# Calendar No. 649

106TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# H. R. 4249

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 16, 2000

Received; read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

June 28, 2000

Reported by Mr. Helms, without amendment

# AN ACT

To foster cross-border cooperation and environmental cleanup in Northern Europe.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Cross-Border Coopera-
- 5 tion and Environmental Safety in Northern Europe Act
- 6 of 2000".
- 7 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.
- 8 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:

1	(1) Northern Europe is an increasingly vital
2	part of Europe and one that offers great opportuni-
3	ties for United States investment.
4	(2) Northern Europe offers an excellent oppor-
5	tunity to make progress toward the United States vi-
6	sion of a secure, prosperous, and stable Europe, in
7	part because of—
8	(A) historical tradition of regional coopera-
9	tion;
10	(B) the opportunity to engage Russia in
11	positive, cooperative activities with its neighbors
12	to the west;
13	(C) commitment by the Baltic states to re-
14	gional cooperation and integration into western
15	institutions; and
16	(D) longstanding, strong ties with the
17	United States.
18	(3) The United States Northern Europe Initia-
19	tive (NEI) provides the conceptual and operational
20	framework for United States policy in the region, fo-
21	cused on developing a regional network of coopera-
22	tion in the important areas of business and trade
23	promotion, law enforcement, the environment, en-

ergy, civil society, and public health.

1	(4) A central objective of the United States
2	Northern Europe Initiative is to promote cross-bor-
3	der cooperation among the countries in the region.
4	(5) A wide variety of regional and cross-border
5	projects have been initiated under the United States
6	Northern Europe Initiative since the Initiative was
7	established in 1997, including the following:
8	(A) A United States-Lithuanian training
9	program for entrepreneurs from Belarus and
10	Kaliningrad.
11	(B) The Great Lakes-Baltic Sea Partner-
12	ship program that is being implemented by the
13	Environmental Protection Agency.
14	(C) A Center of Excellence for Treatment
15	of Multidrug-Resistant Tuberculosis in Riga,
16	Latvia.
17	(D) A regional HIV/AIDS strategy being
18	developed under United States and Finnish
19	leadership.
20	(E) Multiple efforts to combat organized
21	crime, including regional seminars for police of-
22	ficers and prosecutors.
23	(F) Programs to encourage reform of the
24	Baltic electricity market and encourage United
25	States investment in such market.

- 1 (G) Language and job training programs
  2 for Russian-speaking minorities in Latvia and
  3 Estonia to promote social integration in those
  4 countries.
  - (H) A mentoring partnership program for woman entrepreneurs in the northwest region of Russia and the Baltic states, as part of broader efforts to promote women's participation in political and economic life.
  - (6) Norway, Sweden, and Finland have made considerable efforts to provide assistance to the newly independent Baltic states and to the Northwest region of Russia. In particular, the United States notes the request placed before the European Union by Finland in 1999 for the creation and extensive funding by the European Union of a "Northern Dimension" Initiative to substantially address the problems that now exist in Northern Europe with regard to economic development, protection of the environment, the safety and containment of nuclear materials, and other issues.
  - (7) The United States commends the endorsement of the "Northern Dimension" Initiative by the European Council at its meeting in Helsinki, Finland in December 1999 and calls on the European

- Union to act on that endorsement through the provision of substantial funding for the Initiative.
  - (8) While the European Union, its member states, and other European countries should clearly take the lead in addressing the challenges posed in Northern Europe, in particular through appropriate yet substantial assistance provided by the European Union, the United States-Northern Europe Initiative, and this Act are intended to supplement such efforts and build on the considerable assistance that the United States has already provided to the Baltic states and the Russian Federation. Partnership with other countries in the region means modest United States investment can have significant impact.
    - (9) The United States Northern Europe Initiative's focus on regional environmental challenges is particularly important. Northern Europe is home to significant environmental problems, particularly the threat posed by nuclear waste from Russian submarines, icebreakers, and nuclear reactors.
    - (10) In particular, 21,000 spent fuel assemblies from Russian submarines are lying exposed near Andreeyeva Bay, nearly 60 dangerously decrepit nuclear submarines, many in danger of sinking, are languishing in the Murmansk area of Northwest

- Russia, whole reactors and radioactive liquid waste are stored on unsafe floating barges, and there are significant risks of marine and atmospheric contamination from accidents arising from loss of electricity or fire on deteriorating, poorly monitored nuclear submarines.
  - (11) This waste poses a threat to the safety and stability of Northern Europe and to countries of the Eurasian continent.
  - (12)(A) In addition, the Environmental Protection Agency has facilitated the expansion and upgrading of a facility for the treatment of low-level liquid radioactive waste from the decommissioning of nuclear submarines docked at naval facilities in the Arctic region of Russia.
  - (B) The Environmental Protection Agency has also initiated a project to construct an 80-ton prototype cask for the storage and transport of civilian-controlled spent nuclear fuel, much of it damaged and currently stored onboard an aging vessel anchored in Murmansk Harbor. Currently in the design phase, this project is scheduled for completion in 2000.
  - (13) Working with the countries in the region to address these environmental problems remains

- vital to the long-term national interest of the United 1 2 States.
- 3 (14) The United States and other countries are currently negotiating a number of agreements with 5 Russia which will provide internationally accepted 6 legal protections for the United States and other 7 countries that provide nuclear waste management 8 assistance to Russia. Regrettably, it has not yet been 9 possible to resolve remaining differences over liabil-10 ity, taxation of assistance, privileges and immunities for foreign contractors, and audit rights.
  - (15) Concluding these agreements is vital to the continued provision of such assistance and to the possible development of new programs.
  - (16) With the election of Russian President Vladamir Putin, the opportunity presents itself to surmount these problems, to conclude these outstanding agreements, and to allow assistance programs to move forward to alleviate this problem.
- 20 (17) The United States Government is currently studying whether dismantlement of multi-pur-22 pose submarines is in the national interest.
- 23 (b) Purpose.—The purpose of this Act is to demonstrate concrete support for continued cross-border co-

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operation in Northern Europe and immediate efforts to 2 assist in the clean up of nuclear waste in that region. 3 SEC. 3. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS. 4 It is the sense of the Congress that— (1) the United States Northern Europe Initia-6 tive is a sound framework for future United States 7 involvement in Northern Europe: 8 (2) the European Union should move expedi-9 tiously to authorize and fund the proposed "Northern Dimension" Initiative at appropriate yet sub-10 11 stantial levels of assistance; 12 (3) the United States should continue to sup-13 port a wide-ranging strengthening of democratic and civic institutions on a regional basis to provide a 14 15 foundation for political stability and investment op-16 portunities, including cross-border exchanges, in 17 Northern Europe; 18 (4) the United States should demonstrate con-19 tinued commitment to address environmental secu-20 rity challenges in Northwest Russia, in cooperation 21 with partners in the region; 22 (5) recently-elected Russian President Vladamir 23 Putin should rapidly conclude pending nuclear waste

management agreements to enable assistance pro-

25 grams to go forward; and

- 1 (6) assistance to Russia on nuclear waste man-
- 2 agement should only be provided after issues related
- 3 to liability, taxation of assistance, privileges and im-
- 4 munities for foreign contractors, and audit rights
- 5 have been resolved.

#### 6 SEC. 4. SUPPORT FOR UNITED STATES NORTHERN EUROPE

### 7 INITIATIVE PROJECTS.

- 8 (a) Availability of Amounts From East Euro-
- 9 PEAN AND THE BALTIC STATES ASSISTANCE.—Of the
- 10 amounts available for fiscal year 2001 to carry out the
- 11 provisions of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and the
- 12 Support for Eastern European Democracy (SEED) Act
- 13 of 1989 for assistance and for related programs for East-
- 14 ern Europe and the Baltic States, not less than
- 15 \$2,000,000 shall be used for projects described in sub-
- 16 section (c).
- 17 (b) Availability of Amounts From Inde-
- 18 PENDENT STATES OF THE FORMER SOVIET UNION AS-
- 19 SISTANCE.—Of the amounts available for fiscal year 2001
- 20 to carry out the provisions of chapter 11 of part I of the
- 21 Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and the Freedom for Rus-
- 22 sia and Emerging Eurasian Democracies and Open Mar-
- 23 kets Support Act of 1992 for assistance for the inde-
- 24 pendent states of the former Soviet Union and related pro-

- 1 grams, not less than \$2,000,000 shall be used for the
- 2 projects described in subsection (c).
- 3 (c) Projects Described.—The projects described
- 4 in this subsection are United States Northern Europe Ini-
- 5 tiative projects relating to environmental cleanup, law en-
- 6 forcement, public health, energy, business and trade pro-
- 7 motion, and civil society.

#### 8 SEC. 5. REPORT ON ENVIRONMENTAL SECURITY.

- 9 Not later that 180 days after the date of the enact-
- 10 ment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation
- 11 with the heads of other appropriate Federal departments
- 12 and agencies, shall prepare and submit to the Congress
- 13 a report on—
- 14 (1) the threat to the environmental security of
- the countries of Northern Europe and other coun-
- tries of Europe and Asia presented by Russian ma-
- 17 rine nuclear reactors, waste, and contamination; and
- 18 (2) identifying the possibilities for new and ex-
- 19 panded United States and multilateral assistance
- programs for environmental clean-up in Northwest
- 21 Russia, including technical exchanges and private-
- public partnerships.
- 23 SEC. 6. DEFINITIONS.
- 24 In this Act:

(1) NORTHERN EUROPE.—The term "Northern 1 2 Europe" means the northwest region of the Russian 3 Federation (including Kaliningrad), the Republic of 4 Belarus, the Republic of Estonia, the Republic of 5 Latvia, the Republic of Lithuania, the Kingdom of 6 Denmark, the Republic of Finland, the Republic of 7 Iceland, the Kingdom of Norway, the Republic of 8 Poland, and the Kingdom of Sweden. 9 (2) United states northern europe ini-10 TIATIVE.—The term "United States Northern Eu-11 rope Initiative" means the framework agreement es-12 tablished in 1997 between the United States and the 13 countries of Northern Europe to promote stability in 14 the Baltic Sea region and to strengthen key institu-15 tions and security structures of the United States 16 and the countries of Northern Europe. Passed the House of Representatives May 15, 2000. JEFF TRANDAHL, Attest:

Clerk.

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