to matters provided for 9 under section 205(h) between the holders of a mining 10 claim located under this title and a mining claim, mill, 11 or tunnel site located under the general mining laws aris-12 ing either before or after the conversion of any such claim 13 or site under this section shall be resolved in a court with 14 proper jurisdiction.

15 SEC. 207. CLAIM MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) The holder of each mining
claim converted pursuant to this title shall pay to the Secretary an annual claim maintenance fee of \$100 per claim.

(2) The holder of each mining claim located pursuant
to this title shall pay to the Secretary an annual claim
maintenance fee of \$200 per claim.

(b) TIME OF PAYMENT.—The claim maintenance fee
payable pursuant to subsection (a) for any year shall be
paid on or before August 31 of each year, except that in
the case of claims referred to in subsection (a)(2), for the

initial calendar year in which the location is made, the
 locator shall pay the initial claim maintenance fee at the
 time the location notice is recorded with the Bureau of
 Land Management.

5 (c) OIL SHALE CLAIMS SUBJECT TO CLAIM MAINTE6 NANCE FEES UNDER ENERGY POLICY ACT OF 1992.—
7 This section shall not apply to any oil shale claims for
8 which a fee is required to be paid under section 2511(e)(2)
9 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (Public Law 102–486;
10 106 Stat. 3111; 30 U.S.C. 242).

(d) CLAIM MAINTENANCE FEES PAYABLE UNDER
12 1993 ACT.—The claim maintenance fees payable under
13 this section for any period with respect to any claim shall
14 be reduced by the amount of the claim maintenance fees
15 paid under section 10101 of the Omnibus Budget Rec16 onciliation Act of 1993 with respect to that claim and with
17 respect to the same period.

(e) WAIVER.—(1) The claim maintenance fee required under this section may be waived for a claim holder
who certifies in writing to the Secretary that on the date
the payment was due, the claim holder and all related parties held not more than 10 mining claims on lands open
to location. Such certification shall be made on or before
the date on which payment is due.

(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), with respect to
 any claim holder, the term "related party" means each
 of the following:

4 (A) The spouse and dependent children (as de5 fined in section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code of
6 1986), of the claim holder.

7 (B) Any affiliate of the claim holder.

8 (f) CO-OWNERSHIP.—Upon the failure of any one or 9 more of several co-owners to contribute such co-owner or 10 owners' portion of the fee under this section, any co-owner who has paid such fee may, after the payment due date, 11 12 give the delinquent co-owner or owners notice of such failure in writing (or by publication in the newspaper nearest 13 the claim for at least once a week for at least 90 days). 14 15 If at the expiration of 90 days after such notice in writing or by publication, any delinquent co-owner fails or refuses 16 17 to contribute his portion, his interest in the claim shall become the property of the co-owners who have paid the 18 required fee. 19

(g) FUND.—All monies received under this section
shall be deposited in the Abandoned Locatable Minerals
Mine Reclamation Fund established under subtitle C of
this title.

24 (h) CREDIT AGAINST ROYALTY.—The amount of the25 annual claim maintenance fee required to be paid under

this section for any claim for any period shall be credited
 against the amount of royalty required to be paid under
 section 236 for the same period with respect to that claim.

4 SEC. 208. FAILURE TO COMPLY.

(a) FORFEITURE.—The failure of the claim holder to
file the notice of location, to pay the location fee, or to
pay the claim maintenance fee for a mining claim as required by this subtitle shall be deemed conclusively to constitute forfeiture of the mining claim by operation of law.
Forfeiture shall not relieve any person of any obligation
created under this title, including reclamation.

(b) PROHIBITION.—No claim holder may locate a new
claim on the lands such claim holder included in a forfeited claim for 1 year from the date such claim is deemed
forfeited.

16 (c) RELINQUISHMENT.—A claim holder deciding not 17 to pursue mineral activities on a claim may relinquish such claim by notifying the Secretary. A claim holder relin-18 quishing a claim is responsible for reclamation as required 19 by section 217 of this title and all other applicable require-20 21 ments. A claim holder who relinquishes a claim shall not 22 be subject to the prohibition of subsection (b) of this sec-23 tion unless the Secretary determines that the claim is 24 being relinquished and relocated for the purpose of avoiding compliance with any provision of this title, including
 payment of the claim maintenance fee.

3 SEC. 209. BASIS FOR CONTEST.

4 (a) DISCOVERY.—(1) After the effective date of this
5 title, a mining claim may not be contested or challenged
6 on the basis of discovery under the general mining laws,
7 except as follows:

8 (A) Any claim located before the effective date 9 of this title may be contested by the United States 10 on the basis of discovery under the general mining 11 laws as in effect prior to the effective date of this 12 title if such claim is located within any National 13 Conservation System unit, or within any area re-14 ferred to in section 203(b).

15 (B) Any mining claim located before the effec-16 tive date of this title may be contested by the United 17 States on the basis of discovery under the general 18 mining laws as in effect prior to the effective date 19 of this title if such claim was located for a mineral 20 material that purportedly has a property giving it 21 distinct and special value within the meaning of sec-22 tion 3(a) of the Act of July 23, 1955 (as in effect 23 prior to the date of enactment of this Act), or if 24 such claim was located for a mineral that was not locatable under the general mining laws before the
 effective date of this title.

3 (2) The Secretary may initiate contest proceedings
4 against those mining claims referred to in paragraph (1)
5 at any time, except that nothing in this subsection may
6 be construed as requiring the Secretary to inquire into,
7 or contest, the validity of a mining claim for the purpose
8 of the conversion referred to in section 206, except as pro9 vided in section 252.

(3) Nothing in this subsection may be construed as
limiting any contest proceedings initiated by the United
States on issues other than discovery, or any contest proceedings filed before the effective date of this title.

(4) Any contest proceeding initiated pursuant to
paragraph (1) shall determine whether the mining claim
or claims subject to such proceeding supported a discovery
of a valuable mineral deposit within the meaning of the
general mining laws on the effective date of this title.

(b) CONTINUED SUFFICIENCY OF MINING CLAIM.—
(1) At any time, upon request of the Secretary, the claim
holder shall demonstrate that the continued retention of
a mining claim located or converted under this title is exclusively related to mineral activities at the site.

24 (2) Where the Secretary requests demonstration of25 the continuing sufficiency of any mining claim under this

section, the claim holder shall have the burden of showing
 each of the following:

3 (A) The lands or interests in lands included in 4 the mining claim are not used predominantly for rec-5 reational, residential or other purposes rather than 6 for mineral activities and are being held in good 7 faith for the ultimate exploration for, development 8 of, or production of locatable minerals, as dem-9 onstrated by the claim holder or his or her assigns 10 through showings satisfactory to the Secretary.

(B) The claim holder or operator does not restrict access to the lands or interests in lands included in the mining claim in a manner that is not
required for mineral activities.

15 (C) The mineral being or to be mined on the
16 mining claim is a locatable mineral (unless such
17 lands are used for beneficiation or processing).

(D) The claim holder or operator has not constructed, improved, maintained or used a structure
located on a mining claim in a manner not specifically authorized by the Secretary in accordance with
this title.

(3) Any mining claim for which the claim holder fails
to demonstrate continued sufficiency, in the determination
of the Secretary, pursuant to subsection (b) of this section,

shall thereupon be deemed forfeited and be declared null
 and void.

3 (c) REMEDIES.—(1) The Secretary may assess a civil
4 penalty of not more than \$5,000 per claim against the
5 claim holder upon declaring a mining claim null and void
6 pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

7 (2) Upon declaring a mining claim null and void pur-8 suant to subsection (b), the Secretary shall provide a rea-9 sonable opportunity for the mining claim holder or oper-10 ator to remove any real or personal property which such person had previously placed upon the claim. If the prop-11 12 erty is not removed within the time provided, the Secretary may retain the property or provide for its disposi-13 tion or destruction. 14

(d) OTHER LAW.—The Secretary shall take such actions as may be necessary to ensure the compliance by
claim holders with section 4 of the Act of July 23, 1955
(30 U.S.C. 612), consistent with this section.

19 Subtitle B—Environmental Consid-

20 erations of Mineral Exploration

21 and Development

22 SEC. 211. SURFACE MANAGEMENT STANDARD.

Notwithstanding the last sentence of section 302(b)
of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976,
and in accordance with this subtitle and other applicable

law, the Secretary, and for National Forest System lands
 the Secretary of Agriculture, shall require that mineral ac tivities on Federal lands conducted by any person mini mize adverse impacts to the environment.

5 SEC. 212. PERMITS.

6 (a) PERMITS REQUIRED.—No person may engage in 7 mineral activities on Federal lands that may cause a dis-8 turbance of surface resources, including but not limited 9 to, land, air, ground water and surface water, fish, wild-10 life, and biota unless—

(1) the claim was properly located or convertedunder this title and properly maintained; and

13 (2) a permit was issued to such person under14 this subtitle authorizing such activities.

(b) NEGLIGIBLE DISTURBANCE.—Notwithstanding
subsection (a)(2), a permit under this subtitle shall not
be required for mineral activities related to exploration,
or gathering of data, required to comply with section 213
or 214 that cause a negligible disturbance of surface resources and do not involve any of the following:

21 (1) The use of mechanized earth moving equip-22 ment, suction dredging, explosives.

23 (2) The use of motor vehicles in areas closed to24 off-road vehicles.

(3) The construction of roads, drill pads, or the
 use of toxic or hazardous materials.

3 Persons engaging in such activities shall provide prior
4 written notice. The Secretary and the Secretary of Agri5 culture may provide, by joint regulations the manner in
6 which such notice shall be provided.

7 (c) WAIVER OF THE SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY OF IN8 DIAN TRIBES.—The Secretary is authorized to require In9 dian tribes to waive sovereign immunity as a condition of
10 obtaining a permit under this title.

11 SEC. 213. EXPLORATION PERMITS.

12 (a) AUTHORIZED EXPLORATION ACTIVITY.—Any 13 claim holder may apply for an exploration permit for any mining claim authorizing the claim holder to remove a rea-14 15 sonable amount of the locatable minerals from the claim for analysis, study and testing. Such permit shall not au-16 17 thorize the claim holder to remove any mineral for sale nor to conduct any activities other than those required for 18 19 exploration for locatable minerals and reclamation.

(b) PERMIT APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS.—An application for an exploration permit under this section shall
be submitted in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary
or, for National Forest System lands, the Secretary of Agriculture, and shall contain an exploration plan, a reclamation plan for the proposed exploration, such documenta-

1	tion as necessary to ensure compliance with applicable
2	Federal and State environmental laws and regulations,
3	and each of the following:
4	(1) The name, mailing address, and social secu-
5	rity number or tax identification number, as applica-
6	ble, of each of the following:
7	(A) The applicant for the permit and any
8	agent of the applicant.
9	(B) The operator (if different than the ap-
10	plicant) of the claim concerned.
11	(C) Each claim holder (if different than
12	the applicant) of the claim concerned.
13	(2) A statement of whether any person referred
14	to in subparagraphs (A) through (C) of paragraph
15	(1) is currently in violation of, or was, during the 3-
16	year period preceding the date of the application,
17	found to be in violation of, any of the following and,
18	if so, a brief explanation of the facts involved, in-
19	cluding identification of the site and nature of the
20	violation:
21	(A) Any provision of this title or any regu-
22	lation under this title.
23	(B) Any applicable toxic substance, solid
24	waste, air, water quality, or fish and wildlife
25	conservation law or regulation at any site where

1	mining, beneficiation, or processing activities
2	are occurring or have occurred.
3	(C) The Surface Mining Control and Rec-
4	lamation Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 1201 and fol-
5	lowing) or any regulation under that Act at any
6	site where surface coal mining operations have
7	occurred or are occurring.
8	(3) A description of the type and method of ex-
9	ploration activities proposed, the engineering tech-
10	niques proposed to be used and the equipment pro-
11	posed to be used.
12	(4) The anticipated starting and termination
13	dates of each phase of the exploration activities pro-
14	posed, including any planned temporary cessation of
15	exploration.
16	(5) A map, to an appropriate scale, clearly
17	showing the land to be affected by the proposed ex-
18	ploration.
19	(6) Information determined necessary by the
20	Secretary concerned to assess the cumulative im-
21	pacts, as required to comply with the National Envi-
22	ronmental Policy Act of 1969.
23	(7) Evidence of appropriate financial assurance
24	as specified in section 216.

1 (c) RECLAMATION PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—The rec-2 lamation plan required to be included in a permit applica-3 tion under subsection (b) shall include such provisions as 4 may be jointly prescribed by the Secretary and the Sec-5 retary of Agriculture and each of the following: 6 (1) A description of the condition of the land, 7 including the fish and wildlife resources and habitat 8 contained thereon, subject to the permit prior to the 9 commencement of any exploration activities. 10 (2) A description of reclamation measures pro-11 posed pursuant to the requirements of section 217. 12 (3) The engineering techniques to be used in 13 reclamation and the equipment proposed to be used. 14 (4) The anticipated starting and termination 15 dates of each phase of the reclamation proposed. 16 (5) A description of the proposed condition of 17 the land, including the fish and wildlife resources 18 and habitat contained thereon, following the comple-19 tion of reclamation.

(d) PERMIT ISSUANCE OR DENIAL.—The Secretary,
or for National Forest System lands, the Secretary of Agriculture, shall issue an exploration permit pursuant to an
application under this section if such Secretary makes
each of the following determinations, and such Secretary

1 shall deny a permit which he or she finds does not fully2 meet the requirements of this subsection:

3 (1) The permit application, the exploration plan4 and reclamation plan are complete and accurate.

5 (2) The applicant has demonstrated that pro-6 posed reclamation can be accomplished.

7 (3) The proposed exploration activities and con8 dition of the land after the completion of exploration
9 activities and final reclamation would conform with
10 the land use plan applicable to the area subject to
11 mineral activities.

(4) The area subject to the proposed permit is
not included within an area designated unsuitable
under section 219 or not open to location under section 203(b) for the types of exploration activities
proposed.

17 (5) The applicant has demonstrated that the 18 exploration plan and reclamation plan will be in 19 compliance with the requirements of this title and all 20 other applicable Federal requirements, and any 21 State requirements agreed to by the Secretary of the 22 Interior (or Secretary of Agriculture, as appropriate) 23 pursuant to a cooperative agreement under section 218.24

(6) The applicant has fully complied with the
 requirements of section 216 (relating to financial as surance).

4 (e) TERM OF PERMIT.—An exploration permit shall
5 be for a stated term. The term shall be no greater than
6 that necessary to accomplish the proposed exploration,
7 and in no case for more than 5 years.

8 (f) PERMIT MODIFICATION.—During the term of an 9 exploration permit the permit holder may submit an appli-10 cation to modify the permit. To approve a proposed modification to the permit, the Secretary concerned shall make 11 12 the same determinations as are required in the case of 13 an original permit, except that the Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture may specify by joint rule the extent 14 15 to which requirements for initial exploration permits under this section shall apply to applications to modify an explo-16 17 ration permit based on whether such modifications are deemed significant or minor. 18

(g) FEES.—Each application for a permit pursuant
to this section shall be accompanied by a fee payable to
the Secretary of the Interior in such amount as may be
established by the Secretary of the Interior. Such amount
shall be equal to the actual or anticipated cost to the Secretary or the Secretary of Agriculture, as the case may
be, of reviewing, administering, and enforcing such permit,

as determined by such Secretary. All moneys received
 under this subsection shall be deposited in the Abandoned
 Locatable Minerals Mine Reclamation Fund established
 under subtitle C of this title.

5 (h) TRANSFER, Assignment, SALE OR OF RIGHTS.—(1) No transfer, assignment, or sale of rights 6 7 granted by a permit issued under this section shall be 8 made without the prior written approval of the Secretary 9 or for National Forest System lands, the Secretary of Ag-10 riculture.

(2) Such Secretary may allow a person holding a permit to transfer, assign, or sell rights under the permit to
a successor, if the Secretary finds, in writing, that the
successor—

15 (A) is eligible to receive a permit in accordance
with section 215;

17 (B) has submitted evidence of financial assur-18 ance satisfactory under section 216; and

19 (C) meets any other requirements specified by20 the Secretary.

(3) The successor in interest shall assume the liability
and reclamation responsibilities established by the existing
permit and shall conduct the mineral activities in full compliance with this title, and the terms and conditions of

the permit as in effect at the time of transfer, assignment,
 or sale.

3 (4) Each application for approval of a permit trans-4 fer, assignment, or sale pursuant to this subsection shall 5 be accompanied by a fee payable to the Secretary of the 6 Interior in such amount as may be established by such 7 Secretary. Such amount shall be equal to the actual or 8 anticipated cost to the Secretary or the Secretary of Agri-9 culture, as appropriate, of reviewing and approving or dis-10 approving such transfer, assignment, or sale, as determined by the Secretary of the Interior. All moneys re-11 12 ceived under this subsection shall be deposited in the 13 Abandoned Locatable Minerals Mine Reclamation Fund established under subtitle C of this title. 14

15 SEC. 214. OPERATIONS PERMIT.

16 (a) OPERATIONS PERMIT.—Any claim holder may 17 apply to the Secretary, or for National Forest System 18 lands, the Secretary of Agriculture, for an operations per-19 mit authorizing the claim holder to carry out mineral ac-20 tivities on Federal lands. The permit shall include such 21 terms and conditions as prescribed by such Secretary to 22 carry out this subtitle.

(b) PERMIT APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS.—An application for an operations permit under this section shall
be submitted in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary

1	concerned and shall contain an operations plan, a reclama-
2	tion plan, such documentation as necessary to ensure com-
3	pliance with applicable Federal and State environmental
4	laws and regulations, and each of the following:
5	(1) The name, mailing address, and social secu-
6	rity number or tax identification number, as applica-
7	ble, of each of the following:
8	(A) The applicant for the permit and any
9	agent of the applicant.
10	(B) The operator (if different than the ap-
11	plicant) at the claim concerned.
12	(C) Each claim holder (if different than
13	the applicant) of the claim concerned.
14	(D) Each affiliate and each officer or di-
15	rector of the applicant.
16	(2) A statement of whether a person referred to
17	in subparagraphs (A) through (D) of paragraph (1)
18	is currently in violation of, or was, during the 3-year
19	period preceding the date of application, found to be
20	in violation of, any of the following and if so, a brief
21	explanation of the facts involved, including identi-
22	fication of the site and the nature of the violation:
23	(A) Any provision of this title or any regu-
24	lation under this title.

1	(B) Any applicable toxic substance, solid
2	waste, air, water quality, or fish and wildlife
3	conservation law or regulation at any site where
4	mining, beneficiation, or processing activities
5	are occurring or have occurred.
6	(C) The Surface Mining Control and Rec-
7	lamation Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 1201 and fol-
8	lowing) or any regulation under that Act at any
9	site where surface coal mining operations have
10	occurred or are occurring.
11	(3) A statement of any current or previous per-
12	mits or plans of operations issued under the Surface
13	Mining Control and Reclamation Act or the Federal
14	Land Policy and Management Act of 1976.
15	(4) A description of the type and method of
16	mineral activities proposed, the engineering tech-
17	niques proposed to be used and the equipment pro-
18	posed to be used.
19	(5) The anticipated starting and termination
20	dates of each phase of the mineral activities pro-
21	posed, including any planned temporary cessation of
22	operations.
23	(6) Maps, to an appropriate scale, clearly show-
24	ing the lands, watersheds, and surface waters, to be
25	affected by the proposed mineral activities; surface

1 and mineral ownership; facilities, including roads 2 and other man-made structures; proposed disturb-3 ances; soils and vegetation; topography; and water 4 supply intakes and surface water bodies. 5 (7) A description of the biological resources in 6 or associated with the area subject to mineral activi-7 ties, including vegetation, fish and wildlife, riparian 8 and wetland habitats. 9 (8) A description of measures planned to exclude fish and wildlife resources from the area sub-10 11 ject to mineral activities by covering, containment, 12 or fencing of open waters, beneficiation, and proc-13 essing materials; or maintenance of all facilities in a 14 condition that is not harmful to fish and wildlife. 15 (9) A description of the quantity and quality of 16 surface and ground water resources in or associated 17 with the area subject to mineral activities, based on 18 pre-disturbance monitoring sufficient to establish 19 seasonal variations. 20 (10) An analysis of the probable hydrologic con-21 sequences of the mineral activities, both on and off 22 the area subject to mineral activities, with respect to 23 the hydrologic regime, quantity and quality of water 24 in surface and ground water systems including the 25 dissolved and suspended solids under seasonal flow conditions and the collection of sufficient data for
the mine site and surrounding areas so that an assessment can be made by the Secretary concerned of
the probable cumulative impacts of the anticipated
mineral activities in the area upon the hydrology of
the area and particularly upon water availability.

7 (11) A description of the monitoring systems to 8 be used to detect and determine whether compliance 9 has and is occurring consistent with the surface 10 management requirements and to monitor the ef-11 fects of mineral activities on the site and sur-12 rounding environment, including but not limited to, 13 ground water, surface water, air, soils, and fish and 14 wildlife resources.

(12) Accident contingency plans that include,
but are not limited to, immediate response strategies
and corrective measures to mitigate environmental
impacts and appropriate insurance to cover accident
contingencies.

(13) Any measures to comply with any conditions on minerals activities that may be required in
the applicable land use plan or any condition stipulated pursuant to section 219.

24 (14) Information determined necessary by the25 Secretary concerned to assess the cumulative im-

pacts of mineral activities, as required to comply
with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969.
(15) Such other environmental baseline data as
the Secretaries, by joint regulation, shall require suf-
ficient to validate the determinations required for
issuance of a permit under this title.

7 (16) Evidence of appropriate financial assur-8 ance as specified in section 216.

9 (17) A description of the site security provisions 10 designed to protect from theft the locatable min-11 erals, concentrates or products derived therefrom 12 which will be produced or stored on a mining claim. 13 (18) A full characterization of soils and geology

14 in the area to be affected by mineral activities.

15 (19) A copy of the applicant's advertisement to 16 be published as required by section 243 (relating to 17 public participation).

18 (c) RECLAMATION PLAN APPLICATION REQUIRE-MENTS.—The reclamation plan referred to in subsection 19 20 (b) shall include such reclamation measures as prescribed 21 by the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the 22 Secretary of Agriculture, and each of the following:

23 (1) A description of the condition of the land, 24 including the fish and wildlife resources and habitat

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1	contained thereon, subject to the permit prior to the
2	commencement of any mineral activities.
3	(2) A description of reclamation measures pro-
4	posed pursuant to the requirements of section 217.
5	(3) The engineering techniques to be used in
6	reclamation and the equipment proposed to be used.
7	(4) The anticipated starting and termination
8	dates of each phase of the reclamation proposed.
9	(5) A description of the proposed condition of
10	the land, including the fish and wildlife resources
11	and habitat contained thereon, following the comple-
12	tion of reclamation.
13	(6) A description of the maintenance measures
14	that will be necessary to meet the surface manage-
15	ment requirements of this title, such as, but not lim-
16	ited to, drainage water treatment facilities, or liner
17	maintenance and control.
18	(7) The consideration which has been given to
19	making the condition of the land after the comple-
20	tion of mineral activities and final reclamation con-
21	sistent with the applicable land use plan.
22	(d) Permit Issuance or Denial.—(1) After pro-
23	viding notice and opportunity for public comment and
24	hearing, the Secretary, or for National Forest System
25	lands the Secretary of Agriculture, shall issue an oper-

ations permit if such Secretary makes each of the fol lowing determinations in writing, and such Secretary shall
 deny a permit which he or she finds does not fully meet
 the requirements of this paragraph:

5 (A) The permit application, operations plan,6 and reclamation plan are complete and accurate.

7 (B) The applicant has demonstrated that the
8 proposed reclamation in the reclamation plan can be
9 accomplished.

10 (C) The proposed mineral activities and condi-11 tion of the land including the fish and wildlife re-12 sources and habitat contained thereon, after the 13 completion of mineral activities and final reclama-14 tion conform to the land use plan applicable to the 15 area subject to mineral activities.

(D) The area subject to the proposed plan is
not included within an area designated unsuitable or
not open to location for the types of mineral activities proposed.

(E) The applicant has demonstrated that the
mineral activities will be in compliance with this title
and all other applicable Federal requirements, and
any State requirements agreed to by the appropriate
Secretary pursuant to cooperative agreements under
section 218.

(F) The assessment of the probable cumulative
 impact of all anticipated mining in the area on the
 hydrologic balance specified in subsection (b)(10)
 has been made and the proposed operation has been
 designed to minimize disturbances to the prevailing
 hydrologic balance of the permit area.

7 (G) The applicant has fully complied with the
8 requirements of section 216 (relating to financial as9 surance).

10 (2) Issuance of an operations permit under this sec-11 tion shall be based on information supplied by the appli-12 cant or other interested parties and the applicant shall 13 have the burden of establishing that the application com-14 plies with paragraph (1).

15 (3) With respect to any activities specified in the reclamation plan referred to in subsection (b) which con-16 17 stitute a removal or remedial action under section 101 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensa-18 tion and Liability Act of 1980, the Secretary shall consult 19 with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection 20 21 Agency prior to the issuance of an operating permit. To 22 the extent practicable, the Administrator shall ensure that 23 the reclamation plan does not require activities which 24 would increase the costs or likelihood of removal or reme-25 dial actions under Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 or correc tive actions under the Solid Waste Disposal Act.

3 (e) TERM OF PERMIT; RENEWAL.—(1) An operations 4 permit shall be for a stated term. The term shall be no 5 greater than that necessary to accomplish the proposed mineral activities subject to the permit, and in no case 6 7 for more than 10 years, unless the applicant demonstrates 8 to the satisfaction of the Secretary, or for National Forest 9 System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, that a specified 10 longer term is reasonably needed for such mineral activi-11 ties.

(2) Failure by the operator to commence mineral activities within one year of the date scheduled in an operations permit shall require a modification of the permit
unless the Secretary concerned determines that the delay
was beyond the control of the applicant.

(3) An operations permit shall carry with it the right
of successive renewal upon expiration only with respect to
operations on areas within the boundaries of the existing
permit as issued. A renewal of such permit shall not be
issued if such Secretary determines, in writing, any of the
following:

23 (A) The terms and conditions of the existing24 permit are not being met.

(B) The operator has not demonstrated that
 the financial assurance would continue to apply in
 full force and effect for the renewal term.

4 (C) Any additional revised or updated informa5 tion required by the Secretary concerned has not
6 been provided.

7 (D) The applicant has not demonstrated that 8 the mineral activities will be in compliance with the 9 requirements of all other applicable Federal require-10 ments, and any State requirements agreed to by the 11 Secretary concerned pursuant to cooperative agree-12 ments under section 218.

13 (4) A renewal of an operations permit shall be for a term of 10 years or for such additional term as the Sec-14 15 retary concerned deems appropriate. Application for renewal shall be made at least one year prior to the expira-16 17 tion of the existing permit. Where a renewal application has been timely submitted and a permit expires prior to 18 19 Secretarial action on the renewal application, reclamation 20 shall and other mineral activities may continue in accord-21 ance with the terms of the expired permit until the Sec-22 retary concerned makes a decision on the renewal applica-23 tion.

24 (f) PERMIT MODIFICATION.—(1) During the term of25 an operations permit the operator may submit an applica-

tion to modify the permit (including the operations plan 1 2 or reclamation plan, or both). To approve a proposed 3 modification, the Secretary, or for National Forest System 4 lands the Secretary of Agriculture, shall make the same 5 determinations as are required in the case of an original operations permit, except that the Secretaries may estab-6 7 lish joint rules regarding the extent to which requirements 8 for original permits under this section shall apply to appli-9 cations to modify a permit based on whether such modi-10 fications are deemed significant or minor. Such rules shall provide that all requirements applicable to a new permit 11 12 shall apply to any extension of the area covered by the 13 permit (except for incidental boundary revisions).

14 (2) The Secretary, or for National Forest System 15 lands the Secretary of Agriculture, may, at any time, require reasonable modification to any operations plan or 16 reclamation plan upon a determination that the require-17 18 ments of this title cannot be met if the plan is followed as approved. Such determination shall be based on a writ-19 20 ten finding and subject to notice and hearing requirements 21 established by the Secretary concerned.

(g) TEMPORARY CESSATION OF OPERATIONS.—(1)
No operator conducting mineral activities under an operations permit in effect under this subtitle may temporarily
cease mineral activities for a period of 180 days or more

under an operations permit unless the Secretary concerned 1 2 has approved such temporary cessation or unless the temporary cessation is permitted under the original permit. 3 4 Any operator temporarily ceasing mineral activities for a 5 period of 180 days or more under an existing operations permit shall submit, before the expiration of such 180-day 6 7 period, a complete application for temporary cessation of 8 operations to the Secretary concerned for approval unless 9 the temporary cessation is permitted under the original 10 permit.

11 (2) An application for approval of temporary ces-12 sation of operations shall include such provisions as pre-13 scribed by the Secretary concerned, including but not limited to the steps that shall be taken during the cessation 14 15 of operations period to minimize impacts on the environment. After receipt of a complete application for tem-16 porary cessation of operations such Secretary shall con-17 18 duct an inspection of the area for which temporary ces-19 sation of operations has been requested.

20 (3) To approve an application for temporary ces21 sation of operations, the Secretary concerned shall make
22 each of the following determinations:

(A) A determination that the methods for securing surface facilities and restricting access to the
permit area, or relevant portions thereof, will effec-

tively ensure against hazards to the health and safe-
ty of the public and fish and wildlife.
(B) A determination that reclamation is in com-
pliance with the approved reclamation plan, except
in those areas specifically designated in the applica-
tion for temporary cessation of operations for which
a delay in meeting such standards is necessary to fa-
cilitate the resumption of operations.
(C) A determination that the amount of finan-
cial assurance filed with the permit application is
sufficient to assure completion of the reclamation ac-
tivities identified in the approved reclamation plan in
the event of forfeiture.
(D) A determination that any outstanding no-
tices of violation and cessation orders incurred in
connection with the plan for which temporary ces-
sation is being requested are either stayed pursuant
sation is being requested are either stayed pursuant to an administrative or judicial appeal proceeding or
to an administrative or judicial appeal proceeding or
to an administrative or judicial appeal proceeding or are in the process of being abated to the satisfaction
to an administrative or judicial appeal proceeding or are in the process of being abated to the satisfaction of the Secretary concerned.
to an administrative or judicial appeal proceeding or are in the process of being abated to the satisfaction of the Secretary concerned.(h) PERMIT REVIEWS.—The Secretary, or for Na-

a written finding, such Secretary may require the operator

to take such actions as the Secretary deems necessary to
 assure that mineral activities conform to the permit, in cluding adjustment of financial assurance requirements.

4 (i) FEES.—Each application for a permit pursuant 5 to this section shall be accompanied by a fee payable to the Secretary of the Interior in such amount as may be 6 7 established by such Secretary. Such amount shall be equal 8 to the actual or anticipated cost to the Secretary, or for 9 National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-10 culture, of reviewing, administering, and enforcing such permit, as determined by the Secretary of the Interior. All 11 moneys received under this subsection shall be deposited 12 in the Abandoned Locatable Minerals Mine Reclamation 13 Fund established under subtitle C of this title. 14

(j) TRANSFER, ASSIGNMENT, OR SALE OF RIGHTS.—
(1) No transfer, assignment, or sale of rights granted by
a permit under this section shall be made without the prior
written approval of the Secretary, or for National Forest
System lands the Secretary of Agriculture.

(2) The Secretary, or for National Forest System
21 lands the Secretary of Agriculture, may allow a person
22 holding a permit to transfer, assign, or sell rights under
23 the permit to a successor, if such Secretary finds, in writ24 ing, that the successor—

(A) is eligible to receive a permit in accordance
 with section 215;

3 (B) has submitted evidence of financial assur4 ance satisfactory under section 216; and

5 (C) meets any other requirements specified by6 such Secretary.

7 (3) The successor in interest shall assume the liability
8 and reclamation responsibilities established by the existing
9 permit and shall conduct the mineral activities in full com10 pliance with this title, and the terms and conditions of
11 the permit as in effect at the time of transfer, assignment,
12 or sale.

13 (4) Each application for approval of a permit trans-14 fer, assignment, or sale pursuant to this subsection shall 15 be accompanied by a fee payable to the Secretary of the Interior in such amount as may be established by such 16 17 Secretary. Such amount shall be equal to the actual or 18 anticipated cost to the Secretary or the Secretary of Agri-19 culture of reviewing and approving or disapproving such transfer, assignment, or sale, as determined by the Sec-20 21 retary of the Interior. All moneys received under this sub-22 section shall be deposited in the Abandoned Locatable 23 Minerals Mine Reclamation Fund established under sub-24 title C of this title.

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1 SEC. 215. PERSONS INELIGIBLE FOR PERMITS.

2 (a) CURRENT VIOLATIONS.—Unless corrective action has been taken in accordance with subsection (c), no per-3 mit under this subtitle shall be issued or transferred to 4 5 an applicant if the applicant or any agent of the applicant, the operator (if different than the applicant) of the claim 6 7 concerned, any claim holder (if different than the appli-8 cant) of the claim concerned, or any affiliate or officer 9 or director of the applicant is currently in violation of any of the following: 10

(1) A provision of this title or any regulationunder this title.

(2) An applicable toxic substance, solid waste,
air, water quality, or fish and wildlife conservation
law or regulation at any site where mining,
beneficiation, or processing activities are occurring
or have occurred.

18 (3) The Surface Mining Control and Reclama19 tion Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 1201 and following) or
20 any regulation implementing that Act at any site
21 where surface coal mining operations have occurred
22 or are occurring.

(b) SUSPENSION.—The Secretary, or for National
Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, shall
suspend an exploration permit or an operations permit,
in whole or in part, if such Secretary determines that any

of the entities described in subsection (a) were in violation
 of any requirement listed in subsection (a) at the time the
 permit was issued.

4 (c) CORRECTION.—(1) The Secretary, or for National 5 Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, may issue or reinstate a permit under this subtitle if the appli-6 7 cant submits proof that the violation referred to in sub-8 section (a) or (b) has been corrected or is in the process 9 of being corrected to the satisfaction of such Secretary or 10 if the applicant submits proof that the violator has filed and is presently pursuing, a direct administrative or judi-11 12 cial appeal to contest the existence of the violation. For 13 purposes of this section, an appeal of any applicant's relationship to an affiliate shall not constitute a direct admin-14 15 istrative or judicial appeal to contest the existence of the 16 violation.

17 (2) Any permit which is issued or reinstated based 18 upon proof submitted under this subsection shall be condi-19 tionally approved or conditionally reinstated, as the case 20 may be. If the violation is not successfully abated or the 21 violation is upheld on appeal, the permit shall be sus-22 pended or revoked.

23 (d) PATTERN OF WILLFUL VIOLATIONS.—No permit
24 under this title may be issued to any applicant if there
25 is a demonstrated pattern of willful violations of the sur-

1 face management requirements of this title by the appli-2 cant, any affiliate of the applicant, or the operator or 3 claim holder if different than the applicant, and such vio-4 lations are of such nature and duration, and with such 5 resulting irreparable damage to the environment, as to 6 clearly indicate an intent not to comply with the surface 7 management requirements.

8 SEC. 216. FINANCIAL ASSURANCE.

9 (a) FINANCIAL ASSURANCE REQUIRED.—(1) Before 10 any permit is issued under this subtitle, the operator shall file with the Secretary, or for National Forest System 11 lands the Secretary of Agriculture, evidence of financial 12 13 assurance payable to the United States on a form prescribed and furnished by such Secretary and conditional 14 15 upon faithful performance of such permit and all other requirements of this title. The financial assurance shall 16 be provided in the form of a surety bond, trust fund, let-17 ters of credits, government securities, cash or equivalent. 18

(2) The financial assurance shall cover all lands within the initial permit area and shall be extended to cover
all lands added pursuant to any permit modification made
under section 213(f), section 214(f), or section 214(h).
The financial assurance shall cover all lands to be affected
by mineral activities as described and depicted in the permit application.

1 (b) AMOUNT.—The amount of the financial assur-2 ance required under this section shall be sufficient to as-3 sure the completion of reclamation satisfying the require-4 ments of this title if the work were to be performed by 5 the Secretary concerned in the event of forfeiture. The calculation of such amount shall take into account the max-6 7 imum level of financial exposure which shall arise during 8 the mineral activity.

9 (c) DURATION.—The financial assurance required 10 under this section shall be held for the duration of the 11 mineral activities and for an additional period to cover the 12 operator's responsibility for revegetation as specified 13 under subsection 217(b)(6)(B), and effluent treatment as 14 specified in subsection (g).

15 (d) ADJUSTMENTS.—The amount of the financial assurance and the terms of the acceptance of the assurance 16 17 may be adjusted by the Secretary concerned from time to time as the area requiring coverage is increased or de-18 creased, or where the costs of reclamation or treatment 19 20 change, or pursuant to section 214(h), but the financial 21 assurance must otherwise be in compliance with this sec-22 tion. The Secretary concerned shall specify periodic times, 23 or set a schedule, for reevaluating or adjusting the amount 24 of financial assurance.

1 (e) RELEASE.—Upon request, and after notice and 2 opportunity for public comment, and after inspection by 3 the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the 4 Secretary of Agriculture, such Secretary may, after con-5 sultation with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, release in whole or in part the financial 6 7 assurance required under this section if the Secretary 8 makes both of the following determinations:

9 (1) A determination that reclamation covered
10 by the financial assurance has been accomplished as
11 required by this title.

(2) A determination that the operator has declared that the terms and conditions of any other
applicable Federal requirements, and State requirements applicable pursuant to cooperative agreements
under section 218, have been fulfilled.

17 (f) RELEASE SCHEDULE.—The release referred to in18 subsection (e) shall be according to the following schedule:

(1) After the operator has completed any required backfilling, regrading, and drainage control of
an area subject to mineral activities and covered by
the financial assurance, and has commenced revegetation on the regraded areas subject to mineral activities in accordance with the approved plan, that
portion of the total financial assurance secured for

the area subject to mineral activities attributable to
 the completed activities may be released.

3 (2) After the operator has completed success-4 fully all remaining mineral activities and reclamation 5 activities and all requirements of the operations plan 6 and the reclamation plan (including the provisions of 7 section 217(b)(6)(B) relating to revegetation and ef-8 fluent treatment required by subsection (g)), and all 9 other requirements of this title have in fact been 10 fully met, the remaining portion of the financial as-11 surance may be released.

12 During the period following release of the financial assur-13 ance as specified in paragraph (1), until the remaining 14 portion of the financial assurance is released as provided 15 in paragraph (2), the operator shall be required to comply 16 with the permit issued under this subtitle.

17 (g) EFFLUENT.—Where any discharge resulting from the mineral activities requires treatment in order to meet 18 19 the applicable effluent limitations, the financial assurance 20shall include the estimated cost of maintaining such treat-21 ment for the projected period that will be needed after 22 the cessation of mineral activities. The portion of the fi-23 nancial assurance attributable to such estimated cost of 24 treatment shall not be released until the discharge has 25 ceased, or, if the discharge continues, until the operator

has met all applicable effluent limitations and water qual ity standards for 5 full years without treatment.

3 (h) ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS.—If the Secretary, 4 or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-5 culture, determines, after final release of financial assurance, that an environmental hazard resulting from the 6 7 mineral activities exists, or the terms and conditions of 8 the operations permit of this title were not fulfilled in fact 9 at the time of release, such Secretary shall issue an order 10 under section 247 requiring the claimholder or operator 11 (or any person who controls the claimholder or operator) 12 to correct the condition.

13 SEC. 217. RECLAMATION.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—(1) Except as provided under
paragraphs (5) and (7) of subsection (b), the operator
shall restore lands subject to mineral activities carried out
under a permit issued under this subtitle to a condition
capable of supporting—

(A) the uses, including fish and wildlife habitat
uses, which such lands were capable of supporting
prior to surface disturbance by the operator, or

(B) other beneficial uses which conform to applicable land use plans as determined by the Secretary or for National Forest System lands, the Secretary of Agriculture.

1 (2) Reclamation shall proceed as contemporaneously 2 as practicable with the conduct of mineral activities and 3 shall use, with respect to this subsection and subsection 4 (b), the best technology currently available. To the extent 5 practicable, reclamation shall be conducted in a manner that does not increase the costs or likelihood of a removal 6 7 or remedial action under section 101 of the Comprehensive 8 Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act 9 of 1980 or a corrective action under the Solid Waste Dis-10 posal Act.

(b) RECLAMATION STANDARDS.—Mineral activities
shall be conducted in accordance with the following standards; as well as any additional standards the Secretaries
may jointly promulgate under section 211 and subsection
(a) of this section to address specific environmental impacts of selected methods of mining:

17 (1) SOILS.—(A) Soils, including topsoils and 18 subsoils removed from lands subject to mineral ac-19 tivities shall be segregated from waste material and 20 protected for later use in reclamation. If such soil is 21 not replaced on a backfill area within a time-frame 22 short enough to avoid deterioration of the topsoil, 23 vegetative cover or other means shall be used so that 24 the soil is preserved from wind and water erosion, 25 remains free of contamination by acid or other toxic

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material, and is in a usable condition for sustaining vegetation when restored during reclamation.

3 (B) In the event the topsoil from lands subject 4 to mineral activities is of insufficient quantity or of 5 inferior quality for sustaining vegetation, and other 6 suitable growth media removed from the lands sub-7 ject to the mineral activities are available that shall 8 support vegetation, the best available growth me-9 dium shall be removed, segregated and preserved in 10 a like manner as under subparagraph (A) for sus-11 taining vegetation when restored during reclamation.

12 (C) In the event the soil (other than topsoil) 13 from lands subject to mineral activities is of insuffi-14 cient quantity or of inferior quality for sustaining 15 vegetation, and other suitable growth media removed 16 from the lands subject to the mineral activities are 17 available that support revegetation, these substitute 18 materials shall be removed, segregated or preserved 19 in a like manner as under subparagraph (A) for 20 later use in reclamation.

(D) Mineral activities shall be conducted to prevent contamination of soils to the extent possible
using the best technology currently available. If contamination occurs, the operator shall decontaminate

or dispose of any contaminated soils which have re sulted from the mineral activities.

3 (2) STABILIZATION.—All surface areas subject 4 to mineral activities, including segregated soils or 5 other growth medium, waste material piles, ore piles, 6 subgrade ore piles, and open or partially backfilled 7 mine pits which meet the requirements of paragraph 8 (5) shall be stabilized and protected during mineral 9 activities so as to effectively control fugitive dust 10 and erosion and otherwise comply with toxic sub-11 stance, solid waste, air and water pollution control 12 laws and other environmental laws.

(3) SEDIMENTS, EROSION, AND DRAINAGE.—
Facilities such as but not limited to basins, ditches,
stream bank stabilization, diversions or other measures, shall be designed, constructed and maintained
where necessary to control sediments, erosion, and
drainage of the area subject to mineral activities.

19 (4) HYDROLOGIC BALANCE.—(A) Mineral ac-20 tivities shall be conducted to minimize disturbances 21 to the prevailing hydrologic balance of the permit 22 area and surrounding watershed existing prior to the 23 mineral activities in the permit area and in the sur-24 rounding watershed, as established by the baseline 25 information provided pursuant to section

214(b)(10). Hydrologic balance includes the quality
 and quantity of ground water and surface water and
 their interrelationships, including recharge and dis charge rates. In all cases, the operator shall comply
 with Federal and State laws related to the quality
 and quantity of such waters.

7 (B) Mineral activities shall be conducted using 8 the technology standard referred to in subsection 9 (a)(2) to prevent where possible the formation of 10 acidic, toxic or other contaminated water. Where the 11 formation of acidic, toxic or other contaminated 12 water occurs despite the use of such technology standard, mineral activities shall be conducted using 13 14 such technology so as to minimize the formation of 15 acidic, toxic or other contaminated water.

16 (C) Mineral activities shall prevent any con17 tamination of surface and ground water with acid or
18 other toxic mine pollutants and shall prevent or re19 move water from contact with acid or toxic pro20 ducing deposits.

(D) Reclamation shall restore approximate hydrologic balance existing prior to the mineral activities.

24 (E) Where the quality of surface water or25 ground water used for domestic, municipal, agricul-

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1 tural, or industrial purposes is adversely impacted 2 by mineral activities, such water shall be treated, or 3 replaced with the same quantity and approximate 4 quality of water, comparable to premining conditions 5 as established in paragraph (10) of section 214(b). (5) SURFACE RESTORATION.—(A) The surface 6 7 area disturbed by mineral activities shall be shaped, 8 graded, and contoured to its natural topography. 9 Backfilling of an open pit mine shall be required 10 only if the Secretary, or for National Forest System 11 lands the Secretary of Agriculture, finds that such 12 open pit or partially backfilled, graded, or contoured 13 pit would pose a significant threat to the public 14 health safety or have a significant adverse effect on 15 the environment in terms of surface water or 16 groundwater pollution.

(B) In instances where complete backfilling of
an open pit is not required, the pit shall be graded
to blend with the surrounding topography as much
as practicable and revegetated in accordance with
paragraph (6).

(6) VEGETATION.—(A) The area subject to
mineral activities shall be vegetated in order to establish a diverse, effective and permanent vegetative
cover of the same seasonal variety native to the area

1 subject to mineral activities, capable of self-regen-2 eration and plant succession and at least equal in extent of cover to the natural revegetation of the 3 4 surrounding area, except that introduced species 5 may be used at the discretion of the Secretary, or 6 for National Forest System lands the Secretary of 7 Agriculture, in consultation with the Director, Fish 8 and Wildlife Service, if such introduction of such 9 species is necessary as an interim step in, and is 10 part of a program to restore a native plant community. In such instances where the complete backfill 11 12 of an open mine pit is not required under paragraph 13 (5), such Secretary shall prescribe such vegetation 14 requirements as conform to the applicable land use 15 plan.

16 (B) In order to insure compliance with subpara-17 graph (A), the period for determining successful re-18 vegetation shall be for a period of 5 full years after 19 the last year of augmented seeding, fertilizing, irri-20 gation or other work, except that such period shall 21 be 10 full years where the annual average precipita-22 tion is 26 inches or less. The period may be for a 23 longer time at the discretion of the Secretary con-24 cerned where the average precipitation is 26 inches 25 or less.

1 (7) EXCESS WASTE.—(A) Waste material in ex-2 cess of that required to comply with paragraph (5)3 shall be transported and placed in approved areas, 4 in a controlled manner in such a way so as to assure 5 long-term mass stability, to prevent mass movement 6 and to facilitate reclamation. In addition to the 7 measures described under paragraph (3), internal 8 drainage systems shall be employed, as may be re-9 quired, to control erosion and drainage. The design 10 of such excess waste material piles shall be certified 11 by a qualified professional engineer.

(B) Excess waste material piles shall be graded
and contoured to blend with the surrounding topography as much as practicable and revegetated in accordance with paragraph (6).

16 (8) SEALING.—All drill holes, and openings on
17 the surface associated with underground mineral ac18 tivities, shall be backfilled, sealed or otherwise con19 trolled when no longer needed for the conduct of
20 mineral activities to ensure protection of the public
21 and the environment, and management of fish and
22 wildlife and livestock.

(9) STRUCTURES.—All buildings, structures or
equipment constructed, used or improved during
mineral activities shall be removed, unless the Sec-

retary concerned in consultation with the affected
 land managing agency, determines that use of the
 buildings, structures or equipment would be con sistent with subsection (a) or for environmental
 monitoring and the Secretary concerned takes own ership of such structures.

7 (10) FISH AND WILDLIFE.—Fish and wildlife
8 habitat in areas subject to mineral activities shall be
9 restored in a manner commensurate with or superior
10 to habitat conditions which existed prior to the min11 eral activities, including such conditions as may be
12 prescribed by the Director, Fish and Wildlife
13 Service.

14 (c) Application of Reclamation Standards to 15 EXPLORATION.—The provisions of this section shall apply to mineral exploration pursuant to a permit under this 16 17 title, except that paragraphs (5) and (6) of subsection (b) shall not apply during any interim periods between com-18 19 pletion of the approved exploration and the commence-20 ment of further mineral activities, not to exceed 2 years, 21 if the operator maintains a sufficient financial assurance 22 to reclaim the disturbed surface should further mineral ac-23 tivities not be authorized. The Secretary concerned shall 24 prescribe standards for interim stabilization and revegeta-25 tion.

1 (d) SPECIAL RULE.—A modified reclamation plan 2 shall not be required for mineral activities related to rec-3 lamation where a mining claim is forfeited, relinquished 4 or lapsed, or a plan is revoked or suspended or has expired 5 in any such case. Reclamation activities shall continue only as approved by the Secretary, or for National Forest 6 7 System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, pursuant to the 8 previously approved reclamation plan.

9 (e) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:

10 (1) The term "best technology currently avail-11 able" means equipment, devices, systems, methods, 12 or techniques which have demonstrated engineering 13 and economic feasibility, success and practicality. 14 Within the constraints of the surface management 15 requirements of this title, the Secretary, or for Na-16 tional Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-17 culture, shall have the discretion to determine the 18 best technology currently available on a case-by-case 19 basis.

(2) The term "waste material" means the material resulting from mineral activities involving extraction, beneficiation and processing, including but
not limited to tailings, and such material resulting
from mineral activities involving processing, to the
extent such material is not subject to subtitle III of

1	the Solid Waste Disposal Act or the Uranium Mill
2	Tailings Radiation Control Act.
3	(3) The term "ore piles" means ore stockpiled
4	for beneficiation prior to the completion of mineral
5	activities.
6	(4) The term "subgrade ore" means ore that is
7	too low in grade to be processed at the time of ex-
8	traction but which could reasonably be processed in
9	the foreseeable future.
10	(5) The term "soil" means the earthy or sandy
11	layer, ranging in thickness from a few inches to sev-
12	eral feet, composed of finely divided rock debris, of
13	whatever origin, mixed with decomposing vegetal and
14	animal matter, which forms the surface of the
15	ground and in which plants grow or may grow.
16	SEC. 218. STATE LAW AND REGULATION.
17	(a) STATE LAW.—(1) Any reclamation standard or
18	requirement in State law or regulation that meets or ex-
19	ceeds the requirements of section 217 shall not be con-
20	strued to be inconsistent with any such standard.
21	(2) Any bonding standard or requirement in State

(2) Any bonding standard or requirement in State
(2) Any bonding standard or requirement in State
(2) law or regulation that meets or exceeds the requirements
(2) of section 216 shall not be construed to be inconsistent
(2) with such requirements.

(3) Any inspection standard or requirement in State
 law or regulation that meets or exceeds the requirements
 of section 244 shall not be construed to be inconsistent
 with such requirements.

5 (b) APPLICABILITY OF OTHER STATE REQUIRE6 MENTS.—(1) Nothing in this title shall be construed as
7 affecting any toxic substance, solid waste, or air or water
8 quality, standard or requirement of any State law or regu9 lation, or of tribal law or regulation, which may be applica10 ble to mineral activities on lands subject to this title.

(2) Nothing in this title shall be construed as affecting in any way the right of any person to enforce or protect, under applicable law, such person's interest in water
resources affected by mineral activities on lands subject
to this title.

16 (c) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—(1) Any State 17 may enter into a cooperative agreement with the Sec-18 retary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary 19 of Agriculture, for the purposes of such Secretary applying 20 such standards and requirements referred to in subsection 21 (a) and subsection (b) to mineral activities or reclamation 22 on lands subject to this title.

(2) In such instances where the proposed mineral activities would affect lands not subject to this title in addition to lands subject to this title, in order to approve a

plan of operations the Secretary concerned shall enter into
 a cooperative agreement with the State that sets forth a
 common regulatory framework consistent with the surface
 management requirements of this title for the purposes
 of such plan of operations.

6 (3) The Secretary concerned shall not enter into a
7 cooperative agreement with any State under this section
8 until after notice in the Federal Register and opportunity
9 for public comment.

10 (d) PRIOR AGREEMENTS.—Any cooperative agreement or such other understanding between the Secretary 11 concerned and any State, or political subdivision thereof, 12 13 relating to the surface management of mineral activities on lands subject to this title that was in existence on the 14 15 date of enactment of this Act may only continue in force until the effective date of this title, after which time the 16 terms and conditions of any such agreement or under-17 standing shall only be applicable to plans of operations 18 approved by the Secretary concerned prior to the effective 19 date of this title. 20

(e) DELEGATION.—The Secretary, or for National
Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, shall
not delegate to any State, or political subdivision thereof,
the Secretary's authorities, duties and obligations under

1 this title, including with respect to any cooperative agree-2 ments entered into under this section.

3 (f) PREEMPTION.—Subject to section 252(b), the re4 quirements of this title shall preempt any conflicting re5 quirements of any State, or political subdivision thereof
6 relating to mineral activities for locatable minerals.

7 SEC. 219. UNSUITABILITY REVIEW.

8 (a) AUTHORITY.—(1) As provided for in this section, 9 the Secretary of the Interior, in carrying out the Sec-10 retary's responsibilities under the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, and the Secretary of Agri-11 culture, in carrying out the Secretary's responsibilities 12 13 under the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974, as amended by the National Forest 14 15 Management Act of 1976, shall each review lands that are subject to this title in order to determine, in accordance 16 17 with the provisions of subsection (b), whether there are any areas on such lands which are either unsuitable for 18 19 all types of mineral activities or conditionally suitable for 20 certain types of mineral activities.

(2) Any determination made in accordance with subsection (b) shall be immediately effective. Such determination shall be incorporated into the applicable land use plan
when such plan is adopted, revised, or significantly amended pursuant to provisions of law other than this title.

1 (3) In any instance where a determination is made 2 in accordance with subsection (b) that an area is condi-3 tionally suitable for all or certain mineral activities, the 4 Secretary concerned shall take appropriate steps to notify 5 the public that any operations permit application relevant 6 to that area shall be conditioned accordingly.

7 (b) SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS.—(1) The Secretary, 8 or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-9 culture, shall determine that an area open to location is 10 unsuitable for all or certain mineral activities if such Secretary finds that such activities would result in significant, 11 12 permanent and irreparable damage to special characteris-13 tics as described in paragraph (3) which cannot be prevented by the imposition of conditions in the operations 14 15 permit required under section 214 (b).

16 (2) The Secretary, or for National Forest System 17 lands, the Secretary of Agriculture, may determine, after notice and opportunity for public comment, that an area 18 19 is conditionally suitable for all or certain types of mineral 20 activities, if the Secretary concerned determines that any 21 of the special characteristics of such area, as listed in 22 paragraph (3), require protection from the effects of min-23 eral activities.

1 (3) Any of the following shall be considered special 2 characteristics of an area which contains lands or interests 3 in lands open to location under this title: 4 (A) The existence of significant water quality or 5 supplies in or associated with such area, such as 6 aquifers and aquifer recharge areas. 7 (B) The presence in such area of publicly 8 owned places which are listed on or are determined 9 eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. 10 11 (C) The designation of all or any portion of 12 such area or any adjacent area as a National Con-13 servation System unit. 14 (D) The designation of all or any portion of 15 such area or any adjacent area as critical habitat for 16 threatened or endangered species under the Endan-17 gered Species Act of 1973. 18 (E) The designation of all or any portion of 19 such area as Class I under section 162 of the Clean 20 Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401). 21 (F) The presence of such other resource values 22 as the Secretary, or for National Forest System 23 lands, the Secretary of Agriculture, may, by joint 24 rule, specify based upon field testing that verifies 25 such criteria.

1 (c) PERMIT APPLICATION PRIOR TO REVIEW.—(1) If an area covered by an application for a permit required 2 3 under section 214, has not been reviewed pursuant to sub-4 section (a) prior to submission of the application, the Sec-5 retary, or for National Forest System lands, the Secretary of Agriculture, shall review the area that would be affected 6 7 by the proposed mineral activities to determine, according 8 to the provisions of subsection (b), whether the area is 9 unsuitable for all types of mineral activities or condi-10 tionally suitable for certain types of mineral activities. Such review and determination shall precede the final de-11 12 cision on the permit application.

(2) The Secretary concerned shall use such review in
the next revision or significant amendment to the applicable land use plan to the extent necessary to reflect the
unsuitability or conditional suitability of such lands.

17 (d) EFFECT OF DETERMINATION.—(1) In any instance in which a determination of unsuitability is made 18 19 for any area in accordance with subsection (b)(1), all min-20 eral activities shall be prohibited in such area, and the 21 Secretary shall (with the consent of the Secretary of Agri-22 culture for National Forest System lands) withdraw such 23 area pursuant to section 204 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1714). The Sec-24 25 retary's determination under this section shall constitute

the documentation required to be provided under section
 204(c)(12) of the Federal Land Policy and Management
 Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1714).

4 (2) In any instance where the Secretary, or for Na-5 tional Forest System lands, the Secretary of Agriculture, determines in accordance with subsection (b)(2) that, by 6 7 reason of any of the special characteristics listed in sub-8 section (b)(3), an area is conditionally suitable for all or 9 certain mineral activities, the Secretary concerned shall in-10 clude such additional conditions in each permit for mineral activities in such area as necessary to limit or control min-11 12 eral activities to the extent necessary to protect the special characteristics concerned. 13

14 (3) Nothing in this section shall be construed as af-15 fecting lands where mineral activities were being conducted on the date of enactment of this Act under ap-16 proved plans of operations or under notice (as provided 17 for in the regulations of the Secretary of the Interior in 18 19 effect prior to the date of enactment of this Act relating to operations that cause a cumulative disturbance of 5 20 21 acres or less).

(4) Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting mineral activities at a specific site, where substantial legal and financial commitments in such mineral activities were in existence on the date of enactment of this

Act, but nothing in this section shall be construed as pro-1 2 hibiting either Secretary from regulating such activities in 3 accordance with other authority of law. As used in this 4 paragraph, the term "substantial legal and financial com-5 mitments" means, with respect to a specific site, significant investments, expenditures, or undertakings that have 6 7 been made to explore or develop any mining claim or and 8 millsite located at such site under the general mining laws 9 or converted under this title, such as but not limited to: 10 contracts for minerals produced; construction; contracts for the construction; or commitment to raise capital for 11 12 the construction of processing, beneficiation, extraction, or 13 refining facilities, or transportation or utility infrastructure; exploration activities conducted to delineate proven 14 15 or probable ore reserves; acquisition of mining claims (but only if such acquisition is part of other significant invest-16 ments specified in this paragraph); and such other costs 17 18 or expenditures related to mineral activities at such site 19 as are similar to the foregoing itemized costs or expenditures and as may be specified by the Secretaries by joint 20 21 rule.

(e) WITHDRAWAL REVIEW.—(1) In carrying out the
responsibilities referred to in subsection (a), the Secretary
or, for National Forest System lands, the Secretary of Agriculture, shall review all administrative withdrawals of

land under such Secretary's jurisdiction (other than wil derness study areas) to determine whether the revocation
 or modification of such withdrawal for the purpose of al lowing such lands to be opened to the location of mining
 claims under this title is appropriate as a result of either
 of the following:

7 (A) The imposition of any conditions imposed
8 as part of the land use planning process or the im9 position of any conditions as a result to the review
10 process under subsection (a).

(B) The limitation of section 255 (relating tolimitation on patent issuance).

13 (2) The Secretary concerned shall publish the review referred to in paragraph (1) in the Federal Register no 14 15 later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act. After providing notice and opportunity for comment, the 16 17 Secretary may issue a revocation or modification of such 18 administrative withdrawals as he deems appropriate by reason of the criteria listed in subparagraph (A) or (B) 19 20 of paragraph (1).

(f) EXPLORATION REVIEWS.—In conjunction with review of a permit application submitted pursuant to section
213, and upon request of the applicant, the Secretary, or
for National Forest System lands, the Secretary of Agriculture, shall review the area proposed to be affected by

mineral activities to determine whether the area would be
 unsuitable or conditionally suitable for all or certain min eral activities.

4 SEC. 220. CERTAIN MINERAL ACTIVITIES COVERED BY 5 OTHER LAW.

6 This subtitle shall not apply to any mineral activities7 which are subject to the Stock Raising Homestead Act.

8 Subtitle C—Abandoned Locatable 9 Minerals Mine Reclamation Fund

10 SEC. 231. ABANDONED LOCATABLE MINERALS MINE REC-

LAMATION.

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(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—(1) There is established on
the books of the Treasury of the United States a trust
fund to be known as the Abandoned Locatable Minerals
Mine Reclamation Fund (hereinafter in this subtitle referred to as the "Fund"). The Fund shall be administered
by the Secretary acting through the Director of the Office
of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement.

19 (2) The Secretary shall notify the Secretary of the 20 Treasury as to what portion of the Fund is not, in the 21 Secretary's judgment, required to meet current with-22 drawals. The Secretary of the Treasury shall invest such 23 portion of the Fund in public debt securities with matu-24 rities suitable for the needs of such Fund and bearing in-25 terest at rates determined by the Secretary of the Treas-

ury, taking into consideration current market yields on 1 2 outstanding marketplace obligations of the United States 3 of comparable maturities. The income on such investments 4 shall be credited to, and form a part of, the Fund. 5 (b) AMOUNTS.—The following amounts shall be cred-6 ited to the Fund: 7 (1) All moneys received from the collection of 8 claim maintenance fees under section 207. 9 (2) All moneys collected pursuant to section 10 208 (relating to failure to comply), section 247 (re-11 lating to enforcement) and section 245 (relating to 12 citizens suits). 13 (3) All permit fees and transfer fees received 14 under sections 213 and 214. 15 (4) All donations by persons, corporations, as-16 sociations, and foundations for the purposes of this 17 subtitle. 18 (5) All amounts referred to in section 236 (re-19 lating to royalties and penalties for underreporting). 20 (6) All other receipts from fees, royalties, pen-21 alties and other sources collected under this title. 22 (c) ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—(1) In calculating the 23 amount to be deposited in the Fund during any fiscal year 24 under subsection (b), the enacted appropriation of the De-

25 partment of the Interior during the preceding year attrib-

utable to administering this title shall be deducted from
 the total of the amounts listed in subsection (b) prior to
 the transfer of such amounts to the Fund.

4 (2) The amount deducted under paragraph (1) of this
5 section shall be available to the Secretary, subject to ap6 propriation, for payment of the costs of administering this
7 title.

8 SEC. 232. USE AND OBJECTIVES OF THE FUND.

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary is authorized, sub-10 ject to appropriations, to use moneys in the Fund for the reclamation and restoration of land and water resources 11 adversely affected by past mineral activities on lands the 12 13 legal and beneficial title to which resides in the United States, land within the exterior boundary of any national 14 15 forest system unit, or other lands described in subsection (d) or section 233, including any of the following: 16

17 (1) Prevention, abatement, treatment and con18 trol of water pollution created by abandoned mine
19 drainage.

20 (2) Reclamation and restoration of abandoned21 surface and underground mined areas.

22 (3) Reclamation and restoration of abandoned23 milling and processing areas.

24 (4) Backfilling, sealing, or otherwise control-25 ling, abandoned underground mine entries.

(5) Revegetation of land adversely affected by
 past mineral activities to prevent erosion and sedi mentation and to enhance wildlife habitat.

4 (6) Control of surface subsidence due to aban-5 doned underground mines.

6 Moneys in the Fund shall also be available for purposes7 of compensation (and other payments) under section 263.

8 (b) PRIORITIES.—To the extent that moneys in the 9 fund are in excess of the amount of compensation (and 10 other payments) paid under section 263, expenditures of 11 moneys from the Fund shall reflect the following priorities 12 in the order stated:

(1) The protection of public health, safety, general welfare and property from extreme danger from
the adverse effects of past mineral activities, especially as relates to surface water and groundwater
contaminates.

18 (2) The protection of public health, safety, and
19 general welfare from the adverse effects of past min20 eral activities.

(3) The restoration of land, water and fish and
wildlife resources previously degraded by the adverse
effects of past mineral activities.

24 (c) HABITAT.—Reclamation and restoration activities
25 under this subtitle, particularly those identified under sub-

section (a)(4), shall include appropriate mitigation meas ures to provide for the continuation of any established
 habitat for wildlife in existence prior to the commencement
 of such activities.

5 (d) OTHER AFFECTED LANDS.—Where mineral exploration, mining, beneficiation, processing, or reclamation 6 7 activities have been carried out with respect to any mineral 8 which would be a locatable mineral if the legal and bene-9 ficial title to the mineral were in the United States, if such 10 activities directly affect lands managed by the Bureau of 11 Land Management as well as other lands and if the legal 12 and beneficial title to more than 50 percent of the affected 13 lands resides in the United States, the Secretary is author-14 ized, subject to appropriations, to use moneys in the fund 15 for reclamation and restoration under subsection (a) for all directly affected lands. 16

17 (e) RESPONSE OR REMOVAL ACTIONS.—Reclamation 18 and restoration activities under this subtitle which con-19 stitute a removal or remedial action under section 101 of 20 the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensa-21 tion and Liability Act of 1980, shall be conducted with 22 the concurrence of the Administrator of the Environ-23 mental Protection Agency. The Secretary and the Admin-24 istrator shall enter into a Memorandum of Understanding 25 to establish procedures for consultation, concurrence,

training, exchange of technical expertise and joint activi-1 2 ties under the appropriate circumstances, which provide 3 assurances that reclamation or restoration activities under 4 this subtitle, to the extent practicable, shall not be con-5 ducted in a manner that increases the costs or likelihood of removal or remedial actions under the Comprehensive 6 7 Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act 8 of 1980, and which avoid oversight by multiple agencies 9 to the maximum extent practicable.

10 SEC. 233. ELIGIBLE LANDS AND WATERS.

(a) ELIGIBILITY.—Reclamation expenditures under
this subtitle may only be made with respect to Federal
lands or Indian lands or water resources that traverse or
are contiguous to Federal lands or Indian lands where
such lands or water resources have been affected by past
mineral activities, including any of the following:

17 (1) Lands and water resources which were used
18 for, or affected by, mineral activities and abandoned
19 or left in an inadequate reclamation status before
20 the effective date of this Act.

(2) Lands for which the Secretary makes a determination that there is no continuing reclamation
responsibility of a claim holder, operator, or other
person who abandoned the site prior to completion

of required reclamation under State or other Federal
 laws.

3 (3) Lands for which it can be established that
4 such lands do not contain locatable minerals which
5 could economically be extracted through the reproc6 essing or remining of such lands, unless such consid7 erations are in conflict with the priorities set forth
8 under paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 232(b).

9 (b) SPECIFIC SITES AND AREAS NOT ELIGIBLE.— 10 The provisions of section 411(d) of the Surface Mining 11 Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 shall apply to ex-12 penditures made from the Fund established under this 13 subtitle.

(c) INVENTORY.—The Secretary shall prepare and
maintain an inventory of abandoned locatable minerals
mines on Federal lands and any abandoned mine on Indian lands which may be eligible for expenditures under
this subtitle.

19 SEC. 234. FUND EXPENDITURES.

Moneys available from the Fund may be expended for the purposes specified in section 232 directly by the Director of the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement. The Director may also make such money available for such purposes to the Director of the Bureau of Land Management, the Chief of the United States Forest Service, the Director of the National Park Service, Direc tor of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, to any
 other agency of the United States, to an Indian tribe, or
 to any public entity that volunteers to develop and imple ment, and that has the ability to carry out, all or a signifi cant portion of a reclamation program under this subtitle.

7 SEC. 235. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

8 Amounts credited to the Fund are authorized to be
9 appropriated for the purpose of this subtitle without fiscal
10 year limitation.

11 SEC. 236. ROYALTY.

12 (a) RESERVATION OF ROYALTY.—Production of all 13 locatable minerals from any mining claim located or converted under this title, or mineral concentrates or products 14 15 derived from locatable minerals from any mining claim located or converted under this title, as the case may be, 16 17 shall be subject to a royalty of 8 percent of the net smelter return from such production. The claimholder and any op-18 erator to whom the claimholder has assigned the obliga-19 20 tion to make royalty payments under the claim and any 21 person who controls such claimholder or operator shall be 22 jointly and severally liable for payment of such royalties. 23 (b) DUTIES OF CLAIM HOLDERS, OPERATORS, AND 24 TRANSPORTERS.—(1) A person(A) who is required to make any royalty pay ment under this section shall make such payments
 to the United States at such times and in such manner as the Secretary may by rule prescribe; and

5 (B) shall notify the Secretary, in the time and 6 manner as may be specified by the Secretary, of any 7 assignment that such person may have made of the 8 obligation to make any royalty or other payment 9 under a mining claim.

10 (2) Any person paying royalties under this section 11 shall file a written instrument, together with the first roy-12 alty payment, affirming that such person is liable to the 13 Secretary for making proper payments for all amounts due for all time periods for which such person has a payment 14 15 responsibility. Such liability for the period referred to in the preceding sentence shall include any and all additional 16 amounts billed by the Secretary and determined to be due 17 by final agency or judicial action. Any person liable for 18 19 royalty payments under this section who assigns any pay-20 ment obligation shall remain jointly and severally liable 21 for all royalty payments due for the claim for the period.

(3) A person conducting mineral activities shall—

(A) develop and comply with the site security
provisions in operations permit designed to protect
from theft the locatable minerals, concentrates or

22

products derived therefrom which are produced or stored on a mining claim, and such provisions shall conform with such minimum standards as the Secretary may prescribe by rule, taking into account the variety of circumstances on mining claims; and

6 (B) not later than the 5th business day after 7 production begins anywhere on a mining claim, or 8 production resumes after more than 90 days after 9 production was suspended, notify the Secretary, in 10 the manner prescribed by the Secretary, of the date 11 on which such production has begun or resumed.

12 (4) The Secretary may by rule require any person en-13 gaged in transporting a locatable mineral, concentrate, or product derived therefrom to carry on his or her person, 14 15 in his or her vehicle, or in his or her immediate control, documentation showing, at a minimum, the amount, ori-16 17 gin, and intended destination of the locatable mineral, con-18 centrate, or product derived therefrom in such cir-19 cumstances as the Secretary determines is appropriate.

(c) RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—(1) A claim holder, operator, or other person directly involved in developing, producing, processing, transporting, purchasing, or selling locatable minerals, concentrates, or products derived therefrom, subject to this
title, through the point of royalty computation shall estab-

1 lish and maintain any records, make any reports, and pro-2 vide any information that the Secretary may reasonably 3 require for the purposes of implementing this section or 4 determining compliance with rules or orders under this 5 section. Such records shall include, but not be limited to, periodic reports, records, documents, and other data. Such 6 7 reports may also include, but not be limited to, pertinent 8 technical and financial data relating to the quantity, qual-9 ity, composition volume, weight, and assay of all minerals 10 extracted from the mining claim. Upon the request of any officer or employee duly designated by the Secretary or 11 12 any State conducting an audit or investigation pursuant 13 to this section, the appropriate records, reports, or information which may be required by this section shall be 14 15 made available for inspection and duplication by such officer or employee or State. 16

17 (2) Records required by the Secretary under this section shall be maintained for 6 years after release of finan-18 19 cial assurance under section 216 unless the Secretary noti-20 fies the operator that he or she has initiated an audit or 21 investigation involving such records and that such records 22 must be maintained for a longer period. In any case when 23 an audit or investigation is underway, records shall be 24 maintained until the Secretary releases the operator of the 25 obligation to maintain such records.

1 (d) AUDITS.—The Secretary is authorized to conduct 2 such audits of all claim holders, operators, transporters, 3 purchasers, processors, or other persons directly or indi-4 rectly involved in the production or sales of minerals cov-5 ered by this title, as the Secretary deems necessary for the purposes of ensuring compliance with the require-6 7 ments of this section. For purposes of performing such 8 audits, the Secretary shall, at reasonable times and upon 9 request, have access to, and may copy, all books, papers 10 and other documents that relate to compliance with any provision of this section by any person. 11

12 (e) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—(1) The Secretary is authorized to enter into cooperative agreements with the 13 Secretary of Agriculture to share information concerning 14 15 the royalty management of locatable minerals, concentrates, or products derived therefrom, to carry out in-16 17 spection, auditing, investigation, or enforcement (not including the collection of royalties, civil or criminal pen-18 19 alties, or other payments) activities under this section in 20 cooperation with the Secretary, and to carry out any other 21 activity described in this section.

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (4)(A) of this
subsection (relating to trade secrets), and pursuant to a
cooperative agreement, the Secretary of Agriculture shall,
upon request, have access to all royalty accounting infor-

mation in the possession of the Secretary respecting the
 production, removal, or sale of locatable minerals, con centrates, or products derived therefrom from claims on
 lands open to location under this title.

5 (3) Trade secrets, proprietary, and other confidential
6 information shall be made available by the Secretary pur7 suant to a cooperative agreement under this subsection to
8 the Secretary of Agriculture upon request only if—

9 (A) the Secretary of Agriculture consents in 10 writing to restrict the dissemination of the informa-11 tion to those who are directly involved in an audit 12 or investigation under this section and who have a 13 need to know;

14 (B) the Secretary of Agriculture accepts liabil-15 ity for wrongful disclosure; and

16 (C) the Secretary of Agriculture demonstrates
17 that such information is essential to the conduct of
18 an audit or investigation under this subsection.

(f) INTEREST AND SUBSTANTIAL UNDERREPORTING
ASSESSMENTS.—(1) In the case of mining claims where
royalty payments are not received by the Secretary on the
date that such payments are due, the Secretary shall
charge interest on such underpayments at the same interest rate as is applicable under section 6621(a)(2) of the
Internal Revenue Code of 1986. In the case of an under-

payment, interest shall be computed and charged only on
 the amount of the deficiency and not on the total amount.

3 (2) If there is any underreporting of royalty owed on
4 production from a claim for any production month by any
5 person liable for royalty payments under this section, the
6 Secretary may assess a penalty of 10 percent of the
7 amount of that underreporting.

8 (3) If there is a substantial underreporting of royalty 9 owed on production from a claim for any production 10 month by any person responsible for paying the royalty, 11 the Secretary may assess a penalty of 10 percent of the 12 amount of that underreporting.

13 (4) For the purposes of this subsection, the term 14 "substantial underreporting" means the difference be-15 tween the royalty on the value of the production which should have been reported and the royalty on the value 16 17 of the production which was reported, if the value which should have been reported is greater than the value which 18 was reported. An underreporting constitutes a "substan-19 tial underreporting" if such difference exceeds 10 percent 20 21 of the royalty on the value of production which should 22 have been reported.

(5) The Secretary shall not impose the assessment
provided in paragraph (2) or (3) of this subsection if the
person liable for royalty payments under this section cor-

rects the underreporting before the date such person re ceives notice from the Secretary that an underreporting
 may have occurred, or before 90 days after the date of
 the enactment of this section, whichever is later.

5 (6) The Secretary shall waive any portion of an as-6 sessment under paragraph (2) or (3) of this subsection 7 attributable to that portion of the underreporting for 8 which the person responsible for paying the royalty dem-9 onstrates that—

10 (A) such person had written authorization from
11 the Secretary to report royalty on the value of the
12 production on basis on which it was reported, or

(B) such person had substantial authority for
reporting royalty on the value of the production on
the basis on which it was reported, or

16 (C) such person previously had notified the Sec17 retary, in such manner as the Secretary may by rule
18 prescribe, of relevant reasons or facts affecting the
19 royalty treatment of specific production which led to
20 the underreporting, or

(D) such person meets any other exceptionwhich the Secretary may, by rule, establish.

23 (7) All penalties collected under this subsection shall24 be deposited in the Fund.

(g) DELEGATION.—For the purposes of this section,
 the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior
 acting through the Director of the Minerals Management
 Service.

5 (h) EXPANDED ROYALTY OBLIGATIONS.—Each person liable for royalty payments under this section shall 6 7 be jointly and severally liable for royalty on all locatable 8 minerals, concentrates, or products derived therefrom lost 9 or wasted from a mining claim located or converted under 10 this section when such loss or waste is due to negligence on the part of any person or due to the failure to comply 11 with any rule, regulation, or order issued under this sec-12 13 tion.

(i) EXCEPTION.—No royalty shall be payable under
subsection (a) with respect to minerals processed at a facility by the same person or entity which extracted the
minerals if an urban development action grant has been
made under section 119 of the Housing and Community
Development Act of 1974 with respect to any portion of
such facility.

(j) DEFINITION.—For the proposes of this section,
for any locatable mineral, the term "net smelter return"
shall have the same meaning as the term defined in section
613(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

(k) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The royalty under this sec tion shall take effect with respect to the production of
 locatable minerals after the enactment of this Act, but any
 royalty payments attributable to production during the
 first 12 calendar months after the enactment of this Act
 shall be payable at the expiration of such 12-month period.

7 Subtitle D—Administrative and 8 Miscellaneous Provisions 9 PART 1—ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

10 SEC. 241. POLICY FUNCTIONS.

(a) MINERALS POLICY.—Section 2 of the Mining and
Minerals Policy Act of 1970 (30 U.S.C. 21a) is amended
by adding at the end thereof the following: "It shall also
be the responsibility of the Secretary of Agriculture to
carry out the policy provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2)
of this section.".

17 (b) MINERAL DATA.—Section 5(e)(3) of the National Materials and Minerals Policy, Research and Development 18 19 Act of 1980 (30 U.S.C. 1604) is amended by inserting before the period the following: ", except that for National 20 21 Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture shall 22 promptly initiate actions to improve the availability and 23 analysis of mineral data in Federal land use decisionmaking". 24

1 SEC. 242. USER FEES.

2 The Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture are 3 each authorized to establish and collect from persons subject to the requirements of this title such user fees as may 4 5 be necessary to reimburse the United States for the expenses incurred in administering such requirements. Fees 6 7 may be assessed and collected under this section only in 8 such manner as may reasonably be expected to result in 9 an aggregate amount of the fees collected during any fiscal 10 year which does not exceed the aggregate amount of ad-11 ministrative expenses referred to in this section.

12 SEC. 243. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENTS.

13 (a) OPERATIONS PERMIT.—(1) Concurrent with submittal of an application for an operations permit under 14 section 214 or a renewal or significant modification there-15 16 of, the applicant shall publish a notice in a newspaper of local circulation at least once a week for 4 consecutive 17 18 weeks. The notice shall include: the name of the applicant, 19 the location of the proposed mineral activities, the type and expected duration of the proposed mineral activities, 20 the proposed use of the land after the completion of min-21 22 eral activities and a location where such plans are publicly 23 available. The applicant shall also notify in writing other 24 Federal, State and local government agencies and Indian tribes that regulate mineral activities or land planning de-25 26 cisions in the area subject to mineral activities or that •HR 1470 IH

manage lands adjacent to the area subject to mineral ac tivities. The applicant shall provide proof of such notifica tion to the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands
 the Secretary of Agriculture.

5 (2) The applicant for an operations permit shall make copies of the complete permit application available for 6 7 public review at the office of the responsible Federal sur-8 face management agency located nearest to the location 9 of the proposed mineral activities, and at such other public 10 locations deemed appropriate by the State or local govern-11 ment for the county in which the proposed mineral activi-12 ties will occur prior to final decision by the Secretary, or 13 for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-14 culture. Any person, and the authorized representative of 15 a Federal, State or local governmental agency or Indian tribe, shall have the right to file written comments relating 16 17 to the approval or disapproval of the permit application until 30 days after the last day of newspaper publication. 18 19 The Secretary concerned shall promptly make such com-20ments available to the applicant.

(3) Any person may file written comments during the
comment period specified in paragraph (2) and any person
who is, or may be, adversely affected by the proposed mineral activities may request a nonadjudicatory public hearing to be held in the county in which the mineral activities

are proposed. The Secretary concerned shall consider all 1 written comments filed during such period. If a hearing 2 3 is requested by any person who is, or may be, adversely 4 affected by the proposed mineral activities, the Secretary 5 concerned shall consider such request and may conduct such hearing. When a hearing is to be held, notice of such 6 7 hearing shall be published in a newspaper of local circula-8 tion at least once a week for 2 weeks prior to the hearing 9 date.

10 SEC. 244. INSPECTION AND MONITORING.

(a) INSPECTIONS.—(1) The Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture,
shall make inspections of mineral activities so as to ensure
compliance with the surface management requirements of
subtitle B.

(2) The Secretary concerned shall establish a fre-16 quency of inspections for mineral activities conducted 17 under a permit issued under subtitle B, but in no event 18 shall such inspection frequency be less than one complete 19 20 inspection per calendar quarter or, two per calendar quar-21 ter in the case of a permit for which the Secretary con-22 cerned approves an application under section 214(g) (re-23 lating to temporary cessation of operations). After revege-24 tation has been established in accordance with a reclama-25 tion plan, such Secretary shall conduct annually 2 complete inspections. Such Secretary shall have the discretion
 to modify the inspection frequency for mineral activities
 that are conducted on a seasonal basis. Inspections shall
 continue under this subsection until final release of finan cial assurance.

6 (3)(A) Any person who has reason to believe he or 7 she is or may be adversely affected by mineral activities 8 due to any violation of the surface management require-9 ments may request an inspection. The Secretary, or for 10 National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, shall determine within 10 working days of receipt 11 12 of the request whether the request states a reason to be-13 lieve that a violation exists. If the person alleges and provides reason to believe that an imminent threat to the en-14 15 vironment or danger to the health or safety of the public exists, the 10-day period shall be waived and the inspec-16 17 tion shall be conducted immediately. When an inspection is conducted under this paragraph, the Secretary con-18 19 cerned shall notify the person requesting the inspection, 20 and such person shall be allowed to accompany the Sec-21 retary concerned or the Secretary's authorized representa-22 tive during the inspection. The Secretary shall not incur 23 any liability for allowing such person to accompany an au-24 thorized representative. The identity of the person sup-25 plying information to the Secretary relating to a possible

violation or imminent danger or harm shall remain con fidential with the Secretary if so requested by that person,
 unless that person elects to accompany an authorized rep resentative on the inspection.

5 (B) The Secretaries shall, by joint rule, establish procedures for the review of (i) any decision by an authorized 6 7 representative not to inspect or (ii) any refusal by such 8 representative to ensure that remedial actions are taken 9 with respect to any alleged violation. The Secretary con-10 cerned shall furnish such persons requesting the review a written statement of the reasons for the Secretary's final 11 12 disposition of the case.

(b) MONITORING.—(1) The Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture,
shall require all operators to develop and maintain a monitoring and evaluation system which shall identify compliance with all surface management requirements.

(2) Monitoring shall be conducted as close as technically feasible to the mineral activity involved, and in all
cases such monitoring shall be conducted within the permit area.

(3) The point of compliance referred to in paragraph
(1) shall be as close to the mineral activity involved as
is technically feasible, but in any event shall be located
to comply with applicable State and Federal standards.

In no event shall the point of compliance be outside the
 permit area.

3 (4) The Secretary concerned may require additional
4 monitoring be conducted as necessary to assure compli5 ance with the reclamation and other environmental stand6 ards of this title.

7 (5) The operator shall file reports with the Secretary, 8 or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-9 culture, on a frequency determined by the Secretary con-10 cerned, on the results of the monitoring and evaluation process, except that if the monitoring and evaluation show 11 12 a violation of the surface management requirements, it 13 shall be reported immediately to the Secretary concerned. Information received pursuant to this subsection from any 14 15 natural person shall not be used against any such natural person in any criminal case, except a prosecution for per-16 17 jury or for giving a false statement. The Secretary shall evaluate the reports submitted pursuant to this para-18 19 graph, and based on those reports and any necessary in-20 spection shall take enforcement action pursuant to this 21 section.

(6) The Secretary, or for National Forest System
lands the Secretary of Agriculture, shall determine what
information must be reported by the operator pursuant
to paragraph (5). A failure to report as required by the

Secretary concerned shall constitute a violation of this title
 and subject the operator to enforcement action pursuant
 to section 247.

4 SEC. 245. CITIZENS SUITS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection
(b), any person having an interest which is or may be adversely affected may commence a civil action on his or her
own behalf to compel compliance—

9 (1) against any person (including the Secretary 10 or the Secretary of Agriculture) alleged to have vio-11 lated (if there is evidence the alleged violation has 12 been repeated), or to be in violation of, any of the 13 provisions of subtitle B or section 244 of this title 14 or any regulation promulgated pursuant to subtitle 15 B or section 244 of this title or any term or condi-16 tion of any permit issued under subtitle B of this 17 title; or

(2) against the Secretary or the Secretary of
Agriculture where there is alleged a failure of such
Secretary to perform any act or duty under subtitle
B or section 244 of this title, or to promulgate any
regulation under subtitle B or section 244 of this
title, which is not within the discretion of the Secretary concerned.

1 The United States district courts shall have jurisdiction 2 over actions brought under this section, without regard to 3 the amount in controversy or the citizenship of the parties, including actions brought to apply any civil penalty under 4 5 this title. The district courts of the United States shall have jurisdiction to compel agency action unreasonably de-6 7 layed, except that an action to compel agency action re-8 viewable under section 246 may only be filed in a United 9 States District Court within the circuit in which such ac-10 tion would be reviewable under section 246.

11 (b) EXCEPTIONS.—(1) No action may be commenced 12 under subsection (a) prior to 60 days after the plaintiff has given notice in writing of such alleged violation to the 13 Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Sec-14 15 retary of Agriculture, except that any such action may be brought immediately after such notification if the violation 16 17 complained of constitutes an imminent threat to the environment or to the health or safety of the public. 18

(2) No action may be brought against any person
other than the Secretary or the Secretary of Agriculture
under subsection (a)(1) if such Secretary has commenced
and is diligently prosecuting a civil or criminal action in
a court of the United States to require compliance.

(3) No action may be commenced under paragraph(2) of subsection (a) against either Secretary to review any

rule promulgated by, or to any permit issued or denied
 by such Secretary if such rule or permit issuance or denial
 is judicially reviewable under section 246 or under any
 other provision of law at any time after such promulga tion, issuance, or denial is final.

6 (c) VENUE.—Venue of all actions brought under this
7 section shall be determined in accordance with section
8 1391 of title 28 of the United States Code.

9 (d) INTERVENTION; NOTICE.—(1) In any action 10 under this section, the Secretary, or for National Forest 11 System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, may intervene 12 as a matter of right at any time. A judgment in an action 13 under this section to which the United States is not a 14 party shall not have any binding effect upon the United 15 States.

16 (2) Whenever an action is brought under this section 17 the plaintiff shall serve a copy of the complaint on the Attorney General of the United States and on the Sec-18 19 retary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary 20 of Agriculture. No consent judgment shall be entered in 21 an action brought under this section in which the United 22 States is not a party prior to 45 days following the date 23 on which a copy of the proposed consent judgment is sub-24 mitted to the Attorney General and the Secretary, or for 25 National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture. During such 45-day period the Attorney General
 or such Secretary may submit comments on the proposed
 consent judgment to the court and parties or may inter vene as a matter of right.

5 (e) COSTS.—The court, in issuing any final order in any action brought pursuant to this section may award 6 7 costs of litigation (including attorney and expert witness 8 fees) to any prevailing party whenever the court deter-9 mines such award is appropriate. The court may, if a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction is 10 sought, require the filing of a bond or equivalent security 11 in accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. 12

13 (f) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this section shall restrict any right which any person (or class of persons) 14 15 may have under chapter 7 of title 5 of the United States Code, under section 246 of this title or under any other 16 17 statute or common law to bring an action to seek any relief 18 against the Secretary or the Secretary of Agriculture or 19 against any other person, including any action for any vio-20 lation of this title or of any regulation or permit issued 21 under this title or for any failure to act as required by 22 law. Nothing in this section shall affect the jurisdiction 23 of any court under any provision of title 28 of the United 24 States Code, including any action for any violation of this 25 title or of any regulation or permit issued under this title

or for any failure to act as required by law. Nothing in
 this title shall be construed to be a waiver of the sovereign
 immunity of an Indian tribe except as provided for in sec tion 212(c).

5 SEC. 246. ADMINISTRATIVE AND JUDICIAL REVIEW.

6 (a) REVIEW BY SECRETARY.—(1)(A) Any person 7 issued a notice of violation or cessation order under sec-8 tion 247, or any person having an interest which is or 9 may be adversely affected by such notice or order, may 10 apply to the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, for review of the notice 11 or order within 30 days of receipt thereof, or as the case 12 may be, within 30 days of such notice or order being modi-13 14 fied, vacated or terminated.

(B) Any person who is subject to a penalty assessed
under section 218, section 219(c), or section 247 may
apply to the Secretary concerned for review of the assessment within 30 days of notification of such penalty.

(C) Any person having an interest which is or may
be adversely affected by a decision made by the Secretary
or the Secretary of Agriculture under section 213, 214,
215, 216, 219, or 244(a)(3) may apply to such Secretary
for review of the decision within 30 days after it is made.
(2) The Secretary concerned shall provide an opportunity for a public hearing at the request of any party

to the proceeding as specified in paragraph (1). The filing
 of an application for review under this subsection shall not
 operate as a stay of any order or notice issued under sec tion 247.

5 (3) For any review proceeding under this subsection, the Secretary concerned shall make findings of fact and 6 7 shall issue a written decision incorporating therein an 8 order vacating, affirming, modifying or terminating the 9 notice, order or decision, or with respect to an assessment, 10 the amount of penalty that is warranted. Where the application for review concerns a cessation order issued under 11 12 section 247, the Secretary concerned shall issue the writ-13 ten decision within 30 days of the receipt of the application for review or within 30 days after the conclusion of 14 15 any hearing referred to in paragraph (2), whichever is later, unless temporary relief has been granted by the Sec-16 17 retary concerned under paragraph (4).

18 (4) Pending completion of any review proceedings under this subsection, the applicant may file with the Sec-19 20 retary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary 21 of Agriculture, a written request that the Secretary grant 22 temporary relief from any order issued under section 247 23 together with a detailed statement giving reasons for such 24 relief. The Secretary concerned shall expeditiously issue 25 an order or decision granting or denying such relief. The

Secretary concerned may grant such relief under such con ditions as he may prescribe only if such relief shall not
 adversely affect the health or safety of the public or cause
 significant, imminent environmental harm to land, air or
 water resources.

6 (5) The availability of review under this subsection7 shall not be construed to limit the operation of rights8 under section 245.

9 (b) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—(1) Any final action by the 10 Secretaries of the Interior and Agriculture in promul-11 gating regulations to implement this title, or any other final actions constituting rulemaking to implement this 12 13 title, shall be subject to judicial review only in the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia. Any 14 15 action subject to judicial review under this subsection shall be affirmed unless the court concludes that such action 16 is arbitrary, capricious, or otherwise inconsistent with law. 17 A petition for review of any action subject to judicial re-18 19 view under this subsection shall be filed within 60 days 20 from the date of such action, or after such date if the 21 petition is based solely on grounds arising after the six-22 tieth day. Any such petition may be made by any person 23 who commented or otherwise participated in the rule-24 making or any person who may be adversely affected by the action of the Secretaries. 25

1 (2) Final agency action under this title, including 2 such final action on those matters described under sub-3 section (a), shall be subject to judicial review in accord-4 ance with paragraph (4) and pursuant to section 1391 of 5 title 28 of the United States Code on or before 60 days from the date of such final action. Any action subject to 6 7 judicial review under this subsection shall be affirmed un-8 less the court concludes that such action is arbitrary, ca-9 pricious, or otherwise inconsistent with law.

10 (3) The availability of judicial review established in
11 this subsection shall not be construed to limit the oper12 ations of rights under section 245 (relating to citizens
13 suits).

(4) The court shall hear any petition or complaint
filed under this subsection solely on the record made before the Secretary or Secretaries concerned. The court
may affirm or vacate any order or decision or may remand
the proceedings to the Secretary or Secretaries for such
further action as it may direct.

(5) The commencement of a proceeding under this
section shall not, unless specifically ordered by the court,
operate as a stay of the action, order or decision of the
Secretary or Secretaries concerned.

24 (c) COSTS.—Whenever a proceeding occurs under25 subsection (a) or (b), at the request of any person, a sum

1 equal to the aggregate amount of all costs and expenses 2 (including attorney fees) as determined by the Secretary 3 or Secretaries concerned or the court to have been reason-4 ably incurred by such person for or in connection with par-5 ticipation in such proceedings, including any judicial review of the proceeding, may be assessed against either 6 7 party as the court, in the case of judicial review, or the 8 Secretary or Secretaries concerned in the case of adminis-9 trative proceedings, deems proper if it is determined that 10 such party prevailed in whole or in part, achieving some success on the merits, and that such party made a sub-11 12 stantial contribution to a full and fair determination of 13 the issues.

14 SEC. 247. ENFORCEMENT.

15 (a) ORDERS.—(1) If the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, or an 16 authorized representative of such Secretary, determines 17 that any person is in violation of any surface management 18 or monitoring requirement, such Secretary or authorized 19 20 representative shall issue to such person a notice of viola-21 tion describing the violation and the corrective measures 22 to be taken. The Secretary concerned, or the authorized 23 representative of such Secretary, shall provide such person 24 with a period of time not to exceed 30 days to abate the 25 violation. Such period of time may be extended by the Secretary concerned upon a showing of good cause by such
 person. If, upon the expiration of time provided for such
 abatement, the Secretary concerned, or the authorized
 representative of such Secretary, finds that the violation
 has not been abated he shall immediately order a cessation
 of all mineral activities or the portion thereof relevant to
 the violation.

8 (2) If the Secretary concerned, or the authorized rep-9 resentative of the Secretary concerned, determines that 10 any condition or practice exists, or that any person is in 11 violation of any surface management or monitoring re-12 quirement, and such condition, practice or violation is 13 causing, or can reasonably be expected to cause—

14 (A) an imminent danger to the health or safety15 of the public; or

16 (B) significant, imminent environmental harm
17 to land, air, water, fish or wildlife resources;

18 such Secretary or authorized representative shall imme-19 diately order a cessation of mineral activities or the por-20 tion thereof relevant to the condition, practice or violation.

(3)(A) A cessation order pursuant to paragraphs (1)
or (2) shall remain in effect until such Secretary, or authorized representative, determines that the condition,
practice or violation has been abated, or until modified,
vacated or terminated by the Secretary or authorized rep-

resentative. In any such order, the Secretary or authorized
 representative shall determine the steps necessary to abate
 the violation in the most expeditious manner possible and
 shall include the necessary measures in the order. The
 Secretary concerned shall require appropriate financial as surances to ensure that the abatement obligations are met.

7 (B) Any notice or order issued pursuant to para-8 graphs (1) or (2) may be modified, vacated or terminated 9 by the Secretary concerned or an authorized representa-10 tive of such Secretary. Any person to whom any such no-11 tice or order is issued shall be entitled to a hearing on 12 the record.

13 (4) If, after 30 days of the date of the order referred to in paragraph (3)(A) the required abatement has not 14 15 occurred the Secretary concerned shall take such alternative enforcement action against the claimholder or oper-16 17 ator (or any person who controls the claimholder or operator) as will most likely bring about abatement in the most 18 19 expeditious manner possible. Such alternative enforcement 20 action may include, but is not necessarily limited to, seek-21 ing appropriate injunctive relief to bring about abatement. 22 Nothing in this paragraph shall preclude the Secretary, 23 or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-24 culture, from taking alternative enforcement action prior 25 to the expiration of 30 days.

1 (5) If a claimholder or operator (or any person who 2 controls the claimholder or operator) fails to abate a viola-3 tion or defaults on the terms of the permit, the Secretary, 4 or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-5 culture, shall forfeit the financial assurance for the plan as necessary to ensure abatement and reclamation under 6 7 this title. The Secretary concerned may prescribe conditions under which a surety may perform reclamation in 8 9 accordance with the approved plan in lieu of forfeiture. 10 (6) The Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, shall not cause for-11 12 feiture of the financial assurance while administrative or 13 judicial review is pending.

14 (7) In the event of forfeiture, the claim holder, oper15 ator, or any affiliate thereof, as appropriate as determined
16 by the Secretary by rule, shall be jointly and severally lia17 ble for any remaining reclamation obligations under this
18 title.

(b) COMPLIANCE.—The Secretary, or for National
Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, may request the Attorney General to institute a civil action for
relief, including a permanent or temporary injunction or
restraining order, or any other appropriate enforcement
order, including the imposition of civil penalties, in the dis-

trict court of the United States for the district in which
 the mineral activities are located whenever a person—

3 (1) violates, fails or refuses to comply with any
4 order issued by the Secretary concerned under sub5 section (a); or

6 (2) interferes with, hinders or delays the Sec7 retary concerned in carrying out an inspection under
8 section 244.

9 Such court shall have jurisdiction to provide such relief 10 as may be appropriate. Any relief granted by the court 11 to enforce an order under paragraph (1) shall continue 12 in effect until the completion or final termination of all 13 proceedings for review of such order unless the district 14 court granting such relief sets it aside.

(c) DELEGATION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may utilize personnel of the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement to
ensure compliance with the requirements of this title.

(d) PENALTIES.—(1) Any person who fails to comply
with any surface management requirement shall be liable
for a penalty of not more than \$25,000 per violation. Each
day of violation may be deemed a separate violation for
purposes of penalty assessments.

24 (2) A person who fails to correct a violation for which25 a cessation order has been issued under subsection (a)

within the period permitted for its correction shall be as-1 2 sessed a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 per violation 3 for each day during which such failure continues, but in 4 no event shall such assessment exceed a 30-day period. 5 (3) Whenever a corporation is in violation of a surface management requirement or fails or refuses to comply 6 7 with an order issued under subsection (a), any director, 8 officer or agent of such corporation who knowingly author-9 ized, ordered, or carried out such violation, failure or re-10 fusal shall be subject to the same penalties as may be imposed upon the person referred to in paragraph (1). 11

(e) SUSPENSIONS OR REVOCATIONS.—The Secretary,
or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, may suspend or revoke a permit issued under subtitle B, in whole or in part, if the operator or person conducting mineral activities—

(1) knowingly made or knowingly makes any
false, inaccurate, or misleading material statement
in any mining claim, notice of location, application,
record, report, plan, or other document filed or required to be maintained under this title;

(2) fails to abate a violation covered by a ces-sation order issued under subsection (a);

24 (3) fails to comply with an order of the Sec-25 retary concerned;

1	(4) refuses to permit an audit pursuant to this
2	title;
3	(5) fails to maintain an adequate financial as-
4	surance under section 216;
5	(6) fails to pay claim maintenance fees or other
6	moneys due and owing under this title; or
7	(7) with regard to plans conditionally approved
8	under section $215(c)(2)$, fails to abate a violation to
9	the satisfaction of the Secretary concerned, or if the
10	validity of the violation is upheld on the appeal
11	which formed the basis for the conditional approval.
12	(f) False Statements; Tampering.—Any person
13	who knowingly—
14	(1) makes any false material statement, rep-
15	resentation, or certification in, or omits or conceals
16	material information from, or unlawfully alters, any
17	mining claim, notice of location, application, record,
18	report, plan, or other documents filed or required to
19	be maintained under this title; or
20	(2) falsifies, tampers with, renders inaccurate,
21	or fails to install any monitoring device or method
22	be required to be maintained under this title,
23	shall upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more
24	than $$10,000$, or by imprisonment for not more than 2
25	years, or by both. If a conviction of a person is for a viola-

1 tion committed after a first conviction of such person
2 under this paragraph, punishment shall be by a fine of
3 not more than \$20,000 per day of violation, or by impris4 onment of not more than 4 years, or both. Each day of
5 continuing violation may be deemed a separate violation
6 for purposes of penalty assessments.

7 (g) KNOWING VIOLATIONS.—Any person who 8 knowingly—

9 (1) engages in mineral activities without a per10 mit required under subtitle B, or

(2) violates any other surface management requirement of this title or any provision of a permit
issued under this title (including any exploration or
operations plan on which such permit is based), or
condition or limitation thereof,

shall upon conviction be punished by a fine of not less 16 17 than \$5,000 nor more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than 3 years, or both. 18 If a conviction of a person is for a violation committed 19 after the first conviction of such person under this para-20 21 graph, punishment shall be a fine of not less than \$10,000 22 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than 23 6 years, or both.

24 (h) FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH ROYALTY REQUIRE25 MENTS.—(1) Any person who fails to comply with the re-

quirements of section 236 or any regulation or order
 issued to implement section 236 shall be liable for a civil
 penalty under section 109 of the Federal Oil and Gas Roy alty Management Act of 1982 (30 U.S.C. 1719) to the
 same extent as if the claim located or converted under this
 title were a lease under that Act.

7 (2) Any person who knowingly and willfully commits
8 an act for which a civil penalty is provided in paragraph
9 (1) shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not
10 more than \$50,000, or by imprisonment for not more than
11 2 years, or both.

(i) DEFINITION. For purposes of this section, the
term "person" includes a person as defined in section 3(a)
and any officer, agent, or employee of any such person.
SEC. 248. REGULATIONS; EFFECTIVE DATES.

(a) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The provisions of this title
shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act, except as otherwise provided in this title.

(b) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary and the Secretary
of Agriculture may issue such regulations as may be necessary under this title. The regulations implementing subtitle B and the provisions of subtitle D which affect the
United States Forest Service shall be joint regulations
issued by both Secretaries.

(c) NOTICE.—Within 180 days after the date of en actment of this Act, the Secretary shall give notice to hold ers of mining claims and mill sites maintained under the
 general mining laws as to the requirements of sections
 206, 207, and 218.

6 PART 2—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS 7 SEC. 249. TRANSITIONAL RULES; SURFACE MANAGEMENT 8 REQUIREMENTS.

9 (a) NEW CLAIMS.—Notwithstanding any other provi-10 sion of law, any mining claim for a locatable mineral on 11 lands subject to this title located after the date of enact-12 ment of this Act shall be subject to the requirements of 13 subtitle B.

14 (b) PREEXISTING CLAIMS.—(1) Notwithstanding any 15 other provision of law, any unpatented mining claim or mill site located under the general mining laws before the 16 date of enactment of this Act for which a plan of operation 17 has not been approved or a notice filed prior to the date 18 19 of enactment shall upon the effective date of this title, be 20 subject to the requirements of subtitle B, except as pro-21 vided in paragraphs (2) and (3).

(2)(A) If a plan of operations had been approved for
mineral activities on any claim or site referred to in paragraph (1) prior to the date of enactment this Act, for a
period of 5 years after the effective date of this title min-

eral activities at such claim or site shall be subject to such 1 2 plan of operations (or a modification or amendment there-3 to prepared in accordance with the provisions of law appli-4 cable prior to the enactment of this Act). During such 5-5 year period, modifications of, or amendments to, any such plan may be made in accordance with the provisions of 6 7 law applicable prior to the enactment of this Act if such 8 modifications or amendments are deemed minor by the 9 Secretary concerned. After such 5-year period the require-10 ments of subtitle B shall apply, subject to the limitations of section 219. In order to meet the requirements of sub-11 12 title B, the person conducting mineral activities under 13 such plan of operations (or modified or amended plan) shall apply for a modification under section 213(f) and 14 15 214(f) no later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act. For purposes of this paragraph, any modifica-16 17 tion or amendment which extends the area covered by the plan (except for incidental boundary revisions) or which 18 19 significantly increases the risk of adverse effects on the 20 environment shall not be subject to this paragraph and 21 shall be subject to other provisions of this title.

(B) During the 5-year period referred to in subparagraph (A) the provisions of section 244 (relating to inspection and monitoring) and section 247 (relating to enforcement) shall apply on the basis of the surface management

requirements applicable to such plans of operations prior
 to the effective date of this title.

3 (C) Where an application for modification or amend-4 ment of a plan of operations referred to in subparagraph 5 (A) has been timely submitted and an approved plan ex-6 pires prior to Secretarial action on the application, mineral 7 activities and reclamation may continue in accordance 8 with the terms of the expired plan until the Secretary 9 makes an administrative decision on the application.

10 (3)(A) If a substantially complete application for approval of a plan of operations or for a modification of, 11 12 or amendment to, a plan of operations had been submitted by May 1, 1999, and either a scoping document or an En-13 14 vironmental Assessment prepared for purposes of compli-15 ance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 had been published with respect to such plan, modifica-16 17 tion, or amendment before the date of the enactment of this Act but the submitted plan of operations or modifica-18 19 tion or amendment had not been approved for mineral ac-20 tivities on any claim or site referred to in paragraph (1)21 prior to such date of enactment, for a period of 5 years 22 after the effective date of this title mineral activities at 23 such claim or site shall be subject to the provisions of law 24applicable prior to the enactment of this Act. During such 25 5-year period, subsequent modifications of, or amend-

ments to, any such plan may be made in accordance with 1 2 the provisions of law applicable prior to the enactment of 3 this Act if such subsequent modifications or amendments 4 are deemed minor by the Secretary concerned. After such 5 5-year period, the requirements of subtitle B shall apply, subject to the limitations of section 219. For purposes of 6 7 this paragraph, any subsequent modification or amend-8 ment which extends the area covered by the plan (except 9 for incidental boundary revisions) or which significantly 10 increases the risk of adverse effects on the environment shall not be subject to this paragraph and shall be subject 11 12 to other provisions of this title.

13 (B) In order to meet the requirements of subtitle B, the person conducting mineral activities under a plan of 14 15 operations (or modified or amended plan referred to in subparagraph (A)) shall apply for a modification under 16 17 sections 213(f) and 214(f) no later than 3 years after the 18 date of enactment of this Act. During such 5-year period the provisions of section 244 (relating to inspection and 19 20 monitoring) and section 247 (relating to enforcement) 21 shall apply on the basis of the surface management re-22 quirements applicable to such plans of operations prior to 23 the effective date of this Act.

24 (C) Where an application for modification or amend-25 ment of a plan of operations referred to in subparagraph

(A) has been timely submitted and an approved plan ex pires prior to Secretarial action on the application, mineral
 activities and reclamation may continue in accordance
 with the terms of the expired plan until the Secretary
 makes an administrative decision on the application.

6 (4) If a notice or notice of intent had been filed with 7 the authorized officer in the applicable office of the Bu-8 reau of Land Management or the United States Forest 9 Service (as provided for in the regulations of the Secretary 10 of the Interior or the Secretary of Agriculture, respectively, in effect prior to the date of enactment of this Act) 11 12 prior to the date of enactment this Act, mineral activities 13 may continue under such notice or notice of intent for a period of 2 years after the effective date of this Act, after 14 15 which time the requirements of subtitle B shall apply, subject to the limitations of section 219(d)(2). In order to 16 17 meet the requirements of subtitle B, the person conducting mineral activities under such notice or notice of 18 intent must apply for a permit under section 213 or 214 19 no later than 18 months after the effective date of this 20 21 title, unless such mineral activities are conducted pursuant 22 to section 212(b). During such 2-year period the provi-23 sions of section 244 (relating to inspection and moni-24 toring) and 247 (relating to enforcement) shall apply on

the basis of the surface management requirements appli cable to such notices prior to the effective date of this title.

3 SEC. 250. CLAIMS SUBJECT TO SPECIAL RULES.

4 (a) CERTAIN CLAIMS NOT CONVERTED.—Notwith-5 standing any other provision of law, except as provided under subsection (c), an unpatented mining claim referred 6 7 to in section 37 of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 8 193) shall not be converted under section 206 of this title 9 until the Secretary determines that the claim was valid 10 on the date of enactment of the Mineral Leasing Act and has been maintained in compliance with the general min-11 12 ing laws.

13 (b) CONTEST PROCEEDINGS.—As soon as practicable 14 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall 15 initiate contest proceedings challenging the validity of all unpatented claims referred to in subsection (a), including 16 17 those claims for which a patent application has not been filed. If a claim is determined to be invalid, the Secretary 18 19 shall promptly declare the claim to be null and void. If, 20 as a result of such proceeding, a claim is determined valid, 21 the claim shall be converted and thereby become subject 22 to this title's provisions on the date of the completion of 23 the contest proceeding.

24 (c) OIL SHALE CLAIMS.—(1) The provisions of sec25 tion 251 shall apply to oil shale claims referred to in sec-

tion 2511(e)(2) of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (Public
 Law 102-486).

3 (2) Section 2511(f) of the Energy Policy Act of 1992
4 (Public Law 102–486) is amended as follows:

5 (A) Strike "as prescribed by the Secretary".

6 (B) Insert the following before the period: "in
7 the same manner as if such claims were subject to
8 subtitle B of the Mineral Exploration and Develop9 ment Act of 1999".

10 SEC. 251. PURCHASING POWER ADJUSTMENT.

11 The Secretary shall adjust all location fees, claim 12 maintenance rates, penalty amounts, and other dollar 13 amounts established in this title for changes in the purchasing power of the dollar every 10 years following the 14 15 date of enactment of this Act, employing the Consumer Price Index for all-urban consumers published by the De-16 17 partment of Labor as the basis for adjustment, and rounding according to the adjustment process of conditions of 18 19 the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 20 1990 (104 Stat. 890).

21 SEC. 252. SAVINGS CLAUSE.

(a) SPECIAL APPLICATION OF MINING LAWS.—Nothing in this title shall be construed as repealing or modifying any Federal law, regulation, order or land use plan,
in effect prior to the date of enactment of this Act that

prohibits or restricts the application of the general mining 1 2 laws, including laws that provide for special management 3 criteria for operations under the general mining laws as 4 in effect prior to the date of enactment of this Act, to 5 the extent such laws provide environmental protection greater than required under this title, and any such prior 6 7 law shall remain in force and effect with respect to claims 8 located (or proposed to be located) or converted under this 9 title. Nothing in this title shall be construed as applying 10 to or limiting mineral investigations, studies, or other mineral activities conducted by any Federal or State agency 11 12 acting in its governmental capacity pursuant to other au-13 thority. Nothing in this title shall affect or limit any assessment, investigation, evaluation or listing pursuant to 14 15 the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, or the Solid Waste Dis-16 posal Act. 17

18 (b) EFFECT ON OTHER FEDERAL LAWS.—The provisions of this title shall supersede the general mining laws, 19 20 but, except for the general mining laws, nothing in this 21 title shall be construed as superseding, modifying, amend-22 ing or repealing any provision of Federal law not expressly 23 superseded, modified, amended or repealed by this title. 24 Nothing in this title shall be construed as altering, affecting, amending, modifying, or changing, directly or indi-25

rectly, any law which refers to and provides authorities 1 2 or responsibilities for, or is administered by, the Environmental Protection Agency or the Administrator of the En-3 4 vironmental Protection Agency, including the Federal 5 Water Pollution Control Act, title XIV of the Public Health Service Act (the Safe Drinking Water Act), the 6 7 Clean Air Act, the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990, the 8 Toxic Substances Control Act, the Federal Insecticide, 9 Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, the Federal Food, Drug, 10 and Cosmetic Act, the Motor Vehicle Information and Cost Savings Act, the Federal Hazardous Substances Act, 11 the Atomic Energy Act, the Noise Control Act of 1972, 12 13 the Solid Waste Disposal Act, the Comprehensive Environ-14 mental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 15 1980, the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, the Ocean Dumping Act, the Environmental 16 17 Research, Development, and Demonstration Authorization Act, the Pollution Prosecution Act of 1990, and the Fed-18 eral Facilities Compliance Act of 1992, or any statute con-19 20 taining amendment to any of such Acts. Nothing in this 21 title shall be construed as modifying or affecting any pro-22 vision of the Native American Graves Protection and Re-23 patriation Act (Public Law 101–601) or any provision of 24 the American Indian Religious Freedom Act (42 U.S.C. 1996). 25

1 (c) PROTECTION OF CONSERVATION AREAS.—In 2 order to protect the resources and values of National Con-3 servation System units, the Secretary, as appropriate, 4 shall utilize authority under this title and other applicable 5 law to the fullest extent necessary to prevent mineral activities within the boundaries of such units that could have 6 7 an adverse impact on the resources or values for which 8 such units were established.

9 SEC. 253. AVAILABILITY OF PUBLIC RECORDS.

10 Copies of records, reports, inspection materials or information obtained by the Secretary or the Secretary of 11 12 Agriculture under this title shall be made immediately 13 available to the public, consistent with section 552 of title 5 of the United States Code, in central and sufficient loca-14 15 tions in the county, multi county, and State area of mineral activity or reclamation so that such items are conven-16 17 iently available to residents in the area proposed or approved for mineral activities. 18

19 SEC. 254. MISCELLANEOUS POWERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out his or her duties
under this title, the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, may conduct any
investigation, inspection, or other inquiry necessary and
appropriate and may conduct, after notice, any hearing

or audit, necessary and appropriate to carrying out his
 duties.

3 (b) ANCILLARY POWERS.—In connection with any
4 hearing, inquiry, investigation, or audit under this title,
5 the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the
6 Secretary of Agriculture, is authorized to take any of the
7 following actions:

8 (1) Require, by special or general order, any 9 person to submit in writing such affidavits and an-10 swers to questions as the Secretary concerned may 11 reasonably prescribe, which submission shall be 12 made within such reasonable period and under oath 13 or otherwise, as may be necessary.

14 (2) Administer oaths.

(3) Require by subpoena the attendance and
testimony of witnesses and the production of all
books, papers, records, documents, matter, and materials, as such Secretary may request.

(4) Order testimony to be taken by deposition
before any person who is designated by such Secretary and who has the power to administer oaths,
and to compel testimony and the production of evidence in the same manner as authorized under paragraph (3) of this subsection.

(5) Pay witnesses the same fees and mileage as
 are paid in like circumstances in the courts of the
 United States.

4 (c) ENFORCEMENT.—In cases of refusal to obey a 5 subpoena served upon any person under this section, the district court of the United States for any district in which 6 7 such person is found, resides, or transacts business, upon 8 application by the Attorney General at the request of the 9 Secretary concerned and after notice to such person, shall 10 have jurisdiction to issue an order requiring such person to appear and produce documents before the Secretary 11 concerned. Any failure to obey such order of the court may 12 be punished by such court as contempt thereof and subject 13 to a penalty of up to \$10,000 a day. 14

(d) ENTRY AND ACCESS.—Without advance notice
and upon presentation of appropriate credentials, the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary
of Agriculture, or any authorized representative thereof—

(1) shall have the right of entry to, upon, or
through the site of any claim, mineral activities, or
any premises in which any records required to be
maintained under this title are located;

(2) may at reasonable times, and without delay,
have access to copy any records, inspect any moni-

toring equipment or method of operation required
 under this title;

3 (3) may engage in any work and to do all
4 things necessary or expedient to implement and ad5 minister the provisions of this title;

6 (4) may, on any mining claim located or con-7 verted under this title, and without advance notice, 8 stop and inspect any motorized form of transpor-9 tation that he has probable cause to believe is car-10 rying locatable minerals, concentrates, or products 11 derived therefrom from a claim site for the purpose 12 of determining whether the operator of such vehicle 13 has documentation related to such locatable min-14 erals, concentrates, or products derived therefrom as 15 required by law, if such documentation is required 16 under this title; and

17 (5) may, if accompanied by any appropriate law 18 enforcement officer, or an appropriate law enforce-19 ment officer alone may stop and inspect any motor-20 ized form of transportation which is not on a claim 21 site if he has probable cause to believe such vehicle 22 is carrying locatable minerals, concentrates, or prod-23 ucts derived therefrom from a claim site on Federal 24 lands or allocated to such claim site. Such inspection 25 shall be for the purpose of determining whether the operator of such vehicle has the documentation re quired by law, if such documentation is required
 under this title.

4 SEC. 255. LIMITATION ON PATENT ISSUANCE.

(a) MINING CLAIMS.—After April 30, 1999, no patent shall be issued by the United States for any mining
claim located under the general mining laws or under this
title unless the Secretary determines that, for the claim
concerned—

10 (1) a patent application was filed with the Sec-11 retary on or before April 30, 1999; and

(2) all requirements established under sections
2325 and 2326 of the Revised Statutes (30 U.S.C.
29 and 30) for vein or lode claims and sections
2329, 2330, 2331, and 2333 of the Revised Statutes
(30 U.S.C. 35, 36, and 37) for placer claims were
fully complied with by that date.

If the Secretary makes the determinations referred to in 18 paragraphs (1) and (2) for any mining claim, the holder 19 20 of the claim shall be entitled to the issuance of a patent 21 in the same manner and degree to which such claim holder 22 would have been entitled to prior to the enactment of this 23 Act, unless and until such determinations are withdrawn or invalidated by the Secretary or by a court of the United 24 States. 25

(b) MILL SITES.—After April 30, 1999, no patent
 shall be issued by the United States for any mill site claim
 located under the general mining laws unless the Secretary
 determines that for the mill site concerned—

5 (1) a patent application for such land was filed
6 with the Secretary on or before April 30, 1999; and
7 (2) all requirements applicable to such patent
8 application were fully complied with by that date.

9 If the Secretary makes the determinations referred to in 10 paragraphs (1) and (2) for any mill site claim, the holder of the claim shall be entitled to the issuance of a patent 11 in the same manner and degree to which such claim holder 12 13 would have been entitled to prior to the enactment of this Act, unless and until such determinations are withdrawn 14 15 or invalidated by the Secretary or by a court of the United 16 States.

17 SEC. 256. MULTIPLE MINERAL DEVELOPMENT AND SUR-18 FACE RESOURCES.

The provisions of sections 4 and 6 of the Act of August 13, 1954 (30 U.S.C. 524 and 526), commonly known
as the Multiple Minerals Development Act, and the provisions of section 4 of the Act of July 23, 1955 (30 U.S.C.
612), shall apply to all mining claims located or converted
under this title.

1 SEC. 257. MINERAL MATERIALS.

2 (a) DETERMINATIONS.—Section 3 of the Act of July
3 23, 1955 (30 U.S.C. 611), is amended as follows:

4 (1) Insert "(a)" before the first sentence.
5 (2) Insert "mineral materials, including but not
6 limited to" after "varieties of" in the first sentence.
7 (3) Strike "or cinders" and insert in lieu there8 of "cinders, and clay".

9 (4) Add the following new subsection at the end10 thereof:

11 (b)(1) Subject to valid existing rights, after the date of enactment of the Mineral Exploration and Development 12 13 Act of 1999, notwithstanding the reference to common varieties in subsection (a) and to the exception to such term 14 relating to a deposit of materials with some property giv-15 16 ing it distinct and special value, all deposits of mineral materials referred to in such subsection, including the 17 18 block pumice referred to in such subsection, shall be subject to disposal only under the terms and conditions of 19 the Materials Act of 1947. 20

21 "(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'valid 22 existing rights' means that a mining claim located for any 23 such mineral material had some property giving it the dis-24 tinct and special value referred to in subsection (a), or 25 as the case may be, met the definition of block pumice 26 referred to in such subsection, was properly located and

maintained under the general mining laws prior to the 1 2 date of enactment of the Mineral Exploration and Devel-3 opment Act of 1999, and was supported by a discovery 4 of a valuable mineral deposit within the meaning of the general mining laws as in effect immediately prior to the 5 date of enactment of the Mineral Exploration and Devel-6 7 opment Act of 1999 and that such claim continues to be 8 valid under this Act.".

9 (b) MINERAL MATERIALS DISPOSAL CLARIFICA10 TION.—Section 4 of the Act of July 23, 1955 (30 U.S.C.
11 612), is amended as follows:

12 (1) In subsection (b) insert "and mineral mate-13 rial" after "vegetative".

14 (2) In subsection (c) insert "and mineral mate-15 rial" after "vegetative".

16 (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 1 of the 17 Act of July 31, 1947, entitled "An Act to provide for the 18 disposal of materials on the public lands of the United 19 States" (30 U.S.C. 601 and following) is amended by 20 striking "common varieties of" in the first sentence.

21 (d) Short Titles.—

(1) SURFACE RESOURCES.—The Act of July
23, 1955, is amended by inserting after section 7
24 the following new section:

"SEC. 8. This Act may be cited as the 'Surface Re sources Act of 1955'.".

3 (2) MINERAL MATERIALS.—The Act of July 31,
4 1947, entitled "An Act to provide for the disposal of
5 materials on the public lands of the United States"
6 (30 U.S.C. 601 and following) is amended by insert7 ing after section 4 the following new section:

8 "SEC. 5. This Act may be cited as the 'Materials Act9 of 1947'.".

(e) REPEALS.—(1) Subject to valid existing rights,
the Act of August 4, 1892 (27 Stat. 348, 30 U.S.C. 161)
commonly known as the Building Stone Act is hereby repealed.

(2) Subject to valid existing rights, the Act of January 31, 1901 (30 U.S.C. 162) commonly known as the
Saline Placer Act is hereby repealed.

17 SEC. 258. APPLICATION OF ACT TO BENEFICIATION AND

18 PROCESSING OF NONFEDERAL MINERALS ON
19 FEDERAL LANDS.

The provisions of this title (including the surface management requirements of subtitle B) shall apply in the same manner and to the same extent to Federal lands used for beneficiation or processing activities for any mineral without regard to whether or not the legal and beneficial title to the mineral is held by the United States. This section applies only to minerals which are locatable min erals or minerals which would be locatable minerals if the
 legal and beneficial title to such minerals were held by the
 United States.

5 SEC. 259. COMPLIANCE WITH BUY AMERICAN ACT.

No funds appropriated pursuant to this title may be
expended by an entity unless the entity agrees that in expending the funds the entity will comply with section 2
through 4 of the Act of March 3, 1933 (41 U.S.C. 10a10c), popularly known as the "Buy American Act".

11 SEC. 260. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

12 In the case of any equipment or products purchased 13 with funding provided under this title, it is the sense of 14 the Congress that such funding should be used to pur-15 chase only American-made equipment and products.

16 SEC. 261. PROHIBITION OF CONTRACTS.

17 If it has been finally determined by a court of Federal agency that any person intentionally affixed a label bear-18 ing a "Made in America" inscription, or any inscription 19 20 with the same meaning, to any product sold in or shipped 21 to the United States that is not made in the United 22 States, such person shall be ineligible to receive any con-23 tract or subcontract made with funds provided pursuant to this title, pursuant to the debarment, suspension, and 24

1 ineligibility procedures described in sections 9.400 through

2 9.409 of title 48 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

3 SEC. 262. SEVERABILITY.

4 If any provision of this title or the applicability there-5 of to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the re-6 mainder of this title and the application of such provision 7 to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected 8 thereby.

9 SEC. 263. AWARD OF COMPENSATION FOR TAKINGS FROM 10 FUND.

11 To the extent a court of competent jurisdiction, after adjudication, finds that Federal action undertaken pursu-12 13 ant to this title effects a taking under the Fifth Amendment of the United States Constitution and enters a final 14 15 judgment against the United States, the court shall award just compensation to the plaintiff, from the fund estab-16 17 lished under subtitle C, subject to appropriation, together with appropriate reasonable fees and expenses to the ex-18 tent provided by section 304 of the Uniform Relocation 19 20 Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 21 1970 (42 U.S.C. 4654(c)). In any case in which the Attor-22 ney General effects a settlement of any proceeding brought 23 under section 1346(a)(2) or 1491 of title 28 of the United 24 States Code alleging that any Federal action undertaken 25 pursuant to this title effects a taking under the Fifth

Amendment of the United States Constitution, the Attor ney General shall use amounts available in the Fund sub ject to appropriations to pay any award necessary pursu ant to such settlement.

5 SEC. 264. REPORT TO CONGRESS ON MINING CLAIMS IN 6 THE UNITED STATES HELD BY FOREIGN 7 FIRMS.

8 (a) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date 9 of enactment of this Act and annually thereafter, the Sec-10 retary of the Interior shall submit a report to the Congress 11 describing the percentage of each mining claim held by 12 a foreign firm.

(b) FOREIGN FIRM.—(1) For the purposes of this
section, the term "foreign firm" means any firm that is
not a domestic firm.

16 (2) For the purposes of paragraph (1), the term "do-17 mestic firm" means a business entity—

18 (A) that is incorporated or organized in the19 United States;

20 (B) that conducts business operations in the21 United States; and

(C) the assets of which at least 50 percent are
held by United States citizens, permanent resident
aliens, or other domestic firms.

1TITLEIII—REVENUESDEDI-2CATEDTODEFICITREDUC-3TION

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4 SEC. 301. DEFICIT REDUCTION LOCK-BOX.

No changes in revenues or direct spending estimated
to result from the enactment of this Act shall be counted
for purposes of section 252(d) of the Balanced Budget and
Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

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