H. R. 2947

To amend the Federal Power Act to promote energy independence and selfsufficiency by providing for the use of net metering by certain small electric energy generation systems, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

September 24, 1999

Mr. Inslee (for himself, Mr. Bartlett of Maryland, Mr. Ehlers, Mr. Baird, Mr. Blumenauer, Mr. Boehlert, Mr. Cook, Mr. Defazio, Mr. Dicks, Mr. Evans, Mr. Farr of California, Mr. Filner, Mr. Frost, Mr. Gilman, Mr. Gutierrez, Mr. Hinchey, Mr. Kennedy of Rhode Island, Mr. Leach, Mr. Lewis of Georgia, Mr. McDermott, Mr. Metcalf, Ms. Millender-McDonald, Ms. Pelosi, Mr. Strickland, Mr. Udall of Colorado, Mr. Udall of New Mexico, Mr. Underwood, and Mr. Vento) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Commerce

A BILL

To amend the Federal Power Act to promote energy independence and self-sufficiency by providing for the use of net metering by certain small electric energy generation systems, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Home Energy Genera-
- 5 tion Act".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

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2		The	${\bf Congress}$	finds	that	it i	s in	the	public	interest
3	to:									

- (1) Enable small businesses, residences, schools, churches, farms with small electric generation units, and other retail electric customers who generate electric energy to return or sell surplus electric energy on the open market.
- 9 (2) Encourage private investment in renewable 10 and alternate energy resources.
 - (3) Stimulate the economic growth.
- 12 (4) Enhance the continued diversification sec-13 tion of energy resources used in the United States.
- 14 (5) Remove regulatory barriers for net meter-15 ing.
- 16 SEC. 3. NET METERING.
- 17 Part II of the Federal Power Act is amended by add-
- 18 ing the following new section at the end thereof:
- 19 "SEC. 215. NET METERING.
- 20 "(a) Definitions.—As used in this section:
- 21 "(1) The term 'customer-generator' means the 22 owner or operator of an electric generation unit 23 qualified for net metering under this section.
- "(2) The term 'net metering' means measuring the difference between the electricity supplied to a customer-generator and the electricity generated by

1	a customer-generator that is delivered to a local dis-
2	tribution section system at the same point of inter-
3	connection during an applicable billing period.
4	"(3) The terms 'electric generation unit quali-
5	fied for net metering' and 'qualified generation unit
6	mean an electric energy generation unit that meets
7	the requirements of paragraph (5) and each of the
8	following requirements:
9	"(A) The unit is a fuel cell or uses as its
10	energy source either solar, wind, or biomass.
11	"(B) The unit has a generating capacity of
12	not more than 100 kilowatts.
13	"(C) The unit is located on premises that
14	are owned, operated, leased, or otherwise con-
15	trolled by the customer-generator.
16	"(D) The unit operates in parallel with the
17	retail electric supplier.
18	"(E) The unit is intended primarily to off-
19	set part or all of the customer-generator's re-
20	quirements for electric energy.
21	"(4) The term 'retail electric supplier' means
22	any person that sells electric energy to the ultimate
23	consumer thereof.
24	"(5) The term 'local distribution system' means
25	any system for the distribution section of electric en-

- 1 ergy to the ultimate consumer thereof, whether or
- 2 not the owner or operator of such system is also a
- 3 retail electric supplier.
- 4 "(b) ADOPTION.—Not later than one year after the
- 5 enactment of this section, each retail electric supplier shall
- 6 comply with each of the following requirements and notify
- 7 all of its retail customers of such requirements not less
- 8 frequently than quarterly:
- 9 "(1) The supplier shall offer to arrange (either
- directly or through a local distribution company or
- other third party) to make available, on a first-come-
- first-served basis, to each of its retail customers that
- has installed an energy generation unit that is in-
- tended for net metering and that notifies the sup-
- 15 plier of its generating capacity an electric energy
- meter that is capable of net metering if the cus-
- tomer-generator's existing electrical meter cannot
- perform that function.
- 19 "(2) Rates and charges and contract terms and
- 20 conditions for the sale of electric energy to cus-
- tomer-generators shall be the same as the rates and
- charges and contract terms and conditions that
- would be applicable if the customer-generator did
- not own or operate a qualified generation unit and
- use a net metering system.

- 1 Any retail electric supplier or local distribution company
- 2 may, at its own expense, install one or more additional
- 3 electric energy meters to monitor the flow of electricity
- 4 in either direction or to reflect the time of generation or
- 5 both. Whenever a customer-generator with a net metering
- 6 system uses any energy generation system entitled to cred-
- 7 its under a Federal minimum renewable energy generation
- 8 requirement, the total amount of energy generated by that
- 9 system shall be treated as generated by the retail electric
- 10 supplier for purposes of such requirement.
- 11 "(c) Net Energy Measurement and Billing.—
- 12 Each retail electric supplier subject to subsection (b) shall
- 13 calculate the net energy measurement for a customer
- 14 using a net metering system in the following manner:
- 15 "(1) The retail electric supplier shall measure
- the net electricity produced or consumed during the
- billing period using the metering referred to in para-
- graph (1) or (2) of subsection (b).
- 19 "(2) If the electricity supplied by the retail elec-
- tric supplier exceeds the electricity generated by the
- 21 customer-generator during the billing period, the
- customer-generator shall be billed for the net elec-
- tricity supplied by the retail electric supplier in ac-
- 24 cordance with normal metering practices.

1	"(3) If electricity generated by the customer-
2	generator exceeds the electricity supplied by the re-
3	tail electric supplier, the customer-generator—
4	"(A) shall be billed for the appropriate
5	customer charges for that billing period;
6	"(B) shall be credited for the excess elec-
7	tric energy generated during the billing period,
8	with this credit appearing on the bill for the fol-
9	lowing billing period (except for a billing period
10	that ends in the next calendar year); and
11	"(C) shall not be charged for transmission
12	losses.
13	If the customer-generator is using a meter that re-
14	flects the time of generation (a 'real time meter'),
15	the credit shall be based on the retail rates for sale
16	by the retail electric supplier at the time of such
17	generation. At the beginning of each calendar year,
18	any remaining unused kilowatt-hour credit accumu-
19	lated by a customer-generator during the previous
20	year may be sold by the customer-generator to any
21	electric supplier that agrees to purchase such credit.
22	In the absence of any such purchase, the credit shall
23	be assigned (at no cost) to the retail electric supplier
24	that supplied electric energy to such customer-gener-
25	ator at the end of the previous year.

"(d) Percent Limitations.—

"(1) Two percent limitation.—A local distribution company retail electric supplier shall not be required to provide local distribution service with respect to additional customer-generators after the date during any calendar year on which the total generating capacity of all customer-generators with qualified generation facilities and net metering systems served by that local distribution company is equal to or in excess of 2 percent of the capacity necessary to meet the company's average forecasted aggregate customer peak demand for that calendar year.

"(2) ONE PERCENT LIMITATION.—A local distribution company retail electric supplier shall not be required to provide local distribution service with respect to additional customer-generators using a single type of qualified energy generation system after the date during any calendar year on which the total generating capacity of all customer-generators with qualified generation facilities of that type and net metering systems served by that local distribution company is equal to or in excess of 1 percent of the capacity necessary to meet the company's average forecasted aggregate customer peak demand for that
 calendar year.

"(3) Records and notice.—Each retail electric supplier shall maintain, and make available to the public, records of the total generating capacity of customer-generators of such system that are using net metering, the type of generating systems and energy source used by the electric generating systems used by such customer-generators. Each such retail electric supplier shall notify the Commission when the total generating capacity of such customer-generators is equal to or in excess of 2 percent of the capacity necessary to meet the supplier's aggregate customer peak demand during the previous calendar year and when the total generating capacity of such customer-generators using a single type of qualified generation is equal to or in excess of 1 percent of such capacity.

- 19 "(e) Safety and Performance Standards.—(1)
- 20 A qualified generation unit and net metering system used
- 21 by a customer-generator shall meet all applicable safety
- 22 and performance and reliability standards established by
- 23 the national electrical code, the Institute of Electrical and
- 24 Electronics Engineers, Underwriters Laboratories, or the
- 25 American National Standards Institute.

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- 1 "(2) The Commission, after consultation with State
- 2 regulatory authorities and nonregulated local distribution
- 3 systems and after notice and opportunity for comment,
- 4 may adopt by regulation additional control and testing re-
- 5 quirements for customer-generators that the Commission
- 6 determines are necessary to protect public safety and sys-
- 7 tem reliability.
- 8 "(3) The Commission shall, after consultation with
- 9 State regulatory authorities and nonregulated local dis-
- 10 tribution systems and after notice and opportunity for
- 11 comment, prohibit by regulation the imposition of addi-
- 12 tional charges by electric suppliers and local distribution
- 13 systems for equipment or services for safety or perform-
- 14 ance that are additional to those necessary to meet the
- 15 standards referred to in subparagraphs (A) and (B).
- 16 "(f) State Authority.—Nothing in this section
- 17 shall preclude a State from establishing or imposing addi-
- 18 tional incentives or requirements to encourage qualified
- 19 generation and net metering additional to that required
- 20 under this section.".
- 21 "(g) Interconnection Standards.—(1) Within
- 22 one year after the enactment of this section the Commis-
- 23 sion shall publish model standards for the physical connec-
- 24 tion between local distribution systems and qualified gen-
- 25 eration units and electric generation units that would be

- 1 qualified generation units but for the fact that the unit
- 2 has a generating capacity of more than 100 kilowatts (but
- 3 not more than 250 kilowatts). Such model standards shall
- 4 be designed to encourage the use of qualified generation
- 5 units and to insure the safety and reliability of such units
- 6 and the local distribution systems interconnected with
- 7 such units. Within 2 years after the enactment of this sec-
- 8 tion, each State shall adopt such model standards, with
- 9 or without modification, and submit such standards to the
- 10 Commission for approval. The Commission shall approve
- 11 a modification of the model standards only if the Commis-
- 12 sion determines that such modification is consistent with
- 13 the purpose of such standards and is required by reason
- 14 of local conditions. If standards have not been approved
- 15 under this paragraph by the Commission for any State
- 16 within 2 years after the enactment of this section, the
- 17 Commission shall, by rule or order, enforce the Commis-
- 18 sion's model standards in such State until such time as
- 19 State standards are approved by the Commission.
- 20 "(2) The standards under this section shall establish
- 21 such measures for the safety and reliability of the affected
- 22 equipment and local distribution systems as may be appro-
- 23 priate. Such standards shall be consistent with all applica-
- 24 ble safety and performance standards established by the
- 25 national electrical code, the Institute of Electrical and

- 1 Electronics Engineers, Underwriters Laboratories, or the
- 2 American National Standards Institute and with such ad-
- 3 ditional safety and reliability standards as the Commission
- 4 shall, by rule, prescribe. Such standards shall ensure that
- 5 generation units will automatically isolate themselves from
- 6 the electrical system in the event of an electrical power
- 7 outage. Such standards shall permit the owner or operator
- 8 of the local distribution system to interrupt or reduce de-
- 9 liveries of available energy from the generation unit to the
- 10 system when necessary in order to construct, install, main-
- 11 tain, repair, replace, remove, investigate, or inspect any
- 12 of its equipment or part of its system; or if it determines
- 13 that curtailment, interruption, or reduction is necessary
- 14 because of emergencies, forced outages, force majeure, or
- 15 compliance with prudent electrical practices.
- 16 "(3) The model standards under this subsection pro-
- 17 hibit the imposition of additional charges by local distribu-
- 18 tion systems for equipment or services for interconnection
- 19 that are additional to those necessary to meet such stand-
- 20 ards.
- 21 "(h) Interconnection.—At the election of the
- 22 owner or operator of the generation unit concerned, con-
- 23 nections meeting the standards applicable under sub-
- 24 section (g) may be made—

"(1) by such owner or operator at such owner's
or operator's expense, or

"(2) by the owner or operator of the local distribution system upon the request of the owner or operator of the generating unit and pursuant to an offer by the owner or operator of the generating unit to reimburse the local distribution system in an amount equal to the minimum cost of such connection, consistent with the procurement procedures of the State in which the unit is located, except that the work on all such connections shall be performed by qualified electrical personnel certified by a resposible body or licensed by a State or local government authority.

"(i) Consumer Friendly Contracts.—The Commission shall promulgate regulations insuring that simplified contracts will be used for the interconnection of electric energy by electric energy transmission or distribution systems and generating facilities that have a power production capacity not greater than 250 kilowatts."

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