### <sup>106th CONGRESS</sup> <sup>2D SESSION</sup> S. 2050

To establish a panel to investigate illegal gambling on college sports and to recommend effective countermeasures to combat this serious national problem.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 9, 2000

Mr. REID (for himself, Mr. BRYAN, Mr. TORRICELLI, and Mr. BAUCUS) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

# A BILL

- To establish a panel to investigate illegal gambling on college sports and to recommend effective countermeasures to combat this serious national problem.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Combatting Illegal Col-
- 5 lege and University Gambling Act".

#### 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 7 Congress finds that—
- 8 (1) illegal gambling on college sports is a seri-
- 9 ous national problem;

1	(2) illegal gambling by college students and
2	other underage persons, particularly on sports, is a
3	serious national problem that warrants effective na-
4	tional countermeasures to combat it;
5	(3) recent scientific reports suggest a very high
6	incidence of illegal gambling among college students,
7	on college sporting events;
8	(4) illegal student bookies are present at every
9	collegiate institution;
10	(5) there is evidence that illegal sports gam-
11	bling, including that conducted on college and uni-
12	versity campuses through illegal student bookies, is
13	linked to organized crime and is a major source of
14	revenue for organized crime operations;
15	(6) the FBI estimates that close to
16	\$2,500,000,000 is wagered illegally on the National
17	Collegiate Athletic Association Division I Men's Bas-
18	ketball Tournament each year;
19	(7) in Nevada, the only State where such sports
20	betting is legal, the 1998 National Collegiate Ath-
21	letic Association Division I Men's Basketball Tour-
22	nament saw approximately \$80,000,000 wagered
23	with Nevada's regulated sports books, or only three
24	percent of that wagered illegally elsewhere;

(8) there are no comprehensive studies available
 that analyze the prevalence of illegal gambling on
 college sports;

4 (9) the National Gambling Impact Study Com-5 mission (NGISC) (as authorized under Public Law 6 104–169) was expressly limited by its statutory 7 charter to a study of legal gambling but did rec-8 ommend that the role of illegal sports gambling be 9 examined in future gambling related research includ-10 ing research by agencies of the Department of Jus-11 tice;

12 (10) the issue of illegal gambling on college
13 sports is still largely overlooked by college adminis14 trators;

(11) there needs to be comprehensive gambling
education programs conducted on each campus that
target all students as recommended by the NGISC;
(12) illegal gambling on college sports will continue to flourish throughout the United States unless a strong effort is made to enforce State and
Federal laws prohibiting such activity;

(13) in order to combat illegal gambling on college sports in this country, law enforcement must
ensure that compliance with Federal and State laws
is a high priority; and

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(14) absent meaningful countermeasures, in cluding implementation of more effective student
 awareness and education campaigns, illegal gambling
 on college sports will continue to be a problem on
 college and university campuses across the United
 States.

# 7 SEC. 3. STUDY OF GAMBLING ON COLLEGE AND UNIVER8 SITY CAMPUSES.

9 (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF PANEL.—Not later than 90 10 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney 11 General shall establish a panel, which shall be composed 12 of Federal, State, and local government law enforcement 13 officials, to conduct a study of illegal college sports gam-14 bling.

(b) CONTENTS OF STUDY.—The study conducted by
the panel established under subsection (a) shall include
an analysis of—

(1) the scope and prevalence of illegal college
sports gambling, including unlawful sports gambling
(as defined in section 3702 of title 28, United States
Code);

(2) the role of organized crime in illegal gam-bling on college sports;

24 (3) the role of State regulators and the legal25 sports books in Nevada in assisting law enforcement

to uncover illegal sports gambling and related illegal
 activities;

3 (4) the enforcement and implementation of the
4 Professional and Amateur Sports Protection Act of
5 1992, including whether it has been adequately en6 forced;

7 (5) the effectiveness of steps taken by institu8 tions of higher education to date, whether individ9 ually or through national organizations, to reduce
10 the problem of illegal gambling on college sports;

(6) the factors that influence the attitudes or
levels of awareness of administrators, professors,
and students, including student athletes, about illegal gambling on college sports;

(7) the effectiveness of new countermeasures to
reduce illegal gambling on college sports, including
related requirements for institutions of higher education and persons receiving Federal education
funds;

20 (8) potential actions that could be taken by the
21 National Collegiate Athletic Association to address
22 illegal gambling on college and university campuses;
23 and

(9) other matters relevant to the issue of illegal
 gambling on college sports as determined by the At torney General.

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#### 4 SEC. 4. REPORT TO CONGRESS.

5 Not later than 12 months after the establishment of 6 the panel, the Attorney General shall submit to Congress 7 a report on the study conducted under section 3, which 8 shall include—

9 (1) recommendations for actions colleges, uni10 versities, and the National Collegiate Athletic Asso11 ciation should implement to address the issue of ille12 gal gambling on college sports;

(2) recommendations for intensive educational
campaigns which the National Collegiate Athletic
Association could implement to assist in the effort to
prevent illegal gambling on college sports;

17 (3) recommendations for any Federal and State
18 legislative actions to address the issue of illegal gam19 bling on college sports; and

20 (4) recommendations for any administrative or
21 private sector actions to address the issue of illegal
22 gambling on college sports.