106TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 5272

To provide for a United States response in the event of a unilateral declaration of a Palestinian state.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 25, 2000

Mr. Gilman (for himself, Mr. Nadler, Mr. Lazio, Mrs. Lowey, and Mr. Reynolds) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on International Relations, and in addition to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To provide for a United States response in the event of a unilateral declaration of a Palestinian state.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Peace Through Nego-
- 5 tiations Act of 2000".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress makes the following findings:

- 1 (1) Resolving the political status of the territory 2 controlled by the Palestinian Authority is one of the 3 central issues of the Arab-Israeli conflict.
 - (2) The Palestinian threat to declare an independent state unilaterally constitutes a fundamental violation of the underlying principles of the Oslo Accords and the Middle East peace process.
 - (3) On March 11, 1999, the Senate overwhelmingly adopted Senate Concurrent Resolution 5, and on March 16, 1999, the House of Representatives adopted House Concurrent Resolution 24, both of which resolved that: "any attempt to establish Palestinian statehood outside the negotiating process will invoke the strongest congressional opposition.".
 - (4) On July 25, 2000, Palestinian Chairman Arafat and Israeli Prime Minister Barak issued a joint statement agreeing that the "two sides understand the importance of avoiding unilateral actions that prejudice the outcome of negotiations and that their differences will be resolved in good-faith negotiations".

22 SEC. 3. POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES.

It shall be the policy of the United States to oppose the unilateral declaration of a Palestinian state, to withhold diplomatic recognition of any Palestinian state that

1	is unilaterally declared, and to encourage other countries
2	and international organizations to withhold diplomatic rec-
3	ognition of any Palestinian state that is unilaterally de-
4	clared.
5	SEC. 4. MEASURES TO BE APPLIED IF A PALESTINIAN
6	STATE IS UNILATERALLY DECLARED.
7	(a) Measures.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
8	sion of law, beginning on the date that a Palestinian state
9	is unilaterally declared and ending on the date such unilat-
10	eral declaration is rescinded or on the date of a signed
11	negotiated agreement between Israel and the Palestinian
12	Authority under the terms of which the establishment of
13	a Palestinian state is mutually agreed upon, the following
14	measures shall be applied:
15	(1) Downgrade in status of palestinian
16	OFFICE IN THE UNITED STATES.—
17	(A) Section 1003 of the Foreign Relations
18	Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989
19	(Public Law 100–204) as enacted on December
20	22, 1987, shall have the full force and effect of
21	law, and shall apply notwithstanding any waiver
22	or suspension of such section that was author-
23	ized or exercised subsequent to December 22,
24	1987.

1	(B) For purposes of such section, the term
2	"Palestine Liberation Organization or any of its
3	constituent groups, any successor to any of
4	those, or any agents thereof" shall include the
5	Palestinian Authority and the government of
6	any unilaterally declared Palestinian state.
7	(C) Nothing in this paragraph shall be
8	construed to preclude—
9	(i) the establishment or maintenance
10	of a Palestinian information office in the
11	United States, operating under the same
12	terms and conditions as the Palestinian in-
13	formation office that existed prior to the
14	Oslo Accords; or
15	(ii) diplomatic contacts between Pales-
16	tinian officials and United States counter-
17	parts.
18	(2) Prohibition on united states assist-
19	ANCE TO A UNILATERALLY DECLARED PALESTINIAN
20	STATE.—United States assistance may not be pro-
21	vided, directly or indirectly, to the government of a
22	unilaterally declared Palestinian state, the Pales-
23	tinian Authority, or to any successor or related enti-

ty.

- 1 (3) Prohibition on united states assist2 Ance to the West bank and Gaza.—United
 3 States assistance (except humanitarian assistance)
 4 may not be provided to programs or projects in the
 5 West Bank or Gaza.
 6 (4) Authority to Withhold payment of
 - (4) AUTHORITY TO WITHHOLD PAYMENT OF UNITED STATES CONTRIBUTIONS TO INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS THAT RECOGNIZE A UNILATERALLY DECLARED PALESTINIAN STATE.—The President is authorized to—
 - (A) withhold up to 10 percent of the United States assessed contribution to any international organization that recognizes a unilaterally declared Palestinian state; and
 - (B) reduce the United States voluntary contribution to any international organization that recognizes a unilaterally declared Palestinian state up to 10 percent below the level of the United States voluntary contribution to such organization in the fiscal year prior to the fiscal year in which such organization recognized a unilaterally declared Palestinian state.
 - (5) OPPOSITION TO LENDING BY INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United

- States Executive Director at each international financial institution (as defined in section 1701(c)(2) of the International Financial Institutions Act) to use the voice, vote, and influence of the United States to oppose—
 - (A) membership for a unilaterally declared Palestinian state in such institution, or other recognition of a unilaterally declared Palestinian state by such institution; and
 - (B) the extension by such institution to a unilaterally declared Palestinian state of any loan or other financial or technical assistance.
 - (6) Limitation on use of funds to extend united states recognition.—No funds available under any provision of law may be used to extend United States recognition to a unilaterally declared Palestinian state, including, but not limited to, funds for the payment of the salary of any ambassador, consul, or other diplomatic personnel to such a unilaterally declared state, or for the cost of establishing, operating, or maintaining an embassy, consulate, or other diplomatic facility in such a unilaterally declared state.

1	(b) Definition.—For purposes of paragraphs (2)
2	and (3) of subsection (a), the term "United States
3	assistance''—
4	(1) means—
5	(A) assistance under the Foreign Assist-
6	ance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.),
7	except—
8	(i) assistance under chapter 8 of part
9	I of such Act (relating to international
10	narcotics control assistance);
11	(ii) assistance under chapter 9 of part
12	I of such Act (relating to international dis-
13	aster assistance); and
14	(iii) assistance under chapter 6 of
15	part II of such Act (relating to assistance
16	for peacekeeping operations);
17	(B) assistance under the Arms Export
18	Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.), including
19	the license or approval for export of defense ar-
20	ticles and defense services under section 38 of
21	that Act; and
22	(C) assistance under the Export-Import
23	Bank Act of 1945: and

1 (2) does not include counter-terrorism assist-

2 ance.

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