106TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 1790

To provide for public disclosure of accidental release scenario information in risk management plans, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MAY 13, 1999

Mr. BLILEY (by request) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Government Reform, and the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

- To provide for public disclosure of accidental release scenario information in risk management plans, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Chemical Safety Infor-
- 5 mation and Site Security Act of 1999".

6 SEC. 2. PUBLIC AVAILABILITY OF ANALYSIS.

7 (a) DEFINITIONS.—

(1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Adminis trator" means the Administrator of the Environ mental Protection Agency.

4 (2) RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN.—The term "risk
5 management plan" means a risk management plan
6 submitted by an owner or operator of a stationary
7 source pursuant to section 112(r)(7)(B) of the Clean
8 Air Act.

9 (3) OFF-SITE CONSEQUENCE ANALYSIS INFOR-10 MATION.—The term "off-site consequence analysis 11 information" means those portions of a risk manage-12 ment plan, excluding the executive summary of such 13 plan, consisting of an evaluation of one or more 14 worst-case scenario or alternative scenario accidental 15 releases of extremely hazardous substances listed 16 pursuant to section 112(r)(3) of the Clean Air Act.

(4) STATE.—The term "State" means a State,
the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of
Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American
Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana
Islands, and Indian tribes as defined in section
102(2) of the Federally Recognized Indian Tribe
List Act of 1994 (25 U.S.C. 479a(2)).

24 (b) EXEMPTION FROM FREEDOM OF INFORMATION25 ACT.—Off-site consequence analysis information or infor-

mation derived therefrom, shall not be made available
 under section 552 of title 5, United States Code. Nothing
 in this section shall affect the obligation of the Adminis trator under section 112(r)(7)(B)(iii) of the Clean Air Act
 to make available off-site consequence analysis informa tion, or information derived therefrom, except as provided
 in subsection (c) of this section.

8 (c) DISTRIBUTION OF OFF-SITE CONSEQUENCE9 ANALYSIS INFORMATION.—

(1) No officer or employee of the United States
shall make available in an electronic form off-site
consequence analysis information except as provided
in paragraphs (2), (6), and (7) of this subsection
and subsection (e) of this section.

(2) The Administrator may make available in
an electronic form off-site consequence analysis information to a State or local government officer or
employee only for official use.

(3)(A) In response to any request for off-site
consequence analysis information, including a request for risk management plans, the Administrator
shall provide a copy of off-site consequence analysis
information, but only in paper form. The conditions
under which it shall be made available, including,
but not limited to, the maximum number of requests

1 any single requester can make, and the maximum 2 number of stationary sources for which off-site con-3 sequence analysis information may be made available 4 in response to any single request, shall be deter-5 mined by the Administrator in implementing guid-6 ance, pursuant to subsection (d)(1) of this section. 7 An officer or employee of the United States may not 8 otherwise distribute off-site consequence analysis in-9 formation in paper form, except as provided in para-10 graphs (4) and (6) of this subsection, and subsection 11 (e) of this section.

12 (B) Consistent with this paragraph, the Admin-13 istrator shall promptly respond to off-site con-14 sequence analysis information requests. The Admin-15 istrator may levy a fee applicable to processing re-16 quests that recovers the Administrator's cost of 17 processing such requests and reproducing such infor-18 mation in paper form.

(4) At the request of a State or local government officer acting in his or her official capacity, the
Administrator may provide to such officer in paper
form, only for official use, the off-site consequence
analysis information submitted for the stationary
sources located in the State in which the State or
local government officer serves.

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1 (5) Notwithstanding any provision of State or 2 local law, and except as provided in subsection (e)(2)3 of this section, an officer or employee of a State or 4 local government may make off-site consequence 5 analysis information available only to the extent offi-6 cers or employees of the United States would be per-7 mitted to make such information available, con-8 sistent with the guidance and any regulations issued 9 pursuant to this section, except that a State or local 10 government officer or employee may only make 11 available such information that concerns stationary 12 sources located in the State in which the officer or 13 employee serves.

14 (6) The Administrator shall ensure that every 15 risk management plan submitted to the Environ-16 mental Protection Agency is available in paper or 17 electronic form for public inspection, but not copy-18 ing, during normal business hours, including in Gov-19 ernment Printing Office depository libraries. For 20 purposes of this paragraph, the Administrator may 21 make risk management plans available in electronic 22 form only if the electronic form does not provide an 23 electronic means of ranking stationary sources based 24 on off-site consequence analysis information. The 25 Government Printing Office shall assist the Administrator in implementing this paragraph. There are
authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator
and to the Government Printing Office such sums
as may be necessary, to be available until expended,
to carry out this paragraph.

(7) After consulting with other appropriate 6 7 Federal agencies, the Administrator may make off-8 site consequence analysis information available to 9 the public in an electronic form that does not in-10 clude information concerning the identity or the lo-11 cation of the stationary sources for which the infor-12 mation was submitted. No other officer or employee 13 of the United States, nor any officer or employee of 14 a State or local government, may make off-site con-15 sequence analysis information available to the public 16 in such form except as authorized by the Adminis-17 trator.

(8) Any officer or employee of the United
States, or any officer or employee of a State or local
government, who knowingly violates a restriction or
prohibition established by this subsection shall be
fined under section 3571 of title 18, United States
Code, imprisoned for not more than one year, or
both.

1 (9) The Administrator may collect and main-2 tain records that reflect the identity of individuals 3 and persons seeking access to information under this section only to the extent that such collection and 4 5 maintenance is relevant and necessary to accomplish 6 a legal purpose of the Environmental Protection 7 Agency that is required to be accomplished by stat-8 ute or by executive order of the President. Any such 9 records shall be subject to section 552a of title 5, 10 United States Code. An officer or employee of a 11 State or local government may collect and maintain 12 records identifying individuals and persons seeking 13 access to information under this section only to the 14 extent that such collection and maintenance is rel-15 evant and necessary to accomplish a legal purpose of 16 their employing agency that is required to be accom-17 plished by State statute.

18 (d) IMPLEMENTING GUIDANCE AND ADDITIONAL AU-19 THORITIES.—

(1) Within 60 days of the enactment of this
provision, the Administrator shall issue guidance setting forth procedures and methods for making offsite consequence analysis information available to
the public consistent with the provisions of this section. The Administrator shall consult with other ap-

1 propriate Federal agencies in developing the guid-2 ance. The Administrator may revise such guidance, 3 as circumstances warrant, in consultation with the 4 appropriate Federal agencies. Guidance issued pursuant to this subsection, and any revision thereof, 5 6 shall not be subject to judicial review. The Adminis-7 trator may issue regulations in place of such guid-8 ance to the extent the Administrator deems appro-9 priate.

10 (2) The Administrator is authorized to pre-11 scribe such regulations as are necessary to carry out 12 the Administrator's functions under this section. 13 The Administrator may delegate to any officer or 14 employee of the Environmental Protection Agency 15 such of the Administrator's powers or duties under this section as the Administrator may deem nec-16 17 essary or expedient. Regulations issued pursuant to 18 this subsection shall be subject to judicial review to 19 the same extent and in the same manner as regula-20 tions issued pursuant to section 112(r)(7) of the 21 Clean Air Act.

22 (e) Agents and Contractors.—

(1) An officer or employee of the United States
may make off-site consequence analysis information
available in any form to officers and employees of

agents and contractors of a Federal Government office only for official use. For purposes of this section, such officers and employees of agents and contractors shall be treated as officers and employees of the United States and shall be subject to the same restrictions and sanctions as apply to officers and employees of the United States under this section.

8 (2) An officer or employee of a State or local 9 government may make off-site consequence analysis 10 information available in any form to officers and em-11 ployees of agents and contractors of the State or 12 local government only for official use. For purposes 13 of this section, such officers and employees of agents 14 and contractors shall be treated as officers and em-15 ployees of the State or local government and shall be 16 subject to the same restrictions and sanctions as 17 apply to officers and employees of the State or local 18 government under this section.

(f) ORDER AUTHORITY.—The Administrator may exercise the authority provided under section 112(r)(9) of
the Clean Air Act to withhold, or prevent the release of,
off-site consequence analysis information when the Administrator determines that release of such information may
present an imminent and substantial endangerment to
human health or welfare or the environment.

(g) SEPARABILITY OF PROVISIONS.—If any provision
 of this section is held invalid, the remainder of this section
 shall not be affected thereby.

4 SEC. 3. SITE SECURITY STUDY AND RECOMMENDATIONS.

5 Subject to the availability of appropriations, the At-6 torney General, utilizing available data to the extent pos-7 sible and in consultation with appropriate governmental agencies, affected industry, and the public, may review 8 current industry practices regarding site security and the 9 effectiveness of this Act. The Attorney General may peri-10 11 odically report to Congress regarding recommendations re-12 lated to enhancing site security practices and the need for continued implementation or modification of this Act. 13

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