^{106TH CONGRESS} 1ST SESSION S. 1754

To deny safe havens to international and war criminals, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

October 20, 1999

Mr. HATCH (for himself and Mr. LEAHY) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To deny safe havens to international and war criminals, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the5 "Denying Safe Havens to International and War Crimi-

- 6 nals Act of 1999".
- 7 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of
- 8 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—DENYING SAFE HAVENS TO INTERNATIONAL CRIMINALS

Sec. 101. Extradition for offenses not covered by a list treaty.

- Sec. 102. Technical and conforming amendments.
- Sec. 103. Temporary transfer of persons in custody for prosecution.
- Sec. 104. Prohibiting fugitives from benefiting from fugitive status.
- Sec. 105. Transfer of foreign prisoners to serve sentences in country of origin.
- Sec. 106. Transit of fugitives for prosecution in foreign countries.

TITLE II—PROMOTING GLOBAL COOPERATION IN THE FIGHT AGAINST INTERNATIONAL CRIME

- Sec. 201. Streamlined procedures for execution of MLAT requests.
- Sec. 202. Temporary transfer of incarcerated witnesses.

TITLE III—ANTI-ATROCITY ALIEN DEPORTATION

Sec. 301. Inadmissibility and removability of aliens who have committed acts of torture abroad.

Sec. 302. Establishment of the Office of Special Investigations.

TITLE I—DENYING SAFE HAVENS TO INTERNATIONAL CRIMINALS

3 SEC. 101. EXTRADITION FOR OFFENSES NOT COVERED BY A

4 LIST TREATY.

5 Chapter 209 of title 18, United States Code, is6 amended by adding at the end the following:

7 "§ 3197. Extradition for offenses not covered by a list

8

treaty

9 "(a) SERIOUS OFFENSE DEFINED.—In this section,
10 the term 'serious offense' means conduct that would be—

"(1) an offense described in any multilateral
treaty to which the United States is a party that obligates parties—

- 14 "(A) to extradite alleged offenders found
 15 in the territory of the parties; or
- 16 "(B) submit the case to the competent au-17 thorities of the parties for prosecution; or

1	"(2) conduct that, if that conduct occurred in
2	the United States, would constitute—
3	"(A) a crime of violence (as defined in sec-
4	tion 16);
5	"(B) the distribution, manufacture, impor-
6	tation, or exportation of a controlled substance
7	(as defined in section 201 of the Controlled
8	Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802));
9	"(C) bribery of a public official or mis-
10	appropriation, embezzlement, or theft of public
11	funds by or for the benefit of a public official;
12	"(D) obstruction of justice, including pay-
13	ment of bribes to jurors or witnesses;
14	"(E) the laundering of monetary instru-
15	ments, as described in section 1956, if the value
16	of the monetary instruments involved exceeds
17	\$100,000;
18	"(F) fraud, theft, embezzlement, or com-
19	mercial bribery if the aggregate value of prop-
20	erty that is the object of all of the offenses re-
21	lated to the conduct exceeds \$100,000;
22	"(G) counterfeiting, if the obligations, se-
23	curities, or other items counterfeited have an
24	apparent value that exceeds \$100,000;

"(H) a conspiracy or attempt to commit 1 2 any of the offenses described in any of subparagraphs (A) through (G), or aiding and abetting 3 4 a person who commits any such offense; or 5 "(I) a crime against children under chap-6 ter 109A or section 2251, 2251A, 2252, or 7 2252A. "(b) AUTHORIZATION OF FILING.— 8 9 "(1) IN GENERAL.—If a foreign government 10 makes a request for the extradition of a person who 11 is charged with or has been convicted of an offense 12 within the jurisdiction of that foreign government, 13 and an extradition treaty between the United States 14 and the foreign government is in force, but the trea-15 ty does not provide for extradition for the offense 16 with which the person has been charged or for which 17 the person has been convicted, the Attorney General 18 may authorize the filing of a complaint for extra-19 dition pursuant to subsections (c) and (d). 20 "(2) FILING OF COMPLAINTS.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—A complaint author-21 22 ized under paragraph (1) shall be filed pursu-23 ant to section 3184. "(B) PROCEDURES.—With respect to a 24 25 complaint filed under paragraph (1), the proce-

1	dures contained in sections 3184 and 3186 and
2	the terms of the relevant extradition treaty
3	shall apply as if the offense were a crime pro-
4	vided for by the treaty, in a manner consistent
5	with section 3184.
6	"(c) Criteria for Authorization of Com-
7	PLAINTS.—
8	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may
9	authorize the filing of a complaint under subsection
10	(b) only upon a certification—
11	"(A) by the Attorney General, that in the
12	judgment of the Attorney General—
13	"(i) the offense for which extradition
14	is sought is a serious offense; and
15	"(ii) submission of the extradition re-
16	quest would be important to the law en-
17	forcement interests of the United States or
18	otherwise in the interests of justice; and
19	"(B) by the Secretary of State, that in the
20	judgment of the Secretary of State, submission
21	of the request would be consistent with the for-
22	eign policy interests of the United States.
23	"(2) Factors for consideration.—In mak-
24	ing any certification under paragraph $(1)(B)$, the
25	Secretary of State may consider whether the facts

and circumstances of the request then known appear
 likely to present any significant impediment to the
 ultimate surrender of the person who is the subject
 of the request for extradition, if that person is found
 to be extraditable.

6 "(d) CASES OF URGENCY.—

7 "(1) IN GENERAL.—In any case of urgency, the 8 Attorney General may, with the concurrence of the 9 Secretary of State and before any formal certifi-10 cation under subsection (c), authorize the filing of a 11 complaint seeking the provisional arrest and deten-12 tion of the person sought for extradition before the 13 receipt of documents or other proof in support of the 14 request for extradition.

15 "(2) APPLICABILITY OF RELEVANT TREATY.—
16 With respect to a case described in paragraph (1),
17 a provision regarding provisional arrest in the rel18 evant treaty shall apply.

19 "(3) FILING AND EFFECT OF FILING OF COM20 PLAINTS.—

21 "(A) IN GENERAL.—A complaint author22 ized under this subsection shall be filed in the
23 same manner as provided in section 3184.

24 "(B) ISSUANCE OF ORDERS.—Upon the fil-25 ing of a complaint under this subsection, the

1	appropriate judicial officer may issue an order	
2	for the provisional arrest and detention of the	
3	person as provided in section 3184.	
4	"(e) Conditions of Surrender; Assurances.—	
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Before issuing a warrant of	
6	surrender under section 3184 or 3186, the Secretary	
7	of State may—	
8	"(A) impose conditions upon the surrender	
9	of the person that is the subject of the warrant;	
10	and	
11	"(B) require those assurances of compli-	
12	ance with those conditions as are determined by	
13	the Secretary to be appropriate.	
14	"(2) Additional assurances.—	
15	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In addition to impos-	
16	ing conditions and requiring assurances under	
17	paragraph (1), the Secretary of State shall de-	
18	mand, as a condition of the extradition of the	
19	person in every case, an assurance described in	
20	subparagraph (B) that the Secretary deter-	
21	mines to be satisfactory.	
22	"(B) Description of assurances.—An	
23	assurance described in this subparagraph is an	
24	assurance that the person that is sought for ex-	
25	tradition shall not be tried or punished for an	

1	offense other than that for which the person
2	has been extradited, absent the consent of the
3	United States.".
4	SEC. 102. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
5	(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 209 of title 18, United
6	States Code, is amended—
7	(1) in section 3181, by inserting ", other than
8	sections 3197 and 3198," after "The provisions of
9	this chapter" each place that term appears; and
10	(2) in section 3186, by striking "or 3185" and
11	inserting ", 3185, 3197, or 3198".
12	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The analysis for chap-
13	ter 209 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by
14	adding at the end the following:
	"3197. Extradition for offenses not covered by a list treaty. "3198. Extradition absent a treaty.".
15	SEC. 103. TEMPORARY TRANSFER OF PERSONS IN CUSTODY
16	FOR PROSECUTION.
17	(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 306 of title 18, United
18	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
19	lowing:
20	"§4116. Temporary transfer for prosecution
21	"(a) STATE DEFINED.—In this section, the term
22	'State' includes a State of the United States, the District

23 of Columbia, and a commonwealth, territory, or possession24 of the United States.

"(b) AUTHORITY OF ATTORNEY GENERAL WITH RE 2 SPECT TO TEMPORARY TRANSFERS.—

3 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (d), 4 if a person is in pretrial detention or is otherwise 5 being held in custody in a foreign country based 6 upon a violation of the law in that foreign country, 7 and that person is found extraditable to the United 8 States by the competent authorities of that foreign 9 country while still in the pretrial detention or cus-10 tody. the Attorney General shall have the 11 authority-

12 "(A) to request the temporary transfer of
13 that person to the United States in order to
14 face prosecution in a Federal or State criminal
15 proceeding;

16 "(B) to maintain the custody of that per17 son while the person is in the United States;
18 and

19 "(C) to return that person to the foreign
20 country at the conclusion of the criminal pros21 ecution, including any imposition of sentence.

"(2) REQUIREMENTS FOR REQUESTS BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall
make a request under paragraph (1) only if the Attorney General determines, after consultation with

	10
1	the Secretary of State, that the return of that per-
2	son to the foreign country in question would be con-
3	sistent with international obligations of the United
4	States.
5	"(c) Authority of Attorney General With Re-
6	SPECT TO PRETRIAL DETENTIONS.—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—
8	"(A) AUTHORITY OF ATTORNEY GEN-
9	ERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2) and sub-
10	section (d), the Attorney General shall have the
11	authority to carry out the actions described in
12	subparagraph (B), if—
13	"(i) a person is in pretrial detention
14	or is otherwise being held in custody in the
15	United States based upon a violation of
16	Federal or State law, and that person is
17	found extraditable to a foreign country
18	while still in the pretrial detention or cus-
19	tody pursuant to section 3184, 3197, or
20	3198; and
21	"(ii) a determination is made by the
22	Secretary of State and the Attorney Gen-
23	eral that the person will be surrendered.

1	"(B) ACTIONS.—If the conditions de-
2	scribed in subparagraph (A) are met, the Attor-
3	ney General shall have the authority to—
4	"(i) temporarily transfer the person
5	described in subparagraph (A) to the for-
6	eign country of the foreign government re-
7	questing the extradition of that person in
8	order to face prosecution;
9	"(ii) transport that person from the
10	United States in custody; and
11	"(iii) return that person in custody to
12	the United States from the foreign coun-
13	try.
14	"(2) Consent by state authorities.—If the
15	person is being held in custody for a violation of
16	State law, the Attorney General may exercise the au-
17	thority described in paragraph (1) if the appropriate
18	State authorities give their consent to the Attorney
19	General.
20	"(3) Criterion for request.—The Attorney
21	General shall make a request under paragraph (1)
22	only if the Attorney General determines, after con-
23	sultation with the Secretary of State, that the return
24	of the person sought for extradition to the foreign
25	country of the foreign government requesting the ex-

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1	tradition would be consistent with United States	
2	international obligations.	
3	"(4) EFFECT OF TEMPORARY TRANSFER.—	
4	With regard to any person in pretrial detention—	
5	"(A) a temporary transfer under this sub	
6	section shall result in an interruption in the	
7	pretrial detention status of that person; and	
8	"(B) the right to challenge the conditions	
9	of confinement pursuant to section 3142(f) does	
10	not extend to the right to challenge the condi-	
11	tions of confinement in a foreign country while	
12	in that foreign country temporarily under this	
13	subsection.	
14	"(d) Consent by Parties To Waive Prior Find-	
15	ING OF WHETHER A PERSON IS EXTRADITABLE.—The	
16	Attorney General may exercise the authority described in	
17	subsections (b) and (c) absent a prior finding that the per-	
18	son in custody is extraditable, if the person, any appro-	
19	priate State authorities in a case under subsection (c), and	
20	the requesting foreign government give their consent to	
21	waive that requirement.	
22	"(e) Return of Persons.—	
22		

23 "(1) IN GENERAL.—If the temporary transfer
24 to or from the United States of a person in custody
25 for the purpose of prosecution is provided for by this

section, that person shall be returned to the United
 States or to the foreign country from which the per son is transferred on completion of the proceedings
 upon which the transfer was based.

5 "(2) STATUTORY INTERPRETATION WITH RE-6 SPECT TO IMMIGRATION LAWS.—In no event shall 7 the return of a person under paragraph (1) require 8 extradition proceedings or proceedings under the im-9 migration laws.

"(3) 10 CERTAIN RIGHTS AND REMEDIES 11 BARRED.—Notwithstanding any other provision of 12 law, a person temporarily transferred to the United 13 States pursuant to this section shall not be entitled 14 to apply for or obtain any right or remedy under the 15 Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et 16 seq.), including the right to apply for or be granted 17 asylum or withholding of deportation.".

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 306 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by
adding at the end the following:

"4116. Temporary transfer for prosecution.".

21 SEC. 104. PROHIBITING FUGITIVES FROM BENEFITING
22 FROM FUGITIVE STATUS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 163 of title 28, United
States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

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1 "§ 2466. Fugitive disentitlement

2 "A person may not use the resources of the courts
3 of the United States in furtherance of a claim in any re4 lated civil forfeiture action or a claim in third party pro5 ceedings in any related criminal forfeiture action if that
6 person—

- 7 "(1) purposely leaves the jurisdiction of the8 United States;
- 9 "(2) declines to enter or reenter the United
 10 States to submit to its jurisdiction; or

"(3) otherwise evades the jurisdiction of the
court in which a criminal case is pending against the
person.".

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 163 of title 28, United States Code, is amended by
adding at the end the following:

"2466. Fugitive disentitlement.".

17 SEC. 105. TRANSFER OF FOREIGN PRISONERS TO SERVE 18 SENTENCES IN COUNTRY OF ORIGIN.

Section 4100(b) of title 18, United States Code, is
amended in the third sentence by striking "An offender"
and inserting "Unless otherwise provided by treaty, an offender".

1SEC. 106. TRANSIT OF FUGITIVES FOR PROSECUTION IN2FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 305 of title 18, United
4 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol5 lowing:

6 "§ 4087. Transit through the United States of persons 7 wanted in a foreign country

8 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may, in 9 consultation with the Secretary of State, permit the tem-10 porary transit through the United States of a person 11 wanted for prosecution or imposition of sentence in a for-12 eign country.

13 "(b) LIMITATION ON JUDICIAL REVIEW.—A deter14 mination by the Attorney General to permit or not to per15 mit a temporary transit described in subsection (a) shall
16 not be subject to judicial review.

17 "(c) CUSTODY.—If the Attorney General permits a
18 temporary transit under subsection (a), Federal law en19 forcement personnel may hold the person subject to that
20 transit in custody during the transit of the person through
21 the United States.

"(d) CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO PERSONS SUBJECT TO TEMPORARY TRANSIT.—Notwithstanding any
other provision of law, a person who is subject to a temporary transit through the United States under this section shall—

1	"(1) be required to have only such documents	
2	as the Attorney General shall require;	
3	"(2) not be considered to be admitted or pa-	
4	roled into the United States; and	
5	"(3) not be entitled to apply for or obtain any	
6	right or remedy under the Immigration and Nation-	
7	ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.), including the right	
8	to apply for or be granted asylum or withholding of	
9	deportation.".	
10	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The analysis for chap-	
11	ter 305 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by	
12	adding at the end the following:	
	"4087. Transit through the United States of persons wanted in a foreign country.".	
13	TITLE II-PROMOTING GLOBAL	
14	COOPERATION IN THE FIGHT	
15	AGAINST INTERNATIONAL	
16	CRIME	
17	SEC. 201. STREAMLINED PROCEDURES FOR EXECUTION OF	
18	MLAT REQUESTS.	
19	(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 117 of title 28, United	
20	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-	
21	lowing:	
22	"§1785. Assistance to foreign authorities	
23	"(a) IN GENERAL.—	

1	"(1) PRESENTATION OF REQUESTS.—The At-
2	torney General may present a request made by a
3	foreign government for assistance with respect to a
4	foreign investigation, prosecution, or proceeding re-
5	garding a criminal matter pursuant to a treaty, con-
6	vention, or executive agreement for mutual legal as-
7	sistance between the United States and that govern-
8	ment or in accordance with section 1782, the execu-
9	tion of which requires or appears to require the use
10	of compulsory measures in more than 1 judicial dis-
11	trict, to a judge or judge magistrate of—
12	"(A) any 1 of the districts in which per-
13	sons who may be required to appear to testify
14	or produce evidence or information reside or are
15	found, or in which evidence or information to be
16	produced is located; or
17	"(B) the United States District Court for
18	the District of Columbia.
19	"(2) Authority of court.—A judge or judge
20	magistrate to whom a request for assistance is pre-
21	sented under paragraph (1) shall have the authority
22	to issue those orders necessary to execute the re-
23	quest including orders appointing a person to direct
24	the taking of testimony or statements and the pro-
25	duction of evidence or information, of whatever na-

ture and in whatever form, in execution of the re quest.

3 "(b) AUTHORITY OF APPOINTED PERSONS.—A per4 son appointed under subsection (a)(2) shall have the au5 thority to—

6 "(1) issue orders for the taking of testimony or
7 statements and the production of evidence or infor8 mation, which orders may be served at any place
9 within the United States;

10 "(2) administer any necessary oath; and

11 "(3) take testimony or statements and receive12 evidence and information.

"(c) PERSONS ORDERED TO APPEAR.—A person ordered pursuant to subsection (b)(1) to appear outside the
district in which that person resides or is found may, not
later than 10 days after receipt of the order—

"(1) file with the judge or judge magistrate who
authorized execution of the request a motion to appear in the district in which that person resides or
is found or in which the evidence or information is
located; or

"(2) provide written notice, requesting appearance in the district in which the person resides or
is found or in which the evidence or information is
located, to the person issuing the order to appear,

1	who shall advise the judge or judge magistrate au-
2	thorizing execution.
3	"(d) Transfer of Requests.—
4	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The judge or judge mag-
5	istrate may transfer a request under subsection (c),
6	or that portion requiring the appearance of that per-
7	son, to the other district if—
8	"(A) the inconvenience to the person is
9	substantial; and
10	"(B) the transfer is unlikely to adversely
11	affect the effective or timely execution of the re-
12	quest or a portion thereof.
13	"(2) EXECUTION.—Upon transfer, the judge or
14	judge magistrate to whom the request or a portion
15	thereof is transferred shall complete its execution in
16	accordance with subsections (a) and (b).".
17	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The analysis for chap-
18	ter 117 of title 28, United States Code, is amended by
19	adding at the end the following:
	"1785. Assistance to foreign authorities.".
20	SEC. 202. TEMPORARY TRANSFER OF INCARCERATED WIT-
21	NESSES.
22	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 3508 of title 18, United
23	States Code, is amended—
24	(1) by striking the section heading and insert-
25	ing the following:
	•S 1754 IS

1	"§ 3508. Temporary transfer of witnesses in custody";
2	(2) in subsection (a), by inserting "IN GEN-
3	ERAL.—" after "(a)"; and
4	(3) by striking subsections (b) and (c) and in-
5	serting the following:
6	"(b) Transfer Authority.—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—If the testimony of a per-
8	son who is serving a sentence, in pretrial detention,
9	or otherwise being held in custody in the United
10	States, is needed in a foreign criminal proceeding,
11	the Attorney General shall have the authority to—
12	"(A) temporarily transfer that person to
13	the foreign country for the purpose of giving
14	the testimony;
15	"(B) transport that person from the
16	United States in custody;
17	"(C) make appropriate arrangements for
18	custody for that person while outside the
19	United States; and
20	"(D) return that person in custody to the
21	United States from the foreign country.
22	"(2) PERSONS HELD FOR STATE LAW VIOLA-
23	TIONS.—If the person is being held in custody for a
24	violation of State law, the Attorney General may ex-
25	ercise the authority described in this subsection if
26	the appropriate State authorities give their consent.
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"(c) Return of Persons Transferred.—

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"(1) IN GENERAL.—If the transfer to or from
the United States of a person in custody for the purpose of giving testimony is provided for by treaty or
convention, by this section, or both, that person shall
be returned to the United States, or to the foreign
country from which the person is transferred.

8 "(2) LIMITATION.—In no event shall the return 9 of a person under this subsection require any re-10 quest for extradition or extradition proceedings, or 11 require that person to be subject to deportation or 12 exclusion proceedings under the laws of the United 13 States, or the foreign country from which the person 14 is transferred.

15 "(d) Applicability of International Agree-MENTS.—If there is an international agreement between 16 the United States and the foreign country in which a wit-17 ness is being held in custody or to which the witness will 18 be transferred from the United States, that provides for 19 20 the transfer, custody, and return of those witnesses, the 21 terms and conditions of that international agreement shall 22 apply. If there is no such international agreement, the At-23 torney General may exercise the authority described in 24 subsections (a) and (b) if both the foreign country and 25 the witness give their consent.

"(e) Rights of Persons Transferred.—

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2 "(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of
3 law, a person held in custody in a foreign country
4 who is transferred to the United States pursuant to
5 this section for the purpose of giving testimony—

6 "(A) shall not by reason of that transfer, 7 during the period that person is present in the 8 United States pursuant to that transfer, be en-9 titled to apply for or obtain any right or remedy 10 under the Immigration and Nationality Act, in-11 cluding the right to apply for or be granted asy-12 lum or withholding of deportation or any right to remain in the United States under any other 13 14 law; and

15 "(B) may be summarily removed from the
16 United States upon order of the Attorney Gen17 eral.

18 "(2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in 19 this subsection may be construed to create any sub-20 stantive or procedural right or benefit to remain in 21 the United States that is legally enforceable in a 22 court of law of the United States or of a State by 23 any party against the United States or its agencies 24 or officers. 1 "(f) Consistency With International Obliga-2 TIONS.—The Attorney General shall not take any action 3 under this section to transfer or return a person to a for-4 eign country unless the Attorney General determines, after consultation with the Secretary of State, that transfer or 5 return would be consistent with the international obliga-6 7 tions of the United States. A determination by the Attor-8 ney General under this subsection shall not be subject to 9 judicial review by any court.".

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 223 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by
striking the item relating to section 3508 and inserting
the following:

"3508. Temporary transfer of witnesses in custody.".

14 TITLE III—ANTI-ATROCITY 15 ALIEN DEPORTATION

16 SEC. 301. INADMISSIBILITY AND REMOVABILITY OF ALIENS

17 WHO HAVE COMMITTED ACTS OF TORTURE18 ABROAD.

(a) INADMISSIBILITY.—Section 212(a)(3)(E) of the
Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
1182(a)(3)(E)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

23	"(iii) Commission of acts of tor-
24	TURE.—Any alien who, outside the United
25	States, has committed any act of torture,

as defined in section 2340 of title 18, 1 2 United States Code, is inadmissible.". 3 (b) REMOVABILITY.—Section 237(a)(4)(D) of that 4 Act (8 U.S.C. 1227(a)(4)(D)) is amended by striking "clause (i) or (ii)" and inserting "clause (i), (ii), or (iii)". 5 6 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to offenses committed before, on, 7 8 or after the date of enactment of this Act. 9 SEC. 302. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE OFFICE OF SPECIAL IN-10 VESTIGATIONS.

(a) AMENDMENT OF THE IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT.—Section 103 of the Immigration and
Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1103) is amended by adding
at the end the following:

15 "(g) The Attorney General shall establish within the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice an Office 16 of Special Investigations with the authority of inves-17 tigating, and, where appropriate, taking legal action to re-18 move, denaturalize, or prosecute any alien found to be in 19 20 violation of clause (i), (iii) of section (ii), or 21 212(a)(3)(E).".

22 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
appropriated to the Department of Justice for the
fiscal year 2000 such sums as may be necessary to

carry out the additional duties established under sec tion 103(g) of the Immigration and Nationality Act
 (as added by this Act) in order to ensure that the
 Office of Special Investigations fulfills its continuing
 obligations regarding Nazi war criminals.

6 (2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appro7 priated pursuant to paragraph (1) are authorized to
8 remain available until expended.

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