## <sup>106TH CONGRESS</sup> 2D SESSION S. 2046

To reauthorize the Next Generation Internet Act, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 9, 2000

Mr. FRIST (for himself, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, Mr. ROBERTS, Mr. BREAUX, and Mr. HOLLINGS) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

### A BILL

To reauthorize the Next Generation Internet Act, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Next Generation Inter-

5 net 2000".

#### 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

7 The Congress makes the following findings:

8 (1) The United States investment in science
9 and technology has yielded a scientific and engineer10 ing enterprise without peer. The Federal investment

in research is critical to the maintenance of our
 international leadership.

(2) The Internet is at a pivotal point in its his-3 4 tory. While promising new applications in medicine, 5 environmental science, and other disciplines are be-6 coming a reality, they are still constrained by the 7 Internet's capacity and capabilities. The current 8 Internet cannot support an emerging set of activi-9 ties, many of which are essential to mission-critical 10 applications in government, national laboratories, 11 academia and business.

(3) Government-sponsored network research
and development is critical to the success of the
Next Generation Internet. Previous Federal investment in computer networking technology and related
fields has resulted in the creation of new industries
and new jobs in the United States.

(4) Since its establishment in 1998, the Next
Generation Internet Program has successfully funded peer-reviewed research to address the critical
need for increased network performance and management.

#### 23 SEC. 3. PURPOSES.

24 The purposes of this Act are—

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1	(1) to authorize, through the Next Generation
2	Internet Program and Large Scale Networking Pro-
3	gram, research programs related to—
4	(A) high-end computing and computation;
5	(B) human-centered systems;
6	(C) high confidence systems; and
7	(D) education, training, and human re-
8	sources; and
9	(2) to provide, through the Next Generation
10	Internet Program and Large Scale Networking Pro-
11	gram, for the development and coordination of a
12	comprehensive and integrated United States re-
13	search program which will—
14	(A) focus on research and development to-
15	ward advancing network technologies to create
16	a network infrastructure that can support
17	greater speed, robustness, and flexibility;
18	(B) promote connectivity and interoper-
19	ability among advanced computer networks of
20	Federal agencies and departments;
21	(C) conduct research on the tools and serv-
22	ices that hear future agency networking re-
23	quirements demands, including application spe-
24	cific multicast, quality of service, and internet
25	video conferencing;

1	(D) focus on research and development of
2	the next generation network fabric, particularly
3	concerning the expansion of affordable band-
4	width for users that is both economically viable
5	and does not impose a geographic penalty (as
6	defined in section 7(a) of the Next Generation
7	Internet Research Act of 1998 (15 U.S.C. 5501
8	nt.); and
9	(E) encourage researchers to pursue ap-
10	proaches to networking technology that lead to
11	flexible and extensible solutions wherever fea-
12	sible.
13	SEC. 4. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
14	Section 103(d) of the High-Performance Computing
15	Act of 1991 (15 U.S.C. 5513(d)) is amended to read as
16	follows:
17	"(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—
18	"(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
19	appropriated for the purpose of carrying out the
20	Next Generation Internet program and Large Scale
21	Networking program the following amounts:

"Agency	FY 2000	FY 2002	FY 2003
"Department of Defense	\$70,300,000	\$74,200,000	\$78,300,000
"Department of Energy	\$32,000,000	\$33,800,000	\$35,700,000
"National Aeronautics and			
Space Administration	\$19,500,000	\$20,600,000	\$21,700,000
"National Institutes of Health	\$96,000,000	\$101,300,000	\$106,300,000
"National Institute of Stand-			
ards and Technology	\$4,200,000	\$4,400,000	\$4,600,000
"National Science Foundation	\$111,200,000	\$117,300,000	\$123,800,000
"National Security Agency	\$1,900,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,100,000
"Agency for Healthcare Re-			
search and Quality	\$7,400,000	\$7,800,000	\$8,200,000

"(2) USE OF SUCH FUNDS.—Funds authorized by
 paragraph (1)—

3 "(A) shall be used in a manner that con4 tributes to achieving the goals of the Next Gen5 eration Internet Program and the Large Scale
6 Networking program; and

7 "(B) may be used only for research that is8 merit-based and peer-reviewed.".

#### 9 SEC. 5. RURAL INFRASTRUCTURE.

Section 103 of the High-Performance Computing Act
of 1991 (15 U.S.C. 5513) is amended by adding at the
end thereof the following:

13 "(e) RURAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—Out of appropriated 14 amounts authorized by subsection (d), not less than 10 15 percent of the total amounts made available to fund re-16 search shall be used to fund research grants into the re-17 duction of the cost of Internet access services available to 18 users in geographically-remote areas. The research shall 19 include investigation of wireless, hybrid, and satellite tech-•S 2046 IS nologies. In awarding grants under this subsection, the ad ministering agency shall give priority to qualified, post secondary educational institutions that participate in the
 Experimental Program to Stimulate Competitive Re search.".

# 6 SEC. 6. MINORITY AND SMALL COLLEGE INTERNET AC7 CESS.

8 Section 103 of the High-Performance Computing Act 9 of 1991 (15 U.S.C. 5513), as amended by section 6, is 10 further amended by adding at the end thereof the fol-11 lowing:

12 "(f) MINORITY AND SMALL COLLEGE INTERNET AC-13 CESS.—Not less than 5 percent of the amounts made 14 available for research under subsection (e) shall be used 15 for grants to institutions of higher education that are His-16 panic-serving, Native American, Historically Black, or 17 small colleges and universities.".

#### 18 SEC. 7. DIGITAL DIVIDE STUDY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The National Academy of
Sciences shall conduct a study to determine the extent to
which the Internet backbone and network infrastructure
contribute to the uneven access to Internet-related technologies and services by rural and low-income Americans.
The study shall include—

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1	(1) an assessment of the existing geographical
2	penalty (as defined in section $7(a)(1)$ of the Next
3	General Internet Research Act of 1998 (15 U.S.C.
4	5501 nt.)) and its impact on all users and their abil-
5	ity to obtain secure and reliable Internet access;
6	(2) a review of all current Federally-funded re-
7	search to decrease the inequity of Internet access to
8	rural and low-income users; and
9	(3) an estimate of the potential impact of Next
10	Generation Internet research institutions acting as
11	aggregators and mentors for nearby smaller or dis-
12	advantaged institutions.
13	(b) REPORT.—The National Academy of Sciences
14	shall transmit a report containing the results of the study
15	and recommendations required by subsection (a) to the
16	Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
17	tation and the House of Representatives Committee on
18	Science within 1 year after the date of enactment of this
19	Act.
20	(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
21	are authorized to be appropriated to the National Acad-
22	emy of Sciences such sums as may be necessary to carry
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23 out this section.