S. 1903

To amend the privacy provisions of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

NOVEMBER 10, 1999

Mr. Shelby (for himself and Mr. Bryan) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs

A BILL

To amend the privacy provisions of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Consumer's Right to
- 5 Financial Privacy Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. AMENDMENT.
- 7 Title V of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act is amended
- 8 to read as follows:

1	"TITLE V—PRIVACY OF
2	CONSUMER INFORMATION
3	"Subtitle A—Disclosure of
4	Nonpublic Personal Information
5	"SEC. 501. PROTECTION OF NONPUBLIC PERSONAL INFOR-
6	MATION.
7	"(a) Privacy Obligation Policy.—It is the policy
8	of the Congress that each financial institution has an af-
9	firmative and continuing obligation to respect the privacy
10	of its customers and to protect the security and confiden-
11	tiality of those customers' nonpublic personal information.
12	"(b) Financial Institutions Safeguards.—In
13	furtherance of the policy in subsection (a), each agency
14	or authority described in section 504(a) shall establish by
15	rule or order appropriate standards for the financial insti-
16	tutions subject to their jurisdiction, and the Commission
17	shall establish such standards for any financial institu-
18	tions not subject to such jurisdiction, relating to adminis-
19	trative, technical, and physical safeguards—
20	"(1) to insure the security and confidentiality of
21	customer records and information;
22	"(2) to protect against any anticipated threats
23	or hazards to the security or integrity of such
24	records; and

1	"(3) to protect against unauthorized access to
2	or use of such records or information which could
3	result in substantial harm or inconvenience to any
4	customer.
5	"SEC. 502. OBLIGATIONS WITH RESPECT TO PERSONAL
6	INFORMATION.
7	"(a) General Requirements.—Except as other-
8	wise provided in this subtitle, a financial institution may
9	not, directly or through any affiliate, disclose or make an
10	unrelated use of any nonpublic personal information col-
11	lected by the financial institution in connection with any
12	transaction with a consumer in any financial product or
13	any financial service, unless such financial institution pro-
14	vides or has provided to the consumer a notice that com-
15	plies with section 503 and the rules thereunder.
16	"(b) Opt-In Required for Information Trans-
17	FERS.—
18	"(1) Affirmative consent required.—Each
19	agency or authority described in section 504(a) shall
20	by rule prohibit a financial institution that is subject
21	to its jurisdiction from making available any non-
22	public personal information to any affiliate or other
23	person that is not an employee or agent of the insti-
24	tution, unless the consumer to whom the information

pertains—

1	"(A) has affirmatively consented in accord-
2	ance with such rule to the transfer of such in-
3	formation; and
4	"(B) has not withdrawn the consent.
5	"(2) Flexibility of form.—A financial insti-
6	tution may, in complying with paragraph (1),
7	present the opportunity to consent in a clear and
8	conspicuous manner that permits the consumer to
9	consent—
10	"(A)(i) with respect to both affiliates and
11	nonaffiliated persons;
12	"(ii) separately with respect to affiliates
13	generally and nonaffiliated persons generally; or
14	"(iii) separately with respect to specified
15	affiliates and nonaffiliated persons; and
16	"(B) separately with respect to specified fi-
17	nancial and nonfinancial products and services
18	that may be offered to the consumer.
19	"(3) Denial of Service Prohibited.—The
20	rule prescribed pursuant to paragraph (1) shall pro-
21	hibit a financial institution from denying any con-
22	sumer a financial product or a financial service for
23	the refusal by the consumer to grant the consent re-
24	quired by such rule.

1	"(c) Access to and Correction of Information
2	VENDED TO THIRD PARTIES.—
3	"(1) Rule required.—Each agency or au-
4	thority described in section 504(a) shall by rule re-
5	quire a financial institution that is subject to its ju-
6	risdiction and that makes available nonpublic per-
7	sonal information collected by the financial institu-
8	tion to any person or entity other than an employee
9	or agent of such institution to afford that
10	consumer—
11	"(A) the opportunity to examine, upon re-
12	quest, all nonpublic personal information that
13	was so made available; and
14	"(B) the opportunity to dispute the accu-
15	racy of any of such information, and to present
16	evidence thereon.
17	"(d) Limitations on the Sharing of Account
18	Number Information for Marketing Purposes.—A
19	financial institution shall not disclose an account number
20	or similar form of access number or access code for a cred-
21	it card account, deposit account, or transaction account
22	of a consumer to any affiliate or any nonaffiliated third
23	party for use in telemarketing, direct mail marketing, or
24	other marketing through electronic mail or other electronic
25	means to the consumer.

1	"(e) Limits on Reuse of Information.—Except
2	as otherwise provided in this subtitle, an affiliate or a non-
3	affiliated third party that receives from a financial institu-
4	tion nonpublic personal information under this section
5	shall not, directly or through an affiliate of such receiving
6	third party, disclose such information to any other person
7	that is an affiliate or a nonaffiliated third party of both
8	the financial institution and such receiving third party,
9	unless such disclosure would be lawful if made directly to
10	such other person by the financial institution.
11	"(f) General Exceptions.—Subsections (a) and
12	(b) shall not prohibit the disclosure of nonpublic personal
13	information—
14	"(1) as necessary to effect, administer, or en-
15	force a transaction requested or authorized by the
16	consumer, or in connection with—
17	"(A) servicing or processing a financial
18	product or service requested or authorized by
19	the consumer;
20	"(B) maintaining or servicing the con-
21	sumer's account with the financial institution
22	or
23	"(C) a proposed or actual securitization
24	

1	icing rights), or similar transaction related to a
2	transaction of the consumer;

- "(2) with the consent or at the direction of the consumer;
- "(3)(A) to protect the confidentiality or security of the financial institution's records pertaining to the consumer, the service or product, or the transaction therein; (B) to protect against or prevent actual or potential fraud, unauthorized transactions, claims, or other liability; (C) for required institutional risk control, or for resolving customer disputes or inquiries; (D) to persons holding a legal or beneficial interest relating to the consumer; or (E) to persons acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity on behalf of the consumer;
- "(4) to provide information to insurance rate advisory organizations, guaranty funds or agencies, applicable rating agencies of the financial institution, and the institution's attorneys, accountants, and auditors;
- "(5) to the extent specifically permitted or required under other provisions of law and in accordance with the Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978, to law enforcement agencies (including a Federal functional regulator, the Secretary of the Treas-

1 ury with respect to subchapter II of chapter 53 of

2 title 31, United States Code, and chapter 2 of title

3 I of Public Law 91–508 (12 U.S.C. 1951–1959), a

State insurance authority, or the Federal Trade

5 Commission), self-regulatory organizations, or for an

6 investigation on a matter related to public safety;

"(6)(A) to a consumer reporting agency in accordance with the Fair Credit Reporting Act, or (B) from a consumer report reported by a consumer reporting agency in accordance with the Fair Credit Reporting Act;

"(7) in connection with a proposed or actual sale, merger, transfer, or exchange of all or a portion of a business or operating unit if the disclosure of nonpublic personal information concerns solely consumers of such business or unit; or

"(8) to comply with Federal, State, or local laws, rules, and other applicable legal requirements; to comply with a properly authorized civil, criminal, or regulatory investigation or subpoena or summons by Federal, State, or local authorities; or to respond to judicial process or government regulatory authorities having jurisdiction over the financial institution for examination, compliance, or other purposes as authorized by law.

1	"SEC. 503. NOTICE CONCERNING DISCLOSING INFORMA-
2	TION.
3	"(a) Rule Required.—Each agency or authority
4	described in section 504(a) shall prescribe rules in accord-
5	ance with this section to prohibit unfair and deceptive acts
6	or practices in connection with the disclosing of nonpublic
7	personal information or with making unrelated uses of
8	such information. Such rules shall require any financial
9	institution, through the use of a form that complies with
0	the rules prescribed under subsection (b), to clearly and
1	conspicuously disclose to the consumer at the time of es-
2	tablishing a customer relationship with a consumer and
3	not less than annually during the continuation of such
4	relationship—
5	"(1) the categories of nonpublic personal infor-
6	mation that are collected by the financial institution;
7	"(2) the practices and policies of the financial
8	institution with respect to disclosing nonpublic per-
9	sonal information, or making unrelated uses of such
20	information, including—
21	"(A) the categories of persons to whom the
22	information is or may be disclosed or who may
23	be permitted to make unrelated uses of such in-
24	formation, other than the persons to whom the
25	information must be provided to effect, admin-
26	ister, or enforce the transaction; and

"(B) the practices and policies of the insti-1 2 tution with respect to disclosing or making un-3 related uses of nonpublic personal information 4 of persons who have ceased to be customers of 5 the financial institution; 6 "(3) the policies that the institution maintains 7 to protect the confidentiality and security of non-8 public personal information; "(4) the practices and policies of the institution 9 10 with respect to providing consumers the opportunity 11 to examine and dispute information pursuant to the 12 rule prescribed under section 502(c); and 13 "(5) the right of the consumer under such sec-14 tion to examine, upon request, the nonpublic per-15 sonal information, to dispute the accuracy of any of 16 such information, and to present evidence thereon.

"(b) Design of Notice Requirements.—In pre-18 scribing the form of a notice for purposes of subsection 19 (a), each agency or authority described in section 504(a) 20 shall ensure that consumers are provided a clear and con-21 spicuous disclosure that permits them to compare dif-22 ferences in the measures that the financial institution 23 takes, and the policies that the institution has established, 24 to protect the consumer's privacy as compared to the 25 measures taken and the policies established by other fi-

- 1 nancial institutions. Such form shall specifically identify
- 2 the rights the institution affords consumers to grant or
- 3 deny consent to (1) the disclosing of nonpublic personal
- 4 information for any purpose other than as required in
- 5 order to effect, administer, or enforce the consumer's
- 6 transaction, or (2) the making of an unrelated use of such
- 7 information.
- 8 "(c) Additional Contents of Rules; Exemptive
- 9 Rules.—Each agency or authority described in section
- 10 504(a) shall, by rule, and may by order—
- 11 "(1) specify the disclosures and uses of infor-
- mation which, for purposes of this subtitle and the
- rules prescribed thereunder, may be treated as nec-
- essary to effect, administer, or enforce a consumer's
- 15 transaction with respect to a variety of financial
- services and financial products;
- 17 "(2) specify timing requirements with respect to
- notices to new and existing customers, which shall
- not require notices more frequently than annually
- 20 unless there has been a change in the information
- 21 required to be disclosed pursuant to subsection (a);
- 22 and
- 23 "(3) provide, consistent with the purposes of
- 24 this subtitle, exemptions or temporary waivers to, or

1 delayed effective dates for, any requirement of this 2 subtitle or the rules prescribed thereunder. 3 "SEC. 504. ENFORCEMENT. "(a) IN GENERAL.—This subtitle and the rules pre-4 5 scribed thereunder shall be enforced by the Federal functional regulators, the State insurance authorities, and the 6 Federal Trade Commission with respect to financial insti-8 tutions and other persons subject to their jurisdiction under applicable law, as follows: 10 "(1) Under section 8 of the Federal Deposit In-11 surance Act, in the case of— 12 "(A) national banks, Federal branches and 13 Federal agencies of foreign banks by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency; 14 "(B) member banks of the Federal Reserve 15 16 System (other than national banks), branches 17 and agencies of foreign banks (other than Fed-18 eral branches, Federal agencies, and insured 19 State branches of foreign banks), commercial 20 lending companies owned or controlled by for-21 eign banks, organizations operating under sec-22 tion 25 or 25A of the Federal Reserve Act, 23 bank holding companies by the Board of Gov-24 ernors of the Federal Reserve System;

1	"(C) banks insured by the Federal Deposit
2	Insurance Corporation (other than members of
3	the Federal Reserve System), insured State
4	branches of foreign banks by the Board of Di-
5	rectors of the Federal Deposit Insurance Cor-
6	poration; and
7	"(D) savings association the deposits of
8	which are insured by the Federal Deposit In-
9	surance Corporation by the Director of the Of-
10	fice of Thrift Supervision.
11	"(2) Under the Federal Credit Union Act, by
12	the Administrator of the National Credit Union Ad-
13	ministration with respect to any Federal or state
14	chartered credit union.
15	"(3) Under the Securities Exchange Act of
16	1934, by the Securities and Exchange Commission
17	with respect to any broker-dealer.
18	"(4) Under the Investment Company Act of
19	1940, by the Securities and Exchange Commission
20	with respect to investment companies.
21	"(5) Under the Investment Advisers Act of
22	1940, by the Securities and Exchange Commission
23	with respect to investment advisers registered with

the Commission under such Act.

1	"(6) Under the Federal Home Loan Bank Act,
2	by the Federal Housing Finance Board with respect
3	to Federal home loan banks.
4	"(7) In the case of any person engaged in pro-
5	viding insurance, by the State insurance authority,
6	if that State has elected to become a participating
7	State, notwithstanding any of the limitations of sec-
8	tion 104 of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act.
9	"(8) Under the Federal Trade Commission Act,
10	by the Federal Trade Commission for—
11	"(A) any other financial institution (other
12	than a person engaged in providing insurance)
13	or any other person that is not subject to the
14	jurisdiction of any agency or authority under
15	paragraphs (1) through (6) of this subsection;
16	and
17	"(B) any person engaged in providing in-
18	surance who is domiciled in a State that does
19	not elect to become a participating State.
20	"(b) Enforcement of Section 501.—
21	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
22	graph (2), the agencies and authorities described in
23	subsection (a) shall implement the standards pre-
24	scribed under section 501(b) in the same manner, to
25	the extent practicable, as standards prescribed pur-

suant to subsection (a) of section 39 of the Federal
Deposit Insurance Act are implemented pursuant to
such section.

"(2) EXCEPTION.—The agencies and authorities described in paragraphs (3), (4), (5), (7), and (8) of subsection (a) shall implement the standards prescribed under section 501(b) by rule with respect to the financial institutions subject to their respective jurisdictions under subsection (a).

"(c) STATE ACTION FOR VIOLATIONS.—

"(1) AUTHORITY OF STATES.—In addition to such other remedies as are provided under State law, if the chief law enforcement officer of a State, or an official or agency designated by a State, has reason to believe that any person has violated or is violating this subtitle or a rule prescribed under this subtitle, other than section 501 or a rule prescribed under such section, the State—

"(A) may bring an action to enjoin such violation in any appropriate United States district court or in any other court of competent jurisdiction; and

"(B) may bring an action on behalf of the residents of the State to enforce compliance with such rule, to obtain damages, restitution,

1	or other compensation on behalf of residents of
2	such State, or to obtain such further and other
3	relief as the court may deem appropriate.
4	"(2) Rights of Federal regulators.—
5	"(A) Prior notice.—The State shall
6	serve prior written notice of any action under
7	paragraph (1) upon the Federal Trade Commis-
8	sion and provide the Federal Trade Commission
9	with a copy of its complaint, except in any case
10	in which such prior notice is not feasible, in
11	which case the State shall serve such notice im-
12	mediately upon instituting such action.
13	"(B) RIGHT TO INTERVENE.—The Federal
14	Trade Commission shall transmit the notice re-
15	ceived under subparagraph (A) to the agency or
16	authority that has jurisdiction of the subject of
17	the complaint, and such agency or authority
18	shall have the right—
19	"(i) to intervene in an action under
20	paragraph (1);
21	"(ii) upon so intervening, to be heard
22	on all matters arising therein;
23	"(iii) to remove the action to the ap-
24	propriate United States district court; and
25	"(iv) to file petitions for appeal.

"(3) Investigatory powers.—For purposes of bringing any action under this subsection, no provision of this subsection shall be construed as preventing the chief law enforcement officer, or an official or agency designated by a State, from exercising the powers conferred on the chief law enforcement officer or such official by the laws of such State to conduct investigations or to administer oaths or affirmations or to compel the attendance of witnesses or the production of documentary and other evidence.

"(4) Limitation on state action while Federal Action Pending.—If a Federal agency or authority has instituted a civil action for a violation of this subtitle, no State may, during the pendency of such action, bring an action under this section against any defendant named in the complaint of the Federal agency or authority or such agency for any violation of this subtitle that is alleged in that complaint.

"(d) DEFINITIONS.—The terms used in subsection (a)(1) that are not defined in this subtitle or otherwise defined in section 3(s) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act shall have the meaning given to them in section 1(b) of the International Banking Act of 1978.

1 "SEC. 505. FAIR CREDIT REPORTING ACT AMENDMENT.

2	"(a) Amendment.—Section 621 of the Fair Credit
3	Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681s) is amended—
4	"(1) in subsection (d), by striking everything
5	following the end of the second sentence; and
6	"(2) by striking subsection (e) and inserting in
7	lieu thereof the following:
8	"(e) Regulatory Authority.—
9	" '(1) The Federal banking agencies referred to
10	in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (b) shall
11	jointly prescribe such regulations as necessary to
12	carry out the purposes of this Act with respect to
13	any persons identified under paragraphs (1) and (2)
14	of subsection (b).
15	"(2) The Administrator of the National Credit
16	Union Administration shall prescribe such regula-
17	tions as necessary to carry out the purposes of this
18	Act with respect to any persons identified under
19	paragraph (3) of subsection (b).
20	"(3) The Federal Trade Commission shall pre-
21	scribe such regulations as necessary to carry out the
22	purposes of this Act with respect to any persons
23	identified under subsection (a).'.
24	"(b) Relation to Other Provisions.—Except for
25	the amendment made by this section, nothing in this title
26	shall be construed to modify, limit, or supersede the oper-

- 1 ation of the Fair Credit Reporting Act, and no inference
- 2 shall be drawn on the basis of the provisions of this title
- 3 regarding whether information is transaction or experience
- 4 information under section 603 of such Act.

5 "SEC. 506. STATE ELECTION TO PARTICIPATE.

- 6 "(a) Regulations.—The Secretary of the Treasury
- 7 may promulgate such regulations as may be necessary to
- 8 establish the procedures governing whether the election re-
- 9 quired under section 504(a)(7) has been made.
- 10 "(b) Deadline.—The deadline for a State to elect
- 11 to become a participating state is the first day of the first
- 12 calendar quarter beginning after the close of the first leg-
- 13 islative session of the State legislature that begins on or
- 14 after the date the regulations required by section 504(a)
- 15 are issued in final form. For purposes of the previous sen-
- 16 tence, in the case of a State that has a 2-year legislative
- 17 session, each year of such session shall be deemed to be
- 18 a separate regular session of the State legislature.

19 "SEC. 507. RELATION TO STATE LAWS.

- 20 "(a) In General.—This subtitle shall not be con-
- 21 strued as superseding, altering, or affecting the statutes,
- 22 regulations, orders, or interpretations in effect in any
- 23 State, except to the extent that such statutes, regulations,
- 24 orders, or interpretations are inconsistent with the provi-

1	sions of this subtitle, and then only to the extent of the
2	inconsistency.
3	"(b) Greater Protection Under State Law.—
4	For purposes of this section, a State statute, regulation,
5	order, or interpretation is not inconsistent with the provi-
6	sions of this subtitle if the protection such statute, regula-
7	tion, order, or interpretation affords any person is greater
8	than the protection provided under this subtitle as deter-
9	mined by the Commission or a Federal functional regu-
10	lator, on its own motion or upon the petition of any inter-
11	ested party.
12	"SEC. 508. DEFINITIONS.
13	"As used in this subtitle:
14	"(1) Commission.—The term 'Commission'
15	means the Federal Trade Commission.
16	"(2) Federal functional regulator.—The
17	term 'Federal functional regulator' means—
18	"(A) the Board of Governors of the Fed-
19	eral Reserve System;
20	"(B) the Office of the Comptroller of the
21	Currency;
22	"(C) the Board of Directors of the Federal
23	Deposit Insurance Corporation;
24	"(D) the Director of the Office of Thrift
25	Supervision;

1	"(E) the National Credit Union Adminis-
2	tration Board; and
3	"(F) the Securities and Exchange Commis-
4	sion.
5	"(3) FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—The term 'fi-
6	nancial institution' means any institution the busi-
7	ness of which is engaging in financial activities or
8	activities that are incidental or complementary to fi-
9	nancial activities, as determined under section 4(k)
10	of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956.
11	"(4) Nonpublic personal information.—
12	"(A) The term 'nonpublic personal infor-
13	mation' means personally identifiable financial
14	information—
15	"(i) provided by a consumer to a fi-
16	nancial institution;
17	"(ii) resulting from any transaction
18	with the consumer or the service performed
19	for the consumer; or
20	"(iii) otherwise obtained by the finan-
21	cial institution.
22	"(B) Such term does not include publicly
23	available information, as such term is defined
24	by the regulations prescribed under section 504.

1	"(C) Notwithstanding subparagraph (B),
2	such term—
3	(i) shall include any list, description,
4	or other grouping of consumers (and pub-
5	licly available information pertaining to
6	them) that is derived using any personally
7	identifiable information other than publicly
8	available information; but
9	"(ii) shall not include any list, de-
10	scription, or other grouping of consumers
11	(and publicly available information per-
12	taining to them) that is derived without
13	using any nonpublic personal information.
14	"(5) DIRECTORY INFORMATION.—The term
15	'publicly available directory information' means sub-
16	scriber list information required to be made available
17	for publication pursuant to section 222(e) of the
18	Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 222(3)).
19	"(6) Unrelated use.—The term 'unrelated
20	use', when used with respect to information collected
21	by the financial institution in connection with any
22	transaction with a consumer in any financial product
23	or any financial service, means any use other than
24	a use that is necessary to effect, administer, or en-
25	force such transaction.

- 1 "(7) AFFILIATE.—The term 'affiliate' means 2 any company that controls, is controlled by, or is 3 under common control with another company.
 - "(8) Nonaffiliated third party' means any entity that is not an affiliate of, or related by common ownership or affiliated by corporate control with, the financial institution, but does not include a joint employee of such institution.
 - "(9) Necessary to effect, administer, or enforce.—The disclosing or use of nonpublic personal information shall be treated as necessary to effect or administer a transaction with a consumer if the disclosing or use—

"(A) is required, or is a usual, appropriate, or acceptable method, to carry out the transaction or the product or service business of which the transaction is a part, and record or service or maintain the consumer's account in the ordinary course of providing the financial service or financial product, or to administer or service benefits or claims relating to the transaction or the product or service business of which it is a part, and includes—

1	"(i) providing the consumer or the
2	consumer's agent or broker with a con-
3	firmation, statement, or other record of the
4	transaction, or information on the status
5	or value of the financial service or financial
6	product; and
7	"(ii) the accrual or recognition of in-
8	centives or bonuses associated with the
9	transaction that are provided by the finan-
10	cial institution or any other party;
11	"(B) is required, or is one of the lawful or
12	appropriate methods, to enforce the rights of
13	the financial institution or of other persons en-
14	gaged in carrying out the financial transaction,
15	or providing the product or service;
16	"(C) is required, or is a usual, appropriate,
17	or acceptable method, for insurance under-
18	writing at the consumer's request or for rein-
19	surance purposes, or for any of the following
20	purposes as they relate to a consumer's insur-
21	ance: account administration, reporting, inves-
22	tigating, or preventing fraud or material mis-
23	representation, processing premium payments,
24	processing insurance claims, administering in-

surance benefits (including utilization review ac-

1	tivities), participating in research projects, or as
2	otherwise required or specifically permitted by
3	Federal or State law; or
4	"(D) the disclosure is required, or is a
5	usual, appropriate or acceptable method, in con-
6	nection with—
7	"(i) the authorization, settlement, bill-
8	ing, processing, clearing, transferring, rec-
9	onciling, or collection of amounts charged,
10	debited, or otherwise paid using a debit,
11	credit or other payment card, check, or ac-
12	count number, or by other payment means;
13	"(ii) the transfer of receivables, ac-
14	counts or interests therein; or
15	"(iii) the audit of debit, credit or
16	other payment information.
17	Each agency or authority described in section 504(a)
18	shall, consistent with the purposes of this subtitle,
19	prescribe by rule actions that shall, in a variety of
20	financial services, and with respect to a variety of fi-
21	nancial products, be treated as necessary to effect,
22	administer, or enforce a financial transaction.
23	"(10) Financial services; financial prod-
24	UCTS; TRANSACTION; RELATED TRANSACTION.—
25	Each agency or authority described in section 504(a)

- shall, consistent with the purposes of this subtitle,
- 2 prescribe by rule definitions of the terms 'financial
- 3 services', 'financial products', 'transaction', 'related
- 4 transaction', and 'unrelated third party' for purposes
- 5 of this subtitle.
- 6 "(11) STATE INSURANCE AUTHORITY.—The
- 7 term 'State insurance authority' means, in the case
- 8 of any person engaged in providing insurance, the
- 9 State insurance authority of the State in which the
- person is domiciled.
- 11 "(12) CONSUMER.—The term 'consumer'
- means an individual who obtains, from a financial
- institution, financial products or services which are
- to be used primarily for personal, family, or house-
- 15 hold purposes, and also means the legal representa-
- tive of such an individual.
- 17 "(13) CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIP.—The term
- 18 'time of establishing a customer relationship' shall
- be defined by the regulations prescribed under sec-
- tion 504.
- 21 "SEC. 509. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- "This subtitle shall take effect 6 months after the
- 23 date on which rules are required to be prescribed under
- 24 section 504(a)(3), except—

1	"(1) to the extent that a later date is specified
2	in the rules prescribed under section 504; and
3	"(2) that sections 504 and 506 shall be effec-
4	tive upon enactment.
5	"Subtitle B—Fraudulent Access to
6	Financial Information
7	"SEC. 521. PRIVACY PROTECTION FOR CUSTOMER INFOR-
8	MATION OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.
9	"(a) Prohibition on Obtaining Customer Infor-
10	MATION BY FALSE PRETENSES.—It shall be a violation
11	of this subtitle for any person to obtain or attempt to ob-
12	tain, or cause to be disclosed or attempt to cause to be
13	disclosed to any person, customer information of a finan-
14	cial institution relating to another person—
15	"(1) by making a false, fictitious, or fraudulent
16	statement or representation to an officer, employee,
17	or agent of a financial institution;
18	"(2) by making a false, fictitious, or fraudulent
19	statement or representation to a customer of a fi-
20	nancial institution; or
21	"(3) by providing any document to an officer,
22	employee, or agent of a financial institution, know-
23	ing that the document is forged, counterfeit, lost, or
24	stolen, was fraudulently obtained, or contains a

- 1 false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or represen-
- 2 tation.
- 3 "(b) Prohibition on Solicitation of a Person
- 4 TO OBTAIN CUSTOMER INFORMATION FROM FINANCIAL
- 5 Institution Under False Pretenses.—It shall be a
- 6 violation of this subtitle to request a person to obtain cus-
- 7 tomer information of a financial institution, knowing that
- 8 the person will obtain, or attempt to obtain, the informa-
- 9 tion from the institution in any manner described in sub-
- 10 section (a).
- 11 "(c) Nonapplicability to Law Enforcement
- 12 Agencies.—No provision of this section shall be con-
- 13 strued so as to prevent any action by a law enforcement
- 14 agency, or any officer, employee, or agent of such agency,
- 15 to obtain customer information of a financial institution
- 16 in connection with the performance of the official duties
- 17 of the agency.
- 18 "(d) Nonapplicability to Financial Institu-
- 19 TIONS IN CERTAIN CASES.—No provision of this section
- 20 shall be construed so as to prevent any financial institu-
- 21 tion, or any officer, employee, or agent of a financial insti-
- 22 tution, from obtaining customer information of such finan-
- 23 cial institution in the course of—

- 1 "(1) testing the security procedures or systems 2 of such institution for maintaining the confiden-3 tiality of customer information;
- "(2) investigating allegations of misconduct or negligence on the part of any officer, employee, or 5 6 agent of the financial institution; or
- 7 "(3) recovering customer information of the fi-8 nancial institution which was obtained or received by 9 another person in any manner described in sub-10 section (a) or (b).
- 11 "(e) Nonapplicability to Insurance Institu-TIONS FOR INVESTIGATION OF INSURANCE FRAUD.—No 12 provision of this section shall be construed so as to prevent any insurance institution, or any officer, employee, or 14 15 agency of an insurance institution, from obtaining information as part of an insurance investigation into criminal
- 17 activity, fraud, material misrepresentation, or material 18 nondisclosure that is authorized for such institution under
- 19 State law, regulation, interpretation, or order.
- 20 "(f) Nonapplicability to Certain Types of Cus-
- 21 TOMER INFORMATION OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—No
- provision of this section shall be construed so as to prevent
- 23 any person from obtaining customer information of a fi-
- nancial institution that otherwise is available as a public

1	record filed pursuant to the securities laws (as defined in
2	section 3(a)(47) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934).
3	"SEC. 522. ADMINISTRATIVE ENFORCEMENT.
4	"(a) Enforcement by Federal Trade Commis-
5	SION.—Compliance with this subtitle shall be enforced by
6	the Federal Trade Commission in the same manner and
7	with the same power and authority as the Commission has
8	under the title VIII, the Fair Debt Collection Practices
9	Act, to enforce compliance with such title.
10	"(b) Notice of Actions.—The Federal Trade Com-
11	mission shall—
12	"(1) notify the Securities and Exchange Com-
13	mission whenever the Federal Trade Commission ini-
14	tiates an investigation with respect to a financial in-
15	stitution subject to regulation by the Securities and
16	Exchange Commission;
17	"(2) notify the Federal banking agency (as de-
18	fined in section 3(z) of the Federal Deposit Insur-
19	ance Act) whenever the Commission initiates an in-
20	vestigation with respect to a financial institution
21	subject to regulation by such Federal banking agen-
22	cy; and
23	"(3) notify the appropriate State insurance reg-

ulator whenever the Commission initiates an inves-

1	tigation with respect to a financial institution sub-
2	ject to regulation by such regulator.
3	"(c) STATE ACTION FOR VIOLATIONS.—
4	"(1) Authority of States.—In addition to
5	such other remedies as are provided under State
6	law, if the chief law enforcement officer of a State,
7	or an official or agency designated by a State, has
8	reason to believe that any person has violated or is
9	violating this subtitle, the State—
10	"(A) may bring an action to enjoin such
11	violation in any appropriate United States dis-
12	trict court or in any other court of competent
13	jurisdiction;
14	"(B) may bring an action on behalf of the
15	residents of the State to recover damages of not
16	more than \$1,000 for each violation; and
17	"(C) in the case of any successful action
18	under subparagraph (A) or (B), shall be award-
19	ed the costs of the action and reasonable attor-
20	ney fees as determined by the court.
21	"(2) Rights of Federal regulators.—
22	"(A) PRIOR NOTICE.—The State shall
23	serve prior written notice of any action under
24	paragraph (1) upon the Federal Trade Commis-
25	sion and provide the Federal Trade Commission

1	with a copy of its complaint, except in any case
2	in which such prior notice is not feasible, in
3	which case the State shall serve such notice im-
4	mediately upon instituting such action.
5	"(B) RIGHT TO INTERVENE.—The Federal
6	Trade Commission shall have the right—
7	"(i) to intervene in an action under
8	paragraph (1);
9	"(ii) upon so intervening, to be heard
10	on all matters arising therein;
11	"(iii) to remove the action to the ap-
12	propriate United States district court; and
13	"(iv) to file petitions for appeal.
14	"(3) Investigatory powers.—For purposes
15	of bringing any action under this subsection, no pro-
16	vision of this subsection shall be construed as pre-
17	venting the chief law enforcement officer, or an offi-
18	cial or agency designated by a State, from exercising
19	the powers conferred on the chief law enforcement
20	officer or such official by the laws of such State to
21	conduct investigations or to administer oaths or af-
22	firmations or to compel the attendance of witnesses
23	or the production of documentary and other evi-
24	dence.

- 1 "(4) Limitation on state action while 2 FEDERAL ACTION PENDING.—If the Federal Trade 3 Commission has instituted a civil action for a viola-4 tion of this subtitle, no State may, during the pend-5 ency of such action, bring an action under this sec-6 tion against any defendant named in the complaint of the Federal Trade Commission or such agency for 7 8 any violation of this subtitle that is alleged in that 9 complaint.
- 10 "SEC. 523. CRIMINAL PENALTY.
- 11 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Whoever knowingly and inten-
- 12 tionally violates, or knowingly and intentionally attempts
- 13 to violate, section 521 shall be fined in accordance with
- 14 title 18, United States Code, or imprisoned for not more
- 15 than 5 years, or both.
- 16 "(b) Enhanced Penalty for Aggravated
- 17 Cases.—Whoever violates, or attempts to violate, section
- 18 521 while violating another law of the United States or
- 19 as part of a pattern of any illegal activity involving more
- 20 than \$100,000 in a 12-month period shall be fined twice
- 21 the amount provided in subsection (b)(3) or (c)(3) (as the
- 22 case may be) of section 3571 of title 18, United States
- 23 Code, imprisoned for not more than 10 years, or both.

1 "SEC. 524. RELATION TO STATE LAWS.

- 2 "(a) IN GENERAL.—This subtitle shall not be con-
- 3 strued as superseding, altering, or affecting the statutes,
- 4 regulations, orders, or interpretations in effect in any
- 5 State, except to the extent that such statutes, regulations,
- 6 orders, or interpretations are inconsistent with the provi-
- 7 sions of this subtitle, and then only to the extent of the
- 8 inconsistency.
- 9 "(b) Greater Protection Under State Law.—
- 10 For purposes of this section, a State statute, regulation,
- 11 order, or interpretation is not inconsistent with the provi-
- 12 sions of this subtitle if the protection such statute, regula-
- 13 tion, order, or interpretation affords any person is greater
- 14 than the protection provided under this subtitle as deter-
- 15 mined by the Commission, on its own motion or upon the
- 16 petition of any interested party.

17 "SEC. 525. AGENCY GUIDANCE.

- 18 "In furtherance of the objectives of this subtitle, each
- 19 Federal banking agency (as defined in section 3(z) of the
- 20 Federal Deposit Insurance Act) and the Securities and
- 21 Exchange Commission or self-regulatory organizations, as
- 22 appropriate, shall review regulations and guidelines appli-
- 23 cable to financial institutions under their respective juris-
- 24 dictions and shall prescribe such revisions to such regula-
- 25 tions and guidelines as may be necessary to ensure that
- 26 such financial institutions have policies, procedures, and

- 1 controls in place to prevent the unauthorized disclosure
- 2 of customer financial information and to deter and detect
- 3 activities proscribed under section 521.
- 4 "SEC. 526. REPORTS.
- 5 "(a) Report to the Congress.—Before the end of
- 6 the 18-month period beginning on the date of the enact-
- 7 ment of this Act, the Comptroller General, in consultation
- 8 with the Federal Trade Commission, Federal banking
- 9 agencies, the Securities and Exchange Commission, appro-
- 10 priate Federal law enforcement agencies, and appropriate
- 11 State insurance regulators, shall submit to the Congress
- 12 a report on the following:
- 13 "(1) The efficacy and adequacy of the remedies
- provided in this subtitle in addressing attempts to
- obtain financial information by fraudulent means or
- by false pretenses.
- 17 "(2) Any recommendations for additional legis-
- lative or regulatory action to address threats to the
- 19 privacy of financial information created by attempts
- 20 to obtain information by fraudulent means or false
- 21 pretenses.
- 22 "(b) Annual Report by Administering Agen-
- 23 CIES.—The Federal Trade Commission and the Attorney
- 24 General shall submit to Congress an annual report on

1	number and disposition of all enforcement actions taken
2	pursuant to this subtitle.
3	"SEC. 527. DEFINITIONS.
4	"For purposes of this subtitle, the following defini-
5	tions shall apply:
6	"(1) Customer.—The term 'customer' means,
7	with respect to a financial institution, any person (or
8	authorized representative of a person) to whom the
9	financial institution provides a product or service,
10	including that of acting as a fiduciary.
11	"(2) Customer information of a financial
12	INSTITUTION.—The term "customer information of
13	a financial institution" means any information main-
14	tained by or for a financial institution which is de-
15	rived from the relationship between the financial in-
16	stitution and a customer of the financial institution
17	and is identified with the customer.
18	"(3) Document.—The term 'document' means
19	any information in any form.
20	"(4) Financial institution.—
21	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'financial
22	institution' means any institution engaged in
23	the business of providing financial services to

customers who maintain a credit, deposit, trust,

1	or other financial account or relationship with
2	the institution.
3	"(B) CERTAIN FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS
4	SPECIFICALLY INCLUDED.—The term 'financial
5	institution' includes any depository institution
6	(as defined in section 19(b)(1)(A) of the Fed-
7	eral Reserve Act), any broker or dealer, any in-
8	vestment adviser or investment company, any
9	insurance company, any loan or finance com-
10	pany, any credit card issuer or operator of a
11	credit card system, and any consumer reporting
12	agency that compiles and maintains files on
13	consumers on a nationwide basis (as defined in
14	section 603(p)).
15	"(C) Securities institutions.—For
16	purposes of subparagraph (B)—
17	"(i) the terms 'broker' and 'dealer'
18	have the meanings provided in section 3 of
19	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
20	U.S.C. 78c);
21	"(ii) the term 'investment adviser' has
22	the meaning provided in section 202(a)(11)
23	of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940
24	(15 U.S.C. 80b–2(a)); and

1	"(iii) the term 'investment company'
2	has the meaning provided in section 3 of
3	the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15
4	U.S.C. 80a-3).
5	"(D) Further definition by regula-
6	TION.—The Federal Trade Commission, after
7	consultation with Federal banking agencies and
8	the Securities and Exchange Commission, may
9	prescribe regulations clarifying or describing
10	the types of institutions which shall be treated
11	as financial institutions for purposes of this
12	subtitle.

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