# S. 1929

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 27, 2000
Referred to the Committee on Commerce

## AN ACT

To amend the Native Hawaiian Health Care Improvement Act to revise and extend such Act.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Native Hawaiian
- 5 Health Care Improvement Act Reauthorization of 2000".

### SEC. 2. AMENDMENT TO THE NATIVE HAWAIIAN HEALTH

- 2 CARE IMPROVEMENT ACT.
- 3 The Native Hawaiian Health Care Improvement Act
- 4 (42 U.S.C. 11701 et seq.) is amended to read as follows:
- 5 "SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 6 "(a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 7 'Native Hawaiian Health Care Improvement Act'.
- 8 "(b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents
- 9 of this Act is as follows:
  - "Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  - "Sec. 2. Findings.
  - "Sec. 3. Definitions.
  - "Sec. 4. Declaration of national Native Hawaiian health policy.
  - "Sec. 5. Comprehensive health care master plan for Native Hawaiians.
  - "Sec. 6. Functions of Papa Ola Lokahi and Office of Hawaiian Affairs.
  - "Sec. 7. Native Hawaiian health care.
  - "Sec. 8. Administrative grant for Papa Ola Lokahi.
  - "Sec. 9. Administration of grants and contracts.
  - "Sec. 10. Assignment of personnel.
  - "Sec. 11. Native Hawaiian health scholarships and fellowships.
  - "Sec. 12. Report.
  - "Sec. 13. Use of Federal Government facilities and sources of supply.
  - "Sec. 14. Demonstration projects of national significance.
  - "Sec. 15. National Bipartisan Commission on Native Hawaiian Health Care Entitlement.
  - "Sec. 16. Rule of construction.
  - "Sec. 17. Compliance with Budget Act.
  - "Sec. 18. Severability.

#### 10 "SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 11 "(a) General Findings.—Congress makes the fol-
- 12 lowing findings:
- 13 "(1) Native Hawaiians begin their story with
- the Kumulipo which details the creation and inter-
- relationship of all things, including their evolvement
- as healthy and well people.

- "(2) Native Hawaiians are a distinct and unique indigenous peoples with a historical continuity to the original inhabitants of the Hawaiian archipelago within Ke Moananui, the Pacific Ocean, and have a distinct society organized almost 2,000 years ago.
  - "(3) The health and well-being of Native Hawaiians are intrinsically tied to their deep feelings and attachment to their lands and seas.
  - "(4) The long-range economic and social changes in Hawaii over the 19th and early 20th centuries have been devastating to the health and well-being of Native Hawaiians.
  - "(5) Native Hawaiians have never directly relinquished to the United States their claims to their inherent sovereignty as a people or over their national territory, either through their monarchy or through a plebiscite or referendum.
  - "(6) The Native Hawaiian people are determined to preserve, develop and transmit to future generations their ancestral territory, and their cultural identity in accordance with their own spiritual and traditional beliefs, customs, practices, language, and social institutions. In referring to themselves, Native Hawaiians use the term 'Kanaka Maoli', a

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1	term frequently used in the 19th century to describe
2	the native people of Hawaii.
3	"(7) The constitution and statutes of the State
4	of Hawaii—
5	"(A) acknowledge the distinct land rights
6	of Native Hawaiian people as beneficiaries of
7	the public lands trust; and
8	"(B) reaffirm and protect the unique right
9	of the Native Hawaiian people to practice and
10	perpetuate their cultural and religious customs,
11	beliefs, practices, and language.
12	"(8) At the time of the arrival of the first non-
13	indigenous peoples in Hawaii in 1778, the Native
14	Hawaiian people lived in a highly organized, self-suf-
15	ficient, subsistence social system based on communal
16	land tenure with a sophisticated language, culture,
17	and religion.
18	"(9) A unified monarchical government of the
19	Hawaiian Islands was established in 1810 under Ka-
20	mehameha I, the first King of Hawaii.
21	"(10) Throughout the 19th century and until
22	1893, the United States—
23	"(A) recognized the independence of the
24	Hawaiian Nation;

"(B) extended full and complete diplomatic
 recognition to the Hawaiian Government; and

"(C) entered into treaties and conventions with the Hawaiian monarchs to govern commerce and navigation in 1826, 1842, 1849, 1875 and 1887.

"(11) In 1893, John L. Stevens, the United States Minister assigned to the sovereign and independent Kingdom of Hawaii, conspired with a small group of non-Hawaiian residents of the Kingdom, including citizens of the United States, to overthrow the indigenous and lawful government of Hawaii.

"(12) In pursuance of that conspiracy, the United States Minister and the naval representative of the United States caused armed naval forces of the United States to invade the sovereign Hawaiian Nation in support of the overthrow of the indigenous and lawful Government of Hawaii and the United States Minister thereupon extended diplomatic recognition of a provisional government formed by the conspirators without the consent of the native people of Hawaii or the lawful Government of Hawaii in violation of treaties between the 2 nations and of international law.

"(13) In a message to Congress on December 18, 1893, then President Grover Cleveland reported fully and accurately on these illegal actions, and ac-knowledged that by these acts, described by the President as acts of war, the government of a peace-ful and friendly people was overthrown, and the President concluded that a 'substantial wrong has thus been done which a due regard for our national character as well as the rights of the injured people required that we should endeavor to repair'.

"(14) Queen Lili'uokalani, the lawful monarch of Hawaii, and the Hawaiian Patriotic League, representing the aboriginal citizens of Hawaii, promptly petitioned the United States for redress of these wrongs and for restoration of the indigenous government of the Hawaiian nation, but this petition was not acted upon.

"(15) The United States has acknowledged the significance of these events and has apologized to Native Hawaiians on behalf of the people of the United States for the overthrow of the Kingdom of Hawaii with the participation of agents and citizens of the United States, and the resulting deprivation of the rights of Native Hawaiians to self-determina-

tion in legislation enacted into law in 1993 (Public
Law 103–150; 107 Stat. 1510).

"(16) In 1898, the United States annexed Hawaii through the Newlands Resolution without the consent of or compensation to the indigenous peoples of Hawaii or their sovereign government who were thereby denied the mechanism for expression of their inherent sovereignty through self-government and self-determination, their lands and ocean resources.

"(17) Through the Newlands Resolution and the 1900 Organic Act, the Congress received 1,750,000 acres of lands formerly owned by the Crown and Government of the Hawaiian Kingdom and exempted the lands from then existing public land laws of the United States by mandating that the revenue and proceeds from these lands be 'used solely for the benefit of the inhabitants of the Hawaiian Islands for education and other public purposes', thereby establishing a special trust relationship between the United States and the inhabitants of Hawaii.

"(18) In 1921, Congress enacted the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, which designated 200,000 acres of the ceded public lands for exclusive homesteading by Native Hawaiians, thereby affirm-

ing the trust relationship between the United States and the Native Hawaiians, as expressed by then Secretary of the Interior Franklin K. Lane who was cited in the Committee Report of the Committee on Territories of the House of Representatives as stating, 'One thing that impressed me . . . was the fact that the natives of the islands . . . for whom in a sense we are trustees, are falling off rapidly in numbers and many of them are in poverty.'.

"(19) In 1938, Congress again acknowledged the unique status of the Native Hawaiian people by including in the Act of June 20, 1938 (52 Stat. 781 et seq.), a provision to lease lands within the extension to Native Hawaiians and to permit fishing in the area 'only by native Hawaiian residents of said area or of adjacent villages and by visitors under their guidance'.

"(20) Under the Act entitled 'An Act to provide for the admission of the State of Hawaii into the Union', approved March 18, 1959 (73 Stat. 4), the United States transferred responsibility for the administration of the Hawaiian Home Lands to the State of Hawaii but reaffirmed the trust relationship which existed between the United States and the Native Hawaiian people by retaining the exclusive

power to enforce the trust, including the power to approve land exchanges, and legislative amendments affecting the rights of beneficiaries under such Act.

"(21) Under the Act entitled 'An Act to provide for the admission of the State of Hawaii into the Union', approved March 18, 1959 (73 Stat. 4), the United States transferred responsibility for administration over portions of the ceded public lands trust not retained by the United States to the State of Hawaii but reaffirmed the trust relationship which existed between the United States and the Native Hawaiian people by retaining the legal responsibility of the State for the betterment of the conditions of Native Hawaiians under section 5(f) of such Act.

"(22) In 1978, the people of Hawaii amended their Constitution to establish the Office of Hawaiian Affairs and assigned to that body the authority to accept and hold real and personal property transferred from any source in trust for the Native Hawaiian people, to receive payments from the State of Hawaii due to the Native Hawaiian people in satisfaction of the pro rata share of the proceeds of the Public Land Trust created under section 5 of the Admission Act of 1959 (Public Law 83–3), to act as the lead State agency for matters affecting the Na-

tive Hawaiian people, and to formulate policy on affairs relating to the Native Hawaiian people.

"(23) The authority of the Congress under the Constitution to legislate in matters affecting the aboriginal or indigenous peoples of the United States includes the authority to legislate in matters affecting the native peoples of Alaska and Hawaii.

"(24) The United States has recognized the authority of the Native Hawaiian people to continue to work towards an appropriate form of sovereignty as defined by the Native Hawaiian people themselves in provisions set forth in legislation returning the Hawaiian Island of Kaho'olawe to custodial management by the State of Hawaii in 1994.

"(25) In furtherance of the trust responsibility for the betterment of the conditions of Native Hawaiians, the United States has established a program for the provision of comprehensive health promotion and disease prevention services to maintain and improve the health status of the Hawaiian people. This program is conducted by the Native Hawaiian Health Care Systems, the Native Hawaiian Health Scholarship Program and Papa Ola Lokahi. Health initiatives from these and other health institutions and agencies using Federal assistance have

- been responsible for reducing the century-old morbidity and mortality rates of Native Hawaiian people by providing comprehensive disease prevention, health promotion activities and increasing the number of Native Hawaiians in the health and allied
- 6 health professions. This has been accomplished
- 7 through the Native Hawaiian Health Care Act of
- 8 1988 (Public Law 100–579) and its reauthorization
- 9 in section 9168 of Public Law 102–396 (106 Stat.
- 10 1948).
- 11 "(26) This historical and unique legal relation-12 ship has been consistently recognized and affirmed 13 by Congress through the enactment of Federal laws 14 which extend to the Native Hawaiian people the 15 same rights and privileges accorded to American In-16 dian, Alaska Native, Eskimo, and Aleut commu-17 nities, including the Native American Programs Act 18 of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 2991 et seq.), the American In-19 dian Religious Freedom Act (42 U.S.C. 1996), the 20 National Museum of the American Indian Act (20) 21 U.S.C. 80q et seq.), and the Native American
- 22 Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (25 U.S.C.
- 23 3001 et seq.).
- 24 "(27) The United States has also recognized

- 1 Hawaiian people through legislation which author-2 izes the provision of services to Native Hawaiians, 3 specifically, the Older Americans Act of 1965 (42) U.S.C. 3001 et seq.), the Developmental Disabilities 4 5 Assistance and Bill of Rights Act Amendments of 6 1987, the Veterans' Benefits and Services Act of 7 1988, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 701 8 et seq.), the Native Hawaiian Health Care Act of 9 1988 (Public Law 100–579), the Health Professions 10 Reauthorization Act of 1988, the Nursing Shortage 11 Reduction and Education Extension Act of 1988, 12 the Handicapped Programs Technical Amendments 13 Act of 1988, the Indian Health Care Amendments 14 of 1988, and the Disadvantaged Minority Health 15 Improvement Act of 1990. 16 "(28) The United States has also affirmed the 17 historical and unique legal relationship to the Ha-18 waiian people by authorizing the provision of serv-19 ices to Native Hawaiians to address problems of al-20 cohol and drug abuse under the Anti-Drug Abuse 21 Act of 1986 (Public Law 99–570).
  - "(29) Further, the United States has recognized that Native Hawaiians, as aboriginal, indigenous, native peoples of Hawaii, are a unique population group in Hawaii and in the continental United

23

24

1	States and has so declared in Office of Management
2	and Budget Circular 15 in 1997 and Presidential
3	Executive Order No. 13125, dated June 7, 1999.
4	"(30) Despite the United States having ex-
5	pressed its commitment to a policy of reconciliation
6	with the Native Hawaiian people for past grievances
7	in Public Law 103–150 (107 Stat. 1510) the unmet
8	health needs of the Native Hawaiian people remain
9	severe and their health status continues to be far
10	below that of the general population of the United
11	States.
12	"(b) Unmet Needs and Health Disparities.—
13	Congress finds that the unmet needs and serious health
14	disparities that adversely affect the Native Hawaiian peo-
15	ple include the following:
16	"(1) CHRONIC DISEASE AND ILLNESS.—
17	"(A) CANCER.—
18	"(i) In general.—With respect to all
19	cancer—
20	"(I) Native Hawaiians have the
21	highest cancer mortality rates in the
22	State of Hawaii (231.0 out of every
23	100,000 residents), 45 percent higher
24	than that for the total State popu-

1	lation (159.7 out of every 100,000
2	residents);
3	"(II) Native Hawaiian males
4	have the highest cancer mortality
5	rates in the State of Hawaii for can-
6	cers of the lung, liver and pancreas
7	and for all cancers combined;
8	"(III) Native Hawaiian females
9	ranked highest in the State of Hawaii
10	for cancers of the lung, liver, pan-
11	creas, breast, cervix uteri, corpus
12	uteri, stomach, and rectum, and for
13	all cancers combined;
14	"(IV) Native Hawaiian males
15	have the highest years of productive
16	life lost from cancer in the State of
17	Hawaii with 8.7 years compared to
18	6.4 years for all males; and
19	"(V) Native Hawaiian females
20	have 8.2 years of productive life lost
21	from cancer in the State of Hawaii as
22	compared to 6.4 years for all females
23	in the State of Hawaii;
24	"(ii) Breast cancer.—With respect
25	to breast cancer—

1	"(I) Native Hawaiians have the
2	highest mortality rates in the State of
3	Hawaii from breast cancer (37.96 out
4	of every 100,000 residents), which is
5	25 percent higher than that for Cau-
6	casian Americans (30.25 out of every
7	100,000 residents) and 106 percent
8	higher than that for Chinese Ameri-
9	cans (18.39 out of every 100,000 resi-
10	dents); and
11	"(II) nationally, Native Hawai-
12	ians have the third highest mortality
13	rates due to breast cancer (25.0 out
14	of every 100,000 residents) following
15	African Americans (31.4 out of every
16	100,000 residents) and Caucasian
17	Americans (27.0 out of every 100,000
18	residents).
19	"(iii) Cancer of the cervix.—Na-
20	tive Hawaiians have the highest mortality
21	rates from cancer of the cervix in the State
22	of Hawaii (3.82 out of every 100,000 resi-
23	dents) followed by Filipino Americans
24	(3.33 out of every 100,000 residents) and

1	Caucasian Americans (2.61 out of every
2	100,000 residents).
3	"(iv) Lung cancer.—Native Hawai-
4	ians have the highest mortality rates from
5	lung cancer in the State of Hawaii (90.70
6	out of every 100,000 residents), which is
7	61 percent higher than Caucasian Ameri-
8	cans, who rank second and 161 percent
9	higher than Japanese Americans, who rank
10	third.
11	"(v) Prostate cancer.—Native Ha-
12	waiian males have the second highest mor-
13	tality rates due to prostate cancer in the
14	State of Hawaii (25.86 out of every
15	100,000 residents) with Caucasian Ameri-
16	cans having the highest mortality rate
17	from prostate cancer (30.55 out of every
18	100,000 residents).
19	"(B) Diabetes.—With respect to diabe-
20	tes, for the years 1989 through 1991—
21	"(i) Native Hawaiians had the highest
22	mortality rate due to diabetes mellitis
23	(34.7 out of every 100,000 residents) in
24	the State of Hawaii which is 130 percent
25	higher than the statewide rate for all other

1	races (15.1 out of every 100,000 resi-
2	dents);
3	"(ii) full-blood Hawaiians had a mor-
4	tality rate of 93.3 out of every 100,000
5	residents, which is 518 percent higher than
6	the rate for the statewide population of all
7	other races; and
8	"(iii) Native Hawaiians who are less
9	than full-blood had a mortality rate of 27.1
10	out of every 100,000 residents, which is 79
11	percent higher than the rate for the state-
12	wide population of all other races.
13	"(C) Asthma.—With respect to asthma—
14	"(i) in 1990, Native Hawaiians com-
15	prised 44 percent of all asthma cases in
16	the State of Hawaii for those 18 years of
17	age and younger, and 35 percent of all
18	asthma cases reported; and
19	"(ii) in 1992, the Native Hawaiian
20	rate for asthma was 81.7 out of every
21	1000 residents, which was 73 percent high-
22	er than the rate for the total statewide
23	population of 47.3 out of every 1000 resi-
24	dents.
25	"(D) CIRCULATORY DISEASES.—

1	"(i) Heart Disease.—With respect
2	to heart disease—
3	"(I) the death rate for Native
4	Hawaiians from heart disease (333.4
5	out of every 100,000 residents) is 66
6	percent higher than for the entire
7	State of Hawaii (201.1 out of every
8	100,000 residents); and
9	"(II) Native Hawaiian males
10	have the greatest years of productive
11	life lost in the State of Hawaii where
12	Native Hawaiian males lose an aver-
13	age of 15.5 years and Native Hawai-
14	ian females lose an average of 8.2
15	years due to heart disease, as com-
16	pared to 7.5 years for all males in the
17	State of Hawaii and 6.4 years for all
18	females.
19	"(ii) Hypertension.—The death
20	rate for Native Hawaiians from hyper-
21	tension (3.5 out of every 100,000 resi-
22	dents) is 84 percent higher than that for
23	the entire State (1.9 out of every 100,000
24	residents).

1	"(iii) Stroke.—The death rate for
2	Native Hawaiians from stroke (58.3 out of
3	every 100,000 residents) is 13 percent
4	higher than that for the entire State (51.8
5	out of every 100,000 residents).
6	"(2) Infectious disease and illness.—The
7	incidence of AIDS for Native Hawaiians is at least
8	twice as high per 100,000 residents (10.5 percent)
9	than that for any other non-Caucasian group in the
10	State of Hawaii.
11	"(3) Injuries.—With respect to injuries—
12	"(A) the death rate for Native Hawaiians
13	from injuries (38.8 out of every 100,000 resi-
14	dents) is 45 percent higher than that for the
15	entire State (26.8 out of every 100,000 resi-
16	dents);
17	"(B) Native Hawaiian males lose an aver-
18	age of 14 years of productive life lost from inju-
19	ries as compared to 9.8 years for all other
20	males in Hawaii; and
21	"(C) Native Hawaiian females lose and av-
22	erage of 4 years of productive life lost from in-
23	juries but this rate is the highest rate among
24	all females in the State of Hawaii

1	"(4) Dental Health.—With respect to dental
2	health—
3	"(A) Native Hawaiian children exhibit
4	among the highest rates of dental caries in the
5	nation, and the highest in the State of Hawaii
6	as compared to the 5 other major ethnic groups
7	in the State;
8	"(B) the average number of decayed or
9	filled primary teeth for Native Hawaiian chil-
10	dren ages 5 through 9 years was 4.3 as com-
11	pared with 3.7 for the entire State of Hawaii
12	and 1.9 for the United States; and
13	"(C) the proportion of Native Hawaiian
14	children ages 5 through 12 years with unmet
15	treatment needs (defined as having active den-
16	tal caries requiring treatment) is 40 percent as
17	compared with 33 percent for all other races in
18	the State of Hawaii.
19	"(5) Life expectancy.—With respect to life
20	expectancy—
21	"(A) Native Hawaiians have the lowest life
22	expectancy of all population groups in the State
23	of Hawaii;
24	"(B) between 1910 and 1980, the life ex-
25	pectancy of Native Hawaiians from birth has

1	ranged from 5 to 10 years less than that of the
2	overall State population average; and
3	"(C) the most recent tables for 1990 show
4	Native Hawaiian life expectancy at birth (74.27
5	years) to be about 5 years less than that of the
6	total State population (78.85 years).
7	"(6) Maternal and Child Health.—
8	"(A) PRENATAL CARE.—With respect to
9	prenatal care—
10	"(i) as of 1996, Native Hawaiian
11	women have the highest prevalence (21
12	percent) of having had no prenatal care
13	during their first trimester of pregnancy
14	when compared to the 5 largest ethnic
15	groups in the State of Hawaii;
16	"(ii) of the mothers in the State of
17	Hawaii who received no prenatal care
18	throughout their pregnancy in 1996, 44
19	percent were Native Hawaiian;
20	"(iii) over 65 percent of the referrals
21	to Healthy Start in fiscal years 1996 and
22	1997 were Native Hawaiian newborns; and
23	"(iv) in every region of the State of
24	Hawaii, many Native Hawaiian newborns
25	begin life in a potentially hazardous cir-

1	cumstance, far higher than any other ra-
2	cial group.
3	"(B) Births.—With respect to births—
4	"(i) in 1996, 45 percent of the live
5	births to Native Hawaiian mothers were
6	infants born to single mothers which sta-
7	tistics indicate put infants at higher risk of
8	low birth weight and infant mortality;
9	"(ii) in 1996, of the births to Native
10	Hawaiian single mothers, 8 percent were
11	low birth weight (under 2500 grams); and
12	"(iii) of all low birth weight babies
13	born to single mothers in the State of Ha-
14	waii, 44 percent were Native Hawaiian.
15	"(C) TEEN PREGNANCIES.—With respect
16	to births—
17	"(i) in 1993 and 1994, Native Hawai-
18	ians had the highest percentage of teen
19	(individuals who were less than 18 years of
20	age) births (8.1 percent) compared to the
21	rate for all other races in the State of Ha-
22	waii (3.6 percent);
23	"(ii) in 1996, nearly 53 percent of all
24	mothers in Hawaii under 18 years of age
25	were Native Hawaiian;

1	"(iii) lower rates of abortion (a third
2	lower than for the statewide population)
3	among Hawaiian women may account in
4	part, for the higher percentage of live
5	births;
6	"(iv) in 1995, of the births to mothers
7	age 14 years and younger in Hawaii, 66
8	percent were Native Hawaiian; and
9	"(v) in 1996, of the births in this
10	same group, 48 percent were Native Ha-
11	waiian.
12	"(D) Fetal Mortality.—In 1996, Na-
13	tive Hawaiian fetal mortality rates comprised
14	15 percent of all fetal deaths for the State of
15	Hawaii. However, for fetal deaths occurring in
16	mothers under the age of 18 years, 32 percent
17	were Native Hawaiian, and for mothers 18
18	through 24 years of age, 28 percent were Na-
19	tive Hawaiians.
20	"(7) Mental Health.—
21	"(A) Alcohol and drug abuse.—With
22	respect to alcohol and drug abuse—
23	"(i) Native Hawaiians represent 38
24	percent of the total admissions to Depart-
25	ment of Health, Alcohol, Drugs and Other

1	Drugs, funded substance abuse treatment
2	programs;
3	"(ii) in 1997, the prevalence of ciga-
4	rette smoking by Native Hawaiians was
5	28.5 percent, a rate that is 53 percent
6	higher than that for all other races in the
7	State of Hawaii which is 18.6 percent;
8	"(iii) Native Hawaiians have the high-
9	est prevalence rates of acute alcohol drink-
10	ing (31 percent), a rate that is 79 percent
11	higher than that for all other races in the
12	State of Hawaii;
13	"(iv) the chronic alcohol drinking rate
14	among Native Hawaiians is 54 percent
15	higher than that for all other races in the
16	State of Hawaii;
17	"(v) in 1991, 40 percent of the Native
18	Hawaiian adults surveyed reported having
19	used marijuana compared with 30 percent
20	for all other races in the State of Hawaii;
21	and
22	"(vi) nine percent of the Native Ha-
23	waiian adults surveyed reported that they
24	are current users (within the past year) of

1	marijuana, compared with 6 percent for all
2	other races in the State of Hawaii.
3	"(B) CRIME.—With respect to crime—
4	"(i) in 1996, of the 5,944 arrests that
5	were made for property crimes in the State
6	of Hawaii, arrests of Native Hawaiians
7	comprised 20 percent of that total;
8	"(ii) Native Hawaiian juveniles com-
9	prised a third of all juvenile arrests in
10	1996;
11	"(iii) In 1996, Native Hawaiians rep-
12	resented 21 percent of the 8,000 adults ar-
13	rested for violent crimes in the State of
14	Hawaii, and 38 percent of the 4,066 juve-
15	nile arrests;
16	"(iv) Native Hawaiians are over-rep-
17	resented in the prison population in Ha-
18	waii;
19	"(v) in 1995 and 1996 Native Hawai-
20	ians comprised 36.5 percent of the sen-
21	tenced felon prison population in Hawaii,
22	as compared to 20.5 percent for Caucasian
23	Americans, 3.7 percent for Japanese
24	Americans, and 6 percent for Chinese
25	Americans;

1	"(vi) in 1995 and 1996 Native Ha-
2	waiians made up 45.4 percent of the tech-
3	nical violator population, and at the Ha-
4	waii Youth Correctional Facility, Native
5	Hawaiians constituted 51.6 percent of all
6	detainees in fiscal year 1997; and
7	"(vii) based on anecdotal information
8	from inmates at the Halawa Correction
9	Facilities, Native Hawaiians are estimated
10	to comprise between 60 and 70 percent of
11	all inmates.
12	"(8) Health professions education and
13	TRAINING.—With respect to health professions edu-
14	cation and training—
15	"(A) Native Hawaiians age 25 years and
16	older have a comparable rate of high school
17	completion, however, the rates of baccalaureate
18	degree achievement amongst Native Hawaiians
19	are less than the norm in the State of Hawaii
20	(6.9 percent and 15.76 percent respectively);
21	"(B) Native Hawaiian physicians make up
22	4 percent of the total physician workforce in the
23	State of Hawaii; and
24	"(C) in fiscal year 1997, Native Hawaiians
25	comprised 8 percent of those individuals who

1	earned Bachelor's Degrees, 14 percent of those
2	individuals who earned professional diplomas, 6
3	percent of those individuals who earned Mas-
4	ter's Degrees, and less than 1 percent of indi-
5	viduals who earned doctoral degrees at the Uni-
6	versity of Hawaii.
7	"SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
8	"In this Act:
9	"(1) Department.—The term 'department'
10	means the Department of Health and Human Serv-
11	ices.
12	"(2) DISEASE PREVENTION.—The term 'disease
13	prevention' includes—
14	"(A) immunizations;
15	"(B) control of high blood pressure;
16	"(C) control of sexually transmittable dis-
17	eases;
18	"(D) prevention and control of chronic dis-
19	eases;
20	"(E) control of toxic agents;
21	"(F) occupational safety and health;
22	"(G) injury prevention;
23	"(H) fluoridation of water;
24	"(I) control of infectious agents; and
25	"(J) provision of mental health care.

1	"(3) HEALTH PROMOTION.—The term 'health
2	promotion' includes—
3	"(A) pregnancy and infant care, including
4	prevention of fetal alcohol syndrome;
5	"(B) cessation of tobacco smoking;
6	"(C) reduction in the misuse of alcohol and
7	harmful illicit drugs;
8	"(D) improvement of nutrition;
9	"(E) improvement in physical fitness;
10	"(F) family planning;
11	"(G) control of stress;
12	"(H) reduction of major behavioral risk
13	factors and promotion of healthy lifestyle prac-
14	tices; and
15	"(I) integration of cultural approaches to
16	health and well-being, including traditional
17	practices relating to the atmosphere (lewa lani),
18	land ('aina), water (wai), and ocean (kai).
19	"(4) Native Hawahan.—The term 'Native
20	Hawaiian' means any individual who is Kanaka
21	Maoli (a descendant of the aboriginal people who,
22	prior to 1778, occupied and exercised sovereignty in
23	the area that now constitutes the State of Hawaii)
24	as evidenced by—
25	"(A) genealogical records,

1	"(B) kama'aina witness verification from
2	Native Hawaiian Kupuna (elders); or
3	"(C) birth records of the State of Hawaii
4	or any State or territory of the United States.
5	"(5) Native Hawahan Health care sys-
6	TEM.—The term 'Native Hawaiian health care sys-
7	tem' means an entity—
8	"(A) which is organized under the laws of
9	the State of Hawaii;
10	"(B) which provides or arranges for health
11	care services through practitioners licensed by
12	the State of Hawaii, where licensure require-
13	ments are applicable;
14	"(C) which is a public or nonprofit private
15	entity;
16	"(D) in which Native Hawaiian health
17	practitioners significantly participate in the
18	planning, management, monitoring, and evalua-
19	tion of health care services;
20	"(E) which may be composed of as many
21	as 8 Native Hawaiian health care systems as
22	necessary to meet the health care needs of each
23	island's Native Hawaiians; and
24	"(F) which is—

1	"(i) recognized by Papa Ola Lokahi
2	for the purpose of planning, conducting, or
3	administering programs, or portions of
4	programs, authorized by this chapter for
5	the benefit of Native Hawaiians; and
6	"(ii) certified by Papa Ola Lokahi as
7	having the qualifications and the capacity
8	to provide the services and meet the re-
9	quirements under the contract the Native
10	Hawaiian health care system enters into
11	with the Secretary or the grant the Native
12	Hawaiian health care system receives from
13	the Secretary pursuant to this Act.
14	"(6) Native Hawaiian Health Center.—The
15	term 'Native Hawaiian Health Center' means any
16	organization that is a primary care provider and
17	that—
18	"(A) has a governing board that is com-
19	posed of individuals, at least 50 percent of
20	whom are Native Hawaiians;
21	"(B) has demonstrated cultural com-
22	petency in a predominantly Native Hawaiian
23	community;
24	"(C) serves a patient population that—

1	"(i) is made up of individuals at least
2	50 percent of whom are Native Hawaiian;
3	or
4	"(ii) has not less than 2,500 Native
5	Hawaiians as annual users of services; and
6	"(D) is recognized by Papa Ola Lokahi has
7	having met all the criteria of this paragraph.
8	"(7) Native Hawahan Health Task
9	FORCE.—The term 'Native Hawaiian Health Task
10	Force' means a task force established by the State
11	Council of Hawaiian Homestead Associations to im-
12	plement health and wellness strategies in Native Ha-
13	waiian communities.
14	"(8) NATIVE HAWAIIAN ORGANIZATION.—The
15	term 'Native Hawaiian organization' means any
16	organization—
17	"(A) which serves the interests of Native
18	Hawaiians; and
19	"(B) which is—
20	"(i) recognized by Papa Ola Lokahi
21	for the purpose of planning, conducting, or
22	administering programs (or portions of
23	programs) authorized under this Act for
24	the benefit of Native Hawaiians; and

1	"(ii) a public or nonprofit private enti-
2	ty.
3	"(9) Office of Hawaiian Affairs.—The
4	terms 'Office of Hawaiian Affairs' and 'OHA' mean
5	the governmental entity established under Article
6	XII, sections 5 and 6 of the Hawaii State Constitu-
7	tion and charged with the responsibility to formulate
8	policy relating to the affairs of Native Hawaiians.
9	"(10) Papa ola lokahi.—
10	"(A) In General.—The term 'Papa Ola
11	Lokahi' means an organization that is com-
12	posed of public agencies and private organiza-
13	tions focusing on improving the health status of
14	Native Hawaiians. Board members of such or-
15	ganization may include representation from—
16	"(i) E Ola Mau;
17	"(ii) the Office of Hawaiian Affairs of
18	the State of Hawaii;
19	"(iii) Alu Like, Inc.;
20	"(iv) the University of Hawaii;
21	"(v) the Hawaii State Department of
22	Health;
23	"(vi) the Kamehameha Schools, or
24	other Native Hawaiian organization re-
25	sponsible for the administration of the Na-

1	tive Hawaiian Health Scholarship Pro-
2	gram;
3	"(vii) the Hawaii State Primary Care
4	Association, or Native Hawaiian Health
5	Centers whose patient populations are pre-
6	dominantly Native Hawaiian;
7	"(viii) Ahahui O Na Kauka, the Na-
8	tive Hawaiian Physicians Association;
9	"(ix) Hoʻola Lahui Hawaii, or a
10	health care system serving the islands of
11	Kaua'i or Ni'ihau, and which may be com-
12	posed of as many health care centers as
13	are necessary to meet the health care
14	needs of the Native Hawaiians of those is-
15	lands;
16	"(x) Ke Ola Mamo, or a health care
17	system serving the island of O'ahu and
18	which may be composed of as many health
19	care centers as are necessary to meet the
20	health care needs of the Native Hawaiians
21	of that island;
22	"(xi) Na Pu'uwai or a health care sys-
23	tem serving the islands of Moloka'i or
24	Lana'i, and which may be composed of as
25	many health care centers as are necessary

1	to meet the health care needs of the Native
2	Hawaiians of those islands;
3	"(xii) Hui No Ke Ola Pono, or a
4	health care system serving the island of
5	Maui, and which may be composed of as
6	many health care centers as are necessary
7	to meet the health care needs of the Native
8	Hawaiians of that island;
9	"(xiii) Hui Malama Ola Na 'Oiwi, or
10	a health care system serving the island of
11	Hawaii, and which may be composed of as
12	many health care centers as are necessary
13	to meet the health care needs of the Native
14	Hawaiians of that island;
15	"(xiv) other Native Hawaiian health
16	care systems as certified and recognized by
17	Papa Ola Lokahi in accordance with this
18	Act; and
19	"(xv) such other member organiza-
20	tions as the Board of Papa Ola Lokahi will
21	admit from time to time, based upon satis-
22	factory demonstration of a record of con-
23	tribution to the health and well-being of
24	Native Hawaiians.

1	"(B) Limitation.—Such term does not in-
2	clude any organization described in subpara-
3	graph (A) if the Secretary determines that such
4	organization has not developed a mission state-
5	ment with clearly defined goals and objectives
6	for the contributions the organization will make
7	to the Native Hawaiian health care systems, the
8	national policy as set forth in section 4, and an
9	action plan for carrying out those goals and ob-
10	jectives.
11	"(11) Primary Health Services.—The term
12	'primary health services' means—
13	"(A) services of physicians, physicians' as-
14	sistants, nurse practitioners, and other health
15	professionals;
16	"(B) diagnostic laboratory and radiologic
17	services;
18	"(C) preventive health services including
19	perinatal services, well child services, family
20	planning services, nutrition services, home
21	health services, and, generally, all those services
22	associated with enhanced health and wellness.
23	"(D) emergency medical services;
24	"(E) transportation services as required
25	for adequate patient care;

1	"(F) preventive dental services;
2	"(G) pharmaceutical and medicament serv-
3	ices;
4	"(H) primary care services that may lead
5	to specialty or tertiary care; and
6	"(I) complimentary healing practices, in-
7	cluding those performed by traditional Native
8	Hawaiian healers.
9	"(12) Secretary.—The term 'Secretary'
10	means the Secretary of Health and Human Services.
11	"(13) Traditional native Hawaiian Heal-
12	ER.—The term 'traditional Native Hawaiian healer'
13	means a practitioner—
14	"(A) who—
15	"(i) is of Native Hawaiian ancestry;
16	and
17	"(ii) has the knowledge, skills, and ex-
18	perience in direct personal health care of
19	individuals; and
20	"(B) whose knowledge, skills, and experi-
21	ence are based on demonstrated learning of Na-
22	tive Hawaiian healing practices acquired by—
23	"(i) direct practical association with
24	Native Hawaiian elders; and

1	"(ii) oral traditions transmitted from
2	generation to generation.
3	"SEC. 4. DECLARATION OF NATIONAL NATIVE HAWAIIAN
4	HEALTH POLICY.
5	"(a) Congress.—Congress hereby declares that it is
6	the policy of the United States in fulfillment of its special
7	responsibilities and legal obligations to the indigenous peo-
8	ples of Hawaii resulting from the unique and historical
9	relationship between the United States and the indigenous
10	peoples of Hawaii—
11	"(1) to raise the health status of Native Hawai-
12	ians to the highest possible health level; and
13	"(2) to provide existing Native Hawaiian health
14	care programs with all resources necessary to effec-
15	tuate this policy.
16	"(b) Intent of Congress.—It is the intent of the
17	Congress that—
18	"(1) health care programs having a dem-
19	onstrated effect of substantially reducing or elimi-
20	nating the over-representation of Native Hawaiians
21	among those suffering from chronic and acute dis-
22	ease and illness and addressing the health needs, in-
23	cluding perinatal, early child development, and fam-
24	ily-based health education, of Native Hawaiians shall
25	be established and implemented; and

1	"(2) the Nation raise the health status of Na-
2	tive Hawaiians by the year 2010 to at least the lev-
3	els set forth in the goals contained within Healthy
4	People 2010 or successor standards and to incor-
5	porate within health programs, activities defined and
6	identified by Kanaka Maoli which may include—
7	"(A) incorporating and supporting the in-
8	tegration of cultural approaches to health and
9	well-being, including programs using traditional
10	practices relating to the atmosphere (lewa lani),
11	land ('aina), water (wai), or ocean (kai);
12	"(B) increasing the number of health and
13	allied-health care providers who are trained to
14	provide culturally competent care to Native Ha-
15	waiians;
16	"(C) increasing the use of traditional Na-
17	tive Hawaiian foods in peoples' diets and die-
18	tary preferences including those of students and
19	the use of these traditional foods in school feed-
20	ing programs;
21	"(D) identifying and instituting Native
22	Hawaiian cultural values and practices within
23	the 'corporate cultures' of organizations and
24	agencies providing health services to Native Ha-
25	waiians;

1	"(E) facilitating the provision of Native
2	Hawaiian healing practices by Native Hawaiian
3	healers for those clients desiring such assist-
4	ance; and
5	"(F) supporting training and education ac-
6	tivities and programs in traditional Native Ha-
7	waiian healing practices by Native Hawaiian
8	healers.
9	"(c) Report.—The Secretary shall submit to the
10	President, for inclusion in each report required to be
11	transmitted to Congress under section 12, a report on the
12	progress made towards meeting the National policy as set
13	forth in this section.
13	for the time section.
13	"SEC. 5. COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH CARE MASTER PLAN
14	"SEC. 5. COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH CARE MASTER PLAN
14 15	"SEC. 5. COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH CARE MASTER PLAN FOR NATIVE HAWAIIANS.
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li></ul>	"SEC. 5. COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH CARE MASTER PLAN FOR NATIVE HAWAIIANS.  "(a) Development.—
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	"SEC. 5. COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH CARE MASTER PLAN FOR NATIVE HAWAIIANS.  "(a) DEVELOPMENT.—  "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may make a
14 15 16 17 18	"SEC. 5. COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH CARE MASTER PLAN FOR NATIVE HAWAIIANS.  "(a) DEVELOPMENT.—  "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may make a grant to, or enter into a contract with, Papa Ola
14 15 16 17 18 19	"SEC. 5. COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH CARE MASTER PLAN FOR NATIVE HAWAIIANS.  "(a) DEVELOPMENT.—  "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may make a grant to, or enter into a contract with, Papa Ola Lokahi for the purpose of coordinating, imple-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"SEC. 5. COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH CARE MASTER PLAN FOR NATIVE HAWAIIANS.  "(a) DEVELOPMENT.—  "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may make a grant to, or enter into a contract with, Papa Ola Lokahi for the purpose of coordinating, implementing and updating a Native Hawaiian com-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"SEC. 5. COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH CARE MASTER PLAN FOR NATIVE HAWAIIANS.  "(a) DEVELOPMENT.—  "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may make a grant to, or enter into a contract with, Papa Ola Lokahi for the purpose of coordinating, implementing and updating a Native Hawaiian comprehensive health care master plan designed to pro-

1 community-based initiatives that are reflective of ho-2 listic approaches to health.

## "(2) Consultation.—

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Papa Ola Lokahi and the Office of Hawaiian Affairs shall consult with the Native Hawaiian health care systems, Native Hawaiian health centers, and the Native Hawaiian community in carrying out this section.

"(B) Memoranda of understanding.—
Papa Ola Lokahi and the Office of Hawaiian
Affairs may enter into memoranda of understanding or agreement for the purposes of acquiring joint funding and for other issues as may be necessary to accomplish the objectives of this section.

"(3) Health care financing study re-Port.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, Papa Ola Lokahi in cooperation with the Office of Hawaiian Affairs and other appropriate agencies of the State of Hawaii, including the Department of Health and the Department of Human Services and the Native Hawaiian health care systems and Native Hawaiian health centers, shall submit to Congress a report detailing the im-

1	pact of current Federal and State health care fi-
2	nancing mechanisms and policies on the health and
3	well-being of Native Hawaiians. Such report shall
4	include—
5	"(A) information concerning the impact of
6	cultural competency, risk assessment data, eligi-
7	bility requirements and exemptions, and reim-
8	bursement policies and capitation rates cur-
9	rently in effect for service providers;
10	"(B) any other such information as may be
11	important to improving the health status of Na-
12	tive Hawaiians as such information relates to
13	health care financing including barriers to
14	health care; and
15	"(C) the recommendations for submission
16	to the Secretary for review and consultation
17	with Native Hawaiians.
18	"(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
19	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
20	necessary to carry out subsection (a).
21	"SEC. 6. FUNCTIONS OF PAPA OLA LOKAHI AND OFFICE OF
22	HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS.
23	"(a) Responsibility.—Papa Ola Lokahi shall be re-
24	sponsible for the—

1	"(1) coordination, implementation, and updat-
2	ing, as appropriate, of the comprehensive health care
3	master plan developed pursuant to section 5;
4	"(2) training for the persons described in sub-
5	paragraphs (B) and (C) of section 7(e)(1);
6	"(3) identification of and research into the dis-
7	eases that are most prevalent among Native Hawai-
8	ians, including behavioral, biomedical, epidemiolog-
9	ical, and health services;
10	"(4) development and maintenance of an insti-
11	tutional review board for all research projects involv-
12	ing all aspects of Native Hawaiian health, including
13	behavioral, biomedical, epidemiological, and health
14	services studies; and
15	"(5) the maintenance of an action plan out-
16	lining the contributions that each member organiza-
17	tion of Papa Ola Lokahi will make in carrying out
18	the policy of this Act.
19	"(b) Special Project Funds.—Papa Ola Lokahi
20	may receive special project funds that may be appro-
21	priated for the purpose of research on the health status
22	of Native Hawaiians or for the purpose of addressing the
23	health care needs of Native Hawaiians.
24	"(c) Clearinghouse.—

1	"(1) In general.—Papa Ola Lokahi shall
2	serve as a clearinghouse for—
3	"(A) the collection and maintenance of
4	data associated with the health status of Native
5	Hawaiians;
6	"(B) the identification and research into
7	diseases affecting Native Hawaiians;
8	"(C) the availability of Native Hawaiian
9	project funds, research projects and publica-
10	tions;
11	"(D) the collaboration of research in the
12	area of Native Hawaiian health; and
13	"(E) the timely dissemination of informa-
14	tion pertinent to the Native Hawaiian health
15	care systems.
16	"(2) Consultation.—The Secretary shall pro-
17	vide Papa Ola Lokahi and the Office of Hawaiian
18	Affairs, at least once annually, an accounting of
19	funds and services provided to States and to non-
20	profit groups and organizations from the Depart-
21	ment for the purposes set forth in section 4. Such
22	accounting shall include—
23	"(A) the amount of funds expended explic-
24	itly for and benefiting Native Hawaiians;

1	"(B) the number of Native Hawaiians im-
2	pacted by these funds;
3	"(C) the identification of collaborations
4	made with Native Hawaiian groups and organi-
5	zations in the expenditure of these funds; and
6	"(D) the amount of funds used for Federal
7	administrative purposes and for the provision of
8	direct services to Native Hawaiians.
9	"(d) FISCAL ALLOCATION AND COORDINATION OF
10	Programs and Services.—
11	"(1) Recommendations.—Papa Ola Lokahi
12	shall provide annual recommendations to the Sec-
13	retary with respect to the allocation of all amounts
14	appropriated under this Act.
15	"(2) Coordination.—Papa Ola Lokahi shall,
16	to the maximum extent possible, coordinate and as-
17	sist the health care programs and services provided
18	to Native Hawaiians.
19	"(3) Representation on commission.—The
20	Secretary, in consultation with Papa Ola Lokahi,
21	shall make recommendations for Native Hawaiian
22	representation on the President's Advisory Commis-
23	sion on Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders.
24	"(e) Technical Support.—Papa Ola Lokahi may
25	act as a statewide infrastructure to provide technical sup-

- 1 port and coordination of training and technical assistance
- 2 to the Native Hawaiian health care systems and to Native
- 3 Hawaiian health centers.
- 4 "(f) Relationships With Other Agencies.—
- 5 "(1) AUTHORITY.—Papa Ola Lokahi may enter 6 into agreements or memoranda of understanding 7 with relevant institutions, agencies or organizations 8 that are capable of providing health-related re-9 sources or services to Native Hawaiians and the Na-10 tive Hawaiian health care systems or of providing 11 resources or services for the implementation of the 12 National policy as set forth in section 4.

### "(2) HEALTH CARE FINANCING.—

"(A) FEDERAL CONSULTATION.—Federal agencies providing health care financing and carrying out health care programs, including the Health Care Financing Administration, shall consult with Native Hawaiians and organizations providing health care services to Native Hawaiians prior to the adoption of any policy or regulation that may impact on the provision of services or health insurance coverage. Such consultation shall include the identification of the impact of any proposed policy, rule, or regulation.

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1	"(B) STATE CONSULTATION.—The State
2	of Hawaii shall engage in meaningful consulta-
3	tion with Native Hawaiians and organizations
4	providing health care services to Native Hawai-
5	ians in the State of Hawaii prior to making any
6	changes or initiating new programs.
7	"(C) Consultation on Federal
8	HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAMS.
9	"(i) In general.—The Office of Ha-
10	waiian Affairs, in collaboration with Papa
11	Ola Lokahi, may develop consultative, con-
12	tractual or other arrangements, including
13	memoranda of understanding or agree-
14	ment, with—
15	"(I) the Health Care Financing
16	Administration;
17	"(II) the agency of the State of
18	Hawaii that administers or supervises
19	the administration of the State plan
20	or waiver approved under title XVIII,
21	XIX, or XXI of the Social Security
22	Act for the payment of all or a part
23	of the health care services provided to
24	Native Hawaiians who are eligible for

1	medical assistance under the State
2	plan or waiver; or
3	"(III) any other Federal agency
4	or agencies providing full or partial
5	health insurance to Native Hawaiians.
6	"(ii) Contents of Arrange-
7	MENTS.—Arrangements under clause (i)
8	may address—
9	"(I) appropriate reimbursement
10	for health care services including capi-
11	tation rates and fee-for-service rates
12	for Native Hawaiians who are entitled
13	to or eligible for insurance;
14	"(II) the scope of services; or
15	"(III) other matters that would
16	enable Native Hawaiians to maximize
17	health insurance benefits provided by
18	Federal and State health insurance
19	programs.
20	"(3) Traditional Healers.—The provision of
21	health services under any program operated by the
22	Department or another Federal agency including the
23	Department of Veterans Affairs, may include the
24	services of 'traditional Native Hawaiian healers' as
25	defined in this Act or 'traditional healers' providing

- 1 'traditional health care practices' as defined in sec-
- tion 4(r) of Public Law 94–437. Such services shall
- 3 be exempt from national accreditation reviews, in-
- 4 cluding reviews conducted by the Joint Accreditation
- 5 Commission on Health Organizations and the Reha-
- 6 bilitation Accreditation Commission.

### 7 "SEC. 7. NATIVE HAWAIIAN HEALTH CARE.

- 8 "(a) Comprehensive Health Promotion, Dis-
- 9 EASE PREVENTION, AND PRIMARY HEALTH SERVICES.—
- 10 "(1) Grants and Contracts.—The Secretary,
- in consultation with Papa Ola Lokahi, may make
- grants to, or enter into contracts with, any qualified
- entity for the purpose of providing comprehensive
- health promotion and disease prevention services, as
- well as primary health services, to Native Hawaiians
- who desire and are committed to bettering their own
- health.
- 18 "(2) Preference.—In making grants and en-
- tering into contracts under this subsection, the Sec-
- 20 retary shall give preference to Native Hawaiian
- 21 health care systems and Native Hawaiian organiza-
- tions and, to the extent feasible, health promotion
- and disease prevention services shall be performed
- through Native Hawaiian health care systems.

1	"(3) Qualified entity.—An entity is a quali-
2	fied entity for purposes of paragraph (1) if the enti-
3	ty is a Native Hawaiian health care system or a Na-
4	tive Hawaiian Center.
5	"(4) Limitation on number of entities.—
6	The Secretary may make a grant to, or enter into
7	a contract with, not more than 8 Native Hawaiian
8	health care systems under this subsection during
9	any fiscal year.
10	"(b) Planning Grant or Contract.—In addition
11	to grants and contracts under subsection (a), the Sec-
12	retary may make a grant to, or enter into a contract with,
13	Papa Ola Lokahi for the purpose of planning Native Ha-
14	waiian health care systems to serve the health needs of
15	Native Hawaiian communities on each of the islands of
16	Oʻahu, Molokaʻi, Maui, Hawaiʻi, Lanaʻi, Kauaʻi, and
17	Ni'ihau in the State of Hawaii.
18	"(c) Services To Be Provided.—
19	"(1) In general.—Each recipient of funds
20	under subsection (a) shall ensure that the following
21	services either are provided or arranged for:
22	"(A) Outreach services to inform Native
23	Hawaiians of the availability of health services.
24	"(B) Education in health promotion and
25	disease prevention of the Native Hawaiian non-

1	ulation by, wherever possible, Native Hawaiian
2	health care practitioners, community outreach
3	workers, counselors, and cultural educators.
4	"(C) Services of physicians, physicians' as-
5	sistants, nurse practitioners or other health and
6	allied-health professionals.
7	"(D) Immunizations.
8	"(E) Prevention and control of diabetes,
9	high blood pressure, and otitis media.
10	"(F) Pregnancy and infant care.
11	"(G) Improvement of nutrition.
12	"(H) Identification, treatment, control,
13	and reduction of the incidence of preventable
14	illnesses and conditions endemic to Native Ha-
15	waiians.
16	"(I) Collection of data related to the pre-
17	vention of diseases and illnesses among Native
18	Hawaiians.
19	"(J) Services within the meaning of the
20	terms 'health promotion', 'disease prevention',
21	and 'primary health services', as such terms are
22	defined in section 3, which are not specifically
23	referred to in subsection (a).
24	"(K) Support of culturally appropriate ac-
25	tivities enhancing health and wellness including

- land-based, water-based, ocean-based, and spir-
- 2 itually-based projects and programs.
- 3 "(2) Traditional Healers.—The health care
- 4 services referred to in paragraph (1) which are pro-
- 5 vided under grants or contracts under subsection (a)
- 6 may be provided by traditional Native Hawaiian
- 7 healers.
- 8 "(d) Federal Tort Claims Act.—Individuals who
- 9 provide medical, dental, or other services referred to in
- 10 subsection (a)(1) for Native Hawaiian health care sys-
- 11 tems, including providers of traditional Native Hawaiian
- 12 healing services, shall be treated as if such individuals
- 13 were members of the Public Health Service and shall be
- 14 covered under the provisions of section 224 of the Public
- 15 Health Service Act.
- 16 "(e) Site for Other Federal Payments.—A Na-
- 17 tive Hawaiian health care system that receives funds
- 18 under subsection (a) shall provide a designated area and
- 19 appropriate staff to serve as a Federal loan repayment fa-
- 20 cility. Such facility shall be designed to enable health and
- 21 allied-health professionals to remit payments with respect
- 22 to loans provided to such professionals under any Federal
- 23 loan program.
- 24 "(f) Restriction on Use of Grant and Con-
- 25 TRACT FUNDS.—The Secretary may not make a grant to,

1	or enter into a contract with, an entity under subsection
2	(a) unless the entity agrees that amounts received under
3	such grant or contract will not, directly or through con-
4	tract, be expended—
5	"(1) for any services other than the services de-
6	scribed in subsection $(c)(1)$ ; or
7	"(2) to purchase or improve real property
8	(other than minor remodeling of existing improve-
9	ments to real property) or to purchase major med-
10	ical equipment.
11	"(g) Limitation on Charges for Services.—The
12	Secretary may not make a grant to, or enter into a con-
13	tract with, an entity under subsection (a) unless the entity
14	agrees that, whether health services are provided directly
15	or through contract—
16	"(1) health services under the grant or contract
17	will be provided without regard to ability to pay for
18	the health services; and
19	"(2) the entity will impose a charge for the de-
20	livery of health services, and such charge—
21	"(A) will be made according to a schedule
22	of charges that is made available to the public
23	and
24	"(B) will be adjusted to reflect the income
25	of the individual involved

1	"(h) Authorization of Appropriations.—
2	"(1) General grants.—There is authorized
3	to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary
4	for each of fiscal years 2001 through 2011 to carry
5	out subsection (a).
6	"(2) Planning grants.—There is authorized
7	to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary
8	for each of fiscal years 2001 through 2011 to carry
9	out subsection (b).
10	"SEC. 8. ADMINISTRATIVE GRANT FOR PAPA OLA LOKAHI.
11	"(a) In General.—In addition to any other grant
12	or contract under this Act, the Secretary may make grants
13	to, or enter into contracts with, Papa Ola Lokahi for—
14	"(1) coordination, implementation, and updat-
15	ing (as appropriate) of the comprehensive health
16	care master plan developed pursuant to section 5;
17	"(2) training for the persons described section
18	7(e)(1);
19	"(3) identification of and research into the dis-
20	eases that are most prevalent among Native Hawai-
21	ians, including behavioral, biomedical, epidemiologic,
22	and health services;
23	"(4) the maintenance of an action plan out-

1	tion of Papa Ola Lokahi will make in carrying out
2	the policy of this Act;
3	"(5) a clearinghouse function for—
4	"(A) the collection and maintenance of
5	data associated with the health status of Native
6	Hawaiians;
7	"(B) the identification and research into
8	diseases affecting Native Hawaiians; and
9	"(C) the availability of Native Hawaiian
10	project funds, research projects and publica-
11	tions;
12	"(6) the establishment and maintenance of an
13	institutional review board for all health-related re-
14	search involving Native Hawaiians;
15	"(7) the coordination of the health care pro-
16	grams and services provided to Native Hawaiians
17	and
18	"(8) the administration of special project funds.
19	"(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
20	is authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be nec-
21	essary for each of fiscal years 2001 through 2011 to carry
22	out subsection (a).
23	"SEC. 9. ADMINISTRATION OF GRANTS AND CONTRACTS.
24	"(a) Terms and Conditions.—The Secretary shall
25	include in any grant made or contract entered into under

1	this Act such terms and conditions as the Secretary con-
2	siders necessary or appropriate to ensure that the objec-
3	tives of such grant or contract are achieved.
4	"(b) Periodic Review.—The Secretary shall peri-
5	odically evaluate the performance of, and compliance with,
6	grants and contracts under this Act.
7	"(c) Administrative Requirements.—The Sec-
8	retary may not make a grant or enter into a contract
9	under this Act with an entity unless the entity—
10	"(1) agrees to establish such procedures for fis-
11	cal control and fund accounting as may be necessary
12	to ensure proper disbursement and accounting with
13	respect to the grant or contract;
14	"(2) agrees to ensure the confidentiality of
15	records maintained on individuals receiving health
16	services under the grant or contract;
17	"(3) with respect to providing health services to
18	any population of Native Hawaiians, a substantial
19	portion of which has a limited ability to speak the
20	English language—
21	"(A) has developed and has the ability to
22	carry out a reasonable plan to provide health
23	services under the grant or contract through in-
24	dividuals who are able to communicate with the

1	population involved in the language and cultural
2	context that is most appropriate; and
3	"(B) has designated at least 1 individual
4	fluent in both English and the appropriate lan-
5	guage, to assist in carrying out the plan;
6	"(4) with respect to health services that are
7	covered under programs under titles XVIII, XIX, or
8	XXI of the Social Security Act, including any State
9	plan, or under any other Federal health insurance
10	plan—
11	"(A) if the entity will provide under the
12	grant or contract any such health services
13	directly—
14	"(i) the entity has entered into a par-
15	ticipation agreement under such plans; and
16	"(ii) the entity is qualified to receive
17	payments under such plan; and
18	"(B) if the entity will provide under the
19	grant or contract any such health services
20	through a contract with an organization—
21	"(i) the organization has entered into
22	a participation agreement under such plan
23	and
24	"(ii) the organization is qualified to
25	receive payments under such plan; and

1 "(5) agrees to submit to the Secretary and to
2 Papa Ola Lokahi an annual report that describes
3 the use and costs of health services provided under
4 the grant or contract (including the average cost of
5 health services per user) and that provides such
6 other information as the Secretary determines to be
7 appropriate.

## "(d) CONTRACT EVALUATION.—

- "(1) Determination of noncompliance.—
  If, as a result of evaluations conducted by the Secretary, the Secretary determines that an entity has not complied with or satisfactorily performed a contract entered into under section 7, the Secretary shall, prior to renewing such contract, attempt to resolve the areas of noncompliance or unsatisfactory performance and modify such contract to prevent future occurrences of such noncompliance or unsatisfactory performance.
- "(2) Nonrenewal.—If the Secretary determines that the noncompliance or unsatisfactory performance described in paragraph (1) with respect to an entity cannot be resolved and prevented in the future, the Secretary shall not renew the contract with such entity and may enter into a contract under section 7 with another entity referred to in subsection

- 1 (a)(3) of such section that provides services to the 2 same population of Native Hawaiians which is 3 served by the entity whose contract is not renewed 4 by reason of this paragraph.
  - "(3) Consideration of Results.—In determining whether to renew a contract entered into with an entity under this Act, the Secretary shall consider the results of the evaluations conducted under this section.
  - "(4) APPLICATION OF FEDERAL LAWS.—All contracts entered into by the Secretary under this Act shall be in accordance with all Federal contracting laws and regulations, except that, in the discretion of the Secretary, such contracts may be negotiated without advertising and may be exempted from the provisions of the Act of August 24, 1935 (40 U.S.C. 270a et seq.).
  - "(5) Payments.—Payments made under any contract entered into under this Act may be made in advance, by means of reimbursement, or in installments and shall be made on such conditions as the Secretary deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.
- 24 "(e) Report.—

1	"(1) In general.—For each fiscal year during
2	which an entity receives or expends funds pursuant
3	to a grant or contract under this Act, such entity
4	shall submit to the Secretary and to Papa Ola
5	Lokahi an annual report—
6	"(A) on the activities conducted by the en-
7	tity under the grant or contract;
8	"(B) on the amounts and purposes for
9	which Federal funds were expended; and
10	"(C) containing such other information as
11	the Secretary may request.
12	"(2) Audits.—The reports and records of any
13	entity concerning any grant or contract under this
14	Act shall be subject to audit by the Secretary, the
15	Inspector General of the Department of Health and
16	Human Services, and the Comptroller General of the
17	United States.
18	"(f) Annual Private Audit.—The Secretary shall
19	allow as a cost of any grant made or contract entered into
20	under this Act the cost of an annual private audit con-
21	ducted by a certified public accountant.
22	"SEC. 10. ASSIGNMENT OF PERSONNEL.
23	"(a) In General.—The Secretary may enter into an
24	agreement with any entity under which the Secretary may
25	assign personnel of the Department of Health and Human

- 1 Services with expertise identified by such entity to such
- 2 entity on detail for the purposes of providing comprehen-
- 3 sive health promotion and disease prevention services to
- 4 Native Hawaiians.
- 5 "(b) Applicable Federal Personnel Provi-
- 6 SIONS.—Any assignment of personnel made by the Sec-
- 7 retary under any agreement entered into under subsection
- 8 (a) shall be treated as an assignment of Federal personnel
- 9 to a local government that is made in accordance with sub-
- 10 chapter VI of chapter 33 of title 5, United States Code.
- 11 "SEC. 11. NATIVE HAWAIIAN HEALTH SCHOLARSHIPS AND
- 12 FELLOWSHIPS.
- 13 "(a) Eligibility.—Subject to the availability of
- 14 amounts appropriated under subsection (c), the Secretary
- 15 shall provide funds through a direct grant or a cooperative
- 16 agreement to Kamehameha Schools or another Native Ha-
- 17 waiian organization or health care organization with expe-
- 18 rience in the administration of educational scholarships or
- 19 placement services for the purpose of providing scholar-
- 20 ship assistance to students who—
- 21 "(1) meet the requirements of section 338A of
- the Public Health Service Act, except for assistance
- as provided for under subsection (b)(2); and
- 24 "(2) are Native Hawaiians.

1	"(b) Priority.—A priority for scholarships under
2	subsection (a) may be provided to employees of the Native
3	Hawaiian Health Care Systems and the Native Hawaiian
4	Health Centers.
5	"(c) Terms and Conditions.—
6	"(1) In general.—The scholarship assistance
7	under subsection (a) shall be provided under the
8	same terms and subject to the same conditions, reg-
9	ulations, and rules as apply to scholarship assistance
10	provided under section 338A of the Public Health
11	Service Act (except as provided for in paragraph
12	(2)), except that—
13	"(A) the provision of scholarships in each
14	type of health care profession training shall cor-
15	respond to the need for each type of health care
16	professional to serve the Native Hawaiian com-
17	munity as identified by Papa Ola Lokahi;
18	"(B) to the maximum extent practicable,
19	the Secretary shall select scholarship recipients
20	from a list of eligible applicants submitted by
21	the Kamehameha Schools or the Native Hawai-
22	ian organization administering the program;
23	"(C) the obligated service requirement for
24	each scholarship recipient (except for those re-
25	ceiving assistance under paragraph (2)) shall be

1	fulfilled through service, in order of priority
2	in—
3	"(i) any one of the Native Hawaiian
4	health care systems or Native Hawaiian
5	health centers;
6	"(ii) health professions shortage
7	areas, medically underserved areas, or geo-
8	graphic areas or facilities similarly des-
9	ignated by the United States Public Health
10	Service in the State of Hawaii; or
11	"(iii) a geographical area, facility, or
12	organization that serves a significant Na-
13	tive Hawaiian population;
14	"(D) the scholarship's placement service
15	shall assign Native Hawaiian scholarship recipi-
16	ents to appropriate sites for service.
17	"(E) the provision of counseling, retention
18	and other support services shall not be limited
19	to scholarship recipients, but shall also include
20	recipients of other scholarship and financial aid
21	programs enrolled in appropriate health profes-
22	sions training programs.
23	"(F) financial assistance may be provided
24	to scholarship recipients in those health profes-
25	sions designated in such section 338A of the

Public Health Service Act while they are fulfilling their service requirement in any one of the Native Hawaiian health care systems or community health centers.

- through fellowships may be provided to Native Hawaiian community health representatives, outreach workers, and health program administrators in professional training programs, and to Native Hawaiians in certificated programs provided by traditional Native Hawaiian healers in any of the traditional Native Hawaiian healing practices including lomilomi, la'au lapa'au, and ho'oponopono. Such assistance may include a stipend or reimbursement for costs associated with participation in the program.
- "(3) RIGHTS AND BENEFITS.—Scholarship recipients in health professions designated in section 338A of the Public Health Service Act while fulfilling their service requirements shall have all the same rights and benefits of members of the National Health Service Corps during their period of service.
- "(4) NO INCLUSION OF ASSISTANCE IN GROSS INCOME.—Financial assistance provided under section 11 shall be deemed 'Qualified Scholarships' for

- 1 purposes of the section amended by section 123(a)
- of Public Law 99–514, as amended.
- 3 "(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 4 is authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be nec-
- 5 essary for each of fiscal years 2001 through 2011 for the
- 6 purpose of funding the scholarship assistance program
- 7 under subsection (a) and fellowship assistance under sub-
- 8 section (c)(2).

#### 9 "SEC. 12. REPORT.

- 10 "The President shall, at the time the budget is sub-
- 11 mitted under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code,
- 12 for each fiscal year transmit to Congress a report on the
- 13 progress made in meeting the objectives of this Act, in-
- 14 cluding a review of programs established or assisted pur-
- 15 suant to this Act and an assessment and recommendations
- 16 of additional programs or additional assistance necessary
- 17 to, at a minimum, provide health services to Native Ha-
- 18 waiians, and ensure a health status for Native Hawaiians,
- 19 which are at a parity with the health services available
- 20 to, and the health status of, the general population.

# 21 "SEC. 13. USE OF FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FACILITIES AND

- 22 SOURCES OF SUPPLY.
- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall permit orga-
- 24 nizations that receive contracts or grants under this Act,
- 25 in carrying out such contracts or grants, to use existing

- 1 facilities and all equipment therein or under the jurisdic-
- 2 tion of the Secretary under such terms and conditions as
- 3 may be agreed upon for the use and maintenance of such
- 4 facilities or equipment.
- 5 "(b) Donation of Property.—The Secretary may
- 6 donate to organizations that receive contracts or grants
- 7 under this Act any personal or real property determined
- 8 to be in excess of the needs of the Department or the Gen-
- 9 eral Services Administration for purposes of carrying out
- 10 such contracts or grants.
- 11 "(c) Acquisition of Surplus Property.—The
- 12 Secretary may acquire excess or surplus Federal Govern-
- 13 ment personal or real property for donation to organiza-
- 14 tions that receive contracts or grants under this Act if the
- 15 Secretary determines that the property is appropriate for
- 16 the use by the organization for the purpose for which a
- 17 contract or grant is authorized under this Act.
- 18 "SEC. 14. DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS OF NATIONAL SIG-
- 19 NIFICANCE.
- 20 "(a) Authority and Areas of Interest.—The
- 21 Secretary, in consultation with Papa Ola Lokahi, may allo-
- 22 cate amounts appropriated under this Act, or any other
- 23 Act, to carry out Native Hawaiian demonstration projects
- 24 of national significance. The areas of interest of such
- 25 projects may include—

- 1 "(1) the development of a centralized database 2 and information system relating to the health care 3 status, health care needs, and wellness of Native 4 Hawaiians;
  - "(2) the education of health professionals, and other individuals in institutions of higher learning, in health and allied health programs in healing practices, including Native Hawaiian healing practices;
  - "(3) the integration of Western medicine with complementary healing practices including traditional Native Hawaiian healing practices;
  - "(4) the use of tele-wellness and telecommunications in chronic disease management and health promotion and disease prevention;
  - "(5) the development of appropriate models of health care for Native Hawaiians and other indigenous peoples including the provision of culturally competent health services, related activities focusing on wellness concepts, the development of appropriate kupuna care programs, and the development of financial mechanisms and collaborative relationships leading to universal access to health care; and
  - "(6) the establishment of a Native Hawaiian Center of Excellence for Nursing at the University of Hawaii at Hilo, a Native Hawaiian Center of Ex-

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 1 cellence for Mental Health at the University of Ha-
- waii at Manoa, a Native Hawaiian Center of Excel-
- 3 lence for Maternal Health and Nutrition at the
- 4 Waimanalo Health Center, and a Native Hawaiian
- 5 Center of Excellence for Research, Training, Inte-
- 6 grated Medicine at Molokai General Hospital and a
- 7 Native Hawaiian Center of Excellence for Com-
- 8 plimentary Health and Health Education and Train-
- 9 ing at the Waianae Coast Comprehensive Health
- 10 Center.
- 11 "(b) Nonreduction in Other Funding.—The al-
- 12 location of funds for demonstration projects under sub-
- 13 section (a) shall not result in a reduction in funds required
- 14 by the Native Hawaiian health care systems, the Native
- 15 Hawaiian Health Centers, the Native Hawaiian Health
- 16 Scholarship Program, or Papa Ola Lokahi to carry out
- 17 their respective responsibilities under this Act.
- 18 "SEC. 15. NATIONAL BIPARTISAN COMMISSION ON NATIVE
- 19 HAWAIIAN HEALTH CARE ENTITLEMENT.
- 20 "(a) Establishment.—There is hereby established
- 21 a National Bipartisan Native Hawaiian Health Care Enti-
- 22 tlement Commission (referred to in this Act as the 'Com-
- 23 mission').
- 24 "(b) Membership.—The Commission shall be com-
- 25 posed of 21 members to be appointed as follows:

1	"(1) Congressional members.—
2	"(A) APPOINTMENT.—Eight members of
3	the Commission shall be members of Congress,
4	of which—
5	"(i) two members shall be from the
6	House of Representatives and shall be ap-
7	pointed by the Majority Leader;
8	"(ii) two members shall be from the
9	House of Representatives and shall be ap-
10	pointed by the Minority Leader;
11	"(iii) two members shall be from the
12	Senate and shall be appointed by the Ma-
13	jority Leader; and
14	"(iv) two members shall be from the
15	Senate and shall be appointed by the Mi-
16	nority Leader.
17	"(B) Relevant committee member-
18	SHIP.—The members of the Commission ap-
19	pointed under subparagraph (A) shall each be
20	members of the committees of Congress that
21	consider legislation affecting the provision of
22	health care to Native Hawaiians and other Na-
23	tive Americans.
24	"(C) Chairperson.—The members of the
25	Commission appointed under subparagraph (A)

1	shall elect the chairperson and vice-chairperson
2	of the Commission.
3	"(2) Hawaiian health members.—Eleven
4	members of the Commission shall be appointed by
5	Hawaiian health entities, of which—
6	"(A) five members shall be appointed by
7	the Native Hawaiian Health Care Systems;
8	"(B) one member shall be appointed by the
9	Hawaii State Primary Care Association;
10	"(C) one member shall be appointed by
11	Papa Ola Lokahi;
12	"(D) one member shall be appointed by the
13	Native Hawaiian Health Task Force;
14	"(E) one member shall be appointed by the
15	Office of Hawaiian Affairs; and
16	"(F) two members shall be appointed by
17	the Association of Hawaiian Civic Clubs and
18	shall represent Native Hawaiian populations re-
19	siding in the continental United States.
20	"(3) Secretarial members.—Two members
21	of the Commission shall be appointed by the Sec-
22	retary and shall possess knowledge of Native Hawai-
23	ian health concerns and wellness.
24	"(e) Terms.—

- 1 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The members of the Com-2 mission shall serve for the life of the Commission.
- "(2) Initial appointment of members.—

  The members of the Commission shall be appointed under subsection (b)(1) not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and the remaining members of the Commission shall be appointed not later than 60 days after the date on which the members are appointed under such subsection (b)(1).
- 10 "(3) VACANCIES.—A vacancy in the member-11 ship of the Commission shall be filled in the manner 12 in which the original appointment was made.
- 13 "(d) DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION.—The Commis-14 sion shall carry out the following duties and functions:
- 15 "(1) Review and analyze the recommendations 16 of the report of the study committee established 17 under paragraph (3).
  - "(2) Make recommendations to Congress for the provision of health services to Native Hawaiian individuals as an entitlement, giving due regard to the effects of a program on existing health care delivery systems for Native Hawaiians and the effect of such programs on self-determination and the reconciliation of their relationship with the United States.

19

20

21

22

23

24

"(3) Establish a study committee to be composed of at least 10 members from the Commission, including 4 members of the members appointed under subsection (b)(1), 5 of the members appointed under subsection (b)(2), and 1 of the members appointed by the Secretary under subsection (b)(3), which shall—

"(A) to the extent necessary to carry out its duties, collect, compile, qualify, and analyze data necessary to understand the extent of Native Hawaiian needs with regard to the provision of health services, including holding hearings and soliciting the views of Native Hawaiians and Native Hawaiian organizations, and which may include authorizing and funding feasibility studies of various models for all Native Hawaiian beneficiaries and their families, including those that live in the continental United States;

"(B) make recommendations to the Commission for legislation that will provide for the culturally-competent and appropriate provision of health services for Native Hawaiians as an entitlement, which shall, at a minimum, address issues of eligibility and benefits to be provided,

including recommendations regarding from whom such health services are to be provided and the cost and mechanisms for funding of the health services to be provided;

- "(C) determine the effect of the enactment of such recommendations on the existing system of delivery of health services for Native Hawaiians;
- "(D) determine the effect of a health service entitlement program for Native Hawaiian individuals on their self-determination and the reconciliation of their relationship with the United States;

"(E) not later than 12 months after the date of the appointment of all members of the Commission, make a written report of its findings and recommendations to the Commission, which report shall include a statement of the minority and majority position of the committee and which shall be disseminated, at a minimum, to Native Hawaiian organizations and agencies and health organizations referred to in subsection (b)(2) for comment to the Commission; and

"(F) report regularly to the full Commission regarding the findings and recommendations developed by the committee in the course of carrying out its duties under this section.

"(4) Not later than 18 months after the date of the appointment of all members of the Commission, submit a written report to Congress containing a recommendation of policies and legislation to implement a policy that would establish a health care system for Native Hawaiians, grounded in their culture, and based on the delivery of health services as an entitlement, together with a determination of the implications of such an entitlement system on existing health care delivery systems for Native Hawaiians and their self-determination and the reconciliation of their relationship with the United States.

## "(e) Administrative Provisions.—

### "(1) Compensation and expenses.—

"(A) Congressional members.—Each member of the Commission appointed under subsection (b)(1) shall not receive any additional compensation, allowances, or benefits by reason of their service on the Commission. Such members shall receive travel expenses and per diem in lieu of subsistence in accordance with

sections 5702 and 5703 of title 5, United

States Code.

"(B) Other members.—The members of the Commission appointed under paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (b) shall, while serving on the business of the Commission (including travel time), receive compensation at the per diem equivalent of the rate provided for individuals under level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, and while serving away from their home or regular place of business, be allowed travel expenses, as authorized by the chairperson of the Commission.

"(C) OTHER PERSONNEL.—For purposes of compensation (other than compensation of the members of the Commission) and employment benefits, rights, and privileges, all personnel of the Commission shall be treated as if they were employees of the Senate.

## "(2) Meetings and Quorum.—

"(A) MEETINGS.—The Commission shall meet at the call of the chairperson.

1	"(B) Quorum.—A quorum of the Commis-
2	sion shall consist of not less than 12 members,
3	of which—
4	"(i) not less than 4 of such members
5	shall be appointees under subsection
6	(b)(1);
7	"(ii) not less than 7 of such members
8	shall be appointees under subsection
9	(b)(2); and
10	"(iii) not less than 1 of such members
11	shall be an appointee under subsection
12	(b)(3).
13	"(3) Director and Staff.—
14	"(A) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.—The mem-
15	bers of the Commission shall appoint an execu-
16	tive director of the Commission. The executive
17	director shall be paid the rate of basic pay
18	equal to that under level V of the Executive
19	Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United
20	States Code.
21	"(B) Staff.—With the approval of the
22	Commission, the executive director may appoint
23	such personnel as the executive director deems
24	appropriate.

"(C) Applicability of civil service LAWS.—The staff of the Commission shall be appointed without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appoint-ments in the competitive service, and shall be paid without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title (relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates).

> "(D) Experts and consultants.—With the approval of the Commission, the executive director may procure temporary and intermittent services under section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code.

> "(E) Facilities.—The Administrator of the General Services Administration shall locate suitable office space for the operations of the Commission in Washington, D.C. and in the State of Hawaii. The Washington, D.C. facilities shall serve as the headquarters of the Commission while the Hawaii office shall serve a liaison function. Both such offices shall include all necessary equipment and incidentals required for the proper functioning of the Commission.

"(f) Powers.—

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

"(1) Hearings and other activities.—For purposes of carrying out its duties, the Commission may hold such hearings and undertake such other activities as the Commission determines to be necessary to carry out its duties, except that at least 8 hearings shall be held on each of the Hawaiian Islands and 3 hearings in the continental United States in areas where a significant population of Native Hawaiians reside. Such hearings shall be held to solicit the views of Native Hawaiians regarding the delivery of health care services to such individuals. To constitute a hearing under this paragraph, at least 4 members of the Commission, including at least 1 member of Congress, must be present. Hearings held by the study committee established under subsection (d)(3) may be counted towards the number of hearings required under this paragraph.

"(2) STUDIES BY THE GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE.—Upon the request of the Commission, the Comptroller General shall conduct such studies or investigations as the Commission determines to be necessary to carry out its duties.

"(3) Cost estimates.—

- 1 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the
  2 Congressional Budget Office or the Chief Actu3 ary of the Health Care Financing Administra4 tion, or both, shall provide to the Commission,
  5 upon the request of the Commission, such cost
  6 estimates as the Commission determines to be
  7 necessary to carry out its duties.
  - "(B) REIMBURSEMENTS.—The Commission shall reimburse the Director of the Congressional Budget Office for expenses relating to the employment in the office of the Director of such additional staff as may be necessary for the Director to comply with requests by the Commission under subparagraph (A).
  - "(4) Detail of federal employees.—Upon the request of the Commission, the head of any Federal agency is authorized to detail, without reimbursement, any of the personnel of such agency to the Commission to assist the Commission in carrying out its duties. Any such detail shall not interrupt or otherwise affect the civil service status or privileges of the Federal employees.
  - "(5) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—Upon the request of the Commission, the head of any Federal agency shall provide such technical assistance to the

- Commission as the Commission determines to be necessary to carry out its duties.
- "(6) USE OF MAILS.—The Commission may use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as Federal agencies and shall, for purposes of the frank, be considered a commission of Congress as described in section 3215 of title 39, United States Code.
  - "(7) OBTAINING INFORMATION.—The Commission may secure directly from any Federal agency information necessary to enable the Commission to carry out its duties, if the information may be disclosed under section 552 of title 5, United States Code. Upon request of the chairperson of the Commission, the head of such agency shall furnish such information to the Commission.
  - "(8) Support services.—Upon the request of the Commission, the Administrator of General Services shall provide to the Commission on a reimbursable basis such administrative support services as the Commission may request.
  - "(9) Printing.—For purposes of costs relating to printing and binding, including the cost of personnel detailed from the Government Printing Of-

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- 1 fice, the Commission shall be deemed to be a com-
- 2 mittee of Congress.
- 3 "(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 4 is authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be nec-
- 5 essary to carry out this section. The amount appropriated
- 6 under this subsection shall not result in a reduction in
- 7 any other appropriation for health care or health services
- 8 for Native Hawaiians.

#### 9 "SEC. 16. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

- 10 "Nothing in this Act shall be construed to restrict
- 11 the authority of the State of Hawaii to license health prac-
- 12 titioners.

### 13 "SEC. 17. COMPLIANCE WITH BUDGET ACT.

- 14 "Any new spending authority (described in subpara-
- 15 graph (A) of (B) of section 401(c)(2) of the Congressional
- 16 Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 651(c)(2) (A) or (B)))
- 17 which is provided under this Act shall be effective for any
- 18 fiscal year only to such extent or in such amounts as are
- 19 provided for in appropriation Acts.

### 20 "SEC. 18. SEVERABILITY.

- 21 "If any provision of this Act, or the application of
- 22 any such provision to any person or circumstances is held
- 23 to be invalid, the remainder of this Act, and the applica-
- 24 tion of such provision or amendment to persons or cir-

- 1 cumstances other than those to which it is held invalid,
- 2 shall not be affected thereby.".

Passed the Senate September 26 (legislative day, September 22), 2000.

Attest: GARY SISCO,

Secretary.