106TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. 1758

To authorize urgent support for Colombia and front line states to secure peace and the rule of law, to enhance the effectiveness of anti-drug efforts that are essential to impeding the flow of deadly cocaine and heroin from Colombia to the United States, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

October 20, 1999

Mr. COVERDELL (for himself, Mr. DEWINE, and Mr. GRASSLEY) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

A BILL

- To authorize urgent support for Colombia and front line states to secure peace and the rule of law, to enhance the effectiveness of anti-drug efforts that are essential to impeding the flow of deadly cocaine and heroin from Colombia to the United States, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
5 "Alliance with Colombia and the Andean Region
6 (ALIANZA) Act of 1999".

1 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of

2 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Purposes.
- Sec. 3. Findings.
- Sec. 4. Definitions.

TITLE I—UNITED STATES POLICY AND PERSONNEL

- Sec. 101. Statement of policy regarding support for democracy, peace, the rule of law, and human rights in Colombia.
- Sec. 102. Requirement for a comprehensive regional strategy to support Colombia and the front line states.
- Sec. 103. Availability of funds conditioned on submission of strategic plan and application of congressional notification procedures.
- Sec. 104. Limitation on availability of funds.
- Sec. 105. Sense of Congress on unimpeded access by Colombian law enforcement officials to all areas of the national territory of Colombia.
- Sec. 106. Extradition of narcotics traffickers.
- Sec. 107. Additional personnel requirements for the United States mission in Colombia.
- Sec. 108. Sense of Congress on a special coordinator on Colombia.
- Sec. 109. Sense of Congress on the death of three United States citizens in Colombia in March 1999.
- Sec. 110. Sense of Congress on members of Colombian security forces and members of Colombian irregular forces.

TITLE II—ACTIVITIES SUPPORTED

Subtitle A—Democracy, Peace, the Rule of Law, and Human Rights in Colombia

- Sec. 201. Support for democracy, peace, the rule of law, and human rights in Colombia.
- Sec. 202. United States emergency humanitarian assistance fund for internally forced displaced population in Colombia.
- Sec. 203. Investigation by Colombian Attorney General of drug trafficking and human rights abuses by irregular forces and security forces.
- Sec. 204. Report on Colombian military justice.
- Sec. 205. Denial of visas to and inadmissibility of aliens who have been involved in drug trafficking and human rights violations in Colombia.

Subtitle B—Eradication of Drug Production and Interdiction of Drug Trafficking

- Sec. 211. Targeting new illicit cultivation and mobilizing the Colombian security forces against the narcotrafficking threat.
- Sec. 212. Reinvigoration of efforts to interdict illicit narcotics in Colombia.
- Sec. 213. Enhancement of Colombian police and navy law enforcement activities nationwide.
- Sec. 214. Targeting illicit assets of irregular forces.
- Sec. 215. Enhancement of regional interdiction of illicit drugs.
- Sec. 216. Revised authorities for provision of additional support for counterdrug activities of Colombia and Peru.

Sec. 217. Sense of Congress on assistance to Brazil.

Sec. 218. Monitoring of assistance for Colombian security forces.

Sec. 219. Development of economic alternatives to the illicit drug trade.

1 SEC. 2. PURPOSES.

2 The purposes of this Act are—

3 (1) to prescribe proactive measures to confront
4 the threat to United States interests of continued in5 stability in Colombia;

6 (2) to defend constitutional order, the rule of 7 law, and human rights, which will benefit all per-8 sons;

9 (3) to support the democratically elected Gov-10 ernment of the Republic of Colombia to secure a 11 firm and lasting end to the armed conflict and law-12 lessness within its territory, which now costs count-13 less lives, threatens regional security, and under-14 mines effective anti-drug efforts;

(4) to require the President to design and implement an urgent, comprehensive, and adequately
funded plan of support for Colombia and its neighbors;

19 (5) to authorize adequate funds to implement
20 an urgent and comprehensive plan of economic de21 velopment and anti-drug support for Colombia and
22 the front line states;

(6) to authorize indispensable material, tech-nical, and logistical support to enhance the effective-

| 2 | ing the flow of deadly cocaine and heroin from Co- |
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| 3 | lombia to the United States; and |
| 4 | (7) to bolster the capacity of the front line |
| 5 | states to confront the current destabilizing effects of |
| 6 | the Colombia conflict and to resist illicit narcotics |
| 7 | trafficking activities that may seek to elude en- |
| 8 | hanced law enforcement efforts in Colombia. |
| 9 | SEC. 3. FINDINGS. |
| 10 | Congress makes the following findings: |
| 11 | (1) The armed conflict and resulting lawless- |
| 12 | ness in Colombia present a clear and present danger |
| 13 | to the security of the front line states, to law en- |
| 14 | forcement efforts intended to impede the flow of co- |
| 15 | caine and heroin, and, therefore, to the well-being of |
| 16 | the people of the United States. |
| 17 | (2) Colombia is a democratic country fighting |
| 18 | multiple wars, against the Colombian Revolutionary |
| 19 | Armed Forces (FARC), the National Liberation |
| 20 | Army (ELN), paramilitary organizations, and inter- |
| 21 | national narcotics trafficking kingpins. |
| \mathbf{r} | (2) With 24 noncont of world tormanist acts com |

(3) With 34 percent of world terrorist acts committed there, Colombia is the world's third most
dangerous country in terms of political violence.

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ness of anti-drug efforts that are essential to imped-

(4) Colombia is the world's kidnapping capital
 of the world with 2,609 kidnappings reported in
 1998 and 513 reported in the first three months of
 1999.

5 (5) In 1998 alone, 308,000 Colombians were in6 ternally displaced in Colombia. During the last dec7 ade, 35,000 Colombians have been killed.

8 (6) The FARC and the ELN are the two main
9 guerrilla groups that have waged the longest-running
10 anti-government insurgency in Latin America.

11 (7) The FARC and the ELN engage in system-12 atic extortion through the abduction of United 13 States citizens, have murdered United States citi-14 zens, profit from the illegal drug trade, and engage 15 in systematic and indiscriminate crimes, including 16 kidnapping, torture, and murder, against Colombian 17 civilian and security forces.

18 (8) The FARC and the ELN have targeted
19 United States Government personnel, private United
20 States citizens, and United States business interests.

(9) In March 1999, the FARC murdered three
kidnapped United States human rights workers near
the international border between Colombia and Venezuela.

| 1 | (10) The Colombian rebels are estimated to |
|----|---|
| 2 | have a combined strength of 10,000 to 20,000 full- |
| 3 | time guerrillas, and they have initiated armed action |
| 4 | in nearly 700 of the country's 1,073 municipalities |
| 5 | and control or influence roughly 60 percent of rural |
| 6 | Colombia. |
| 7 | (11) The Government of Colombia has recov- |
| 8 | ered 5,000 new AK–47s from guerrilla caches in 1 |
| 9 | month, and the FARC has plotted to use \$3,000,000 |
| 10 | in funds earned from drug trafficking to buy 30,000 |
| 11 | AK–47s. |
| 12 | (12) Although the Colombian Army has |
| 13 | 122,000 soldiers, there are no more than 40,000 sol- |
| 14 | diers available for offensive combat operations. |
| 15 | (13) Colombia faces the threat of an estimated |
| 16 | 5,000 armed persons who comprise paramilitary or- |
| 17 | ganizations, who engage in lawless acts and under- |
| 18 | mine the peace process. |
| 19 | (14) Paramilitary organizations profit from the |
| 20 | illegal drug trade and engage in systematic and in- |
| 21 | discriminate crimes, including extortion, kidnapping, |
| 22 | torture, and murder, against Colombian civilians. |
| 23 | (15) The conflict in Colombia is creating insta- |
| 24 | bility along its borders with neighboring countries, |
| 25 | Ecuador, Panama, Peru, and Venezuela, several of |

which have deployed forces to their border with Co lombia.

3 (16) Coca production has increased 28 percent
4 in Colombia since 1998, and already 75 percent of
5 the world's cocaine and 75 percent of the heroin
6 seized in the northeast United States is of Colom7 bian origin.

8 (17)The first 900-soldier Counternarcotics 9 Battalion has been established within the Colombian 10 Army with training and logistical support of the 11 United States military and the Department of State 12 international narcotics and law enforcement pro-13 gram, and it will be ready for deployment in areas 14 of new illicit coca cultivation in southern Colombia 15 by November 1999.

16 (18) In response to serious human rights abuse 17 allegations by the Colombian military, the Govern-18 ment of Colombia has dismissed alleged abusers and 19 undertaken military reforms, and, while the Colom-20 bian military was implicated in 50 percent of human rights violations in 1995, by 1998, the number of in-21 22 cidents attributed to the military plummeted to 4-23 6 percent.

(19) The Government of Colombia has con victed 240 members of the military and police ac cused of human rights violations.

4 (20) In 1998, two-way trade between the
5 United States and Colombia was more than
6 \$11,000,000,000, making the United States Colom7 bia's number one trading partner and Colombia the
8 fifth largest market for United States exports in the
9 region.

10 (21) Colombia is experiencing a historic eco11 nomic recession, with unemployment rising to ap12 proximately 20 percent in 1999 after 40 years of an13 nual economic growth averaging 5 percent per year.

14 (22) The Colombian judicial system is ineffi15 cient and ineffective in bringing to justice those who
16 violate the rule of law.

17 (23) The FARC continue to press for an ex18 change of detained rebels, which, if granted, will en19 able the FARC to increase its manpower in the
20 short term by as many as 4,000 combatants.

(24) The Drug Enforcement Administration
has reported that the Colombian irregular forces are
involved in drug trafficking and that certain irregular forces leaders have become major drug traffickers.

1 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.

| 2 In this Act: |
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| 3 | (1) Appropriate congressional commit- |
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| 4 | TEES.—Except as provided in section 218, the term |
| 5 | "appropriate congressional committees" means— |
| 6 | (A) the Committee on Appropriations and |
| 7 | the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Sen- |
| 8 | ate; and |
| 9 | (B) the Committee on Appropriations and |
| 10 | the Committee on International Relations of the |
| 11 | House of Representatives. |
| 12 | (2) Front line states.—The term "front line |
| 13 | states" means Bolivia, Brazil, Ecuador, Panama, |
| 14 | Peru, and Venezuela. |
| 15 | (3) Illicit drug trafficking.—The term "il- |
| 16 | licit drug trafficking" means illicit trafficking in |
| 17 | narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances, and other |
| 18 | controlled substances (as defined in section $102(6)$ |
| 19 | of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. |
| 20 | 802(6)), as such activities are described by any |
| 21 | international narcotics control agreement to which |
| 22 | the United States is a signatory, or by the domestic |
| 23 | law of the country in whose territory or airspace the |
| 24 | interdiction is occurring. |
| 25 | (4) IRREGULAR FORCES.—The term "irregular |
| 26 | forces" means irregular armed groups engaged in il- |
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1 legal activities, including the Colombia Revolutionary 2 Armed Forces (FARC), the National Liberation Army (ELN), and paramilitary organizations. 3 TITLE I—UNITED STATES 4 POLICY AND PERSONNEL 5 SEC. 101. STATEMENT OF POLICY REGARDING SUPPORT 6 7 FOR DEMOCRACY, PEACE, THE RULE OF LAW, 8 AND HUMAN RIGHTS IN COLOMBIA. 9 It shall be the policy of the United States— 10 (1) to support the democratically elected Gov-11 ernment of the Republic of Colombia in its efforts 12 to secure a firm and lasting end to the armed con-13 flict and lawlessness within its territory, which now 14 costs countless lives, threatens regional security, and 15 undermines effective anti-drug efforts; 16 (2) to insist that the Government of Colombia 17 complete urgent reform measures intended to open 18 its economy fully to foreign investment and com-19 merce, particularly in the petroleum industry, as a 20 path toward economic recovery and self-sufficiency; 21 (3) to promote the protection of human rights 22 in Colombia by conditioning assistance to security 23 forces on respect for all internationally recognized 24 human rights;

| 1 | (4) to support Colombian authorities in |
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| 2 | strengthening judicial systems and investigative ca- |
| 3 | pabilities to bring to justice any person against |
| 4 | whom there exists credible evidence of gross viola- |
| 5 | tions of human rights; |
| 6 | (5) to expose the lawlessness and gross human |
| 7 | rights violations committed by irregular forces in |
| 8 | Colombia; and |
| 9 | (6) to mobilize international support for the |
| 10 | democratically elected Government of the Republic |
| 11 | of Colombia so that that government can resist mak- |
| 12 | ing unilateral concessions that undermine the credi- |
| 13 | bility of the peace process. |
| 15 | |
| 14 | SEC. 102. REQUIREMENT FOR A COMPREHENSIVE RE- |
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| 14 | SEC. 102. REQUIREMENT FOR A COMPREHENSIVE RE- |
| 14 15 | SEC. 102. REQUIREMENT FOR A COMPREHENSIVE RE- GIONAL STRATEGY TO SUPPORT COLOMBIA |
| 14 15 16 | SEC. 102. REQUIREMENT FOR A COMPREHENSIVE RE- GIONAL STRATEGY TO SUPPORT COLOMBIA AND THE FRONT LINE STATES. |
| 14 15 16 17 | SEC. 102. REQUIREMENT FOR A COMPREHENSIVE RE- GIONAL STRATEGY TO SUPPORT COLOMBIA AND THE FRONT LINE STATES. (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 60 days |
| 14 15 16 17 18 | SEC. 102. REQUIREMENT FOR A COMPREHENSIVE RE- GIONAL STRATEGY TO SUPPORT COLOMBIA AND THE FRONT LINE STATES. (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 | SEC. 102. REQUIREMENT FOR A COMPREHENSIVE RE- GIONAL STRATEGY TO SUPPORT COLOMBIA AND THE FRONT LINE STATES. (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees and |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | SEC. 102. REQUIREMENT FOR A COMPREHENSIVE RE- GIONAL STRATEGY TO SUPPORT COLOMBIA AND THE FRONT LINE STATES. (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees and the Caucus on International Narcotics Control of the Sen- |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | SEC. 102. REQUIREMENT FOR A COMPREHENSIVE RE- GIONAL STRATEGY TO SUPPORT COLOMBIA AND THE FRONT LINE STATES. (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees and the Caucus on International Narcotics Control of the Sen- ate a report on the current United States policy and strat- |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | SEC. 102. REQUIREMENT FOR A COMPREHENSIVE RE- GIONAL STRATEGY TO SUPPORT COLOMBIA AND THE FRONT LINE STATES. (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees and the Caucus on International Narcotics Control of the Sen- ate a report on the current United States policy and strat- egy regarding United States counternarcotics assistance |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 | SEC. 102. REQUIREMENT FOR A COMPREHENSIVE RE- GIONAL STRATEGY TO SUPPORT COLOMBIA AND THE FRONT LINE STATES. (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees and the Caucus on International Narcotics Control of the Sen- ate a report on the current United States policy and strat- egy regarding United States counternarcotics assistance for Colombia and the front line states. |

| 1 | (1) The primary and second priorities of the |
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| 2 | United States in its relations with Colombia and the |
| 3 | front line states that are the source of most of the |
| 4 | illicit narcotics entering the United States. |
| 5 | (2) The actions required of the United States |
| 6 | to support and promote such priorities. |
| 7 | (3) A schedule for implementing actions in |
| 8 | order to meet such priorities. |
| 9 | (4) The role of the United States in the efforts |
| 10 | of the Government of Colombia to deal with illegal |
| 11 | drug production in Colombia. |
| 12 | (5) The role of the United States in the efforts |
| 13 | of the Government of Colombia to deal with the in- |
| 14 | surgency in Colombia. |
| 15 | (6) The role of the United States in the efforts |
| 16 | of the Government of Colombia to deal with irreg- |
| 17 | ular forces in Colombia. |
| 18 | (7) How the strategy with respect to Colombia |
| 19 | relates to the United States strategy for the front |
| 20 | line states. |
| 21 | (8) How the strategy with respect to Colombia |
| 22 | relates to the United States strategy for fulfilling |
| 23 | global counternarcotics goals. |
| 24 | (9) A strategy and schedule for providing ur- |
| 25 | gent material, technical, and logistical support to |

1 Colombia and the front line states in order to defend 2 the rule of law and to more effectively impede the 3 cultivation, production, transit, and sale of illicit 4 narcotics. 5 SEC. 103. AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS CONDITIONED ON SUB-6 MISSION OF STRATEGIC PLAN AND APPLICA-7 TION OF CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION 8 PROCEDURES. 9 Funds made available to carry out this Act shall only 10 be made available— 11 (1) upon submission to Congress by the Presi-12 dent of the plan required by section 102; and 13 (2) in accordance with the procedures applica-14 ble to reprogramming notifications under section 15 634A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22) 16 U.S.C. 2394–1). 17 SEC. 104. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS. 18 (a) INELIGIBILITY OF UNITS OF SECURITY FORCES 19 FOR ASSISTANCE.—The same restrictions contained in 20section 568 of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, 21 and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1999 (as con-22 tained in section 101(d) of division A of Public Law 105– 23 277) and section 8130 of Public Law 105–262 that apply 24 to the availability of funds under those Acts shall apply to the availability of funds under this Act. 25

1 (b) ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS.—In addition to the 2 application of the restrictions described in subsection (a), 3 those restrictions shall apply with respect to the avail-4 ability of funds for a unit of the security forces of Colom-5 bia if the Secretary of State reports to Congress that credible evidence exists that a member of that unit has pro-6 7 vided material support to irregular forces in Colombia or 8 to any criminal narcotics trafficking syndicate that oper-9 ates in Colombia. The Secretary of State may detail such 10 evidence in a classified annex to any such report, if nec-11 essary.

12 SEC. 105. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON UNIMPEDED ACCESS BY 13 COLOMBIAN LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS 14 TO ALL AREAS OF THE NATIONAL TERRITORY

OF COLOMBIA.

16 It is the sense of Congress that the effectiveness of 17 United States anti-drug assistance to Colombia depends 18 on the ability of law enforcement officials of that country 19 having unimpeded access to all areas of the national terri-20 tory of Colombia for the purposes of carrying out the 21 interdiction of illegal narcotics and the eradication of illicit 22 crops.

23 SEC. 106. EXTRADITION OF NARCOTICS TRAFFICKERS.

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-25 gress that the Government of Colombia and the govern-

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1 ments of the front line states should take effective steps 2 to prevent the creation of a safe haven for narcotics traf-3 fickers by ensuring that narcotics traffickers indicted in 4 the United States are promptly arrested, prosecuted, and 5 sentenced to the maximum extent of the law and, upon the request of the United States Government, extradited 6 7 to the United States for trial for their egregious offenses 8 against the security and well-being of the people of the United States. 9

10 (b) REPORTS.—Not later than six months after the 11 date of the enactment of this Act, and every six months 12 thereafter, the Secretary of State shall submit to the Com-13 mittee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on the 14 Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on Inter-15 national Relations and the Committee on the Judiciary of 16 the House of Representatives a report setting forth—

- (1) a list of the persons whose extradition has
 been requested from Colombia or the front line
 states, indicating those persons who—
- 20 (A) have been surrendered to the custody
 21 of United States authorities;

(B) have been detained by authorities of
Colombia or a front line state and who are
being processed for extradition;

| 1 | (C) have been detained by the authorities |
|----|--|
| 2 | of Colombia or a front line state and who are |
| 3 | not yet being processed for extradition; or |
| 4 | (D) are at large; |
| 5 | (2) a determination whether or not authorities |
| 6 | of Colombia and the front line states are making |
| 7 | good faith efforts to ensure the prompt extradition |
| 8 | of each of the persons sought by United States au- |
| 9 | thorities; and |
| 10 | (3) an analysis of— |
| 11 | (A) any legal obstacles in the laws of Co- |
| 12 | lombia and of the front line states to the |
| 13 | prompt extradition of persons sought by United |
| 14 | States authorities; and |
| 15 | (B) the steps taken by authorities of the |
| 16 | United States and the authorities of each such |
| 17 | state to remove such obstacles. |
| 18 | SEC. 107. ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS FOR |
| 19 | THE UNITED STATES MISSION IN COLOMBIA. |
| 20 | (a) Report to Congress.—Not later than 60 days |
| 21 | after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall |
| 22 | submit to the appropriate congressional committees a re- |
| 23 | port detailing the additional personnel requirements of the |
| 24 | United States Mission in Colombia that are necessary to |
| 25 | implement this Act. |

| 1 | (b) Funding of Report Recommendations.— |
|----|---|
| 2 | (1) Authorization of appropriations.— |
| 3 | (A) IN GENERAL.—In addition to amounts |
| 4 | otherwise available for such purpose, there are |
| 5 | authorized to be appropriated to the relevant |
| 6 | departments and agencies of the United States |
| 7 | for the period beginning October 1, 1999, and |
| 8 | ending September 30, 2002, such sums as may |
| 9 | be necessary to pay the salaries of such number |
| 10 | of additional personnel as are recommended in |
| 11 | the report required by subsection (a). |
| 12 | (B) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts |
| 13 | appropriated pursuant to subparagraph (A) are |
| 14 | authorized to remain available until expended. |
| 15 | (2) Additional personnel defined.—In |
| 16 | paragraph (1), the term "additional personnel" |
| 17 | means the number of personnel above the number of |
| 18 | personnel employed in the United States Mission in |
| 19 | Colombia as of the date of enactment of this Act. |
| 20 | SEC. 108. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON A SPECIAL COORDI- |
| 21 | NATOR ON COLOMBIA. |
| 22 | It is the sense of Congress that the President should |
| 23 | designate a special coordinator on Colombia with sufficient |
| 24 | authority— |

| 1 | (1) to coordinate interagency efforts to prepare |
|----|---|
| 2 | and implement a comprehensive regional strategy to |
| 3 | support Colombia and the front line states; |
| 4 | (2) to advocate within the executive branch ade- |
| 5 | quate funding for and urgent delivery of assistance |
| 6 | authorized by this Act; and |
| 7 | (3) to coordinate diplomatic efforts to maximize |
| 8 | international political and financial support for Co- |
| 9 | lombia and the front line states. |
| 10 | SEC. 109. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE DEATH OF THREE |
| 11 | UNITED STATES CITIZENS IN COLOMBIA IN |
| 12 | MARCH 1999. |
| 13 | It is the sense of Congress that the Government of |
| 14 | Colombia should resolve the case of the three United |
| 15 | States citizens killed in Colombia in March 1999 and |
| 16 | bring to justice those involved in this atrocity. |
| 17 | SEC. 110. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON MEMBERS OF COLOM- |
| 18 | BIAN SECURITY FORCES AND MEMBERS OF |
| 19 | COLOMBIAN IRREGULAR FORCES. |
| 20 | It is the sense of Congress that— |
| 21 | (1) any links between members of Colombian ir- |
| 22 | regular forces and members of Colombian security |
| 23 | forces are deeply troubling and clearly counter- |
| 24 | productive to the effort to combat drug trafficking |
| 25 | and the prevention of human rights violations; and |

1 (2) the involvement of Colombian irregular 2 forces in drug trafficking and in systematic terror 3 campaigns targeting the noncombatant civilian popu-4 lation is deplorable and contrary to United States 5 interests and policy. TITLE II—ACTIVITIES 6 **SUPPORTED** 7 Subtitle A—Democracy, Peace, the 8 **Rule of Law, and Human Rights** 9 in Colombia 10 11 SEC. 201. SUPPORT FOR DEMOCRACY, PEACE, THE RULE OF 12 LAW, AND HUMAN RIGHTS IN COLOMBIA. 13 (a) IN GENERAL.—The President is authorized to 14 support programs and activities to advance democracy, 15 peace, the rule of law, and human rights in Colombia, 16 including— 17 (1) the deployment of international observers, 18 upon the request of the Government of Colombia, to 19 monitor compliance with any peace initiative of the 20 Government of Colombia; 21 (2) support for credible, internationally recog-22 nized independent nongovernmental human rights 23 organizations working in Colombia;

24 (3) support for the Human Rights Unit of the25 Attorney General of Colombia;

| 1 | (4) to enhance the rule of law through training |
|----|--|
| 2 | of judges, prosecutors, and other judicial officials |
| 3 | and through a witness protection program; |
| 4 | (5) to improve police investigative training and |
| 5 | facilities and related civilian police activities; and |
| 6 | (6) to strengthen a credible military justice sys- |
| 7 | tem, including technical support by the United |
| 8 | States Judge Advocate General, and strengthen ex- |
| 9 | isting human rights monitors within the ranks of the |
| 10 | military. |
| 11 | (b) Authorization of Appropriations.— |
| 12 | (1) IN GENERAL.—In addition to amounts oth- |
| 13 | erwise available for such purpose, there is authorized |
| 14 | to be appropriated to the President \$100,000,000 |
| 15 | for the period beginning October 1, 1999, and end- |
| 16 | ing September 30, 2002, to carry out subsection (a). |
| 17 | (2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appro- |
| 18 | priated pursuant to paragraph (1) are authorized to |
| 19 | remain available until expended. |
| 20 | SEC. 202. UNITED STATES EMERGENCY HUMANITARIAN AS- |
| 21 | SISTANCE FUND FOR INTERNALLY FORCED |
| 22 | DISPLACED POPULATION IN COLOMBIA. |
| 23 | (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.— It is the sense of Con- |
| 24 | gress that— |

(1) the United States Government should pro vide assistance to forcibly displaced persons in Co lombia; and
 (2) the Government of Colombia should support

4 (2) the Government of Colombia should support
5 the return of the forcibly displaced to their homes
6 only when the safety of civilians is fully assured and
7 they return voluntarily.

8 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after the date 9 of enactment of the Act, the Secretary of State shall sub-10 mit to the appropriate congressional committees a report 11 containing an examination of the options available to ad-12 dress the needs of the internally displaced population of 13 Colombia.

14 (c) AUTHORIZATION TO PROVIDE ASSISTANCE.—The
15 President is authorized—

16 (1) to provide assistance to the internally dis-17 placed population of Colombia; and

18 (2) to assist in the temporary resettlement of19 the internally displaced Colombians.

20 (d) FUNDING.—Amounts authorized to be appro21 priated by section 201(b) shall be available to the Presi22 dent for purposes of activities under subsection (c).

| 1 | SEC. 203. INVESTIGATION BY COLOMBIAN ATTORNEY GEN- |
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| 2 | ERAL OF DRUG TRAFFICKING AND HUMAN |
| 3 | RIGHTS ABUSES BY IRREGULAR FORCES AND |
| 4 | SECURITY FORCES. |
| 5 | (a) AUTHORITY.—The President is authorized to |
| 6 | support efforts by the Attorney General of Colombia— |
| 7 | (1) to investigate and prosecute members of Co- |
| 8 | lombian irregular forces involved in the production |
| 9 | or trafficking in illicit drugs; |
| 10 | (2) to investigate and prosecute members of Co- |
| 11 | lombian security forces involved in the production or |
| 12 | trafficking in illicit drugs; |
| 13 | (3) to investigate and prosecute members of Co- |
| 14 | lombian irregular forces involved in gross violations |
| 15 | of internationally recognized human rights; and |
| 16 | (4) to investigate and prosecute members of Co- |
| 17 | lombian security forces involved in gross violations |
| 18 | of internationally recognized human rights. |
| 19 | (b) FUNDING.—Amounts authorized to be appro- |
| 20 | priated by section 201(b) shall be available to the Presi- |
| 21 | dent for purposes of activities under subsection (a). |
| 22 | SEC. 204. REPORT ON COLOMBIAN MILITARY JUSTICE. |
| 23 | (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days |
| 24 | after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of |
| 25 | State shall submit to the appropriate congressional com- |
| 26 | mittees a report examining the efforts to strengthen and |

reform the military justice system of Colombia and mak ing recommendations for directing assistance authorized
 by this Act for that purpose.

4 (b) REPORT ELEMENTS.—The report required by5 subsection (a) shall contain the following:

6 (1) A review of the laws, regulations, directives,
7 policies, and practices of the military justice system
8 of Colombia, including specific military reform meas9 ures being considered and implemented.

10 (2) An assessment of the extent to which the 11 laws, regulations, directives, policies, practices, and 12 reforms relating to the military justice system have 13 been effective in preventing and punishing human 14 violations. irregular rights forces, and 15 narcotrafficking ties.

16 (3) Recommendations for the measures nec17 essary to strengthen and improve the effectiveness
18 and enhance the credibility of the military justice
19 system of Colombia.

20 SEC. 205. DENIAL OF VISAS TO AND INADMISSIBILITY OF
21 ALIENS WHO HAVE BEEN INVOLVED IN DRUG
22 TRAFFICKING AND HUMAN RIGHTS VIOLA23 TIONS IN COLOMBIA.

(a) GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF VISAS AND INADMIS-SIBILITY.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the Sec-

retary of State shall deny a visa to, and the Attorney Gen eral shall not admit to the United States, any alien who
 the Secretary of State has credible evidence is a person
 who—

| 5 | (1) is or was an illicit trafficker in any con- |
|----|---|
| 6 | trolled substance or has knowingly aided, abetted, |
| 7 | conspired, or colluded with others in the illicit traf- |
| 8 | ficking in any controlled substance in Colombia; or |
| 9 | (2) ordered, carried out, or materially assisted |
| 10 | in gross violations of internationally recognized |
| 11 | human rights in Colombia. |
| 12 | (b) EXCEPTIONS.— |
| 13 | (1) Grounds for exception.—Subsection (a) |
| 14 | does not apply in any case in which— |
| 15 | (A) the Secretary of State finds, on a case |
| 16 | by case basis, that— |
| 17 | (i) the entry into the United States of |
| 18 | the person who would otherwise be denied |
| 19 | a visa or not admitted under this section |
| 20 | is necessary for medical reasons; or |
| 21 | (ii) the alien has cooperated fully with |
| 22 | the investigation of human rights viola- |
| 23 | tions; or |
| 24 | (B) the Attorney General of the United |
| 25 | States determines, on a case-by-case basis, that |

| 1 | admission of the alien to the United States is |
|----|---|
| 2 | necessary for law enforcement purposes. |
| 3 | (2) Congressional notification.—Whenever |
| 4 | an alien described in subsection (a) is issued a visa |
| 5 | pursuant to paragraph (1) or admitted to the United |
| 6 | States pursuant to paragraph (2), the Secretary of |
| 7 | State or the Attorney General, as appropriate, shall |
| 8 | notify in writing the Committee on Foreign Rela- |
| 9 | tions of the Senate and the Committee on Inter- |
| 10 | national Relations of the House of Representatives |
| 11 | of such action. |
| 12 | (c) Reporting Requirement.— |
| 13 | (1) LIST OF THE UNITED STATES CHIEF OF |
| 14 | MISSION.—The United States chief of mission to Co- |
| 15 | lombia shall transmit to the Secretary of State a list |
| 16 | of those individuals who have been credibly alleged |
| 17 | to have carried out drug trafficking and human |
| 18 | rights violations described in paragraphs (1) and (2) |
| 19 | of subsection (a). |
| 20 | (2) TRANSMITTAL BY SECRETARY OF STATE.— |
| 21 | Not later than three months after the date of the |
| 22 | enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall |
| 23 | submit the list prepared under paragraph (1) to the |
| 24 | Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and |
| | |

| 1 | the Committee on International Relations of the |
|--|--|
| 2 | House of Representatives. |
| 3 | (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: |
| 4 | (1) CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE.—The term |
| 5 | "controlled substance" has the meaning given the |
| 6 | term in section $102(6)$ of the Controlled Substances |
| 7 | Act (21 U.S.C. 802(6)). |
| 8 | (2) HUMAN RIGHTS.—The term "human rights |
| 9 | violations" means gross violations of internationally |
| 10 | recognized human rights within the meaning of sec- |
| 11 | tions 116 and 502B of the Foreign Assistance Act |
| 12 | of 1961. |
| | |
| 13 | Subtitle B—Eradication of Drug |
| 13 14 | Subtitle B—Eradication of Drug Production and Interdiction of |
| | |
| 14 | Production and Interdiction of |
| 14 15 | Production and Interdiction of Drug Trafficking |
| 14 15 16 | Production and Interdiction of Drug Trafficking SEC. 211. TARGETING NEW ILLICIT CULTIVATION AND MO- |
| 14 15 16 17 | Production and Interdiction of Drug Trafficking SEC. 211. TARGETING NEW ILLICIT CULTIVATION AND MO- BILIZING THE COLOMBIAN SECURITY |
| 14 15 16 17 18 | Production and Interdiction of Drug Trafficking SEC. 211. TARGETING NEW ILLICIT CULTIVATION AND MO- BILIZING THE COLOMBIAN SECURITY FORCES AGAINST THE NARCOTRAFFICKING |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 | Production and Interdiction of Drug Trafficking SEC. 211. TARGETING NEW ILLICIT CULTIVATION AND MO- BILIZING THE COLOMBIAN SECURITY FORCES AGAINST THE NARCOTRAFFICKING THREAT. |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | Production and Interdiction of Drug Trafficking SEC. 211. TARGETING NEW ILLICIT CULTIVATION AND MO- BILIZING THE COLOMBIAN SECURITY FORCES AGAINST THE NARCOTRAFFICKING THREAT. (a) AUTHORITY.—The President is authorized to |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | Production and Interdiction of Drug Trafficking SEC. 211. TARGETING NEW ILLICIT CULTIVATION AND MOBILIZING THE COLOMBIAN SECURITY BILIZING THE COLOMBIAN SECURITY FORCES AGAINST THE NARCOTRAFFICKING THREAT. (a) AUTHORITY.—The President is authorized to support programs and activities by the Government of Co- |

| 1 | (1) material support and technical assistance to |
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| 2 | aid the training, outfitting, deployment, and oper- |
| 3 | ations of not less than three counterdrug battalions |
| 4 | of the Army of Colombia; |
| 5 | (2) to support the acquisition of up to 15 UH– |
| 6 | 60 helicopters or comparable transport helicopters, |
| 7 | including spare parts, maintenance services and |
| 8 | training, or aircraft upgrade kits for the Army of |
| 9 | Colombia; |
| 10 | (3) communications and intelligence training |
| 11 | and equipment for the Army and Navy of Colombia; |
| 12 | (4) additional aircraft for the National Police of |
| 13 | Colombia to enhance its eradication efforts and to |
| 14 | support its joint operations with the military of Co- |
| 15 | lombia; and |
| 16 | (5) not less than $$10,000,000$ to support the |
| 17 | urgent development of an application of naturally oc- |
| 18 | curring and ecologically sound methods of eradi- |
| 19 | cating illicit crops. |
| 20 | (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— |
| 21 | (1) IN GENERAL.—In addition to amounts oth- |
| 22 | erwise available for such purpose, there is authorized |
| 23 | to be appropriated \$540,000,000 for the period be- |
| 24 | ginning October 1, 1999, and ending September 30, |
| 25 | 2002, to carry out subsection (a). |

1 (c) SENSE OF CONGRESS RELATING TO ERADI-2 CATION.—It is the sense of Congress that the Government 3 of Colombia should commit itself immediately to the ur-4 gent development and application of naturally occurring 5 and ecologically sound methods for eradicating illicit 6 crops.

7 SEC. 212. REINVIGORATION OF EFFORTS TO INTERDICT IL8 LICIT NARCOTICS IN COLOMBIA.

9 (a) AUTHORITY.—The President is authorized to 10 support programs and activities by the Government of Co-11 lombia, including its security forces, to reinvigorate a na-12 tionwide program to interdict shipments of illicit drugs in 13 Colombia, including—

- 14 (1) the acquisition of additional airborne and15 ground-based radar;
- 16 (2) the acquisition of airborne intelligence and17 surveillance aircraft for the Colombian Army;
- 18 (3) the acquisition of additional aerial refueling19 aircraft and fuel; and
- 20 (4) the construction of remote airfields.
- 21 (b) Authorization of Appropriations.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In addition to amounts otherwise available for such purpose, there is authorized
to be appropriated to the President \$200,000,000

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| 1 | for the period beginning October 1, 1999, and end- |
| 2 | ing September 30, 2002, to carry out subsection (a). |
| 3 | (2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appro- |
| 4 | priated pursuant to paragraph (1) are authorized to |
| 5 | remain available until expended. |
| 6 | SEC. 213. ENHANCEMENT OF COLOMBIAN POLICE AND |
| 7 | NAVY LAW ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES NA- |
| 8 | TIONWIDE. |
| 9 | (a) AUTHORITY.—The President is authorized to |
| 10 | support programs and activities by the Government of Co- |
| 11 | lombia, including its security forces, to support anti-drug |
| 12 | law enforcement activities by the National Police and |
| 13 | Navy of Colombia nationwide, including— |
| 14 | (1) acquisition of transport aircraft, spare en- |
| 15 | gines, and other parts, additional UH–1H upgrade |
| 16 | kits, forward-looking infrared systems, and other |
| 17 | equipment for the National Police of Colombia; |
| 18 | (2) training and operation of specialized vetted |
| 19 | units of the National Police of Colombia; |
| 20 | (3) construction of additional bases for the Na- |
| 21 | tional Police of Colombia near its national territorial |
| 22 | borders; and |
| 23 | (4) acquisition of 16 patrol aircraft, 4 heli- |
| 24 | copters, forward-looking infrared systems, and patrol |
| | |

| 1 | boats to support for the nationwide riverine and |
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| 2 | coastal patrol capabilities of the Navy of Colombia. |
| 3 | (b) Authorization of Appropriations.— |
| 4 | (1) IN GENERAL.—In addition to amounts oth- |
| 5 | erwise available for such purpose, there is authorized |
| 6 | to be appropriated to the President \$205,000,000 |
| 7 | for the period beginning October 1, 1999, and end- |
| 8 | ing September 30, 2002, to carry out subsection (a). |
| 9 | (2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appro- |
| 10 | priated pursuant to paragraph (1) are authorized to |
| 11 | remain available until expended. |
| 12 | SEC. 214. TARGETING ILLICIT ASSETS OF IRREGULAR |
| | |
| 13 | FORCES. |
| 13 14 | FORCES. (a) Establishment of Task Force.—Not later |
| | |
| 14 | (a) Establishment of Task Force.—Not later |
| 14 15 | (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF TASK FORCE.—Not later than three months after the date of enactment of this Act, |
| 14 15 16 | (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF TASK FORCE.—Not later than three months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury, in coordination with the |
| 14 15 16 17 | (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF TASK FORCE.—Not later than three months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury, in coordination with the Director of the Office of National Drug Control Policy, |
| 14 15 16 17 18 | (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF TASK FORCE.—Not later than three months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury, in coordination with the Director of the Office of National Drug Control Policy, Attorney General, Secretary of State, and Director of Cen- |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 | (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF TASK FORCE.—Not later than three months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury, in coordination with the Director of the Office of National Drug Control Policy, Attorney General, Secretary of State, and Director of Cen- tral Intelligence, shall establish a task force to identify as- |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF TASK FORCE.—Not later than three months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury, in coordination with the Director of the Office of National Drug Control Policy, Attorney General, Secretary of State, and Director of Cen- tral Intelligence, shall establish a task force to identify as- sets of irregular forces that operate in Colombia for the |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF TASK FORCE.—Not later than three months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury, in coordination with the Director of the Office of National Drug Control Policy, Attorney General, Secretary of State, and Director of Cen- tral Intelligence, shall establish a task force to identify as- sets of irregular forces that operate in Colombia for the purpose of imposing restrictions on transactions by such |

(b) REPORT ON ASSETS OF IRREGULAR FORCES.—
 Not later than 12 months after the date of enactment of
 this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall submit to
 Congress a report on measures taken in compliance with
 this section and recommend measures to target the unlaw fully obtained assets of irregular forces that operate in Co lombia.

8 SEC. 215. ENHANCEMENT OF REGIONAL INTERDICTION OF 9 ILLICIT DRUGS.

(a) AUTHORITY.—The President is authorized to
support programs and activities by the United States Government, the Government of Colombia, and the governments of the front line states to enhance interdiction of
illicit drugs in that region.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In addition to amounts otherwise available for such purposes,
there is authorized to be appropriated to the President
\$410,000,000 for the period beginning October 1, 1999,
and ending September 30, 2002, to carry out subsection
(a), of which amount—

(1) up to \$325,000,000 shall be available for
material support and other costs by United States
Government agencies to support regional interdiction
efforts, of which—

| 1 | (A) not less than $60,000,000$ shall be |
|---|--|
| 2 | available for the Drug Enforcement Administra- |
| 3 | tion; |
| 4 | (B) not less than $$40,000,000$ shall be |

available for regional intelligence activities; and
(C) not less than \$30,000,000 for the acquisition of surveillance and reconnaissance aircraft for use by the United States Southern
Command primarily for detection and monitoring in support of the interdiction of illicit
drugs; and

(2) up to \$85,000,000 shall be available for the
governments of the front line states to increase the
effectiveness of regional interdiction efforts.

(c) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appropriated pursuant to subsection (b) are authorized to remain available until expended.

18 (d) LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.— Funds made available to carry out this section may be 19 20 made available to a front line state only after the Presi-21 dent determines and certifies to the appropriate congres-22 sional committees that such state is cooperating fully with 23 regional and bilateral aerial and maritime narcotics efforts 24 or is taking extraordinary and effective measures on its 25 own to impede suspicious aircraft or maritime vessels through its territory. A determination and certification
 with respect to a front line state under this subsection
 shall be effective for not more than 12 months.

4 SEC. 216. REVISED AUTHORITIES FOR PROVISION OF ADDI5 TIONAL SUPPORT FOR COUNTER-DRUG AC6 TIVITIES OF COLOMBIA AND PERU.

7 Section 1033 of the National Defense Authorization
8 Act for Fiscal Year 1998 (Public Law 105–85) is
9 amended—

(1) in the first sentence of subsection (a), by inserting before the period at the end the following: ",
including but not limited to riverine counter-drug activities";

14 (2) in subsection (c), by adding at the end the15 following:

"(4) The operating costs of equipment of the
government that is used for counter-drug activities."; and

(3) in subsection (e)(2), by striking "any of the
fiscal years 1999 through 2002" and inserting "the
fiscal year 1999 and may not exceed \$75,000,000
during the fiscal years 2000 through 2002".

23 SEC. 217. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON ASSISTANCE TO BRAZIL.

It is the sense of Congress that the Presidentshould—

| 1 | (1) review the nature of the cooperation be- |
|----|---|
| 2 | tween the United States and Brazil in counter- |
| 3 | narcotics activities; |
| 4 | (2) recognize the extraordinary threat that nar- |
| 5 | cotics trafficking poses to the national security of |
| 6 | Brazil and to the national security of the United |
| 7 | States; |
| 8 | (3) support the efforts of the Government of |
| 9 | Brazil to control drug trafficking in and through the |
| 10 | Amazon River basin; |
| 11 | (4) share information with Brazil on narcotics |
| 12 | interdiction in accordance with section 1012 of the |
| 13 | National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year |
| 14 | 1995 (22 U.S.C. 2291–4) in light of the enactment |
| 15 | of legislation by the Congress of Brazil that— |
| 16 | (A) authorizes appropriate personnel to |
| 17 | damage, render inoperative, or destroy aircraft |
| 18 | within Brazil territory that are reasonably sus- |
| 19 | pected to be engaged primarily in trafficking in |
| 20 | illicit narcotics; and |
| 21 | (B) contains measures to protect against |
| 22 | the loss of innocent life during activities re- |
| 23 | ferred to in subparagraph (A), including an ef- |
| 24 | fective measure to identify and warn aircraft |
| 25 | before the use of force; and |

| 55 |
|--|
| (5) issue a determination outlining the matters |
| referred to in paragraphs (1) through (4) in order |
| to prevent any interruption in the provision by the |
| United States of critical operational, logistical, tech- |
| nical, administrative, and intelligence assistance to |
| Brazil. |
| SEC. 218. MONITORING OF ASSISTANCE FOR COLOMBIAN |
| SECURITY FORCES. |
| (a) Authorization of Appropriations.— |
| (1) IN GENERAL.—In addition to amounts oth- |
| erwise available for such purpose, there is authorized |
| to be appropriated for the Department of Defense |
| and the Department of State for each of fiscal years |
| 2000, 2001, and 2002 an amount not to exceed the |
| amount equal to one percent of the total security as- |
| sistance for the Colombian armed forces for such fis- |
| cal year for purposes of monitoring the use of |
| United States assistance by the Colombian armed |
| forces, including monitoring to ensure compliance |
| with the provisions of this Act and the provisions of |
| section 568 of the Foreign Operations, Export Fi- |
| nancing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, |
| 1999 (as contained in Public Law 105–277; 112 |
| Stat. 2681–195) and section 8130 of the Depart- |
| |

ment of Defense Appropriations Act, 1999 (Public
 Law 105–262; 112 Stat. 2335).

3 (2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appro4 priated pursuant to paragraph (1) are authorized to
5 remain available until expended.

6 (b) REPORTS.—Not later than six months after the 7 date of the enactment of this Act, and every six months 8 thereafter, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of 9 State shall jointly submit to the appropriate congressional 10 committees a report on the monitoring activities under-11 taken using funds authorized to be appropriated by sub-12 section (a) during the six-month period ending on the date 13 of such report.

(c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means the following:

17 (1) The Committees on Appropriations, Armed18 Services, and Foreign Relations of the Senate.

(2) The Committees on Appropriations, Armed
Services, and International Relations and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the
House of Representatives.

SEC. 219. DEVELOPMENT OF ECONOMIC ALTERNATIVES TO THE ILLICIT DRUG TRADE.

3 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of
4 Congress—

5 (1) to recognize the importance of well-con-6 structed programs for the development of economic 7 alternatives to the illicit drug trade in order to en-8 courage growers to cease illicit crop cultivation; and

9 (2) to stress the need to link enforcement ef-10 forts with verification efforts in order to ensure that 11 assistance under such programs does not become a 12 form of income supplement to the growers of illicit 13 erops.

(b) SUPPORT FOR DEVELOPMENT OF ECONOMIC ALTERNATIVES.—The President is authorized to support
programs and activities by the United States Government
and regional governments to enhance the development of
economic alternatives to the illicit drug trade.

(c) PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN USE OF ALTERNATIVE
DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE.—No funds available under
this Act for the development of economic alternatives to
the illicit drug trade may be used to reimburse persons
for the eradication of illicit drug crops.

(d) LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS.—Funds authorized to be appropriated by subsection (e) may only be
made available to Colombia or a front line state after—

| 1 | (1) such state has provided to the United |
|----------|--|
| 2 | States agency responsible for the administration of |
| 3 | this section a comprehensive development strategy |
| 4 | that conditions the development of economic alter- |
| 5 | natives to the illicit drug trade on verifiable illicit |
| 6 | crop eradication programs; and |
| 7 | (2) the President certifies to the appropriate |
| 8 | congressional committees that such strategy is com- |
| 9 | prehensive and applies sufficient resources toward |
| 10 | achieving realistic objectives to ensure the ultimate |
| 11 | eradication of illicit crops. |
| 12 | (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— |
| 13 | (1) IN GENERAL.—In addition to amounts oth- |
| 14 | erwise available for such purpose, there is authorized |
| 15 | to be appropriated \$180,000,000 for the period be- |
| 16 | ginning October 1, 1999, and ending September 30, |
| 17 | 2002, to carry out subsection (b), including up to |
| 18 | \$50,000,000 for Colombia, up to \$90,000,000 for |
| 19 | Bolivia, and up to \$40,000,000 for Peru. |
| 20 | |
| 20 | (2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appro- |
| 20 21 | (2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appro- priated pursuant to paragraph (1) are authorized to |