Calendar No. 862

106TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 2442

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

NOVEMBER 16, 1999 Received

November 19, 1999

Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

September 28 (legislative day, September 22), 2000 Reported by Mr. Hatch with amendments

[Omit the part struck through and insert the part printed in italic]

AN ACT

To provide for the preparation of a Government report detailing injustices suffered by Italian Americans during World War II, and a formal acknowledgment of such injustices by the President.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- This Act may be cited as the "Wartime Violation of
- 5 Italian American Civil Liberties Act".

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

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- 2 The Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) The freedom of more than 600,000 Italianborn immigrants in the United States and their families was restricted during World War II by Government measures that branded them "enemy aliens" and included carrying identification cards, travel re-

strictions, and seizure of personal property.

- (2) During World War II more than 10,000 Italian Americans living on the West Coast were forced to leave their homes and prohibited from entering coastal zones. More than 50,000 were subjected to curfews.
- (3) During World War II thousands of Italian American immigrants were arrested, and hundreds were interned in military camps.
- (4) Hundreds of thousands of Italian Americans performed exemplary service and thousands sacrificed their lives in defense of the United States.
- (5) At the time, Italians were the largest foreign-born group in the United States, and today are the fifth largest immigrant group in the United States, numbering approximately 15 million.
- 24 (6) The impact of the wartime experience was 25 devastating to Italian American communities in the 26 United States, and its effects are still being felt.

- 1 (7) A deliberate policy kept these measures 2 from the public during the war. Even 50 years later 3 much information is still classified, the full story re-4 mains unknown to the public, and it has never been 5 acknowledged in any official capacity by the United 6 States Government.
- 7 SEC. 3. REPORT.
- The Inspector Attorney General of the Department

 9 of Justice shall conduct a comprehensive review of the

 10 treatment by the United States Government of Italian

 11 Americans during World War II, and not later than one

 12 year after the date of the enactment of this Act shall sub-
- 14 of such review. The report shall cover the period between

mit to the Congress a report that documents the findings

- 15 September 1, 1939, and December 31, 1945, and shall
- 16 include the following:
- 17 (1) The names of all Italian Americans who
 18 were taken into custody in the initial roundup fol19 lowing the attack on Pearl Harbor, and prior to the
 20 United States declaration of war against Italy.
- 21 (2) The names of all Italian Americans who 22 were taken into custody.
- 23 (3) The names of all Italian Americans who 24 were interned and the location where they were in-25 terned.

- 1 (4) The names of all Italian Americans who 2 were ordered to move out of designated areas under 3 the United States Army's "Individual Exclusion 4 Program".
 - (5) The names of all Italian Americans who were arrested for curfew, contraband, or other violations under the authority of Executive Order No. 9066.
 - (6) Documentation of Federal Bureau of Investigation raids on the homes of Italian Americans.
 - (7) A list of ports from which Italian American fishermen were restricted.
 - (8) The names of Italian American fishermen who were prevented from fishing in prohibited zones and therefore unable to pursue their livelihoods.
 - (9) The names of Italian Americans whose boats were confiscated.
 - (10) The names of Italian American railroad workers who were prevented from working in prohibited zones.
 - (11) A list of all civil liberties infringements suffered by Italian Americans during World War II, as a result of Executive Order No. 9066, including internment, hearings without benefit of counsel, illegal searches and seizures, travel restrictions, enemy

- alien registration requirements, employment restrictions, confiscation of property, and forced evacuation from homes.
- 4 (12) An explanation of why some whether
 5 Italian Americans were subjected to civil liberties in6 fringements, as a result of Executive Order No.
 7 9066, while and if so, why other Italian Americans
 8 were not.
- 9 (13) A review of the wartime restrictions on 10 Italian Americans to determine how civil liberties 11 can be better protected during national emergencies.

12 SEC. 4. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.

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- It is the sense of the Congress that—
- 14 (1) the story of the treatment of Italian Ameri-15 cans during World War II needs to be told in order 16 to acknowledge that these events happened, to re-17 member those whose lives were unjustly disrupted 18 and whose freedoms were violated, to help repair the 19 damage to the Italian American community, and to 20 discourage the occurrence of similar injustices and 21 violations of civil liberties in the future;
 - (2) Federal agencies, including the Department of Education and the National Endowment for the Humanities, should support projects such as—

(A) conferences, seminars, and lectures to

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| 2 | heighten awareness of this unfortunate chapter |
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| 3 | in our Nation's history; |
| 4 | (B) the refurbishment of and payment o |
| 5 | all expenses associated with the traveling ex |
| 6 | hibit "Una Storia Segreta", exhibited at major |
| 7 | cultural and educational institutions throughout |
| 8 | the United States; and |
| 9 | (C) documentaries to allow this issue to be |
| 10 | presented to the American public to raise its |
| 11 | awareness; |
| 12 | (3) an independent, volunteer advisory com |
| 13 | mittee should be established comprised of represent |
| 14 | atives of Italian American organizations, historians |
| 15 | and other interested individuals to assist in the com |
| 16 | pilation, research, and dissemination of information |
| 17 | concerning the treatment of Italian Americans; and |
| 18 | (4) after completion of the report required by |
| 19 | this Act, financial support should be provided for the |
| 20 | education of the American public through the pro |
| 21 | duction of a documentary film suited for public |
| 22 | broadcast. |
| 23 | SEC. 5. FORMAL ACKNOWLEDGEMENT. |
| 24 | (5) The President shall should, on behalf of the |
| 25 | United States Government, formally acknowledge |
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- 1 that these events during World War II represented
- 2 a fundamental injustice against Italian Americans.

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