106TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 5498

To permit landowners to assert otherwise available State law defenses against real property claims by Indian tribes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OCTOBER 18, 2000

Mr. EWING introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Resources

A BILL

To permit landowners to assert otherwise available State law defenses against real property claims by Indian tribes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. DEFENSES TO INDIAN CLAIMS.
- 4 Except as provided in section 2, in any action or
- 5 claim by or on behalf of an Indian tribe to enforce a real
- 6 property right, or otherwise asserting a claim of Indian
- 7 title or right regarding real property, the defendant may
- 8 assert any affirmative defense that would be available
- 9 under State law to a defendant opposing an analogous ac-
- 10 tion or claim that does not involve an Indian tribe.

1 SEC. 2. EXCEPTION FOR GOVERNMENTAL DEFENDANTS.

- 2 Section 1 shall not apply to any action or claim
- 3 against a governmental entity with respect to land that
- 4 is located within sovereign Indian country.

5 SEC. 3. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

- 6 (a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
- 7 (b), this Act shall be construed and applied without regard
- 8 to the interpretive judicial canon that remaining ambigu-
- 9 ities should be resolved in favor of the Indians when stand-
- 10 and tools of statutory construction leave no indication as
- 11 to the meaning of an Indian treaty or statute.
- 12 (b) Exception.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to
- 13 judicial interpretation of an Indian treaty with respect to
- 14 a determination of whether land was reserved or set aside
- 15 by the Federal Government for the use of an Indian tribe
- 16 as Indian land.

17 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.

- 18 As used in this Act:
- 19 (1) Indian tribe.—The term "Indian tribe"
- 20 means any tribe, band, nation, pueblo, village, or
- community that is recognized by the Secretary of the
- Interior pursuant to section 102 of the Federally
- Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994 (25)
- 24 U.S.C. 479a).
- 25 (2) Sovereign indian country.—The term
- "sovereign Indian country" means land—

1	(A) that is rightfully owned by, or is held
2	in trust by the Federal Government for, an In-
3	dian tribe;
4	(B) that was reserved or set aside for the
5	use of the Indian tribe as Indian land by the
6	Federal Government, and is either—
7	(i) outside the exterior geographical
8	limits of any State; or
9	(ii) within the exterior geographical
10	limits of a State that subsequently either—
11	(I) acknowledged Indian title to
12	the land involved when the land was
13	made a part of the State, if that State
14	is one of the original 13 States to
15	form the United States; or
16	(II) provided, either in the Act
17	providing for the State's admission to
18	the United States or in the State's
19	first constitution, that all lands held
20	by Indians within the State shall re-
21	main under the jurisdiction and con-
22	trol of the United States, in accord-
23	ance with article I, section 8, clause
24	17 of the Constitution of the United

1	States, if that State were admitted to
2	the United States after 1790; and
3	(C) for which the Indian title has not been
4	extinguished or the jurisdictional reservation re-
5	voked.
6	SEC. 5. ATTORNEYS FEES.
7	(a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
8	(b), in any action or proceeding that is subject to this Act,
9	the court shall allow the prevailing party a reasonable at-
10	torney's fee with respect to a claim presented by the op-
11	posing party that was frivolous, unreasonable, or without
12	foundation, or that the opposing party continued to liti-
13	gate after it clearly became so. A claim shall be deemed—
14	(1) legally frivolous, unreasonable, or without
15	foundation only if it rests upon a legal theory that
16	was clearly unavailable under existing case law; and
17	(2) factually frivolous, unreasonable, or without
18	foundation only if its proponent knew or should have
19	known of those facts that would require judgment
20	for the opposing party as a matter of law.
21	(b) Exception.—No attorney's fee shall be assessed
22	under subsection (a) against an Indian tribe seeking to
23	enforce a right to an interest in land if the court deter-
24	mines that the land involved is located within sovereign
25	Indian country.

1 SEC. 6. TIMING OF APPLICATION.

- 2 This Act shall apply to any action, claim, or right
- 3 described in section 1 that is pending, filed, or continuing
- 4 on or after the date of enactment of this Act, other than
- 5 a final money damages judgment to which no person has
- 6 a right to raise a challenge by any available procedure.

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